SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, APRIL 19, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CORRECT DRESS FROM HEAD TO FOOT FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Store Open Saturday Night Until 11 o'clock.

The BIG DULUTH

Store Open Saturday Night Until 11 O'clock.

"WE FIT THE HARD-TO-FIT."

It's just like this

We don't claim that our clothing is better than the merchant tailors high-priced productions, but we do claim (and our goods will back the claim) that no tailor can use finer fabrics, trimmings and linings than are put into our garments—that no tailor employs higher-priced workmen than those who make our garments—that no tailor can give you more correct style than is shown in our garments. As to fit, in nine cases out of ten the fit of our garments will be found to be perfection—in the tenth case our own tailors will alter the garment so as to give perfect satisfaction. Our prices are about one-half the charges for made-to order garments.

A FEW POPULAR STYLES—

The Kitchener Is the new Overcoat designed to succeed the Raglan. It is an ultra stylish garment, and will find favor among dressers who desire the extreme in style. The fabrics are Oxfords and fancy Tweeds in the Cravenette cloth, guaranteed rain proof. Other Overcoat styles include the popular Raglan, English Box Top Coat, etc., in Oxfords, Coverts, Venetians, Whipcords, etc. Linings are of Silk and Serge. Our stock is unlimited in variety and warrants your careful inspectinon. **Overcoats—$10, $12, $15, $18 and $20.**

In Suits we show all the foremost styles—single or double-breasted Coats, in proper length of back and correct, shapely shoulders. The Vests and Trousers are cut in the newest style. One of the popular Suits for young men is the Military Cut Suit. No other house in Duluth can show this garment cut as Eastern Tailors are making it.

Suits—$10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22.50, $25.00

Desirable Clothing for Boys—

Nowhere in the West can be found such an elegant stock of handsomely tailored garments for young men, boys and children. All our boys' clothing is made upon the same principle as our men's clothing. Perfectness of style, quality and fit is paramount. Our line of Novelty Suits will delight mothers who are looking for new and stylish effects for their little ones.

Boys' Suits at $1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95, $6.95 $8.50 and $10.00

Boys' Top Coats and Reefers, $3.95, $4.95, $5.95

HABERDASHERY.

As purveyors to gentlemen of genteel tastes we are without a rival in the Northwest. Our buyers have always made it a business to study the tastes and wants of men who know what is correct in dress, and each year ransack the Eastern markets for the choicest products of the manufacturing haberdashers. This season we are showing new and extremely desirable novelties in furnishings, and solicit your patronage.

NECKWEAR.

Including the newest creations of the foremost Eastern and foreign makers. New shapes, exquisite designs and beautiful fabrics—50c.

GLOVES.

A full line of Gloves of the best known makes. Gloves that wear right. All the new shades—98c, $1.50 and $2.00.

SHIRTS.

New and exclusive patterns in perfect fitting Shirts; cuffs attached or detached. Prices less than half what custom makers ask—$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

UNDERWEAR.

An unusually handsome line in Balbriggan, Lisle, Silk and Wool and All Silk, Union or two-piece—50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Exquisite patterns in fancy hose—25c and 50c.

Men's Spring Hats.

You can always come to the Big Duluth with the assurance of finding just the Hat you want—correct and up-to-date in style and the price just what you want to pay. Here's—

The Zenith Hat at.....$2.50
The W. & M. Hat at.....$3.00
The Gordon Hat at.....$3.00
The Guyer Hat at.....$4.00
The Stetson Hat at.....$4.00
The W. & M. Special at.....$5.00

New Spring Fedoras at **$1, $1.50, $2, $2.20, $3, $3.50 and $5.00.**

New Spring Caps.....**50c, 75c, $1.00**

The Bostonian Shoe—

A $5.00 SHOE FOR $3.50

The price of the Bostonian Shoe is not what gives them their phenominal popularity. They fit the feet and are at the same time beautiful, stylish and serviceable—they combine fashion and comfort—fast color eyelets used exclusively—never grow brassy—price per pair.....**$3.50**

New lot of Men's Vici Tans received for Saturday—price.....**$3.00**

We're selling more and more Boys' and Children's Shoes every day. Our shoe department is where you get the best values for the least money.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

SCENT RUIN

British Export Tax on Coal Denounced.

London Grocers Put Up Price of Sugar.

London, April 19.—Taken as a whole, the comments of the country papers on the chancellor of the exchequer in the budget statement presented yesterday, cannot be regarded as unfavorable. The outstanding feature of the public reception of the budget is the outcry from the coal districts, and, in a lesser degree, from the business affected by the sugar tax. In coal centers the export duty is regarded as confirming the idea in some radical quarters that the government is riding for a fall, but the well informed consider it possible that the chancellor of the exchequer will be induced to exempt from the new duty all contracts made prior to today, thus relieving the pressure on the middlemen who have bought or sold coal for future delivery. This, it is believed, will go far to reconcile the coal trade generally to the new imposition. In the meanwhile, however, the opposition of the coal owners is augmenting hourly. The chambers of commerce in the coal districts are protesting in vigorous terms. The Cardiff exporters scent ruin and their markets being captured by American and German coal. The manufacturers, on the other hand, flatter themselves that the effect of the tax will be to lower prices and lessen competition in iron and steel.

The grocers advanced sugar a half penny per pound this morning in London. British refined sugars were very strong and jumped from 2 shillings to 2 shillings and 6 pence a hundred weight.

The Scotch manufacturing confectioners and preserve makers advanced prices 4 shillings and 6 pence and 2 shillings and 6 pence per hundred weight, respectively and have abolished discounts.

There was practically no business today on the Greenock sugar exchange, owing to the extensive buying prior to the budget announcement.

The president of the refiners association expresses the opinion that the tax will work out beneficially. A steamer with a cargo of continental sugar arrived at Greenock last evening, after the custom house was closed, and was refused permission to unload. The duty on her cargo amounts to £2000. The importers claim that the duty on sugar had not been imposed when the steamer arrived, and, therefore, they will contest payment of the duty.

The budget had little general effect on the stock exchange here today, apart from the weakening consols. This premier security opened half a point lower at 94½, but later recovered somewhat. The price today is the lowest since 1892. Business became brisk and the market indulged in a game of ping pong, with consols for balls.

There is reason to believe that the best financial circles approve of borrowing on consols.

There is some expectation of the new loan coming tomorrow. The market talk suggests that the issue price will be 94½ and already dealings have occurred at ½ to ¾ premium.

The export coal business at Cardiff docks was at a standstill today. Merchants refused to ship and take the responsibility of the new tax, while the colliery owners repudiate any liability.

The Scotch exporters of coal are of the opinion that the United States are bound to capture the West Indian coal market.

The ship owners of Glasgow anticipate that a portion of the duty will come out of their pockets.

The comments of the afternoon newspapers here follow the lead of the morning papers generally in anticipating that the more acute irritation will soon pass off.

The Irish newspapers condemn the income tax feature of the budget and they think the sugar duty will press specially hard on Ireland, owing to the general poverty of the people. The Dublin Independent remarks:

"The imperial tax gatherer will there by be enabled to draw out of Ireland an additional half million for the South African war which, as a nation, we have emphatically condemned."

TROOPS WITHDRAWN

Chinese Soldiers Are Ordered Outside the Great Wall By Imperial Decree at Suggestion of the Powers.

Pekin, Thursday, April 18.—In consequence of strong representations to the Chinese government, an imperial decree, dated Tuesday, April 16, has been issued ordering the Chinese troops at Huai Lu to immediately remove outside the great wall.

The Chinese troops whose withdrawal outside of the great wall has been ordered by imperial decree are understood to be the force which a German and French expedition were preparing to attack. Huai Lu has been located in the cable dispatches as southwest of Pao Ting Fu. The Chinese occupied a position within the limits of territory which the military representatives of the powers had decreed as being under their protection.

London, April 19.—A dispatch from Paris says that in consequence of the imperial decree ordering the Chinese troops to leave the territory considered under the protection of the allied forces, the Franco-German expedition has been abandoned.

France will shortly withdraw 10,000 troops from China.

WILL FIGHT TO FINISH

Great Lakes Towing Compang Will Refuse All Demands of Tug Firemen and Linesmen at Lower Lake Ports.

Cleveland, April 19.—The officials of the Great Lakes Towing company declared today that they will fight the pending strike of the tug firemen and linesmen at lower Lake Erie ports to a finish. The company will not only refuse the demands of the strikers, it is announced, but has decided hereafter to place but one fireman on each tug, instead of two, as has been customary. On the other hand, the strikers say that unless their demands are granted shortly the strike will become general at all ports on the great lakes. They also intimate that the 'longshoremen may take up the fight.

MINERS STRIKE.

Six Hundred Go Out at Raven Run.

Pottsville, Pa., April 19.—Six hundred mine employes struck today at Raven Run, Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company's colliery, on account of the discharge of two loader bosses, who were dismissed, it is alleged, because they are members of the United Mine Workers of America. The company some time ago issued an order forbidding this character of employes from being members of the union.

CABLE CHESS MATCH.

International Play For Newnes Trophy Begun.

New York, April 19.—The international cable chess match for the Newnes trophy, between American and British players, began today. The Americans played in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, and the Britons in the Cafe Monico, London. The usual cablegrams of greeting preceded the opening of play. It was then announced that the men would play in the following order:

Americans—Pillsburg, Showalter, Barry, Hodges, Hymes, Voight, Marshall, Bampton, Newman and Howell.

Britons—Blackburne, Mason, Lee, Mills, Atkins, Bellingham, Ward, Jackson, Jacobs and Mitchell.

LAST RITES.

Funeral Services of the Late General A. C. McClurg.

Chicago, April 19.—Funeral services for Gen. Alexander C. McClurg, the pioneer publisher of Chicago, took place today from St. James' Episcopal church, the rector, Rev. J. Stone, officiating. The services were of the simplest character and were attended by members of the family and intimate friends. Among the latter were numerous members of the Loyal Legion and the following committee from the Chicago Historical society, to which Gen. McClurg belonged fifteen years: John J. Jewett, Thomas Dent, Franklin H. Head, Franklin MacVeagh, Charles F. Gunther, Eugene H. Fishburn, S. H. Kerfoot Jr., Robert T. Lincoln, A. C. Bartlett, A. H. Burley and T. M. Garrett.

Interment was made in Graceland cemetery.

MORGAN STARTS FOR PARIS.

London, April 19.—J. Pierpont Morgan started for Paris this morning, in the best of health, and accompanied by his son and grandchildren. The representatives of Mr. Morgan declare that the story of his ill health cabled from here to the United States is absolutely unfounded.

THREATENED WITH FLOODS.

Huntington, W. Va., April 19.—Buayandotte and Twelve Pole valleys are threatened with floods owing to a continuous heavy rain for the past thirty hours.

IRON INTERESTS TAXED TOO LOW

They Pay a Mere Pittance Compared With Other Property.

Large Income of Iron Properties as Shown By the Royalties.

By underhand methods, disguised by a hypocritical pretense of fair-dealing that has deceived too long, the iron interests of St. Louis county have escaped taxation for years. Though the value of their holdings was known to the iron interests themselves, until very recently the public had only a vague idea of them. Now that it is possessed of full information, the machinery should be put in motion to assess them at their proper value, and not one moment's time should be wasted.

It is safe to say that the mining properties of St. Louis county are assessed at grossly inadequate rates need not necessarily be taken as a reproach to the taxing authorities. The value of the iron interests has always been a hard thing to get at, and those who really do know it, the owners and their representatives, have taken advantage of that fact to pull the wool over the eyes of the assessing bodies, from the township assessors up to the august state board of equalization.

But now that something is known about their value, and that the knowledge is heralded so that no one has any excuse for being in the dark, neglect is no longer excusable. It is too late for the county board of equalization to make any changes. It has no chance until the summer of 1902. But the law has provided a way to correct the injustice, and that is through the complaint to the governor that The Herald has explained in former articles on this subject. The fact that the property of a single corporation has been sold to the steel trust on a basis that is equal to a price of $60,000,000, seven times the total assessed valuation of all the iron property of St. Louis county, is all anyone needs to know to realize that the iron mines, far from paying their due proportion of the taxes, are paying but a mere pittance compared with the amounts other classes of property are called upon to pay.

But there are other sources from which some idea may be gained of the injustice that is being done other classes of property by this discrimination in favor of an industry that should pay more heavily than others, because instead of adding to the wealth of the state it is subtracting from it at a very rapid rate.

For instance, there are the royalties. Everybody in Duluth knows how most of the mines are worked. One man owns the fee title, and he leases it to a mining company, which works the ore out of it. The mining company pays him, instead of rent, a royalty of a certain amount for each ton of ore mined. After paying that, it pays for getting out the ore and pays for hauling it to the furnaces. These hauling charges include a railroad rate from the mines to the dock that is higher in proportion than any other freight rate known; a charge of from 80 cents to $1 per ton for a haul of 80 to 100 miles. After paying these charges, besides others that will suggest themselves, it sells its ore at a handsome profit. So the net income on a ton of ore mined is very much more than the royalty of 20 to 40 cents per ton. But for the purposes of comparison, and assuming the royalties to be the gross income from working a mine—while bearing in mind that it is a very small fraction of the gross income and very far from being the net income—it may be interesting to take the royalties paid on a few of the producing mines of this county, and show what property producing such a gross income would be assessed for in Duluth, and what a property assessed as these mines are assessed would produce in Duluth in the way of a gross income.

It is well to bear in mind that the taxes are usually paid by the mining company, and that the man that gets the royalties is not assessed on them unless he is in the habit of turning in on his personal property tax return conscientiously his exact stock of cash, bonds, royalties, etc. The fact that the royalties escape taxation, as a rule, shows that the comparison proposed is ridiculous, because it is proposed to compare the gross income of property in Duluth with a very small fraction of the gross income of a mine. But if the comparison is ridiculous because the mining royalty is a small fraction of the gross income, while the city's side of it is all of the gross income, then the point desired is proven—which is, that the mining properties are paying a ridiculously small proportion of the taxes.

In this comparison the mines are given the best of it by a very wide proportion, just as wide as the proportion between the royalties and the actual gross income from a mine, which should be the basis of comparison if it could be arrived at. Unfortunately such information is not to be had. If it could the discrepancy would be astonishing. As it is, accepting the royalties as gross income, the disproportion is of a character that will convince anyone, if there is anybody that needs conviction.

In the city of Duluth probably 10 per cent would be considered a very fair gross return on an investment. If capital were always sure of getting 10 per cent out of investments in this city there would be no lack of it seeking a market here. So that will be a fair percentage to take.

Beginning with the Biwabik mine, which is assessed at $590,674, it is found that it shipped last year 924,868 tons of ore, on which it paid royalties, at the rate of 30 cents per ton, amounting to $277,460.40, nearly half the entire assessed valuation. Now if the Biwabik mine were a large apartment house in Duluth, and yielded $277,460.40 last year, and that were a 10 per cent yield, the actual value of the property would be $2,774,604, and at the common rate of assessing property here it would be assessed at $1,387,302, instead of $590,674, as the Biwabik is assessed. Again, it must be remembered that the royalties are only a small part of the gross income from the mine and that if the gross income were $3 per ton, for instance, the disproportion would be ten times greater. If an apartment house in Duluth were assessed at $590,674, as the Biwabik is, its actual value would be twice that sum, and its gross income would be—if good luck attended—one-tenth of the value, or $118,134.80, instead of the $277,460.40 that the Biwabik royalties amounted to. If the Duluth establishment were assessed at the same proportion of its value that the Biwabik would be if the royalties were the gross income, it would be assessed at one-fifth instead of one-half.

On the other range, take the Pioneer mine. The Pioneer mine is assessed rather low, because it is going to give out soon. The other mines are also assessed low, because nobody knew any better, but the proportion on the Pioneer is a little more twisted. The Pioneer last year produced 450,794 tons, and on a basis of a royalty of 33 cents, the royalties amounted to $148,762.02. It is assessed for $216,273, but if the Pioneer were an office building in Duluth and produced that income, it would be assessed at $748,810. If an office building in Duluth were assessed at $216,273, as the Pioneer is, it would do well if it had an income of $43,254.60. The Pioneer's income was $148,762.02, based on that 33-cent royalty. That is the least the Pioneer pays, and its royalties averaged much more than that. Besides, the Pioneer is producing very fine ore, that is worth a good deal. Last year it was worth $5.98 on the docks at Cleveland.

The Auburn mine shipped last year 263692 tons of ore, and paid royalties at 30 cents, amounting to $79,107.60. If it was in Duluth and produced that much as a gross income it would be valued at $395,538 for purposes of taxation. It is not in Duluth, however, but on the ranges, so it is assessed at $230,053. If a Duluth property were assessed at that it would be doing satisfactorily well if it were producing $46,010.60.

The Adams mine shipped 777,346 tons of ore and paid $233,203.80 in royalties at 30 cents per ton. If it was an apartment building in Duluth, and the rents amounted to that sum, it would be assessed for $1,166,019. But it happens to be a mine, and it is only assessed for $413,364. If a Duluth apartment house were assessed for that its owner would be delighted with his investment if it brought in $82,672.80. The Adams paid $233,203.80 in royalties alone.

The Chandler mine shipped 644,801 tons, and its royalties at 30 cents amounted to $193,440.30. If a property that yields that much were in Duluth it would be assessed at $967,201. The Chandler is assessed at $323,700. If a Duluth property were assessed at that its owner would feel himself fortunate over an income of $64,740 a year out of it, and he would feel guilty if he were getting an amount equivalent to the Chandler's royalties of $193,440.30.

The Commodore mine shipped 278,416

(Continued on Page 4.)

ENORMOUS

Is the Earning Capacity of the Standard Oil Company.

New York, April 19.—The Journal and Advertiser says: The Standard Oil company will declare a dividend about May 1 of 20 per cent on its capital $100,000,000. At the same time the plan will probably be adopted of increasing the capital stock of the company from $100,000,000 to $400,000,000. The increase of the capital stock will be, in reality, an adjustment. Four shares of the new stock is quoted at present at its top figure, 95, so that a share of the new stock will be worth in the market approximately $200.

TO PACIFIC.

Canada Virtually Has a Second Railroad to the Coast.

Toronto, April 19.—The government of Canada has passed two bills which virtually secure a second independent railroad to the Pacific coast. The first bill was that promoted by J. Hill for connecting with the immense coal fields of British columbia, where hitherto the Canadian Pacific had no competitor. The main conditions of the charter are no discrimination in coal prices or freight rates, no amalgamation of pooling with other roads in the district, and the government to name maximum freight rates. The government retains control of 15,000 square miles of coal land which it may put on the market any time or operate.

The second bill confirms the sale made by President Mellen, of all Northern Pacific, Manitoba lines, to the Canadian Northern, the government retaining the power to name maximum freight rates. The Manitoba government is given power to guarantee the Canadian Northern bonds and to purchase all the old Northern Pacific lines if it so desires at the end of thirty years.

WITHOUT A WREATH.

London, April 19.—For the first time since the death of the earl of Beaconsfield, Primrose day passed without a royal wreath being placed upon the tomb in Hughenden church yard. The annual pilgrimage to the church yard, however, showed no diminution, and the statue of the earl of Beaconsfield, opposite Westminster abbey, was profusely decorated.

PLOTS OF ANARCHISTS

Emperor William, Czar Nicholas, King and Queen of Italy and Count Turin Were to Be Assassinated.

New York, April 19—A dispatch to the World from Buenos Ayres says: The police of the town of Rosario, in the province of Santa Fe, have seized papers which prove that a plot against the lives of the emperor of Germany, the czar of Russia, the king and queen of Italy and the Count Turin was recently laid in Paterson, N. J. Investigation was found here on receipts of dispatches from Berlin, announcing that the police of that city has discovered a plot against the life of Emperor William. These dispatches stated that anarchists from Argentina were the moving spirits in the plan, and that one named Romagnoli had been arrested.

The movements of Romagnoli, who recently left this country, were traced by government agents. It was found that he came from Rosario, where an anarchist society has long been in existence.

The police of that town at once began an investigation, and finally made a raid upon the quarters of some of the most prominent anarchists. Important papers bearing upon the organization of the society were seized. Those showed that Romagnoli acted upon direct orders from Paterson. A letter was sent to him telling him that he had been chosen by lot to kill the German emperor, and instructing him to go immediately to Berlin. He left Rosario soon afterward and sailed from this port.

He did not go directly to Germany, but to Rome, where it is supposed he communicated with Italian anarchists. He then went to New York, evidently to receive final instructions from the leaders in Paterson. He came to Argentina again and held communication with his friends, and then sailed for Germany, where he was arrested before he could execute his orders.

Whether any specific action has been taken to carry out the resolution of the Paterson society for the assassination of the czar of Russia and the Italian rulers the police will not say. The German, Italian and Russian legations, however, have been placed in possession of the facts.

INEFFECTIVE.

Strike on McKeesport Railroad Does Not Amount to Much.

Pittsburg, April 19.—A strike of the employes of the McKeesport connecting railroad, inaugurated last night, has in no way interfered with the operation of the National Tube company's plant, and all departments were running today. But few men are out, an while the road is crippled, it is in operation as usual. The line is owned by the National Tube company and connects the tube plant, national rolling mill and Monongahela furnaces with the Baltimore & Ohio and Lake Erie roads. No serious trouble is apprehended, and an early settlement is expected.

AN EMBEZZLER.

A Pittsburg Bank Bookkeeper Goes Wrong.

Pittsburg, April 19.—A. J. Schroth, a bookkeeper in the First National bank of Birmingham, this city, was arrested last night by United States Marshal Leonard charged with the embezzlement of $35,000 of the banks funds. He was released later on furnishing bail in the sum of $10,000. The defalcation was discovered by National Bank Examiner Slack, who found a number of false entries in the books. Mr. Slack says the bank is in excellent condition and will not be affected.

It has a capital stock of $100,000 and undivided profits and surplus of $296,000.

BANKER ASSIGNS.

New York, April 19.—Isaac L. Currier, trading under the name of I. D. Currier & Co., bankers and brokers, made an assignment for the benefit of creditors today.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

BOWERY NOT HIT

Law Recently Passed Has Been Causing Comment.

It Limits Number of Saloons In Certain Districts.

Could Be Made to Apply to the Bowery.

There has been considerable talk recently about a law of the recent legislature which might possibly wipe out Duluth's Bowery. This law provides that in cities of over 50,000 population, it shall be unlawful for the council to issue saloon licenses for more than five on one side of any block which fronts on a patrol limit.

Attorneys say that this could not possibly affect the Bowery as it does not border on a patrol limit. In fact there is only one patrol limit now in existence. That is Lakeside. There is now an ordinance amendment pending in the council, dividing the city up into three patrol limits, but the Bowery does not border on the limit proposed to be included in them. The law, it seems, was aimed at one block in the city of Minneapolis.

Persons that would like to see the Bowery located at some point where it would be less conspicuous, say that the council has a rare opportunity to legislate it out of existence, by adopting an ordinance fixing the patrol limit so that it would take the center line of Superior street from Fifth avenue west to Eighth avenue west. This would bring the Bowery on the border of the patrol limits and make the law applicable. The Johnson amendment now pending before the council, establishing patrol limits makes the dock line the boundary on the south and First alley on the north, so that the Bowery is within the patrol limits proposed, instead of fronting on the boundary.

Should the council attempt to make Superior street the limit it is probable that litigation would follow, as to the right of the council to establihs saloon limits by ordinance. It is held by some that the limits could only be established legally by a charter amendment adopted by a three-fourths vote.

If You Have Dyspepsia

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 91, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative, express paid. If cured, pay $5.50—trust, it is free.

ENTITLED TO THE MONEY.

Judge Rules In Case Against W. B. Phelps.

Judge Cant has filed his findings in the suit brought by William C. Stevens against Gustavus Stevens and William B. Phelps, brought to recover $2900 deposited with Mr. Phelps pending the outcome of a suit between the two Stevens. Mr. Phelps was attorney for Gustavus Stevens in the former action, and $2900 was paid over to him in trust, with the understanding, the court finds, that it should be turned over to the parties entitled to it at the end of the suit. The money was delivered to him Nov. 8, 1898, and the court finds that he has kept it and still retains it, and that it belongs to William C. Stevens, the plaintiff in this action, who is entitled to its possession. It is found that it was demanded of him prior to the beginning of this action, and that he has refused to pay it over. As to Mr. Phelps' claim for services as attorney for Gustavus Stevens, the court finds that that is otherwise provided for. The conclusions of law are that the plaintiff is entitled to judgement for the money, and for an execution if one is needed.

A HALF HOLIDAY.

Court House Officers Are Working For One.

A movement to close up the county offices Saturday afternoons at 1 o'clock is on foot, and it is meeting with a good deal of favor among the county officers and their employes. The plan is to close up the offices at the court house every Saturday afternoon during the summer. If it is found that in some of the offices it is impossible to close, one clerk will be left at work during Saturday afternoons, and the remainder will get away. The clerk to be left will be chosen by lot, and turns will be taken at staying in while the rest of the force are out enjoying themselves.

Aerial Canal Bridge.

The American Pictorial Monthly for last month contains a very interesting illustrated article on Duluth's proposed aerial canal bridge by John L. Morrison. It describes and illustrates the original aerial ferry at Rouen, France, and also the bridge at Bizerta, Algiers. It then gives an outline of Thomas F. McGilvray's stiff truss bridge, and a half-tone illustration of Duluth harbor, showing the canal.

The Benefit Concert.

The concert under the auspices of the Swedish Methodist church will take place this evening at the Mission church on Twenty-first avenue west and Second street. The Methodist congregation has made great efforts the last year to relieve itself from the debt resting on the church property and the aim this year is to wipe it out entirely. Ever since last winter preparations for a concert to help in the matter have been under way, having culminated in very elaborate arrangements that have aroused general interest among the people of the city. Governor Van Sant is to be present and give an address. The governor arrived in the city this afternoon and will be given a reception and banquet at the home of Mrs. B. Webster, second floor, 105 West Superior street, from 6 to 8 p. m. It will be under the auspices of the ladies of the G. A. R. and the Willis A. Gorman post. After the banquet the governor, Mayor Hugo and the High School Musical society will be carried in chartered cars to the Mission church. The committee on arrangements has been much encouraged on its painstaking work in the details for the program and everything points to a grand success.

Did Not Catch Them.

H. T. Koerner, deputy public examiner, was at the court house this morning looking into county affairs. He was here a short time ago with Public Examiner Pope, and it is said that he came up this time to see whether the treasurer's office was obeying the orders left by the public examiner on his visit as to bookkeeping. All of the public examiner's instructions are being followed, it is said, in the county offices.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Want Their Money Back.

At the auditor's office there are a large number of applications for refundment of money paid in at the forfeited tax sale under the law of 1897. The parties making these applications expect to get their money back, but according to Deputy Auditor Marvin they will have to turn in their tax sale certificates before anything can be done. After the certificates are in they must be checked over, and then the money will be forthcoming. But until the certificates are in nothing can be done.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 1c cents at all grocers.

FOR PEACE.

Mrs. Botha Again Negotiating Between Botha and Kitchener.

London, April 19.—The Sun today, confirming the report that the peace negotiations between Lord Kitchener and the Boer generals have been renewed, suggests that something is likely to be effected during Sir Alfred Milners' absence. The paper also says the government is divided as to who will fill Sir Alfred Milners' place. Mrs. Botha is again acting as a go-between.

CAME TO GRIEF.

Goldsborough Met With Accident on Trial Trip.

Washington, April 19.—Like almost every one of the torpedo boats recently added to the navy, the little Goldsborough, which promised so well, has come to grief on her final trial. A telegram received at the navy department from Lieut. Commander Peters, the principal trial officer, dated Seattle, Wash., yesterday, reads:

"Second final trial Goldsborough interrupted today by the breaking of the port low pressure eccentric rod, forty-six minutes after starting. Probably not less than ten days will be required to refit."

A later dispatch announces that the break was due to a defect in material.

SHORT STAY.

London, April 19.—It is announced in a dispatch from Paris that M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs, who is expected to arrive at St. Petersburg, April 22, will stay there only four days.

TO THE AFGHAN FRONTIER.

Aliwal North, Cape Colony, April 19.—Gen. Hector MacDonald has been appointed to an important command on the Afghan frontier.

SPECIMEN OF CHINESE WIT.

Wu-Ting-Fang, the Chinese minister, was asked the other day if there were any Chinese humorists, relates the New York World.

"Oh, yes," replied Mr. Wu, "plenty of them. There are some very good jokes in Chinese literature."

"Tell one," said his visitor.

"Well," said Mr. Wu, "this is a famous Chinese story: There was once a traveler who stopped at the house of a friend for some refreshment. He asked for a cup of tea. It so happened that the friend had no tea in the house, but he said he would send his son to borrow some from a neighbor. The wife put a pot of water on the fire to boil. The son did not return, and it became necessary to add some cold water to that boiling in the pot. This was done several times. The son did not return with the tea, and finally the wife said: 'Inasmuch as the tea does not seem to be forthcoming, perhaps you had better offer your guest a bath.'"

DERIVATION OF GRAPE-NUTS.

Contains Neither Grapes Nor Nuts.

Thought was applied and experiments conducted for about two years, seeking to perfect food easy for the intestinal digestion and yet make use of the carbohydrates, albumen and phosphate of potash obtained from the grains.

Success came and luckily the scientific food was found to have a most delicious and delicate sweet, that of the grape sugar to be seen glistening on the granules. That suggested the first art of the now famous name. The last part "Nuts" is purely fanciful, the compound word Grape-Nuts, being a coined word, having no actual meaning, a necessary feature to conform to the rules of the patent office on the registration of trade marks.

"Grape Nuts" is a duly registered trade mark protecting the most famous food of the day from counterfeiters.

BIDS ARE OPENED

Board of Public Works Receives a Large Number.

Watterworth & Fee Lowest on the Fifth Avenue Paving.

Bids For New Sidewalks, Gutters, Sprinkling and Sewers.

A fluffy vision in white dimity at a popular summer resort beside sad sea waves could not have received more numerous or more varied "proposals" in an entire season than were received this morning by the blushing commissioners of the department of public works. Only the "proposals" this morning were not just what a summer girl would fancy—though each was accompanied by certified checks to guarantee good faith.

The "proposals" were for street paving, for sidewalk construction, for street sprinkling, for sidewalk timber, and for other improvements. Instead of being made by wealthy department store clerks, they were made by coy contractors.

The most important of the proposals was for the paving of Fifth avenue west from Commerce street down to the dock, a distance of 849 feet. The material to be used is Kettle river sandstone, and it requires 3700 square yards of paving. There were but two proposals. Watterworth & Fee, the successful bidders for the Michigan street contract, will undoubtedly receive the Fifth avenue contract as well. Their bid was $1.99 per square yard, against $2.75 by J. D. O'Connell. Some comment was made that the Watterworth & Fee bid was 22 cents per square yard higher than the bid under which they received the Michigan street contract. This, however, was explained by the fact that the Fifth avenue west down in the jobbing district is in much worse condition than Michigan street, and there were but few contractors who cared to make estimates on the work.

Under the proposal of Watterworth & Fee the cost of paving this avenue will be $7363.

The commissioners, in opening proposals for another contract, found that it not only paid to advertise, but it paid to readvertise. This was for the grading and guttering of Fifth avenue east from Fourth street to Fifth street. Several weeks ago the department advertised this improvement, and the only bid received was for $964. The commissioners decided to readvertise, and in a field of eight bidders the lowest proposal was $577.28, a saving of several hundred dollars. The successful bidder was J. D. O'Connell.

The department also received proposals for 450,000 feet of timber for the construction of sidewalks and other repairs. The successful bidders will not be announced till next Monday. Those bidding were: Robert L. Cochrane, W. P. Heimbach, John A. Jacobs, A. H. Burg and James D. Wade. These bids are very complicated, having been made on eighteen different dimensions of white pine, Norway pine, hemlock, tamarack and cedar.

The successful bidders for the street sprinkling will not be announced till next week. John Wall had the lowest bids for districts Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6. Mike Manilla was the lowest in No. 4, and Joe Karon in No. 7.

J. D. O'Connell put in the lowest proposal for the construction of the sewer in the alley, between First and Second streets, from Fifteenth avenue east to Sixteenth avenue east. His bid was $318.10.

For the building of sidewalks there were interesting proposals from seven contractors. J. W. Preston's average on all kinds of sidewalks was 36½ cents a lineal foot; William Killin, 37 1-3 cents; Jock & Dykins, 40 cents, and Engle & Hawkinson, 42 1-3 cents.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

THE DERBY.

London, April 19.—At the first day's racing at Derby today, the Doveridge handicap plate of 600 sovereigns, for 2-year-olds and upward, a lone mile, was won by J. W. Rawson's Ichiban, with Johnny Reiff up. F. Hardy's St. Beurre came in second, and Sir S. Lockhardt's Flume ran third. Twelve horses ran.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Auguste Victoria, New York for Hamburg.

Liverpool—Arrived: Germanic, from New York.

MONEY WAS NO OBJECT.

The people of Pathia, in India, will not seriously mourn the recent death of their maharajah the leading sikh chief of the Punjab, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. He was the ruler of the most warlike of all the races of India, but, singularly, died in the service of the British empire. Sir Rajendra Singh had previously served through the Mohmand campaign of 1897 on the staff of Sir Bindon Blood. Personally he was the product of a somewhat mistaken system, and represented in its fullest development that anomaly, a Europeanized Indian prince. He habitually wore English clothes and a native turban, married an English wife and regularly entertained vast crowds of Englishmen, who, according to the agreeable manner of Englishmen in India, would receive neither him nor his wife into their houses in return.

He was a sportsman of the first order; he had one of the finest polo teams in India, played for it himself and was almost worthy of his place. But with the English taste for sport he had imbibed the vices of sportsmen, and spent more than the revenues of his state could afford on racing and dissipation. Though only a young man of 28, he had tried his constitution severely, and it is little wonder that he succumbed to the fever that attacked him. His subjects will be all the better for the nursing of the state revenues, which the Punjab government will now be able to take in hand.

SOME TONGUE TWISTERS.

Buffalo News: Susan shines shoes and socks; socks and shoes shines Susan. She conseth shining shoes and socks, for shoes and socks shock Susan.

Robert Rowley rolled a round roll round; where rolled the round roll Robert Rowley rolled round?

Oliver Oglethorp ogled an owl and oyster. If Oliver Oglethorp ogled an owl and oyster, where are the owl and oyster Oliver Oglethorp ogled?

Sammy Shoesmith saw a shrieking youngster. If Sammy Shoesmith saw a shrieking youngster, where's the shrieking youngster Sammy Shoesmith saw?

I went to the garden to gather some blades, and there I saw two pretty babes. Ah, babes, is that you babes, braiding blades, babes? If you braid any blades, babes, braid broad blades, babes, or braid no blades, babes.

The "Kitchener"

The overcoat for men you've read about in the magazines—we show it first in Duluth.

The "King Edward"

The most artistic and fashionable spring overcoat in all the swell new materials from.... $15 to $30

Knox Hats,

including the fad of New York, The Duke of York Hat.

Wide open every Saturday night in the entire year until 11 o'clock.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

We are exclusive agents in Duluth for Stein-Bloch Co.'s New York celebrated Clothing—equal in workmanship, style and finish to that of the high priced tailors at about one-half the cost—see the line we carry—$15 to $30.

FASHIONABLE ATTIRE FOR MEN AND BOYS.

The Store for New and Stylish Attire.

For men of every shape—regular, stout, lean, extra large—for young men—for boys—for the youngsters—all in endless variety of designs and patterns—many that are exlusive and cannot be found elsewhere in Duluth—productions of the leading and most dependable manufacturers of high-grade garments in America. It's a waste of time to look anywhere else—here's the stock from which to make your selections—equal and superior to that found under any three roofs combined in the City of Duluth, where you are sure of buying safely, for in each instance money is returned cheerfully and promptly where any dissatisfaction arises. Read carefully what we offer for tomorrow.

Men's Nobby Suits—

Thoroughly dependable in quality and cut in the very newest designs—all the popular weaves and colorings. Scotch mixtures and neat cassimeres. See them at $10.00

Men's Spring Top Coats—

Correct and fashionable garments—the popular Raglans, short box or medium length style, in Oxford gray, cheviots, black thibets or clay worsted and tan whipcord and covert cloths—all finely lined and perfect fitting—custom tailors ask $20.00 for no better. We invite you to inspect the swell line we are showing at..... $10.00

Men's Fine Suits—

We are showing an exceptionally fine line of extremely handsome Suits in the most correct styles—cut in single-breasted sack style, coats with the new wide military shoulders, vests with or without collars, and pants properly proportioned—nowhere in Duluth can you find such a vast and varied stock to select from $12.50

Men's Elegant Suits—

In fine imported and domestic fabrics, that are selected and tailored with the greatest care and can only be compared with fine custom made at $25.00—we are showing an enormous variety in all the new wide striped worsteds, fine Scotch mixtures, and black and blue clay worsteds—Suits that will please the most critical gentlemen—extraordinary value at.. $15.00

Men's Fine Trousers

Hundreds of new and nobby designs, in fine worsteds and cassimeres, cut in the new peg top style or medium width as you prefer—finely tailored and equal to made-to-measure garments at $7 or $8 well worth your consideration at— $5.00 Exceptional Values.

A Few Pointers From Our Mammoth Boys' Clothing Stock.

Young Men's Suits—

Sizes 14 to 20—single-breasted sack styles—nobby broken plaid and mixed cheviots and striped worsteds—new patterns in modish shades—fashioned in the latest and most popular designs—the kind the young men like best—good value at $12.00—Great Eastern price..... $9.95

Young Men's Suits—

Ages 14 to 20—chest measure 30 to 36—a great line of swell suits, comprising the very best makes—all those nobby striped cects, in blue, brown and striped effects, in blue, brown and with silk lined coats and vests, cut in the very latest military style and equal to fine custom made at $25. ..... $15.00

Boy's Spring Suits—

In black and blue clay worsteds as well as handsome blue serges—double-breasted coat and knee pants—or three-piece knee suits with vest—tailored in an exquisite manner—elegantly lined and trimmed and cannot be equalled anywhere under $8. Great Eastern price..... $5.95

Boys' Knee Suits—

Age 7 to 16—double-breasted coat and knee trousers—strictly up-to-date and fashionable—suitable for dress wear—tailoring unexcelled—choice patterns and fabrics—pants double seat and knees—a $6 and $6.50 value—Great Eastern price..... $4.95

For the Little Fellows.

Ages 3 to 8 years, we offer tomorrow a charming line of Novelty Suits, in fine quality Cassimeres, in checks and fancy patterns—coats are made with silk-faced lapels, little vests of high colored silk embroidered French cloth. Also a line of Russian Blouse Suits, in royal blue Pilot cloth, richly trimmed—suits well worth 5.00 and $6.00 at..... $4.95

Boys' Sailor Suits—

A revival of a good old style for boys 4 to 12 years' old—about the jauntiest suit a boy could wear—full sailor collar, handsomely embroidered at..... $4.95

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Underwear.

Medium weight natural gray wool, the kind that feels comfortable, no matter how the weather changes—prevents you from catching colds and wears two seasons without shrinking..... $1.00 and $1.50

A Hosiery Inducement.

Men's fancy Half Hose, the new open worked and lace effects. Copies of $1.00 and $1.50 silk goods. Black, cardinal and the new pastelshades, also extracted colors in polka dots and figures. Choice—per pair..... 25c

$1.40 per half Doz.

Gloves.

Special value—a full Pique, medium weight, Dress Glovesmade by Fownes, London. New back and just the proper shades. Sold in most places at $2.00—our price..... $1.50

We handle Dent's and Fowne's best goods and fit those who others can't fit.

Special—Club House Ties and Band Bows, made from remnants of 50c, $1.00 and $1.50 Silks. All this season's patterns, made in the best possible manner—worth double 35c 3 for $1.00

Men's and Boys'..... Hats

Men's Spring Hats.

The greatest variety ever shown—Dunlap, Youman and numerous other late blocks—correct spring shades of pearl, tan, maple, gray, mouse, etc.—every one silk trimmed, and the kind that's sure to please—they'll cost $2.50 at exclusive hat stores. Here for..... $1.35

Boys' Spring Hats.

It's easy to make a selection in this department—so many different styles to choose from—latest shapes in Fedoras, Golf and straight brim hats—any color you fancy—silk trimmed and sold throughout the city at $1.50—Here for..... 98c

Hanan Shoes, the best on earth

Prices $5 to $7.

We are exclusive sellers of them in Duluth, and have now on display all the new styles for spring and summer wear.

BURROWS' REGENT SHOES in patent leather, tan, Russia, chocolate or black vici kid—with kid or patent leather tips—all Goodyear welted soles—every size width, style and shape that can be called for—greatest values in Duluth at..... $3.50

WAS NERVY.

Train Robber Came Into Town to Visit Friends.

Billy Styles, one of the most noted characters in Arizona, walked into Tuscon a few days ago and spent the day with his friends here. Hunted by sheriff's posses, driven into caves in the mountains my Wells-Fargo officers, Billy Stiles has during the past year been more prominent, more talked of, more feared than any man since the days of "Black Jack," says the correspondent of the San Francisco Examiner.

"But Stiles is not a bad fellow. He knows his friends and stands by them, and possesses many traits of character which show that he is not altogether bad. As soon as Stiles came in he hunted up the Examiner correspondent, not to get his name and picture in the paper, but to thank the correspondent for the treatment that had been accorded him.

"You were the first man I wanted to see," said the train robber when he came to town. "When I was in the cave in the mountains you were fair with me and I always stand by people who are fair."

Stile's story is a long one. A great deal has been printed about the desperado which is not true, and crimes have been laid at his door which he never committed, but Stiles shakes his head and says, "Folks has to talk about something."

When asked if he was not afraid to come to Tuscon, Stiles said that he did not fear being taken, yet he was suspicious of every one; he looks upon officers as his enemies.

"I'm gettin' so I don't trust no one but my wife," he said.

Stiles told the story of the robbing of the Southern Pacific trains at Cochise and later at Fairbank. It was a graphic description, told in that slow, deliberate manner which is characteristic of the man. He took particular pains to bring out every detail which lends charm to a narration. Stiles belonged to the gang which included Bravo Juan, Burt Alvord, Matt Burts, Three-Finger Jack, Owints brothers, Brown and Downing. Burts, Brown and the Owints brothers are in the Yuma penitentiary, Three-Finger Jack was killed in the Fairbank hold-up by Messenger Jeff Milton, Downing is out on bail and Alvord and Bravo Juan are still out and are supposed to be in the Sierra Madras of Mexico, where they are hiding.

Soon after the Fairbank hold-up the entire gang was captured by the officers and placed in jail, the most of them at Tombstone. Stiles had agreed with the officers to give evidence against his companions, and Sheriff Scott White gave him the liberty of the jail. Stiles frequently conversed with Bravo Juan and Alvord, who were confined in cells, and a plan was arranged to liberate the desperadoes. One day as Jailer George Braven sat in the jailer's office Stiles drew a 6-shooter on him and demanded the keys of the jail. Braven refused and tried to slap the revolver from Stile's hand. As Jailer Braven made this effort to save himself Stiles fired and the ball entered Braven's leg. Stiles secured the keys and let all the prisoners out, among them being the Haldeman brothers, who refused to leave the jail and were hanged two months ago for murder.

Bravo Juan, Alvord and Stiles secured horses and got away. They were out three months and the trio of desperadoes never left Arizona. They made frequent visits to settlements, and on the night of June 5 Stiles says that they came into Tuscon at midnight and got some whisky. As they rode up Congress street Stiles started to dismount at Congress hall, where Billy Brown presides, Brown being an old friend of Stiles. Alvord, when he saw what Stiles meant to do, pulled his 6-shooter and made Stiles slide back into his saddle.

"Get back into that saddle," demanded Alvord; "you will break into jail if you don't get the bow out of your neck. You're too brave."

The party rode up Congress street, went to the suburbs of the city and there decided to send Bravo Juan back to get some whisky, as he was not known in town.

The desperadoes rode out to Brady's ranch, held up Henry Brady and slept and ate there that night. Stiles says that the ranchers gave them food, horses and everything they asked for and they never were hungry. But Alvord and Bravo Juan were frightened all the time. The men took turns watching at night and Stiles says that he would go to sleep during his shift. His companions threatened to kill him several times unless he kept awake. Stiles said that he never thought a minute during the time he was out that he would be taken by the officers and he felt very little concern.

Stiles was closely herded by the officers in Tuscon. He testified against Owints, Brown, Burts and Downing, and the three first named were sentenced to terms at Yuma on Stile's testimony. A month ago Stiles was allowed to go back home, and a week later Sheriff Del Lewis, of Cochise county, appeared in Casa Grande one night with a warrant for him. Of the arrest and Stile's escape the train robber said:

"Just when I thought everything was settled, along came that big sheriff and grabbed me by the wrists. 'I want you,' he said, and he started to put the cuffs on me. I said to him, 'Just leave them off and I will give you my word that I will go like a man.' But the sheriff said 'no,' and I said to him, 'All right, Mr. Lewis; all right,' and I made up my mind to quit him. He started to treat the crowd and I broke away from him and shot out the door. It wasn't a minute after I quit him that I had the irons off me and I went to a cave in the mountains. I didn't think they were treating me fair and that's why I wrote that letter.

"Some of my friends said it was safe to come in and here I am, but I ain't sure that I will get out of town tonight."

Stiles did get out of town and your correspondent went to the depot with him as he boarded the train for Casa Grande. He said he was going to Sonora prospecting. I asked him if Alvord and Bravo Juan were not there and he said he thought they were. Stiles likes his old friends of the trail and he may run upon them in Sonora. If he does there is no telling what the nature of the prospecting will be, but his friends hope that he has given up the life of the desperado and settled down to honest pursuits.

Stiles was raised in Casa Grande. His services for years have been sought by Wells-Fargo in running down desperadoes, and a few years ago he killed a train robber whom he was pursuing as an officer of the law. When he went out as a fugitive from justice the officers of Arizona knew that he was a bad man to take. No concerted effort was ever made to capture the trio, although several posses went out from Cochise county at different times when ranchers complained that the desperadoes were visiting them.

COULD NOT HELP IT.

Rev. Kittredge Wheeler, a strong figure in the Chicago ministerial crusade against vice, naively declares that he is entitled to neither praise nor blame for the "fighting blood" that runs in his veins; that he is a reformer by inheritance, and couldn't help it if he would, relates the Saturday Evening Post. Once, when a parishoner asked Dr. Wheeler if he had read Uncle Tom's Cabin, he answered "No," but his keen eyes twinkled with unmistakable mirth. Finally, he added:

"My father was the one 'abolitionist' in St. Charles township in Northern Illinois, in the days preceding the publication of Mrs. Stowe's marvelous novel. When that came out a new epoch began in our family. Up to that time the fireside readings in our household had been confined to the Bible. But the publication of this heart-stirring story found a circle of open-mouthed children gathered about the fireplace while my father read aloud. The pauses were frequent, for he was compelled to make constant use of the wristband of his hickory shirt in dashing the tears from his overflowing eyes. Soon I learned that to be an 'abolitionist' meant to be hooted at on the street and persecuted on every hand.

"Our little cabin became a regular station of the 'Underground railroad.' Those evenings when we laughed and cried with Uncle Tom, Little Eva and the other personages of the great story were surpassed only by the nights when we heard strange tales from the lips of fleeing slaves."

In the study of this eloquent Chicago preacher, who was for many years pastor of a large church in Hartford, Conn., hanging of a sawbuck which bears all the marks of long service; it is a practical reminder of the days when Dr. Wheeler almost literally sawed his way through college. His recreation is the study of Egyptology. In this field he enjoys a considerable reputation as an expert.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

BIG PLANT FOR SOO

Iron and Steel Mill to Employ Ten Thousand Men.

Final Arrangements Have Been Made For Its Construction.

Financing In the Hands of a Big English Promoter.

Detroit, April 19.—The Evening News this afternoon says: Final arrangements were made in this city for the building of a steel and iron plant at Sault Ste. Marie (Canadian side) which will employ 10,000 men and be capitalized at $50,000,000. The deal was closed in a conference held at the Russell house.

The plant will be operated in connection with the great power canal being constructed at the Canadian Soo by F. H. Clergue and his associates of the Soo Power corporation. The financing of the project is in the hands of Alfred R. Harvey, of Liverpool, a well known English promoter, who has enlisted American, English and Canadian capital of the desired amount. When asked how soon it was expected to have the plant in operation, Mr. Harvey said: "An enormous project like this takes much time.

"However, we are so far advanced that the mill will be running inside of six months and the entire plant within a year and a half. Then we shall employ 10,000 men at least. It is our intention to have the mills on both sides of the Sault river, in the United States and Canada.

"We have the advantage of the last patents, and much of our best machinery has been ordered, and is either building or ready for shipment in England. We will have the most complete plant in the world and from the ore which comes to us from the Lake Superior mines we will turn out castings, rails, structural and bridge iron, and everything furnished and ready for use.

"The power which we get from the Soo power canal will make a great saving in the cost of production and we will also save materially in shipping the ore, as the haul by water is very short. For this we will build all of our own docks and unloading derricks and apparatus for the speedy and economical handling of the ore."

JUSTIFIED.

Appraisers Sa Hold Counter Railway Duty On Russian Sugar.

New York, April 19.—The board of classification of the United States general appraisers today announced a decision in the Russian sugar case. The board, by a majority vote, holds that the United States government was justified in imposing a countervailing duty on Russian sugar. The opinion was written by Judge Somerville, and Gen. eral Appraiser Fischer concurs with him Col. Tichenor writes a dissenting opinion.

TO ERECT PLANT.

One Proposed to Smelt Lead and Zink.

St. Louis, April 19.—The Post-Dispatch announces today that a syndicate of New York and St. Louis capitalists, with a capital stock of $500,000 will erect in East St. Louis a plant to smelt lead and zinc from the Joplin and Webb City, Mo., and Arkansas mining districts. The projectors claim they can ship the ore to East St. Louis cheaper than they can buy and transport fuel to their present plant.

A PETITION.

Students To Ask Permission To Meet.

St. Petersburg, April 18, (Thursday) —Three students will present tomorrow to Gen. Vaunovski, minister of public instruction a petition asking that the students of the university of St. Petersburg be permitted to meet Saturday for the purpose of deciding whether they will anticipate in the examinations. Some of the students are in favor of absenting themselves until the students who have been drafted into the army are released and those who have been expelled are reinstated. It is believed the meeting will be held even if the minister refuses his permission. Some of the schools have recalled their expelled students.

TWO SURRENDER.

Reynolds Feudists Give Up to Sheriff.

Mayking, Ky., April 19.—Joseph Johnston and John Potter, two of the Reynolds feudists, deserted from the barricade of their fellows in the mountains today and surendered to Deputy Marshal Fulton. They were taken to Whitesburg jail.

A posse of 100 men is being organized to capture the remainder of the faction.

FIRE AT BUTTE.

Heinz Smelter Damaged to Amount of $200,000.

Butte, April 19.—Fire at the Heinz smelter today caused losses estimated at $200,000 to the plant. The fire started between the boiler room and matte room, both of which, with the sampling room, and the engine room, were entirely destroyed. The smokestacks in falling damaged the big engines and hurt one man. The ore chute and tramway were damaged. The insurance probably will amount to $100,000.

HARDWARE DEALER DEAD.

Des Moines, April 19.—J. D. Seeberger, a wealthy hardware dealer and pioneer, died here this afternoon.

TO ISSUE SUNDAY.

Manilla, April 19.—Aguinaldo's address will be issued tomorrow.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. | Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Beautiful Hats
at $6, $8 and $10.

More style, richness and individuality in our hats at these prices than at any other store at the Head of the Lakes.

That's a conceded fact—by women folks whs have been around and compared. Our busy department further demonstrates this: We've prepared for the extra trade tomorrow by having additional salespeople and workers. All hats ordered will be delivered to any part of the city by tomorrow night.

Children's and Girls' Jackets
Of Every Description.

(Sizes from 2 up to 14 years.

For the little ones we have a very nice jacket in red or new blue, trimmed with white braid or gilt buttons ---- **$2.25**

A very dressy little jacket of all wool cloth in red, blue and green, sailor collar, embroidered in white ---- **$3.75**

Box Coats in castor, blue and red, neatly stitched and braid trimmed and gilt buttons, price ---- **$5.75**

The swell little box coats in sizes up to 14 years, made of all wool Venetian cloth, satin lined and well tailored, prices --- **$6 and $7.25**

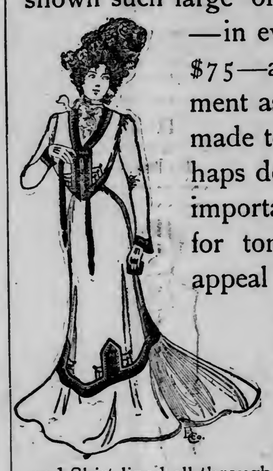
OUR CLOAK PARLORS
Teem with New Styles for Spring.

THE present appearance of our salesrooms is proof of the ease with which one may get fashionably attired for Spring. There is no chance to complain of inadequate variety of handsome styles—those seeking the most elaborate suits and garments of the season—in the very finest materials—have only to come here. Again, the array of lesser-priced things, affords almost endless opportunity for those in quest of equally correct but less costly costumes. Our preparations to meet all wants have been aptly spoken of as "incomparably complete."

We shall have ready for display and sale tomorrow many handsome costumes and wraps which just arrived from our makers in the East, embracing many new and exclusive novelties.

Tailored Suits

We've never known such successful suit selling as this season—nor have we ever shown such large or complete assortments —in every range from $10 to $75—and we fit every garment as carefully as if it were made to your order at perhaps double our prices—two important lots are mentioned for tomorrow that should appeal to women folks who are looking for style and workmanship combined with low price.



Fine all-wool Black Venetian Cloth Suits—Jacket and Skirt lined all through with rich silk—the style of Jacket, Eton back, with silk faced reveres—the Skirt is perfect shape—has the new flare flounce—$24.00 value—on sale at $19.50.

Our $12.50 Suits are very popular—they come in Homespun Venetians and Serges—in grays, blues, tan, brown and black.

Four styles of Jackets to choose from—and the skirts are perfect with all the new details of style—$16.50 value, on sale at $12.50.

Jaunty Eton Jackets

We doubt if any other store in this vicinity has as large a stock and as great a variety of spring Eton Jackets as we are now showing. We had a fair assortment on sale before even New York and the East realized that these jaunty little garments were going to be the rage; and we have had no difficulty in maintaining the command of this market, for the choice and exclusive designs the most popular yet shown.

For $6.75 we offer Etons which would cost most retailers not less than that; and at $7.50 we show rich and elaborate Jackets which would be hard to match at any price. There is a wide range of prices between, for our offerings are numbered by hundreds—we mention 4 styles which fairly represent the popular, medium-priced numbers. We offer the following inducements for Saturday.

Of fine Venetian cloth in tan, castor and black, silk lined —seams neatly straped and stitched, and gilt buttons, $9.00 value ---- **$7.50**

All wool covert cloth, handsomely trimmed with bands of silk all 'round and on collar and cuffs, $11.50 value ---- **$9.50**

Very swell Etons in tan, caster and black, with white collar and vest, finished with fancy braid and buttons, $12.00 value---- **$9.75**

Handsome novelty Etons in pearl, gray and tan, silk trimmed, tailor stitched and silk lined—$18.50 value, the price tomorrow ---- **$14.50**

Taffeta Silk ETONS.

The shapes are many, Among them are the new collarless Eton (which is very popular East)—Etons with the sailor collar and Etons with the LeAglion collar.

A very impressive style is in all-over tucked silk collarless Eton with a handsome Persian vest and Persian silk around the neck, lined with rich cream satin ---- **$14.50**

The range of prices are $16.50, $19.50, $21.50, $24.50 and up to $37.50.

Silk Waists

The most magnificent showing of them we have ever made—embracing all of the season's newest novelties in Taffeta, Satin de Leon, Poie de Soie, Crepe de Chine, and Albatross, in plain tailored effects, or elaborately trimmed.

Our leader at $5.00 is a gem. Front and back all-over tucked and stitched, finished off with self colored buttons. All the new spring shades and black—$5.00.

A most dressy Silk Waist in black, old rose, green, shell pink, blue and red. They are made with white front and collar, trimmed with cream lace between five rows of tucks all over and around collar and cuffs—$6.75.

An endless variety of fine Silk Waists—in exclusive styles—tailored or dressmaker made—in all of the new spring shades and black—at $7.50, $9.50, $11.75, $13.50, up to $18.50.

Kid Gloves

FOR SPRING.

All the wanted shades and stitchings are represented in our splendid stock—which embraces the very best makes from Europe and America including

The "Reynier" in suede and glace—for which we are sole agents, $1.75 and $2.

The "LaTosca" made by Fownes, $2.00.

The Dagmer and Eugenie—made by Fownes, $1.50.

The P. & L. in suede, made in France, $1.25.

And our famous "Crispi"—the best dollar glove in the world.

POTTS TELLS

Of the Check From Rice Which Patrick Gave Him.

New York, April 19.—The grand jury resumed its consideration today of the charge of murder against Albert T. Patrick, who is accused of having caused the death of William M. Rice. The principal witness of the day was Charles F. Jones, the former valet and secretary of the dead man. Other witnesses in the grand jury room, were Charles Weatherbee, the clerk in Swenson & Sons, bankers, Professor Witthaus and John R. Potts, a friend of Patrick.

Potts is a new witness. He testified at the hearing in the magistrate's court that on the day following the death of Rice, Patrick had given him a check for $25,000, made out to him by the millionaire, which had been certified by the Fifth Avenue Trust company. Potts deposited it in the Chatham National bank in trust for Patrick, but he said today that he had taken the check out since and handed it to the administrator of the Rice estate.

GOOD WILL

Of No Value as Asset In Board of Trade Firm.

Chicago, April 19.— Good will, as an asset for a partner in a board of trade commission firm, is declared to be of no value by a decision just handed down by the supreme court of Illinois. The decision was rendered in the case of the estate of Daniel Butters against F. G. Logan & Co., to recover $50,000 alleged to be due as the decedent's share in the value of the firm name.

Butters was a member of the firm for several years and died in 1896. The estate received $9000, Butters' share in the property of the firm, and then began action to recover for good will. The suit was won successively through the lower courts by the defendant.

COMING HOME.

Two Regiments to Sail Next Monday.

Manilla, April 19, 7:20 p. m.—Gen. MacArthur and Gen. Bates, the commander of the department of Southern Luzon, who is shortly to sail for the United States, reviewed today the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth volunteer infantry, which will sail for home on the transport Sheridan on Monday next.

During the past week 288 rifles have been surrendered.

The extent of the commissary irregularities is not yet defined, but is possibly smaller than at first supposed.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

WORKED HARD

Secretary White a Strong Friend of Mrs. Maybrick.

Washington, April 19.—Henry White secretary of the United States embassy at London, was introduced to the president today before the cabinet meeting by Secretary Hay. Mr. White is here on his annual visit to this country, and will return to England next month.

He has a great interest in the case of Mrs. Maybrick. "The worst thing that could happen for Mrs. Maybrick," said he, "is for someone to resume the agitation of her case in this country. Her eventual freedom has been delayed by the agitation over here. The revival of the talk has led to abusive letters being sent to the English authorities by people in this country. Even Queen Victoria was the recipient of several letters from enthusiasts in Mrs. Maybrick's cause. I have been working on the case ever since Mrs. Maybrick was sent to prison, and at every opportunity to do something for the unfortunate woman I have exerted myself with every home secretary of the British cabinet. I have no means of knowing what King Edward will do, but I do not believe he will interfere in the case. The late queen made it a strict rule to have nothing to do with capital cases. Mrs. Maybrick is in the Aylesbury prison and is kindly treated. I hear indirectly from her twice a week. Her health is not seriously affected, although she has not been in the best of health. She is fairly cheerful and has a good prison record."

NEW RECORD.

Caffrey Wins Marathon Race and Beats His Previous Time.

Ashland, Mass., April 19.—The annual Marathon race of the Boston Athletic association from Ashland to Boston, a distance of twenty-five miles, was started from the railroad bridge here at 12 o'clock. John Graham of the Boston Athletic association was the starter, and the runners were sent away under very favorable conditions. Thirty-seven men started. At the end of a mile, Hughson, of the Hamilton, Canada, Y. M. C. A., and Caffrey, of the St. Patrick's Athletic association, Hamilton, were ahead, running abreast. They were followed by several others in a bunch and the remaining contestants were trailing the leaders.

Newton, Mass., April 19.—John J. Caffrey, of Hamilton, winner of last year's Marathon road race, passed the 15-mile point in the course from Ashland to Boston at 1:40 p. m. This is seven minutes ahead of Caffrey's time at this point last year, when he broke the record for the course, of twenty-five miles, which he covered in 2 hours 39 minutes 44 seconds.

Boston, April 19.—John J. Caffrey, of the St. Patrick Athletic association, Hamilton, Ont., won the Marathon road race (twenty-five miles) from Ashland to Boston today, breaking the course record held by him, made in last year's race. Caffrey's time was 2 hours 22 minutes 23 2-3 seconds, 17 minutes 20 3-5 seconds better than last year's record. William Davis, of Hamilton, was second.

NO CASE.

Prosecutor Asks Discharge of Men Indicted For Bribery.

Lansing, Mich., April 19.—Prosecutor Tuttle, of the Ingham county circuit court, has asked the court to nolle prosse tue cases against William A. French, ex-state land commissioner, Edgar Adams, of Grand Rapids, ex-speaker of the house and Charles H. Pratt, ex-agent for a school book supply firm, who were indicted for bribery a year ago by the grand jury. He asserts that after consultation with counsel for the state, he is content that cases cannot be made out against the indicted men, because certain testimony in sight at the time the indictments were returned is not now available.

REAPPOINTED.

Servian Cabinet Will Remain the Same.

Belgrade, Servia, April 19.—The new constitution was promulgated today and a royal ukase just issued reappoints the cabinet ministers, who had formerly tendered their resignations. All the state officials were similarly reappointed.

George Simics was appointed president of the new state council.

Of the thirty senators appointed by the king, eleven are radicals, ten are progressives, four are liberals and five are independent.

SHOT AT THE BISHOP.

Berlin, April 19.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Lokal Anzeiger says the students of the great Kaluga seminary, near Moscow, indulged in a series of excesses which culminated in shooting at the bishop of Kaluga and the rector of the seminary, neither of whom were hit. Fifteen students were arrested.

CHALLENGED HIS VIEWS.

Lord Hugh Cecil, the eldest son of the marquis of Salisbury, is a young man of talent, who has a brilliant future before him, but by some he is looked upon as the enfant terrible of his party and still more of his family, says the Chicago Chronicle. Tall thin as a reed, very pallid, very nervous—his long, thin hands shake for half an hour before he rises even to ask a question—he looks more like a pale-faced young curate than the ordinary layman or strenuous politician. He has considerable power of eloquence; the speech which he delivered in favor of the motion for the imprisonment of recalcitrant members was extremely clever and original, but it had no relevance to his amendment. Lord Hugh's leaders were in despair over the motion, and it was said that Mr. Balfour himself called the youth into his private room to remonstrate with him and beg him to withdraw. But underneath all his fragility Lord Hugh carried a very obstinate spirit.

Mr. Balfour treated his youthful relative very tenderly, arguing nearly half an hour with perfect seriousness against the proposal. Mr. Balfour and all the family are devoted to "Linky," as he is called in the domestic circle. The Irish members were delighted, for it gave them two hours' further discussion and so made an all-night sitting possible. The most humorous comment was that of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. Looking up at the clock when Lord Hugh rose, he murmured:

"It's about the usual hour for family worship!"

One of the stories told with delight about Lord Hugh is that, seated at a table with his father and a number of guests just after he had left college, he startled everybody by exclaiming with considerable emphasis:

"I don't agree with you at all, father."

Lord Salisbury was then prime minister and foreign secretary, but then Lord Hugh had just become fellow of Hertford and president of the Oxford union, too.

MANAGE THE TWO

F. E. House of Carnegie's Eastern Road Is Coming Here.

Expected to Be Manager of Both Range Roads.

Hulst, Cole, Olcott and Cotton to Be Retained.

Advices from Pittsburg state that F. E. House, general manager of the Bessemer & Lake Erie railway, will come to Minnesota to take charge of the two ore railroads which are now the property of the United States Steel company. Mr. House has been brought into close association with James Gayley, who is in charge of the transportation interests of the new combine, through having been manager of the Carnegie road from the lakes to the furnaces, while Mr. Gayley was in charge of the mining interests of the same company. He is a bright railroad man of many years experience and is said to have made a great record on the road he is now to leave.

It is also stated that Dr. Nelson P. Hulst, of Milwaukee, general manager of the Oliver Mining company, will be general manager of the mines of the combine, and that T. F. Cole will be in general charge of the mines in Minnesota. W. J. Olcott, it is reported, is to be placed in charge of all the properties on the Mesaba range. His duties in this position will be very extensive, as explorations are in progress that are of great importance and will continue to be so. J. B. Cotton, it is reported, is to be placed in charge of the legal department of the combine in Minnesota. He has been attorney for the Consolidated interests for many years.

These announcements would seem to indicate that the Carnegie and Rockefeller interests are the ruling ones in the steel combine.

IRON INTERESTS TAXED TOO LOW

(Continued From Page 1.)

tons last year, and its royalties at 33 cents amounted to $91,877.28. In Duluth it would be assessed for $459,387; on the Range it is assessed for $140,162. A Duluth property assessed at that might bring in $28,032.40 if its owner were lucky.

The Fayal mine shipped 1,252,504 tons, more than any other mine in the world ever shipped. Its royalties amounted to $375,751.20. If there were a flat building in Duluth large enough to bring in such a return as that it would be assessed for $1,878,756. The Fayal is assessed at $785,771. A property in Duluth assessed at that would bring in $157,154.20 and would be doing well at that.

The Elba shipped 121,707 tons, paid $36,512.10 royalties at 30 cents, and was assessed at $82,321. In Duluth it would have been assessed at $182,560.

The Hobart mine did not ship anything, but its lessors have to pay 30 cents on 100,000 a year whether they ship or not, and that amounts to $30,000. In Duluth such a property would be assessed at $150,000; up there it is assessed at $67,444. A property assessed at that in Duluth would not bring in $30,000, but it might earn $13,488.80.

The Genoa shipped 253,651 tons and paid $76,095.30 in royalties. That would mean a value that would have to be assessed at $487,530 in Duluth, but the Minnesota got off with $240,547. A Duluth owner would be content with an income of $48,109.40 if his assessment was no more than that.

The Savoy mine shipped 175,116 tons of ore and paid royalties amounting to $70,046.40 at 40 cents. In Duluth such a property would be assessed at $350,231, but the Savoy was only assessed at $125,423. A Duluth property assessed at that might bring in $25,084.60.

The Norman shipped none, but its minimus is probably 100,000, so it had to pay $25,000 in royalties at an estimated royalty of 25 cents, which is low. In Duluth it would be valued at $125,000, but the assessment books only got it for $60,637.

The Mountain Iron mine is another big shipper. It sent off 1,001,324 tons last year, on which the royalties at 25 cents were 250,331. Such a producer in Duluth would be assessed at $1,751,655, but the Mountain Iron was assessed at $684,346.

The Oliver mine shipped 244,876 tons, and on an estimated royalty of 30 cents that would amount to $73,462.80, which would mean a valuation of $377,314 in Duluth. The Oliver was assessed at $141,120.

The Penobscot mine shipped 146,641 tons and at an estimated royalty of 25 cents paid $37,660.25, which in Duluth would indicate an assessed valuation of $188,301. The mine was only assessed, however, at $49,986.

The Sparta mine shipped 202,144 tons and paid royalties amounting to $50,536 at 25 cents. This would mean an assessment of $252,680 in Duluth. The Sparta was assessed at $136,097.

The Zenith mine put out 60,089 tons last year, and paid royalties amounting to $18,026.70 at 30 cents. In Duluth such a property would be assessed for $90,133 and the owner would not object; on the range it was assessed for $43,134.

And so it goes. The royalties are made the basis of this comparison because they are at hand. That they are only a small part of what should be used is shown by the fact that the mining companies pay large bonuses simply for the purpose of getting the privilege to get the ore and pay the royalties on it. For instance, not very many days ago James McCahill's property was thought so much of by a certain mining company that it gave the owners of the lease $500,000 for it. Not for the roperty, but merely for the privilege of paying out royalties at the rate of $200,000 a year until they begin to ship and 20 cents on each ton thereafter. There are said to be 12,000,000 tons of ore in sight on the property. It is only assessed at a very few hundreds of dollars now because at the last assessment it was not recognized as a mining property. It was assessed as wild land. If the usual course is followed it will be assessed at about $8000 until it begins to ship, and then at a valuation of about 60 cents a ton on its shipments. If it ships 500,000 tons a year it will be valued at $250,000, half what the lease alone cost its present holders.

Another instance is the Iron Chief, a non-productive mine just at present. It is assessed at $20,146, yet it sold a couple of years ago for $120,000.

Children's Cloth Tams, in blue, red and brown, worth 38c; tomorrow at— **25c**

Children's Mexican Straw Hats, pretty colors, cheap at 50c, only---------- **35c**

Opening of Baby Bonnets

CUNNING headpieces for the little ones—cleverly made of lawn and silk, trimmed with lace, ribbons, frilling, tucking and insertions, over 25 styles, unusually attractive in make and prices—on sale at ----------25c, 50c, 75c, $1.50, $2.50 and up to $4.50

Children's Trimmed Hats—Very prettily trimmed with fluted chiffon and flowers, etc., pretty girlish hats at-------75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $2.00

Saturday will see many new and Beautiful Hats on display in our Millinery Rooms.

SOME of the trimming ideas that have just come out within the past week will be shown also—those new and effective models in black and white which will be much worn this coming season—with particular attention to the unusually handsome hats at $3.50 and $5.00 which we have made especially for tomorrow's selling.

At $7.50 and $10 We are showing the most beautiful hats in Duluth. Its not alone in the richness of material that we excel, but in the "individuality" which makes your hat look like it was designed for you especially. We invite all to come and see them.

Belts and Girdles

In the Center Aisle.

THE near approach of the shirt waist season brings this belt section even more to the front—as a natural result of having an unrivalled assortment which includes all the late ideas—Princess, Postilion, Serpentine and Alexandra girdles, etc.

Patent leather or gilt belts with large harness buckles, in all sizes, the usual 39c sort tomorrow at only---------- **25c**

L'Aiglon belts of folded satin with ribbon Pompom and ribbon streamer. Pendants with gold spikes—regular value 58c. Saturday on sale at---------- **35c**

Ribbons for Neck Dressings.

THESE ribbons that pleased the judges at the Paris Exposition so that they awarded them first prize—are winning the praises of Dulutn women daily—and they deserve it too, for rarely have beautiful colors been more happily blended than in these. For tomorrow these specials.

7-inch plain Metallic Taffeta Ribbon in pink, blue, white, cream, old rose, maize, lavender, etc., all the spring colors—very beautiful, designed especially for neck ribbons—50c quality for---------- **39c**

Beautiful Taffeta Ribbons with new metallic finish—rich elegant designs and colors, 3½ to 4½ inches, they can't be matched under 40c. Our prices only---------- **25c**

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Candy—15c As usual, the best and most wanted kind for the least money.

for 25c Cream Wafers in all the rich delicious flavors, of Wintergreen, Peppermint, Chocolate, Maple—Fresh hand-made Candies—you know them and like them—tomorrow-----15c per pound

New-fashioned Costumes for Nineteen Dollars

A BRILLIANT array of faultless suits, made to meet fashion's very latest whims—of fabrics that for beauty of appearance and service are unequalled, and whether your wish is for the collarless Bolero—the double-breasted Eton—the swell vested fronts—the blouse or Postilion effects—you'll *certainly* find it here, for none of the desirable shapes are lacking. Every suit is handsomely trimmed—some with stitching, some with silk and satin bands and some with gold or Oriental trimmings. The tailor work is superb—you know that's *the* point of *merit* that makes *our* suits always outstrip all others. Tomorrow you may choose of these choice Suits—you'd guess they're worth one-fourth to one-third more, but the price is only..... **$19.00**

Of course we make every Suit to fit perfectly—that's so usual and well understood that most stores don't have to mention it—just as it's known and understood that we have other Suits at $15.00, at $25.00, at $35.00 and up, but we haven't room to tell of all.

Special Prices on Children's Jackets for Saturday.

About 60 pretty Children's Jackets of various sizes will find wearers tomorrow. They are of plain and fancy mixed cloths and very tastily trimmed with braid. The regular prices and tomorrow's reductions stand as follows:

$2.75 and $3.00 Jackets at $2.00
$3.50 Jackets at $3.00
$7.50 Jackets at $4.00 and $4.50 Jackets at $3.50
$5.00 and $5.00 Jackets at $4.00
$5.00

Silk Etons—Raglans

The newer Silk Jackets and Raglans that have just come in are even handsomer than their predecessors. Some of them are Peau de Soie—others are satin, but most of them are Taffeta. Perhaps it's because of some clever devices of tucking and cording, or more ornate trimmings—perhaps it is the price that makes them so attractive. Whatever it is, they are certainly appreciated by Duluth's best dressers---------- **$7.50, $10, $15, $20, $25 and up**

Not everyone can wear the Raglan Coat becomingly, but those who can should be satisfied with nothing else, for there's a great deal of stylishness in these garments that can't be put in any other shape. Our prices are from $10 upwards.

Misses' Skirts at $2.25.

Made of excellent navy blue wool serge, cut in the new shape, lined with Percaline and with a deep hem, that can be dropped as the girl grows—length 28 to 20—tomorrow at---------- **$2.25**

$3.00 for Women's Skirts.

Of good black Cheviot, 5-gore, flare cut with Percaline lining and Velveteen bindings. You wouldn't bother to make it yourself under $3.75.

Kid and Fabric Gloves

If you're at all particular about your Gloves, you'll buy them here—at The Glove Store of Duluth—whether you want Gloves for walking, driving, dressy afternoon or evening wear, you'll find them here in the best and most satisfactory makes.

Genuine Jouvin Dress Gloves are recognized as the standard Gloves of the world—no glove can give better satisfaction to the wearer—comes in Glace or Suede in all the fashionable shades.

Trefousse Gloves—Next best to the "Jouvin"—They're more generally worn by well-dressed women than any other brand—We have them in all the shades for dress, street or evening wear; Suede or Glace overseam, or Pique sewed at----------$2.00, $1.75 and **$1 50**

Our Corso Gloves for $1.00 are the strongest-wearing street Gloves made. Perfect fitting. Correct colorings.

Special Gloves for Saturday.

$1.00 and $1.25 Kid Gloves at 75c—Real German Kid Gloves, in Foster 5-hook or 2-clasp fasteners—colors Tan, Brown, Mode, Red and Black—$1.00 and $1.25 Gloves tomorrow at---------- **75c**

Suede Lisle Gloves—in black, mode, gray and white, worth 35c, at---------- **25c**

Silk Gloves—double finger tipped, come in black and colors, good value at 68c, Saturday at----- **50c**

Handkerchiefs.

Children's pure linen unlaundered handkerchiefs—with ½ inch hemstitching, regular price 10c, Saturday each only---------- **5c**

Women's pure sheer linen handkerchiefs—narrow hemstitched hem with small handworked initial, worth 15c, Saturday---------- **10c**

Women's pure linen handkerchiefs with narrow hemstitched hem and hand made drawn work in corners—regular value is 50c—these are unlaundered, so we can offer them tomorrow at---------- **25c**

Soaps, Brushes and Toilet Articles.

At greatly reduced prices for Saturday.

6c for a cake of genuine Cosmo and Buttermilk toilet soap, regular price 10c.

10c for 25c box Kirk's Royal Honey, Royal Windsor, 3 cakes in box.
7c for 10c Uncle Sam Tar Soap.
5c for 10c tooth brushes with fine bristles.
15c for 20c extra quality tooth brushes.
25c for initial tooth brushes—extra fine bristles, and has initial stamped on handle so you can know your own brush.
15c for 25c and 20c extra large dressing combs—service warranted.
10c for 15c fine unbreakable combs.
19c for 32c and 35c heavy hair brushes—good back and fine bristles.
50c for 75c extra fine hair brushes with solid back and extra quality bristles.
19c for 25c hand and shaving mirror—good glass and frame.
15c for Colgate's 25c tooth powder. 19c for 25c Enthymol tooth paste.
13c for 25c American tooth paste. 19c for Woodbury's 25c facial cream.
13c for 25c gen. Porto Rico bay rum 35c for 50c Linaud's toilet water.
25c for Colgate's 35c handkerchief extracts in all the popular odors.

Men's Soft Shirts.

Just Inside the Door.

Buying your furnishings here means marked economy. We can give you all the style of other shops at our well-known low dry goods prices.

Monarch $1.50 Shirts at $1.00—Stiff bosom shirts in pretty patterns and colors, in sizes 14½, 15 and 15½ only; we close them out tomorrow at-- **$1.00**

Men's Custom Made Negligee Shirts—Every color, every style, vertical stripes of all widths, with pair detached cuffs with each; garments that have all the style, fit and comfort that can be put into a shirt under $1.25; our price is only---------- **75c**

Men's Negligee Shirts—Made of Garner's percales, with two separate collars and pair cuffs; our price only---------- **50c**

Boys' Shirts, in all the new stripes and colors, stiff or soft bosoms, made same as the "men folks"; sizes, in handsome stripes and dots, mostly black, with colors, worth 35c and 50c; choice tomorrow at---------- **50c** **25c**

Sample Sox at 25c. Balance of our imported

Women's Knit Underwear.

Of every weight, weave and price. Not only the largest assortment to select from, but in every instance less to pay than is asked elsewhere.

Sleeveless Vests of white Richelieu ribbed cotton, silk taped at neck and arms—at---------- **12½c**

Fine White Lisle Vests—No sleeves, crocheted or lace, trimmed at neck and arms, at------- **25c**

The New Umbrella Shaped Pants, with lace trimmings, at---------- **25c**

High Neck and Long Sleeve Vests—In cream color; a very desirable weight for present wear, **50c**

Plain or Lace Trimmed Pants to match above, in ankle or knee length---------- **50c**

Long Sleeve Corset Covers, of fine ribbed cotton, well shaped and finished, at---------- **40c**

Extra Quality Union Suits—Close ribbed cream cotton, high neck, long or short sleeves, nicely trimmed around the neck, buttons down front, "just right" weight for now---------- **65c**

A Budget of Seasonable Suggestions From Our Big Daylight Under-price Basement.

It's time to clean house—time to "fix up" things about the place—some of you will move into new homes next month—take these hints and come here to supply your every need in HOUSEWARES at the lowest prices ever quoted in Duluth. Below are a few of the many bargains you will find in the basement.

Step Ladders—Good strong Step Ladders—made of Norway pine—are strongly built. Are priced as follows—

3-ft—	4-ft—	5-ft—	6-ft—	7-ft—	8-ft—
35c	45c	55c	65c	75c	85c

Garden and Lawn Rakes—Made of malleable iron, are strong and will not break easily—

10-tooth---------- 19c
12-tooth---------- 23c
14-tooth---------- 25c

Carpet and Furniture Beaters—Prices for Saturday—

Rattan Carpet Beaters only---------- 10c
Patent Wire Beaters only---------- 25c
Patent Carpet Stretchers, long handles—Saturday only-- 15c

All Kinds of Paint—Full lines of Ready Mixed House and Floor Paints—30 colors to choose from—every can fully guaranteed—per gallon---------- **$1.19**

Varnish Stains—All shades—makes old furniture look like new—pints only 28c—half pints---------- **15c**

Paint Brushes—Every sort—Varnish, Whitewash, Kalsomine, Paint—complete line at lowest prices—2-in Varnish Brushes, full bristle, at **10c**

Good Oval Chisel Paint Brush, full bristle—extra large stock—only---------- **25c**

Wash Day Necessities for Saturday—

Large size Patent Folding Clothes Bars, regular value 95c—Saturday only---------- **59c**

100 Keystone Clothes Wringers, warranted white rubber rolls, worth $2.50—Saturday only-------- **$1.98**

Crockery for Saturday—

100 Nickel Plated Lamps—No. 2 central draught burner, complete with 10-in white shade, worth $1.75 **$1.29**

25 doz nicely glazed Stoneware Pitchers—3-pint size, worth 18c—Saturday only---------- **10c**

Toilet Sets—10-piece Decorated Sets, with large roll edge basin—Saturday only---------- **$2.29**

10 doz fancy fancy shape Water Pitchers, beautiful decorations and gold traced, worth 50c—Saturday--- **29c**

Water Tumblers—Best thin blown glass, elegantly engraved, assorted patterns, regular low price 85c—Saturday, a doz **69c**

Haviland China—50 doz Decorated Haviland China Cups and Saucers, two shapes and decorations—**per set of six cups and saucers**-----$1.98

Two sizes plates to match—each only---------- 25c

Stirring Shoe News

Women and children are alike concerned in these offerings—decidedly good bargains—for they're all good, honest shoes in the styles of the day and largely underpriced. Not meager lots either—but plenty to go 'round.

$2.50 for Women's $3 Shoes—fresh, up-to-date styles in either extension sole street boots, with patent or kid tip—military or common sense heels, or light flexible soles—stock or patent kid tips—with opera or low heels—These goods are all perfect and will give satisfaction in wear and looks—equal to any $3 shoe—our Saturday price is only----------$2 50

$2.00 for Women's $2.50 Walking Boots—extension sole, stock tip, full back stay and military heels—a shapely shoe that will give splendid service—price----------$2.00

$1.50 for Women's $2.50, $2 and $1.75 shoes—in lace or button, with heavy extension soles or with light vici kid soles—all sizes, in one style or the other. It's a bargain you should not overlook.

$1.39 for Misses' $1.65 Shoes—in all styles, light or heavy soles—sizes 11 to 2—warranted to gives splendid wear; price $1.39

$1.00 for Misses' $1.35 lace shoes—of good tan stock, sizes 10½ to 2—Saturday only----------$1 00 instead of $1.35.

$1.25 for Little Gents' $1.50 shoes—made of box calf, wax calf and kangaroo calf—same styles as the grown folks—$1.25 instead of $1.50.

$1.00 for Budd's $1.25 Child's shoe—lace or button—patent or kid tips—soft, fine vici kid; will wear like iron—only $1.

43c for Child's 65c Shoes—in good wearing, firm kid—sizes 5 to 8—instead of 65c we will sell them Saturday at----------43c

Jewelry Departm't

Specials for Saturday:

Rogers' 1847 silver-plated Sugar Spoons—best quality—beaded or chased handle—worth 75c—Saturday **48c**

Butter Knives to match—worth 75c, at----------48c

Best triple-plated 1847 Knives and Forks—usually sell for $4.25 per doz—Saturday, per set----- **$1.75**

Tea Spoons—plain or fancy patterns, first quality plate on nickel silver; worth $1.75—per set **$1.25**

Plain Shell Tea Spoons—first quality plate, per set ------98c

Desert Spoons—first quality plate on nickel silver—regular price $2.75 per set—Saturday---- **$2.00**

To close out several odd pieces—Spoon Holder, Creamer, Sugar Bowl, Tea Pot, Etc.—single pieces that will be closed out at a great reduction. Ask to see them.

In view of what is known now the spectacle presented by the representatives of the mines in their appearances before the boards of equalization is very diverting. It will be remembered that they came up with a very charming play of fairness, and professed to be sacrificing their interests for the sake of harmony and to secure the good-will of the people. Last year the board of equalization, at the suggestion of Commissioner Kugler, had a stenographer present at the meeting when the iron representatives were there. The stenographic report is a very interesting thing to read in the light of present information. It shows that the iron men dodged every attempt to find out the actual value of their properties in a very skillful manner. It shows that while they presented a schedule of valuations with the air of paying most of the taxes of the county, they in fact put in valuations so ridiculously low that they do not even make a shadow on the face of the actual valuations. The Herald will later present some of the testimony showing how this was done.

It was all done so ingeniously that the board of equalization and the public were all fooled. People began to think that the large iron corporations were pretty good fellows after all; and the board only made a small raise on the valuations that were put in. The valuations submitted by the mine representatives were $263,000 less than those returned by the assessors, and the representatives themselves admitted that the assessors got their valuations from the miners themselves. The board made a slight raise on this, the state board made another, and then the total assessment was $8,600,000, on which the mines are paying taxes this year. And only the other day facts became public that showed that the properties of one corporation were worth $80,000,000.

The funniest thing at that meeting was a statement by William J. Olcott, the representative of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines. Here is what he said:

> "Now, I know the Consolidated mines are hit terribly here. I think we are hit harder than any other company; but having agreed to go in on these things I would be the last one to change it."

Poor old Consolidated! Such a terrible blow might be expected to slay any ordinary corporation, but the Consolidated has stood it so far. It was sold the other day on a basis that represents a value of $60,000,000, as The Herald has shown. The assessments for purposes of taxation to which Mr. Olcott referred as "terrible" footed up, after the county board had raised them and the state board had raised them again, to $1,834,463.

If the Consolidated was hit terribly, and the other companies were not hit so hard, what must the valuation of the two ranges amount to?

Sold for $60,000,000, and paying taxes on a valuation of $1,834,463!

The properties in the Consolidated were all named by Mr. Olcott at the meeting of the board of equalization. The Herald has looked up the assessments on those mines, and the magnificent sum of $1,834,463 is the result.

The figures so far shown are on producing mines only. The greatest injustice is probably on the non-producing mines. At the time the board of equalization was in session a deal had just been made by which the Rouchleau property was purchased for $500,000. This was assessed on the tables of the iron representatives at about $20,000. An objection was made to this, and the iron men said that it was unfair to tax a mine before it began to produce, because if it was kept idle long enough the taxes would eat it up.

If John Smith owns a lot in Duluth and has no revenue from it the taxes will eat it up in time; but nobody ever advanced that as a reason why property should not be taxed. There are a good many people that believe idle lands should be taxed more than productive lands. Let everybody that has had a non-producing lot eaten up in taxes in a city hold up his hand. Are the mining interests any better off than such owners of lots?

As The Herald has said before, the mines are being taxed on a valuation grossly inadequate. They are paying on an assessment of $8,000,000, and they should be taxed on a valuation of at least $75,000,000. The way is open for this to be done, and it should be done without any delay. Let some interested property owner make the complaint to the governor required by law, and the rest of the process is easy to follow.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

WORK IS STOPPED

Missabe Road's Stevens Mine Extension Is Abandoned.

Half of It, Costing $150,000 Was Already Built.

Indicates What Policy of the Combine Is to Be.

The effect of the consolidation of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad and the Duluth & Iron Range railroad and their passage into one ownership, that of the United States Steel company, is being made manifest already in striking form. The Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad has suddenly stopped all work on the extension to the Stevens mine, the contractors have relinquished their contracts for satisfactory considerations, and the extension is not to be completed, in spite of the fact that $150,000 has already been spent upon it.

The Stevens mine was bought some time ago by the Oliver Mining company, which was the mining comporation of the Carnegie interests. The mine lies but a short distance from the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, but a considerable distance from the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, but the latter secured the carrying of the ore. This necessitated the building of a spur track to the mine from Biwabik, the eastern terminus of the road. It was an expensive piece of work. Winston Bros., of Minneapolis, got the contract, the price being about $200,000. The work has been in progress for some time, and already about $150,000 had been spent, including the building of an expensive bridge, when the consolidation of the steel companies went through. Immediately the contractors were asked to stop work and name the figure for which they would relinquish their contract. Vice President W. J. Olcott, when he had figures that were satisfactory, left for New York. He returned a few days ago and notified the contractors that terms were satisfactory and they should withdraw. In accordance with this 500 men who were working on the extension were pulled off, the entire outfit has been shipped back, and the extension, for the time being at least, will be allowed to go into dry rot. A short spur will be built from the Duluth & Iron Range railroad to the mine and the ore will be carried over that road.

Some time ago The Herald stated that it would in all probability be the policy of the combine not to consolidate all of the mining and railroad offices into one or two hands, but to retain to a large extent the men already at the head of affairs here, and that the saving in expenses which the combine is supposed to effect would be made by doing away with struggling for carrying contracts and the building of expensive spur trucks. The action just taken with reference to the Stevens mine extension indicates what the policy of the combine will be. The announcement of the disposition of the management of the mining interests, also indicates that it will be the policy of the combine to retain most of its men.

In this connection there has been a rumor which may and may not be true, but it is certainly very reasonable to believe that it is true. It is said it was the original policy of the managers of the steel company to consolidate everything possible in the mining district of Minnesota. The plan had been outlined to put the roads under one management and the mines under one management and cut off every man and every expense that could be reached. That policy is reported to have been practically decided upon, but that it was laid before J. L. Greatsinger and his opinion asked. His response was that it would be the worst thing the combine could do. He pointed out how it would mean the generation of an antagonistic spirit in the communities which the mines are located and in the whole state of Minnesota. The result he indicated might be the lowering of the iron ore freight rate, the increase of the taxation of the mines and a general attack upon the company at every point where it might be vulnerable. Mr. Greatsinger's advice is said to have struck the directors of the combine very forcibly and they decided upon the policy of letting things alone as much as possible.

The announcement that F. E. House is to come from the East to take charge of the railroads indicates, however, that the combine does not have much respect for the law which says that competing railroads shall not be consolidated or that one railroad shall not buy a competitor. The appointment of one manager and the cutting of work on the Stevens mine extension will be taken by the majority of people to indicate a defiance of law. It had been generally believed that outwardly at least the separate identity of the two roads would be preserved, but if they are to have one manager this can hardly be the intention.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets

Give Perfect Digestion, Sound Sleep, Strong Nerves.

A Popular Remedy For Dyspepsia Which Has Made Many Remarkable Cures.

The spring of the year is the time for blood purifiers. It is the season when we think we must dose ourselves with sarsaparillas, bitters and the endless list of so-called blood purifiers and nerve tonics.

As a matter of fact there is but one possible way in which to purify the blood, and that is, through the stomach and bowels.

Pure blood results from wholesome food thoroughly digested. Impure blood results from poor digestion and assimilation. When the stomach refuses to work properly the food remains too long a time, fermenting, forming gases, shown by sour, bitter taste in the mouth, bloating and belching of gas and distress and discomfort generally. Poor blood, weak nerves, sleeplessness and a general don't care feeling can always be traced to imperfect digestion.

This is the reason why Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are superior to all other spring medicines and blood purifiers. They give perfect digestion, the food does not lie in the stomach for hours. They give a vigorous appetite, sound sleep, strong nerves, and wholesome food well digested makes pure blood, and in no other way can the blood be purified. The idea that a medicine, in itself, will purify the blood when the stomach and digestive organs are out of order is nonsense. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are used by thousands in preference to "bitters," "after dinner pills" and "blood purifiers," because they remove the cause of the impure blood, and you do not have to take them forever to get results. Dyspepsia is an obstinate disease to cure, and a remedy must be designed especially for it and nothing else. Cure-alls will not cure dyspepsia.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not claimed to cure everything or anything except Dyspepsia and stomach troubles, and for that it stands alone among patent medicines. Anyone suffering from any trouble with their digestion will find these tablets will give immediate relief and a permanent cure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are prepared by the F. A. Stuart Co., of Marshall, Mich., and sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. No dieting nor change of habits is required, they digest the food.

Notions, books.

Amazon Brush Braid—always 7c per yard—special at ---------- 4c

The Arlington series of cloth bound Books—standard works by the best authors—books published at 25 cents per copy—special each, at---------- 14c

PANTON AND WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

Linen pieces.

Stamped Linen Tumbler Dollies—a large variety of designs—regular price 3 cents each—special price 4 for---------- 5c

Stamped Muslin Pillow Shams—32x32 inches—all stamped with good designs—worth 25 cents a pair—special at ---------- 19c

Stamped Linen Center Pieces with all finished borders—were selling at 15c, 20c, and 25c—choice---------- 10c

Things of paramount interest to wise Saturday shoppers

Bargain Counters.

Silk Waist Sale---Counter 2.

TOMORROW we offer 100 new taffeta silk waists just received from a prominent New York house—bought especially for this sale. They are elegantly finished and lined. Tucked and stitched all over—new bishop sleeves and new effect collar. They come in black, blue, red and lavender, beautiful shades. They are splendid waists for even $4. On sale Saturday on Bargain Counter 2, at---------- $2.85

Counter 3.

Rousing Shoe Sale

NEVER were such shoe bargains offered on these bargain counters since we have been in the business. Tomorrow your one great opportunity to make your shoe money go the farthest.

Women's patent calf lace boots, fancy cloth tops, flexible soles, military heel, guaranteed equal to any $3.50 boot sold. The price on Saturday is only ---------- $2.49

Women's patent calf extension welt, dull kid top, lace shoe, military heel, value $3.50—Saturday $2.49

Women's extra quality glazed kid shoes, patent tips and cloth or kid tops. New toe and military heel. On sale at ---------- $2.49

800 pairs women's boots, ten styles—also oxfords—tan and black — light or heavy soles—all kid, fancy or plain cloth tops—every pair in the lot worth from $2.25 to $2.75. Saturday----- $1.75

Over a thousand pairs women's fine kid boots, flexible soles, also low shoes, in plain and fancy designs. Every pair is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. Sale price---------- $1.35

120 pairs shoes and oxfords—$1.50 shoes —on sale Saturday at per pair only ---------- 99c

SECOND FLOOR.

Sale fine tailor-made suits.

$14.98 for $22 Ladies' Tailored Suits—Have you seen these suits? It's our policy not "how cheap," but how good, exclusive, clever and well made in each and every detail we can offer our ladies' garments. These $14.98 suits are the best values we are able to offer. Jackets and skirts lined with good taffeta silk. Eton jacket—new seven gore skirt, with popular flare effect. Entire suit handsomely trimmed.

$6.98 Man-Tailored Suits—Formerly sold for $12.50 come in all the very newest styles and effects. Jackets Eton or Blouse—silk lined! Skirts are perfect hang and shape and finish.

$19.50 $24.50, $29.50 Man-Tailored Suits. At these prices Saturday we place on sale some very handsome suits that are truly works of art. The acme of excellence in fabric, workmanship, finish and fashion. We have never been able to offer more tempting values for the prices. A variety of styles—some are beautifully trimmed—others are in the rich, plain tailored effects. All have that swell, jaunty appearance to be found only in the finest man-tailored garments. Jackets made in Eton, New Blouse and Bolero creations—dozens of styles. Scarcely two alike. Skirts in several styles. Some seven gore, others with deep flounce and drop skirt—some plain tailored, others elaborately trimmed to match jackets.

Second floor.

Millinery of the noted designers.

PARIS settles all millinery problems. She sets the styles—the world copies. Some bungle—others do it fairly creditably. But it is left for the few real American artists to reproduce perfectly, and in some instances, improve on the original Paris patterns. Our milliners are artists of the first rank. They not only put straw and braid, and flowers, and trimmings into your hat, but they treat it with an indiscribable touch of artistic taste and skill. The little coterie of famous Paris modistes who constitute the supreme court of style, among them being Mme. Pouanne, Julia, Fassini, Alice, Carller, and Lentheric, Leontine, Soeurs, would certainly feel highly flattered to see their masterpieces so perfectly reproduced in our work rooms. Their charming creations which have created sensations at the swell functions of Parisian society can be had for a very small sum by any patron of our millinery department. There are also London, Berlin, and American originations worthy of mention which we have prepared and have on exhibition.

You will be certain of the best the market produces if you entrust your hat order with the Glass Block.

Our prices are unrivalled for lowness. We want your future business. Our prices indicate how hard we are striving for it.

In the low and medium priced hats our values are par excellent. The Glass Block is millinery headquarters.

Dress skirts, jackets, underskirts

$3.98 Dress Skirts—19 fine man-tailored dress skirts that sold for $5.00 and $6.00, in fine black cheviot and serge—lined with good percaline and well bound.

$4.98 Tailored Jackets—Eton styles, black and tan—silk lined—such jackets as you find in most stores at $7.50.

A great muslin underwear sale.

75c Muslin Gowns—30 dozen, fine quality, formerly selling at 79c, 89c, 98c, all styles and shapes—trimmed with lace or embroidery.

75c Underskirts—50 dozen, beautifully trimmed with lace and insertion, with several rows of tucks—were $1, $1.25 and $1.49.

98c Corsets—10 dozen fancy W. B. Erect form Corsets—made to sell for $2.00.

BASEMENT.

Hardware offerings.

A WHISK BROOM SALE—A whole table in our basement devoted to whisks. You need them to carry out the mayor's proclamation to observe "official cleaning day."

7c whisks Good grade, full size, two sewed, very serviceable. 12c for whisks others ask 25c for, a large size—three sewed whisks for 15c—another fine style, best corn, at 18c—next is a fine quality at 23c—our best is the best the maker can furnish—extra fine straw and shape, at 29c—no fancy handles. All the cost is put into the broom corn.

Crockery specials

AN exceptionally desirable shipment of fancy plates—such as bread and butter plates, salad and fruit plates. A whole table of them for Saturday—great snaps. All are delicately decorated with full gold edges.

21c for 5-inch plates—fine decoration, all new, all very pretty, per doz. at---------- $2.25

19c for bread and butter plates—four decorations, every one new and taking, per dozen ---------- $2.00

21c for salad or ice cream plates, four decorations, entirely different from anything shown by us heretofore. Per dozen ---------- $2.25

FORMALLY SETTLED

Agreement Between the Parties of the Steel Mill Strike.

All Discharged Employes Will Be Reinstated at the Plant.

Likely to Be Trouble on the Wage Scale Later On.

Pittsburg, April 19.—It was 7 o'clock last evening when President T. P. Shaffer announced that the following agreement had just been signed as the result of the conference which had been on since an hour before noon, before John Jarrett and the advisory board of the Amalgamated association:

"We have discovered, after a careful examination of the points at issue, that as usual, mistakes and misunderstandings underlie the trouble at McKeesport, and we reach the conclusion that it will be to the advantage of all parties concerned to start the Woods mills with the old employes on next Monday, April 22, 1901.

"And it is further agreed that the contract in reference to working conditions in the mills and scale matters shall be observed until July 1, 1901, and in the meantime Mr. Smith and Mr. Holoway shall have a meeting to adjust any difficulty which may exist between them.

"T. J. SHAFFER,
"President A. A. I. S. and T. W.
Secretary-treasurer A. A. I. S. and T. W.
"JOHN WILLIAMS.
"JOHN JARRETT,
"American Sheet Steel Company."

In explanation of this agreement, it was stated that the matter will remain in exactly the same position as before the trouble broke out. The organization of the local of the Amalgamated association among the employes of the mill will be continued, though the company will not recognize it in any way in dealing with the men. The Amalgamated association stated that they did not wish the company to recognize their organization at present and simply asked the company to allow the men to do as they pleased and act with freedom when outside of the mills. The company officials, on the other hand, say that so long as the local among their men does not try to force recognition, and the men work under the personal agreement with them, they would not allow any feeling against the men. Both sides are satisfied with the strike that has existed for a week has in reality, according to the officers on both sides, been due to a misunderstanding between the two sides to the dispute.

The settlement will bring the matter to an issue, it is said, when the scale for the coming year is brought up for settlement. The tinplate men will seek at that time, to have the Wood plant included in the next scale agreement and the company, it is believed will be ready to oppose this part of the agreement emphatically.

When asked concerning this tonight the officials of the Amalgamated association simply smiled and said they would not cross a bridge until they came to it. The company officials replied in the same strain.

At the conclusion of the conference, the members of the executive board departed for their homes, seemingly well pleased that the matter had been settled without an open rupture. There did not seem any disposition on the part of either side of the dispute to claim a victory or the best of the settlement.

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

AMUSEMENTS.

HERRMANN THE GREAT.

Tomorrow evening Herrmann the Great, the magician who is the delight of everyone who sees him will be at the Lyceum. For his present engagement in this city Mr. Herrmann will present a program containing many novelties besides several high class sensational illusions, namely, "The Mysterious Tub of Neptune," Herrmann's latest Parisian sensation "La Supplice de Lutuce," and the sensational "Cremation," in which a young and beautiful young lady is supposedly burned alive before your eyes.

AL G. FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Monday evening Al G. Field's minstrels will be at the Lyceum. A tribe of Mamelukes imported from Morocco especially for the Al G. Field greater minstrels is one of the features of that big organization. The tribe give exhibitions in acrobatic feats which make them the marvel of all wherever seen and the route of Mr. Field this season is one continued ovation to these wonderful people. Those who have seen the performance say that nothing approaching it has yet been seen in America.

INTERNATIONAL BANK.

One May Soon Be Established at Havana.

New York, April 19.—It is understood that an international bank, with a capital of not less than $1,000,000 and perhaps as much as $2,000,000, is to be established in Havana, by interests prominently identified with the Morton Trust company and the Cuba capital. Among the large stockholders of the latter corporation of which Sir William C. Van Horne is president, are several well known Montreal financiers, a fact which makes it not improbable that capitalists interested in the Bank of Montreal also may be shareholders in the new financial institution to be established at the Cuban capital.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

TAX COMMISSION.

Dates Fixed For Visits to Various Cities.

St. Paul, April 19.—The tax commission, one of the most important of all the new boards created by the last legislature, met yesterday afternoon in its rooms in the capitol and organized by electing Gideon S. Ives chairman and H. W. Childs secretary. The third member of the board is W. J. Hahn.

At the meeting it was decided to visit the following cities: Mankato, Tuesday, April 30; Faribault, Wednesday, May 1; Austin, Thursday, May 2; Winona, Friday, May 3. The purpose of those visits is to enable the commissioners to meet the tax officers and taxpayers in those vicinities and secure suggestions they may have to make relative to taxation. The board has sent to each county auditor and attorney a letter inviting county co-operation, and requesting that they carefully prepare statements of the chances in the laws which are deemed advisable.

THE STATE'S MONEY.

New Board Arranging For New Depositories.

St. Paul, April 19.—The state board of deposit created by the last legislature met yesterday afternoon in the office of State Treasurer J. H. Block and organized by electing Attorney General Douglas chairman and Secretary of State Peter Hansen secretary. The third member of the board is Treasurer Block.

There is now in the old depositories about $1,000,000, which will now be called in. To prevent the deposit of such a large sum in the vault in his office at one time Treasurer Block will not require the banks to return the money to him, but will accept in lieu thereof drafts on Minneapolis, St. Paul and New York. In re-depositing the vast sum the drafts will be used instead of the money.

When all the banks in the state which desire to act as depositories have been heard from the board will meet, examine the sureties given and designate the new depositories.

FIRST GAME.

National League Season Opened at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, April 19.—The National league baseball season opened here yesterday with Brooklyn pitted against the Philadelphia club. Overhanging clouds threatened rain throughout the day and the raw and chilly atmosphere was most unfavorable to players and spectators. Both teams showed to good advantage but the visitors were more successful at the bat than the local team. Attendance 4313. Score:

Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	1	—12	16	2
Philadelphia	0	0	3	3	0	0	1	0	— 7	13	2

Batteries—Donovan and McGuire; Dunn, Duggleby and McFarland.

RELIGIOUS RIOTS.

Serious Affairs Have Occurred at Nictheroy.

Rio Janeiro, April 19.—Serious religious riots have occurred at Nictheroy as a result of an evangelical campaign against the Catholics, and of recent anti-Catholic demonstrations consequent upon the presentation of the Spanish drama "Electra."

The feeling between the religious elements has been particularly bitter in Nictheroy.

While a clergyman was preaching in the Evangelical Temple yesterday, Catholics made an attack upon the edifice, intending to stop the services. Serious fighting followed, and many of those engaged were wounded.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

There's safety. There's strength. There's happiness. There's an all-year's pleasure and health if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

IN FOREIGN FIELD.

Steel Trust Receives Large Orders From Abroad.

New York, April 19.—The World says: That the United States Steel corporation is about to enter the foreign field with all possible dispatch, is shown by a contract just made.

The Carnegie Steel company has been awarded a contract for 20,000 tons of steel plates by the Harland & Wolff Shipbuilding company, of Belfast, Ireland. This is the largest contract ever placed in this country for steel plates. It is worth $780,000.

A majority of the Clyde shipbuilding concerns have recently made contracts with American mills for their steel plate requirements for many months ahead. The contracts are being placed now for fear that the United States Steel corporation will shortly advance prices.

To Your Health!

Our extra fine lager beer is immensely popular as a spring and summer beverage, for general consumption and family and table use. It acts beneficially on the system and merits the title of pure beer. We not only get the best brand brewed, but with our cold storage, keep it in prime condition. Here's the best on tap and in bottles, $2.25 per case delivered.

Duluth Brewing & Malt'g Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

FOR SALE.

Very desirable 9-room dwelling in Lester Park—all conveniences, furnace heat. Price very reasonable.

FOR RENT.

Eight-room dwelling in the East End. All conveniences, furnace heat. Including water—$28.00 a month.

MONEY TO LOAN.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

We are constantly exerting every possible effort for originality and exclusiveness in ladies' costumes.

Studying to Please

People tell us that our parlors are the busiest suit rooms in town these days, and it's little wonder with all these new

Suits, Skirts, Waists,

arriving every day and going again almost before we have had a chance to take a second look at them. There is every kind of color, quality and price to choose from in the gathering today, but we will have some handsome new things for tomorrow—

Walking Skirts.

We have received another lot of those serviceable walking and rainy day skirts—in cheviots camels hair and some new effects in medium light weights for summer wear. They are, if anything, made of better cloth than the last lot, and those who saw the others said they were the best values ever seen in Duluth. They are full tailored and the workmanship and finish throughout is perfect.

Parisian Suit COMPANY.

CHAS. FREIMUTH, Manager.

106 W. Superior St.

THE DAKOTAS.

Gerke Threatens to Sue Steward Milstead For False Imprisonment.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—W. H. Gerke, accused of embezzlement, has been discharged after a preliminary hearing lasting nearly three days. The complainant was Steward Jones Milstead, of the asylum. Milstead's claim was punctured when it was brought out in the evidence that Gerke had given him a bill of sale of twenty-five tons of hay and forty bushels of potatoes at the request of the complainant in order that Gerke might avoid payment of money to others who were pressing him. Gerke regarded the property as still his own and used it. Milstead seems to have thought the bill of sale an absolute conveyance and when the property turned up missing caused Gerke's arrest. Gerke has announced his intention to sue Milstead for $500 damages for false arrest.

Articles of incorporation of the Citizens' Electric Light company of Jamestown were filed with the secretary of state. The incorporators are: L. B. Hanna, vice president First National Bank of Fargo; George Tutz, W. B. S. Trimble, O. L. Caurchill, Thomas Pettigrew, Oscar J. Seiler, John Knauf, Michael Murphy and John A. Masters, Jamestown. The purchase for which the company has been formed is to buy out the property of the Jamestown Electric Light company and make improvements necessary to give good service. The estimated cost of the improvements is between $10,000 and $15,000. The promoters announce that should sufficient encouragement be given a central heating plant and a twenty-four-hour electric service will be established.

Governor White has interested himself in the matter of securing fish for Spiritwood lake, and has been successful. The governor writes that he has received from Fish Commissioner Barrett a promise to place a large quantity of fish in Spiritwood lake during the summer.

Fargo—The election of three members of the board of education was a decidedly tame affair. Less than 300 people voted. There were four candidates for the three positions. State Senator Lewis and ex-Speaker Baker were re-elected, and J. P. Dahlquist defeated H. Sorenson, who has been on the board for many years.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of A. J. Hesler and Miss Ruth Bonard, at Moline, Ill., on May 8. Mr. Hesler was formerly a well known traveling man in this territory until promoted to the house in Chicago.

S. J. Vidger could not survive the operation for appendicitis and his funeral will occur Sunday. He was the head of the S. J. Vidger company, wholesale grocers and fruits, and had twice been a member of the city council. He leaves a wife and five children, the latter by a former marriage.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The state auditor's office is receiving numerous inquiries as to payments of wolf bounties under the provisions of the law of last winter, and requests are being made for payments. Under the action of the legislature all our old bounty claims were wiped out, and no payments are being made on them. So far as new claims are concerned, none will be paid for wolves killed after July 1 next, and on these scalps payment cannot be made until the expiration of one month after the close of the fiscal year, which will be Aug. 1, 1902, when the amount of $5000 appropriated for the year will be divided pro rata among those who have claims.

There are no longer any cases of smallpox in Pierre, but in Fort Pierre the disease does not seem to have run its course. The recent cases have been so severe that people are becoming sore because the health officers diagnosed the disease as chicken pox when it first broke out.

John F. Hughes and Albert Gunderson, attorneys, have taken claims close to the city limits of Fort Pierre and will make their homes there after this, doing business in both Pierre and Fort Pierre. They anticipate railroad building soon and believe their property will become very valuable in that event, as it is advantageously located.

Aberdeen—The complete vote on Tuesday shows that license carried by the small majority of eight votes and the public bath ordinance was defeated by 205. In the First and Second wards the Republican candidates for aldermen were defeated and a Democrat member of the board of education was elected in the First ward. The new board of education will stand eight Republicans to one Democrat and the city council will have six Republicans and two Democrats.

The ministerial association of the Aberdeen district of the M. E. church will meet at Ashton on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 7 and 8. Among the well known pastors of this city and vicinity who will take part are: Rev. Dr. N. A. Swickard, Presiding Elder Hall, Rev. F. L. Ingham, of Warner; Rev. W. H. Cory, of Bath, and Rev. W. D. Deeble. Rev. Dr. Mills, the head of the Twentieth Century Forward Movement, will be present and deliver a lecture. Dr. Mills will be in Aberdeen on the following Sunday and will preach in the M. E. church.

Sioux Falls—S. E. Young, ex-speaker, who was reported to have been slated for the position of superintendent of the state reform school at Plankinton, said he had been offered the place but had declined it.

A VETERAN DEAD.

Mattoon, Ill., April 19.—W. B. Kennedy, a prominent resident of Humbolt, north of this city, is dead, aged 83 years. Kennedy was a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars. He was a personal friend and companion of Kit Carson, the famous scout, and shared many of the latter's thrilling experiences on the plains.

PRESIDENT INVITED.

Dubuque, Iowa, April 19.—The committee on invitation and Senator Allison and Speaker Henderson today asked President McKinley to visit the Dubuque G. A. R. encampment the first week in June. It is believed he will accept.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

"Best ever!"—That's what they all say of the

Vienna Ladies' Orchestra

—at the—

Hotel Northern

208 West Superior Street.

Special program of popular music **Tonight, Saturday Afternoon and Evening.**

Seats for 500, and it's Free to All

DRAWING FOR LAND

Proposed In Connection With Opening of Oklahoma Reservations.

Should Occur Several Days In Advance of Opening.

Otherwise There Will Be Bloodshed, Perjury and Contests.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Among the numerous letters relative to a plan of opening the Kiowa and Comanche and the Wichita reservations in Oklahoma received at the interior department, is one of special interest from Hon. John G. Clark, of Lancaster, Wis.

Clark was the first territorial judge appointed to the bench of Oklahoma. He was appointed by President Harrison, and served in the trial of many cases growing out of the mad rush for lands incident to the opening of Oklahoma and the Cherokee strip. He has filled a number of responsible positions, was colonel of the Sixteenth Wisconsin during the civil war, and his views on the manner in which the lands should be opened will doubtless command attention.

Judge Clark urged the department to avoid the errors of 1880. He calls attention to the dockets of 1891-92-93 of the district court of Oklahoma county, that had less than 23,000 inhabitants, exclusive of cases arising in the territory prior to 1890, that went to the United States courts outside of Oklahoma, and cases in justices' courts, police courts and a county district court with civil jurisdiction.

"The grand jury on the United States side of the court did not reach United States cases till October, 1891. Including indictments found at that term, there were on the United States side of the court of that county before March, 1892, 162 criminal cases, and before March, 1893, 215 cases, including half numbers and those disposed of; and in addition to that the docket was largely increased at that term, March, 1893, by indictments, but to what extent I cannot now say. The names of the defendants were usually not on the dockets nor made known until the defendants were known to be under arrest.

"Of these, seventy were for perjury in the land claim cases before the grand jury convened in March 1892, when others were indicted; and an average per cent of the murder and minor criminal cases arose from land contests. The trial of perjury and murder cases were invariably, till May, 1892, bitterly contested, each lasting nearly two weeks, requiring the examination of rarely less than thirty witnesses and occasionally about 100. The element that controlled the legislature had enacted scores and scores of absurdities, crudities and contradictions in law, pleadings and practice, that had to be carefully examined and disposed of. The murder and manslaughter cases were probably never reduced below one dozen.

"Prior to October, 1891, there had been commenced on the territorial side of the court 244 criminal cases. Prior to October, 1893, that class of cases had been increased to 292, and before March, 1893, to 360, omitting indictments for that term and cases appealed. A large per cent of these arose in contests and quarrels over land claims. The last murder case I tried arose out of a land contest; in fact, four-fifths of the murder, manslaughter and assault cases arose out of land contests.

"Before October, 1891, there were on the dockets of that court in that county 321 civil cases; before March, 1892, they had increased to 400, and before March, 1893, to 359.

"Nearly all of the equitable actions and a large per cent of the others arose out of disputes that arose out of land claims. The court could not assume jurisdiction of any such claims. That class belonged to the land department; but could and did in hundreds of cases compel the disputants to keep within prescribed limits.

"The court was almost continually in session in some county. Each case received a number of half number on the records, and when tried and disposed of before the printing of the docket for the ensuing term, were omitted therefrom. There had been 1154 cases in that court in that one county before the printing of the docket of the March, 1893, term, and thereafter cases were added daily. As before, many involved great interest. In the other counties of my district there were in the district court at least 400 cases—five men in three counties were tried for murder and convicted.

"How can that country be opened without repeating the past with all its crime and expensive litigation?

"An opportunity extended to the swift to win rules out the poor, the slow, the decrepid and the decrepid soldier, even if all in that race should be honest, but there will be thousands of unscrupulous men in that mad rush, and thousands more unscrupulous to meet them when they reach the goal, ready to swear, and to produce witnesses to swear, that they were there first, and armed ready to fight for the claim. Each and every thicket, ravine and canyon will conceal 'sooners,' and the result will be, as heretofore, that the law-abiding must yield or fight, and there will be bloodshed and perjury, and the government will expend more in those contests than the land is worth, as in the past."

Judge Clark, in conclusion, says:

"I, as judge of that court, tried many, perhaps 1000 cases, involving that question, and can conceive of only one way of opening those lands that would avoid the crimes, the cost of litigation and the misery entailed upon thousands of families: that is, by draft or drawing, and in advance of the opening several days."

• • •

Arecent communication from Consul-General Mason, at Berlin, to the state deparment is as follows:

"It is to be feared that American manufacturers of fire preventing and extinguishing apparatus are going to lose a rare and valuable opportunity through their unaccountable indifference to the special international exposition of that whole class of appliances and methods which is to be held in Berlin during the coming summer. This indifference is all the more remarkable since the brilliant record made by the American firemen and makers of fire apparatus at Paris last year, which, as will be remembered, was one of the noted features of the exposition. In view of that success and the well-known pre-eminence of American fire brigades and their equipment, the managers of the forthcoming exposition at Berlin have been especially anxious that the United States shall make a full representative exhibit, and are somewhat surprised at the meager response which has been thus far received from our country. This is certainly due to no lack of publicity. The whole plan and schedule of the exposition—conditions, classification of exhibits, cost of spruce, etc.—were reported simultaneously and in detail from the United States embassy at Berlin and from this consulate general early in August last; also in October and November. As a result of these publication a few somewhat languid inquiries were received, but nothing at all commensurate with the fame of American builders of engines and fire apparatus, nor the unequalled opportunity that they will find here at trifling cost for showing their products before the assembled experts and municipal officers of Europe, who are many years behind our people in all that relates to fire extinguishing and will come here to see, test and order the best that the world has to offer. It may be many years before such another exhibition will be held at a capital of Central Europe and the opportunity now lost will certainly not soon recur.

"In order to especially facilitate American exhibits, arrangements have been made recently by which all machinery and apparatus intended for exhibition shall not only be admitted free of duty, but shall be brought from New York to Hamburg and Bremen by the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd steamship lines and returned after the exposition, free of charge for freight or handling. Exhibits coming from these two seaports will be subject to the usual charges for railway freight and delivery at the exposition, but they will afterwards be returned gratis to either seaport, so that the only expenses of this kind from the American port of shipment and return will be the ordinary railway freight rate from Bremen or Hamburg to Berlin. Certainly this is a very liveral proposition.

"The exhibition was originally scheduled for the months of June and July, but as now decided will open about May 15 and continue until the end of August. Applications should nominally be all in by April 1, but this limitation will be relaxed somewhat in favor of foreign exhibitors, who may have postponed their decision until the last moment. All telegrams and correspondence relating to exhibits, space or any difficulty about ocean or rail freights should be addressed to Grand Director Glersburg, Berlin."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

MRS. WHITEMAN WEDS

Married to the Manager of a Spokane Bank In St. Luke's Hospital In That City Where He Is Lying Ill.

Spokane, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—A marriage that will interest Duluthians took place under circumstances greatly at variance with the plans contemplated for the event in one of the private wards of St. Luke's hospital on Monday, April 8, and under conditions that were quite romantic. It was the wedding of Frederick R. Insinger, manager of the Holland bank, of this city, and of Mrs. Julia N. Whiteman, daughter of William Nettleton, formerly of St. Paul and today one of Spokane's most highly respected pioneers. Spokane society had been looking forward to this wedding with much pleasure, but on the day set for the ceremony Mr. Insinger was lying seriously ill with typhoid fever at St. Luke's. He requested that the wedding be not put off, and in the presence of a few relatives the ceremony was performed. The bride took her place beside the sick bed and is trying to nurse her husband back to life and health.

The bride is the divorced wife of former State Senator A. J. Whiteman, of Duluth, who was convicted in New York April 4 of defrauding a New York hotel with a bogus check and was sentenced to two and a half years in state prison.

IN MICHIGAN.

Oliver Mining Company Secures Option on Barasa Mine.

Negaunee—The Oliver Mining company has just taken an option on the Barasa mine, and will at once commence the further exploration of the property.

Manistique—Manistique people are considering the advisability of making a "touch" on Andrew Carnegie for $20,000 to be used in the erection of a new library building. They are debating the best manner of presenting their city's claims to the great philanthropist. Manistique is abundantly able to subscribe to Mr. Carnegie's usual conditions and it is realized that the new library would embellish the city with a handsome and creditable building. It is proposed to take some action in the matter at once.

Menominee—Last week the contract for the new sulphite mill to be built by the Manominee and Marinette Paper company was awarded to Charles B. Pride, the paper mill builder of Appleton. hTe contract price is private, but it is understood to be about $150,000. The new plant will be a two digester mill. Mr. Pride will be at Menominee this week to arrange for the building work. He will sublet the contract. The mill is to be completed by Sept. 1.

Sheriffs Stiles and Murphy were given a lively run at Menominee one day last week. Two prisoners, serving short terms in the county jail, had been placed at work chopping wood in the court house yard. About noon they made a break for liberty, lighting out for Marinette. Stiles was soon in hot pursuit and shortly he had the assistance of Sheriff Murphy. The fleeing prisoners put up a fine dash. It was in the nature of an obstacle race and they took barrels, barb wire and high board fences, ditches and cross lots in a manner which made the limbs of the law decidedly weary. However, the sheriffs persisted and their reward was forthcoming in the capture of both men after a couple of miles had been covered.

This week log drives on stearms tributary to the Menominee river will have started. Crews have been sent on the Pemene, Pine, Popple, Fence, Michigamme, Paint, Deer and Pescheeke river drives. These streams are opening up and there is a big sufficiency of water. Nearly two hundred log drivers left the twin cities last week. On the Pike river some repairs are being made to the dams which were washed out by the river overflow of the Menominee river. The Boom company has succeeded in breaking bad log jams at Sturgeon Falls, but the ice is still in the river and if it is carried down with the logs, will sweep out all the dams and destroy property. This week log-sorting at the scaling gap will commence.

Quinnesec—Another building boom is on for Quinnesec, and the coming summer shut place will be one of the busiest spots in Dickinson county. Corrigan & McKinney have just purchased the Mellen & Cox property, known as the new addition to Quinnesec. It consists of 13 lots, five cottages and a large boarding house. The entire property was sold for $1500. The new owners are making preparations for the erection of thirty new buildings on the property, and work will be commenced in a few days. It is also said that Capt. J. H. Cundy will build twenty new dwelling houses.

Newberry—A young lad, between 9 and 10 years of age, in one of the lower rooms in the Newberry public school, went to his classes Wednesday of last week in such a beastly state of intoxication that it was found necessary to detail a couple of larger pupils to aid him to get home.

Homeseekers and Settlers Rates.

April 16, 23 and 30 the Northern Pacific railway will sell one-way tickets to Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland for $25; Helena and Butte, $20, and on April 16 round-trip tickets to all points on its line at one fare plus $2. For full information and tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

INCREASED STOCK.

Jumped From Ten Thousand to Ten Million.

Salt Lake, Utah, April 19.—The Utah Coal & Coke company, a New Jersey corporation, has filed its articles here with an amendment increasing its capital stock from $10,000 to $10,000,000, and changing its name to the Utah Fuel company. This is said to be a reorganization of all coal companies owned by the same interests along the Rio Grande Western railroad. The coal property is included in the sale to the Denver & Rio Grande and George Gould interests.

BULGARIA DISABLED.

London, April 19.—The disabled Hamburg-American liner Bulgaria from New York April 6 for Hamburg, which was reported having lost her starboard propeller and fractured the shaft on April 12, at sea, passed Prawle point, in the English channel, early today slowly proceeding under her port propeller to her destination.

SOME MEN

Need a change of clothes this spring—Others need a change of clothiers. . . .

You can get the kind of clothes you want if you come to the right store. We would like to talk it over with you and show you our Spring Suits—Sacks, Single and Double Breasted.

The New Military Effect

With padded shoulders, and cut to the form. Every Fashionable Fabric, with a Just Right Price on every suit. Come and look at our new garments, ask questions about them and buy when you feel like it.

Special for Saturday Evening—7 to 9:

We will sell all the latest styles, regular 15c **Collars**, for 9c
3 for 25c. Not more than three to a customer.

Link Cuffs, Full Dress Cuffs and Reversible Cuffs, the 25c quality, at 15c; 2 pair 25c

Men's Madras Shirts, with two collars and cuffs; almost a dollar's worth; from 7 to 9 p. m. 48c

50 doz. Men's fast black and brown Hose, the 25c quality; for Saturday evening from 7 to 9, pair 12½c

EAGLE CLOTHING CO.

B. J. COOK & BRO. 321 W. SUPERIOR ST.

5000 bars "Happy Day" Laundry Soap—each 2c

Matches—200 in a box—each 1c

STACK & CO.

BARGAINS That Can't Be Duplicated.

10 dozen Belts, the new lace kind, worth $1 and 48c each, at.....50c and 25c

24 dozen boxes of Soap, wrapped in paper, put up in nice boxes, worth 15c a box; tomorrow, cake.. 3c

10 dozen Men's fancy Dress Skirts, with cuffs and collars—each..... 52c

6 doz Ladies' fine Kid Gloves, with patent thumb, worth $1.50 pair $1.00

1 case Boys' Medium weight Underwear, big value—per garment..... 19c

10 pieces, all-wool Henriettas, in Black and colors, worth 75c a yard. 50c

5 pieces Priestley's Black Novelties, worth $1.50 yd, special tomorrow 85c

6 doz plain White Shirt Waists, beautifully trimmed in lace, worth $1.75 each, at.. $1.00

40 doz fancy percale and Madras Shirt Waists(big Job) worth $1 and $1.50 each—extra special at... 50c

100 dozen 200-yard spool Cotton, in Black and White, at—per spool..... 2c

5000 papers of Pins—400 in each paper, at 2c

20 great gross hooks and eyes, the pat. hump kind, worth 5c a paper, at a doz.... 1c

24 doz Ladies' full size Dress Shields, worth 10c a pair, at..... 5c

5 cross Petroleum Jelly, better than Vaseline—per bottle..... 3c

24 dozen Talcum Powder, regular price 10c—at..... 5c

100 doz Ladies' Seamless fast Black Cotton Hose, great value—per pair..... 10c

1 case Misses' double Knee Stockings, worth 15c a pair—at..... 10c

50 dozen 100-yard spools Black Sewing Silk at—per spool..... 3c

50 pieces fancy hair Ribbons, worth 10c, at—per yard..... 5c

100 dozen Ladies' Cotton Vests, worth 10c each, at..... 5c

Brown Sheeting, best standard L. L. quality, worth 7c..... 4¾c

Lining Cambric—Black and colored, worth 6c a yard at..... 4c

Cotton Toweling, plain and Brown Twilled, worth 6c a yard, at..... 3½c

Curtain Scrim, 40 inches wide, good quality, worth 6c, at..... 4½c

German Damask, half bleached, good quality, worth 35c a yard, at..... 29c

Bleached Damask, 60 in. wide, heavy and durable, worth 35c a yard..... 23c

Table Cloths, full size, fringed with fancy borders, worth 75c..... 59c

Pillow Cases, size 36x45, soft finish, worth 12½c—each..... 9c

Sheets, bleached, size 81x90, best quality sheeting, worth 69c..... 50c

Bed Pillows, full size, covered with best ticking, worth $1—per pair... 79c

Brown Sheets, 72x90; good quality, worth 50c each..... 39c

Persian Drapery—36-in wide, handsome designs, worth 20c yd..... 12½c

Red Damask, full width—pretty patterns, fast colors, worth 25c 17c

Indigo Blue Calico, best standard brand, worth 6c a yard..... 4c

Nottingham Curtains, 3½ yds long, full width, worth $1.25—per pair..... 98c

Lace Curtains, 3 yds long, 60 inches wide, worth $2, for..... $1.48

Lace Curtains, beautiful patterns, 3½ yds long, worth $2.50..... $1.98

Fine Zephyr Ginghams, new stripes and checks, 30 inches wide..... 10c

Ladies' Calico Wrappers—splendid value for $1.00—sale price..... 75c

Ladies' Wrappers, in fancy stripes, dark Red and Blue grounds..... 98c

Mercerized Sateen Underskirts, 12-in accordian plait, worth $2.00, to..... $1.48

Walking Skirts, of heavy Melton cloth, new stitching, worth $5.00..... $3.98

Silesia, Black and Gray, best soft finish, worth 12½c a yard..... 9c

Dress Canvass, heavy and durable, the 12½c quality—per yard..... 6½c

Huck Towels, 18x36, plain and fancy borders, worth 15c..... 10c

Down Pillows, 20x26—Sanitary brand, worth $1.00..... 75c

Dotted Swiss, yard wide—Red, Blue and Yellow dot, worth 20c..... 15c

India Linon, full width, fine sheer quality, worth 15c a yard..... 8½c

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Ex-Mayor Truelsen Tells Winona About Its Operation.

Henry Truelsen, ex-mayor of Duluth, is now talking farm lands and urging the settlement of the country around Duluth, but he has not lost his interest in municipal ownership. He was at Winona a few days ago, and the Independent there had a talk with him upon that subject and had the following to say of him:

Ex-Mayor Henry Truelsen of Duluth was a guest of Mine Host Timberlake at the New Jewel last evening, having stopped off in the city for a couple of days on private business matters. Mr. Truelsen is, or rather was, one of the most progressive of mayors in the history of the Northwest. He presided over the destinies of the Zenith City from 1896 to 1899 inclusive, and under his administration the city experienced prosperity which only comes from an aggressively actuated regime as applied to municipal affairs.

"Mr. Truelsen is a Democrat. This he announces, and glories in the fact. In conversation with an Independent representative and a number of others in the hotel lobby last evening, Mr. Truelsen delivered himself of a number of sage suggestions and bits of advice which should certainly prove valuable.

"Speaking of municipal ownership of public institutions, Mr. Truelsen said:

"'In my mind the only successful manner in which these institutions can be managed with benefit to the people is by home ownership. Take, for instance, when manufacturing concerns come to your city with a view of locating, one of the first enquiries they make is regarding the operating expenses. If we can say to them: We own our lighting plant, our water system, our sewerage, our street railway and all of those concerns which go to make up the ensemble of a prosperous city, then the investor takes courage and we reap the benefit.

"'It has been demonstrated right in my home city that the public lighting, for instance, can be run far more economically when owned by the city. What is the use of a municipality paying middlemen a whole lot of profit when the people can own and operate a plant at first cost? It appeals to any man of reason that money can and will be saved.

"'I was mayor of Duluth when the city came into ownership of the lighting plant. I appointed a commission to have charge, regardless of politics. In fact, I think politics should be allowed to cut no figure at all in such matters. Several months after the appointment of the commission I was made aware that out of the five members of the commission but one was a Democrat. My attention was called to the matter by a friend coming to me and asking if I could find only one Democrat in the city. My reply was that I had not considered politics in the matter. The commission appointed was composed of good, representative and responsible business men—people who had the interests of the people in mind as well as their own. Today our lighting plant, as well as the other municipally managed concerns, are in the hands of the people, practically, as well as of the business men, and a visit to Duluth will readily show the wisdom of the course pursued.'"

ROADS APPEALED.

Land Commissioner Will Now Settle Controversy.

Salt Lake, Utah, April 19.—The Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern railroads and the Utah, Nevada & California have, through their attorneys, appealed from the decision of the register and receiver of the United States land office at Carson City, declaring their rights to the Lincoln county grade forfeited. The matter now goes to the commissioner of the general land office at Washington for final settlement. It is over this right-of-way that the present fight between the Clark and Harrison interests is being waged. The appealing roads allege error on the part of the Carson City officials in declaring the grade forfeited because it had been abandoned.

According to reports from Nevada, the Clark interests and the Short Line forces are actively engaged in pushing the work of construction, but no further trouble has occurred.

Saves Sleeping Car Fare.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, take the busy man's popular "Twilight Limited" train leaving the brownstone depot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, daily at 4:30 p. m., arriving at destination at early bed time, and save sleeping car fare. Elegant meals in cafe club car and the finest train and most luxurious service. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

NOTICE AND SUMMONS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of William Horkan, under the provisions of Chapter 42 "1894 General Statutes" and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed of so much of lots 51 and 53, on East Johnson street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within lots 11 and 12, block 78, Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

To all whom it may concern:

Take notice that William Horkan has made application to the judges of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, Minnesota, under the provisions of Chapter 42 "1894 General Statutes" and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed of so much of lots 51 and 53 on East Johnson street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within lots 11 and 12, block 78, Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, all in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Said application will be heard before the undersigned judge of said district court, at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of May, 1901, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., at which time and place, all persons claiming such portion of said lots, or any right, title or interest therein, are hereby summoned and required to attend to establish their right to receive a deed for the portion of said lots above described, or make any objection that they may have to the granting of said application.

It is ordered that notice of said application be given to all parties in interest by publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald once each week for three successive weeks before such hearing.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 17th, 1901.

J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of District Court.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Applicant,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-26-May-3-1901.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 10, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleanser. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling out for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hairs began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

Your Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON & WHITE Trio BIG GLASSBLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

MORE LIGHTS.

Suggestion For Greater Number By Using Incandescents.

The plan of securing greater diffusion of the street lights in the residence portion is being discussed, and it is meeting with favor in many quarters. At present there is a large arc light every two blocks, with darkness between. The plan proposed is to have incandescent lights instead of the arc lights, and scatter them along with a couple in a block. It is figured that this can be done as cheaply as the present method, and those who favor the plan believe that the results will be better.

"The way it is now," said a business man yesterday, "there is a glare of light on one corner. While one is walking or driving under it the glare is dazzling. When one has passed thirty feet beyond it the darkness is correspondingly dense, and it is impossible to see anything for a block. Then comes another glare that blinds the eyes, another block of pitch darkness, and so on. If smaller incandescent lights, fixed on shorter standards, say seven feet high, could be used, the same cost, or perhaps less, would bring much better results. The same amount of light could be diffused along the blocks, and give an even, satisfactory light everywhere. At present there is too great concentration, and the results are not at all satisfactory."

Spring coughs are especially dangerous and unless cured at once, serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but a high grade remedy. Max Wirth.

ARE TAXABLE.

Railroad Lands Largely In Private Hands Now.

The decision of the United States supreme court that the Anderson law taxing the unused lands of railroads was unconstitutional has lost most of its interest in this county. There are practically no railroad lands now, as nearly all of them have been transferred to land companies. Some of these land companies are associated with the railroads, but that does not affect the fact that they are no longer held as railroad lands.

Therefore they are subject to taxation, and practically every acre affected by the supreme court decision will be assessed and taxed this year. All of the Northern Pacific and St. Paul & Duluth lands have been transferred to land companies and will be entered for taxation, the Duluth & Iron Range has sold its lands, and these included practically all of the railroad lands in this county.

While these lands for the present will not be assessed at very high rates, they will be assessed for something and will begin to bear a share of the taxes.

Do not leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed and cannot be procured while you are on board the cars or steamship. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

THE BOER CAUSE

Hercules D. Viljoen States Their Case at the Lyceum.

Refutes Some Statements Made By the English.

Discusses Taxation of Property and Educational System.

Hercules D. Viljoen, the field cornet of the Free States army, lectured last evening in behalf of the Boer cause before a large audience at the Lyceum. The speaker is of tall, athletic build and talks with a degree of earnestness that holds close attention, and leaves the impression that he thoroughly believes in everything that he says. Mr. Viljoen was introduced by J. W. Reynolds, who, with T. T. Hudson and John P. De Waard, comprised the local committee, and had seats on the stage.

Mr. Viljoen talked about two hours, and his lecture was enhanced in interest by a large number of stereopticon views of the country now invaded by the British army, and portraits of famous officers of the Transvaal and Free State republics and their armies.

Mr. Viljoen first took up the causes leading to the Boer war, and said that most of the claims sent out by the British correspondents and newspapers are not true. The British, he said, claim that the war is in the interest of civilization, when the fact is that in the Orange Free State one-third of the revenues of the country is devoted to educational purposes, while in the Transvaal the percentage is considerably larger.

Another cause that is given for the war is that the foreign property owners are taxed without having the rights of suffrage, which is true of every country. Even in free America the foreigner is obliged to remain here a certain number of years before he is given the right to vote, at the same time he must pay his taxes if he holds any property. Mr. Viljoen asserts that the mine owners in Africa are not taxed excessively. The rate of taxation on the product of the mine is only 2½ per cent, while it is 15 per cent in Rhodesia. He held emphatically that it was the riches of the country that England is after.

Mr. Viljoen told of many cruelties that he alleges were practiced on the children and wives of the Boers by English officers and soldiers, in fact his lecture teemed with a recital of acts which, if true, are unbecoming the representations of a civilized country. The speaker said that he personally knew to be true the things for which he arraigned the English.

The Boers, said Mr. Viljoen are engaged in fighting the same foe that the American forefathers fought, and are just as confident of winning as were the revolutionary fathers.

Mr. Viljoen's beard is black, while his hair is white, and he said last night that the change was caused by his imprisonment in an English prison under the sentence of death. He was recaptured, however, on the morning of the intended execution, by the Boers. One of the views shown was that of Majuba Hill, where the little Boer force of eighty-five men surprised and routed a British army of 800 men.

Mr. Viljoen paid a high tribute to President Steyn of the Orange Free State an President Kruger of the Transvaal Republic. The former, he said, after being driven from his home and losing his entire property by British destruction, is now in the field fighting by the side of his men in the desperate attempt to save his country from England. Mr. Viljoen denied emphatically the story that President Kruger has deserted his home and country, said that his sojourn in foreign lands is at the urgent request of his friends and army officers, who believe that at his advanced age the strain of army life would be more than he could bear. President Kruger, he said, is dearer to the hearts of his countrymen than ever before.

In referring to the public schools of the South African republic, Mr. Viljoen said that the laws had long required the teaching of both the Dutch and English languages. At the solicitation of the English people who wished children to learn only their own language, a change was made so that the choice of the pupil is recognized, and the one language taught when desired, yet the English are not satisfied.

As to Gen. De Wet, the speaker asserted that he is held in high esteem both by his friends and admired by his foes. He is one of the most successful scouts that the world has ever known, and robbed of his father, mother, wife and children, he is fighting desperately for his country. The story of Gen. De Wet's insanity was refuted, the speaker saying that if he is insane, he is so insane that the English do not care to capture him.

Mr. Viljoen says that the Boers are fighting for principle, and for that they will fight to the bitter end. He does not anticipate that the Boers will ultimately defeat the English, yet he firmly believes they will gain what they are after, and that is their independence.

During the evening several martial selections were sang by Franz Schultz, who responded to encores on each occasion.

MUST EXPLAIN.

Argentine Alarmed at Recent Action of Chili.

Buenos Ayres, April 19.—The Argentine government is alarmed by the announcement that Chili has opened a pass through the Andes at every strategical point leading into Argentine territory.

Minister of Foreign Affairs Alcorta conferred with the Chilian minister here, but as the latter was about to start for Santiago de Chili, he decided not to send a written communication to that republic. Chili will be asked to explain her action, however, before the Chilean minister to Argentina arrives home. The Argentine minister in Chili will be directed to request an explanation.

TANNING PLAN TBURNED.

Racine, Wis., April 19.—The tanning plant of the A. Platz Leather company was completely destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $75,000.

The New Store

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

BASEMENT BARGAINS.

Fancy Crystal Lamps—like cut, complete with burner, chimney and wick. Special for Saturday at only ---------- **15c**

Hanging Bracket Lamp for hall or kitchen, complete with burner, chimney, wick and reflector, all ready to put up, Saturday on sale at only -------- **19c**

100-piece decorated dinner sets, regular price $10.00. Special Saturday for only **$7.25**

Tea Kettles—The genulne royal steel granite tea kettles—for Saturday only— **59c**

Dish Mops.

Dish Mops—like cut, special for Saturday at only ---------- **3c**

Rolling Pins.

Black enameled handle rolling pins at---------- **7c**

Window Brushes.

Round, only---------19c

Sham Holders.

A good sham holder for a very small price, Saturday on sale at only---------- **10c**

Laundry Soap.

Saturday only, per bar ---------- **2c**

CANADA RELENTS

Nursery Stock May Again Be Imported From United States.

Provisions of the "San Jose Scale Act" Are Nullified.

A Growing Demand For the Stock In Manitoba.

Washington, April 19.—An order in council has recently been passed by the Canadian government nullifying the operations of the "San Jose scale act," which heretofore practically has prohibited the importation from the United States of nursery stock, according to a report to the state department, from Consul Graham at Winnipeg. The order exempts from the San Jose act, any trees, shrubs, plants, vines, grafts, cuttings or buds, commonly known as nursery stock, from any country to which the act applies, and all importations of such shrubbery are permitted to be entered at the customs ports of Winnipeg between March 15 and May 15, and between Oct. 7 and Dec. 7; and at the customs port of Vancouver, B. C., from Oct. 15 to March 15. Entries are not permitted at other ports than those mentioned. The plants must be thoroughly fumigated, but the Canadian government assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting.

Consul Graham says there is a growing demand for nursery stock in Manitoba and the Northwest territories, and that the United States should supply it in large measure notwithstanding the tariff, as trees grown in our Northwestern states are best adapted to the Canadian climate.

HOME BUILDING AGAIN.

Lakeside Land Company Is Doing It.

The Lakeside Land company is engaged in home-building again, as an advertisement in The Herald shows, and the news will be greeted with relief by many renters in Duluth who are tired of paying out high rents and getting back nothing except permission to temporarily occupy houses more or less suitable for occupation. Lakeside and Lester Park, two of the most beautiful suburbs, were almost entirely built up on the Lakeside Land company's plan, and it is safe to say that more people out there own their own homes than in any other part of the city, and far more in proportion than in all of the rest of Duluth.

The beauties of these suburbs are well known to most Duluth people who have spent a half day out there during the summer on little picnics. Both of them lie on the lake shore, with beautiful woods and charming drives near at hand, and at Lester Park there is Lester river, with its falls and parks, favorite resorts during all the summer months. As soon as the frost is out of the ground workmen will go to work fixing up the street car tracks, and when that is done there will be two large double-truck cars on the Lakeside line, with the smaller cars running as extras.

Neckwear.

The right kind.

Persian Stocks, covered with shirred Mousseline de Sole - very tasty in effect... **35c**

Polka Dots and Persian Ties; our regular 50c quality; but Saturday the price is **39c**

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

The New Store

Belts.

Handsome and durable.

Shaped Leather Belts—with band of gold trimming; is perfection in Belts------- **25c**

The Arbella Belt—dip front and high back—the only thing for an Eton --------- **35c**

Petticoats; Silk Mercerized.

There was much good taste shown by our buyer when selecting these garments. It is always a satisfaction to find a line of skirts that are the right shades—are not over-trimmed, but at the same time are neatly trimmed. The skirts described are a new lot and it will give us pleasure to have you inspect them. 'Tis not necessary to purchase—we appreciate the fact you will appreciate the newness and will not embarrass you.

Silk.

$5.00 for our regular $6 silk petticoats Saturday; all new shades—12-inch flounce with three rows of piping—only $5.00.

$7.50 for a handsome silk petticoat, black and colors, double ruffled flounce, others with deep flounces and piping, $7.50.

$10 Taffeta petticoats—black and all new shades; also a handsome black and white plaid, flounce, accordian pleated and ruffle, $10.00.

$12.50 Extra quality Taffeta petticoats—new colors and black, dust ruffle with pinked edge, accordian pleated flounce, $12.50.

Mercerized.

Mercerized sateen skirt, lusterous sateen, 12-in. flounce, accordian pleated, splendid value at **$1.25**

Sateen in this skirt is faultless—skirt is made full, dust ruffle, two rows accordian pleating, big value at only ---------- **$1.50**

Medium weight sateen, but with a fine finish — seams neatly straped, workmanship excellent, accordian pleated, at **$1.75**

This skirt has every appearance of silk and will wear far better, deep flounce, two rows accordian pleating, tucked, stitched in white, very pretty effect, at ---------- **$2.25**

Saturday's Special Wrapper Prices.

69c We have a new 98c percale wrapper that we wish to introduce to our customers Saturday. Made with ruffles—is neatly trimmed with finishing braid—wide skirts. Is a good value at 98c and will be sold after this for that price, but Saturday the price is **69c**

Underwear and Hosiery.

We have secured the Duluth agency for the Forest Mills Knit Underwear. These garments are the best that can be found in the market today. Every thread that enters into the manufacture of them is the very best, and they are excellently finished in every seam—yet there is still special pains taken in finishing them, which makes them easy leaders of all others. We hope you will find it convenient to see these goods. Prices none the higher for the special good features.

Some Samples.

15c for Vest, low neck, sleeveless and short sleeve; neat, durable.

25c for our long sleeve Vests; ankle or knee length Pants — fine maco yarn.

50c for our fine lisle Combination Suits; worth 75c at any store.

Hosiery.

Ladies' ribbed top Hosiery, fast black —our price only--- **12½c**

Ladies' fine white foot Hosiery; also same quality in black or brown; an exceptional quality at **25c**

Children's very fine Cotton Hose; double knee—spliced heels and toes—for wear—only---------- **25c**

Men's Shoes to Close.

We began about two months ago closing out our men's shoes. Our space is limited and to accommodate our large stock of women's shoes we found it necessary to close out the men's. The greater part of them are gone, but there still remain a few lines. Saturday will witness another effort to clear the entire line at lower prices. There is seldom an opportunity to secure high-class shoes at such price

$1.19 **To Close**—Men's Satin Calf Shoes—lace or congress, $1.50 and $2.00 qualities. A very good shoe for the money.

$1.49 **To Close** — Men's satin calf shoes—very serviceable kind, lace and congress, wide and medium toe; $2 and $2.50 kinds.

$2.39 **To Close**—Men's Patent Leather Shoes—our regular $3.00 quality.

$2.49 **To Close** — Men's Fine Vici Kid Shoes—light and heavy soles, kid lined; $3 quality.

$2.69 **To Close**—Men's Patent Leather Shoes—Dull kid uppers—a few sizes left; $3.50 and $4.00 shoes.

$2.69 **To Close**—Men's Fine Vici Kid Shoes—Medium heavy welted soles—well worth $3.50.

Women's Shoes and Children's.

Last Friday we introduced our new $2.98 shoes to our trade and the large sales to date are very gratifying to us. We guarantee this shoe to eclipse any $3.50 shoe in the city and are willing to make the comparison at any time. We show twenty different styles and any leather that is durable and dressy. One point you should note is that our shoe salesmen have not lost one sale on these shoes—are larger values than they expected to find. Three styles described:

Women's Fine Dress Shoes—patent kid—dull kid top—hand turned soles—$3.50 is a bargain price—our special---------- **$2.98**

Glazed Kid Walking Shoe—welted extension soles—patent leather tips—military heels—sale price---------- **$2.98**

Glazed Kid Dress Shoes—hand turned soles—Louis XIV leather heels; patent tips; a beauty **$2.98**

Infant's Soft Sole Shoes—red, blue, chocolate, and black—lace or button---------- **25c**

Infants' Soft Sole Shoes—same colors as in item above—best quality---------- **49c**

Infants' Strap Slippers—White, red and black—kid and patent leathers—a pair, only------- **59c**

Ribbons.

Our large ribbon sales have been beyond expectations. There has been a good reason for it, however. The stock is a large one and every bolt is a meritorious one. Not a prettier line of fancy neck and sash ribbons shown in the city, and our prices are not met on plain satin, satin and gross grain, or taffeta ribbons. Our prices on taffeta ribbons:

Size	5	7	9	12	16	22	40	60
Price	7c	9c	12c	15c	17c	19c	24c	29c

Men's Furnishings.

Some offerings for Saturday that will merit a close inspection. 'Tis a fact, without a doubt, that we sell Men's furnishings at a lower price than any exclusive or clothing house.

A few dozen of our Men's heavy hose left at a pair ---------- **4c**

Men's black hose—silk mercerized heel and and toe, assorted colors, a pair---------- **15c**

Men's fancy hose, right shades, proper figures, beauties at ---------- **25c**

Men's Neckwear—A fine assortment of Men's ties, all styles, is worth 39c anywhere—our price---------- **25c**

Men's Ribbed Underwear—The proper weight for this changeable weather—neither heavy nor light-weight, but just right—drawers or shirts, each--- **48c**

Men's "Admirable" Suspenders—An imitation of the "President" suspender—every feature at less than half the price—also a lot of regular 25c and 29c suspenders. Saturday the price---- **19c**

At Drug Counter.

"Money Saving Items."

Not an ordinary list, but a very special lot of needed articles—

Colgate's Violet Toilet Water, large size 39c—small size---------- **25c**

Crushed Lavender Flowers for perfuming household and personal linen, 15c regular price—Saturday only---- ------ **5c**

Colgate's Perfumes—assorted extracts — Saturday, a bottle---------- **10c**

Colgate's Perfume special for Saturday—box of five bottles—Sweet pinks, Italian violets, Cashmere bouquet, Vioris, and La France rose—the entire lot Saturday ---------- **25c**

Extra Special Soap Bargain Saturday made possible by a shrewd purchase. Our buyer found an opportunity to purchase a large quantity of high class Toilet Soaps below manufacturers' cost; now you get them **very cheap.** This soap is entirely free from alkali and will not injure the most delicate skin. There is Cherry Blossom, Bay Rum, May Belle, Woodbine and Sweet Violet Soap - Every box sells regularly at 25c - Saturday the price---------- **10c**

Shampooing and Hair Dressing.

Beautiful line of Hair Goods always in stock

These Parlors are in charge of competent artists, and work left to their charge will be speedily and properly executed.

Prices on all work most reasonable.

Parlors on Second Floor.

DISMISSED.

W. H. Shea Is Not Held By Judge Gearhart.

The settlers won out in the police court phase of the famous Cedar Island Lake case. Late in the afternoon Judge Gearhart dismissed the case against William H. Shea, charged by the state with threatening the lives of employes of the Cloquet Lumber company, who were engaged in stripping the disputed land around Ely lake of its timber.

The settlers were delighted with the decision of the local court. Had Mr. Shea been bound over to keep the peace, he might have had to remain powerless while the Cloquet Lumber company went on with the cutting, and while the title to the property is still pending in the United States court.

At Fayal today, another phase of the celebrated case will be taken before a justice court. This time the settlers will be on the offensive and the Cloquet Lumber company the defensive. Mr. Shea had six employes of the lumber concern arrested on Monday far maliciously trespassing on his property.

Unless there are new developments within criminal jurisdiction, the case will not come up again till May 14, when it is set for argument in the United States court of appeals.

Young Leon Caught.

Young Louis Leon, who escaped from an officer last February, was taken in custody yesterday afternoon by Court Officer Jensen. The youngster drew a knife on a schoolmate two months ago and a warrant was issued for his arrest. When an officer served the warrant the smooth Italian lad asked to go into the house for a moment and slipped out the back door. His hearing will take place tomorrow.

May Get Revoir.

There is a bare possibility that Duluth may secure Jack Revoir, the young twirler, who did such clever work for Washburn last season. Revoir has been pitching practice games for the Chicago American league team. Word comes from Chicago, however, that he is to be released by Comiskey. On Wednesday Revoir twirled five innings against the university of Chicago and held Stagg's heavy hitting maroons down to four singles. Local fans cannot understand why Comiskey should release him, but if he is let out they would like to see him in a Duluth uniform. It is understood that St. Paul would like to sign the French-Canadian.

FIVE DEPORTED.

One the Son of Late Antonio Maceo.

San Francisco, April 19.—The transport Rosecrans brought from Manilla five men who had been deported by the military authorities. Among them was Santiago Maceo, a son of the late Cuban leader, Antonio Maceo. While in the Philippines Maceo became a first sergeant of the Macabebe scouts. He was accused of giving information to the Filipino troops and was dismissed from the army, and because of the supposed menace of his presence in the island, Gen. MacArthur ordered his deportation.

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

BIG COAL DEAL.

Fifteen Thousand Acres Bought In Pennsylvania.

Berlin, Pa., April 19.—One of the largest coal deals ever made in Somerset county has just been concluded and embraces over 15,000 acres adjoining Berlin. The territory was sold to the W. K. Niver company, of New York, which operates mines near Elk Lick, Somerset county. Developments of the new territory are to begin immediately, requiring an expenditure of $1,000,000.

REST AS YOU RIDE

The Morrow Coaster Brake

Guarantees you *Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.* Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.

You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.

100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all cycle dealers. Booklet Free.

Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. / Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c A WEEK.

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Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months	$1.30
Six months	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 7.—A storm of considerable energy is central over South Atlantic states, causing heavy rains and moderately high winds in Eastern Gulf and South Atlantic states and Tennessee, light rains over the Ohio valley, and light rain or snow in the eastern lake region. A light snow is falling this morning at Moorhead, otherwise the weather in districts west of the Mississippi valley is fair. The barometer has risen in central and northern districts, continuing high over Manitoba. Cooler weather prevails in the eastern lake region, Ohio valley, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Southeastern Louisiana, and slightly warmer over the greater portion of the Northwest. Cool and fresky temperatures are the rule in Northwest Canada and extreme northern states. The winds on Lake Superior and fresh westerly.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	44	Medicine Hat	32
Bathford	24	Memphis	40
Bismarck	30	Miles City	30
Boston	36	Milwaukee	30
Buffalo	30	Minnedosa	16
Calgary	32	Modena	28
Charleston	64	Montgomery	42
Chicago	34	Moorhead	28
Cincinnati	34	New Orleans	46
Davenport	34	New York	40
Denver	34	North Platte	36
Detroit	32	Oklahoma	40
Dodge City	40	Omaha	34
Duluth	28	Pittsburg	34
Edmonton	28	Port Arthur	18
El Paso	40	Portland	46
Escanaba	26	Prince Albert	20
Galveston	52	Qu' Appelle	20
Green Bay	30	Rapid City	34
Havre	32	San Francisco	48
Helena	38	Santa Fe	34
Houghton	24	Shreveport	42
Huron	26	St. Louis	28
Jacksonville	64	St Paul	28
Kamloops	42	Sault Ste. Marie	24
Kansas City	40	Swift Current	28
Knoxville	42	Washington	44
La Crosse	28	Williston	24
Lander	28	Winnemucca	32
Los Angeles	50	Winnipeg	18
Marquette	20		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Saturday; winds shifting to fresh northeasterly.

R. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 19.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Saturday. Minnesota, North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; winds mostly easterly.

American Sympathy With the Boers.

The splendid audience that gathered at the Lyceum last evening to listen to the story of Field Cornet Hercules Viljoen, one of the Boer delegates now visiting the United States, furnished additional evidence of the great interest that is felt by a large proportion of the American people in the struggle in South Africa and their deep sympathy for the valiant burghers. Mr. Viljoen is a splendid specimen of manhood, tall and well proportioned, and he speaks English quite fluently and correctly with but a slight accent. Gazing at him and listening to his recital of the gallant efforts of the little republics to maintain their independence from the grasping imperialists in England, one can begin to understand how such a small number of people have been able to withstand the attacks of the greatest army in British history and avoid being conquered or even subdued. Mr. Viljoen's appearance and discourse furnish a complete refutation of the British claim that the Boers are little better than savages and unfit to be entrusted with the government even of themselves.

An Amusing Church War In Kentucky.

A church war is on in Newport, Ky., which threatens to disrupt the entire congregation. The Methodist church was in debt and as the male members failed to meet the indebtedness the women took hold. One of their schemes was to issue 5000 cook books and sell them at 10 cents a copy. Each woman contributed her favorite recipes and the result was a splendid collection of directions for preparing toothsome viands and household remedies. Before the edition was sold the pastor made a discovery that nearly paralyzed him. Chancing to catch a severe cold, he turned to the cook book for a remedy and was dumfounded to read one that called for "one pint of good whisky." Shocked and pained the good pastor read the book through, and to his horror he found recipes calling for "half pint best whisky," "half pint best brandy," "a dash of rum," "a pint of sherry" and other things of like intoxicating nature. He donned his ministerial coat and hat and hurriedly went out to call a meeting of the church board. The board which, by the way, was made up of the men who failed to take care of the church's indebtedness, decided after a long consultation to demand the withdrawal of the cook book from the market. The women positively refused to do so. They declared that the men did not hesitate to eat the viands containing the tabooed articles and that they would hurt no one. They further declared that if the book was suppressed they would not pay a dollar on the debt. There the matter rests. The women are not selling any books pending a settlement; neither are they paying any of the debt. Perhaps after the men look at the debt for a while they will come to the conclusion that liquor is allowable when used solely for cooking purposes.

Dakota Divorces Struck Hard.

James G. Blaine, Jr., is tangled up in the new divorce decision recently made by the United States supreme court. He was divorced from his wife, Mary Nevins, after a residence in Dakota. She has married Dr. William Tillinghast Bull, and her former husband is engaged to marry the daughter of Admiral Hichborn. As the divorce is illegal, James G. will have to secure a proper one or break his engagement. Dakota divorces have long been the subject of suspicion and from time to time they have been overruled by Eastern courts when they have come before them. The decision of the supreme court has cinched the matter by sustaining the lower courts and making a ruling which will stand as a lasting precedent for all future cases. Under the provisions of the decision no divorce is held to be valid unless both the plaintiff and the defendant in the action have acquired a matrimonial domicile in the state in which the proceedings are instituted. In all other cases, past, present and future, according to the findings of the court, the divorce is invalid and binding. Where one of the parties to the divorce has remarried the marriage is illegal and the person who has contracted it is technically guilty of bigamy. While the judgment of the supreme court does not annul all divorces that have been granted to others, affecting only the parties to the suit before it, still the principle laid down will annul all similar divorces if ever they are brought before a court for adjudication. Some of the most serious effects will be in the transfer of real property, the descent of estates, and rights of doner. Wives who have been divorced from their husbands in this easy way, and husbands from their wives, still have their original rights in each others' property which may be enforced after the death of either, in any court. In fact it is hard to forsee all the dire effects of this apparently sweeping decision.

THE END IS AT HAND.

The end of the Boer war is at hand. Not the end that has been so often announced by the British and the Anglo-maniac press, but the end where British aggression will cease and the independence of the Dutch republics will be acknowledged. The admission of Sir Alfred Milner that for the last six months there has been no progress but retrogression is significant. Those who have been following the course of events can read, between the lines, not only discouragement but defeat. His version of the situation in Cape Colony and the Orange Free State tallies with the claims of the Boer representatives for the last four months. They have stoutly maintained that it was no longer a question of the ultimate independence of the two republics. That was assured. The war was being waged to free the Africanders of Cape Colony from the British yoke. The tide turned when De Wet and Botha carried the war into Cape Colony. Since that time Great Britain has been on the defensive. So great has been her disadvantage, that one year more of such victories as she has been gaining would reduce the nation to a second rate land power. This fact is most keenly felt in England. The money loss is great, but the loss of prestige is greater.

We, here in America, do not appreciate the intense humiliation that the average Briton feels over this most disastrous war. They feel that the sympathy of the world is against them and that the public conscience is ill at ease. To make the war as popular as possible, all kinds of reports libeling the Boer leaders have been sent out from Cape Colony. Every one remembers the storm of indignation with which the report that Gen. De Wet had shot the peace envoys, was received. Without taking pains to ascertain the facts, a price was placed on the head of that gallant soldier and popular hero. Now comes the announcement that Andris Wessels was not executed, but is still alive and well. There is no doubt that the story was concocted for the very purpose to which it was put. Dispatch after dispatch came from English sources telling of the insanity of De Wet. Tales of Boer desertion were multiplied until, if one were to believe a half of them, the Boer army would have to be represented by a minus quantity. All these subterfuges have had their effect on the general public opinion and has kept the republics from receiving aid which would have gone to them had their case been regarded less hopeless. The truth, however, is bound to come to the surface soon or later and that truth is now pretty well known in America and on the continent.

Already England has spent $750,000,000 and is no nearer the end than she was when Pretoria was evacuated. This British invasion of the Transvaal, although not so dramatic as the Napoleonic invasion of Russia, has many of its tragic features. What the Cossacks were to the retreating French, the mounted burghers are to the harrassed British divisions in Africa.

Whether the war lasts a month or two years will make little difference to the sections involved in the war. The country has been made a desert already. The Boers live off the country through which they pass, and to starve them out the British have resorted to wholesale destruction. The mines which have been idle for nearly two years will need new machinery costing millions of dollars. There will be nothing left alive from Pretoria to Cape Town when the war is over. Without doubt this is the most bootless war that a civilized nation ever forced upon a people. It will enter history without a precedent, and may it ever stand without a shadow.

THE BRITISH BUDGET.

The budget speech delivered by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach in the British house of commons yesterday is not of a character calculated to arouse the enthusiasm of the British public and particularly those upon whom the burdens of taxation press most heavily. The already high taxes are to be increased greatly and heavy loans are to be authorized. The balance sheet for the current fiscal year shows the enormous deficit of £53,207,000, equal to $266,035,000. The new taxation proposed by the chancellor of the exchequer is expected to yield £11,000,000, or $55,000,000, and in addition it is proposed to suspend the sinking fund and borrow £60,000,000, or $300,000,000, by a fresh issue of consols.

Of the heavy expenditures during the year, reaching the total of £133,592,000, the sum of £65,000,000, or $325,000,000, represents the cost of the war in South Africa. Certainly the British taxpayers are paying a heavy price for the attempt to steal the rich gold and diamond fields of the Boer republics and to carry out the imperialistic program of Joe Chamberlain. Already there are mutterings of discontent, and when the new taxes are levied there will undoubtedly be fresh grumbling, and perhaps a political revolution that will turn the Tories and their Unionist allies out of power. One new tax that is likely to cause trouble is the shilling per ton imposed on exported coal. This impost is supported by the plea that England's coal supply is diminishing, and that she ought to take measures to conserve her resources. But the revenue thus gained must come out of the pockets of the owners of coal mines, or out of the wages of the miners, now earning but a bare existence. The coal miners went through a strike a few years ago, and the proposed new tax may reopen that trouble and bring on another strike of serious proportions.

Not only has the British government been thus forced to impose new burdens upon the people, but it has been compelled to depart, under the stress of revenue, from the free trade policy that England has so pursued for so many years. The principle of protection has gained a foothold by the imposition of duties on both raw and refined sugar and on molasses and glucose. There was some talk recently that, if these duties were proposed, there might be also preferential duties fixed in behalf of the West Indian colonies but this plan was not granted. No preference is given to the products of the West Indies. With these protective duties admitted into the budget, the government will undoubtedly be urged by other interests to grant similar favors. But with the finances of the empire in such a serious state, the British government has been in a very difficult position, and has perforce adopted extraordinary measures to meet the situation.

EQUALIZE THE TAXATION.

Whenever, in past years, serious attempts have been made to secure just taxation of the iron mining properties in St. Louis county, there have been many people here, some of considerable influence, who have urged that nothing be done that would make John D. Rockefeller and his associates think that there was unfriendly sentiment in Duluth towards them. The hope was held out by these people that Mr. Rockefeller might eventually be induced to become interested in the project of establishing the iron and steel industry here on an extensive scale, and to invest several million dollars in making Duluth one of the leading steel manufacturing centers of the world. It was carefully figured out that the enterprise would be most profitable, on account of the close proximity of immense deposits of the finest Bessemer ore and the low price at which the other materials needed in steel manufacture could be assembled here. Pig iron, it was asserted, could be produced here cheaper than at Pittsburg, and the steel products at correspondingly low cost. At one time, when the talk of raising the mine assessments became active, hints were given out that Mr. Rockefeller was actually considering the idea of entering upon the manufacture of steel at this point, and had secured reports and estimates from experts on the subject.

This hope can be no longer entertained. The prospect of Mr. Rockefeller or Mr. Carnegie or any of the other great capitalists interested in the newly formed steel trust establishing the steel industry at Duluth has vanished into thin air. The principle upon which the steel trust is formed forbids such a thing being done. The guiding principle of the managers of the United States Steel corporation is concentration. It will be their purpose to concentrate, as far as possible, all the industrial departments of the great trust, and to confine the manufacture of iron and steel to Pittsburg and vicinity. By means of this concentration of interests the cost of production will be kept down and economies effected at every point possible. There will be no expansion in other directions, and there is not the slightest possibility of the trust looking with a favorable eye upon the project of manufacturing iron and steel at Duluth. If that industry be established here, it will be by interests outside the steel trust. Consequently, let no one claim that an increase in the taxation of the property of the steel trust in this county might injure the prospect of Duluth becoming an iron and steel center.

Even in this county the results of the policy of concentration, of combination and avoidance of competition are becoming visible. Some time ago a contract was let for the construction of a branch of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road to the Stevens mine, at a cost of about $300,000. The mine is close to the Duluth & Iron Range road, but the Missabe road wanted the ore haul. When the branch was half finished, fully $150,000 having been expended, the steel trust was projected. At once work was stopped, an arrangement being made to cancel the contract, and 500 men were thrown out of work. The Stevens mine ore will be hauled over the Duluth & Iron Range road. This is but one instance of what the advent of the steel trust means in this county.

The Herald has asserted, and has proved by unimpeachable statistics, that the mining properties are now assessed at ridiculously low figures in comparison with their actual value. In the series of articles on the subject published by The Herald the fact has been made clear that $75,000,000 would not be an excessive valuation to place on the mines for the purpose of taxation, whereas their total assessment today is only $8,600,000. To the extent that the mining properties escape their just share of the taxation is all other property in the county unjustly taxed. What The Herald desires to see is an equalization of the burdens of taxation—that the iron mines shall pay their just share of the taxation, no more and no less. Governor Van Sant is in Duluth today, and The Herald desires to call his attention to this very important subject. The governor devoted considerable space in his inaugural message to the question of taxation, and he will find in another column an array of facts and figures that are startling, as showing the injustice of the existing methods of taxation in this county.

The value of the sailing vessel is not gone by any means; in fact it is claimed that the modern sailing ship is a better money maker, especially for long voyages, than the steamship. The big steel sailing ship Kenilworth owned by the Arthur Sewall estate has just broken the trans-Atlantic record and made a mint of money on the trip. She arrived in Philadelphia Monday night having sailed from the River Mersey to the Delaware capes in eighteen and a half days. The nearest approach to this voyage was made by the ship A. J. Ropes in 1898, which completed the passage from Liverpool to New York in nineteen days. The difference in time is something over twelve hours and the Kenilworth covered 120 more miles in actual distance. The Kenilworth is one of the finest vessels afloat. She is 300 feet long, 43 feet beam, 24 feet depth of hold and 2178 net tons register. The time she took to cross the Atlantic was only about twice as long as that occupied by the average steam freighter, and the saving in coal, oil, etc., must have made the trip more profitable than that of a steamship. The sailing vessel is not a back number any more than the horse is.

There seems to be considerable advantage in being a Quaker as far as longevity is concerned. In 1900 there were reported the deaths of 299 males of the Society of Friends in Great Britain, the proportions being 159 males and 140 females. The average age of death, was a trifle over 61 years and 7 months. A table compiled from the returns shows a limited mortality of children, and it is chiefly in this respect that the death rate of the Society of Friends differs from that of the general population. Only fourteen deaths out of the 299 were reported as those of children under 5 years; between 5 years and 20 years the number was 9; between 20 and 30 years the deaths were 16; and the same number was that of the deaths between 30 and 40 years. From 40 to 50 there were 24 deaths, and from 60 to 70 there were 62 deaths. From 70 to 80 the number was 57, and from 80 to 90, 67. There were eight deaths of Friends between 90 and 100 years of age, and there were two deaths of persons over 100. One of the latter died in Croydon in her 101st year, and others had passed 101 years of age.

Immigration into Cuba continues to be almost exclusively from the Spanish peninsula, 12,694 persons out of a total of 14,578 in the second half of 1900 having come from Spain. It is astonishing to learn that in the same time only seventeen immigrants to Cuba were from the United States. And here we are proposing to Americanize the island. The situation reminds the Springfield Republican of what the historian Froude said years ago: "Whatever the eventual fate of Cuba, the Spanish race has taken root there and is visibly destined to remain. Spanish, at any rate, they are to the bone and marrow, and Spanish they will continue."

The younger son of Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge has been appointed by President McKinley to the only at-large vacancy at Annapolis naval academy. Three generations of Selfridges are therefore in the navy now. The young man's father was retired for age three years ago and his grandfather, also a rear admiral, now nearly 100 years old, was retired from active service in 1866.

Gen. Wood resents the idea that American officers or soldiers desire to remain in Cuba. He asserts there is not an officer in Cuba who would not get out of it today if he could, since expenses there are heavy, and conditions of life in few cases congenial. But he does not hint that the promoters and franchise grabbers are anxious to get out.

Mrs. Mary Clybourne, of Chicago, asks the circuit court for a decree for the removal of a body from its grave in Rose Hill cemetery, charging trespass, as she owns the lot. In case it is really determined that the corpse is a trespasser, it may be found difficult to serve the necessary papers.

It is said the administration at Washington is alarmed over the extent of speculation in Wall street and has urged the banks to be more conservative. But, on the other hand, there is Secretary Gage aiding the bulls by buying government bonds in large amounts.

A big 70-ton gun, while being shipped to the government was lost in transit recently but was found after a wild hunt. There was no fear, however, that anyone would steal it to wear as a watch charm.

An Indiana man of 60, who wrote to a woman of 30 as the "star of his life" and "darling girlie," is now defendant in a breach of promise suit. Yet he was old enough to know better.

A Kansas City woman is seeking a divorce because her husband talks only in monosyllables. No man ever brought suit for that reason.

It has been discovered in an Eastern city that they use a counterfeit vaccination mark, to be pasted upon the arm.

THE TRAVELERS.

Two travelers fared on Life's rough road,
One hurried day after day,
With always the wish to be getting ahead,
Never throwing a moment away.

The other stopped often to turn afield
And gather sweet flowers there,
And often he halted to hear the song
Of a bird on a bough somewhere.

And often he lingered to lend a hand
Or help with a word of cheer,
And often when pitiful tales were told
He patiently stayed to hear.

And often he stroked a little one's curls,
And often he stopped to gaze
At a lover entranced and the maiden he loved,
As they loitered in Love's glad ways.

One traveler came to the end of the road—
Fulfilled his ambition—to fall
At the goal disappointed—regretting the price
He had paid for it, after all.

The other had gladness along the way,
And ever, as each day sped,
Kept journeying on, but never to reach
The goal that was far ahead.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Advance of Literature.

Philadelphia Inquirer: Mark Twain having "worsted" a cabman and a cabman having "worsted" Fitzsimmons, it is about time for pugilism to yield the palm to literature.

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. De-Witt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe. Max Wirth.

DAILY STORY.

NICELY CAUGHT.

BY IRVINGTON HARPER.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

When I built my house a few years ago I took due care that it was provided with a "burglar convenience." I had a stout trellis made and fastened against the house under the middle window of the second floor. I told my wife that it was a rack for a climbing rose, but I deceived her. It was placed there for the sole and single purpose of assisting a burglar to get into the house. A burglar had but to cross a vacant lot where trees and bushes gave him shelter, drop over a fence and creep a distance of ten feet, and there he was. He must be a crank and a kicker to find fault with my arrangement.

The middle window lighted a room 12 feet long by 8 feet wide, which was provided with chests and drawers as a linen room. On each side was a bedroom, and at the far end a door opened into the hall. The burglar alarm connected with all other windows but this. All other sashes had a patent burglar proof catch, but these had one which a child might open from the middle. Inside the window and sliding up and down the casings as a drawer pulls out of a bureau, was an iron shutter which worked by means of a spring. By pressing a knob in my bedroom at the front of the house I could drop this shutter. The walls on either side were of brick, and the inside of the door was covered with heavy sheet iron. It was a hardwood floor, and right under the window, just where a burglar must put his feet, was a square of flooring so arranged that a pressure of five pounds on it rang a still alarm at the head of my bed. From one of the adjoining rooms was a peephole, and the burglar trap was lighted with electricity, which was turned on and off from the hall. There was one thing more. A gas pipe was run into the room from the hall and the end left open. The flow of gas could be regulated by a stopcock outside the room.

Although I was ready and waiting it was four months before my burglar came. One night, just before midnight, my burglar-trap alarm sounded. Five seconds later I had pressed the knob which let the shutter fall. My wife was aroused and demanded to know what was going on. While dressing myself I explained matters, but not to her satisfaction. When I left the room she was enveloped in the bed clothes and on the verge of hysterics. I turned the electric light on in the trap and carefully opened the wicket. There stood my burglar in the middle of the room, and he was winking and blinking with surprise. In his hand he had a pistol, but he looked around in vain for one to use it on.

"Well," I said through the peephole, "you are here at last."

"You expected me, then?" he queried, as he sat down on the only chair in the room.

"I did. What do you think of the arrangement of things?"

"Seems to be a regular trap."

"Just so. Had it fixed up to catch a burglar, I presume you have a pal outside? I am not thoroughly up on the burglar business, but as I understand it they generally go in pairs, and one is left on the watch outside."

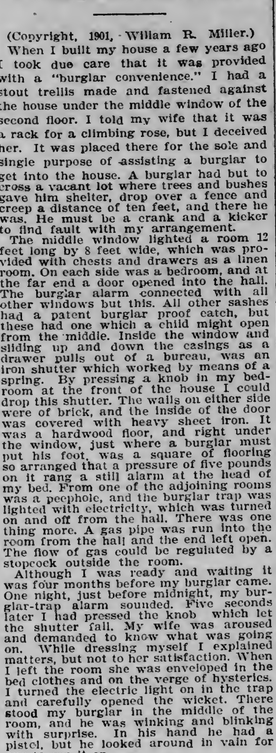
"You needn't worry yourself about the man outside!" growled the captive. "Come now, let me out of this!"

"Why, my dear sir, the man who would capture a burglar and let him loose inside of ten minutes would be a dolt. Put down your gun, and I'll come inside and clap the darbies on you."

"Not much you won't! You show your head in this room, and I'll fill you with lead! Open that door, or we'll wipe out the whole family!"

"Will you quietly submit?"

"Never! If you've got me, I've got you, also! If I can't get out, you can't get in!"



He was lying like one dead.

"But you forget about the gas. I can fill the room and asphyxiate you in ten minutes. That's part of the trap, you know."

For answer he raised his pistol and fired three shots at the wicket, but as it was a wrought iron plate pierced with small holes, his bullets were wasted. I turned on the gas full head, and within a minute he began to cough and move about. As the flow continued he went over to the window to find a breathing hole, but there was none.

"Will you knock under?" I asked at the wicket.

"No!" he shouted as he lay down on the floor with his mouth to the crevice under the door.

I descended to the pantry for the bottle of cayenne pepper in the caster, and when I had sprinkled a lot of the stuff just outside the door the burglar had to retire. He was a plucky fellow, and it took twelve minutes to bowl him over. I heard him strangling and moaning, and after opening the hall window I threw open the door of the trap. The increase in my bill that month proved that I had given him 850 feet of gas. He was lying like one dead when I pulled him out in the hall and called my wife and the cook to help resuscitate him. We got water and camphor and brandy, and we bathed his head and chafed his hands and poured stuff down his throat, but it was forty minutes before he came to. I had been down stairs after more brandy and the burglar's eyelids were fluttering, when my wife, who had been bathing his chest, looked up and said:

"Well, you ought to have a medal for your smartness."

"Found a strawberry mark?" I asked.

"I have found that your burglar is a woman!"

She came to and sat up and stared and blinked at us, and it was a long ten minutes before she realized the situation.

"Isn't this rather out of the line of your sex?" I queried.

In replay she blasted my eyes, my nose, my body, by house, my relatives for a thousand years back and a thousand years to come. Some of the boys in the army, especially when slightly wounded used to go it pretty strong, but I never heard one who could hold a candle to my burglaress. My wife skipped out, and I sat down on a chair to wait for the "swearess" to tire herself out. In about half an hour she broke down and begun to weep, and after a time she told me her story. She was the wife of a bad man, who was a gambler, a thief and a burglar by turns. She had run away from a respectable home to marry him and follow his fortunes, and from her own statements she was no better than he. He had come to the house with her, but had doubtless skipped out when he realized that she had been trapped. She refused to give me any information by which he might be arrested, and wasn't at all put out over the idea of going to prison herself.

Well, a woman is a woman, no matter what her offense, and when daylight came I turned the "burglaress" loose. More than that, we gave her breakfast and street car money. I even followed her out to the gate and returned her pistol. Pretty soft in me, I guess, but you see, I had a burglar trap all baited and ready, and could probably catch another without cost or trouble. Most everybody lets the first rat go in honor of the new trap, you know.

WITH THE HUMORISTS.

Chicago Record-Herald: A St. Louis millionaire is going to marry his stenographer. There is another woman who will soon quit being dictated to.

Philadelphia American: "How is it," asked the victim, "that you charge me 35 cents, when the sign says, 'First-class hair cut 15 cents?'"

"But you haven't first-class hair, replied the barber.

Philadelphia Times: "Did he strike her favorably?"

"I don't know, but he began by throwing kisses and now he's got to hearing sighs."

Baltimore News: The two mad bulls had blundered into a narrow alleyway. Before them were several policemen; behind them a surging mob.

"What way shall we go?" inquired one.

"It's pretty hard to decide," replied the other. "Let's toss a copper."

Accordingly they tossed one and got ahead, the others turning tail.

Yonkers Statesman: Church—You say she's an enthusiastic Christian Scientist?

Gotham—Well, I should say so! Why, she can eat a plate of stewed tripe and think it's ice cream.

Harper's Bazar: A lady friend had an Irish girl in her employ. She was an excellent servant, but could not be induced to keep herself clean. The mistress had in vain spoken plainly and at last tried strategy.

"Bridget," said she, confidentially, one day, "do you know that if you wash your face daily in hot soapy water it will make you beautiful?"

Whereupon she was met with the unexpected reply: "Sure, an' it's a wonder ye niver thried it yerself, mum."

Yonkers Statesman: Church—You say your boy at college writes for the magazines?

Gotham—Yes; he's written several articles for them.

Church—I don't suppose he's a professional writer?

Gotham—What do you mean?

Church—Why, he doesn't write for money.

Gotham—Doesn't he? You ought to see some of the letters he writes to me!

Indianapolis Press: "What! You in farce comedy!" said the shocked admirer.

"My boy," said the tragedian, solemnly, "I had to take either tho horseplay or the horselaugh. Even so."

Leslie's Weekly: Schoolma'am (encouragingly)—Come, now, Harold, spell chickens.

Harold—Please, ma'am, I'm not old enough to spell chicken, but you can try me on eggs.

Washington Star: "Do you think any of these so-called comic valentines are really funny?" asked Willie Wishington.

"No," answered Miss Cayenne; "at all events not nearly as funny as most of the serious compositions in that line."

Harper's Bazar: "You may recall me, sir, as the man who eloped with your daughter about a year ago."

"Well, sir, what can I do for you?"

"I may be a little bit tardy, but I have come to offer you my congratulations."

UNSETTLED QUESTIONS.

Cincinnati Inquirer: "When billion dollar corporations are forming on every side, dazzling us with the boldness of their conception and the boundless extent of their proposed operations, it is high time to consider whether some wholesome restrictions upon such corporate undertakings are not essential in the interests of the people." That's what David B. Hill said at a banquet in Buffalo Saturday night. The "old-fashioned Democrats" are waking up. Some of the most burning questions of the presidential campaign are lapping over. They have not been settled. They are becoming more troublesome every day. Even if a conclusion of the fighting in the Philippine islands is reached, the question of empire will still be a most harrassing one. The issue of trusts appeal for settlement harder than ever. It was the trusts that considered liberally to the success of Mr. McKinley in 1900, and they are running riot as the institutions that are entitled to about all the benefits that government can confer or can keep from being interfered with. The trust remedy is not fully developed yet, but the people are ripe for it. The field for statesmanship is now one of the broadest that has been seen in the country. Trusts were of gradual growth for a while, but since the second indorsement of noninterference by the government they have been swiftly gobbling up everything they could find. An unjust tariff system is, in the opinion of many thoughtful and practical men, the foundation of the trust evil, and its thorough revision may be necessary before the trust system can be permanently and effectively defeated. But there is a demand for a present remedy for the more conspicuous wickedness of the trusts. It would be hard on the people to have to wait on a reform of the tariff.

Cupid Under a Cloud.

Baltimore Sun: The Spanish princess, who was married to a son of the Bourbon pretender to the throne of Naples, has made an alliance which may result in revolution in Spain. A few days ago the queen of Holland wedded a German prince and her subjects celebrated the event with a joyousness and heartiness which are in sharp contrast to the resentment of the Spanish populace at the marriage of the princess of Austrias to Don Carlos of Bourbon. There were no decorations in Madrid and the streets were patrolled by soldiers. In other parts of the kingdom there have been outbreaks, notably at Valencia, while dispatches state that unusual excitement prevails in Barcelona. There is a strong republican element in Spain, which seems to be almost on the point of revolt against the monarchy and misgovernment. It is quite possible, therefore, that the marriage of the princess of Austrias to the son of a notorious Carlist may lead to an upheaval. The conditions are ripe for revolution, as Sagasta, one of the shrewdest of Spanish statesmen, recently asserted. If the army should prove disloyal the present monarchy might soon be overthrown, so bitter is the feeling in Spain.

Still Persists.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: President McKinley has had several warnings that Southern postoffices are sacred to the white race, and that colored postmasters will not be tolerated in them; nevertheless, he persists in appointing one of the prescribed race every now and then and the result is trouble. The latest instance reported is at Live Oak, Fla., where Thomas S. Harris, a negro, was made postmaster recently. Postmaster Harris has already received two warnings, in writing, to resign, or take the consequences, and has declined to comply with them. In the natural course of events South, the next news from that quarter will probably be that Judge Lynch has issued a writ of eviction and promptly executed it.

PHILOSOPHY OF GOOD CLOTHES.

San Francisco Bulletin: Don't economize on clothes. If you must restrict your expenses, smoke fewer cigars, drink less whisky, live more simply. You injure yourself when you appear lacking smartness of attire.

Hetty Green, reputed the richest woman in the world, said the other day that the men who dressed well were those who could not afford to wear old clothes. She goes about in a plaid shawl and looks like one of the janitresses of her numerous buildings, for Mrs. Green is so "close" that she would be called a miser if she were not extremely wealthy. Notwithstanding her contempt for fine raiment, it is very likely that if two young men applied to her for one position in her gift, she would prefer the man who was well dressed to the one whose clothes were frayed and shabby. Human nature has a weakness that way.

You have heard that fine feathers do not make fine birds, but you know that the peacock struts about the velvet lawn, a petted favorite, while the eminently more useful hen is kept in the back yard and has to scratch for a living. You know, also, that the smartly dressed man or woman is courteously treated, even by office boys, while gentlemen in drab, with dandruff deposits on their shoulders, and ladies in last winter's hats, are kept waiting in ante-rooms as a matter of course. If the learned Dr. Johnson had been a dandy in dress would my Lord Chesterfield have slighted him? Be sure not.

Polonius was wise in the world's ways, and you know his advice, which is too trite to quote. Apparel does not make the man, but it oft proclaims him. In business much of your intercourse is with strangers who have nothing to judge you by except your manners and your clothes. If your linen is fresh, your suit well pressed; if the colors of your tie and your shirt do not clash, if your shoes are neat and your hat well kept; if your gloves are neither too old nor too new, your chance of making a good first impression is immensely superior to that of your equally competent rival, who is too busy, too lazy or too economical to dress well.

You like to see your father in good clothes. You like your sister to be as beautifully attired as he can afford to be. You don't want your chum to look like a poor relation. They take pleasure, too, in having your appearance presentable.

The well-dressed man looks prosperous, and it is a human trait to side with prosperity. If you heard that your haberdasher was in financial straits, it is likely you would withdraw your patronage from his shop and go to the competitor who is driving him to the wall. Failure, in the world's eyes, is disreputable.

Outward show is necessary to success. You could not sell the best house in the city for its full value unless it had a fresh coat of paint. Real estate agents, when about to put a block of outside lots on the market, surround the tract with a neat, white fence, and the fence, which is of no use to the purchaser, sells the lots. Even a sepulcher, so it be whited, may pass for a fair mansion.

Don't draw from these remarks the moral that attire, or any other sort of outward seeming, without real merit, is sufficient for success, although many examples could be cited of success which has no more substantial basis. But good clothes are of assistance to introduce merit, just as an attractive package will help sell a patent medicine or a baking powder. If the medicine or the powder is not worth its price, if it had not been attractively presented you might not have bought the first package. That is the philosophy of good clothes.

Another Slap at Women.

St. Louis Globe Democrat: Statisticians have discovered that a college woman can throw a base ball only 45 per cent as far as a college man, but can jump 62 per cent as far. The latter experiment was determined by letting loose a mouse in the room.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.

McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

The Popular Price—Theater of Duluth. TONIGHT and every night this week.

Not a Minute Behind the Times | North Bros.' Superb Company. Presenting Tonight | Prices 10c 20c 30c No higher

The Great French Play

"CAMILLE."

New specialties. Big continuous show. Reserved seats at LeRicheux's Drug Store and Smith & Smith's. Children's matinee Saturday. All hill street cars pass the theater.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20,

The World Renowned Prestidigitator,

Herrmann

THE GREAT,

In a monster program of New Magical Sensations, accompanied by 5—NOSSES—5

Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

MONDAY, APRIL 22.

The Al. G. Field Greater Minstrels.

Oldest! Biggest! Best! 50—People—50—An entire Train of Palace Cars! The Most Expensive Organization of Its Kind in Existence. 12—A Tribe of Mamelukes—12. The Old World's Greatest Acrobats, presenting the Oriental Spectacle, "The Fete at Mecca. Al. G. Field, Arthur Rigby, Tommy Donnelly, Doc Quigley, Pasctel, the Nondescript, the Man with a Hundred Forms, "A Night in Paris During the Exposition," Blackford Bros., the Three Musical Kings, Keys and McDonald, the Grotesque Athletes. Watch for the Big Street Pageant. Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

"Boston Novelty Stars"

are bright specialty artists.

MISS PAULINE PEMENT.
VIOLINIST.

THE ANDERSON PALM GARDEN.

Duluth's Popular Resort for Gentlemen Only

SPECIAL PROGRAM FOR TOMORROW!

Afternoon, 2:30. Evening, 8.

MISS BEATRICE HAWTHORNE, SOLOIST.

Program Saturday. Afternoon at 2:30. Evening at 8:00.

1—March—"Charlemagne" ..... Goddard
2—Waltz—"Eugenie" ..... McPherran
3—Overture—"Rag Melodies" ..... Mackie
4—Soprano solo—"And Her Name Is Rose"..Van Tilzer
MISS GRACE PERKINS.
5—Ragtime—"The Melon Eater" ..... Kohler
6—"The First Heart Throbs" ..... Ellenberg
7—'Cello solo—"Berceuse" ..... Goddard
MISS LILLIAN PRINGLE.
8—Selection—"The Serenade" ..... Herbert
9—Contralto solo—"Wait" ..... Horvitz-Bowers
MISS BEATRICE HAWTHORNE.
10—Humoresque — "Kalsomine Bill" ..... Tocaben
11—Waltz — "L'Estudiantino" ..... Waldteufel
12—Soprano solo—"When I Think of You" ..... Horvitz-Bowers
MISS CHARLOTTE CLARE.
13—"Pizzicato Polka" ..... Delibes
14—Violin solo—Selected .....
MISS PAULINE PEMENT.
15—March—"Spirit of Liberty" ..... Rosey

Strictest of order prevails. All are Welcome. We have arranged for a number of extra chairs, as we found ourselves a little shy last Saturday. So come along, boys, and follow the crowd. We will take good care of you.

JAY W. ANDERSON, Prop.

Smoke La Verdad, Club House, La Linda Domestic Cigars, Sold Here.

CABLE FLASHES.

Burglars have broken into the museum of fine arts at Santiago de Chili and cut from their frames ten of the finest paintings costing $100,000 pesos.

King Victor Emanuel has signed the royal decree placing Baron Fava, late Italian ambassador from Rome, on the retired list and appointing Marshal Carbondi Di Malasinha, his successor at Washington.

The body of Gen. Schwartzkopf, who was burned at Pekin, has been found. The body of his dog was first found, and it is supposed the general re-entered the palace to rescue the dog. The suspicion of incendiarism is not borne out. It is believed the fire originated in the pantry, near Von Waidersee's kitchen.

Confectionaire, principal organ of the dress goods trade in Germany, publishes a sensational article, warning the continent against the growing American competition in dry goods and footwear, instancing the fact that a number of American firms have recently introduced goods in both lines. It declares the only remedy would be a pan-European or continental tariff against American goods. Among the goods are hats an shoes introduced into Berlin, Cologne and other large cities.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional traetment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Skin AN INDEX TO THE BLOOD

Millions of little glands or tubes connect the blood with the skin, and through these small drain pipes perspiration passes out, carrying with it the impurities that are thrown off by the blood. Should the pores of the skin be entirely closed for even a brief space of time, and the poisonous matter forced back into the circulation, instant death would result. In addition to the sweat glands, the skin is provided with certain others which pour out upon it an oily substance, keeping the skin pliable and soft and protecting it from heat and cold. The blood and skin are so closely related that whatever affects one seriously interferes with the functions of the other. Not only health, but life itself, depends upon perfect harmony between the blood and skin. When, therefore, the blood becomes poisoned from any cause, it quickly manifests itself upon the skin in the form of sores and ulcers, pimples and various eruptive diseases. By the character of the sore we are enabled to determine the nature of the poison or humor in the blood, as every disease originating in the blood has its own peculiar sore or pimple. The skin is not only affected by the poisons generated in the system, but poisons from without enter through the open glands or pores and quickly infect the blood. Mercury rubbed upon the skin will produce Rheumatism, and Poison Oak and Ivy and other wild plants gain easy access to the blood through the skin. As so-called skin diseases originate in the blood, the application of powders, soaps and washes can do no permanent good, but often do immense damage by closing up the outlet to these little tubes and interfering with the natural action of the skin. The treatment must begin with the blood, and the acid or other poisons antidoted or neutralized. S. S. S. does this and purifies the circulation, builds up the blood and flushes the little glands or pores with pure, new blood, and restores healthy action to the skin. The use of cosmetics never yet brought health and beauty to a rough, red, pimply skin or sallow complexion. What is needed is rich, pure blood, such as S. S. S. makes. It not only relieves you of all disfiguring blackheads, blotches and irritating, itching eruptions, but improves your general health. S. S. S. contains no mercury, potash, arsenic or other mineral, but is a purely vegetable remedy and the safest and best in all blood and skin troubles. Write our physicians for advice or information; they have made a study of blood and skin diseases, and you can have the best medical advice without cost. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

Internal and External Poisons

Pure Blood— Soft, Healthy Skin

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

THE WALK TO EMMAUS

International Sunday School Lesson For April 21, 1901.

Luke xxiv, 13-35. "And it came to pass, while they communed and questioned together, that Jesus Himself drew near, and went with them. But their eyes were holden that they should not know Him. And He said unto them, What communications are these that ye have one with another, as ye walk? And they stood still, looking sad. And one of them, named Cleopas, answering said unto Him, Dost thou alone sojourn in Jerusalem and not know the things that are come to pass there in these days? And He said unto them, What things? And they said unto Him, The things concerning Jesus of Nazareth, which was a prophet mighty in deed and word before God and all the people; and how the chief priests and all our rulers delivered Him up to be condemned to death, and crucified Him. But we hoped that it was He which should redeem Israel. Yea and beside all this, it is now the third day since all these things came to pass. Moreover certain women of our company amazed us, having been early at the tomb, and when they found not His body, they came, saying, that they had also seen a vision of angels, which said that He was alive. And certain of them that were with us went to the tomb, and found it even so as the women had said; but Him they saw not. And He said unto them, O foolish men, and slow of heart to believe in all that the prophets have spoken! Behoved it not the Christ to suffer these things, and to enter into His glory? And beginning from Moses and from all the prophets, He interpreted to them in all the scriptures the things concerning Himself"

Golden Text: "Did not our heart burn within us, while he talked with us by the way?"Luke 24:32.

UTTER BEWILDERMENT.

The friendly guardians of the tomb of Jesus were not limited to the circle of the Apostles; but a large company of men and women who had known and loved him were eager to know what had become of him, and had received the news brought by the women with an interest born of personal love for him. They were as much preplexed at the supposed dissipation of their hopes as were the Apostles themselves. Two men, who were in this frame of mind, listened to the report of the group of women, that they had seen a vision of angels which said that Jesus was alive. These two men evidently left the rendezvous of the disciples before Mary Magdalene made her report that she had actually seen the Lord. It was rather early in the morning when they started for a walk to the village of Emmaus. One of them was named Cleopas. The other might have been Luke, the evangelist; but of this we cannot be sure. We know this much, however, that they were both utterly bewildered at the things that had happened in connection with the death of their Master. Like two kindred souls, with sorrow laden, they talked over their griefs and all the circumstances connected with the recent tragedy. They recalled also the life and words of Jesus. They remembered that he had been to them a great prophet, and from one of their utterances on this walk, it seems evident that they began to question whether he had ever been more than a prophet. They were not really expecting a resurrection, but, on the contrary, were ready to turn back to their vocations as if their following of Jesus had all been in vain. Their witness to the facts is therefore all the more valuable. The failure of their faith for a time furnishes the assurance that they did not recover that faith without good and sufficient evidence that Jesus was actually alive.

One of the things that bewildered them that morning was the fact that they possessed a certain vague and undefined expectation that something was yet in store for them. They had thought that Jesus was He who should redeem Israel, but that expectation had faded into nothing so far as they could see. What was the meaning of His life and the teachings He had given them if the empty tomb was the end of it all? No doubt one of the things that perplexed them most on that morning was the fact that the impression of Jesus' life seemed to demand something more to complete it than the things they had seen and heard. What awaited them? Anything or nothing? The dim uncertainty that lurked in their minds caused that nervous excitement that loosed their tongues and made them voluble in questioning one another and in vying with each other in giving probable explanations of events.

SUFFERING AND GLORY.

Those two disciples were very much surprised to hear anyone, even a stranger, express ignorance of the cause of their sorrow. They stood still and looked very sad when Jesus approached from behind and asked them what they were talking about. Their sorrow seemed to them the sorrow of all the earth. How like the disposition of most men! Sorrow comes like the shadow of some black Friday. A man follows to its tomb some cherished hope or ambition, and sees the stone sealed over the sepulchre. He then turns to his house of mourning to pine away the precious hours, little dreaming that that dark day is the Good Friday of his life, and that through the burial of that fond hope he may receive the resurrection of the best reality of his life. Some go into their closets to mourn, and come forth to impress on all the world the keenness of their grief. They seem afraid that the world will think that their sorrow is not acute enough. Our sorrows are often blessings in disguise, but we are not able or willing to tear the disguise away soon enough. It then acts like ashes heaped upon the soil. It deadens all life. Ashes are a fertilizer if mixed with the soil in proper proportion. So sorrow mellows and sweetens the character if, with it, the spirit of the Lord rests upon one. "To give a garland for ashes, the oil of joy for mourning, the garment of praise for the spirit of heaviness." The story of the phoenix ought to be constantly repeated in our experiences. Time and change are relentless elements in life. If we allow it, they will make wrinkles on our foreheads and a corresponding shrivelling in our hearts. But from the ashes of the past there ought to spring the life and plumage of the new present and future.

One reason why men are frequently filled with gloom is that they are ignorant of the real signficance of the event they sorrow over. These two men were evidently mourning because what had seemed to them the natal moment of the kingdom, in which some of them hoped to get good offices, had, from their point of view, ended in a dismal fiasco. They had to reconstruct their ideas of the meaning of much that Jesus had taught them. It is a good thing for any man when his false hopes are blown up and buried. It may cost him a bitter pang at the moment, but afterwards he may come to see that it was only the pruning of the tree to make it more fruitful. "For our light affliction, which is but for a moment, worketh for us a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory."

When Jesus had heard their tale of woe, he began at once to enlighten them. How was it that they were so slow and dull as not to understand the meaning of all that the prophets had said about the Christ? Emphasis must here be laid on the word "all." The prophets had spoken about the glory of the Christ and this had been read and remembered. But they had also told of his sufferings, and this had apparently been forgotten. There the difficulty had arisen. The Christ could enter into glory only through suffering. The sufferings, which the disciples were so much lamenting, were really a necessary part of his ministry. Through his sufferings he was still their leader, and would bring them out of their sorrow into the bright glory of the life of the new-born church. The resurrection was the yet hidden key to all his power over them.

Jesus was still their teacher as he had been for three years the teacher of the twelve. Their hearts burned within them as he opened unto them the meaning of the Scriptures that pertained to himself. Perhaps without that bit of teaching the disciples could not have understood the meaning of the strange facts which they were then witnessing. At any rate, these men went back to the company of the disciples and told them all the things that had been made known to them and what a wealth of new meaning had been given to old familiar Scriptures.

CONSTRAINING JESUS.

But while Jesus was still with them and they knew him not, they drew near to the village whither they were going; Jesus, being to them only a casual traveler, did not presume to indicate that he would enter the village with them, but acted as if he were going on. They, however, had enjoyed his conversation and had greatly profited by his exposition of Scripture. They did not wish to see so interesting a traveler pass on his way when it was so near evening. They invited him to go in and tarry with them. After they had urged him somewhat, so that he saw that they were really eager to have him remain in their company, he went in and sat down to sup with them. The conversation continued on the all-absorbing topic until they were ready to eat, when the attention of both Cleopas and his companion was suddenly fixed upon their guest as they saw him take the bread and proceed to bless it and break it for them just as Jesus had done so many times. In open-eyed astonishment they stared at their guest for a moment; one of them felt like exclaiming, "It is the Lord!" but at that very moment Jesus vanished from their sight without any perceptible locomotion, and they were left in a delirium of amazement.

They had constrained Jesus to remain with them, and all their lives they remembered that fact as one of the things of which they were unceasingly glad. The idea suggested by their experience is of great value to every one who believes in the name of Jesus. Their longing for further knowledge of him and their unfailing love for him were really the things that constrained Jesus to go in and abide with them. Their constraint of him was the natural prompting of hearts that burned at the words he had been speaking to them. Nowadays we say that faith is necessary to get Jesus to enter one's life, and this is true. But it is also true that to enjoy the best things of the presence of Christ we must love him and rejoice in communing with him even as did these two disciples. By our prayers of love and by our eager receptiveness of what his Spirit teaches us we may be as truly blessed in our fellowship with him as were they.

THE NEARNESS OF CHRIST.

Luke tells us that the eyes of the two disciples were at first holden so that they could not recognize Jesus, but that, later on, they were opened, so that they recognized him. Jesus thus reveals himself. Oftentimes he is very near to men, ready to make himself known to them as a personal Savior and friend, but they are not such as can understand him or will care to follow his leadership into a spiritual life. Consequently they never become aware of the nearness of the Savior. Sometimes those who have professed faith in him grieve him by their sinfulness and he stands at the door of their lives and knocks for admission, but the door is never swung open to let him enter, and he turns away to others who care to communicate with him. This is the secret which accounts for much of the indifference toward the church and all things religious of many professing Christians. They are Christian in name, but there is nothing they fear so much as vital religion and the touch of those who know the Lord and delight to commune with him. To them the judgment day is fraught with all the terrors of the damned. Conscience is all the accuser they need. It condemns them, and they will not turn to the Savior for forgiveness and assurance of pardon. But all the time he is near. There is no inquirer after the first principles of faith and no searcher after the richer things of God but may have sweet converse with Jesus, who will unfold to him the things of faith according as he can appreciate them. But it is too often the way of man to spurn his choicest privileges whenever to use them would require him to renounce the things of self and follow the leadership of the Spirit of God.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thomson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale at Boyce's drug store.

For cracks in shrunken floors, use Grippin's flexible Crack and Crevice Filler, the only perfect remedy. Fills a universal want. At all paint dealers. Booklet free. Grippin Mfg. Co., Newark, N. Y.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY

Jealousy the Cause of a Double Crime In Mexico.

Rich Mexican Killed His Wife and Then Suicided.

Occurred at a Private Ball Given In Their Honor.

El Paso, Texas, April 19.—A tragedy as shocking and mysterious as ever came from the womb of mystery was enacted in Juarez when Andres Garcia sent a bullet through the head of his young and beautiful bride and then blew out his own brains. From the lights of the ballroom, and with happy laughter and the music of the orchestra in their ears, the young couple passed into the uncertain darkness of eternity.

Temporary insanity, superinduced, doubtless, by a fit of unreasonable jealousy, was probbaly the cause of the rash and deplorable act. Some stories are best told in chronological order, and this is one of them.

Andres Garcia and Miss Anita Terraxas were married in Chihuahua in November of last year. Both belonged to the first families of Mexico, and were popular leaders of Chihuahua society.

He was mnager of the Jockey club, the swell resort of Chihuahua, owned by his father, who is a wealthy property owner. She was a niece of Gen. Terrazas, the multimillionaire ex-governor of Chihuahua, and a cousin of Enrique Creel, the most prominent banker in the Southern republic. He was 23 years old, handsome and debonair, while his bride was 19 years of age, beautiful, accomplished and in love with life.

Last Saturday young Garcia and his bride were at the depot in Chihuahua, when the delayed northbound passenger train arrived. He suggested that they take the train and pay a surprise visit to his friends, Juan C. and Luis Fernandez, in Juarez.

Monday night Mr. Garcia and bride were being entertained at the Fernandez home with music and dancing. The bride did not dance, but appeared to be very happy nd agay. At 10 o'clock they were missed from the parlor filled with friends. Suddenly a noise as if two people were scuffling in a room overhead, followed by a pistol shot, was heard.

Some one suggested the noise was made by the slamming of a door. But the next instant another shot was heard, and officers running upstairs found Mr. Garcia and his bride lying on the floor dead. There were evidences that the pretty bride had made a desperate effort to save her life.

She had grabbed the muzzle of the pistol with her left hand, which was badly powder burned, and the thumb of her left hand, with which she attempted to stay the cruel bullet, was blown off. The bullet cut a large diamond from her earring and entered the head just below the left ear.

Garcia then knelt down and placed his left arm around his dead wife place the muzzle of the pistol in his mouth and sent his own soul hurrying into the presence of its God. The friends of the young couple declare there was no occasion for jealousy on the part of either and that both appeared supremely happy a few minutes before the crime was committed. They say that Garcia was not drinking. Both the bride and groom were educated in New York and were popular in the society of all the Mexican capitals.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

MORGAN.

The American Financier Attracts Considerable Attention In London.

New York, April 19.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: A good story is told of J. Pierpont Morgan, who attracts more attention here than any other American. An ecclesiastic asked him bluntly how much he had paid for Gainsborough's "Duchess of Devonshire."

"Nobody will ever know," he said. "If the truth came out, I might be considered a candidate for a lunatic asylum."

Notwithstanding Mr. Morgan's denial that he has come to Europe to place a considerable line of United States Steel stocks, city men are disposed to believe that he may take advantage of a good opportunity for offering the shares to investors when the conditions of the market are less uncertain than at present. Nothing could be done until the budget speech was made and the borrowing operations of the chancellor of the exchequer would be forecast. Many believe that a considerable portion of the new loan will be taken to America, and that the United States Steel shares will be marketed here.

AN ADVANCE.

An Unexplained Franco-German Movement of Troops at Pekin.

New York, April 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Pekin says: Gen. Liessel, commanding the German troops in China, has started for Pao Ting Fu with 1000 additional men. He was accompanied by the French commander, Gen. Bailloud. The Franco-German forces available for the expedition number 8000 men. The greatest secrecy is maintained as to the object of these military preparations, but it is believed that it is proposed to take possession of another of the Ansoling passes into Shan Si, where Chinese troops are reported. Members of the diplomatic corps without exception are mystified and manifest considerable apprehension at this revival of military activity.

Viceroy Li Hung Chang sent a courier to Gen. Lu commanding the troops in the Shan Si passes, and calling upon him to avoid a meeting, if necessary, by retiring from his position, which is incontestably Chinese; but the viceroy is not confident that the general will obey orders unless sanction comes from Shan Fu which he is endeavoring to secure. There is apparently no military or political reason for this advance.

TORTURING DISFIGURING HUMORS

ITCHING BURNING AND SCALY ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN SCALP AND BLOOD WITH LOSS OF HAIR

CURED BY CUTICURA

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in Eczema; the frightful scaling as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of the scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurement, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants and the anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That CUTICURA remedies are such stands proven beyond all doubt. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. The purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and great economy have made them the standard skin cures and humor remedies of the civilized world.

Complete Treatment $1.25

The treatment is simple, direct, agreeable and economical, and is adapted to the youngest infant, as well as adults of every age. Bathe the affected parts with hot water and CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply CUTICURA OINTMENT freely, to allay itching, irritation and inflammation and soothe and heal, and lastly take the CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cool and cleanse the blood. This sweet and wholesome treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning and scaly humors of the skin, scalp and blood, and points to a speedy, permanent and economical cure when all other remedies and even the best physicians fail.

Millions of Women Use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for beautifying the skin, for the stopping of falling hair, for softening and whitening red, rough hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, for many sanative antiseptic purposes, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. CUTICURA SOAP combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., 25 CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

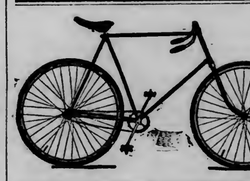
The Moving....

Rush Is Here

With our large number of teams we are prepared to attend to your "RUSH" orders promptly, cheaply and rightly. Satisfaction guaranteed. Let us figure with you.

Duluth Van Co.

Packing and Storage. 212 West Superior St.



Crawford Bicycles

Never give trouble—ask your neighbors—they ride Crawfords—we sell them on easy payments—$2.5 and $3.5—Coaster hubs and brake, $5 extra—R. C. Kruschke's Portable Bicycle stand free with each wheel. Bicycles cleaned and repaired.

CITY GUN STORE,

402 W. Superior St. R. C. Kruschke.

FALLEN ASLEEP.

Death of Mrs. Eleanor Hart of Denver.

Denver, April 19.—Eleanor Hart, wife of Dean H. Martyn Hart of St. John's cathedral, died early today. For two years she had been failing and her affliction has baffled the skill of many physicians. Her passing was as though she had fallen asleep. Today was the anniversary of her wedding day, the thirty-sixth. Mrs. Hart comes of an ecclesiastical family, notable in the annals of the Anglican church. She was the daughter of George Wilson, youngest brother of Daniel Wilson, the celebrated bishop of Calcutta. J. Wilson Hart, editor and manager of the book firm in New York, is here son.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels, make them regular. Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER'S OFFICE, Duluth, Minn., April 5, 1901. Sealed proposals will be received here until noon, April 20, 1901, and then publicly opened, for furnishing and placing riprap at Duluth ship canal. Information on application. D. D. GAILLARD, Captain Engineers.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-5-6-8-9-18-19-1901.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.
In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Addie I. Gorham, Plaintiff,
vs.
Herbert S. Gorham, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscribers, at their office, No. 213 Palladio building, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December 17, 1900.

TEALL & HARRIS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
213 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-15-22-29-April-5-12-19-1901.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist

For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by new remedies with never failing success

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteeed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE - AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all diseases peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Is There Anything

That will bring the fact that "Spring has sprung" home to every man more forcibly and joyfully than a well-fitting, well-made

SPRING SUIT or OVERCOAT?

The Suits and Top Coats we offer are made from the most stylish fabrics—beautifully cut and tailored—the trimming, tailoring and general appearance of these garments are equal to the best class made-to-measure clothes—such Suits and Top Coats you would expect to pay $20 to $35 are here at ---------- **$15 to $25**

Others at ---------- **$8.50, $10, $12.50 and $13.50**

Men's Hats

Our leader, the Miller Derby **$5**
The Stetson DERBYS and FEDORAS at ---- **$3.50**
The Gordon Hats ---- **$3.00**

WE SHOW THE MOST CORRECT SHAPES IN ALL THE NEW SHADES.

New Gloves and Hosiery.

Floan, Leverow & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

New Neckwear and Fancy Shirts.

CHOSE THE SECOND.

Duluth Man and His Fickle St. Cloud Fiancee.

The St. Cloud Journal-Press of yesterday contained the following. A marriage license issued last week is said to contain all the elements of a romance, and while not quite even unto the third or the fourth generation, it involves a family of an earlier generation.

The story goes that a license was last week issued to a young man and a young woman living not a thousand miles from St. Cloud permitting them to enter the state of double distilled blessedness. That they have not yet put the license into play is neither here nor there. It doesn't spoil the story. They are going to use it. But unless somebody is working his imagination overtime, the girl in the case is due to marry another man and one living at Duluth. The story runs that the young woman has a foster-brother—no blood relative, but a young man who made his home in the same family for some years—and to whom she is the sweetest flower that ever grew. He lives in Duluth, where there are few flowers—but that is another story. It has been arranged for some time that they were to wed in the spring, and as evidence of his good intentions the Duluthian has purchased from time to time handsome presents for his inamorita. He even went the limit and invested in a costly winter coat for his lady love, and finally sent her ten big kopecks with an urgent invitation to come over to the Zenith City of the unsalted seas and a minister would do the rest. Her relatives had thought that the girl would go, but their fancy was dispelled when she lent a listening ear to another and newer lover, and when last week a marriage permit was issued to the new man and the girl, they decided that it was all off with the Duluth man. He is expected in town tonight, and as he is said to be a man of some nerve, there may be gore on the doorpost out in the West End in the morning.

STRUCK A BONANZA.

Saginaw Man Found a Fortune In Mines.

Saginaw, Mich., April 19.—Judge Lawson C. Holden, who left Saginaw for the Soo after all his fortune had been swept away by the big fire of May 20, 1893, has struck it rich. About three years ago, when there was a mining craze in what is known as the Michipicoten district in Canada, not far from the Soo, Judge Holden borrowed $25 and engaged a prospector. The outlook was excellent, and the judge borrowed $300 more. With this claims were located, four others were induced to take an interest and the syndicate secured about 1500 acres of land. Finally a corporation, known as the Rock Lake Mining company, capitalized at $3,000,000, was formed, and not a dollar's worth of stock is on the market. The mine is said to be proving a veritable bonanza. The company now has $37,000,000 worth of copper in sight, and those on the inside say that Judge Holden's one-fifth interest in the mine is worth $5,000,000.

WILL BE A CREDIT.

Minnesota's Building at the Buffalo Exposition.

St. Paul, April 19.—H. P. Hall and John Morton, of the Pan-American commission, returned yesterday from a flying trip to Buffalo, where they, with Mr. McDougall, let the contract for Minnesota's state building. Alexander McDougall went directly to Duluth, where he will be busy for some weeks preparing a mining exhibit. Mr. Morton and Superintendent McMullen will spend considerable time traveling over the state looking up exhibits. An effort will be made to get the most successful exhibitors at recent state fairs to cooperate in making Minnesota's showing at Buffalo a most creditable one.

The commissioners rented space for a Minnesota display in the manufacturers' building and the space will probably be taken entirely by a flour exhibit. The manufacturers' building is the only one in which rent is charged for space.

Messrs. Hall and Morton are enthusiastic over the exposition. They say that when the buildings are completed, they will present a beautiful sight. Instead of the dazzling white of the World's fair buildings, those of Buffalo will be of various colors and the effect will be quite Oriental.

Minnesota's building will occupy a choice site among the state buildings on a square by itself, and fronting south. The building will be sixty feet front by fifty feet deep, two stories high with an attic, which will be finished also. The style is pure colonial, with peristyle front, two stories in height. It will be finished inside and out with plaster and stuff, and the exterior will be ornamented with bas-relief scroll work. On the ground floor will be a reception hall, two stories high, with a fireplace in the rear wall. On either side will be the space for exhibits, and waiting rooms for men and women. In the rear will be the commissioners' room and toilet rooms. On the second floor will be two bedrooms and a large room to be used for exhibits and meetings and to be known as the "state room." There will be four bedrooms for employes in the attic.

The state capitol commission will be asked to contribute a model of the new capitol to be set in the reception room.

This model could also be used at St. Louis in 1903, and would be an effective advertisement of the state.

SWELLS TO BE OUTLAWED

If the Thomasville Grand Jury Takes Action.

Thomasville, Ga., April 19—The grand jury of Thomas county has been in session, and it is said that one of its chief topics of discussion was that of dealing with the progressive euchre playing scored by Judge File. Speculation here as to the ultimate action of the grand jury is rife, as a majority of the jurors come from the country districts, and, therefore, are apt to follow the recommendations of the bench very closely.

On the other hand, the residents of Thomasville who happen to be doing jury duty will hardly take any steps to interfere with the existing status. If the grand jury does take ecisive action it will have the effect of making outlaws of many of the swell Northern society people who came here yearly, and who indulge promiscuously in games where prizes of great value are offered.

Public sentiment is about equally divided, although the ministers will probably uphold any action that the grand jury may take.

STORY IS DENIED.

No House Has Been Bought For Herron.

New York, April 19—Dr. G. D. Herron, socialistic reformer and preacher of the latest cult, "The New Social Apostolate," was the guest of honor of a gathering Tuesday evening in Franklin H. Wentworth's apartments in the Schuyler. Carrie Rand, of Burlington, Iowa, to whom it has been reported Dr. Herron is engaged to be married, and her mother, were present.

"I will not say one word on that subject," Mr. Herron replied when the reports that he is going to marry Miss Rand were repeated to him.

Franklin H. Wentworth, editor of the Social Crusader and manager of Dr. Herron's lectures, said:

"It is untrue that any house has been bought by Mrs. Rand in New York. It is not true that Miss Rand is an heiress. The whole Rand estate would not buy a house on Fifth avenue."

"Will Dr. Herron live in this city?"

"He cannot well be a resident here. Dr. Herron gave regular courses of lectures in Chicago and other cities. I do not know where he may decide to live."

Fond du Lac---Oshkosh.

Reclining chair cars, seats free, Duluth to Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and intermediate points via Merrillan, Marshfield and Wausau on fast mail trains over the North-Western Line. Daily service. Tickets at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

COCKE'S WIDOW

Says Her Marriage Was Due to Conspiracy.

Boston, April 19.—The case of Ellie T. Cocke, widow of the late Dr. James R. Cocke, the famous blind physician and authority on hypnotism, against Carrie F. Greene, brought to recover $200,000 damages, is on trial in the superior court before a jury.

The plaintiff alleges that the defendant, Greene, and Dr. Cooke were married Nov. 25, 1884, but that subsequently they conspired together and falsely represented to the plaintiff that they were unmarried, whereby they induced the plaintiff to go through the ceremony of marriage with Dr. Cocke and live with him as his wife for several years.

WHEN LUCK LEAVES.

"There's no use saying that industry and a light heart will beat a conspiracy of the fates, that there's no such a thing as luck," said a man from the canal banks. "That's all bosh. Take the case of old Bill Luscum.

"Liscum used to live in New York and had a fine house on Madison avenue. Then something went wrong in business and the family gave up New York and retired to their country places on one of the lakes while Bill, then past middle age, set out to recoup by taking anything in his business at all which gave him any chance to turn a dollar, says the New York Sun.

"He knew a good deal about canals, canal traffic and freights, and some of the family's money had been in commodities that have formed a large proportion of the canal's carrying trade. He was making a very scant living, but always kept cheerful, especially when he went home, and one day he thought he saw a chance to turn a deal by canal shipment at a favorable state of the market. He set to work immediately, worked vigorously and completed his deal, with the proviso that delivery must be made within a certain time.

"It was Saturday, and he went home. Many Saturdays had been dreary ones, in spite of his cheerfulness. This day he said: 'Well, at last, I've got something. I've sold two boatloads of (call it grain), and if the world don't come to an end I've made $200.'

"The weather was good, the canals were open; by Tuesday his transaction would have been completed. Sunday night a break in the canal tied up the boats and his pocket was empty again.

"Liscum saddened but still cheery, set to work on another deal and for some reason it seemed best to him—perhaps it was a necessity to the emergency—to intrust some money, which he had obtain by putting himself to the last straits, to a tugboat man whom he had trusted in many things in the days of his prosperity. The deal involved some carriage on the lakes and both a payment and a new purchase were to be accomplished through the tugboat man. Having had experience as the under dog with successful men, and having been served faithfully always by the boatman, Liscum confided certain plans to his employe, from one of which the boatman got an idea which accident enabled him to use to his employer's undoing.

"The tug set uff with a tow. One of the big storms of the great lakes came up, the tow had to be cast adrift, and eventually the tug was abandoned. She was wrecked, and among the passengers who reached shore Liscum's faithful man was not reported. He had had charge of the money. Liscum was broke. He was resigned. But he was not cast down. It was impossible now for him to raise any more money in any way, and he went to work as an ordinary employe of one of his former business associates.

"One day, less than a year afterward, he received a letter from his boatman, who told him where and under what name he had been living since his supposed drowning. The man confessed that when the tug was abandoned and a last effort made to reach shore, the temptation came to him to make off with the money, which he had taken with him from the tug, and to try to turn a trick with it on a part of the information which had been imparted to him by Liscum.

"A little later Liscum fell heir, through a reversionary bequest, to some lands under water, subject to taxation, unremunerative, unmarketable. He smiled at the irony. He was drawing an old man's salary now and he couldn't get ahead enough to launch out again for himself. He struggled as long as he saw a chance ahead, did Liscum, but I tell you luck was down on him."

For cracks in shrunken floors, use Grippin's flexible Crack and Crevice Filler, the only perfect remedy. Fills a universal want. At all paint dealers. Booklet free. Grippin Mfg. Co., Newark, N. Y.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

THE ORE MARKET

Was Active During the Past Week But No Rush.

All Selling Companies Have Been Doing a Fair Business.

The Steel Trust Will Use All Its Fayal Ore.

Cleveland, April 19.—The Iron Trade Review says: There has been an active ore market in the past week. Nothing like the rush that followed the announcement of prices two years ago has taken place, but all selling companies have been doing a fair business and the aggregate is considerable. Furnacemen are by no means contracting for a twelve months' supply. Many are content to place now about a third of their needs in the year beginning May 1; not particularly because prices are expected to change, since it is well understood from experience that the basis for old-range Bessemers will not be altered, but because of the general uncertainties that surround the business under the United States Steel corporation regime. Merchant furnacemen, for example, want to be better assured as to the amount of iron the big corporation will buy from them.

Another point that is not fully determined yet is to what extent the United States Steel corporation will be a seller of ore. The presumption is that it will want some old-range Bessemers to assort with its large output of Mesaba ores, but this amount may not be considerable. It is not certain, moreover, what the policy of the company will be as to selling any portion of its Mesaba Bessemers. It has been decided that it will use all its Fayal ore, but there may be some of its finer Mesaba Bessemers for sale on the market. Sales have already been made through the firms heretofore handling these ores, of non-Bessemer Mesaba ores from the mines of the United States Steel corporation.

Eastern furnaces have been in the market to some extent for foundry ores in the past week, but the activity in the iron and steel market has not been so marked in the East as in other sections, and therefore ore buying is with some caution. We note the following prices of representative ores on the $4.25 Bessemer basis: Chapin, $3.78; Champion, No. 1 crushed, $4.66; Republic Specular, $4.92; Kingston, $4.41; Palms, $3.72; Anvil, $4.02; Melrose, $4.19; New Era, $3.92; Millie, $4.68; Ashland, $4.12; Taylor, $3.66; Lake Bessemer, $4.31; Abbotsford (Lake Superior Iron company hard Bessemer), $4.86. Non-Bessemer ores have sold at about $1 below last year's prices. Among Mesaba non-Bessemer, Sauntry is quoted at $2.75 and Audrey at $2.35.

The vessel situation is still much mixed. Engineers who would be glad to take their places are deterred by the union, and the prospect of a settlement is rather remote. Shippers are not seeking tonnage, and while the United States Steel corporation may require some tonnage for ore that its 112 vessels cannot carry, it may decide to depend on wild charters. The independent vessel owners expect to reach an agreement, but if it is on a basis of 90, 80 and 70 cents for Duluth, Marquette and Escanaba respectively, the chances are that shippers will not make season contracts. In that event a considerable strain might be put upon a "gentlemen's agreement" such as is proposed. In the past week the unloading charge for ore has been fixed at 19 cents as against 22 cents last year.

School Shoes **98c**

PHILLIPS

Boys' Shoes **$1.25**

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Stylish Spring Footwear.

The Fair Wear Shoes.

Made in fifteen different styles; in turns and welts—equal to most Shoes sold at $3 a pair—price **$2.50**

Boys' School Shoes.

Made of patent kid, vici kid, box calf and satin calf. Price—

$1.25 to $3.50

Girls' School Shoes.

Made of patent leather vici kid and box calf. Price---------- **98c to $3.00**

Ladies' House Slippers, Common sense Last **59c**
Ladies' $1.25 Strap Sandals---------- **98c**
Ladies' $1.50 Vici Kid Strap Sandals---- **$1.25**

The Princess.

Unquestionably the best made Ladies' Shoe in the world. Every pair of them that leaves the store is fully guaranteed. Price—

$3.50

The Walk-Over Shoe—The best Man's Shoe made. Price------ **$3.50 and $4**

Boy's Nit Rip School Shoes, sizes 12 to 5½. Price—
$1.50 a pair
Boys' Steel Clad Shoes—They have little horseshoes all over the soles, all sizes—
$1.50 a pair

Misses' Kid Lace Shoes, heavy soles, potent leather tips, sizes 11 to 2—$1.35 value—
98c a pair
Child's Kid Lace Shoes, fancy cloth tops, patent leather tips, sizes 5 to 8—special Saturday—
69c a pair

PATHETIC.

Sick Man Inquires For His Wife Who Has Died.

Philadelphia, April 19.—Four weeks ago Washington Bowers, aged 65, was brought from his home at No. 643 West Somerset street to Hahnemann hospital, suffering from pneumonia to such an alarming extent that the physicians despaired of his life. His removal from his home was made necessary by the fact that his wife Elmira, but three years his jiunior, was also sick, although at that time it was deemed that she would get well.

Mr. Bowers was doomed never to gaze on the face of the woman he loved again, for within a week after he had been taken to the hospital the wife was dead and her remains are now lying peacefully in the cemetery. Strange to relate, at the very time of his wife's death the husband started to rally. Fearful, however, that the shock might end his life, he was not told that his home had been made desolate, and although friends have called on him from time to time, he is not yet aware that he will never see his wife again.

The meetings between the sick man and his relatives are most pathetic, especially now that he has regained his speech. On every occasion he inquires after his wife, and is beginning to wonder why she does not come to see him. The truth is carefully disguised. He is led to believe that his wife is still sick, and is anxiously awaiting the moment when he shall be well enough to go to her. This desire on his part is one of the strongest factors working toward his recovery, and to tell him all might still end fatally.

In the opinion of the hospital physicians the news cannot be kept from him longer than the regular visiting day. Just what will be the result when he is told is hard to imagine, but in any event the telling will be a most difficult undertaking. Mr. and Mrs. Bowers had been married for thirty years.

AN EAVESDROPPER.

Telephone eavesdropping is somewhat expensive in Ohio, says the New York Post. It cost a farmer in Dresden $25 for listening to the conversation of neighbors, and it is more than likely that one "Paul Pry" has got enough. It appears that the farmers of that district had built their own lines, and to save expense have installed their instruments on the party principle, by which arrangement all the bells on the circuit ring when a call is made. Several subscribers came to the conclusion that someone was listening to their telephone conversation. The matter was taled over by a few who were aggrieved, and they determined to find the culprit. One afternoon two of the farmers were talking over the line and heard the unmistakable sound of a transmitter being removed from the hook. According to previous agreement they immediately ceased talking, and in the silence that followed heard distinctly the sharp, clear chime of a clock striking. hTe peculiar tone of the bell was known to both men, and the owner was fined for listening.

It frequently happens in telephone conversations where there are no party lines that conversations are overheard, and evidence to this end is easily obtainable. While it cannot be told with absolute certainty that anyone is listening at a telephone, other than the person called, anyone cutting in generally causes the conversation to have a far-away sound. Of course it would be difficult to determine upon the culprit in a big city, where many exchanges are concerned, but it would give notice to the users that their conversation was being overheard, and warn them to be careful not to be too confidential until the wire was cleared up. A few fines like that of the Ohio farmer might possibly teach eavesdroppers that listening to conversation over a telephone when it is not intended for them, is as bad as listening at a keyhole.

It starts the circulation, expands the system, strengthens the heart, brings peace and happiness if taken this month. Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine company. Ask your druggist.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN MAY FIGHT.

The above map shows the territory over which Russia and Japan are at loggerheads. Naval experts emphatically declare that in the struggle of Japan against Russia the odds against the former little nation are not as great as is generally supposed. While, as will be seen by a glance at the above picture, Russia's military strength vastly exceeds that of Japan, the latter is Russia's equal, if not her superior, on Asiatic seas. Not only does Japan enjoy a superiority of tonnage to the extent of 77,000 tons, but many of her ships are of very great power and efficiency.

LOUISINE SILK NOT NEW

Its Softness and Satin-Like Finish Make It Very Attractive But Newness Rests Only In Its Name.

New York, April 16.—Of all the new fabrics that the spring fashions disclosed, and the list isn't a very large one—indeed, quite short if mercerized stuffs are left out—none is received with such general admiration as is Louisine silk. Its softness and satin-like finish make it very attractive, and the newness claimed for it helps along the sales. I think that most of its newness rests in its name, for we certainly have had heretofore weaves very like it, but it comes in all the colors that now are stylish, and is a successful claimant for attention. As a material for bodices and entire gowns it is made up with a deal of lace and Persian trimming, the former being used with impressive freedom. Since its first appearance there has developed a trick of combining velvet with it. I saw a gown made in this way, black panne velvet and dove gray Louisine being the components, ivory lace and embroidered silk being added for trimming. Of all the dresses in which this combination was made, I have not seen one that was not handsome, the velvet supplying richness and elegance that the silk alone does not possess unless some of it comes from fine trimmings. In black, however, the silk stands especially well by itself, and a great deal of black Louisine will be worn.

Novelties are demanded and ordered in boleros and princess effects, though how the designers respond to the demand I hardly can understand. Boleros have been stylish without complete interruption for many seasons and in the prefatory announcements of the styles of every incoming season has been the statement that princess gowns would be correct for all who would wear them. As to the latter, of course, the qualification as to suitability confined the fashion to comparatively few, but the same qualification holds now and always will, for the time will never come when a woman with a poor figure will seem well dressed in a tight princess gown. As to the use of the bolero, there has been further limitation than an occasional sharpening up on the need of novelty in them. So designers must be hard pressed now to turn out what is wanted, though it would be a captious critic who would say that their current output gives evidence of such difficulty. A succession of ideas seems as child's lay for these adroit schemers, though the prices demanded for them hint pretty strongly that it's the result of work, and work for revenue only, rather than for art's sake. In princess gowns the cleverest tricks are aimed at leniency for the imperfect figure. They are very successful in overcoming small defects, but stop at that. The assistance lent in one princess gown I saw was in the band of Persian embroidery. Electric blue albatross was the material of this dress, tucked white silk giving yoke and collar. The other dress was tan cheviot, with stitching and tabs as finish, and the bodice was tucked nile green stitched in white. Many skirts with the belt cut in one are being made, and their stylishness is all right, but they're not advisable for anyone who hasn't good length of waist.

One does not often have occasion for laughter at a concert of classical music, and when it does arise I suspect that there is more relief and enjoyment in the fun than there is when the laughter is aroused by the intent of persons on the stage or platform. This was in the pretty hall of the Mendelssohn Glee club, a long-established organization of men singers. It was not a club concert, however. The hall has become the favorite place for chamber concerts and recitals. This was a recital of the severest kind, where you look intense while the singer pours forth grewsome strains in unintelligible German, or the pianist thumps things that are as incomprehensible as they are interminable. I always find a certain satisfaction in such an affair in the thought that there is at least one happy person in town at the moment—the performer—and I wouldn't assert for a second that there are not members of the musically elect present who really do get something out of it. Inasmuch as the elect look very sorrowful when they are attending a classical function, and as I seldom know just how my immediate neighbors are feeling, I look as sorrowful as the rest, which is not to deny that I have plenty of occasion for sorrow while the thing lasts; but the point is that we all follow the same course, and there is a degree of frigid decorum attained that would do credit to a Plymouth conference A. D. 1621.

This recital was not only the correct thing musically, but it was fashionable, and therefore it was well patronized. By that I mean that there was a large sale of tickets. It proved that there was plenty of room in the hall, for the weather up to shortly after noon had been the worst of which New York is capable, which is saying volumes—of rain, this time; also wind. All the morning the streets were gray with drenching gusts, and though the rain gave over somewhat at 1 o'clock there was a deal of wind left and threatening clouds in abundance. Hence all who ventured forth took their umbrellas with them. By the time the agony began the sun was shining. It was right in what seemed to be the most impressive part of the concert that a smile began to struggle its way over the audience. The performer may have observed it and wondered, and maybe he pitched in with added fervor, but the smile grew, passing quickly from one facet to another until all persons in the hall save two were infected by it. One of the exceptions was the performer. The other—wait a moment.

The piece came to an end with what seemed to be a well devised and splendidly executed climax, and the performer hurried to the retiring room. There was a burst of polite applause and then the audience broke into unrestrained laughter, all except one. That was a woman in the front row of the balcony. Nobody happened to be sitting near her, so that she was conspicuous naturally, and she had made herself more so by raising her umbrella and sitting under it, as if there were a shower in progress. When she was first discovered thus the sensation was one of wonderment. Then it was easily and quickly reasoned that she had raised the umbrella to protect herself from a strong draught from a partly opened window. The simplicity of the device, the incongruous appearance and the contented indifference to, or rather the sublime ignorance of, the sensation she made was irresistible. She may have wondered what all the laughing was about, but if she realized it she minded not, and the umbrella remained up until near the end of the concert, when the performer sent for an usher, had the window closed and thus removed the necessity for protection. Then the umbrella came down and the recital terminated in dignified fashion.

They were preparing an entertainment in one of the Harlem churches. It consisted of elaborate charades, in which the various persons who assisted had to speak little pieces prepared for them by the manager. This was a comparatively newcomer in the society, an energetic young bachelor. That's the way it goes, you know; the brunt of such matters is always borne by an energetic unmarried man, who is new to the place. He had not only devised the charades, but had composed the lines and written them out in his own hand, and at the first rehearsal he distributed them to the parties chosen to give them utterance. At the end of the rehearsal, when all but himself had gone home, he found one of his slips of paper that had been left behind. He knew to whom he had given it, a certain young married woman, and knew that she must have left it inadvertently. So he took it along and next morning mailed it to her in one of the envelopes used regularly in his business, inclosing with it no word of explanation, for he presumed that the matter would explain itself.

It did, beautifully. The envelope, addressed in his own hand, and legibly enough, as was later determined, was taken by the postman to the building indicated, a large apartment house, and there delivered to the wrong party. There is no doubt that it was carelessness on the part of the letter carrier, but there was some excuse in the fact that two families of somewhat similar name lived in the building. The names were as near alike as Ambrose and Andrews, though those were not the names in fact. So, then, the envelope with the charade lines intended for Mrs. Ambrose fell into the hands of Mrs. Andrews. Whether the latter observed at once that the direction was wrong may be doubted, but she opened the envelope and then she knew that there had been a mistake. Here was an anonymous letter overrunning with terms of endearment. There was a lot about "lovely eyes," "tresses" rhyming with "caresses," and other sentimental stuff such as had not been addressed to Mrs. Andrews for many a proper year. The anonymity of this tender epistle was speedily solved by looking at the business card on the left hand upper corner of the envelope, and the party for whom it was intended was made out by more careful inspection of the address. Perhaps Mrs. Andrews pondered this matter a long time. She may have been tempted to destroy the epistle and keep the shocking fact it revealed to herself, but whatever her cogitations, she eventually called at the door of the Ambrose flat and left the envelope and contents there with word that it had been "opened by mistake." Mrs. Ambrose recognized her missing charade part, but as she did not meet Mrs. Andrews at the time it was delivered the latter was not enlightened as to its significance.

The situation that soon developed might be made into a long romance. Doubtless you can imagine it with the clew that Mrs. Andrews was just the right kind of party to create a situation. She did not belong in the same society with Mrs. Ambrose, but she knew who her neighbor was and was acquainted with some of her friends. So, before long there were unpleasant rumors flying about the parish. Mr. Blank, the energetic young bachelor, had been writing love letters to Mrs. Ambrose. And she went right on meeting him at church functions just as if nothing were awry with her morals! Horrid! It came to the ears of the dominie, who took upon himself the painful task of apprising Mr. Ambrose. The latter, a strangely sensible man, wouldn't believe it, and with the dominie he called on the young bachelor. "I never wrote a love letter in my life," said he, and when they asked Mrs. Ambrose about it she declared that she had never received any except from her husband. The principal parties to the scandal had perfect confidence in one another, and were hard put to it to trace the origin of the unpleasant rumors. It was discovered at last by Mrs. Ambrose, who remembered the charade part that had come in an envelope "opened by mistake." Fortunately she still had the envelope and the original part, and I am told that there was a highly dramatic and interesting interview in the Andrews flat, in which the Andrewses, the Ambroses, the dominie and the energetic bachelor took part. At all events the scandal is now off, but when the charades were given the other evening, Mrs. Ambrose did not figure in them. Her part was read by another woman who had not time to commit it to memory.

Easter decorations was another matter to set a church society by the ears. According to custom the decorations were entrusted to a committee of women, who met and settled all the parish affairs before they got around to discuss flowers for the sanctuary.

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HAVE YOU ANY OF THESE SYMPTOMS

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These conditions result either from colds or overwork of the kidneys in separating from the blood the poisons that have been absorbed from catarrh.

IT MEANS YOU HAVE KIDNEY DISEASE.

Kidney disease is the forerunner of Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, etc., and therefore should not be trifled with. Well known physicians in the East are now prescribing for these symptoms a small chocolate-coated tablet known as

Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure

and with most excellent results.

This is not a patent medicine "cure all," but prescribed only for kidney disease, a feature which commends it alike to Physician and Patient.

Because of its rare merit and excellence the up-to-date druggists of Duluth wish to announce that they will hereafter keep on sale, for the benefit of their patrons, MULL'S PIONEER KIDNEY CURE.

Read what Mr. Henry E. Dixey, the well known Comedian, says:

Auditorium Hotel, Chicago, Ill., Jan. 21, 1901.

The Lightning Med. Co., Rock Island, Ill.

Gentlemen: For the sake of humanity I desire to make known to others who suffer from Kidney and Bladder Troubles the wonderful merits of Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure. I found this remedy to be promptly and lastingly effective, and most earnestly recommend it. Yours truly,

(Signed) HENRY E. DIXEY.

In every $1.00 box Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure is placed a dollar draft which patient can have cashed in case no benefit results. This draft is drawn on Rock Island National Bank, Rock Island, Ill. Pioneer Kidney Cure is put up in two sizes—a trial size at 25 cents and the $1.00 size. The latter is guaranteed. The Lightning Medicine Co., of Rock Island, Ill., will mail you a free sample if you like.

Messrs. Leithhead Drug Co., Wholesale Druggists, carry quantities with which to supply the Northwest, so that any druggist in or out of the city can get it for you promptly, no matter where you live.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer relieves of life one great burden, PAIN, 25c.

The best toilet soap man can make costs only 10c. now.

Any higher price is waste; for a better soap than Jap Rose is impossible, though you pay a dollar a cake for it.

And Jap Rose costs but a dime.

Jap Rose
[TRADE MARK]
Soap

A transparent, glycerin soap, made from pure vegetable oil and perfumed with roses.

Kirk's finest production--and that means the world's best.

BE STRONG.

Lincoln Sexual Pills restore *natural* strength and vigor. They do *not* excite or stimulate. They are a perfectly pure and certain nerve food, and every tablet is standardized to absolute uniformity. Use them and you will rejoice in strength, nerve vigor and manly magnetism.

Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO., FORT WAYNE, IND.
FOR SALE IN DULUTH BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

Omega Oil

THROAT AND CHEST—The doctors have all sorts of names for throat and chest troubles, but they are pretty much the same in character after all. Bronchitis, Tonsilitis, Pleurisy, Asthma and similar troubles are more or less related, and whatever is good for one is good for the others. Omega Oil accomplishes wonderful things in troubles of the breathing organs. The beauty of it is that you can rub it in from the outside, and run no risk of swallowing or inhaling drugs that may cause internal troubles or injure the digestion. It is a liniment that softens, loosens, heals, allays inflammation, and brings about relief as nothing else ever did before. The weather is so changeable and dangerous that Omega Oil has come to be looked upon as a remedy that no one can ignore.

If your dealer refuses to supply you with this wonderful Swiss green liniment, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 761

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

Takes the Soreness Out

Stops pain! Relieves suffering when no other remedy in the world will effect a cure. These are strong claims, but **Hinkley's Bone Liniment** warrants them by its wonderful work. Test it—on any pain. Famous for 40 years. Sold everywhere in 25c. 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

D. E. PRALL & CO., Saginaw, Mich.

BEFORE AND AFTER

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.

CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2275, San Francisco, Cal. For Sale by Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

R & G CORSETS
NEVER STRETCH

The moderately straight R & G No. 397 was and is the corset of comfort with the essence of style. It is straight enough for the prevailing vogue and curved enough to conform to healthful anatomical lines. In 1900 we were unable to fully meet the demand for straight-front goods and unwilling to resort to any makeshift to meet the conditions. At present, however, considerable additions to our factory facilities enable us to keep the trade supplied with real straight-front corsets at retail prices from $1.00 to $2.50, and also our 397, 197, Empire and other popular numbers. There are over seventy styles and sizes of R & G Corsets—a corset to fit every figure. R & G Corsets are the corsets that do not stretch. Every hairbreadth of stretch is taken out of the goods by means of steam-heated iron forms. This gives a permanency to the right shape and form that will stay in it until the last day you wear it. Every R & G Corset is sold with the understanding that it must give satisfaction to the wearer, or the dealer will supply a new one free of cost. If your dealer hasn't it, send us his name and we will see that you are supplied with what you want.

R & G CORSET CO.
363 BROADWAY NEW YORK

DEFECTIVE PAGE

LOUISINE SILK NOT NEW

Its Softness and Satin-Like Finish Make It Very Attractive But Newness Rests Only In Its Name.

New York, April 16.—Of all the new fabrics that the spring fashions disclosed, and the list isn't a very large one—indeed, quite short if mercerized stuffs are left out—none is received with such general admiration as is Louisine silk. Its softness and satin-like finish make it very attractive, and the newness claimed for it helps along the sales. I think that most of its newness rests in its name, for we certainly have had heretofore weaves very like it, but it comes in all the colors that now are stylish, and is a successful claimant for attention. As a material for bodices and entire gowns it is made up with a deal of lace and Persian trimming, the former being used with impressive freedom. Since its first appearance there has developed a trick of combining velvet with it. I saw a gown made in this way, black panne velvet and dove gray Louisine being the components, ivory lace and embroidered silk being added for trimming. Of all the dresses in which this combination was made, I have not seen one that was not handsome, the velvet supplying richness and elegance that the silk alone does not possess unless some of it comes from fine trimmings. In black, however, the silk stands especially well by itself, and a great deal of black Louisine will be worn.

Novelties are demanded and ordered in boleros and princess effects, though how the designers respond to the demand I hardly can understand. Boleros have been stylish without complete interruption for many seasons and in the prefatory announcements of the styles of every incoming season has been the statement that princess gowns would be correct for all who would wear them. As to the latter, of course, the qualification as to suitability confined the fashion to comparatively few, but the same qualification holds now and always will, for the time will never come when a woman with a poor figure will seem well dressed in a tight princess gown. As to the use of the bolero, there has been further limitation than an occasional sharpening up on the need of novelty in them. So designers must be hard pressed now to turn out what is wanted, though it would be a captious critic who would say that their current output gives evidence of such difficulty. A succession of ideas seems as child's lay for these adroit schemers, though the prices demanded for them hint pretty strongly that it's the result of work, and work for revenue only, rather than for art's sake. In princess gowns the cleverest tricks are aimed at leniency for the imperfect figure. They are very successful in overcoming small defects, but stop at that. The assistance lent in one princess gown I saw was in the band of Persian embroidery. Electric blue albatross was the material of this dress, tucked white silk giving yoke and collar. The other dress was tan cheviot, with stitching and tabs as finish, and the bodice was tucked nile green stitched in white. Many skirts with the belt cut in one are being made, and their stylishness is all right, but they're not advisable for anyone who hasn't good length of waist.

One does not often have occasion for laughter at a concert of classical music, and when it does arise I suspect that there is more relief and enjoyment in the fun than there is when the laughter is aroused by the intent of persons on the stage or platform. This was in the pretty hall of the Mendelssohn Glee club, a long-established organization of men singers. It was not a club concert, however. The hall has become the favorite place for chamber concerts and recitals. This was a recital of the severest kind, where you look intense while the singer pours forth grewsome strains in unintelligible German, or the pianist thumps things that are as incomprehensible as they are interminable. I always find a certain satisfaction in such an affair in the thought that there is at least one happy person in town at the moment—the performer—and I wouldn't assert for a second that there are not members of the musically elect present who really do get something out of it. Inasmuch as the elect look very sorrowful when they are attending a classical function, and as I seldom know just how my immediate neighbors are feeling, I look as sorrowful as the rest, which is not to deny that I have plenty of occasion for sorrow while the thing lasts; but the point is that we all follow the same course, and there is a degree of frigid decorum attained that would do credit to a Plymouth conference A. D. 1621.

This recital was not only the correct thing musically, but it was fashionable, and therefore it was well patronized. By that I mean that there was a large sale of tickets. It proved that there was plenty of room in the hall, for the weather up to shortly after noon had been the worst of which New York is capable, which is saying volumes—of rain, this time; also wind. All the morning the streets were gray with drenching gusts, and though the rain gave over somewhat at 1 o'clock there was a deal of wind left and threatening clouds in abundance. Hence all who ventured forth took their umbrellas with them. By the time the agony began the sun was shining. It was right in what seemed to be the most impressive part of the concert that a smile began to struggle its way over the audience. The performer may have observed it and wondered, and maybe he pitched in with added fervor, but the smile grew, passing quickly from one fact to another until all persons in the hall save two were infected by it. One of the exceptions was the performer. The other—wait a moment.

The piece came to an end with what seemed to be a well devised and splendidly executed climax, and the performer hurried to the retiring room. There was a burst of polite applause and then the audience broke into unrestrained laughter, all except one. That was a woman in the front row of the balcony. Nobody happened to be sitting near her, so that she was conspicuous naturally, and she had made herself more so by raising her umbrella and sitting under it, as if there were a shower in progress. When she was first discovered thus the sensation was one of wonderment. Then it was easily and quickly reasoned that she had raised the umbrella to protect herself from a strong draught from a partly opened window. The simplicity of the device, the incongruous appearance and the contented indifference to, or rather the sublime ignorance of, the sensation she made was irresistible. She may have wondered what all the laughing was about, but if she realized it she minded not, and the umbrella remained up until near the end of the concert, when the performer sent for an usher, had the window closed and thus removed the necessity for protection. Then the umbrella came down and the recital terminated in dignified fashion.

They were preparing an entertainment in one of the Harlem churches. It consisted of elaborate charades, in which the various persons who assisted had to speak little pieces prepared for them by the manager. This was a comparatively newcomer in the society, an energetic young bachelor. That's the way it goes, you know; the brunt of such matters is always borne by an energetic unmarried man, who is new to the place. He had not only devised the charades, but had composed the lines and written them out in his own hand, and at the first rehearsal he distributed them to the parties chosen to give them utterance. At the end of the rehearsal, when all but himself had gone home, he found one of his slips of paper that had been left behind. He knew to whom he had given it, a certain young married woman, and knew that she must have left it inadvertently. So he took it along and next morning mailed it to her in one of the envelopes used regularly in his business, inclosing with it no word of explanation, for he presumed that the matter would explain itself.

It did, beautifully. The envelope, addressed in his own hand, and legibly enough, as was later determined, was taken by the postman to the building indicated, a large apartment house, and there delivered to the wrong party. There is no doubt that it was carelessness on the part of the letter carrier, but there was some excuse in the fact that two families of somewhat similar name lived in the building. The names were as near alike as Ambrose and Andrews, though those were not the names in fact. So, then, the envelope with the charade lines intended for Mrs. Ambrose fell into the hands of Mrs. Andrews. Whether the latter observed at once that the direction was wrong may be doubted, but she opened the envelope and then she knew that there had been a mistake. Here was an anonymous letter overrunning with terms of endearment. There was a lot about "lovely eyes," "tresses" rhyming with "caresses," and other sentimental stuff such as had not been addressed to Mrs. Andrews for many a proper year. The anonymity of this tender epistle was speedily solved by looking at the business card on the left hand upper corner of the envelope, and the party for whom it was intended was made out by more careful inspection of the address. Perhaps Mrs. Andrews pondered this matter a long time. She may have been tempted to destroy the epistle and keep the shocking fact it revealed to herself, but whatever her cogitations, she eventually called at the door of the Ambrose flat and left the envelope and contents there with word that it had been "opened by mistake." Mrs. Ambrose recognized her missing charade part, but as she did not meet Mrs. Andrews at the time it was delivered the latter was not enlightened as to its significance.

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(Signed) HENRY E. DIXEY.

In every $1.00 box Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure is placed a dollar draft which patient can have cashed in case no benefit results. This draft is drawn on Rock Island National Bank, Rock Island, Ill. Pioneer Kidney Cure is put up in two sizes—a trial size at 25 cents and the $1.00 size. The latter is guaranteed. The Lightning Medicine Co., of Rock Island, Ill., will mail you a free sample if you like.

Messrs. Leithhead Drug Co., Wholesale Druggists, carry quantities with which to supply the Northwest, so that any druggist in or out of the city can get it for you promptly, no matter where you live.

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FOR SALE IN DULUTH BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

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THROAT AND CHEST—The doctors have all sorts of names for throat and chest troubles, but they are pretty much the same in character after all. Bronchitis, Tonsilitis, Pleurisy, Asthma and similar troubles are more or less related, and whatever is good for one is good for the others. Omega Oil accomplishes wonderful things in troubles of the breathing organs. The beauty of it is that you can rub it in from the outside, and run no risk of swallowing or inhaling drugs that may cause internal troubles or injure the digestion. It is a liniment that softens, loosens, heals, allays inflammation, and brings about relief as nothing else ever did before. The weather is so changeable and dangerous that Omega Oil has come to be looked upon as a remedy that no one can ignore.

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The moderately straight R & G No. 397 was and is the corset of comfort with the essence of style. It is straight enough for the prevailing vogue and curved enough to conform to healthful anatomical lines. In 1900 we were unable to fully meet the demand for straight-front goods and unwilling to resort to any makeshift to meet the conditions. At present, however, considerable additions to our factory facilities enable us to keep the trade supplied with real straight-front corsets at retail prices from $1.00 to $2.50, and also our 397, 197, Empire and other popular numbers. There are over seventy styles and sizes of R & G Corsets—a corset to fit every figure. R & G Corsets are the corsets that do not stretch. Every hairbreadth of stretch is taken out of the goods by means of steam-heated iron forms. This gives a permanency to the right shape and form that will stay in it until the last day you wear it. Every R & G Corset is sold with the understanding that it must give satisfaction to the wearer, or the dealer will supply a new one free of cost. If your dealer hasn't it, send us his name and we will see that you are supplied with what you want.

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363 BROADWAY NEW YORK

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

Takes the Soreness Out

Stops pain! Relieves suffering when no other remedy in the world will effect a cure. These are strong claims, but **Hinkley's Bone Liniment** warrants them by its wonderful work. Test it — on any pain. Famous for 40 years. Sold everywhere in 25c. 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

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MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if neglected leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.

The reason sufferers are not cured by doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

Ladies' Patent Leather Shoes with heavy extension soles—special tomorrow $2.98

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New Spring Styles.

RELIABLE GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES

Wieland's $3.50 Shoe for Men.

A stylish shoe of extra quality—the new Russia calf is a beauty, also in vici kid, velour calf, box calf and patent leather, different styles, all sizes and widths $3.50

Stacy, Adams & Co.—the shoe that always pleases—new shapes and a neat beautiful shoe, widths A to EE—

$5.00 and $6.00

Men's stylish shoes....$2, $2.50 and $3

Boys' Shoe Special, $1.50—Boys' satin calf, neat and good wear, reg. $1.75 grade $1.50

Youth's shoes, sizes 12 to 2....$1.25

Little Men's shoes $1.00

Sorosis Shoe

The shoe that appeals to the critical taste of women who are looking for **stylishness, durability and good fit,** and the absolute certainty that Sorosis will meet these requirements, has been demonstrated by the enormous sale of Sorosis to the fashionable trade of all large cities; 18 different styles to select from—shoes and Oxford ties; different lasts adapted to the different shape of feet. Ask to be fitted with

Sorosis, $3.50

Price always

Ladies' Patent Kid Shoes and Oxfords—

$3.00 and $4.00

Ladies' Shoes.

$3.00 Fit-Easy Shoes—The largest assortment of $3.00 shoes in the city in the most reliable makes, turn or welt sewed $3.00

Ladies' Special $2.98 Patent Leather extension sole—snappy style, as swell as a $4 shoe, special .. $2.98

Ladies' shoes, extra value at

$1.50, $2.00, $2.50

Steel Shod Shoes.

A high grade shoe for Boys and Girls, the newest and most comfortable shapes. We are sole agents for Duluth. Prices

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Misses' shoes, latest style, kid and patent leathers..... $2.00

Misses' lace and button shoes $1.25

Children's lace or button shoes, sizes 8½ to 11 ..... $1.00

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Infant's shoes and Moccasins—

25c and 50c

UNIQUE PORTRAIT OF KING EDWARD VII.

Britain's New King In His Robes As a Knight of Malta, One of the Most Distinguished Orders of Europe.

One of the many Orders to which King Edward belongs is the Knights of Malta, which was formed in Jerusalem at about the time the Plantagenets mounted the English throne. The King is a member of many noble Orders and occupies a very high rank in the Masonic fraternity.

MET BY SHERIFF

Indiana Miners Change Their Mind On Reaching Kentucky.

Were to Induce Kentucky Miners to Go on a Strike.

Little Persuasion on Part of Sheriff Turned Them Back.

Evansville, Ind., April 19.—Indiana miners who started during the night for the coal fields of Western Kentucky, where, it was stated, they would use every effort to induce the miners to go on strike, were met at Sebre, Ky., near which town they landed, after crossing the Ohio river, by a sheriff's posse. The sheriff had armed himself with warrants for the leaders of the delegation. He halted the crowd, read to them the Kentucky intimidation law, and ordered them back to their boat.

After a short conference, the Indiana leaders decided to obey rather than precipitate a fight, and marched their followers back to the landing, three miles distant.

There was much excitement during the night in anticipation of a bloody fight, and the population witnessed the denoument.

FIGHT PROBABLE.

Strike Likely In Fifth Ohio Coal District.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 19.—After a conference of national and state and United Mine Workers, it was stated today by National Vice President Lewis and State Presient Haskins that a fight is probable between the miners and operators of the Fifth Ohio sub-district, which includes four counties in West Virginia, employing 5000 men.

A final conference will be held this afternoon.

COLOMBIA

Government Authorities Now Have Situation Well In Hand.

Washington, April 19.—The Colombian minister, Dr. Martinez Silvela, has received a cable dispatch from Bogota saying that the government authorities have the situation completely in hand, peace and quiet being restored at all important points and the revolutionists being scattered to the wild interior regions. It adds that the extensive river commerce has been resumed, and that the exports of coffee and sugar are being revived in a most satisfactory extent. United States Minister Hart, at Bogota, has transmitted to the state department, a translation of a decree of the Colombian executive exempting from import duties a number of food products. The decree states:

"The following articles are exempt from import duties in the custom houses of the republic during the continuance of the present disturbed condition and during sixty days more:

"Sweet potatoes, potatoes, onions, garlic rice, corn, peas, lentils, beans, sugar, wheat, flour, lard, butter and all kinds of vegetables, grains and garden stuffs imported in their natural state and without any preparation whatever. The decree took effect March 5.

CHRIST'S SECOND COMING.

Baltimore Minister Thinks That It Is Near.

Washington, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rev. Peter Ainslee, pastor of the Calhoun Street Church of Disciples, of Baltimore, preached last Sunday at a religious meeting held in the entertainment hall of the West Branch Young Men's Christian association. He took for his suuject, "Is the Coming of Christ Near?" and said in part as follows:

"For the last four or five years I have been greatly interested in the return of our Lord. I scarcely know how I came to give special study to the subject, but I know that since I have come to believe in His near return the New Testament has become a new book to me, and many obscure passages have become clear. I am now surprised that I should have studied the Bible so long and not have seen it before. It is the exhortation of the New Testament. All the gospels are full of it; so is the Acts of the Apostles, and scarcely an epistle but has mention of it. The two Epistles to the Thessalonians are largely taken up with it, and some epistles, like Phillipplans, for instance, that may be read in eight minutes, have no less than five direct mentions of our Lord's return. Revelations, which outlines the program of the ages, is also full of it. Indeed, the New Testament, which may be read in about ten hours, has no less than fifty direct calls to 'watch' for the coming of the Lord, or one call in every twelve minutes in our reading. Massillon declared that in the days of primitive Christianity it would have been deemed a kind of apostasy not to sigh for the return of the Lord, and the Testament closes with that impassioned prayer 'Amen, come, Lord Jesus!' Gibbon, although an infidel, in his history of Rome, says that this doctrine was productive of the most salutary effect on the faith and practice of the early Christians. Preachers like Spurgeon, Beecher, and Moody, believed in it, also reformers like Luther, Calvin and Knox, and hymnwriters like Desley, Newton, Watts, Toplady and Bliss.

"The term mellennium is mentioned only once in the Scriptures, and in that instance we are not told to watch for it nor labor to bring it about, but on every page of the sacred book we are urged to watch for the return of our Lord, whose coming is certain, but the day is unmarked in the calendar, and any attempt to locate the exact time is unholy handling of the word of God. Those who say He will not come until after the millennium have set a date for His coming as much as William Miller did in 1833 when he named 1843 as the date for the second advent and the final judgment. Jesus may not come for 100 years, and he may come at any time, or there would be no meaning whatever in that frequent exhortation, 'Watch, for ye know not when your Lord cometh.'"

Rev. Mr. Ainslee quoted many passages in support of this view and referred to the Zionist movement and the present missionary activity as signs of His coming. Mr. Ainslie concluded: "The fact that the world is getting worse indicates the speedy return of Jesus, when the whole world shall be brought to the knowledge of His saivation. Every knee shall bow to him and He shall then be Lord of Lords and King of Kings."

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POKER GAMES.

Ones Played In Chicago Lasted More Than a Week.

The morning after the police raided the Thompson-Owsley poker game, which ran uninterruptedly for over 150 hours in Indianapolis, there was not a player in court when the cases of the twenty-one men were called, says the Chicago Tribune. Judge Daly smiled as the attorneys for the defense asked for a continuance until next week. It would have been worse cruelty even than the men had inflicted on themselves had the court dragged them into its presence after their trying ordeal of the preceding week. The faces that confronted the desk sergeant the night of the arrest were pale and streaked with creases, and when the men were released on bail furnished by the proprietors of the game most of them went to near-by drug stores for large quantities of whisky or "dope" to throw themselves into slumber.

Of the 150 continuous hours, Gus Rahke probably played 130 hours, and at the end of the time he was less than $100 to the good. Few of the men carried away large winnings, as the rake-off absorbed most of the cash. Four queens was the best hand called. Four kings opened one pot and took it without a struggle. A pair of nines won a $150 pot.

"Do you know," said Rahke, "after you confront the cards for so long a time the red on the spots disappears and you have to tell the diamonds and hearts by the outlines. The red turns into a blue-green, and just looks like curly-haired devils. Another point about this strain; after you have played almost fifty hours, it is difficult to call a full house correctly. You invariably speak of a nine full on trays as a tray full on nines; and half the time I expect I called them trine full on nays, and I didn't drink any more than enough to keep fe awake either. After a long strain, a man awakens from a short nap with a fine feeling. It's usually the second day after that gives you that John Dew sadness about the face, and the freckled taste in the back part of the mouth. I only lost a half pound in weight. I would play night in and day out for a few weeks if I could only lose a few more pounds—and then some."

Many poker games in Chicago have lasted as long as and even longer than the one in Indianapolis. A game played in one of the wealthiest and most exclusive Chicago clubs lasted two weeks and one day. Twenty-eight players took part in the game which was played last fall. Some of the players were to sleepy to take an intelligent part in the game would lie down for a few hours in the sleeping rooms of the club, and as soon as they had had two or three hours' sleep would be called by one of the club attendants, and, after a little coffee and a bit to eat, would return to the game for another long siege. A few of the players went to their homes now and then, but would invariably be back in six or eight hours, and put in a day and a night at least before taking another run out to their families.

When any of the players would stop playing and leave the game, to be gone a number of hours, they would put the chips in the rack and set them to one side, and when they returned would begin where they had left off, and go right on again. At meal times some of the players would go into the dining room of the club and take a square meal before returning to the game, but others would have their meals put on a little table, and set near their elbow, where they could take hasty bites while other players were studying their hands. None of the players dropped out of the game, which kept on continuously the entire fifteen days, when it finally ended by mutual consent. There were at no time less than ten playing.

Some of the players kept up their regular business pursuits during the game, returning to the club at 4 o'clock and sitting in the game until 5, and then taking a three hours' sleep before going to business. All the players at various times went long periods without quitting the game or taking sleep, and with only sandwiches and coffee for their meals. One man sat four days at the table without a particle of sleep and only hasty luncheons instead of meals. Considerable money was won and lost in the game, one man winning $3256, and another man losing $2500. The "kitty" was well fed for the benefit of the club servants, who made a handsome thing off the game and were sorry when it came to a finish.

Another big game in one of the big Chicago social clubs was played only a few weeks ago and lasted from Thursday noon until Monday morning. The players were all wealthy and prominent men and gave up their entire time to the game from the moment it started until it closed. Nobody left the table except for a short sleep and a full meal now and then, and hardly any of the players were outside the club during the four days. One of the players won $4500 during the game and others lost thousands in that time.

One well-known business man in Chicago sat in a game played in a West Side saloon a year ago for over three days and a half. He hardly left the table; he did not take one wink of sleep, he was not once outside of the building where the game was played, and he ate all of his meals at the table while playing. He went out of the game suddenly by falling in a dead faint from his chair to the floor. He was showing down his cards when he fainted, and after the doctor had worked for some time to bring him to his first words were: "Three of a kind here, what have you got?"

It is a common thing in all of the clubs in Chicago where poker playing is permitted and the regular poker clubs for a game to begin on Saturday at noon and continue until 5 or 6 o'clock on Monday morning. In these games some of the players sit continuously until 9 or 10 o'clock on Sunday morning, then sleep until 2 or 3, and resume play until the game breaks up the next morning.

In the games played in the regular gambling clubs in Chicago—of which there are any number in spite of the fact that the police say there is no gambling in the city—games which begin in the afternoon run until 9 or 10 o'clock the next morning, and often much longer. The gambling clubs all have their own kitchens and waiters and serve a good dinner to the players at 6 o'clock in the evening. At midnight a hot lunch is served, and in the morning breakfast as good as any furnished by the hotels is put on the tables. The games run as long at these places as anybody in the game wishes to keep on playing. Often of an original crowd of six or eight who sit down to a game all but one or two may have dropped away after a day and a half of play, or even in much less than that time. If there is still one of the party who is a liberal player that wants to continue in the game the manager or proprietor of the club and some of the attaches will sit in and play until the visitor is finally satisfied and wants to quit.

One player in a Madison street club not long ago started in with five friends and played from 3 o'clock in the afternoon until 10 the next morning. Four of the players then dropped out and the two remaining kept up the game with the proprietor of the house and three attaches. At night one of the two men who had originally started in the game dropped out, and at night two of the attaches were supplanted.

The proprietor grew weary toward morning and sent for a friend of his who ran another gambling house down the street to take his place. At evening on that day the original player was still plugging along. The next morning the original player was still going finely, and the proprietor, who had taken a good sleep, was wildly rushing around trying to get him fresh company to take the places of those that dropped out. The original player kept up the game until night, and was proclaiming that he was good for at least a day more, when suddenly he failed to respond to a raise, and when the other players looked at him he was fast asleep. That ended the game, with the original player still $8400 to the good.

FOX HABITS.

Described By Hunter Who Made Remarkable Shot.

What an experience of more than twenty years has not taught Rufus W. Harris, of Johnston, about fox hunting would look small beside the knowledge of wily Reynard and his ways which Mr. Harris has accumulated during this period. But although more than fifty foxes have fallen before the quick eye and sure aim of this Rhode Island hunter, yet it remained for him to accomplish, on the eighteenth of January last, a feat unparalleled in the fox-hunting records of these parts, and which has probably been accomplished so few times as to make it a fact well worthy of preservation and of exceptional interest to hunters of all kinds of game, and to fox hunters in particular, says the Providence Journal.

On the day mentioned Mr. Harris took his fox hound "Chief" and joined "Joe" Belknap and Mr. Potter, both of them ardent fox hunters, in a chase after a fox which they located about a swamp near the George White place on the Hartford pike, about a mile and a half from Manton Village.

In accordance with a custom of fox hunting, the dogs, three in number, were started on the track, and the hunters were waiting until the chase should become straightened out, so that they might take a station at some runway where the fox would be likely to pass, and from which a shot might be obtained. Mr Harris told his companions that he would go a short distance down a near-by cart path, as he believed the fox was in a swamp in that vicinity, and he might be able to find out something that would help to land the game.

Proceeding along the cart path for a short distance, Mr. Harris stood still a while, in an endeavor to locate the dogs, and thereby get some clue to the direction the hunt was taking, and was just about to return to his companions, when he saw a fox jump from the brush about thirty yards away, and, even as his gun was thrown to his shoulder, he caught a glimpse of a second fox close behind the first, and the two shots from his breech-loader rang out as quickly as action could follow thought. Mr. Harris saw that he had what rarely falls to the lot of the fox hunters, and which he could scarcely realize as a completed fact, namely, made a double shot and killed a full-grown fox with each barrel.

During the short time in which he was gone from his hunting companions the latter had heard the shots, followed closely one upon the other, and had speculated upon the possibilities of the case, which they would have been certain was bird shooting, but for the fact that the time was in the close season. They discarded the idea that Mr. Harris had shot a fox as improbable, but when he came in sight Mr. Belknap first caught a glimpse of one of the foxes, and then of both, although he could hardly believe his eyes.

Marching up with his load of foxes the doubly fortunate hunter said: "If you want any foxes don't stand around here; go down in the swamp and shoot a few. I've got as many as I care for today."

The two foxes were a male and a female. While they are likely to be found together at this time of the year, it is very seldom that they are seen in couples, as they take good care, as a rule, to separate as soon as they are started, thus making two tracks and bothering the dogs, as well as lessening the chances of both foxes being killed. Neither Mr. Harris nor any fox hunter with whom he has talked ever heard of two foxes being killed in this manner before.

It is interesting to note that these animals, conceded to be the wariest of all our wild neighbors, either in fur or feathers, were found but a short distance from a thickly settled place, and that they felt so secure that they had, in all probability, just been started from their day shelter by the sound of the dogs upon their tracks, when they were shot by Mr. Harris. But the fox—beside being the wariest of animals, is of the wisest, and is enabled by this wisdom to live close to the haunts of man with comparative safety, and frequently it raises litters of young foxes so close to farm houses that the young rascals may be seen playing about the burrow, in which they quickly seek refuge upon the approach of an enemy whom they fear. In a case of this kind they do not prey upon the poultry of the yards near to their home, but go farther away, apparently realizing that, while a man may hear with philosophy the losses of others, he is apt to exact prompt payment for his own when he can do so.

And yet, in spite of all his cunning and wise ways, the fox is, says Mr. Harris, foolish in some ways. He will, for instance, run within easy gunshot of a hunter who stands in an open field or upon a frozen pond in clear sight, if the hunter does not move; and many are shot in this way because they delight in crossing open places, especially ice, which they invariably seek when they can, in order to leave the least possible amount of scent for the dogs to follow. But let the hunter so much as flip a finger while the fox is in sight and away he will bound, alert and alive to the danger which he would not have perceived had the hunter been quite still.

Mr. Harris has many interesting tales to tell of fox-hunting experiences, but perhaps the most interesting kill he ever made, aside from the double, was one of a fox of peculiar color which he killed some fifteen years ago. This fox is neither red nor gray, but appears to be a mixture of both, with some black thrown in to make up the assortment of colors. It is supposed to be a cross between the common red fox and a silver gray, and is such a unique specimen that Mr. Southwick, curator at Roger Williams Park, once secured the loan of the animal, which Mr. Harris had stuffed and mounted, to place in a collection of animals of this state, which he took to New Orleans for exhibition.

Mr. Harris has a record of every fox he has shot since he bought the breech-loading shotgun he now uses, and with which he has killed nearly all of his foxes, some of them at a distance of eighty yards. When he shoots a fox, Mr. Harris makes a record of the time, place and any other incident he wishes to recollect, and has space for upon the empty cartridge shell, and he has a most interesting collection of these shells, from each of which a story more or less exciting may be had with the aid of Mr. Harris's recollection prompted and freshened by the records, which range in date from 1885 to the last phenomenal kill which is recorded upon two empty green shells that were loaded with three and three-quarter drams of powder, and one and one-eighth ounces of BB shot.

Mr. Harris hunts nothing but foxes and coons, and a peculiarity of his shooting is that he shoots from the left shoulder, although, he is, normally, a right-handed shot. About twenty years ago a piece of steel flew from a tool he was using upon stone work and destroyed the sight of his right eye, and he fired at a squirrel one day to find that he could no longer depend upon the injured member for shooting. Discouraged at first, he was prompted to practice shooting from his left shoulder, and his recent feat, which required the utmost speed and accuracy, shows how proficient he has been.

Besides being well known as a fox hunter, Mr. Harris, commonly called "Rufe" Harris, has a wide acquaintance as a man of business and as a member of the general assembly from Johnston, an office which he held before the town was divided. But among hunters it is safe to say that his claim to fame will rest more securely upon his right and left kill of the foxes.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

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That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

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100 pairs Men's $3.50 Shoes, tan or black.....$2.48
100 pairs Men's $1.50 veal calf shoes.....$1.19

Nowhere else will you find such low prices—quality for quality—as here. You will be surprised—agreeably surprised—at the sterling qualities in the stunning spring and summer styles of Kulture Shoes for women at..... **$3.50**

The Famous Shoe Store

AT WEST DULUTH

Now that the West Duluth park has been secured, is being surveyed and will a little later be improved, the next matter to come up will be the name of the park. In this the Fairmount school alumni association have taken the initiative and are entitled to the first consideration from the fact that it was the first organization to take up the matter of a name. Some time last fall the association sent a liberally signed petition to the board of park commissioners, through Dr. Burnside, the resident commissioner of West Duluth, asking that the new acquisition of the city be called "Fairmount park." At that time negotiations for the park were not closed, and the outlook was a little too indefinite, so the petition was filed. The matter has been considered on one or two occasions of late by the board, and the commissioners express themselves as pretty well pleased with the name proposed. The meaning of the word "Fairmount" seems to be particularly applicable to the site because of its hilly nature, besides the park is located near the Fairmount school, and lastly, it would be named after the famous park in Philadelphia in which the Centennial exposition was held in 1876. The matter of a name is brought before the people of West Duluth to find out how they like the name of "Fairmount park."

WEST DULUTH ANNOUNCEMENTS

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West Duluth Store 317 Central Ave.

Follow the Crowd to The Great Fire Sale At Hendricks Dry Goods Store, West Duluth.

Remnants of Cloth, each.....1c, 2c & 5c
Blue and White check Shirting and Apron goods, a yard.....3c
Some very good goods, partly burnt, at only, a yard.....5c
Several thousand yards of Shirtings, Skirtings and Dress Goods, at, a yard.....8c
A very handsome lot of Moleskin Outings, suitable for Shirts, Skirts or Children's Dresses; all perfect goods, at only, a yard.....10c
One lot of Satin finish, red, blue and pink stripes; goods worth 25c; fire sale price.....10c

You should not fail to take advantage of our fire sale prices.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

A WILD WEST ANIMAL.

People living on Fifty-fourth avenue west were treated to a wild West broncho busting exhibition on a small scale yesterday. It was a very successful affair even to the wind-up in which one of the horse-breakers came to grief. The horse belongs to Harry Morgan and does not have the appearance of an animal whose hide covers a very large amount of contrariness, but it so demonstrated yesterday. George Spitz took the horse out first for a little ride, but had not gone far before the equine's four feet became fixed to the pavement to such a degree that its body refused to go farther. Then the animal was steered in every direction, but it stuck to the spot. Charles Hill, another West Duluth man, whose reputation as a rider of unruly horses is widely known in these parts, succeeded to the saddle. He was most energetic in his inducements to make the horse move. It did, finally. It took about three terrific jumps and stopped, but Charles kept on going until he and the pavement met several feet beyond the horse. It was a pretty hard fall, and the rider was fortunate to escape with no further injury than a shaking up. Relieved of its load, the horse returned alone to the barn.

TEARING UP THE ROAD.

John Cashin, who has been in camp all winter scaling for the Mitchell & McClure company, has finished his work and is back at his lumber office in West Duluth. Mr. Cashin says that the Mitchell & McClure company has made considerable headway in the work of tearing up their logging railway line and the rails are being brought to West Duluth and stored near the mill until next winter, when they will be relaid for the company's logging operations at some other point.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Justice of Peace Stone's court presented a scene of activity this morning. Business was rushing. One case scheduled was a suit to recover a board bill, and a woman from Proctorknott, whose assault case was dismissed the other day, was back again this morning with reinforcements to see if another warrant could be procured, as she is not yet satisfied to let the matter rest. The court took her wishes under consideration.

William Barley this morning received a telegram from relatives in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, announcing the serious illness of his father, who is not expected to live. Mr. Barley left for Iowa this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Brasgale, of 308 Sixty-third avenue west, have a little daughter, born yesterday.

Oscar Giffert has returned from Minneapolis, where he has been for several months past taking a course of pharmacy. He will remain here for the summer.

The senate club will hold a social session at the club room this evening.

The first sale of the Hendricks Dry Gods company of the stock of the Shores Shirt company is on now, and West Duluthians are taking advantage of the bargains offered.

An effort is being made to have the owners of vacant lots on the townsite of Proctorknott clean up the old stumps, undergrowth and rubbish on the lots, not only because a cleaning would add to the appearance of the village, but danger from fire would be avoided during the dry season. Another thing that is being called to attention of the authorities is the bad condition of the road between Proctorknott and Bay View Heights.

John Barncard and family, of Duluth, has moved to Proctorknott.

R. Scott, of Proctorknott, has gone to Idaho to locate claims.

Mr. and Mrs. John McCue have moved to Iron River, Wis.

Miss Bertha Brayden has resigned her position at the New Store on account of her mother's illness.

Mrs. Joseph McGuire has returned from North Dakota, where she proved up her claims recently. She is the guest of Mrs. M. Holland.

The Duluth Foundry and Machine company has filled all its orders for malleable castings and is now making gray iron. The machine shop is overrun with work.

The third annual ball given in the Great Eastern hall last night by Sitting Bull Tribe, Improved Order of Redmen, was one of the largest and most enjoyable events of the season. The festivities did not cease until a late hour.

NEARLY READY.

Ripley Case Will Go to Jury Soon.

Frankfort, Ky., April 19.—Indications are that the case of Capt. Garnett D. Ripley, tried for alleged complicity in the shooting of Governor Goebel, will go to the jury late this afternoon. Attorney O'Neal made the closing argument for the defense this morning, and Commonwealth Attorney Franklin will close for the prosecution this afternoon.

Millinery

We will show a very handsome line of new hats made of Chiffons, Braids, Silk Nettings, etc, trimmed with flowers and foliage at prices from $5 to $15.

Williams

29 West Superior Street.

WILLIAM EMMET DEAD.

New York, April 19.—William Colville Emmet, treasurer of the Rapid Transit Sub-way Construction company, is dead at this home in this city from pneumonia. Mr. Emmet was a descendant of the Emmet family of Irish fame.

IMPROVED SOMEWHAT.

Canton, Ohio, April 19.—Physicians in attendance upon Mrs. Day, wife of Judge Day, former secretary of state, reported her condition today as somewhat improved. They state that while the improvement is not yet sufficient to justify hopes of ultimate recovery, it affords much encouragement.

CREW BROUGHT IN.

Pensacola, Fla., April 19.—The steamer Kotendrecht has arrived with the crew of the bark Nustuin, which was wrecked at sea and abandoned. The Nustuin sailed from Carrabelle March 12, with a cargo of lumber, encountered a terrific gale April 1, and was abandoned when the Kotendrecht hove in sight.

MORE APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, April 19.—The president today made the following appointments: State—Samuel T. Stapleton, of West Virginia, to be counsel of the United States at Nueva Laredo, Mexico. War—Howard A. Ghube, to be assistant surgeon of volunteers, with rank of captain.

FRANK RIORDAN DEAD.

Chicago, April 19.—Frank D. Riordan, well known in commercial circles, and for several years a broker with offices in the Rookery building, died today from heart failure.

ANTI-SCALPERS BILL PASSED.

Albany, N. Y., April 19.—The anti-scalpers bill has passed both branches of the legislature. It makes the buying and selling of railroad and steamboat tickets by other than railway or steamboat companies or their agents unlawful.

DEATH OF GEORGE COPPELL.

New York, April 19.—George Coppell, the senior member of the firm of George Coppell & Co., chairman of the board of directors of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, died today at his residence in this city.

HORSE KILLED.

Memphis, April 19.—St. Dean, a 3-year-old horse, owned by W. L. Hadley, was killed in a collision with another horse at Montgomery Park today while exercising. Jockey Cochran was slightly injured. St. Dean was valued at $5000.

E. SHARP DEAD.

Helena, Mont., April 19.—Ebenezer Sharpe, general manager for Montana of the New York Life Insurance company, died last night of paralysis. The remains will be taken to Indianapolis for burial.

SCORE OF THE PEDS.

Columbus, Ohio, April 19.—At noon the score in the 6-day (72 hours) walking match was: Golden, 249 miles, 11 laps; Tracy, 229:2; Hart, 217:4; Barnes, 214:5; Graham, 196:1; Stokes, 194:11; Day, 190:7; Taylor, 145:4; Porter, 139:6; Sachs, 108:10; Loeslein, 124:1. Neither Sachs nor Loeslein was on the track today and are probably out of the race for good.

GREATEST

Year In Exports From the United States.

Close to the Billion and a Half Mark.

Washington, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fiscal year 1901 seems likely to exceed any preceding year in its record of exports from the United States. The steady growth of our exports from $392,000,000 in 1870 to $835,000,000 in 1880, $1,030,000,000 in 1892 and $1,394,000,000 in 1900 has been a subject of much attention and much favorable comment, but it seems that 1901 is to surpass the record of the year 1900 and bring the export figure nearly if not quite to the billion and a half mark. The March import and export figures, just completed by the treasury department, show a total exportation from the United States in the nine months ending with March, 1901, of $1,140,179,725, or $86,340,032 in excess of last year, which held the highest record in the history of our export trade.

Another interesting fact developed by the March figures of our foreign commerce is that imports seem likely to show a decided decrease in 1901 as compared with 1900, while the exports are showing the increase above indicated. The figures of the nine months ending with March, 1901, show a decrease of $42,292,639 in the imports, as compared with those in the corresponding months of the preceding year. Thus the excess of exports over imports in the nine months under discussion is more than $100,000,000 greater than in the corresponding months of last year and far beyond the figures of any preceding year. The excess of exports over imports in the nine months ending with March, 1901, is $540,687,337, as against $411,854,566 in the corresponding months of 1900, an increase of $128,832,671 in the net excess of exports over imports for the nine months of 1901 as compared with the corresponding period of the fiscal year 1900.

The farmers are apparently the chief beneficiaries in this remarkable increase in our exports, and are in the fiscal year 1901 showing greater gains in their exports than are the manufacturers, whose record in 1899 and 1900 showed a greater percentage of growth than those engaged in agriculture. The analysis by the bureau of statistics of the March exportations of domestic merchandise has not yet been completed, but that of the eight months ending with February showed an increase of $88,000,000 in the exportation of agricultural products and but about $2,000,000 each in manufactures and products of the mines, forests and fisheries.

This check in the growth of the exportation of manufactures is more apparent than real, being due in part to the absence of statistics of exports to the Hawaiian islands and to the separation of the trade of Porto Rico from the regular statements of foreign commerce in the returns to the bureau of statistics; while the temporary reduction in the exports to China, due to the disturbed conditions in that country also accounts for the lack of growth in the figures relating to the exportation of manufactures.

The reduction in the import figures is largely due to the reduction in price of the materials imported by manufacturers, and occurs chiefly in the class "articles in a crude condition which enter into the various processes of domestic industry. Yet, while the figures of values are materially reduced the quantities of these particular articles imported for use in manufacturing show little reduction. In india rubber, for instance, the fall in value of the imports during the eight months ending with February, 1901, as compared with the same months of 1900 is from $21,000,000 in 1900 to $16,000,000 in 1901; yet the reduction in quantity is only from 33,000,000 pounds in 1900 to 32,000,000 pounds in 1901, showing that the chief reduction is in the price rather than the quantity imported. In raw silk the value of the importations falls 51 per cent while the quantity falls but 42 per cent, and in other importations of manufacturers' materials the reduction in value is greater than in quantity.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

KEPT BUSY.

Lock Makers Try to Thwart Ingenious Burglars.

More than $5,000,000 is spent each year by various safe manufacturers to devise contrivances which will resist the machinations of the professional burglar.

So far has the science of lock-picking advanced that no ordinary lock will resist the attempts of the gentlemen of the skeleton key, says the Philadelphia Times.

Edgar Poo made the statement that one human intellect could not invent a problem which no other human intellect could not solve. So the supposed triumphs of the safe makers and lock manufacturers are forever meeting with failure.

The lock-pickers are as industrious as the lock makers.

The elaborate safe of the time-lock variety is supposed to be the most difficult for the expert lock picker to open. There are many skilled burglars, however, who are able to open the doors of these safes without employing dynamite bombs or other explosives.

By listening attentively to the revolution of the wheels within the safe door a skilled mechanic may judge just where each set of tumblers should fall.

Then by pausing and letting each tumbler drop into position, he is enabled to manage even the time lock so that it will yield to his deft manipulations. That these locks are easily opened is attested frequently by firms who have to send for locksmiths to open time-locks which have become deranged.

The opening is done by employing much patience and quickness of hearing possessed by all persons skilled in lock opening.

It is seldom necessary to blow a time-lock open with dynamite. Only very delicate, careful handling of the opening mechanism is necessary.

This statement also applies to safes of the ordinary combination variety. The skilled locksmith or burglar simply listens to the falling of the tumblers into and out of their places. By ascertaining the position of each tumbler he may so adjust the combination as to raise the entire set at once.

A good locksmith, of course makes an excellent professional burglar. Among professional burglars today are some skilled locksmiths who once pursued an honorable calling. They became so adept in opening locks in the ordinary way of business that they finally decided to open those which were not intended to be opened save in the regular way.

Usually it is much more difficult to open the lock of an ordinary door than it is to open a safe. It is thought by many persons that it is difficult for a lock picker on the outside of a door to open a lock in which the key has been left on the opposite side.

As a matter of fact it is more easy to open a lock with the key in it than one from which the key has been removed.

Burglars and most skilled locksmiths possess tiny, though powerful, pliers. These pliers—very thin and long—are inserted in the lock. The end of the key is tightly clasped and the pliers held together by a thread screw. When a good hold has been obtained the pliers are turned to the right or left, as the case may be, and the bolt flies back, pushed by its own key.

A clever device to prevent the opening of a door in this manner was invented years ago by a Mrs. Hopkins, of Middleton, Conn. She placed an ordinary hairpin over the door handle just above the key. The ends of the hairpin went down through the handle of the key, thus preventing the key from being turned in the lock.

A burglar operating from the outside would find that his clever pliers were of no avail against Mrs. Hopkins' hairpin. If it were sufficiently strong the key could not be turned.

Mrs. Hopkins' hairpin ultimately gave way to a patented "burglar-proof" device, which greatly resembled the original hairpin, only it was very much stronger. This is another instance of woman conquering through that universal agent of women—the hairpin.

It is the ordinary "mortise" lock which most taxes the ingenuity of the lock pickers. This variety of lock is placed on a of the lock is in the edge of the door. Little of the lock is visible save the plate door in such a way that the main portion surrounding the key. The mechanism of mortise locks is also somewhat intricate.

Mortise locks require the use of regular skeleton keys. A "skeleton" key is a long piece of flattened steel. Some of the handles of these so-called skeleton keys are not more than a sixteenth of an inch in width. They do not have ordinary key ends, but terminate in a simple bend made at right angles to the handle. The bends are of varying lenghts.

A burglar will insert one skeleton key after another into a lock until he has successfully picked up one tumbler after another. When this is done he twists the bunch of skeletons in the proper direction for opening the lock, and the tumblers fly back as if the proper key were employed in the operation.

Mortise locks are found on most of the large office buildings, and on the outer doors of the better class of residences.

Night latches are another species of lock which the skilled burglar has some difficulty in persuading to open. The beveled end of the bolt of the night latch enters the woodwork in such a way that it may, however, be forced back by a thin, flat piece of steel. Sometimes a knife blade will serve the purpose.

Some night latches are protected by strips of metal on the outer edges, which act, to the unitiated, as safeguards against opening without a key. To the knowing thief, however, the removal of these plates is an easy matter

The screws holding the plates are imbedded in putty painted in such a way that it conceals the heads of screws. These are readily found by scraping off the putty, however—and the rest is easy.

Small locks on cash boxes are often found difficult to open. Here the burglar usually takes the box with him and opens it at his leisure with a few good blows.

It is strange, but true, that the locks on these boxes are often more difficult to manipulate than those on some of the best makes of safes.

SAND WANTED.

Ashland, Wis., Water Works.

We are in the market for 1600 cubic yards of sand, to be furnished for our filter plant, and would be glad to receive bids from any responsible party who desires to enter into a contract to furnish the same. Full particulars may be obtained by addressing the undersigned,

ASHLAND WATER COMPANY.

House cleaning and moving time is almost here.

And most every family wants something new in the Furniture and Carpet line. Before making your purchases, we invite you to come in and look over our stock, as we are confident we can please you. This spring our Carpet line is better than ever. All new patterns to select from.

Tapestry, Pro-Brussells, All-wool and Half Wool Ingrains and Granites—
38c to $1.15

3-piece Bedroom Suites, from—
$16.00 to $50.00

Commodes and Dressers, from—
$5.00 to $25.00

Sideboards, from—
$15.00 to $25.00

Chiffiniers, from—
$12.00 to $20.00

Writing Desks and Bookcases, from—
$11.00 to $30.00

Rockers, from—
$2.00 to $20.00

Iron Beds, Springs and Matrasses at all prices.

Clocks, Lamps, Wringers, Washers and Rogers' silver-plated ware.

Open Monday and Saturday evenings.

CASH OR CREDIT.

Gately Supply Co.

No. 8 East Superior St.

Johnson & Moe,

The West End Big Department Store.

EVERY DOLLAR we spend with the printer tells you something to your profit. Every price we print is printed because it is worth printing; because it tells of the uncommon, the extraordinary here. Every offer for tomorrow and Monday means something—IT'S WORTH TELLING YOU—it's profitable picking for prudent purchasers.

LADIES' WRAPPERS

Ladies' Wrappers, well-made, in Blue and Red figured Percale, tight-fitting waist lining, flounced skirt, braid trimmed yoke, our regular $1.25—Saturday's price—
95c

A few Wool Shirt Waists left—about 25 of them, good styles—nothing the matter with them, worth $1.25 up to $3.50, we'll not carry them over, so we say take your pick Saturday at—
1-3 Off regular price

10 dozen Ladies' Spring Shirt-waists, new nobby styles, worth 48c; to start the ball rolling we say your choice, each.....
33c

New Spring Suits, Skirts and Jackets

Are priced extremely low here. The assortment is more complete, and you'll be surprised at the prices we make on such stylish garments.

Ladies' Man-Tailored Suits at—
$5, $10, $12.50, $15, $19.50 and $22.50

Misses' Tailor-made real nobby Suits, in blouse Jacket, flaring Skirts; come in Tan and Blue—worth $7.50, at—each.....
$6.48

Others at $10 and $12.50.

Ladies' Tailored Walking Skirts, in Brown, Blue, Gray and Black, at—
$3.50, $3.98, $5.50, $7.50 and up

Misses' Walking Skirts, nobby, stylish garments, in Gray, Brown and Blue at
$2.50, $3.50 and $5.00

New Spring Wash Fabrics.

The styles and patterns are very pretty this season—in fact, prettier than we ever had the pleasure of showing you here. We name only a few:

Fine Zephyr Ginghams, soft finish, dainty colorings, stripes and checks, 10c kind, at.....
8½c

Percales and other Shirt Waist Cloths, in pretty stripes and figures, at, per yard—
8c, 10c and 12½c

French Dimities, fancy tinted stripes and figures, tiny twills, beautiful colorings for waists, etc., at—
10c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c, 25c.

Mercerized Cotton Foulards—the result these smart textile printers get in is simply astoalshing. We snow a beautiful line at, per yard.....
25c

It takes an expert to tell the difference between them and a 75c to $1.00 silk foulard.

Fur Collarettes.

We have about 50 left to pick from—all popular styles and furs. They'll be priced to move during this sale. You know how comfortable a fur collarette feels the cool summer evenings here, so do not miss this opportunity.

All our $9.00 and $10.00 Collarettes, to close, at—each.....
$7.50

All our $12.50 and $15.00 Collarettes, to close, at—each.....
$10.50

All our $20 and $22.50 Collarettes, to close, at—each.....
$16.00

New Spring Dress Goods.

We are showing a beautiful line of all the popular weaves and colorings for Spring Suits and Dresses at prices that will interest you.

40-inch Fancy Novelty Wool Suitings, in leading spring shades, at—
25c and 35c

40-inch All-wool Cheviots, Homespuns and Novelty Suitings, regular price 68c, special under price, per yard.....
48c

50-inch All-wool Venetian Cloth, in brown and blue mixtures, for tailor-made suits, regular value $1.25; special under price, yard.....
89c

40-inch Silk and Wool Scotch Plaids, beautiful combinations of colors, regular price 75c and 89c; special under price, a yard.....
63c

The Ladies' Suit and Jacket Sale

Of last week was a pronounced success. Those "lucky ones" who happened to buy the tenth jacket were agreeably surprised to have their money promptly refunded. They appreciated the value of our advertisements and will watch and wonder what will "happen next" to save them money. Well, here's what will happen:

SATURDAY AND MONDAY

We put on sale our remaining stock of Ladies' FALL AND WINTER Tailor-made Cloth Jackets, real nobby Coats, Brown, Tan and Blue Wool Kersey, silk lined, at—

Exactly Half Price—

Thus: $8.48 Jackets at..... $4.24
$10.00 Jackets at..... $5.00
$12.50 Jackets at..... $6.25
$15.00 Jackets at..... $7.50
$19.00 Jackets at..... $9.50

17 Ladies' Tailored Suits, in winter weights, in Gray and Brown Wool Meltons and Cheviot cloth, perfect fitting Suits, to close, at—

Exactly Half Price—

Thus: $12.50 Suits at..... $6 25
$15.00 Suits at..... $7.50
$16.50 Suits at..... $8.25
$20.00 Suits at..... $10.00

The Skirts alone are worth more. Our only object is to clean up stock, as we are determined not to carry any over to next season. Our loss your gain. Now is your chance.

SPOT CASH produces bargains and our bargains produce THE CASH.

Cash Settles. Credit Unsettles.

Hence we use the cash which is the end and final adjustment of all transactions.

Spot Cash Pointers in Our Model Grocery Dept.

For Saturday and Monday, April 20 and 22:

Fancy California Lemons, per doz.10c
Sweet Navel Oranges at lowest prices.
Strictly Fresh Eggs, direct from the country, per doz.....14c
Storage Creamery Butter, per lb..17c
Full Cream Cheese, per lb.....12c
Pult Ost 10c
Appet Ost, each 5c
Genuine Imported Gjed Ost, per lb.35c
Imported Nogel Ost, per lb.....28c
Imported Norweglan Fish Balls, large cans, regular price 30cents, per can 25c
Imported Meat Balls, per can.....27c

Sundries.

Choice Burbank Potatoes, per bus.44c
Fancy Patent Flour, per 98 lb sack $2.00
Farina, in bulk, per lb.....5c
3 packages Corn Starch.....10c
Coffee, in bulk, better than package goods, per lb.....12½c
Prepared Mustard, in White Dishes, regular price 10c, for this sale....5c
Salt Salmon, while they last, per lb. 6c
Jelly, in 3-lb cans, per can.....7c
I C Baking Powder, 25c can for.....15c
Saleratus, per package 7c
Root Beer, per bottle.....5c

TRIED THEM ON MARK.

Twain Explains How His Mother Tested Remedies.

Mark Twain spoke at the hearing on Assemblyman Seymour's osteopathy bill before the assembly committee on cities, says the New York Tribune. This bill legalizes and regulates the practice of osteopathy by providing that any graduate of a regular school of osteopathy may practice his "profession" after obtaining a duly certified license. Mr. Clements spoke as follows, in part:

"The reason I support this bill is that I want the liberty of experimenting on my body as I please. Liberty is the supreme motto of this country. Liberty is all I have at stake. Now, I cannot advocate osteopathy as intelligently as these men to my left, because they know more about it than I do. I can only say that every man should have the right to give his mental and physical system whatever treatment he pleases.

"I know I have an experimental nature. I was born of an experimental family. My mother was an experimenter. She wanted to try every disease and every remedy that came along. And yet I hold my mother in the highest honor. When my mother could not experiment on herself she experimented on me. I began to be experimented on when I was 7 years old. I didn't enjoy it so much then, but I have often thought of it with pleasure since. My mother was a wise experimenter. She didn't pick out any child in the flock. She chose one she could spare, if her experiments shouldn't prove successful. She first tried hydropathy on me.

"That was in 1842, when Dr. Kneipp discovered that cold, hot and tepid water could cure anything. Accordingly, every morning she stripped me and poured a couple of buckets of ice water over me. She then laid me down and rubbed me with hot flannel until I came to. Then she wrapped a couple of sheets around me and put me to bed. How I did sweat. She had to put a life preserver in bed with me. But that treatment only had a spiritual effect on me. When they took the sheets off they were yellow with the output of my conscience, the exudations of my sin. That purification has lasted me all my life. As a result of these different experiments I was pulled down so much on three different occasions that they had to call in the family doctor.

"I am not partial to any 'pathy.' I have tried allopathy, homeopathy, and, last of all, osteopathy. I had just as soon take my chance with one pathy as another. The chief thing I like about osteopathy is that there is no medicine in it. I never like to take medicine, either material or spiritual.

"This dispute of the allopaths and the osteopaths makes me think of a picture I saw down in Missouri. The picture was labeled, 'The Prophet Disputing With the Doctors.' Now, I was the model Sunday school boy of that district, though I have to say so myself, but I didn't understand that picture. Disputing, in my mind, meant quarreling. So I asked an old negro, an herb doctor, who was unlicensed, of course, and who picked up a quarter now and then for curing or killing somebody. 'Uncle Ben,' said I, 'why's that picture called "The Prophet Disputing With the Doctors?" 'Who began the disputing?' I asked. 'He didn't have a license,' said the negro. Then old Ben continued: 'The doctors are always afraid somebody else is going to bust up their business.'.

"Now, gentlemen of the committee, the allopaths and homeopaths, on the one side say they ought to cure the people. The osteopaths, on the other, say they ought to cure them. Why don't you compromise then and give them all a chance?"

HOAR'S HUMOR.

Senator Hoar has never been accused of being a humorist. In fact, he is, as a rule, the gravest of all "the grave and reverend senators," relates the Chicago Chronicle. But occasionally he shows that he has a spark of the humorous in his composition. One day recently the Massachusetts statesman, "Uncle Joe" Cannon, and others were talking about a certain speech attributed to Charles Sumner. Senator Hoar expressed the conviction that Mr. Sumner had not said a number of things attributed to him by the record, and Uncle Joe contended that there was no sort of doubt about his having said them. The discussion was becoming very warm and interesting, when Senator Hoar, as if to bring it to a close, exclaimed:

"When I die and go to heaven I will look up Charles Sumner at the earliest possible moment and say to him: 'Charlie, I am sure you never said the things attributed to you by the record.' "

"But suppose you do not find him there?" "Uncle Joe" asked, with his blandest smile.

"In that event, Joe," said the veteran Massachusetts statesman, without moving a muscle of his face, "I will have to beg that you deliver the message to him."

MARKET IS WEAK

Wheat Started Out Lower Advanced But Soon Reacted.

Drop at Liverpool Despite the Light Argentine Shipments.

Weather In the Winter Wheat Country More Favorable.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 19.—The wheat market started out irregular this morning, prices at Chicago showing a decline, followed by a rally and then a reaction. Then a decline of ½d at Liverpool was a surprise to the trade, especially in view of the light Argentine shipments, amounting to only 744,000 bus. Then a report arrived that the decline at Liverpool was due to selling of long stuff bought in anticipation of an import tariff which was not imposed and this caused Chicago bears to cover and sent up the price. There was another reaction and the close was lower than yesterday. Crop news on the whole was favorable, there being a few bad reports from the Southwest but they were not very tangible. Export business was small and the demand at the seaboard was much slower than it has been in sometime. Primary receipts were 394,236 bus, last year 374,768 bus. Shipments 396,880 bus, last year 244,741 bus. Clearances of wheat were 392,712 bus. Bradstreet's report of export of wheat and flour for the week gave a total of 5,306,000 bus against 3,898,000 bus a year ago.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 275 cars, against 188 last week and 262 last year. Chicago receipts, 31 cars, none of contract grade.

Trading in futures was fairly active on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ½c off at 72½c, rose to 72⅝-½c at 9:36, reacted to 72½c at 11:30, sold at 72⅝c at 12 and closed at 72½c, a decline of ⅛c. Chicago was off ⅜c and Minneapolis ⅛-¼c.

Cash sales were 35,000 bus at ¼c under May for wheat to arrive and ¾c under for wheat in store.

Corn was off ½c in the Duluth market but was stronger in Chicago. The clever manipulation of young Mr. Phillips, the corn bull, is again in evidence and he is supposed to be changing his line over to July. Primary receipts were 243,970 bus, last year 507,880 bus. Shipments 305,888 bus, last year 1,437,362 bus. Clearances of corn were 278,268 bus. Bradstreet reported this week's exports at 2,136,000 bus, last year 3,190,000 bus.

May flax was up 2c while September was off 1c and October 2c off. Other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73¾c; to arrive, 74½c; May, 74½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71⅝c; to arrive, 72½c; May, 72½c; July, 73¾c; September, 71¼c. No. 2 northern, 68¼@70¾c. No. 3 spring, 61¼-66¼c. Rye, 57-59½c. Barley, 50½c. Flax, cash, $1.09½; to arrive, $1.09½; May, $1.62; September, $1.24; September Northwestern, $1.26; October, $1.20. Corn, cash, 40½c; May, 41c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 22; corn, 2; oats, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 45,298 bus; oats, 13,295 bus; flax, 440 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 5000 bus; corn, 750 bus.

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	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
Local Stocks, etc.—			
First National bank	100	170	159
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	96
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	...
Bank of Commerce	100	90	...
L. S. Cons. Iron Mines			182
Calumet-Artz., copper	10	...	...
Ferry Sound	100	35	...
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	6	...
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com.	100	...	20
County orders	Par		

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Land Scrip. Pine Lands.
Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
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Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

Cables ½@¾d lower. Snow's estimate on the growing crop for the country unchanged, and he intimates remarkable fine conditions. The other side of the market is represented in shipping sales of 100,000 bus, 20 loads at New York. Clearances 424,000 bus, for the week 5,366,000 bus, making almost 12,000,000 bus in two weeks. The outsider was conspicuous by his absence. Commission houses had practically no trade to speak of and the evident indisposition of the local crowd to have any opinion or to back it has made it a very much restricted and unresponsive in any broad measure to ruling conditions.

The corn market has been heavy for May under heavy support of Phillips, but barely steady for July. Shipping demand is poor, only 50,000 bus from here; 12 loads at New York. Western weather improved. Planting is estimated at ten days late. The absence of any shipping demand is losing the May option. Corn, however, is strongly placed, and on breaks looks like a good purchase.

The oat market has been steady, with a narrow range, ¼c. Shipping demand is slow. Snow reports seeding being completed under favorable conditions. The market largely a changing one with a tendency to sell the deferred futures.

The provision market has been strong with bull packing interests buyers. Hogs were higher at the yards. Hogs West, 56,000, against 67,000 last year. Shipping demand only fair. Outsiders being doing much in the market, which is entirely local at present.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 19.—Close: Wheat, May, 77¼c; July, 76¾c. Corn, May, 49½c; July, 48¾c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, May wheat, 70⅝-¾c bid. Puts, May wheat, 70⅝c asked. Calls, May wheat, 70¾-7⅝c bid.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 19.—Close, wheat, cash, 71¾c; May, 70¾c; July, 72¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 73⅜c; No. 1 northern, 71¾c; No. 2 northern, 68¾@69¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	72⅛B	70⅝	70⅞-70¾	....
High	72½	70⅝	70⅝-71	77¼
Low	72⅛B	70⅛-⅝	70⅝	77
Close	72½	70⅝	70⅝-⅞	77¼A
July—				
Open	73B	72-¼	71¼-71	76⅜-½
High	73¾	72¼	71⅜	76⅝-⅞
Low	73¼	72	70⅞-71	76⅜-½
Close	73⅜	72⅛	71⅛	76¾B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	25⅜-½@25⅝	43⅝@44⅛	$14.20
High	25⅜-⅝	44⅛-⅜	$14.40
Low	25¼-⅜	43⅜	$14.20
Close	25¼-⅜	44⅛-¼	$14.40

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments
New York	52,250	12,133
Philadelphia	11,478	48,011
Baltimore	45,581	...
Toledo	1,640	60,000
Detroit	4,000	14,964
St. Louis	8,000	46,000
Boston	86,839	332,513
Chicago	79,068	156,636
Milwaukee	16,500	7,202
Minneapolis	204,360	27,300
Kansas City	29,800	73,600
Duluth	45,998	5,009

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 19.—Close, wheat steady, unchanged to ½d lower, May, 5s 9d; July, 5s 9¼d; September, 5s 9d. Corn, firm, ½@⅝d lower. May, 4s 3d; July, 3s 10⅞d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the main feature of the market was the increased urgency in demand, and a large volume of business was transacted. Farm horses and drivers continued in active request from all quarters. Prices held firm and steady with a slight advance on prime offerings. Receipts were also larger than heretofore this spring, and the outlet proportionally as heavy. She retail trade was especially active and the bulk of the horses sold at private sale. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@180
Drafters, choice	125@140
Farm horses, extra	110@125
Farm horses, choice	100@125
Farm horses, common to good	60@ 80
Mules	100@145

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 19.—Cattle, receipts, 15,000. Steady. Good to prime steers $5.00@6.00; poor to medium, $3.85@4.90; stockers and feeders, $2.70@4.80; cows and heifers, $2.90@4.85; canners, $2.00@2.85; calves, $4.00@6.00; Texas steers, $3.50@5.35. Hogs, receipts today, 14,000; tomorrow, 12,000; left over, 2550. Opened 5c higher. Closing easier. Mixed and butchers, $5.80@6.05; good to choice heavy, $5.95@6.15; rough heavy, $5.80@5.90; light, $5.75@6.00; bulk of sales, $5.85@6.05. Sheep, receipts, 6000. Steady. Sheep, $4.40@5.00; lambs, $4.65@5.35. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 9549; hogs, 21,740; sheep, 7169. Shipments yesterday—Cattle, 4659; hogs, 4429; sheep, 2204.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	22	@	23
Creamery, storage tubs	18	@	19
Dairies, fancy	15	@	16
Dairy, fair	13	@	14
Packing stock	11	@	12
EGGS.			
Fresh	13½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	12½@		13
Twins, full cream	12½@		12
Full cream, Young America	14		
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@		13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	19	@	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@		13
Golden rod	15	@	17
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 50	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS			
Strawberries, Louisiana (pints)	2 85	@	3 00
Strawberries, Louisiana (quarts)	30	@	35
Apples, eating	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50	@	1 75
California lemons	2 00	@	3 25
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7	@	7½
California navel Oranges	2 75	@	3 00
Seedling oranges	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries, per box	2 50	@	2 75
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50	@	8 00
OLD VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Parsnips, per bbl	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10		
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	40	@	42
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Celery, per bunch	80	@	1 00
Mushrooms	45		
Lettuce, per box	75	@	1 20
Green onions, per doz	25		
Green onion, per box	2 00	@	2 50
Shallots, per doz	65		
Pie plant, per box	3 25		
Cucumbers, Southern	1 40		
Cucumbers, hot house	1 75		
Spinach, per box	75	@	85
Radishes, round, per doz	85	@	1 00
Radishes, long, per doz	30	@	35
Asparagus, California, bunch	42		
Asparagus, green, per doz	2 25	@	2 40
Pineapple, per doz	3 75		
Tomatoes, per basket	75		
Egg plant, per doz	1 50		
Beets, per doz bunches	90		
Carrots, per doz bunches	75		
Turnips, per doz bunches	90		
Mint, per bunch	20		
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@	3 75
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots, sacked	44		
Oats, car lots, sacked	31		
Hay, upland	14	50	
Hay, timothy	16	50	
Feed, No. 1	17	50	
Feed, No. 2	18	00	
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½@		4
Choice, per lb	3 @		3½
DRESSED POULTRY			
Chickens	12	@	12½
Turkeys	11	@	12
Ducks	10	@	11
Geese	10	@	11
MEATS.			
Mutton	8½		
Lamb	9		
Veal, good	9		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	5	@	6½
Hogs	8		
Pork loins	9½		
BRAN AND SHORTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16	00	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15	50	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16	00	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15	50	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 19.—Butter weak; creamery, 14@19½c; dairy, 13@18c. Cheese, firm; twins, 9½@10c; young Americas, 11@11¢; cheddars, 9½@10c; flats. Eggs, firm; cases returned, 12c. Iced poultry, steady; chickens, 9@10c; turkeys, 8@10½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 19.—Butter, receipts, 3201 packages. Quiet. Fresh creamery, 16@21c; factory, 11½@13½c. Cheese, receipts, 2201 packages. Steady. Fancy large colored, 11@11c; fancy large white, 10¾@11c; fancy small colored, 12@12c; fancy small white, 11¾@12c. Eggs, receipts, 11,465 packages. Steady. Western, 14@14½c; storage Western, 14½c; Southern at mark, 13@13¼c.

COL. BELO DEAD.

Was Well Known Texas Newspaper Man.

Asheville, N. C., April 19.—Col. A. H. Belo, of the firm of A. H. Belo & Co., proprietors of the Dallas (Tex.) News, and the Galveston (Tex.) News, died here this morning, after a three months' illness. Burial will take place at Salem, N. C., Col. Belo's home in childhood.

Col. Belo was a distinguished officer in the Confederate army. He was formerly vice president of the Associated Press.

Col. Alfred H. Belo was born at Salem, N. C., May 21, 1839. He was elected captain of the Forsythe rifles, April, 1861, and served in the Confederate army of North Virginia. He was wounded at Gettysburg. He went to Texas at the close of the war. He was the principal owner of the Galveston News and in 1885, established at Dallas News, of which he was one of the principal owners.

Col. Belo was at various times a director of the Associated Press and one of its vice presidents. Of late years, he usually passed the summer in the Adirondacks and the winter at Dallas and Galveston.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like piles."—E. C. Bolce, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's. Max Wirth.

Only Three More Cheap Excursions West This Spring.

April 15, 23 and 30 are the remaining dates on which the very low one-way rates are in effect via the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railways to all Western, Pacific coast and California points, as follows: Kalispell, Butte, Helena, $20; Spokane, Seattle, Portland, $25; San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, $32.90. On Tuesday, April 16, we will also sell round-trip tickets at one fare plus $2 to points in West, South and Southwestern states. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed on both one-way and round-trip tickets. Call at city ticket office, Spalding hotel block, or Union depot, for further particulars.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 19 cars	$0.72⅜
No. 2 northern, 17 cars	70
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	69
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	70⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	62⅜
Flax, 5,000 bus October	1.20

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Traders Confronted By a Liverpool Decline.

Chicago, April 19.—Irregularity marked the trade in wheat futures early today. Traders were confronted by a decline at Liverpool in the face of light shipments from Argentine. The weather, too, was more favorable. May opened ¼@⅜c lower at 70⅝c to 70¾c. A report that the decline at Liverpool was due to selling of long stuff bought in anticipation of the imposition of an import tariff came during the first hour in explanation of the Liverpool drop and caused local bears to cover, sending May up to 70⅞@71c. This demand satisfied, however, the market reacted to 70¾c. Argentine shipments were 744,000 bus. Local receipts were 31 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 275 cars against 188 last week and 262 a year ago.

May later declined to 70½c but rallied to 70⅝c closing steady, ¼c lower at 70¾@⅝c.

There was only a small local trade in corn, but prices held steady. May opened a shade lower to ⅛c higher at 43⅞c to 44c ¼c and reacted to 43⅝c. Receipts were 113 cars, 13 of contract grade. The July discount was ⅜@½c early.

May closed firm, ¼c higher at 44⅛@¼c.

May oats opened a shade higher to unchanged at 25⅜@¼c and sold to 25¼@⅜c. Receipts were 170 cars.

Provisions ruled firm in sympathy with an advance in hog prices at the yards and on light hog receipts. July pork opened 5c higher at $14.32½, and advanced to $14.42½; July lard a shade up at $7.97½@8.00, advancing to $8.02½, and July ribs unchanged at $7.90, selling at $7.95.

Close, wheat, April 70½c; May, 70¾@⅞c; July, 71½c. Corn, April, 43¾c; May, 44⅛@¼c; July, 45⅝@⅝c. Oats, April, 25¾c; May, 25½@⅝c; July, 24⅝@25c. Pork, April, $14.40; May, $14.40; July, $14.57½. Lard, April, $8.15; May, $8.07½; July, $8.02½. September, $8.02½. Ribs, April, $8.17½; May, $8.17½; July, $7.85@7.92½; September, $7.90. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.58; No. 1, $1.58; May, $1.58; September, $1.25; October, $1.23. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 71¾@73¾c; No. 3 red, 69¾@71¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 71¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 70¾@71¾c; No. 1 northern spring, 71¾@73c; No. 2 northern spring, 71@73c; No. 3 spring, 68@72c. Corn, No. 2, 43⅝c; No. 3, 42¾c. Oats, No. 2, 27c; No. 3, 26c. Rye, April, 48¾c; May, 49½c; July, 49½c. Barley, cash, 38@57c. Timothy, April, $3.80; September, $3.15. Clover, April, $11.00.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 19.—The wheat market has demonstrated an independence of bear factors due rather to the local character of the market than to any special merit. Foreigners were sellers on the decision of the British government will impose no tax. Primary receipts were larger than last year and the weather favorable.

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Speculation Broad and Trading Was on Record Scale.

Many Blocks of Thousands of Shares Changed Hands.

Prices Were on the Rise and Closed Near Top.

New York, April 19.—There were large buying orders well distributed throughout the list of railroads and industrials at the opening. The orders executed ran from 1000 to 10,000 shares in the steel stocks, Southern Railway stocks, Union Pacific, Burlington and Kansas & Texas. In Union Pacific there were running sales of 10,000 shares at 97 and 97½, compared with 96 last night, 10,000 shares of St. Paul at 157 to 158, compared with 156 last night and 10,000 shares of Burlington at 195 to 195½, compared with 193⅝ last night. Kansas & Texas sold at 31¾ to 32 compared with 30¾ last night. There were gains also of a point or more in Missouri Pacific, Pennsylvania and People's Gas, New York Air Brake jumped 2½. Amalgamated Copper after opening up ⅝ broke 1½.

The profit taking movement by the professionals which invariably follows a high opening, was in evidence, and the Pacifics, grangers, Metropolitan Street Railway, Western Union and Pennsylvania reacted some of them a point. Meanwhile less important stocks were rising vigorously and their maintained strength caused the cheaper properties to rally strongly before 11 o'clock, St. Paul crossing 153. The export duty on coal provided for in the British budget, induced heavy purchases of the bituminous coal road stocks, touching seaboard. The "community of interest" indicated by the directors elected to the United States Express company board, caused more interest in the express stocks, and United States advanced 1¾. Wells Fargo 3 and American 5 points. All of the junior Vanderbilt stocks were strong, Canada Southern leading with a gain of 5. Southwestern stocks rose violently on reiteration of recent rumors of a combination, and Kansas & Texas common rose to 34¾. The preferred improved 1½ and Missouri Pacific over 2 points. Amalgamated Copper rallied to 124¾ and Atchison was very buoyant, selling up to within a shade of 71.

Speculation broadened out generally, and transactions were on a record scale. Blocks of thousands of shares of the most prominent stocks changed hands, but their movements were not uniform, realizing having effect in St. Paul, Atchison and other Western roads, while the absorption of Union Pacific, Texas Pacific and Rock Island carried them higher. Many of the usually neglected stocks made substantial gains including Fort Worth and Denver City, Evansville & Terre Haute, Lake Erie & Western, St. Paul preferred, Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis preferred, Pacific Coast common and second preferred and North American, all of which were from 1½ to 4 points higher. Canada Southern rose 9 points in all on 77 on rumors of favorable coming developments in the property. There was not much interest displayed in the steel stocks or industrial shares, but they all showed considerable firmness. Heavy sales of Amalgamated Copper were resumed near midday and the first noticeable pause in the general upward rush of prices followed. Bonds were quiet and irregular.

Prices continued to advance after 2 o'clock, St. Paul rising an extreme 5½; Baltimore & Ohio 4¼, New York Central 2⅝ and some minor stocks from 2 to 2½. But profit-taking began to have its effect, and reactions of 1 to 1½ occurred in Amalgamated Copper, St. Paul and Baltimore & Ohio. Northern Pacific, Atchison and some less prominent stocks, while the New York, Chicago & St. Louis stocks fell back to 2½ to 3½. United States Steel stocks also weakened to below last night's close. Rock Island was then marked up to 156½, with the effect of checking the selling. St. Paul rallied to 162¾. Texas & Pacific rose to 46⅜ and Union Pacific rose to par, and the market took on a buoyant tone again. The market closed with prices rising excitedly in some quarters and only slightly below the best at any time.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	148	149¼	147⅜	149
Illinois Central	141½	142⅜	141½	141⅝
Tobacco	129	129⅝	128⅜	129
Atchison com	69⅜	71	69⅜	70⅝
Atchison pfd	97	97½	97⅜	97½
Brooklyn Transit	84¼	84½	82⅞	84½
C., M. & St. P.	157	162⅞	157	162⅝
C. B. & Q.	195	195½	194	194⅜
Erie	40⅜	41⅜	39⅝	40⅝
Erie 1st pfd	67½	68	66⅝	67⅝
Erie 2nd pfd	47⅜	47⅝	46½	47⅜
Lake Shore	193	193	193	193
Manhattan	125½	129	127¼	128⅜
Missouri Pacific	105½	106⅞	105⅜	106
N. P. common	103½	104	102⅜	103¼
N. P. preferred	98	98¾	97⅞	98¼
People's Gas	115¾	116⅞	114⅜	115½
Rock Island	152½	156½	152½	156½
Southern Pacific	46½	47½	46½	47⅜
T. C. I.	69	69	68	68¾
Leather common	13⅜	13⅝	13½	13½
Union Pacific pfd	93½	85½	80½	85¼
Union Pacific com	97	100	97	100
Western Union	94	94½	92¾	94½
Southern Ry. com	29⅜	30	29½	30
Southern Ry. pfd	83½	84⅝	83	84⅛
Pennsylvania	159	160	158½	160
Great Northern	182	183	182	182½

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, April 19.—Consols for money, 94 13-16; for the account, 94 15-16.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 19.—Cotton opened quiet and easy, 2 to 4 points lower under weak cables and heavy port receipts. Liverpool was 1½ to 2 points lower on futures and 1-32d lower on spot cotton with private cables declaring that foreign sentiment was bearish. Towards the close Liverpool rallied somewhat and local values reacted to last night's figures. Longs took advantage of the bulge to liquidate, however, and the market again sagged.

Cotton spot closed quiet, middling uplands, 8⅝; middling gulf, 8¾; sales, 27 bales. Cotton futures closed steady: April, 803; May, 806; June, 805; July, 808; August, 773; September, 743; October, 734; November, 725; December, 728; January, 727.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 19.—Money on call nominally 4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5¾@6 per cent; sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88 for demand and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½. Silver certificates nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 48c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¾; 3s registered, $1.10¾; coupon, $1.11½; new 4s registered, $1.38½; coupon, $1.39½; old 4s registered, $1.13⅜; coupon, $1.13½; 5s registered, $1.10½; coupon, $1.11½.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 19.—Clearings, $23,213,080; balances, $1,770,572; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.88½; New York exchange, par.

NO COPPER QUOTATIONS.

This being fast day in Massachusetts, there was no session of the Boston exchange and consequently there are no copper quotations.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

FELL VICTIM.

A Detective's Experience With a Knock-out Gang.

"Bob" Pinkerton, the famous detective, has never objected to telling a story on himself, even when the point of it consists in his having been made to "hold the bag." When he was in Washington to keep an eye out for shady characters at the last Bennings race meeting, he told of how a gang of alleged handlers of "knock-out drops" had fooled him about a year before, says the Washington Star.

"I was traveling from Chicago to New York," said Mr. Pinkerton. "We'd only been out from Chicago about half a dozen hours when my attention was attracted by the peculiar conduct of a party of four well dressed and somewhat larky young men in the smoking compartment of the car on which I was riding. From the beginning of the journey I had noticed that these young chaps had been observing me pretty strongly, and I caught a couple of them pointing to me and nudging each other—I saw the thing out of the tail of my eye—when the conductor approached my seat and addressed me by name.

"Therefore, when I happened to catch sight of a little game among the four in the smoking compartment, I kept them in good view, although I didn't suppose they knew I was watching them. I saw that a quart bottle was being passed around among them pretty freely. Now, there was nothing unusual about that, of course, but I immediately formed strong suspicions when I observed that three of them were only pretending to take their drinks of liquor out of the glass the porter provided, while the fourth, a young fellow who had a lot of exceedingly valuable jewelry scattered about his person, was actually gulping the liquor down at a great rate and was obviously becoming foolishly intoxicated. Now, it naturally struck me as a queer thing, the cautious and furtive way the three young chaps emptied their glasses into the spittoon when the fourth young fellow wasn't looking, and, in view of the latter's possession of so much fine jewelry, it looked like a fair calculation that they didn't mean him any good.

"Finally, when the fourth man was very much intoxicated, to judge by his boisterous manner, I saw the three who had been dumping their drinks up each other the wink, and then one of them, after looking around with great furtiveness, pulled a small vial out of his vest pocket.

"No, I didn't mutter 'Eureka!' like the much disgusted Old Sleuth gentleman does in the weekly thrillers, but I am free to say that I possessed quite a degree of inward excitement over the prospect of nipping such a brazen piece of 'knock-out' work right during the accomplishment thereof. The young man with the vial signaled to one of his pals, and the pal poured out a stiff drink from the fresh bottle which the porter had just brought in. Then the young fellow with the vial poured about ten drops therefrom into the glass of liquor. Now, you might suppose it was up to me right then to 'cut in,' but it wasn't. A man can't get the full punishment provided for handlers of 'knock-out' drops until he has actually served the stuff to his victim, and I was so sore upon this party of three robbers that I wanted to have the best case possible against them. So I kept my hand out of the business until I could see the end of the play. The youth who had used the 'knock-out' drops handed the doped glass of liquor to the intoxicated chap, who was manifestly to be the victim of the three, and he took it greedily and gulped it down. Then he gradually ceased his boisterous talking, rested his head back on the cushion of his chair, and, with his mouth wide open, apparently yielded to the effects of the 'knock-out' fluid.

"As soon as he had succumbed—I saw it all in a glass pane in the partition between the smoking compartment and the body of the car—the three exchanged significant glances, and then they leaned over their apparently unconscious companion and began to strip him of his jewelry.

"I reached the door of the smoking compartment in two jumps.

"'Pretty coarse work, sons,' I said, just showing them that my I had in my hand, but not leveling it at them, 'and I am surprised that you be so foolish as to think that you could get away with the goods in such a raw way. Now, I've seen the whole game from the beginning, and the three of you are to consider yourselves under arrest. As perhaps you know, my name is Pinkerton, and I have the authority to put you under arrest.'

"The young fellow who was being robbed when I broke in slumbered on with his mouth wide open, and the other three looked terribly alarmed. Their faces got red, and they began to reproach each other.

"'I told you he was Pinkerton,' one of them said bitterly.

"'I didn't want to get mixed up in this job anyhow,' said another.

"'Even if Pinkerton wasn't on the train, you idiots ought to've known how this train was watched,' said the third.

"'Say, what are you going to do with us?' all three inquired of me at once.

"'I'm going to take the bunch of you off the train at the next stop and make complaint against you,' I replied, 'and I can give it to you pretty straight that you're all in trouble, and a whole lot of it.'

"Then the unconscious victim couldn't hold in any longer. He jumped up and let out a roar that drowned the screeching of the engine's whistle, and then he fell back into his chair and held his sides and shrieked. The other three looked stupefied into their chairs and just moaned with joy.

"Oh, well, it didn't need any end-on-collision to make me see how those four young reprobates had fooled me. I saw it then, all right, while they fell back into their chairs and rocked themselves in their glee. They offered me a drink out of the quart bottle. It contained tea, secured by the porter from the dining car. The user of the 'knock-out' drops pulled the vial from his pocket and drank off the contents right before me, and smacked his lips, and remarked that he hadn't tasted such rattling good cistern water for several months.

"The four young scamps were university lads on their way East for a bit of a trip. They had recognized me from pictures of me published in the Chicago papers, as soon as they got on the car, and they had fixed up the scheme on me. I bit, and I bit hard, and that's all there is about it. I didn't say a word, but silently conducted the four of them to the buffet car and told them that it was all on me."

Money Made in Oil Stocks.
The Nevada Paraffine Oil Company is selling treasury stock for development at 3 cents per share. Office, 318 West Superior street (St. Louis hotel). Come in and examine.
JOHN G. HOWARD, Manager.

UNCLE BILLY IN TOWN.

His Money Troubled Him and Spoiled Visit.

"I had a quaint experience recently with a country relative from Arkansas," says a Tchoupitoulas street business man, to the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "I don't know our exact degree of kinship, but he is a fine, simple-minded old fellow, and when I happened, by mere accident, to visit his riverside plantation a few years ago, he received me with such unaffected simplicity and gave me such a royal good time that I made him promise faithfully to come and see me some day in New Orleans.

"Well, a short time ago, he turn up at the store, and, I'm ashamed to say, I didn't recognize him at first. There was some excuse for me, however, for he was disguised in a suit of brand-new, stiff, stark, 'hand-me-down' clothes from Little Rock, and, moreover, was limping badly and leaning on a heavy cane. As soon as I saw who he was and greetings had been exchanged, I took him into the back office and expressed regret at finding him crippled. 'I ain't crippled,' he said, grinning; 'that's my money, plague take it! I dunno where else to put it where it'll be safe. 'Your money!' I exclaimed in amazement; 'what do you mean?' 'I mean I've got my money in my sh

VAN SANT IS HERE

Minnesota's Chief Executive Is a Visitor In Duluth.

Has Nothing to Say Respecting the Mine Assessments.

Suggests That the Tax Commission May Consider It.

Governor S. R. Van Sant of Minnesota arrived in the city over the Eastern Minnesota this afternoon from St. Paul. This evening he will be one of the speakers at an entertainment given at the Mission church in the West End. The governor was met at the train by Mayor T. W. Hugo, G. Fred Stevens, surveyor general of logs for the Duluth district, and a few of the prominent local Republican politicians and escorted to the St. Louis hotel, where rooms have been engaged for him during his stay in the city.

The governor said this afternoon that he expected to return on the night train to St. Paul, as he has business there that needs his attention tomorrow. This is the first time that Governor Van Sant has visited Duluth since his election, and he expressed his pleasure of again greeting his friends here, even though he has but a short time to stay. He said he had many friends to see and

GOVERNOR VAN SANT.

would be very busy this afternoon, but would be pleased to meet all that he has time to while here in the city.

It has been reported that the governor is a little backward as to expressing any views in regard to the low assessments now placed on the iron mines of Minnesota, or whether he would favor any action that would bring about a raising of the assessments in view of the wide difference between the present assessments and the immense value which it is now known the mines have. When asked this afternoon for his views on the subject, Governor Van Sant replied evasively that he has not yet given the matter any thought, but supposes that the tax commission will investigate the matter very thoroughly. Beyond this he does not feel in a position to say what should be done.

What the tax commission has to do with it is something not yet explained.

HAS HAD A BIG YEAR.

St. Croix Logging Road Very Busy.

N. Mills of Dedham, Wis., superintendent of the St. Croix & Duluth Logging railway, arrived in the city yesterday on a short business trip. Mr. Mills says that the logging business down on the Empire Lumber company's road has been excellent: in fact, the road has done a heavier business this season than ever before in its history. There are more logs banked on the St. Croix river to be floated down to the Mississippi river mills than there has been in preceding seasons. The road will have hauling to do all summer, probably finishing up in August. The prospects are considered good for another year's heavy output of pine in the St. Croix district. There is still too much ice in the St. Croix river to begin driving logs, but this will occur within the next few weeks, as the ice is melting rapidly and the water will be very high by the time that the snow gets out of the woods on the St. Croix range.

Mr. Mills has been in the logging and lumbering business for many years, and is a close observer of the conditions that go to make up the market. The present boom in the lumber market he considers as a particularly long-lived one, but the demand is keeping up so strong that there are as yet little indications of any slump in the market, nor does he look for one this season. The high prices that are now and then being paid for stocks of lumber in the Northwest he characterizes as nothing at all amazing, for he regards almost any sort of a trade in lumber as a good one, for even if the price is a little too high, all that is necessary is to hold it and it will not be long before the figures will go up to meet the advance.

Mr. Hill's Talk.

A largely attended and interesting meeting for the purpose of organizing a local improvement society and bringing before the attention of the citizens the matter of beautifying the streets and lawns of the city, was held at Duluth Heights last night. Secretary Thomas E. Hill of the Duluth Improvement association gave a talk along the lines mentioned and the people of the heights are said to be much interested in the ideas that Mr. Hill brought out. Another meeting of similar nature will be held this evening at Lakeside in the town hall.

Fifty Dollars Reward

For information leading to the conviction of parties that stole brasses from the tug Marquette and others.

TO SUBMIT PROPOSAL.

Christiana, April 19.—The council of state today decided to submit to the storthing a royal proposal for extraordinary grants for the defences of Norway.

GAME POSTPONED.

Cincinnati, April 19.—Opening game of the National league here, between Pittsburg and Cincinnati, postponed until tomorrow, wet grounds.

UNDER WAY.

Mines Getting Ready For the Season's Shipping.

All over the ranges mines that work only during the summer are getting ready for their season's work, and some of them are shipping already. The allotments of production have not yet been made, and none of them are yet aware of the amount of ore that will be expected of them, but all of them are getting ready for a busy season.

In the Hibbing district the Penobscot is shipping and the Mahoning has begun stripping and will mine very soon. The Hull, Burt, Rust and Sellers have been mining all winter. In the Virginia district the Commodore is shipping, and the Oliver is beginning to clean up preparatory to mining. The Franklin, Auburn and Union mined all winter. The Columbia is sinking a shaft and has begun drifting. The shaft is now down 125 feet.

The Biwabik has installed its great crusher, an 8-ton machine, the largest in the world, and it is expected to crush 500,000 tons of hard ore this year. On the Sharon two shovels are at work, and they are down thirty feet. The shaft is in ore. At the Stevenson two shovels are at work, and mining is on in one shaft, and will be soon in the open pit.

At the Fayal three shovels are working on the stripping contract, and the mine has begun shipping. The Elba and Genoa have both begun shipping.

The Oliver interests have abandoned explorations at Mud Lake, east of the Vermilion range, and the exploring implements have been taken away.

The Pioneer mine has 200,000 tons in the stockpile and is hoisting 15,000 tons a day. The Chandler has a little more of a stockpile than that and is hoisting more. The Minnesota has about the same amount in stockpile.

Here Is a Chance to Make Money.

Buy stock in Nevada Paraffine Oil Company, Duluth, Minn. Office, 318 West Superior street.

Shares selling at 3 cents, par value $1.00.

For further particulars inquire at office or of

JOHN G. HOWARD, Manager.

NOT KNOWN.

A Floater Is Found and the Remains Unidentified.

The floater found in the harbor yesterday afternoon is still unidentified. A number of people have visited Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms today and the impression of some is that the dead man's name is Marcotte, formerly a barber in the West End. He has been missing for some time. Men who knew Mr. Marcotte well have failed to identify the body but admit that there is a striking resemblance.

On the body was found a note book containing the name of a well known attorney of this city and the name of "P. J. Long." The attorney in question visited the undertaking rooms this afternoon and said that he could not recall ever having seen the man, and was confident that he had never seen him.

Whether the name of P. J. Long is that of a friend or that of the unfortunate man, there is no way of finding out unless some person turns up who can identify the body.

The man is about 6 feet tall, and has dark hair and dark eyes. The face was smooth shaven. He wore the cloning of a woodsman.

The body was found opposite the Sixth avenue slip. It will be held at Durkan & Crawford's for a day or so and if not identified will be buried by the county authorities.

Elks Give a Party.

The Elks gave a most delightful party at their hall last evening for the ladies. The attendance was about 250 and it is almost unnecessary to state that none were allowed to get away without having an enjoyable time, for the Elks are great entertainers. The program was opened by an address of welcome by the chairman, one of the doctor's most eloquent and soulful talks. Miss Louise Meining sang a contralto solo that was received with evident manifestation of approval. Herman Penner recited, Oliver Colbentson executed a violin solo, C. E. Richardson responded to the toast "The Ladies," P. Doran sang and Professor Davies gave an acrobatic exhibition. After the program refreshments were served and the evening's entertainment was concluded with dancing.

To Reach Here Sunday.

The remains of Maj. M. R. Baldwin will arrive in Duluth next Sunday evening, over the Northern Pacific railway. The train, which will arrive here at 7 o'clock, will be met by a detail of the G. A. R. and the body will be escorted to the residence at 711 West Second street. George M. Baldwin has gone from Minneapolis out on the Northern Pacific line and will take charge of the remains. The funeral will, in all probability, take place at 2:30 o'clock from the residence on Monday. It is probable that Rev. Mr. Simmons, of the Unitarian church at Minneapolis, will conduct the services. He was a close friend of Maj. Baldwin.

WOULD NOT BE BOSSED.

After the announcement of the breaking off of the engagement of marriage between Miss Paulding, Senator Depew's niece, and Lieut. Edie, comes the aftermath of gossip as to the why and wherefore, says the Philadelphia North American.

The announcement was at first received here with dumb astonishment. Something out of the ordinary must have happened, it was argued, to bring to an abrupt termination a match when the wedding trousseau had been ordered in Paris and the marriage portion, or dower, given by Senator Depew.

All surmises were wrong. There was nothing sensational about the termination of the engagement.

From an excellent source it is learned that young Mr. Edie was a trifle too authoritative to please Miss Paulding. He assumed too much as a fiance, and was too eager to dictate the proper way to manage the Depew household.

There was no quarrel. Miss Paulding, who is several years his senior, merely told Lieut. Edie that she was not ready to be commanded. Then, too, it is whispered that she doubted the genuineness of her young lover's affection, and was only too glad to break the engagement when Senator Depew consented.

Now there is no gayer social resort in the capital than Corcoran house, which is filled with guests at every entertainment, and where Miss Paulding shines as an excellent and happy hostess, but where Lieut. Edie never comes.

THE MILLS CLOSED

Nearly Fifteen Hundred People Thrown Out of Employment.

Business of Fulton and Oswego Falls Seriously Affected.

Queer Reason For Closing Given By the Company.

Oswego, N. Y., April 19.—The Fulton mills of the American Woolen company have been closed on telegraphic instructions from headquarters in Andover, Mass., received yesterday. Between 1300 and 1500 men and women lose employment, and business of the village of the village of Fulton and Oswego Falls will be greatly affected. The company gave as a reason for its action that the employes were trying to stir up trouble, and were interfering with the business. This was vigorously denied by the workmen, who say there was no disposition in that direction, and that the only trouble was with weavers, who objected to instructing apprentices because they lost time from their work and received no pay for the time lost.

GREEN STUFF.

Receipts on Michigan Street Are Getting Larger.

Green stuff is coming into the Michigan street market a little more freely every day, but the supply is still somewhat uncertain, and governed largely by the weather. This makes some wild fluctuations in prices occasionally, so wild that it makes the commission man's head swim occasionally. This condition will continue so long as the supplies continue to be drawn from the South, over a long distance, and until the gardens nearer home begin to yield. During the last few days the movement has been light, and prices have been stiffer.

Some of the increases in fresh vegetables have been as follows: Shallits raised from 45 cents per dozen to 65 cents; pieplant, from $3 per box to $3.25 per box; Southern cucumbers, from $1 to $1.40; beets, from 45 cents per dozen bunches to 90 cents; carrots, from 45 cents per dozen bunches to 75 cents; turnips, from 45 cents per dozen bunches to 90 cents.

On the other hand, some of the vegetables and fruits have dropped slightly Strawberries are cheaper, and they are now within the reach of most ordinary households. Potatoes—old, of course, are marked down from 43 and 45 cents to 40 and 42 cents per bushel. Green asparagus is now $2.25 to $2.40 per dozen instead of $2.50 to $2.60. Pineapples are $3.75 per dozen instead of $4. Tomatoes are 75 cents per basket instead of 80 and 90 cents. Egg plant by the dozen are worth $1.50 instead of $1.75.

Meats continue generally unchanged, though mutton is firmer, selling at 8½ cents per pound. Beef is very cheap, the butcher to the contrary notwithstanding. Packers' agents say that it has not been so cheap in years at it is now. Dressed beef is still quoted at 5 to 6½ cents, and higher prices may be laid at the doors of the combination of the butchers.

Bran and shorts are off in value, bran having been reduced $1 and shorts 50 cents.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Marriage licenses have been issued to John Anderson and Hanna Johnson, Louis Mattson and Selma Bergendahl, and to John Coughlin and Annie Karrie.

Articles of incorporation of the Bollitton Mountain Iron company have been filed in the office of the register of deeds. The company is to do a general mining business, and its principal officers are to be in Duluth. Albert C. Hubbell, Mary H. Hubbell and M. Agnes Carroll are the incorporators, all of them living in Duluth. The capital stock of is $50,000, divided into 500 shares of $100 each.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles E. Boyington, wife of the second assistant chief of the fire department, will be held on Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the Boyington home at 1823 West First street. The six pallbearers will be firemen and members of the department will attend the funeral in uniform.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

PERSONALS.

A. F. Hammond, superintendent of circulation of the Minneapolis Times, and for a number of years connected with Duluth newspapers, is in the city today.

S. A. Kemp, secretary of the Duluth board of trade, will leave tomorrow for British Columbia for a month's stay.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Frick and children returned today from California. Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Duncan and Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brewer, who have been out there with them are at Portland.

Fred T. Butler, of Toronto, Ont., is in the city for a few days' visit.

Capt. W. T. Wilder, of the Eleventh infantry, who is recruiting for the regular army, is entertaining his wife, Mrs. Wilder and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. M. Watkins, all of St. Paul.

C. J. Steward, of Atlanta, Ga., is a guest of the Spalding today.

Charles Fenton, of Minneapolis, is visiting old friends here for a few days.

Chief Clerk Gardner, of the Northern Pacific passenger department at St. Paul, was a visitor in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Shipley, of St. Paul, are guests of the St. Louis.

Maj. S. M. Campbell, of Ashland, Wis., arrived in the city this morning.

Dr. R. J. Sewall, of Two Harbors, is in the city on a business trip today.

County Attorney McClintock left this afternoon for a brief business trip to the Twin Cities.

C. C. Cokefair has returned from the East. He has very little to say of the affairs of the Highland Canal and Power company, except that matters are in an entirely satisfactory and promising condition. The annual meeting of the company will be held within a very short time in New Jersey.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Myers and son returned today from Texas, where they have been since Feb. 1, spending most of their time at Galveston and Houston.

Mrs. H. H. Oppel, who has been confined to her bed for the past week, is recovering.

JEALOUSY CAUSED IT.

Milton, Cal., April 19.—John Gorham, foreman of the Union Copper mine today shot and killed George B. McCarthy, a prominent young man of Copperopolis, and then blew himself to pieces with giant powder. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause of the tragedy.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

THE MARKET BASKET

WHAT IT COSTS TO FILL IT.

Advertisements of none but dealers in pure, wholesome and reliable food products will be admitted under this heading.

VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

SUTTON & McCABE,

5 West Superior St.

Positively we are going out of the grocery business, and in order to convert our stock into cash immediately we are selling goods away below cost. Do not delay taking advantage of this opportunity, as money saved is money made. Sale will continue until everything is sold, including store fixtures, horses, delivery wagons, etc., as everything must go without reserve.

OPENING EVENINGS UNTIL 9.

SUTTON & McCABE.

FOR A SKULL.

Medical Men Searched For One of Murderer Richards.

The disappearance of the skull of Murderer S. D. Richards has been solved after a diligent search of more than twenty years. A former student of an Illinois medical college learned while in this city last week what disposition had been made of it, says the Omaha News.

It was known that the skull was in existence, but no medical men could learn of its whereabouts. When the murderer was hanged, an autopsy was held, and it was found that his brain weighed but thirty-four ounces. When the extreme lightness of the brain became known the skull was sought by several medical colleges.

The skull did not come to light because of peculiar circumstances. Its history runs back to the days when Minden of this state was a border town in the "wild and woolly West."

During the years 1877 and 1878 Richards murdered nine persons, eight of whom he would never have been accused of killing if he had not confessed after being sentenced to be hanged for the murder of the last man. He was a nice appearing fellow, of a good family and was raised in a quiet village in Ohio.

In 1877 he reched Minden and worked for several cattlemen, herding stock along the Platte river in the north part of Kearney county. It was while thus employed that he murdered four men at different times, and in each instace buried them in the sand.

His motive in three of the cases will never be known. It is supposed that he killed his fourth victim to get his team, as it was afterward learned that Richards had sold the outfit. After this he left his job and went back to Minden, where he met a homesteader named Haroldson and was taken to the latter's home for a two days' stay.

The two became fast friends and were both considered bad citizens. Haroldson spent most of his time in drinking and was finally put in jail for beating his wife. About the same time Richards was arrested for stealing a watch. While the two men were behind the bars together, Haroldson announced his intention of deserting his family when released. He did so and has never been heard from since by anyone in that locality.

Before he left Richards planned to murder Haroldson's family at the time that Haroldson was to leave the country, in order to create the impression that they had moved away. He then intended to seize the homestead.

When Richards was released, he went directly to the Haroldson home and became a star boarder. When Haroldson was discharged he left for parts unknown. During the night Richards crushed the skulls of Mrs. Haroldson and three children while they were asleep.

He dragged the bodies of his victims to the rear of the sod barn and covered them with straw. On account of the lack of friends and the long distance between neighbors, as well as the frequent changes on the few homesteads, the family was not missed.

The Haroldson family did not have a team, so Richards started out on another killing tour to make his farm complete. eH went to the homestead of Peter Anderson, a bachelor, and during a friendly visit struck him with an ax, crushing his skull. He intended to bury his body away from the house, but on going out he saw a team coming toward him. He coolly met the outfit and informed the two men in it that Anderson had just left the place for town.

The two callers thought this strange as they had an appointment with Anderson. They drove on to another neighbor's and were informed that Anderson had not passed their place on the way to town. The two, therefore, returned to Anderson's home. Richards had just taken Anderson's body into the cellar and buried it under a lot of coal, when he saw the two men coming back.

Knowing that the fresh blood on the floor would betray him, he drove toward the river, disposed of the team and took a train for his Ohio home from Kearney. Meanwhile Anderson's callers reached the house, heard groans in the cellar and found Anderson. He died within an hour without regaining consciousness.

Sheriff Matt Kearn was notified and in a short time discovered the destination of the murderer. In less than three weeks the murderer was apprehended and returned. Richards was tried, found guilty of murdering Anderson and sentenced to be hanged.

While waiting to pay the penalty, Richards confessed to the eight other murders. He also said that he had planned to murder Mail Carrier Pross. He had already dug a grave, and lay in the grass all day waiting for him. hTe mail carrier happened to take nother route on the day set for his murder.

The sheriff and a number of citizens found the bodies of the Haroldson family buried in the spot described by Richards. The find fired the populace and when Richards was hanged, on April 26, 1879, no less than 1500 people witnessed it. Seemingly every living soul in the western part of the state was there.

Richards' remains were buried in the open prairie about three miles from Minden, only to be exhumed a day or two later by Dr. Dalrimple. The doctor stripped the flesh from the bones, packed them in a box and brought them to town. For convenience he deposited the bones in the cellar. Being of a careless disposition he paid no more attention to them. The smell of the decaying flesh attracted the attention of Jesse Webb's pack of hounds and they managed to get into the doctor's cellar during the night time. The next morning Richard's bones were scattered all over the city.

No effort was ever made to gather the bones together. Jesse Webb secured the skull. The thigh bones were used by one of the residents of Minden for a support to a pig pen and the other bones, after the dogs had finished dragging them around, bleached in the sun and no more attention was paid to them.

It was soon learned that Jesse Webb, then a strip of a boy, was in possession of the skull, but he would not part with it. Later he removed from the city and, as his parents refused to let him take the skull with him, he buried it near the house in which he lived. Some years later the house was torn down to make room for a larger one. In excavating for the cellar the workmen discovered the skull. The find caused some comment at the time, but it was reburied.

One of the workmen who made the last find told the circumstances to a person who happened to be familiar with the case and was aware that the skull was wanted by various colleges. He told it to the former medical student, now a prominent doctor, who interested himself in the search and secured the skull.

The weight of the murderer's brain appears in medical records as being one of the smallest known.

Masonic Temple GROCERY.

D. O. LEARY & CO., Props.
203-205 East Superior Street.
Under Public Library. Both 'phones 199.

Lakeside Delivery, Tuesdays and Fridays.
West Duluth, Mondays and Wednesdays.

Strawberries--
2 boxes 25 cents.

Tangeren Oranges--
200 Oranges in box---
per box $1.50.

Oranges--per doz
10c, 15c, 20c, 25c.

Asparagus--
5c bunch.

Green Onions
4 bunches 10c.

Radishes Spinach.

Strawberries--
2 boxes 25 cents.

Everything Imaginable in Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

ANCIENT CAVES.

Used By Extinct Race For Protection.

Donald M. Liddell, of Denver, who was graduated from Johns Hopkins university last June, has the distinction of having led the first party to explore some remarkable cave dwellings in Arizona which were discovered six weeks ago, says the Denver Times.

He is connected with the Detroit Copper Mining and Smelting company, which is operating near Morenci, Ariz., and is now in Denver en route to Baltimore on business for his company.

Mr. Liddell's party was the first to actually go through the caves. He thinks it is yet too early to estimate the age of the dwellings, but it is not improbable from the nature of some of the implements found that many hundreds of years have passed since they were used as a habitation. Their position clearly indicates that they were inhabited during the time when the people known as "cliff dwellers" built immense houses of rock on the sides of the mountains and used them as fortified homes. In them they were protected from hostile tribes, possibly the American Indians.

"We got out of town just at sun up, about 7:15 o'clock. For a while we were on the slope of Copper mountain, where we could see the town of Morenci and the great workings of the Arizona Central copper mountain and Lone Star mines. Then the road went down into Gold gulch which at first is a broad valley, then a true gulch, and finally narrows down into a canon, with walls towering straight up from 100 to 200 feet above you, while the walls are so close together that you can touch both at once. Through this sort of a pass one enters the Valley of the Eagle.

"Finally we left the river and climbed hills for about a mile and a half in among limestone cliffs and found the caves. They were discovered about six weeks ago by a 'cowpuncher,' who was looking for some stray cattle. The cattle had got into one of the caves and had kicked up one or two pieces of sandal. The cowboys reported the matter to Dr. Schell and Mr. Parsons, of Morenci, who, with Dr. Tuthill, went to the place and hunted a little for relics, but ours was the first expedition that did anything to speak of in that line.

"There are three caves close together, all heavily begrimed with smoke, save where pieces of the roof have fallen down. The only signs of building are (1) a wall partly inclosing the mouth of each cave; (2) a platform on one cave raised about six inches off the floor, and (3) a parapet, apparently artificial, extending across one corner of the back of the largest cave. Beside this parapet I found a number of splintered arrows and a broken piece of a bow. By digging near the sides of the cave we found about eighty sandals in more or less good repair, about three pounds of fragmentary pottery, two bone needles, a bone knife, some basket work, string, cloth and a little broken bone ornament. That was found as we were going through the old ashheap of the biggest cave. We found a great many corncobs, gourd shells, fish and turtle bones and some bones of small animals, but no large ones, which is not surprising, as the arrows were made of reeds, with wooden points.

"I was surprised to find no human bones, for if the inhabitants left without hurrying, why did they leave so many sandals; many almost perfect; if in a rush, why should they have left any of the weapons, unless there was cause for such great haste that some of the people themselves got left too? Moreover, the parapet and the disposal of the arrows behind it and those buried in front of it would lead one to think that some occidental Spartans had made a last stand there; but if so, their enemies must have buried them in the earth or in themselves.

"The sandals are woven of some heavy plant fiber, are oblong, of the length and width of the foot, and from one fourth to three-fourths of an inch thick, but of those and the other relics I can tell you more later.

"Coming home we crossed the river sixty-two times, got lost twice, and otherwise enjoyed ourselves until 2 a. m. The lowest estimate of the total distance is fifty-six miles, and from that up to sixty-three. At any rate, by the time one has trotted all the way there and back he is ready for bed."

The Fifth Avenue Grocery

J. RISATTI & CO. 503 W. SUPERIOR ST.

We are going out of the grocery business. In order to dispose of our stock we are going to sell everything in our line below cost. Come early and make your selection while the stock is complete.

J. RISATTI & Co.

Gronseth & Olsen Established 1887.

Cash Grocers. Zenith 'Phone, 292, Duluth 'Phone 292. 401 and 403 East Fourth St

In its way it requires just as much prudence, just as much watchfulness, just as much deliberation to be a grocer as it does to be president of this great Union. Every minute, every hour, every day it requires your closest attention in order to be successful. No commodities are so subject to changes and spoils. For this and another reason it is harder to fill a grocer's place than to be president. Do you know what the other reason is? We have to satisfy WOMEN and men both.

We have been particularly successful in our efforts. Our celebrated "VIKING BRANDS" are the ladies' friends and men's delights.

GOOD BREAD AND BUTTER are the great staff of life, particularly tempting and satisfying.

It is a universal expression that "VIKING" Flour TAKES THE CAKE, and the "Viking" Soap takes the dirt. HERE WE GO. FALL IN LINE.

Viking Pride Flour, 98-lb sk $1.85

Our celebrated Viking Print Creamery, per lb 23c

Fancy Dairy, per lb. 18c to 20c

Best Medium and Skinned Hams, a lb 11½c

Best Bacon, per lb 11½c to 12c

California Hams, per lb 8½c

S. L. Lard, bulk 9½c

Viking Soap, 9 bars for 25c

Lemons, per doz 10c, 15c and 20c

Oranges, per dozen—10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c

Wisconsin Cheese, per lb 10c

Viking Maple Syrup, ½-gallon can 65c

Dew Drop Corn, 2 cans for 25c

Viking Tomatoes, fancy, can 10c

Fresh Eggs at strictly wholesale prices.

A full line of Fresh Vegetables, such as Celery, Cauliflower, Spinach, Radishes, Onions, Parsley, Mint, Tomatoes, Rhubarb, Lettuce, Carrots, Beets, etc.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPT ATTENTION

Gronseth & Olsen.

RATHBUNS'

CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior St.

Phone 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials!

Including the largest and best layout of Green Vegetables received this season.

Strictly Fancy Hoffman Strawberries—2 boxes— 25 cents

Grape Fruit, fresh shipment—each— 5 cents

Strictly New Laid Eggs, direct from farmers—per dozen— 14 cents

Best quality Table Butter—per lb— 23 cents

Ripe Tomatoes, Celery, Asparagus, Cauliflower, Mint, Parsley, Cress, Spinach, Cucumbers, Head Lettuce, Beets, Carrots Turnips, New Potatoes, Sweet Potatoes at lowest market prices.

Home Grown Lettuce, from Glen Avon greenhouse—3 heads— 10 cents

Seeded Raisins, biggest snap ever offered—4 packets— 25 cents

Limit, 8 to a customer.

Kirks' Laundry Soap—10 bars— 25 cents

California Apricots, Pears and Plums—3-lb cans—each— 10 cents

Large shipment of juicy, sweet Navel Oranges.

Saturday only we will sell the extra large size fruit—per dozen— 25 cents

Don't miss them.

Green Onions—4 bunches— 10 cents

Long Radish—4 bunches— 10 cents

Genuine Sweet corn, Early June Peas, Solid Packed Tomatoes, Strictly Fine Goods. } 3 cans 25c

49-sack Patent Flour—per sack— 90 cents

Ask for April number "What to Eat."

Campbell's Soups, all varieties—3 cans— 25 cents

Cranberries—per quart— 10 cents

We are headquarters for Table Delicacies for Sunday dinner. Little dainties at little prices. Make your table inviting and attractive by investing a small sum in New Spring Vegetables.

RATHBUN'S.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making.

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon Bons—per box 25c

Assorted Nongates—per lb 25c

Assorted Buttercups—per lb 25c

Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb 25c

Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor, made to order, a specialty—per lb 25c

We have a large Assortment of Easter Boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz 25c

Lady Locks—per dozen 10c

Almont & Cocoanut Macaroons, doz 10c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures billousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded. 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent.

HOUSES.

314 East First street	$ 15.00
319 Fourteenth avenue east, 8 rooms	32.50
1515 London Road, 6 rooms	15.00
1009 East Second street, 9 rooms	35.00
202 West Third street, 10 rooms	50.00
1218 Lombard street, 6 rooms	15.00
1534 West Superior st., 4-room flat	15.00
1126 West Michigan st., 5-room flat	12.00
House of 8 rooms at Hunter's Park	8.00
Flat, Lakeside, 6 rms, hot water heat	20.00

STORES.

19 East Sup. St., heat furnished	$110.00
524 East Fourth street	25.00
1815 West Superior street	30.00
1534 West Superior street	50.00
1536 West Superior street	50.00
20 East Fourth street	20.00

GEO. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg

Stock is now open in the Nevada Paraffine Oil Co. of Duluth, Minn., first issue selling at 3c per share, par value $1.00.
Office: 318 West Superior St.

FRENCH MINERS

Will Probably Strike the Latter Part of June.

Would Include All the Miners In the Country.

It Is Expected That Other Trades Would Also Join.

Washington, April 19.—A strike by the coal miners of France, planned to be general and to include all the miners in the country, is scheduled to take place about the end of the coming June, unless terms are agreed upon before the date. This latter eventuality is not expected, according to United States Consul Brunot, at St. Etienne, in a report to the state department. There is likelihood, too, that other trades will join the strike, says Consul Brunot, for iron workers, furnace men and machinists realize that the scarcity of fuel caused by a strike of the miners would also throw them out of employment. The silk and velvet ribbon weavers are discussing the propriety of striking at the same time.

During the past winter the retail price of coal was so high that the government was appealed to for a reduction of the duties on foreign coal, but this appeal was not granted. However, says Consul Brunot, should the domestic supply be further curtailed and prices advanced by reason of another strike, it is not improbable that, upon the renewal of demands, the government will take measures to facilitate the importation of coal by a reduction of duties and railway freight rates.

RETIRED.

John A. Kasson Has Severed Connection With State Department.

Washington, April 19.—John A. Kasson has severed his official connection with the state department, where he has been since the beginning of Mr. McKinley's administration, engaged as special plenipotentiary to conduct the negotiations which resulted in the drafting of a number of reciprocity treaties and arrangements under the terms of the Dingley act. Although thus severing his official connection, Mr. Kasson holds himself ready to respond to any call of the department for the special information of which he is possessed. Meanwhile the bureau in the state department which he organized will continue in existence, so that the highly trained expert force may be of service at short notice whenever the secretary of state decides to resume negotiations.

You can't cure dyspepsia by dieting. Eat good, wholesome food, and plenty of it.—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to cure. Max Wirth.

"The Land of the Sky" Country.

Avoid the rigors of early spring in the north by going to the mountain section of Western North Carolina, one of the most beautiful countries on earth with climatic advantages second to none. In this region are situated the attractive resorts of Asheville, Hot Springs, Tryon, Sapphyre and Black Mountain, where there are superior hotel accommodations and visitors to this country find it at all seasons of the year most advantageous.

Round trip tourist tickets on sale from all points. For literature, rates, etc., write or call on George B. Allen, A. G. P., Southern railway, St. Louis, Mo., or J. C. Beam, Jr., N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE - REAL ESTATE.

$6000 Takes a fine residence in Center of city.
$6500 Takes 8-room modern house—corner lot in East End.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 5 WEST SUPERIOR street; possession May 1.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 204 WEST Michigan st., refrigeration furnished.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT, WATER furnished, $12.00.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

Here is a Snap in a Cheap Home!

Fine corner lot, 50x100 feet, on Nineteenth avenue west, near Fourth street, with good 6-room house, stone foundation, brick cellar, fine large pantry, excellent well in back kitchen. Stone retaining wall around lower side of lot.
All for the very low price of $1250.

Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CABINET

Held Short Meeting With No Particular Business Transacted.

Washington, April 19.—The cabinet meeting today developed that there were no new advices from China and that nothing of public moment was discussed. The session lasted less than an hour. From now until the dearture of the president for the West, only those having the most urgent business will be seen by him. He has an immense amount of public business to dispose of during the next eight days, and it would be impossible for him to get it out of the way, if his days should be given up to receiving visitors.

TRACE CARS.

A New Bureau to Get More Service From Cars.

Chicago, April 19.—A bureau, having for its object the getting of increased service from freight cars, and to which all the railroads of the United States are expected to interest themselves, is an experiment which will soon be given a two months' trial at the instance of financial powers, who have recently engineered gigantic changes in the railroad systems of the country. J. W. Midgely, formerly chairman of the Western Freight association, will have charge of the bureau, with headquarters at Kansas City.

Railroad magnates, having arrived at the conclusion that it takes three times as many cars to move a given quantity of freight as it did in former times, have turned the problem of correction over to Mr. Midgely. Should his experiments prove satisfactory the bureau will be made permanent. Detention of cars at freight terminals is the greatest evil Mr. Midgley will attempt to correct. It is said that chiefly from this cause the car famine of the last year resulted. Railway officials declare that the average daily service of a freight car has fallen to 20 or 25 miles per day, where formerly the average was 90 miles. The new bureau is to be in the nature of a car tracing organization, which will see to it that a car, having arrived at a terminal station, is quickly unloaded and returned by the shortest route to the road to which it belongs.

DECLINE OF BOHEMIA.

The hunt for a musical or literary Bohemian has been fiercer than ever this winter, says the New York Sun. It has resulted in some cases in driving away from restaurants the very people who at one time made them interesting.

One restaurant several years ago was the delight of perhaps a dozen outsiders. It was downtown and well east of Third avenue, so that it was out of the beaten track of curiosity seekers. It was a resort for musicians, who frequently brought their instruments with them so that they might illustrate a point in discussion.

The wines of the proprietor's native country were served and although every one, men, women and children, drank them, there was almost no drunkenness. It was an orderly, prosperously dressed crowd of men that gathered in this place and it had the added quality of being interesting to the outsider.

Such things don't last in New York, however, and one of the initiated who had enjoyed the cafe for more than a year brought a big theater party down there one night near midnight. The experience was such a success that each one of the guests brought down a party during the next two months.

The secret of the place was out now and within six months there were more outsiders than old patrons in the place, on the special nights when a good orchestra furnished the music. The outsiders, moreover, were not so polite as the old patrons. They very frankly discussed the latter in loud tones much as the visitors at a zoo would criticise its attractions.

The regulars who had been making this safe a club for many years, saw that they were being crowded out. They hung on, hoping for relief, until it became evident that the proprietor was making much more money from his new guests than from his old, and the latter dropped out, one by one, and sought other places.

This has been the history of every similar cafe. Several evenings ago a man who had known the cafe years ago a man who had known the cafe years ago went ther to note its changes. At a table near him sat a party which was from its talk, out on a slumming expedition. The young women in it had apparently never been south of Fourteenth street before, and they felt that they were in a new world.

It so happened that at a table not far away was another party which was there for the same purpose. Each party mistook the other for regulars. There was no one else in the place of interest and they devoted themselves to criticising each other.

"The idea of women who live down here wearing so much jewelry," said a woman with the first party.

From the women in the second party came audible comments on the style of the women of the first party. This conversation led to friction and a man from the first party stepped over to the table of the second party and asked why these insulting remarks had been made.

A warm discussion followed, in the course of which each party to its disgust found that the other party was visiting the place for the first time. Each had furnished the other amusement and both left crowing that the Bohemian reputation of the place was a take and that it was merely the resort of ill-bred people who wanted to be Bohemian.

THE LADY OF LYONS.

Washington society has a new sobriquet for Mrs. Richard Townsend, who is building a magnificent $400,000 mansion on Massachusetts avenue. She is called "The Lady of Lyons," says the New York Journal.

Copies of Canova's celebrated sleeping and waking lions grace the stone balustrade on either side of the wide flight of steps leading from the pavement to the entrance of her house.

The lions, however, are of such exceedingly diminutive proportions as to have excited no end of merriment on the part of society, and it is because of all this merriment that the name has been bestowed upon the handsome owner of the property.

Some even go to the extent of averting that certain of Mrs. Townsend's invitations issued since taking up her residence in her new home this season have in the left hand corner the words "the lions," and are quite positive in their assertions that this is the name she has given her town house.

LUNATICS AND INVENTORS.

The resident physician of one of the largest lunatic asylums in Great Britain stated, as an instance of the cleverness of lunatics, that a very valuable improvement connected with machinery, and now in daily use everywhere, was invented by the inmate of an asylum, well known to everyone by name, says the Montreal Herald. As the inventor was afterwards quite cured, and became a prominent man, the physician did not give any details, but his invention, designed and modeled as a diversion while absolutely insane, has brought him in thousands of pounds. Another lunatic invented a simple automatic contrivance for the head of a lawn tennis racquet, to pick up the balls and abolish stooping. It acted perfectly, and the asylum doctor advised his friends to secure a patent for him in case he should become cured.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

DON'T RENT

Purchase a lot of **Lakeside Land Company** at Lakeside or Lester Park and the Company will loan you the money to build. Easy terms—No commission. Call and see us at **303 Lonsdale building**—

Lakeside Land Co.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.
Lots 49 and 51, Block 120, Duluth Proper, Third Division, being 100x140 feet. Price ---------- $700

Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

Stock is now open in the Nevada Paraffine Oil Co. of Duluth, Minn., first issue selling at 3c per share, par value $1.00.
Office: 318 West Superior St.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first-class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske, room 2, over No. 7 West Superior street.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

LOST.

LOST—PACKAGE CONTAINING PAIR pants. Reward for return to 516 Lake avenue north. $2 reward..

LOST—GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN. Please leave at 220 Fourteenth avenue east and receive reward.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY. 406 W. SUP. ST.

▲ SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker. 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner. Zenith telephone 606.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES.

$6000 For No. 502 West Third street, all conveniences.
$3750 For No. 2101 East First street.
$3500 For 823 East Third street, city water, bath, stone foundation, sewer and barn.
$3200 For No. 502 Second avenue east.
$3000 For 1510 Jefferson street, all conveniences, including electric light.
$2100 For 1512 London road, water, sewer and bath.
$1200 For 511 West Fifth street.
$900 For No. 223 Ninth avenue east.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS Closing out sale every piano and organ; must be sold by April 30; one-half price and less on all new and second-hand pianos; our lease expires and we must quit business; read some of the bargains:
Gabler Upright, like new ---------- $125
Knabe Piano, good as new ---------- $ 75
Everett Upright Piano ---------- $150
Estey Organ, high top, walnut case--$ 20
Mason & Hamlin Organ, high top, walnut case ---------- $ 30
Come at once while you have assortment to select from. Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Metz, 1 and 2 Columbus building; over Stack's.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTICON outfit with calcium light jets, with or without lantern slides. A bargain. Richards & Birch, 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows to arrive April 20. Evan Johnson, 2608 West Helm street.

1500 SHARES KETTLE CURLEW STOCK at a bargain. Dividend payer. Make an offer. Address D 47, Herald.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

LEAVING THE CITY—I WANT TO sell my Henry F. Miller artist's piano that I have been using in my studio for a short time; good as new. Will sell at a great sacrifice. Francis E. Woodward.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 DENSMORE TYPEwriter, almost new; flat top desk and letter press, will sell together or separate. B 17, Herald.

FOR SALE—ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD effects, cheap. 30 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—GAS RANGE, with water meter. 610 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, NEW SET of 4 vol. half morocco, Encyclopaedic Dictionary. This is one of the best bargains in an encyclopaedia ever offered in Duluth. Albertson's, 330 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—5000 SHARES COLUMBIA stock, "Big 5"—at 25 cents. 533 Manhattan buuilding.

FOR SALE—FOUR PONIES AT STEWart's livery.

FOR SALE—CABINET ORGAN IN GOOD condition; cheap. Call 1722 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, HOUSE AND LOT. 420 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—NELSON BANJO, GOOD condition, best make; cost $50; will sell for $30. Address A 93, Herald.

FOR SALE—ALL FURNITURE OF 10-room house, including one Steinway piano, 516 Second avenue east. Must be sold at once, as owner wants to leave the city.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASES, SHELVES, counter fixtures. Mrs. Franklin Paine, 106 West Superior street.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — TWO LIGHT DRAFT horses. Northwest Manufacturing company, Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SECOND HAND pony carriage or phaeton. Address C. N. L., Herald.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., April 15, 1901.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Portage Lake ship canals, Keweenaw Point, Mich., will be received here until noon, May 15, 1901, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, captain engineers, Duluth Evening Herald. April-15-16-17-18-May-12-14-1901.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 718 East Third.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT the Hazelwood Park hotel, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. Apply 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—TEN OR FIFTEEN GIRLS for plain sewing. Call at Helstine & Co.'s, Fifth avenue west and Michigan street. Overall factory.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. Call mornings, 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL, TWO IN FAMILY. 127 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, must be good cook. Apply Mrs. John P. Morrow, Twenty-first avenue east and Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 607 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 120 East Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1320 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1121 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. Hansen Smith, Fifty-fourth avenue and Central place, West Duluth.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. Apply to Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street..

GIRL WANTED—220 FOURTEENTH avenue east.

WANTED — DISHWASHER, DINING room girl and chambermaid at the Colson house.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS TO learn the French-American system of garment cutting. A small salary paid while learning. Room 219 Lowell building.

WANTED — COMPETENT DINING room girl immediately. 329 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO COOKING and general housework; family of three. 2302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. None but good cook need apply. 231 West Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

100 MEN WANTED FOR HALVORSON, Richards & Co.'s big railroad contract near Bemidji, Minn. Laborers, station and ax men. One year's work. Cheap fare. Ship every night. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED BELL BOY at the Spalding hotel.

WANTED—FOUR CARPENTERS AT once, 21 Lake avenue north.

MACHINIST WANTED AT MICHIGAN copper mine, Rockland. Apply in person or by letter to S. S. Jennison, Master Mechanic.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN FOR FARM work. Apply by letter, stating wages expected, to Walter S. Thompson, Mahtowa, Minn.

HARNESSMAKERS WANTED. APPLY at Schulze Bros., 304 West Michigan street.

LEARN A PROFESSION and support yourself while learning. How? Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence schools, 206 New Jersey Building, Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY MAN WITH EXPERIence and first class recommendations, position as janitor or engineer. Address M. L., Herald.

WANTED—WASHING OR HOUSE cleaning. Call at 14½ East Fifth street..

A FIRST CLASS COOK WANTS WORK. Apply Haley's restaurant.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING stores or offices to clean by the day or contract. Call or send postal to 270 Third avenue east.

A YOUNG MAN, WHO HAS GOOD education, would like position in office; is an excellent penman and can keep books. B 92, Herald.

SEAMSTRESS WANTS WORK WITH good dressmaker, who works in private families. Address D 70, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING BY THE day. Address B 18, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION, AS COACHMAN or deliveryman; experienced. Apply Room 7 on third floor, 315 West Fourth street.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE A place as cooks (both experienced cooks), boats preferred, summer resort or hotel. Address 115 Fifty-eighth avenue west, West Duluth; upstairs.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A POSItion as clerk in a store, or cashier in a restaurant. Has had experience. Wages moderate. Address B 12, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN ALL-ROUND EXperienced man, handy with tools, a job as watchman or janitor. Address M 407 First avenue west.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

PERSONAL.

STUTTERING AND STAMMERING positively cured by Professor O. H. Ennis, of Chicago. Located at Tremont hotel, Duluth.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin; 25 cents, Fredmuth's.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Stock is now open in the Nevada Paraffine Oil Co. of Duluth, Minn., first issue selling at 3c per share, par value $1.00.
Office: 318 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—NO. 315 WEST FOURTH street. Possession May 1. Inquire at 502 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM COTTAGE at Glen Avon. Apply to T. J. Owens, Peerless laundry.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM FURNISHED house, centrally located, for four or five months. Address J. Rx, Herald.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, HOT AND cold water; centrally located. Inquire 517 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ON MAY 1, 7-ROOM house, furnished, on Fifth avenue east; modern conveniences. Address D 73, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, thoroughly modern, for five or six months. Address M 19, Herald.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED rooms, with hot and cold water, with bath. 28 West Second street; very central.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front rooms, 115 West Fifth street. Mrs. Ekberg.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, ELECtric lights, furnace. 720 West First street

ROOMS FOR RENT, 626 WEST THIRD street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, first class, gentlemen only. 131 East Second street.

FOR RENT—CHEAP, FURNISHED front room, modern conveniences. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FIVE UNFURNISHED rooms with water connections. Call corner Forty-fourth avenue east and London road.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—HALF FLAT, UNFURnished, steam heat, bath. Call evenings or noons. 15 Mason flat.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE 7-ROOM furnished flat, East First street. B 15, Herald.

STORE FOR RENT.

SUPERIOR STREET, MICHIGAN street and basement of Brown block. 10 East Superior street, for rent. Inquire of A. E. Brown at North-Land Printery.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO SMALL ROOMS UNfurnished, with watter, three in family. Address Y. M. C. A., city.

WANTED—TO RENT, FOUR OR FIVE room flat or unfurnished rooms or small house. References furnished. P. O. Box 366.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM. 526 WEST FIRST street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD BY young lady in private family. Address B 16, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

$250 TO LOAN ON DULUTH REAL ESTate. 402 Lonsdale building, city.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 321 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 200 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions, aspirations of youth and health $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by the undersigned. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

CURSE of DRINK

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN

NO CURE, NO PAY.
If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 29, 1901. Work, Third degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; r. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1901. Work, Second degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 24, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Work, ——. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. School of instruction Tuesday, April 16. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson. Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First St.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth ..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	9 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar.. Virginia ..Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.. Eveleth ..Lv	7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar.. Ely ..Lv	7:19 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave Duluth	DULUTH.	Arrive Duluth
†*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
‡Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
‡3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:30 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	‡Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—	Ashland and Fast	Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*7 30 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm
*11 10 pm		

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
* 7 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
405 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 50 am
*7 15 am	EXPRESS.	*8 00 pm

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

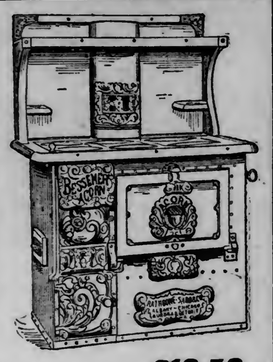
SIXTEEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ABOUT STEEL RANGE PRICES

The prices on STEEL RANGES and other Stoves will be found lower here than in other Duluth stores. It is also the comment of customer that the assortment in this store is much larger and more complete than is usually found.



Steel Range, plain ***$18.50***
Steel Range with high shelf ***$21.75***
Steel Range with high closet .. ***$24.50***

TERMS—$5 cash and $5 a month.

Your Credit Is Good.

French & Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

$1800 Takes a good 9-room house five blocks from First National bank; has sewer, bath, stationary wash bowls, mantel, furnace and grate. Price good for a few days only.

$900 Each for two East Second St. lots. These are genuine snaps. Special snap in vacant lot in West End.

Snaps In Lakeside, Lester Park, Woodland and West Duluth.

FOR RENT—Offices in Mesaba Block, 1907 East Superior street, nine rooms all in first-class condition.

$2000 Nice 6-room house near Eighteenth avenue east, in Endion. Has a cement cellar, bath, hardwood floors, city water, sewer and closet.

Money to loan at 5%

Be sure you see us before YOU BUY

FOR RENT—10-room house, all modern conveniences—on 40th ave. W. at $20 per month. 6-room house at Woodland. Rent $5 a month.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

-At the- Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

We wish to purchase

Pennsylvania Iron & Steel Company Stock

Calumet & Arizona Stock

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

Don't Think of Printing unless you think of us.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, GENERAL PRINTERS, 15 Second Ave. W. 'Phone 336

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

MONEY TO LOAN Large amount of local money on hand to loan at low rates on first mortgages. No delay in passing on applications.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor, Providence Bldg

von Suessmilch & Costello,

HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota. Dentists.

For a short time only—special prices on plates.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

WILL REMIND PEOPLE.

Pastors Will Present Cleaning Day Idea.

From the pulpits of many of the Duluth churches tomorrow there will be brief prologues, reminding the congregation that next Friday is the day set apart for making Duluth a clean city. The ministers have taken very kindly to the mayor's suggestion of a general day of cleaning up, and last Sunday a number of them spoke in the interest of general observance of cleaning up day.

The health department and department of public works has been busy during the past two weeks with forces of men cleaning up streets and alleys, and a great improvement has been noticed, particularly in the West End.

FUNERAL SERVICES HELD.

Chicago, April 20.—Funeral services were held today for Bishop Esher, at the Evangelical church in Sheffield avenue, and at Graceland cemetery, where interment was made. The pallbearers were Rev. G. Hallwack, Rev. Henry Hintz, Rev. D. S. Oakes, Rev. M. Brendel and Rev. F. Schwartz.

RIPLEY FREE

Acquitted of Complicity In Goebel Murder.

Only Two Ballots Taken By the Jury.

Frankfort, Ky., April 20.—The jury in the case of Capt. Garnett Ripley, charged with complicity in the shooting of Governor Goebel, today rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Although the jury was out two hours, most of the time was taken up in discussing the case in the jury room. Only two ballots were taken. On the first ballot ten jurors voted "not guilty" and two voted guilty. The two who voted guilty said they believed the evidence showed him connected with the alleged conspiracy, but when they learned that either a life imprisonment or the death sentence must be imposed and that a shorter sentence would not be imposed, they came over and voted with the majority for an acquittal. The verdict was generally approved, though it was a surprise, as it was generally predicted there would be a hung jury.

Capt. Ripley is the fourth one of the alleged Goebel suspects to be tried.

The jury in the Ripley case was composed exclusively of Democrats. The matter of a requisition for the return of Governor W. S. Taylor from Indiana for trial is again a theme of popular speculation, but Commonwealth Attorney Franklin refuses to discuss it and up to noon today no application for extradition papers had been filed.

SHAMROCK II LAUNCHED

Sir Thomas Lipton's New Challenger Placed In Her Native Element Under the Most Auspicious Conditions.

Dumbarton, April 20.—Shamrock II was satisfactorily launched today at Denny's yards in the presence of a good crowd of invited guests, newspaper men and employes. Lady Dufferin christened the new challenger, which looked spick and span in its coat of white paint, trimmed with green, while the manganese bottom of the new boat shone like a mirror.

Lord and Lady Dufferin, Sir Thomas Lipton and others who came from Glasgow on a special train stood upon a raised platform decorated with Union Jacks, the Stars and Stripes and the Irish flag, and with Venetian masts in green and white, which were the prevailing colors.

Throughout the weather conditions could not have been better. The sun shone brightly. The employes of Denny's had a holiday, and in fact all Dumbarton was en fete to see Lady Dufferin break the bottle over the curiously snub-nosed bow of the boat. The British experts are very confident about the new boat, and think her the best that ever challenged for the cup.

"But if you don't win," said the correspondent of the Associated Press to Sir Thomas Lipton, "will you try again?"

"I expect next year to build a defender, not a challenger," was the diplomatic answer.

In this connection the manager of Denny's yard said: "When James Gordon Bennett saw the Shamrock II here a few weeks ago, he said: 'Well, if she wins, I am prepared to build a challenger.'"

At 11:45 a. m. today Sir Thomas Lipton personally conducted the correspondent of the Associated Press over and under the Shamrock II. This minute inspection confirms the description of the cup challenger cabled to the Associated Press last night. She is built to a general type, but embodies such novelties as prove her designer pursued an independent line of development rather than followed yachting conventions.

TO BUILD ROAD AT ONCE

The Chippewa Valley & Northwestern Railroad Has Organized and Will Build Connection For the Northwestern Road.

St. Paul, April 20.—A Madison, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The Chippewa Valley & Northwestern Railroad company, which is to connect the Omaha and Northwestern lines, between Rice Lake and a point in Iron county, filed articles of organization with the secretary of state today. It will be a branch of the Northwestern to run from Rice Lake, in Barron county, 100 miles northeast through Barron, Washburn, Sawyer, Ashland, Price, Iron and Vilas counties to a connection with the Chicago & Northwestern, in either Iron or Vilas counties. Work is to begin at once. The capital stock is $50,000, and the incorporators and directors are all officials of the Omaha company.

A HUGE STOVE TRUST

Secret Organization of All the Large Stove Manufacturing Concerns In United States Has Leaked Out.

Detroit, April 20.—A special to the Evening News from St. Louis, Mo., says: Although efforts are being made to keep it secret, the fact has leaked out here that the organization of a huge stove trust is nearly completed, taking in all the large stove manufacturing concerns of the United States. The present deal seems to have been engineered from Detroit. No details can be learned as to the capitalization, or the names of the companies which are understood to have given options.

Detroit stove manufacturers deny any knowledge of the combination.

A BIG ELY ROW.

Is Appealed to the District Court.

The district court is asked to pass on an Ely row over a lot of household furniture, the case coming up on an appeal from the municipal court of that city. James Rody is the plaintiff, and he sought to recover the furniture from Jennie Horan. The court there gave him judgment, and Mrs. Horan appealed to the district court. In her answer she alleges that not Rody, but one George Davis, alias George Hardy, alias George Harding, and his "pretended wife," Mrs. Cora Davis, alias Cora Harder, alias Mrs. Ed Harder, are the real parties in interest. She claims that Davis came to her place and prevailed upon her to give him board, with his wife, giving her $150 for refraining from going to the woods with her husband, and promising to pay $50 a month board. He represented that he was a wealthy lumberman, she says, and that Cora Davis was his wife. She alleges that she found out later that this was not true, and she says Cora Davis admitted that she was not his wife, and that she was going to run away from him. When she did leave, Mrs. Horan alleges that she took away with her a pair of blankets. Later Davis claimed her furniture on a pretended bill of sale, which Mrs. Horan says was forged, and Rody took out a lot of the furniture and did considerable damage. So she asks that the Davises be made parties, and that she be given damages in the sum of $953. The court in Ely ruled out most of this answer, and gave Rody judgment.

BARNABEE MUST PAY.

Court Decides That Comedian Is Liable.

Henry Clay Barnabee, the noted comedian of the Bostonian Opera company, will be called upon to put up $5000 to help out the creditors of the Duluth Dry Goods company. In special term of district court this morning, Judge Dibell levied an assessment of that much on his stock on the case brought against the stockholders of the company. An assessment of $1000 was also levied against F. S. Easton.

In the case of F. S. Kosmerl et al against S. F. Snively et al a demurrer was overruled.

There were three other cases on the special term calendar, and all of them were continued.

RATES FOR TEACHERS

Railroads Grant One Fare Plus the Membership Fee.

Available For Those tending the Convention at Detroit.

Pan-American Exposition and Other Side Trips Arranged.

Chicago, April 20.—The executive committee of the National Educational association has obtained for the annual convention to be held at Detroit July 8-12, 1901, a rate of one fare for the round trip, plus the membership fee, from all railway lines in the United States and Canada, excepting the Northern Transcontinental lines. Tickets for return will be extended to Sept. 1 upon the deposit plan.

Following the convention, side-trip rates, at one farce for the round trip, will be granted to Mackinac and points in Northern Michigan, to points in Canada as far eastward as Montreal and Quebec, from which New England points can be reached at the usual summer tourist rates.

All tickets reading through Hamilton, Toronto, Niagara Falls or Buffalo will provide for a stop-over of ten days to visit the Pan-American exposition.

The Detroit local committee, will provide for from 12,000 to 15,000 guests in the homes of Detroit in addition to the accommodations for 5000 in the hotels and boarding houses. The programs of the general session and the seventeen departments provide for forty-eight separate sessions and about 150 papers by prominent educators from all sections of the United States. It is expected that this will be the largest convention yet held by the association.

BROKE JAIL.

Four Desperate Criminals Escape In a Daring Manner.

Rawlings, Wyo., April 20.—Orlo McSwain and James McMahon, charged with murder, and Ed Martin and Will Probst, charged with assault and robbery, participated in a daring jail delivery here during the night by sawing their way out of the county jail, after having assaulted the jailor, locked him in a cell and secured his gun. The officer was knocked down by one of the prisoners, who used a chunk of coal tied in the end of a stocking.

Reaching the outside of the jail, the four criminals separated, two going east and two west, and it is thought they got away on Union Pacific trains, although they wore neither coats nor hats, and were without shoes.

INCREASED

Reward For Recovery of McCormick Boy Now Amounts to $16,000.

New York, April 20.—The Rev. James A. Mullin, pastor of the Roman Catholic church of the Sacred Heart, in High Bridge, where the McCormick family attended has offered an additional reward of $10,000 for the return of Missing Willie McCormick and the arrest of his kidnappers. Father Mullin's offer brings the total reward up to $16,000, of which $5000 is offered by an uncle of Willie McCormick and $1000 by the boy's father, who is in comparatively poor circumstances.

ITS CREED.

Great Presbyterian Question Will Come Up on May 16.

Chicago, April 20.—The Evening Post says: "May 16, at Philadelphia, will be opened an ecclesiastical meeting which will go down in history as one of the most memorable councils of Christianity. The reason is that one of the oldest Protestant creeds may be ordered changed or be obliterated.

"At this, the first general assembly of the twentieth century will be read the result in the various presbyteries where action has been taken on the reports made by the commission on creed revision appointed at the St. Louis assembly. This commission formulated four propositions:

"For the abolition of the Westminster confession of faith and the adoption of a new one; for a supplementary statement to the present creed; for changing and modifying the present creed, for no action at all. A member of the commission was the late ex-President Benjamin Harrison.

"Dr. Herrick Johnson, of McCormick Theological seminary, a member of the commission, is in favor of a supplemental statement and last October the Chicago presbytery endorsed his views. Nearly all presbyteries have voted on the various presentations, but a final decision will not be reached, except after extended and brilliant debate and a reference of the matter to a new commission, which will report at the next succeeding assembly."

GOVERNOR APPOINTED.

Washington, April 20.—The president today appointed William M. Jenkins, of Oklahoma, to be governor of that territory, and James W. Raynolds, of New Mexico, to be secretary of the territory of New Mexico.

A GENERAL STRIKE.

Barcelona, April 20.—The Socialists have decided to celebrate May day with a general strike. The anarchists, however, refused to co-operate with them.

STORMSWEPT

Fierce Gale With Blinding Snow and Sleet.

Extending From Ohio to Atlantic Coast.

Cleveland, April 20.—Northern Ohio was today swept by a fierce storm of wind and snow that prostrated telegraph and telephone wires in all directions. The wind came from the north, and during the early hours of the day reached a velocity of fifty-five miles an hour. All telegraphic communication was severed between Cleveland and points east and south. A few wires were patched up to the west, but even these were reported to be working slowly.

In some respects the storm was the worst experienced during the entire winter. The heavy wet snow came down in blinding sheets, and the streets in this city were covered with slush almost ankle deep. Traffic on many street car lines was badly delayed. Telephone or telegraph poles were blown across the tracks and the trolley wires badly tangled up. The police and fire alarm wires were also carried down, and some sections of the city were cut off from communication with the fire and police signal exchanges.

Out of more than 100 wires connecting Cleveland and Buffalo not one was in working order during the early hours of today. The conditions between Cleveland and Pittsburg, it was said, were equally bad. Telegraph and telephone officials declared that the storm has been the most destructive experienced in a long time.

The long distance telephone lines were reported down in every direction, there being no communication with any outside point.

It will undoubtedly be many days before full repairs can be made to the telegraph and long distance telephone service. Many poles are prostrated, causing innumerable breaks in the wires.

The electric lighting companies shut off their current in some parts of the city, owing to the general mix-up of wires. Notwithstanding this precaution, however, a number of persons received severe shocks and several horses were killed. James White, a contractor, living at 9 Beaver street, stepped on a live wire on Broadway and was rendered unconscious. He was badly burned. On the same thoroughfare a horse stepped on a wire covered with slush and was instantly killed.

Subsequently two other horses were killed by coming in contact with live wires near the corner of Broadway and Wilson avenue.

Traffic on nearly all the steam roads entering the city was delayed to a more or less extent. In many places the tracks were supposed to be buried under deep slush, and it was found impossible to make schedule time.

Lake Erie was lashed into a wild fury by the violent storm. Enormous waves dashed over the harbor breakwater, sending up spray to the height of 100 feet or more.

A crib 200 feet long and about 25 feet wide, which was anchored at the end of the east breakwater, preparatory to being sunk, was torn from its fastenings and driven ashore inside the west breakwater. The crib crashed into the west pier, but little damage resulted.

Chicago, April 20.—Telegraphic communication with all points east of Cleveland has been cut off since early this morning by a storm which extends from Canada to Tennessee and east to the Atlantic coast. A heavy, wet snow, driven by a gale, has played havoc with wires and poles, and both Western Union and Postal companies report a complete suspension of business to the seaboard.

Officials here fear that this storm will cripple wire equipment worse than for several years past.

THE ABSORBING TOPIC

War and Politics Forgotten In England and All Interest Centered In Football Match at Crystal Palace.

London, April 20.—War and politics have taken a back seat for the day throughout the United Kingdom, where the sole absorbing topic of national importance is the great football match at Crystal palace for the possession of the association cup. The Sheffield United and the Tottenham Hotspurs are the two teams competing in the final.

The extraordinary interest annually shown in the contest is heightened by the fact that not only today's battle between the North and the South, but that it is twenty years since a London club figured in the final.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ABOUT STEEL RANGE PRICES The prices on STEEL RANGES and other Stoves will be found lower here than in other Duluth stores. It is also the comment of customer that the assortment in this store is much larger and more complete than is usually found.

Steel Range, plain.....$18.50
Steel Range with high shelf....$21.75
Steel Range with high closet..$24.50

TERMS—$5 cash and $5 a month.

Your Credit Is Good.

French & Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

$1890 Takes a good 9-room house five blocks from First National bank; has sewer, bath, stationary wash bowls, mantel, furnace and grate. Price good for a few days only.

$900 Each for two East Second St. lots. These are genuine snaps. Special snap in vacant lot in West End.

Snaps In Lakeside, Lester Park, Woodland and West Duluth.

FOR RENT—Offices in Mesaba Block. 1907 East Superior street, nine rooms all in first-class condition.

$2000 Nice 6-room house near Eighteenth avenue east, in Endion. Has a cement cellar, bath, hardwood floors, city water, sewer and closet.

Money to loan at 5%

Be sure you see us before YOU BUY

FOR RENT—10-room house, all modern conveniences—on 40th ave. W., at $30 per month. 6-room house at Woodland. Rent $5 a month.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

-At the- Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

We wish to purchase
Pennsylvania Iron & Steel Company Stock
Calumet & Arizona Stock
NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,
First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

Don't Think of Printing unless you think of us.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, GENERAL PRINTERS, 15 Second Ave. W. 'Phone 336

FINE STATIONERY.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

MONEY TO LOAN Large amount of local money on hand to loan at low rates on first mortgages. No delay in passing on applications.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor, Providence Bldg

von Suessmilch & Costello, Dentists.
HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota.
For a short time only—special prices on plates.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755. N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

WILL REMIND PEOPLE.

Pastors Will Present Cleaning Day Idea.

From the pulpits of many of the Duluth churches tomorrow there will be brief prologues, reminding the congregation that next Friday is the day set apart for making Duluth a clean city. The ministers have taken very kindly to the mayor's suggestion of a general day of cleaning up, and last Sunday a number of them spoke in the interest of general observance of cleaning up day.

The health department and department of public works has been busy during the past two weeks with forces of men cleaning up streets and alleys, and a great improvement has been noticed, particularly in the West End.

FUNERAL SERVICES HELD.

Chicago, April 20.—Funeral services were held today for Bishop Esher, at the Evangelical church in Sheffield avenue, and at Graceland cemetery, where interment was made. The pallbearers were Rev. G. Hallwack, Rev. Henry Hintz, Rev. D. S. Oakes, Rev. M. Brendel and Rev. F. Schwartz.

RIPLEY FREE

Acquitted of Complicity In Goebel Murder.

Only Two Ballots Taken By the Jury.

Frankfort, Ky., April 20.—The jury in the case of Capt. Garnett Ripley, charged with complicity in the shooting of Governor Goebel, today rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Although the jury was out two hours, most of the time was taken up in discussing the case in the jury room. Only two ballots were taken. On the first ballot ten jurors voted "not guilty" and two voted guilty. The two who voted guilty said they believed the evidence showed him connected with the alleged conspiracy, but when they learned that either a life imprisonment or the death sentence must be imposed and that a shorter sentence would not be imposed, they came over and voted with the majority for an acquittal. The verdict was generally approved, though it was a surprise, as it was generally predicted there would be a hung jury.

Capt. Ripley is the fourth one of the alleged Goebel suspects to be tried.

The jury in the Ripley case was composed exclusively of Democrats. The matter of a requisition for the return of Governor W. S. Taylor from Indiana for trial is again a theme of popular speculation, but Commonwealth Attorney Franklin refuses to discuss it and up to noon today no application for extradition papers had been filed.

SHAMROCK II LAUNCHED

Sir Thomas Lipton's New Challenger Placed In Her Native Element Under the Most Auspicious Conditions.

Dumbarton, April 20.—Shamrock II was satisfactorily launched today at Denny's yards in the presence of a good crowd of invited guests, newspaper men and employes. Lady Dufferin christened the new challenger, which looked spick and span in its coat of white paint, trimmed with green, while the manganese bottom of the new boat shone like a mirror.

Lord and Lady Dufferin, Sir Thomas Lipton and others who came from Glasgow on a special train stood upon a raised platform decorated with Union Jacks, the Stars and Stripes and the Irish flag, and with Venetian masts in green and white, which were the prevailing colors.

Throughout the weather conditions could not have been better. The sun shone brightly. The employes of Denny's had a holiday, and in fact all Dumbarton was en fete to see Lady Dufferin break the bottle over the curiously snub-nosed bow of the boat. The British experts are very confident about the new boat, and think her the best that ever challenged for the cup.

"But if you don't win," said the correspondent of the Associated Press to Sir Thomas Lipton, "will you try again?"

"I expect next year to build a defender, not a challenger," was the diplomatic answer.

In this connection the manager of Denny's yard said: "When James Gordon Bennett saw the Shamrock II here a few weeks ago, he said: 'Well, if she wins, I am prepared to build a challenger.'"

At 11:45 a. m. today Sir Thomas Lipton personally conducted the correspondent of the Associated Press over and under the Shamrock II. This minute inspection confirms the description of the cup challenger cabled to the Associated Press last night. She is built to a general type, but embodies such novelties as prove her designer pursued an independent line of development rather than followed yachting conventions.

TO BUILD ROAD AT ONCE

The Chippewa Valley & Northwestern Railroad Has Organized and Will Build Connection For the Northwestern Road.

St. Paul, April 20.—A Madison, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The Chippewa Valley & Northwestern Railroad company, which is to connect the Omaha and Northwestern lines, between Rice Lake and a point in Iron county, filed articles of organization with the secretary of state today. It will be a branch of the Northwestern to run from Rice Lake, in Barron county, 100 miles northeast through Barron, Washburn, Sawyer, Ashland, Price, Iron and Vilas counties to a connection with the Chicago & Northwestern, in either Iron or Vilas counties. Work is to begin at once. The capital stock is $50,000, and the incorporators and directors are all officials of the Omaha company.

A HUGE STOVE TRUST

Secret Organization of All the Large Stove Manufacturing Concerns In United States Has Leaked Out.

Detroit, April 20.—A special to the Evening News from St. Louis, Mo., says: Although efforts are being made to keep it secret, the fact has leaked out here that the organization of a huge stove trust is nearly completed, taking in all the large stove manufacturing concerns of the United States. The present deal seems to have been engineered from Detroit. No details can be learned as to the capitalization, or the names of the companies which are understood to have given options.

Detroit stove manufacturers deny any knowledge of the combination.

A BIG ELY ROW.

Is Appealed to the District Court.

The district court is asked to pass on an Ely row over a lot of household furniture, the case coming up on an appeal from the municipal court of that city. James Rody is the plaintiff, and he sought to recover the furniture from Jennie Horan. The court there gave him judgment, and Mrs. Horan appealed to the district court. In her answer she alleges that not Rody, but one George Davis, alias George Hardy, alias George Harding, and his "pretended wife," Mrs. Cora Davis, alias Cora Harder, alias Mrs. Ed Harder, are the real parties in interest. She claims that Davis came to her place and prevailed upon her to give him board, with his wife, giving her $150 for refraining from going to the woods with her husband, and promising to pay $50 a month board. He represented that he was a wealthy lumberman, she says, and that Cora Davis was his wife. She alleges that she found out later that this was not true, and she says Cora Davis admitted that she was not his wife, and that she was going to run away from him. When she did leave, Mrs. Horan alleges that she took away with her a pair of blankets. Later Davis claimed her furniture on a pretended bill of sale, which Mrs. Horan says was forged, and Rody took out a lot of the furniture and did considerable damage. So she asks that the Davises be made parties, and that she be given damages in the sum of $933. The court in Ely ruled out most of this answer, and gave Rody judgment.

BARNABEE MUST PAY.

Court Decides That Comedian Is Liable.

Henry Clay Barnabee, the noted comedian of the Bostonian Opera company, will be called upon to put up $5000 to help out the creditors of the Duluth Dry Goods company. In special term of district court this morning, Judge Dibell levied an assessment of that much on his stock on the case brought against the stockholders of the company. An assessment of $1000 was also levied against F. S. Easton.

In the case of F. S. Kosmerl et al against S. F. Snively et al a demurrer was overruled.

There were three other cases on the special term calendar, and all of them were continued.

RATES FOR TEACHERS

Railroads Grant One Fare Plus the Membership Fee.

Available For Those tending the Convention at Detroit.

Pan-American Exposition and Other Side Trips Arranged.

Chicago, April 20.—The executive committee of the National Educational association has obtained for the annual convention to be held at Detroit July 8-12, 1901, a rate of one fare for the round trip, plus the membership fee, from all railway lines in the United States and Canada, excepting the Northern Transcontinental lines. Tickets for return will be extended to Sept. 1 upon the deposit plan.

Following the convention, side-trip rates, at one farce for the round trip, will be granted to Mackinac and points in Northern Michigan, to points in Canada as far eastward as Montreal and Quebec, from which New England points can be reached at the usual summer tourist rates.

All tickets reading through Hamilton, Toronto, Niagara Falls or Buffalo will provide for a stop-over of ten days to visit the Pan-American exposition.

The Detroit local committee, will provide for from 12,000 to 15,000 guests in the homes of Detroit in addition to the accommodations for 5000 in the hotels and boarding houses. The programs of the general session and the seventeen departments provide for forty-eight separate sessions and about 150 papers by prominent educators from all sections of the United States. It is expected that this will be the largest convention yet held by the association.

BROKE JAIL.

Four Desperate Criminals Escape In a Daring Manner.

Rawlings, Wyo., April 20.—Orlo McSwain and James McMahon, charged with murder, and Ed Martin and Will Probst, charged with assault and robbery, participated in a daring jail delivery here during the night by sawing their way out of the county jail, after having assaulted the jailor, locked him in a cell and secured his gun. The officer was knocked down by one of the prisoners, who used a chunk of coal tied in the end of a stocking.

Reaching the outside of the jail, the four criminals separated, two going east and two west, and it is thought they got away on Union Pacific trains, although they wore neither coats nor hats, and were without shoes.

INCREASED

Reward For Recovery of McCormick Boy Now Amounts to $16,000.

New York, April 20.—The Rev. James A. Mullin, pastor of the Roman Catholic church of the Sacred Heart, in High Bridge, where the McCormick family attended has offered an additional reward of $10,000 for the return of Missing Willie McCormick and the arrest of his kidnappers. Father Mullin's offer brings the total reward up to $16,000, of which $5000 is offered by an uncle of Willie McCormick and $1000 by the boy's father, who is in comparatively poor circumstances.

ITS CREED.

Great Presbyterian Question Will Come Up on May 16.

Chicago, April 20.—The Evening Post says: "May 16, at Philadelphia, will be opened an ecclesiastical meeting which will go down in history as one of the most memorable councils of Christianity. The reason is that one of the oldest Protestant creeds may be ordered changed or be obliterated.

"At this, the first general assembly of the twentieth century will be read the result in the various presbyteries where action has been taken on the reports made by the commission on creed revision appointed at the St. Louis assembly. This commission formulated four propositions:

"For the abolition of the Westminster confession of faith and the adoption of a new one; for a supplementary statement to the present creed; for changing and modifying the present creed, for no action at all. A member of the commission was the late ex-President Benjamin Harrison.

"Dr. Herrick Johnson, of McCormick Theological seminary, a member of the commission, is in favor of a supplemental statement and last October the Chicago presbytery endorsed his views. Nearly all presbyteries have voted on the various presentations, but a final decision will not be reached, except after extended and brilliant debate and a reference of the matter to a new commission, which will report at the next succeeding assembly."

GOVERNOR APPOINTED.

Washington, April 20.—The president today appointed William M. Jenkins, of Oklahoma, to be governor of that territory, and James W. Raynolds, of New Mexico, to be secretary of the territory of New Mexico.

A GENERAL STRIKE.

Barcelona, April 20.—The Socialists have decided to celebrate May day with a general strike. The anarchists, however, refused to co-operate with them.

STORMSWEPT

Fierce Gale With Blinding Snow and Sleet.

Extending From Ohio to Atlantic Coast.

Cleveland, April 20.—Northern Ohio was today swept by a fierce storm of wind and snow that prostrated telegraph and telephone wires in all directions. The wind came from the north, and during the early hours of the day reached a velocity of fifty-five miles an hour. All telegraphic communication was severed between Cleveland and points east and south. A few wires were patched up to the west, but even these were reported to be working slowly.

In some respects the storm was the worst experienced during the entire winter. The heavy wet snow came down in blinding sheets, and the streets in this city were covered with slush almost ankle deep. Traffic on many street car lines was badly delayed. Telephone or telegraph poles were blown across the tracks and the trolley wires badly tangled up. The police and fire alarm wires were also carried down, and some sections of the city were cut off from communication with the fire and police signal exchanges.

Out of more than 100 wires connecting Cleveland and Buffalo not one was in working order during the early hours of today. The conditions between Cleveland and Pittsburg, it was said, were equally bad. Telegraph and telephone officials declared that the storm has been the most destructive experienced in a long time.

The long distance telephone lines were reported down in every direction, there being no communication with any outside point.

It will undoubtedly be many days before full repairs can be made to the telegraph and long distance telephone service. Many poles are prostrated, causing innumerable breaks in the wires.

The electric lighting companies shut off their current in some parts of the city, owing to the general mix-up of wires. Notwithstanding this precaution, however, a number of persons received severe shocks and several horses were killed. James White, a contractor, living at 9 Beaver street, stepped on a live wire on Broadway and was rendered unconscious. He was badly burned. On the same thoroughfare a horse stepped on a wire covered with slush and was instantly killed.

Subsequently two other horses were killed by coming in contact with live wires near the corner of Broadway and Wilson avenue.

Traffic on nearly all the steam roads entering the city was delayed to a more or less extent. In many places the tracks were supposed to be buried under deep slush, and it was found impossible to make schedule time.

Lake Erie was lashed into a wild fury by the violent storm. Enormous waves dashed over the harbor breakwater, sending up spray to the height of 100 feet or more.

A crib 200 feet long and about 25 feet wide, which was anchored at the end of the east breakwater, preparatory to being sunk, was torn from its fastenings and driven ashore inside the west breakwater. The crib crashed into the west pier, but little damage resulted.

Chicago, April 20.—Telegraphic communication with all points east of Cleveland has been cut off since early this morning by a storm which extends from Canada to Tennessee and east to the Atlantic coast. A heavy, wet snow, driven by a gale, has played havoc with wires and poles, and both Western Union and Postal companies report a complete suspension of business to the seaboard.

Officials here fear that this storm will cripple wire equipment worse than for several years past.

THE ABSORBING TOPIC

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Minn Hist Society

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ST. CROIX
Consolidated Copper Mines.
Capital - $1,500,000.

Divided into 1,500,000 Shares of $1.00 each. Set aside for treasury, $750,000. Par value $1.00, Non-Assessable, No Personal Liability.

We are still selling treasury stock at

20 Cts. a Share.

At 20 cents a share we are taking you in on a Promoters' Basis

This is on a basis of about $7.50 per acre. Some "ground floor" promoters have actually paid at the rate of over $10.00 per acre for lands in this locality, **and they bought them cheap enough at that.** $7.50 per acre is no price at all for mineral lands with the possibilities of ours. Why, if the people only knew the real merits of these properties and could hear the opinions expressed by the sound, hard-headed business men who have bought our stock, we would sell the balance of the 20 cent block as fast as we could write it out.

This Isn't a Gamble—It's a Conservative Business Investment.

We haven't only one proposition—***We Have Twelve.***

C. E. Bailey says—"It is remarkable to me that such rich vein matter outcropping to surface as it does here should have gone all these years unexplored." **Prof. T. C. Chamberlain says** of the St. Croix Range in Vol. III, Wisconsin Geology, page 394—"This formation is not only the equivalent, as the name implies, of the great copper bearing terrane of Keweenaw Point, **but is directly continuous with it and forms its western prolongation.**" Other reports are contained in our prospectus.

BUT BETTER THAN ANY REPORT—WE HAVE THE COPPER!

And as the Cornish miner says: "Where it is, there it is." You may wonder why we offer this stock so cheap. We will tell you. We needed a certain amount of money for immediate purposes. That we raised at 15 cents. We now need about $10,000 to equip our camps and do a limited amount of prospecting on our different showings. When we have raised that amount the price of our stock will be placed at 25 cents per share, which is nearer its real value. Buy now and share the profits with us later. **Our present price 20 Cents, Subject to Advance Without Notice.** Call or write for prospectus.

St. Croix Consolidated Copper Mines

A. C. VOLK & Co., Fiscal Agts., 202 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Advantages Presented by the

Nevada Paraffine Oil Co.

1st—Geologically our formation is the best ever discovered. The sand conglomerate or oil gravel (natures reservoir in which oil is held) lies between two strata of Trenton limestone (natures laberatory in which oil is formed.) Thus we have a double oil producing formation—a rare occurence in oil fields.

2nd—This will be a **Paraffine Oil**—worth three times the market value of the California oil, which has made so many fortunes.

3rd—This formation is three times the thickness of that of California and and surpasses that of any known field.

4th—As a result of a double oil producing formation, our **gravel** should be the **richest known.** As a result of the thickness of formation—we should have the greatest quantity of oil produced in any field.

5th—We own our land.

6th—The entire 640 acres is on the oil bearing formation.

7th—This land costs nothing unless oil is reached. It is paid for in stock which does not go on the market till oil is struck.

8th—We pay no salaries to officers or managers.

9th—Your money is used solely to develop the property of the company.

10th—The promoters can make no money out of this enterprise unless they strike oil.

11th—If anyone makes money out of your investment, your stock will be worth par.

12th—Purchasers of the **subscription issue** of stock get in on the ground floor. Our profits lie in the inhanced value of adjoining lands.

The subscription issue being sold at 3 cents per share, will probably be soon exhausted. The next issue will be 5 cents per share.

JOHN G. HOWARD, ***318 W. Sup. St. St. Louis Hotel.***

OIL COMPANY.

Duluth People Organize Company to Operate In California.

A company, which has been preparing for several weeks to develop oil lands in California which it owns, just completed its organization today. It has been incorporated under the laws of West Virginia as the Zenith Oil company, with a capital stock of $2,000,000, and is officered by several well-known citizens of Duluth and vicinity. Its prospectus, which is just out, names the following as the board of directors: John R. Kehl, vice president of the First National bank of Chippewa Falls, Wis., and senior member of Kehl & Deary, lumbermen, president of the company; Joseph Sellwood, general superintendent American Mining company, vice president of the company; George H. Claypool, secretary of the company; Benjamin E. Wells, vice president of Stone-Ordean-Wells company, wholesale grocers, treasurer of the company; William O. Pealer, attorney at law; George M. Smith, general agent C., St. P., M. & O. Railway company, and Thomas Gibson, grain commission, board of trade of Duluth. It would be hard to duplicate the list in Duluth for financial responsibility, business experience and knowledge of the oil business combined.

The organization of the company is largely the result of the experience of George M. Smith in the coaling oil district of California during the past five years. As has frequently been stated by the press, Mr. Smith has made some profitable investments in oil in the past few years, and is well acquainted with the oil industry of the coast.

The company owns about 1325 acres of oil lands in an oil district in which there are nearly fifty wells now producing oil. Its property has been prospected and the oil sands have been located on the property. One prospect hole is said to contain over 150 feet of oil seepage, and a well came in on March 22 within 100 feet of the lands of this company. With such prospects, the stockholders of the company are quite confident of developing it into a producing property during the coming summer.

MURPHY THE WINNER.

Chickamauga Veterans' Faith Was Well Placed.

"Curley" Murphy, of old Company G, won his wrestling match against John Bennett, of Bemidji, last evening as easily as he won out in his celebrated encounter with the swift foot of an army mule at Chickamagua. As a result of this match Murphy now claims the middleweight championship of Minnesota, and says that he is prepared to defend the title against all comers.

The match was pulled off at the Parlor theater, and Murphy was the favorite at odds of 2 to 1. Old National Guardsmen that had witnessed his encounter with the mule at Chickamauga backed him heavily. The men went on the mat in good condition, Bennett weighing 155 and Murphy 151. The former Company G man won the first fall in 7:10. The second went to the wrestler from Bemidji in 10:33. The third fall was Murphy's in 0:53, and the fourth went to Bennett in 7:10. The fifth and deciding fall was Murphy's in 12:32, and he was awarded the match.

Mme. Boyde Complexion and Hair Dressing Parlors.

Over 216 West Superior Street.

Miss Jones, of New York, in Charge

New Methods. New Styles. Finest appointed parlors in the West.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Totman Bros. have removed to East End livery.

OIL BOOM IN TEXAS

Henry Myers Tells of Excitement In Beaumont District.

Land Values Jumping Wildly and People Are Crazy.

Galveston Not Recovering From the Terrible Storm.

"I have seen booms before," remarked Henry H. Myers, who has just returned from a several months' sojourn with his family in Texas," but I never before saw a boom like that now on in the Beaumont oil district in Texas. I always thought that I could keep up with any boom in land prices, but when land commences to go up $1000 per acre per day, yes, in three minutes, you can count me out. It is a boom difficult to understand. The district is yet a new one for it has not been 100 days since the first gusher was struck, yet there are six wells flowing and derricks up for 100 more in the surrounding country. There are probably twenty-five oil boring rigs at work and others are being put in as fast as they can be procured. The only locality in which any oil has yet been struck is about 500 feet wide and 1000 feet long. The six wells are all included within these limits. Land there that before the first gusher was struck, sold for $50 an acre, is worth now from $2000 to $5000 and there is one small piece of land between two gushers that was formerly sold at $750 that today is now worth $500,000. Speculation is rife and the excitement is something tremendous. Northern capital is investing freely. Most of the money comes from Pennsylvania and a large amount from California.

"Prices are continuing to shoot up. A Minneapolis man offered me some property there at $3000 an acre if I would take it right away. Of course it is a gamble, for if they strike oil in a boring going on close by, the land will be worth $10,000 an acre. If they don't, it will be worth $50. I did not invest, but learned that he sold a few days later for $5000 an acre.

"At every well going down there are a hundred fellows sitting around watching to see the results, for on it depend their fortunes as they own land adjoining. The oil strata has not yet been outlined and nobody knows how far out it extends. It is pretty certain that many of the investors are going to be disappointed.

"The only man from the head of the lakes that I heard of who has invested there is J. B. Noyes, of West Superior. I understand that he has made a lease. Mr. Noyes, when I saw him at Beaumont, was considering the proposition to buy the oil in the pool from the first gusher. About 400,000 gallons of the oil lies in a pool in the swamp, and the owner offers to sell for 10 cents a gallon. Purchasers are a little shy, however, as there are many conditions, such as the sun and the effect of the weather to take into consideration, and whether oil that has been exposed so long will turn out profitably.

"Difficulty has been encountered in every well that has been put down. It took about a year and a half to get the first gusher, now it takes about sixty days. The depth of the wells run from 1050 to 1150 feet, though a few are a little deeper. The boring is done by water, as there is about 600 feet of quicksand to go through, and this is the only method that will do it. There is also forty or fifty feet of sulphur to bore through. A 12-inch pipe is first sunk and the water jet turned on the inside, the water comes out at the lower end and, bubbling up on the outside, stirs up the quicksand, and the pipe keeps steadily sinking. The water pressure must not be stopped for even an instant, for if it is, the quicksand closes in around the pipe until it is immovable. The sand must be kept stirring, so that the pipe can turn around, or work stops. When this happens, a smaller pipe, one that will just go inside the 12-inch pipe, is put down and the water pressure continued. If this pipe stops, another still smaller pipe is put down and the process continued. There is no well down 1200 feet that was not started with a 12-inch pipe, and they are now using a 2-inch pipe. This is the smallest size practicable, for with an inch pipe the oil, if struck, would not come up fast enough to make the venture profitable. They were fortunate in the best well in getting through the quicksand with the lower end a 3-inch pipe.

"A pipe line has been established at Port Arthur, twenty-two miles distant, and a number of tanks have been built along the line. Some predict that the district will be a greater oil country than even the Russian oil fields, but that is probably an exaggeration. People down there are very much excited at the present time, and when things quiet down there is likely to be a little change of sentiment as to the immensity of the field. There is no question that it is one of the greatest speculative fields in the country just at present. It would be hard to state the daily capacity of the six wells now flowing, but a tank holding 37,500 gallons was filled from the biggest gusher in twelve hours."

As to the conditions at Galveston, the Texan city that was last September demolished in the big storm on the gulf coast, Mr. Myers said:

"The situation at Galveston is indeed a sad one. It is hard to say what will eventually become of the city. Only those people are remaining whose property interests are all tied up in Galveston, and these are leaving as fast as they can dispose of it. Values have depreciated from 40 to 50 per cent. I know of residence property that before the storm was valued at $175,000 that has since been sold for $20,000. Nobody is rebuilding but the corporate interests, and with them it was necessary in order to care for the business that piled up immediately after the storm. The sheds have been rebuilt along the wharves, one elevator has been repaired, but the other is still covered at the top with a tarpaulin. The government will repair a portion of the jetties that were lowered by the storm and the fortifications that were destroyed, as all this is necessary, but the railroad companies are doing nothing. They are still using the temporary bridge built after the storm. Every Texan city in the vicinity has been increased in population at the expense of Galveston. It is estimated that 5000 former Galveston people are new residing in Houston.

"Along the business streets of Galveston, once so busy, there is now a Sunday quiet. The merchants are doing very little business, and their clerks are idle. No effort is being made to build up the residence portion to its former splendor. The relief fund, which amounted in cash alone to $1,250,000, was sent down for the relief of the destitute people. The committee taking it in charge were former wealthy men of Galveston, and instead of distriouting the money among the people, as intended, they used it to fill up the demolished residence portion with little three room buildings that could not possibly have cost over $150 a piece on contract, but which, by the way, was hardly the price paid. These little shanties were held out as inducements for the people to remain, but the result is that about one in ten is occupied.

"The people that remained on the island will never get over the fright, for even now, when there is a high wind, you will observe them going out of doors and anxiously scanning the clouds. They do not say much, but their actions speak louder than words. Real estate values in Galveston have received a blow from which they will never recover. Another instance that came to my notice while there was the sale of a business property for $14,000 that was formerly valued at $30,000.

"Texas City, on the mainland, is prospering, and the outlook for the city is very bright. The government dredging work on the channel being cut to Texas City received a setback at the time of the great storm, as the dredge was driven so far inland that it took four months to get it back. The dredging work, which had been underway but twenty days at the time of the storm, has now been going on continuously for four months, and by next September the channel will be dredged to Texas City twenty feet deep. It will take about five or six months longer to dredge it to the required depth of twenty-five feet. When this channel is completed affairs at Texas City will hum."

Anglo-American Copper Mining Co.

OF PARRY SOUND--Limited.

Our smelter is now completed, and ready for shipment to the mine as soon as another test, to demonstrate that it can save the value in our ores, can be made. This test will be made within the next few days. The former test gave the following results:

CHICAGO, ILL., NOV. 1, 1900.

Anglo-American Copper Mining Co., Ltd., City.

GENTLEMEN—We beg leave to report that after smelting 700 lbs. of ore from your **Blanch B Mine,** result was **65 lbs. Copper saved** from material.

AMERICAN REDUCTION WORKS,
FISH & HARRIS.

For a Few Days Longer

Shares will be Sold at

15 CENTS PER SHARE

We reserve the right to advance the price without notice.

Our sale has exceeded our expectations. The public appear to appreciate a good thing when offered to them at a fair price. **Work will be resumed** at the mine about May 1st with a full force of men, under the management of Captain Antoine Le Duc, who has so far successfully conducted mining operations at the **Blanche B Mine.**

An **ingot of copper** from our ores is on exhibilion at our office.

Marcus W. Bates, Agt.,

4 Exchange Building, Duluth.

DISMISSED.

The Italian Waif Puts Up a Good Defense.

Louis Leon, the little 14-year-old Italian boy who was arrested last February for drawing a knife on a school mate, but who escaped from the officer, was in police court this morning and told the story of the alleged assault.

The little fellow is a stranger in a strange land, left to shift for himself without either mother or father. He attends the Emerson school and after school hours makes his living blacking shoes and doing odd chores. On the morning of February 13, while on his way to school he got into a fight with another boy about his own size. His opponent's larger brother went at him, however, and young Leon drew a knife telling him to keep his distance. He said that he was willing to fight one at a time, but would not agree to fight both at once.

The court on hearing the nature of the evidence against him suspended sentence after a lecture on future good behavior. An odd feature of the case is that the little Italian has been kept out of school since Feb. 13, notwithstanding the statement of the principal of the school and others that he has always been a good boy in school and the little knife incident was the only thing that ever came up against him.

TO SHIP IN JULY.

Expectation of Anglo-American Mining Company.

The demand for good copper stocks in developed and producing companies seems to be as active as ever, and it is not to be wondered at, considering the great demand for copper all over the world. The stock of refined copper on hand is constantly diminishing in spite of the great additions to the producing copper mines of the world. Where this demand will stop no man can tell as it seems well founded, and is a natural result from the great increase in the uses for copper in the arts and for electrical uses.

Another new mine will very soon be added to the productive mines of the country, in the Anglo-American Copper Mining company's mine at Parry Sound, Ont., Canada. This company fully expects to be shipping refined copper from its Blanch B mine in July of the present season. The smelter, with twenty tons per day capacity is now completed ready for shipment to the mine, and only waiting a last test to determine that it will save the contracted amount of the values from the ores mined from the Blanch B mine, namely, 95 per cent of the copper and 85 per cent of the zinc.

The ingot of refined copper on exhibition at the office of Marcus W. Bates, the company's agent, at No. 4 Exchange building, is a fine specimen of copper, and is one of three ingots, sixty-five pounds in all, that was produced from 700 pounds of the Blanch B mine ore, taken from the dumps at the mine by Capt. Antoine Le Duc, superintendent in charge of that mine last season, and who will return to take charge of the work the coming season, about May 1, with a full crew of men.

The sale of this stock has been very satisfactory to the agent of the company and is subject to an advance in price without notice.

Twentieth Century Club.

The following is the program of the Twentieth Century Club:

Monday, 10 a. m.—Meeting of executive board. At 8 p. m., monthly social.

Tuesday, at 8 p. m.—Calisthenics, and bowling class at Sixth Avenue theater. Professor Alletzhauser, teacher.

Wednesday, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.—Picture exhibition, Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour.

Friday, at 3 p. m.—Mothers' class, "The Moral education of Children," Mrs. William S. Bishop, leader.

The monthly social will be the last of the year. Miss Patton, who has just returned from the East will give a talk.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee—no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggists don't keep it in stock send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis Mo., Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Opens Duluth Office.

M. C. French, the well known stock broker, who for some years past has had his office in West Superior, has decided to change his location and has leased rooms 212 and 213 in the Trust building, where the offices will be arranged immediately. Mr. French has been engaged in various stock enterprises at the head of the lake for several years past and has done a large amount of business in Canada. He has successfully floated the Blue Grass Oil company, a corporation with holdings in the Flat Lick oil country of Kentucky, on which work has already been commenced, and is about to float another oil company comprised of a number of Duluth's leading citizens. The new company will also operate in the Flat Lick country. Besides the oil stocks, Mr. French will do a general brokerage business in mining stocks with which he is very familiar.

Pretty Houses Made Prettier....

Have you seen our entirely new ideas for interior **decorating with wall paper?** Also our new house colors for **exterior painting?**

HALL & CO., **DECORATORS,** Tel. 534. 16 E. Superior St.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

If you want to make a record as a fisherman you must buy your tackle here.

Trout Flies in all varieties especially adapted for "The Brule" streams.

"Now, Mr. Angler, it's up to you and the Fish!"

We've done our part—provided the best line of Fishing Tackle ever seen in this city. Whether you wish a rod for fly, or any kind of fishing, bait, lines or trolles you can find just the right thing here. We've anticipated a big business this season as the summer's fishing will be mighty good—and of course have provided accordingly.

The "Bristol" Trout Rod.

Made of finest quality steel - 6 feet long—4 joints—measures in case 20 inches—especially adapted for Duluth's fishing grounds, bushy creeks—complete---- **$5.50**

Special good outfit cheap.

Made of fine split bamboo—fly or bait complete with Hendroyx reel—linen line—1 dozen best quality gut hooks—and this whole outfit can be bought here at, only---------- **$5.00**

A great assortment of rods from -----15c to $10.00

Plain Ring Hooks—assorted sizes—per doz---------- **5c**

Gut and Snell Hooks—the kind the fish can't cut; doz **25c**

ALL KINDS OF HOOKS FOR ALL KINDS OF FISH.

Reels with a reputation—Hendryx, Vonhoff, Shakespear's, Youmon's & Erbe's Automatic Reels—the one on which the little finger does the whole thing.

The big four assortment—**Trout and Bass Flies**—Seth Green, Parmachense Belle, Lake George and Grizzly King.

Trolling Spoons—including Skinners' best artificial baits; Hastings' frogs; Caledonian minnows.

Tents, Camps, Stoves, Back Sacks, Sleeping Bags—anything and everything necessary to make your outing comfortable.

Kelley Hardware Co. Base Ball and Golf Outfits

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

"Lowest-Priced House in the Northwest for Fine Goods."

I. M. H. L.

It made her laugh when she used "ARGENTALA"—F. D. Day & Co.'s celebrated Silver Polish—Silver Polish that requires but little work and produces a lustre equal to new. We consider it the best polish we have ever used. No other jewelers have it. Put up like cold cream, in bottles. Price, 25 cents.

Fashionable Jewelers. **F. D. DAY & CO.,** Fashionable Jewelers.

315 West Superior Street.

HAGEN IS MISSING

Friends of Timber Cruiser Alarmed at His Absence.

Disappeared Yesterday and Cannot Be Found.

Left Home to Keep Appointment---Not Seen Since.

Friends and detectives are searching the town today for Andrew Peterson Hagen, aged 30, medium height and a distinct blond. Mr. Hagen's friends fear everything, from foul play to suicide, and are much concerned as to his present address. He has not been seen since yesterday noon, at which time his mental condition was such as to enhance the apprehension and anxiety felt by those looking for him.

Mr. Hagen is a timber cruiser. Yesterday afternoon he had an important engagement at the United States land office with a man whom he had located on a valuable claim. The filing was to be made, but Mr. Hagen did not put in an appearance. He left his home at 1815 West Superior street, with the intention of keeping this important engagement.

The parties interested in the land seem to think that Mr. Hagen was spirited away by rival interests, and is now being held some place, but his friends take little stock in such a theory. They say that he has been feeling very badly for some time past, and was rather discouraged. One of them this morning expressed the fear that he might have jumped in the harbor. He said that Mr. Hagen could not have left town, for the reason that he had much money coming to him which he would undoubtedly have tried to collect if going away.

The missing man is a Scandinavian, of medium height, has blue eyes, a light mustache and is but 30 years of age.

FOR BRICK.

Petition Practically Completed Asking For That Pavement.

The petition for the paving of Superior street with vitrified brick is nearly complete. Whitney Wall, who is circulating it, said this morning that it has within forty feet of the requisite amount of Superior street frontage, and more than the necessary 25 per cent of the number of signatures. He said also that all but four or five of the local owners of Superior street property had signed it, and that some of the outsiders who had signed the asphalt petition have written in withdrawing their signatures and will sign the brick petition.

He submitted the following, from a Minneapolis man, as a sample of the letters that are being received: "Enclosed find petition signed. I do not want asphalt pavement at any price. Brick is the thing and it has proved it here in Minneapolis."

"The petitions are not in the interest of any brick companies," said Mr. Wall. "They ask for 'the best quality of vitrified brick,' and all that the city authorities have to do is to test the brick of all competitors and select the best. The only objection to brick has come from east of Ohio, everybody west of there favoring brick."

A Birthday Party.

Mrs. Cragin entertained last evening in honor of Mr. Cragin's birthday; progressive pedro was played. Mrs. Beaupre winning the head prize, Mrs. Haire the foot prize, Mrs. Ericson the gentelmen's head prize, and Mr. Burnett the foot prize. The company presented Mr. Cragin with a beautiful picture, "The Last Loaf," after which dainty refreshments were served. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Huot, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Haire, Mr. and Mrs. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Harbison, Mr. and Mrs. Ericson, Mr. and Mrs. Beaupre, Mr. Loud, Miss Peterson, Mrs. Smith.

LOVERS Of Good Things.

I have added to my already complete line of fancy articles, a complete line of Vantines' High Grade Teas from **60c to $2.00** per pound. Vantines' Celebrated Yo Sa Coffee (high grade Mocha and Java) **42c**—Also Oriental Perfumes, Pure Olive Oil Soap, Crystalized Fruits, Preserved Ginger, Etc.

MRS. B. M. SMEALLIE,

FRENCH & BASSETT'S.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 11 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Oscar Archambault and Rose Lawrence, Ben Peterson and Stena Olson, Robert Carlson and Ida Michelson, and to Martin E. Surface and Jennie Davis.

Two claims against the estate of M. B. Harrison were disallowed in probate court this morning. One claim was that of the estate of the late Nehemiah Hulett, for $1541.67 claimed to have been advanced in 1890 for purchasing a state mining lease on section 36-59-18. The other was a bill of the Duluth Telephone company of $37.50 for telephone rent for five months in 1894.

Henry Stevens has begun suit in district court against the Clark-Jackson Lumber company to recover $1500 for personal injuries. He claims that he was caught in a shaft and damaged Oct. 3, 1900, and that the accident was due to the fact that the machinery was in bad shape. John Jenewold, Jr., is the attorney.

A reception will be given at the First Methodist church next Tuesday evening, as a farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Francis E. Woodward, who are to go to Minneapolis after May 1.

A baseball game was played this morning between the High school freshmen and the "Tigers" of Craigencroft. The freshmen won by a score of 21 to 11. Ely, Stacke and Weber officiated in the battery points for the freshmen and McKenzie, Seman and Duncan for the Tigers.

Jonathan Peterson, the 3-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. K. Peterson, of 1827 South street, died this morning from diphtheria. The funeral will be held tomorrow from the Peterson home. The interment will be at Park Hill cemetery.

Still unidentified, the body of the man found floating in the harbor off Sixth avenue west was buried today at Greenwood.

City officers and employes have launched a movement for a Saturday half-holiday during summer months. Last summer the half holiday idea seemed to take unusually well among Duluth business houses, and it promises to be observed to even a greater extent during the coming summer.

The treasurer of the local committee has forwarded $140.50 to the Boer relief fund, realized at the meeting in the Lyceum Thursday evening.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles Boyington is to take place from Grace Methodist church at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The remains will leave the residence, 1822 West First street, at 1:30 o'clock. The interment will be at Forest Hill cemetery. The remains were removed to the residence this afternoon.

Creditors of the American Loan and Trust company have until June 1 to file verified claims against the company. William E. Richardson, the assignee of the company, this morning secured an order from the district court to that effect.

It is reported that E. L. Miller, of Milwaukee, may build a vaudeville theater on the property between the Manhattan building and the Spalding hotel. He owns the Dewey theater in Minneapolis and the Star theater in St. Paul and a vaudeville theater in Milwaukee.

Secretary Thomas E. Hill, of the Duluth Improvement society, held the first of a series of meetings at Lakeside last evening for the purpose of considering ways and means of beautifying the city. The meeting was largely attended and taken part in by a number of the prominent Lakeside citizens.

Dunlap and other spring blocks received. Volland hat factory, 14 First avenue east.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

PERSONALS.

H. H. Day, of Bemidji, is in the city on a business trip today.

Charles Johnson, of Grand Marais, treasurer of Cook county, arrived in the city this morning.

James T. Hurst, the Wyandotte, Mich., lumberman, returned from the East today.

F. R. Vallant family, of Ely are guests of the St. Louis today.

Thomas Wakefield, of Ely, was among the range visitors here today.

J. B. Hurley, of Two Harbors, was a business caller here today.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Durham, who have been in California, have returned.

Dr. R. J. Crawford, of Winnipeg, accompanied by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Horace E. Crawford, were in the city this morning on their way to West Superior, where Dr. Crawford was this afternoon united in marriage to Miss Mary Briggs, a nurse at the Leslie hospital. A wedding dinner was given at the West Superior hotel.

FINALLY SURRENDERED.

Middlesboro, Ky., April 20.—It is reported today that a majority of the Reynolds band of feudists, who were intrenched on Boone's fork, in the vicility of Whitesburg, Letcher county, defying arrest, have surrendered. They held out until a small-sized army was sent against them.

PEAVEY IS HERE

His First View of Break In His Concrete Annex.

Work to Begin on Other Half at Once.

Also Examines Steamer Like Those He Is Building.

Frank H. Peavey, of Minneapolis, the big grain man, is in the city today. He has been at Chicago and came up to Duluth on his way home in order to see the concrete annex which he built last year, and which sustained a break in one of the bins last fall shortly after it had been filled for the first time. Mr. Peavey has never seen the break and was anxious to before the work of repairing had closed it up.

When he first learned of the break, Mr. Peavey was naturally disappointed and alarmed, but as soon as the nature of the accident was related to him he was not in the least depressed and was more cheerful even than were his subordinates. He never believed it to be anything but a defect in the concrete, and his faith in the concrete system of construction has not been shaken in the least. This is evidenced by the fact that work on the balance of the annex is to be begun at once, and when completed the structure will be just twice its present size and capacity.

The work of tearing off the hanging pieces of the wall where the break occurred has developed more clearly than ever the fact that the accident must have been due to a defect in some part of the fallen wall, for the concrete is very hard and tenacious, and chunks of it that had to be cut away were found to be very difficult to dislodge. The great strength of the steel bands which are used was also shown, for bands that had been sawed until but a quarter of an inch remained before they parted would hold blocks of concrete weighing seven or eight tons.

The new portion of the annex will be built exactly like the part already constructed, except that more of the steel bands will be used. While the work of construction is in progress the break in the old portion built last summer will be repaired.

Mr. Peavey was also moved to come to Duluth by a desire to see the steamer Gates, which is now at the steel barge works at West Superior. The four boats which are being built for him are almost exact duplicates of that boat. Two are being built at Lorain, Ohio, and two at Chicago.

A. L. Searle, general manager of the Peavey Elevator company, was also here with Mr. Peavey.

BOUND OVER.

W. H. Shea Wins Out at the Eveleth Hearing.

Judge W. F. Bailey, of Eau Claire, arrived in the city from Eveleth this morning, where he has been to prosecute the charge of trespass against Peter Campbell and five other employes of the Cloquet Lumber company, brought by W. H. Shea, the homesteader on the land on Cedar Island lake, who has been having so much trouble. The case is fast becoming a famous one and the outcome is being watched with great interest. Judge Bailey says that he succeeded in having five of the men bound over to await the action of the grand jury, under bonds of $1000 each, which were furnished in one bond by the treasurer of the lumber company. The outcome of this move means that the lumber company must not molest the timber on the disputed land until the matter is settled before the court of appeals on May 14.

Mr. Shea was arrested a few days ago on the complaint of a representative of the lumber company on the charge that he threatened to shoot its employes if they went on the land that he claims to own under homestead rights, to cut the timber. Mr. Shea was brought here last Friday and his hearing was set for Wednesday of this week. He went back and found that the lumber company's employes during the interim had commenced cutting the disputed timber. He immediately, on the advice of his attorney, Judge Bailey, swore out warrants charging the men with trespass.

Judge Bailey said it was intended to prosecute six men on the alleged trespass, but owing to some slight mistake in the complaint and warrant, one man got away, but enough were held to suit the purpose that he is after.

Are You Going To the Glasgow Exhibition?

If so, you will be interested in knowing that a special excursion at reduced rates will leave Duluth early in June and that anyone contemplating a European trip will find this an advantageous time to go. It will cost but half the usual price to visit all points of interest in England, Scotland and Ireland if you go on this excursion. For further particulars call on or address

Simon Clark

17 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

BAYHA & CO.

Leaders of Low Prices on—

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Portieres, Lace Curtains, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Baby Carriages and Go-Carts.

Our line of goods are of the best makes, latest styles and finishes. Our prices lower than any other—our dealings fair and square. Our terms—very easy payments.

Book Cases—We have a few more of these fine Book Case and Writing Desks left and while they last will go at—a piece ----- **$5.50**

Sold elsewhere for $9.00.

Special on Ingrain Carpets —A 50c Carpet for—per yard------ **35c**

BAYHA & CO.

24-26 East Superior St., Duluth.

Look for Big Wire Sign on Roof.

MAJ. BALDWIN'S FUNERAL.

The Arrangements For the Last Rites.

The body of the late Maj. Melvin R. Balwin will arrive in Duluth tomorrow evening on the Northern Pacific limited, coming from St. Paul at 7 o'clock. Accompanying the body will be Mr. and Mrs. George M. Baldwin, of Minneapolis. The body will be met at the train by an escort from Culver post, G. A. R., of which the deceased was a member, and will be taken to the home at 711 West Second street.

The funeral will be held at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon and will be conducted by Rev. H. M. Simmons, of Minneapolis, pastor of the Unitarian church there and a close friend of the deceased. Culver post will attend in a body and will send an escort to the cemetery. The pall bearers will be Congressman Page Morris, W. W. Billson, L. M. Willcuts, Mayor T. W. Hugo, G. G. Hartley and T. T. Hudson. The interment will be at Forest Hill cemetery.

The following relatives will be present from outside the city: George M. Baldwin, son, and Mrs. George M. Baldwin, of Minneapolis; Charles E. Baldwin, of Aberdeen, S. D., brother; George Cameron, of Oshkosh, Wis., nephew, and W. G. Claire, of Minneapolis, brother-in-law of Mrs. Baldwin. Mrs. Cameron, sister of the deceased, is unable to come.

LIGHTKEEPERS GO OUT.

Leaving For Summer Stations on Lake.

In spite of the fact that the engineers' strike prohibits general navigation, the keepers of the lights that warn the mariners of dangers on the lakes, are going to their duties, and in a few days the lights of Lake Superior will be flashing over the waters just as though a steady stream of vessels were passing. Thomas Dutty, keeper of the Fourteen-Mile Point light, near Ontonagon, left on Wednesday for his place of duty, and three more light keepers will leave Monday. Capt. A. Shaw, of Passange Island light, and John H. Malone, of Menagerie island light, will leave on the Mabel Bradshaw Monday morning, their destination being the islands bearing those names near Isle Royale. John Irvine, keeper of Outer island light, will leave by train for Ashland, and he will take hold of his light, which is the island of the Apostle group that is farthest out into the lake, as its name indicates.

ADMIT IT.

Log Contractors Acknowledge Illegal Cutting on Reservations.

Minneapolis, April 20.—The Journal today prints a page report of its investigations into the depredations on the Chippewa Indian reservations this winter by logging contractors under the "dead and down" act. In almost every camp quantities of green timber have been cut. In many instances the logging contractors openly admitted illegal cutting. The special government inspectors found that out of 49,000,000 feet cut this winter 9,000,000 feet has been illegally cut.

James R. Farr, the special inspector sent to investigate by Indian Commissioner Jones, has forced the lumbermen who buy these logs of the contractors to pay for these at $11 a thousand, thus securing for the Indians $100,000 extra.

Capt. W. A. Mercer, Indian agent at Leech Lake, has closed up several camps entirely. He and Mr. Farr have gone to Chicago to report to Commissioner Jones.

FAST TIME.

St. Paul, April 20.—President James J. Hill's special arrived from Seattle over the Great Northern this morning, making a record of forty-five hours and fifty minutes. The fastest time was made between Cutbank and Havre, Mont., eighty-four miles an hour being reached. The entire round trip including the nine hours in Seattle took but four days and twenty-three hours. The distance between Seattle and St. Paul is 1823 miles. Mr. Hill refused to say anything about his plans.

STRIKE IN ALGER'S MILL.

Detroit, April 20.—Gen. R. A. Alger received a dispatch today from Montreal, saying that nearly 1000 men employed by the Laurentide Puly company, at Grand Mere, Que., of which he is one of the principal owners, have struck owing to a reduction in wages. Gen. Alger does not think the difficulty is serious.

Have us do your....

Upholstering

If your couch is in need of new springs; easy chair, sofa, or any other piece of upholstered furniture in need of a new covering, we can do it at reasonable prices. Our line of furniture coverings are new and up-to-date in patterns and designs and colors and we will be pleased to show them to you at any time.

We do all kinds of furniture repairing, also refinishing and polishing of Pianos. Let us estimate your work.

Duluth Upholstering Store,

10 E. Superior St.

ZENITH TELEPHONE 320.

DIRE PERIL.

Greatest Flood In Seventeen Years Feared In Pennsylvania.

Pittsburg, April 20.—In has been raining almost incessantly throughout Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia since 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon, and as a result, the streams are beyond their banks and the greatest flood since 1884 is feared. At 10 o'clock this morning, the Monongahela river marked nineteen feet and rising at the rate of nine inches an hour. Old river men look for twenty-five to thirty feet at this point. The danger line is twenty-two feet and a stage or thirty feet wound inundate the lowlands about Pittsburg and Allegheny, submerging all the mills and factories lying along the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers for miles and enforcing idleness on thousands of workmen, besides rendering hundreds of families temporarily homeless. A stage of thirty-five feet would flood the entire lower district in this city from Ninth street to the Point. The weather bureau has sent out a warning to all the residents on the river fronts to prepare for the high water. Already great activity prevails. Everything of a perishable nature is being removed to places of safety.

Dispatches from the headwaters report a rainfall for the last twenty-four hours of from one to twa and three-quarters inches and all streams rising rapidly.

A flood swept down on Carnegie and the whole Chartiers valley, six miles southwest of Pittsburg during the night, such, it is said, never to have been known before.

Already one human life has been lost, the body of an unknown woman having been found floating in Chartier's creek, at Woodville, at 9:25 this morning. Trains are caught in the flood, unable to move either way.

Carnegie and the whole valley are in a panic today, with traffic of all kinds suspended, while people are rushing to places of safety, and seek to save their lives without caring a great deal for their property.

The main street of Carnegie, as well as all the other streets, are under three feet of water, and people are going about in skiffs. Trees, boxes, parts of fences and lumber of all kinds floated through the main thoroughfare this morning. The flood swept into business houses and homes far too fast for the people to save much of their property and stock, and the loss will run into the thousands. Merchants could not pile up their goods quickly enough to get them out of the way of the flood, for though everybody expected high water, the rush of the flood had gone beyond their greatest fears.

All along the Washington branch of the Pan Handle railroad the condition could hardly be worse. The road is practically washed out. There are washouts at Bower Hill, Bridgeville, Meadow Lands and Arden, on the Washington branch, and on the Bishop and Millers Run branch, which cuts off from Bridgeville to the mining territory, there is no possibility of traffic, owing to the washouts and the flood that runs over the tracks. To save the bridges the railroad company officials ran cars loaded with heavy stone on them this morning, with the hope of holding them down by sheer weight. The residents of Lower Allegheny, for the first time in many years, have become anxious at the threatening prospects of a flood. Those nearest to the river bank spent the morning in preparing and packing their household effects so they could be moved to a place of safety at short notice.

At the Western penitentiary, while the officials profess that they are not in the slightest perturbed, consultations and conferences are being held as to the best steps to be taken for the safety and security of the many prisoners should the worst predictions be realized. The danger line at the penitentiary bank is twenty-seven feet and at 11 o'clock this morning the Ohio had reached a height of twenty-one feet and was rising at the rate of ten inches an hour. At noon it was still raining hard. There was twenty-two feet of water in the Allegheny river at that time and it was rising more than a foot an hour. Predictions are now confidently made that the great flood of 1884 will be reached and possibly passed before twenty-four hours. The volume of water here is greater than in 1884 and is rising four inches an hour faster than in that year.

PAY FOR HINDES.

Butte, April 20.—Judge Clancey, in the district court today, awarded Thomas H. Hindes $21,000 for his services while receiver for the Boston and Montana company about two years ago.

DR. MITCHELL

Has Taken Hundreds Off From the Crutches In Duluth and Is Doing It Every Day.

Consumption, Cancers, Paralysis, Rheumatism and Hernia Cured ---Marvelous Power.

The crowds of disabled people who daily visit the office of Dr. Mitchell at 17 East Superior street, testify to the fact that his power over disease is little short of miraculous. Had these cures been performed in the days of superstition, the doctor would have been credited with supernatural abilities. Men are slow to grasp new ideas and new methods, but when the treatment by magnetism shall have become thoroughly understood by all, it will unquestionably work a reform second in importance to none in the history of medicine. This power is something with which but few are gifted, and probably none to so great an extent as Dr. Mitchell. It is like the gift of music or other fine arts, it must remain in the possession of the comparative few.

Dr. Mitchell gives no medicine with these treatments, but simply applies his magnetic healing power which God has given him, and his patients are to be the judges of his good works, and he will stand or fall by his cures. He only asks one thing of the public, and that is to judge him after investigation, for the man who passes judgment without first hearing the evidence bearing upon the subject, must be regarded as a person without philosophy or common sense, for men are but creatures of the day while principles and facts are eternal. He deals only with facts and his principles are good, for he takes no one that he cannot cure or benefit. His charges are much less than those of any other specialist.

None who are suffering should fail to see this great healer. Take no man's word, but go yourself and witness this marvelous power that has brought health and happiness to thousands.

Dr. Mitchell wants you to ask him for names and addresses of people he has cured, he can send you to hundreds of patients whom he has cured; not patients from outlandish localities where no one resides, but in your own city, at your own door.

Dr. Mitchell cures all forms of female complaints without exposure or the use of instruments. He also cures all nervous troubles, rheumatism, neuralgia, stomach troubles and in fact all diseases and deformities that flesh is heir to.

Office hours daily, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Sundays, 10 a.m. to 12 m. 'Phone 579. Bring this advertisement with you, it will entitle you to consultation free.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

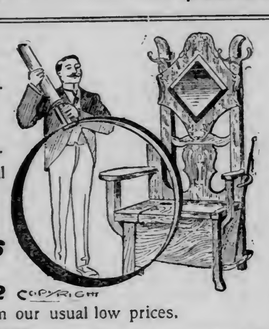
Till We Are Moved

These prices are good. We offer these reductions to save a heavy moving expense.

BICYCLES—*Till We Are Moved*—On any Bicycle selling for $30 or over for cash we give *5* per cent off, and in addition thereto your choice of a gas lamp, one bell, one pair pants guards, a stick chain lubricant, and one bottle of cycle oil. All this with each and every bicycle sold for cash at ***$30.00*** or over. Our prices—

Columbia..... $50 and $75
Cleveland....$27, $35 and $50
Hartford..... .....$35.00
Gendron..... ..... $43.00

HALL TREES. We are selling Hall Trees at 15 per cent below our usual prices.



DINING TABLES Nothing reserved at *12* per cent from our usual low prices.

ROCKERS—Fancy Parlor Rockers and Willow Ware at *10* per cent from our regular prices.

"Gold Coin" STEEL RANGES Will save you money in fuel bills—they soon pay for themselves. They bake quickly and bake well. The 'Gold Coin' is built of best materials and is guaranteed to please. 'Gold Coin' Ranges.....

$27.50 to $55

For this week ***5 PER CENT OFF*** our regular prices on any range on our floors.

New Goods.

WRITING DESKS—Just a shipment of late and alluring designs.

COUCHES—A line of medium priced, up-to-the-minute Parlor Couches in Velour and Tapestry coverings. See the strong, cleanly iron frames these couches have.

FLOOR COVERINGS—In the line of fancy Smyrna, Wilton Rugs, and Ingrain Art Squares.

YOURS FOR TRADE

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

2021-23 W. Superior St. "Hardware Hustlers." Duluth, Minn.

LOST TO SCIENCE

Professor Henry Rowland Died Without Revealing His Secret.

Process of Making His Famous Spectrum Gratings Unknown.

Gave Friend Only Rough Idea of His Discovery.

Baltimore, Md., April 20.—When Professor Henry Augustus Rowland, director of the Johns Hopkins university department of physics, died in this city Tuesday, the secret of his famous spectrum gratings was lost to science. Theodore C. Schneider, formerly superintendent of the mechanical department at the university, who had exclusive charge of the ruling machine used in making the gratings, died about one month ago. He was the only one besides Professor Rowland who knew the secret. Mr. Charles Childs, who was chosen to succeed him, was being instructed in their manufacture, but, unfortunately for the scientific world, he has not yet learned the art of their manufacture. Mr. Schneider was well acquainted with their manufacture, but even he at frequent intervals was compelled to consult Professor Rowland when obstacles interfered with the proper working of the ruling machine. The work on the multiplex telegraphy, however, will go on without any delay, as Professor Rowland's assistants, formerly students under him at the university, were intrusted with the experiments.

Professor Remsen, himself considered the dean of American chemists, considers Professor Rowland's spectrum gratings his greatest achievement. He had the peculiar forturie to be with Professor Rowland when the idea occurred to him. The two professors were in a railway coach on their way to a convention of scientists in Washington, and Professor Rowland, who had for some time been absorbed in his accustomed attitude of gazing toward the ground, suddenly straightened up, exclaiming:

"I have found it. I see it clearly."

But he merely gave Professor Remsen a rough idea of his discovery, and hardly waiting for the convention to adjourn, hastened home to put his ideas into operation, and from this grasp the invention that has revolutionized spectroscopy, because every step in its improvement and progress since has been founded upon it.

SPRING CATARRH MAKES PEOPLE WEAK AND NERVOUS.

MISS ANNA BRYAN, OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

Miss Anna Bryan, a favorite cousin of William Jennings Bryan, is well known socially in Washington, D. C., where she has a host of friends. Miss Bryan recently studied music at Fairmount Seminary, of Washington, D. C. In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Company, of Columbus, Ohio, she says:

1459 Florida Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.: Gentlemen—"At the solicitation of a friend I began some weeks ago to take your Peruna and I now feel like a new person. I take pleasure in recommending it to all who want a good tonic and a permanent cure for catarrh."—Anna Bryan.

MRS. BERTHA KOCKLER, 177 Guinett street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna and Manalin have done me very great service, and I recommend them with pleasure to all who suffer with nervous catarrh of the stomach as I did. Should such a disease ever attack me again I shall immediately take Peruna. I now feel very well and have a good appetite all the time. I have gained in weight. I recommended Peruna to an acquaintance of ours and he is making remarkable progress. I looked so badly for a time before I began your medicine, that now when I meet some of my friends they say: 'I was very much worried about you, but now you are looking so well.' I shall always keep Peruna and Manalin in the house as family medicines."—Mrs. Bertha Kockler.

Thousands of Fair Women Are Never Without Pe-ru-na the National Catarrh Remedy.

Miss Marie Coats, President of the Appleton Young Ladies' club, writes the following concerning Peruna:

Appleton, Wis.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—

Miss Marie Coats.

"I find Peruna an excellent spring and summer medicine and am glad to call the attention of my friends to it. When that languid, tired feeling comes over you, and your food no longer tastes good and small annoyances irritate you, Peruna will make you feel like another person inside of a week. I have now used it for three seasons and find it very reliable and efficacious."—Marie Coats.

Mrs. Al Wetzel, 21 South Seventeenth street, Terre Haute, Ind., writes:

"Peruna is the greatest medicine on earth. I feel well and that tired feeling is all gone. When I began to take your medicine I could not smell nor hear a church bell ring. Now I can smell and hear. When I began your treatment my head was terrible, all sorts of buzzing, chirping and loud noises. Three months ago I dragged around like a snail; now I can walk as briskly as ever. I am going to go and see the doctor that said I was not long for this world, and tell him that Peruna cured me."—Mrs. Al. Wetzel.

If all the tired women and all the nervous women, and all the women that needed a tonic would read and heed the words of these three fair ladies who have spoken right to the point, how many invalids would be prevented and how many wretched lives be made happy.

Peruna puts right all the mucous membranes of the body, and in this way restores the functions of every organ.

If it is the stomach that is out of order, and the digestion impaired, Peruna quickly makes things right by restoring the mucous membrane of the stomach.

If the nerves tingle, if the brain is tired, if the strength is dagging and the circulation of blood weakened by flabby mucous membranes of the digestive organs, Peruna reaches the spot at once by giving to these membranes the vitality and activity which belong to them.

The pelvic organs are also lined with mucous membrane which in the female sex is especially liable to derangements. Peruna is an absolute specific in these cases. The women everywhere are praising it. No other remedy has ever received such unqualified praise from such a multitude of women.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

WOMAN LOST.

Left Her Apparently Happy Home Without Known Cause.

Grantsburg, Wis., April 20.—The disappearance of Mrs. Andrew Thompson from her home last week, which was thought to have been simply a case of "runaway wife," now appears to be something more serious. She was last seen at Rush City on April 8, and no trace since has been discovered. Her home is about eight miles west of Grantsburg. She left there Monday morning, first taking her 15-months-old baby to a neighbor, whom she requested to care for it until she could go to the postoffice a couple of miles away. She left three other children alone at home.

She is known to have gone to Benson station, and the conductor remembers that she was on his train as far as Rush City. Late that evening the husband, who was working at a sawmill, was notified that the baby was at the neighbor's and the mother had not returned. He began a search which took him to all the places where they had ever lived, but can get no trace of her. He reports their domestic life of the happiest character and he can form no theory for the reason of her departure.

Mrs. Thompson is 26 years old, was born at Baldwin, Wis., and was married ten years ago. Since then the family has lived in Minneapolis and Orock, Minn., coming to Burnett county, Wis., nearly four years ago. Mrs. Thompson's maiden name was Dalma Peterson and her parents live at Baldwin. She is of medium size, good-looking and of light complexion.

There is no reason to believe she has gone with another man or for any disagreement at home. The desertion of a nursing baby would indicate insanity. The husband is nearly crazed with grief and is almost desperate in his efforts to get some track of her.

FILLED WITH MICROBES.

Minneapolis' Water Supply Is Very Impure.

Minneapolis, April 20.—Typhoid fever is still raging in an unusually virulent form in Minneapolis, and, according to Dr. J. F. Corbet, bacteriologist of the health department, the contamination of the city's water supply through the use of the West Side pumping station is directly responsible for the situation.

The mortality in April from this disease promises to be even greater than for last month, when it reached nearly 50 per cent, according to reports of the health department.

There were sixteen deaths during the first fifteen days of the present month, against three deaths for the whole month of April last year.

CHANGES HER MIND.

At The Altar a Bride Refuses to Marry.

Mansfield, Ohio, April 20.—Rev. L. G. Batman, of this city, was about to pronounce Mrs. Jennie Kline, a widow of Alliance, and George F. Sickinger, a wealthy farmer residing south of Mansfield, husband and wife, Mrs. Kline said: "I've change my mind," and the ceremony was postponed forever.

Four months ago, through a matrimonial advertisement, the pair formed an acquaintance. Sickinger called on Mrs. Kline once, and after correspondence Mrs. Kline, who is a dressmaker, packed up her household goods and came to Mansfield to be married.

Totman Bros. have removed to East End livery.

TREASURE IN A WELL.

Workmen Find Coin and Bullion Worth $12,000.

El Paso, Texas, April 20.—One of the largest treasure finds ever made in Mexico was made yesterday when workmen unearthed $12,000 in old Spanish coins and silver bullion weighing out over $100,000. The coin was dated 1808, and was found with the silver bullion at the bottom of an old well. The discovery was made by workmen excavating for a building being put up at Guadalajara by the Standard Oil company.

Money Made in Oil Stocks.

The Nevada Paraffine Oil Company is selling treasury stock for development at 3 cents per share. Office, 318 West Superior street (St. Louis hotel). Come in and examine.

JOHN G. HOWARD, Manager.

"BLACK ART" FAILS.

Attempt to Cure a Cow Is Unsuccessful.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 20.—Frank Dribnock had a sick cow and he got Harry Anthony, who has some reputation among the superstitious, to cure it. Anthony went to the barn at the stroke of midnight. He insisted that Dribnock's wife should disrobe and walk around the cow nine times and step over it four times, while Anthony was burning herbs in a vessel and muttering something.

He announced that the cow would be well within a week. It was not, and when he went for his fee of 50 cents Dribnock told him he was no good. Anthony struck him, and Dribnock had a warrant for him for assault and battery. The case was settled.

Totman Bros. have removed to East End livery.

THIRTY MILLIONS.

The Estimated Output of the Dawson Camp.

Seattle, Wash., April 20.—James H. Ardner, of one of the mining companies of Dawson, came to the city yesterday on his way to London, England. He said that the clean up this year in Dawson camp would, from a conservative estimate, amount to $30,000,000, making it the biggest output in the history of the Klondike.

Mr. Ardner says that the new strike in El Dorado, below the level of the old bedrock, is not in the least exaggerated. He is taking to London samples of the quartz from the ledge lately struck in the country rock, and which comes from Victoria Gulch, on Bonanza to Eldorado. This quartz, which is said to be fabulously rich in free milling gold, Mr. Ardner says, will raise the Dawson camp a great deal in the estimation of the financial centers of the world.

PLANS FOR McKINLEY.

Will Keep President Busy at Baldwin, Kansas.

Baldwin, Kan., April 20.—Dr. L. H. Murlin, president of Baker university, has subbmitted to Secretary Cortelyou, at Washington, plans for President McKinley's visit to Baker university during commencement week, the first week in June. It includes the dedication of the Fogle gymnasium and astronomical observatory and the laying of the cornerstone of the Case library building. The trustees of the Baldwin Methodist Episcopal church have asked that President McKinley take part in laying the cornerstone of their new church building.

WEDDING LORE.

The custom for a bride to be dressed all in white is one that is common in many countries, and is followed even among the fair little maidens of Japan, and with them, as with us, the custom has been handed down from very ancient times, as has also that of having wedding cake, wedding favors, and bridesmaids, while the wearing of the bridal veil is said to have originated with the old Anglo-Saxons, among whom it was the custom to hold a veil over both bride and bridegroom, says the Philadelphia Times.

There used to be many superstitions in connection with the colors worn at a wedding, and at one time it was considered almost as unlucky to wear green as to wear black, and there were many brides who would as soon have done without the attendance of their bridesmaids as have them dressed in green, or even yellow.

"For green is forsaken,
and yellow foresworn."

Blue, however, was a color both good and fortunate for a bride, who, according to an old saying, should on her wedding day, if correctly attired, wear

"Something old and something new,
Something white and something blue,"

and if the "something old" was not her own, but merely lent for the occasion, it was supposed that it would bring the wearer especial good luck.

The "something blue" ws generally a blue ribbon, worn as a garter, which small articles of attire seem to have played quite an important and even prominent part at the weddings of olden days, for we read that it was the custom at one time for the bride to wear "a host of gay ribbons" as garters, which, after the marriage ceremony was concluded, were distributed "among the bridegroom's friends."

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

HORRIBLE.

Insane Son In Kentucky Fatally Burns His Mother.

Hopkinsville, Ky., April 20.—After tying his mother's arms to her side with a plow line, Roy Courtney, a young man about 22 years of age, dragged her across the floor and threw her into an open grate. She was rescued after she had been severely burned.

Courtney had been in the insane asylum, but he was pardoned last August and allowed to return home. He had given no signs of violence until he attempted his mother's life.

She was seated in the sitting room alone when her son entered the room from behind her and threw the plow line over her shoulders. She was much frightened, but when he cunningly said he was playing Wild West with her, she tried to dissuade him by reasoning with him, fearing if she strugled she might excite him. He tightened the cord, however, and pinioned her arms to her side. Then he dragged her across the room to the big fireplace, in which a log was smouldering, and threw her in.

Her screams brought some of the rest of the family, who ran to her rescue. Her hair was burned from her head, her clothes were burned off and her body was badly burned. She is 65 years old and her injuries are such that it is not believed she can recover. Officers took charge of the young man and he was sent to the Western asylum for the insane.

TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Duluth Teachers Are Anxious to Get Positions.

Washington, April 20.—The task of selecting teachers for the schools in the Philippines will be rather one of elimination than seeking for good material. Applications are coming in at the rate of twenty to twenty-five a day. The number of teachers to be appointed is limited to 1000. A short time ago more than 1500 were transmitted to the war department by the civil service commission. The qualifications are:

Applicants must be either normal or college graduates.

They must have several years' successful experience in school work and be now engaged in teaching.

They must be physically sound and able to withstand a tropical climate, and willing to accept whatever location is assigned them by the general superintendent of education.

The pay will be from $75 to $125 a month, fixed by the superintendent, according to the proficiency of the teacher and the importance of the position.

It is understood that more than 100 applications have been received from teachers in Minnesota. The larger number is from the Twin Cities and Duluth.

"HONEST TOM" DEAD.

Captain Sampson Was a Noted Life Saver.

New York, April 20.—"Honest Tom" Sampson, detective, army veteran and life-saver, died last night at Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Capt. Sampson had sixteen medals for meritorious service, a number of them for saving life, one being awarded to him by congress. He aided in the arrest of Mrs. Surrat, Miss Fitzpatrick, Edward Payne and Dr. Samuel Cox, who were charged with being implicated in the plot to assassinate President Lincoln.

Capt. Sampson was born in England in 1827 and came to this country at an early age.

Burlington Route

COMPARTMENT SLEEPING CARS

Ladies traveling alone, or with small children, secure absolute privacy. Every detail of convenience has been provided. On the Chicago & St. Louis Limited. Compartments may be reserved in advance, by addressing

GEO. P. LYMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, ST. PAUL, MINN.

HIS IDEAS NOT NEW.

Apropos of the letter of Admiral Sampson on Gunner Morgan, for which congress has made an official call upon Secretary Long, an interesting story was told the other day, says the Washington Post. The morning upon which the letter was published Solicitor General Richards came down to his office and naturally commented upon it to his private secretary. "The curious coincidence about it," he remarked, "is that in 1887, when I took my brother to the naval academy, the officer in charge talked to me exactly as this letter is written. He had the same ideas about social position and training for naval officers."

"Who was he?" asked the secretary.

"Oh, I don't remember," was the reply.

The secretary went over to the telephone and called up the navy department. "Who was commanding the naval academy in 1887?" he inquired.

Over the wire came these words:

"William T. Sampson."

Only Three More Cheap Excursions West This Spring.

April 16, 23 and 30 are the remaining dates on which the very low one-way rates are in effect via the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railways to all Western, Pacific coast and California points, as follows: Kalispell, Butte, Helena, $20; Spokane, Seattle, Portland, $25; San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, $32.90. On Tuesday, April 16, we will also sell round-trip tickets at one fare plus $2 to points in West, South and Southwestern states. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed on both one-way and round-trip tickets. Call at city ticket office, Spalding hotel block, or Union depot, for further particulars.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE W & MICHIGAN ST.

The Moving....

Rush Is Here

With our large number of teams we are prepared to attend to your "RUSH" orders promptly, cheaply and rightly. Satisfaction guaranteed. Let us figure with you.

Duluth Van Co.

Packing and Storage. ***212 West Superior St.***

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE

Record Voyage 6 Days. 7 Hours. 22 Minutes.

BOSTON to LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN
Commonwealth, twin screw, 13000 tons, April 24
New England, twin screw, 11600 tons, May 8
PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL via Queenstown
Dominion.....April 27 Vancouver.....May 18
Cambroman....May 4 Dominion.....June 1

T. H. LARKE, Gen. N. W. Agent, 127 So. 3rd St. Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar...Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar....Wolf....Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth .Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar		12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv		7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv		7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar.....Ely.....Lv		7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*8 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Dal y. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**2 45 pm	**Ex. Saturday *Ex. Sunday. BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am
*7 15 am		*8 00 pm

TRAVELS.

GOING TO EUROPE?

Booklets giving full information regarding ALL our EUROPEAN TOURS for this season can be had for the asking. ***34 Parties, $175 up.*** Also independent steamship and railroad tickets everywhere, ***rates*** always the ***lowest.***

THOS. COOK & SON,

261 and 1185 Broadway, New York.

T. H. LARKE, 42 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ***ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.*** Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

Your Spring Cleaning

Hasn't all been done if you have not cleansed and set things to right in your system. There are those humors that make you break out and feel tired, that take away your appetite, too,

You'll have those dull headaches, those bilious turns, fits of indigestion, that tired feeling, and that eruption, until you get rid of those unhealthy accumulations.

That's certain.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Cleanse the system, set things to rights in it, make the blood pure and rich, strengthen all the organs and functions.

That's why so many take them every spring.

Accept No Substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills.

Unequal to Housework—"In the spring I was feeling very bad and I continued to grow worse until I could not do my housework for a family of three. I sent for a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it did me much good. I took three bottles that spring and have taken it every spring since." Mrs. J. Johnson, Manchester, Va.

AGGIE'S ADDRESS

Says Peace Is Absolutely Essential to the People.

Accepts American Rule and Advises All To Do So.

Manilla, April 20.—The following is Aguinaldo's address to the Filipino people:

"I believe I am not in error in presuming that the unhappy fate to which my adverse fortune has led me is not a surprise to those who have been familiar with the progress of the war. The lessons taught with a full meaning and which have recently come to my knowledge, suggest with irresistible force that a complete termination of hostilities and lasting peace are not only desirable, but absolutely essential to the welfare of the Philippine islands.

"The Filipinos have never been dismayed at their weakness, nor have they faltered in following the path pointed out by their fortitude and courage. The time has come, however, in which they find their advance along this path to be impeded by an irresistible force, which while it restrains them, yet enlightens their minds and opens to them another course, presenting them the course of peace. This cause has been joyfully embraced by the majority of my fellow countrymen, who have already united around the glorious sovereign banner of the United States. In this banner they repose their trust and in its protection the Filipino people will continue in those liberties which they are beginning to enjoy. They are unmistakably in favor of peace. So be it. There has been enough blood, enough tears and enough desolation. This wish cannot be ignored by the men still in arms if they are animated by a desire to serve our noble population which has thus clearly manifested its will. So do I respect this will, now that it is known to me.

"After mature deliberation I resolutely proclaim to the world that I cannot refuse to heed the voice of a people longing for peace, nor the lamentations of thousands of families yearning to see their dear ones enjoy the liberty and promised generosity of the great American nation. By acknowledging and accepting the sovereignty of the United States throughout the Philippine archipelago, as I now do and without any reservation whatsoever, I believe that I am serving thee, my beloved country. May happiness be thine."

To signalize this important step in the pacification of the country, Gen. MacArthur orders the release, on swearing allegiance to the United States of 1000 insurgent prisoners.

Washington, April 19.—It is believed by the administration that the manifesto of Aguinaldo will have a decidedly good effect, both in the Philippines and in this country. It will take some time for its dissemination among the Filipinos, but it is be expected to be of considerable service, and to make more rapid the improvement in the situation, which set in some time ago and has become quite marked of late. Especial gratification is felt at the unreserved tone of the document, and the full acceptance it indicates of American rule. This, it is felt, will bring to the support of the government many Filipinos who, wishing for peace, have hesitated to assist the Taft commission. In this country it is expected to reduce the criticism of the administration and to cause less discussion of general policy of the war in the islands and more consideration of the important matter of the best administration to be evolved for their government. It is to this work that the Taft commission is now bending all its energies. Aguinaldo, now that he has accepted American sovereignty, probably will be given considerable more liberty than he has enjoyed hitherto. His services will be be used as far as possible in the pacification of the islands. The extent, however, to which he will be permitted his freedom is for Gen. MacArthur to determine, with the assistance of the Taft commission, for the aim of the government here will be to rest largely upon the views held by its representatives in the island.

Kansas City, April 20.—The Kansas City Journal says: Ex-Senator Charles A. Towne was shown a copy of Aguinaldo's proclamation. He said: "It is clearly the utterance of a man who yields only to force, and, considering the occurrences of the past two years, it constitutes one of the most pathetic incidents in history. I see nothing in the proclamation on which to base any imputation on the good faith of Aguinaldo. There is, however, an expression that somewhat alters my opinion of his astuteness based on his previous conduct. He says that the Filipino people will, under the sway of the United States, obtain all 'promised liberties.'

"He cannot have forgotten the assurance of Gen. Anderson in 1899 as to the justice with which our allies against Spain would be treated, or the solemn promises of the president at the beginning of the era of benevolent assimilation.

"One thing should be borne in mind; the surrender of every hostile force in the Philippines, and the absolute acceptance of our dominion throughout the archipelago does not dispose of the question involved in the acquisition and government by this republic of distant colonial dependencies. Wrong as the policy is, and cruel as it is against the Filipinos, it is infamously more wrong and cruel from the standpoint of the welfare of the United States.

"R. and L. T." This is getting better every day!

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. **Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.**

WESTERN SARATOGA

Manitou, Col., and Its Much Patronized Mineral Springs.

The Garden of the Gods One of the Attractions.

"Cog Wheel Route" to Pike's Peak an Engineering Triumph.

Manitou, Col., April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Nature did some grand work in this part of the world some years, possibly ages, ago, and sight-seeing man has a habit of getting around here in considerable numbers to enjoy the old dame's masterpieces. Along with her rocks and rills, fragrant forests and deep canons, dry atmosphere and even temperature, the Great Mother placed several mineral springs on tap. These waters are good for gouty joints, sluggish livers, rebellious stomachs and all sorts of bodily ills. Society, particularly fagged-out society, has taken up these springs and made them so much the fashion that Manitou is known as "the Saratoga of the West."

Manitou is at the foot of Pike's Peak, six miles west of Colorado Springs. It is 6318 feet above the sea level, and has a population of about 1000 souls, most of whom are busily engaged in providing ways and means for the invalid to regain health, the tourist to see sights, and devotees of society to keep in the swim up to their necks, so to speak. Of course it takes a consideration, and one not too modest, to keep this thousand or so souls here, but what are hard-earned or high-piled dollars in comparison with health and sights and social delights? Some people take a pleasure in seeing money melt, just the same as Duluth people take a pleasure in seeing a northwester drive the ice out and navigation open—although in either case there may not be a return of any kind except experience and diversion.

* * *

For the benefit of whosoever will, Manitou has all kinds of hotels, boarding houses, cottages and even camps of tents and rough board shacks. The five leading hotels can accommodate an aggregate of nearly 2000 guests, at a cost of about $3 each per day, with special rates for an extended stay. The lesser hotels charge about $2 a day.

There are three groups of mineral springs. The Soda springs, Manitou, Navajo and Shoshone are in the heart of the village; the two iron springs, Iron Ute and Little Chief, are located in Ruxton's glen; the Minnehaha and Hiawatha groups are half a mile up Ute pass. Diseases of the blood, dyspepsia and kidney diseases quickly yield to these waters. The Iron Ute springs are especially recommended as a tonic.

My visit here is ahead of the season. That opens about June 1 and lasts until October. Now, nearly everything is closed up. The Cliff house, however, keeps open throughout the year. The carriages are beginning to appear, with importunate Jehus, anxious to drive you somewhere and show you something, in exchange for your big round dollars. Only one Eastern excursion party has yet appeared. The night that was here nearly a foot of snow fell, and the next day old Pike's Peak had his head concealed in thick, white clouds. Soon the dealer in shoddy curios will unlock his doors, the summer girl appear, and the chaps with one lung pant with exertion and excitement. If I had a longer purse I'd like to be here then and make observations.

* * *

The opportunities for diversion are excellent for seeker for health sights, or society. The Manitou bath house is one of the largest and finest in Colorado. It is after the Queen Anne style of architecture, and has all modern improvements. You can bathe in the healing mineral waters, heated to any temperature, and under the directions of physicians and skilled attendants.

There are trails and roadways, stage coaches, carriages, riding horses, burros and any number of opportunities for pedestrians. Of course around the hotels there is eating and drinking, dressing and posing, piping and dancing, flirting and courting—in short anything and everything, almost, that you can find at the most noted and popular water places.

The Garden of the Gods, near here, has a world-wide name. I passed by the garden but did not enter. There was a foot of snow in it, and the carriage man wanted a dollar to drive me through. Then, too, the season not being open, the gods and goddesses were away, presumably in Denver, around the law makers in the legislature. The garden is filled with rocks of high and peculiar forms. If you have a real vivid imagination, or have been drinking something stronger than mineral water, many of these rock forms are said to look like animals and all that. Many people are greatly disappointed in their expectations when they see the Garden of the Gods, and consider it a good deal of a fake, but very profitable to the liverymen.

"My Garden," a lovely pine grove, crowning a plateau, with an exquisite view of the mountain range behind it, was discovered by "H. H."—Helen Hunt Jackson, the authoress and poetess, and it was her favorite resort. In South Cheyenne canon, climbing a stairway at Seven Falls, you are at the tomb of "H. H." She was buried there at her own request, and thousands of her admirers visit her beautiful resting place.

* * *

Other sight places and pleasure grounds are Bear Creek canyon Cheyenne canon and the Cheyenne mountain toll road. Ute Pass formerly used as a trail by the Ute Indians leads up to Manitou Park, a distance of twenty miles, a favorite resort for hunting and fishing.

Then there is Mesa road, a beautiful five-mile drive, and Crystal park, 1500 feet above Manitou. Engleman's, Red and Williams' canons are picturesque and popular points of interest.

There are real caves at Manitou. The Grand Caverns, as they are called, add much to the attractions of the watering place.

To crown all is Pike's Peak. This world-renowned mountain is 14,147 feet high. It is the twenty-seventh in point of elevation in Colorado, but is only 236 feet lower than Sierra Blanca, the highest peak in the state. Long's Peak is but 124 feet higher. A splendid carriage road runs to the summit of Pike's Peak. A trail out past the iron springs also affords an ascent by horseback. It takes about six hours to go that way, but it is said to be worth the time and labor. If you wish to walk up, you can take the carriage road, the trail, or, after night, the track of the railroad that now runs to the summit. On a bright, moonlight night the ascent up this roadbed is said to make one feel like a stranded actor feeling it to heaven. If you walk up you will do well to remember the light atmosphere of the higher elevation.

* * *

Not only is Pike's Peak a geographical land mark that can be seen for many leagues, but it is one of historical interest as well. It has a more prominent place in the story of the exploration and occupation of the great West than any other name. Before the land west of the Missouri river was mapped, before the territories were bounded and named, Pike's Peak was adopted as the unofficial designation of this section of the country and thousands of pioneers chase it as their goal.

On Nov. 13, 1806, Zebuton M. Pike records that he saw a light blue cloud and concluded it was a mountain. His party of hardy explorers, with one accord, gave three cheers to "the Mexican mountains." On Nov. 17 they marched with the idea of reaching the mountains, but at night they seemed to be no nearer. On Nov. 23, after ten days of travel, Pike arrived at the base of the mountain and, on Nov. 27, he, in company with Dr. Robinson, and Privates Miller and Brown attempted an ascent. They reached the top of what is now called Cheyenne mountain only to be greeted by a discouraging prospect. In his report Capt. Pike says: "The summit of the grand peak, entirely bare of vegetation and covered with snow, now appeared at a distance of fifteen or sixteen miles and as high again as we had ascended, and would have taken a whole day's march to have reached its base, which I believe no human being could have reached its pinnacle."

In 1819 John C. Calhoun, secretary of war, sent Maj. S. H. Long in charge of an "expedition from Pittsburg to the Rocky mountains." And July 13, in that year, the party camped near the present site of Colorado Springs, and from there, Dr. Edwin Harris and four companions commenced the ascent, which they accomplished July 14. The first woman to stand on the summit was Mrs. James H. Holmes, who reached the top Aug. 5, 1858.

* * *

Now, if you do not care to ride or walk up fairly easy pathways, you can make a quick and easy ascent via the Pike's Peak railroad. This noted "Cog Wheel Route" is a famous piece of engineering. The work was commenced in 1889 and completed Oct. 20, 1890. The distance is 8.90 miles, in which distance an elevation of 7518 feet is overcome. The road cost $500,000. The roadbed is solid and from 15 to 20 feet wide, leaving fully five feet on each side of the cars. The culverts are solid masonry. The four short bridges are of iron girders, resting on solid masonry.

The rails are standard "T" rails, with a double cog rail in the center. This weighs 110 tons to the mile. The cog teeth were cut in a lathe and are within the fiftieth of an inch of the size specified.

The cars hang low, within eighteen inches of the rails and are not tilted, but the seats are so arranged that the passengers have a level sitting.

The engines, built by the Baldwin Locomotive works, have each their cog and pinion appliances, which can be worked together or separately. In each cog appliance is a double set of pinion brakes, either one of which can stop the engine in ten inches, going either way, on any grade and at a maximum speed of eight miles an hour. The engine pushes the cars instead of pulling them. The cars also can be let down independently of the engine. One hundred people make a train load and it takes about three hours to make a round trip. In season, three trips a day are made. Frequent stops are made on the way and a wonderful view is afforded.

* * *

The view from the summit is beyond human words to fully describe. There you have a panorama of 40,000 square miles. To the east are the great plains and cattle ranges. Colorado Springs and Manitou look like little flower beds. To the south are the Seven lakes, the cities of Pueblo, Florence, Canon City and Altman—the highest town in Colorado. You see the Arkansas valley, the famous Spanish peaks and the Raton mountains of New Mexico. Cripple Creek and Bull Hill, with its mines of fabulous wealth, seem but a stone's throw. Mines, settlements, cabins and railways are plainly seen.

To the west, pushing its glistening crests through the clouds, is the Sangre de Christo range; Buffalo, Blanca, Ouray, Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Holy Cross and Elbert peaks are from sixty to 150 miles distant.

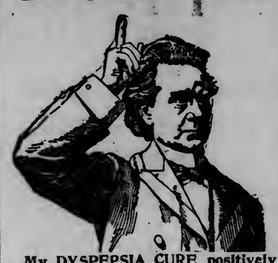
To the north you behold the abyss, Gray's and Long's peaks, Denver, Castle Rock and Manitou Pack.

At the summit there is a hotel and many tourists remain overnight to witness the indescribable beauties of sunset and sunrise. The colors tempt many an artist's brush and none do their brightness and exquisite tints justice.

The barometer on the summit stands at about seventeen inches and water boils at 184 degrees. The United States maintains a signal station on the summit. The first building on the summit was erected in 1876, the year Colorado was admitted into the Union as a state.

JOHN L. MORRISON.

DYSPEPSIA



My DYSPEPSIA CURE positively cures all forms of indigestion or stomach trouble. It rejuvenates worn-out stomachs. It builds up stomachs that have been weakened by powerful cathartics and old-fashioned nostrums.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure corrects bloating of the stomach, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind on the stomach, belching wind or sour food, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, faintness or weakness of the stomach, improper circulation, coated tongue, heart-burn or water-brash.

His Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes.
Munyon's Pile Ointment cures all forms of piles.
Munyon's Blood Cure corrects all blood impurities.
Munyon's Liver Cure corrects headache, biliousness, jaundice, constipation and all liver diseases.
Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to women.
Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs are guaranteed to relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days.
Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail.
Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price, $1.
Munyon has a cure for every disease. The **Guide to Health** (free) tells of them. Cures, mostly 25 cts
Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Mohawk Company to Build a Smelter at the Mine.

Will Give Large and Immediate Source of Revenue.

Standard Oil Forces Are Likely to Secure More Mines.

Houghton, Mich., April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The decision of the Mohawk company to build a smelter at the mine means that the mine will have a large and immediate source of revenue from the fissure vein of mohawkite, and should return several hundred thousand dollars' worth of copper before the mine proper becomes a producer, which will be in approximately one year. To give a better understanding of the situation the following brief explanation is appended: The active copper mines of the Lake Superior district are opened on amygdaloids and conglomerates, mainly the former, both of these being stratified formations, the former of igneous and the latter of sedimentary origin. The copper is found in these beds in native form, in sizes ranging from microscopical flakes to masses of virgin metal weighing hundreds of tons. The mines making heavy copper are known as mass properties, while those getting the metal in smaller sizes are known as stamp mines, as all rock from them must be crushed to sand in the stamp mills. The Mohawk is opened in an amygdaloid bed, which is merely a metamorphosed trap, having a strike of about north 40 degrees east. The fissure vein is a crack in the beds previously laid down, one of which is the Kearsarge amygdaloid on which the Mohawk mine is opened, and crosses the formation at approximately right angles and has a nearly vertical dip. This crack is filled with the mineral, never before found, named mohawkite, in honor of the place of its discovery. Mohawkite is a compound arsenide of copper and nickel, original assays of which gave about 61 per cent copper, 7 per cent nickel, 28 per cent arsenic and 2 per cent cobalt, with traces of iron. At greater depth antimony has also been found, and there has been a lessening of the nickel and an increase in copper percentages. The value of nickel being more than double that of copper, the ore was originally equal to 75 per cent refined copper, being much the largest workable deposit of high-grade copper ore ever opened. Two small cargoes of mohawkite have been smelted, being sent to Wales, as no American smelter was fitted to treat them, and netted $140 per ton of ore. A furnace is to be built at the mine to treat this ore, and should be able to easily give net returns of $150 per ton and upwards. The fissure vein has ranged from eight inches to three feet in width, the greatest width being found on the third level, where the vein has recently been opened. From surface to the second level, a depth of 270 feet, mohawkite ore valued at $400,000 has been stocked out, and there is apparently an equal value in the following level, owing to the increased width.

The Michigan mine has lowered its sinking pump and has taken almost 200 feet of water from the old Minnesota mine below the adit level. From now henceforth more rapid progress is expected. In boring holes from "B" shaft of the Michigan to the old Minnesota, for unwatering, an 18-inch seam of massive epidote was cut, some two feet behind the foot-wall of the Calico amygdaloid, on which the Michigan shafts are sunk; and on the sixth level, 100 feet below, the same epidote bed was cut, but at greater distance from the foot-wall. This epidote is filled with fine copper, and remarkably rich. Should it prove permanent it will be highly remunerative. This discovery was made in traversing the 140 feet of ground between the old and new mines, and the epidote shows no sign on surface. The discovery aptly illustrates the possibilities of mining.

The impression locally is that the Standard oil forces will eventually gain control of the Baltic and Copper Range, in addition to the Trimountain, already taken into camp. To secure such control will require the payment of some stiff prices for stock, but the purse of the purchasers is long, and taking into consideration the future possibilities of these three South Range mines, a syndicate is warranted in paying prices that would be too high for the average small investor.

The rumor that General Manager Stephen B. Whiting of the Calumet & Hecla will resign is unsubstantiated and meets with denial from well-informed sources.

The failure of the Belt flotation has not destroyed confidence in that property and negotiations are now in progress looking to the renewal of attempts, by other parties, to reorganize the property.

Boston rumors that the Quincy is to absorb the Franklin, Adventure and Rhode Island are not credited here. The Franklin and Quincy managements have been inimical for some years, and while the animosity is not as strong as once was the case, it is still probably sufficient to prevent serious negotiations between the powers that govern these respective properties. The Quincy can gain control of the Franklin by purchasing a controlling interest in the stock, but such an acquisition would probably run the price of Franklin shares to a much higher figure than the Quincy people would be willing to pay. The Adventure and Rhode Island mining companies have mainly the same officers and shareholders as the Quincy family, and, as such, will probably have their mineral smelted at the Quincy smelters, but it is hard to see what particular advantage for any of these properties would be gained by consolidation at the present time.

The Copper Range railroad extensions and wharves are being pushed, and the line is now enjoying much the best business in its history. With the completion of the Baltic, Champion, Timountain and Adventure mills, in a long row along Lake Superior, west of the Atlantic mill, the Copper Range will begin deriving a large revenue from the transportation of stamp rock and bids fair to rival the other local lines of the copper district in gross revenues and net earnings. The Mineral Range line, running from Houghton to Calumet, was, for many years previous to its wrecking by H. S. Ives and absorption later by the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, the most profitable railroad, per mile of main track, of any railway line or system in the United States.

The copper district received about half of the 12,000 emigrants who left Finland last year and will probably get an even larger number this year. The Finns, who are leaving home because of the stern measures with which the czar is depriving them of ancient liberties, are exceptionally strong and willing workmen, and as a race are thrifty and a desirable acquisition to the labor of the district.

The Mass has begun work on a long trestle to connect its two principal shafts. The force has been largely increased and great activity is manifested, both underground and on the surface.

At the directors' meeting held on Wednesday last, at Calumet, the allotments of Calumet & Arizona stock were made. The Carnegie people, at Pittsburg, subscribed for the entire issue of 100,000 shares at $10 per share, owing to their confidence in the judgment of T. F. Cole, general superintendent of the Oliver (Carnegie) iron mining interests of the Lake Superior ranges, but were cut down 40 per cent, and local subscribers were cut 4 per cent. The stock, which was subscribed less than four weeks ago at $10 per share, is selling at an enormous premium, previous to its listing, some having changed hands at $36 per share this week. The shares will be listed on both the Boston and New York exchanges and give every indication of adding yet another to the roster of big copper properties favored by the speculative public.

Production by the Baltic will show little decrease because of the burning of No. 3 shaft house. The property is being rapidly put in shape for heavy production as soon as its new mill can go into commission.

Contracts were let this week for the new mill and machinery of the Champion mine. The mill is to be 178 by 215 feet in sie, of steel on masonry foundations and will contain four stamps, with the usual complement of washing machinery. HORACE J. STEVENS.

MUMPS.

In 50c and $1.00 boxes. For sale by all druggists, or order direct.

MARVELOUS and INSTANTANEOUS.

Dr. Schoene, Frodonia Station, Wis., writes April 19, 1900: "The results obtained by using

NAFTALAN FOR MUMPS,

RHEUMATISM

and all Skin Diseases are marvelous. The effects are instantaneous."

Naftalan is a natural product from the Caucasus Mountains. In the form of an ointment, it has revolutionized the treatment of skin diseases throughout Europe, and is now being introduced in America by

The FORT WAYNE DRUG CO.,

Sole Agents for the United States. FORT WAYNE, IND.

LABOR WORLD

Business Agent of the Building Trades' Council Missing.

Union labor meetings next week:—

Plasterers' union meets Monday evening, Kalamazoo block.

Licensed Tugmen's association, Monday, Kalamazoo block.

Stonemasons' union meets Monday evening, Burrows block.

Butchers' union meets on Tuesday evening, Kalamazoo block.

Carpenters' union meets Tuesday evening, Kalamazoo block.

Sheet Metal Workers' union meets Tuesday in the Kalamazoo block.

Plumbers' union meets on Thursday evening, Kalamazoo block.

Federated Trades' assembly, Friday evening, Kalamazoo block.

* * *

At a meeting of the Building Trades' council last evening it was discovered that the business agent had disappeared. The secretary of the council, John P. Hollihan, was instructed to write the Building Trades' council in Minneapolis to ascertain, if possible, the present location of Mr. Heywood. Mr. Heywood came up from Minneapolis last fall and won quick recognition in local labor circles on account of his brilliancy as a speaker and general capability in all matters pertaining to organized labor. He was elected business agent of the council and delegate to the Federated Trades' assembly from the Electrical Workers' union. In the assembly he was elected to the board of trustees. In these capacities he played an important part in the trouble between the carpenters and the Marshall-Wells people during the construction of the big Lake avenue wholesale house. As business agent of the Building Trades' council, Mr. Heywood was on a salary of $15 a week.

* * *

The Duluth plasterers will receive an increase in wages during the coming season. The scale of 45 cents an hour last year has been increased to 50 cents an hour.

* * *

At the meeting of the marine engineers last evening twenty-three new members were obligated and a number of applications for membership were received. It was decided at this meeting that every member of the union should stand pat on the strike proposition.

The strike situation is unchanged. Not a tug belonging to the Great Lakes' Towing company has been fitted out in this harbor thus far, and the vesselmen are advancing many propositions to get the strikers in line.

President M. J. Ryan of the local Licensed Tugmen's association has gone down to Port Huron.

LABOR NOTES.

Columbus, Ohio, hasn't a non-union railway man.

The Women's Trade Union league of Great Britain has 4000 members.

Chicago workingmen object to the appointment of a military man for chief of police.

All except half a dozen contractors have signed the scale of Pants Finishers' unions of Chicago.

The Providence Evening and Sunday Telegram newspapers, after fighting against employing union compositors for six or eight years, have signed a contract to employ none but members of the Typographical union.

London is being so rapidly honeycombed with underground railway that the government is beginning to realize that a great comprehensive plan must be laid out, unless the site of London is to become a tangle of tunnels and tubes, each with its own ends and interfering with all the rest.

At Fort Worth there was a lockout of all union men last month by the contractors to force the men to withdraw from the trades' assembly and the building trades' council, but everything is now moving along satisfactorily. The plumbers have gained their demand for $4 per day, and the electricians' strike was successful in fixing wages at $3.

Lake seamen's unions in all cities on the chain of lakes have taken action against the new Marine Cooks' association. The seamen assert that the cooks should belong to, their organization while the latter have secured a charter from the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' National alliance. The grievance is now before the American Federation of Labor Executive council.

Chicago F. of L. legislative committee reported that the state senate had passed the Case garnishment repeal bill, and that the committee's work had been aided by the opponents of the bill. One of these had taken advantage of the bankruptcy law and another had been charged with wrecking a building and loan association. "The fight of the small storekeepers against the repeal of the bill will make department stores more popular," said the committee in its report.

At Wilkesbarre the plasterers have gained an 8-hour day and an advance of 7½ cents per hour. Their wages are now $2.25 per diem. Demands made and issue pending: Sheet metal workers and carpenters, eight hours and $2.25 per diem; painters, eight hours and $2.30 per diem: Plumbers, eight hours and $2.50 per diem; mill workers, 9-hour day, 20 cents to 30 cents per hour, according to class of work; apprentices, 10 cents per hour first year, 12 cents second year and 15 cents third year, and one apprentice to five mill workers.

At Great Falls, Mont., the local union, No. 26, Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators of America, have just secured an agreement with their bosses for an 8-hour day. Local union, No. 286, Carpenters and Joiners, have adopted the 8-hour day, to take effect May 1, at the same rate of wages, and have given notice to that eect; I think we will have no trouble in securing the same. The Montana legislature, just adjourned, passed an 8-hour law for miners and smeltermen at its last session, which goes into effect May 3, 1901. The smelters at Great Falls have already placed several of their departments on the 8-hour shift, which they say is for good, and have promised to do so with all other departments.

This year the biggest trade union in the world is celebrating its jubilee. The Amalgamated Society of Engineers is fifty years old and is signalizing the event by opening splendid new headquarters in London and issuing a little book detailing the history of the organization. In the year 1847, among the ruck of little engineering trade unions, there was one called the Old Mechanics, which stood firm and boasted a membership of 7000, and a credit balance of £25,000. It secured the abolition of the custom by which an engineer was unable to obtain fresh employment unless he had a clear discharge from his late employer. Rapid development folowed once all the men of the craft were united and despite trouble and differences, childish dissatisfaction of the inevitable member who is unable to see further than the end of his nose, and all the other trials which beset the paths of diligent and successful trade unionism. The Amalgamation has prospered until today it has 87,672 members and funds amounting to £200,000. Now that the 8-hour movement of 1897 was not the success the 9-hour movement had been in 1871 and 1872, but this triumph is only delayed. The total amount spent in connection with the 1897 struggle was £600,000, an amount which the Amalgamated Society of Engineers raised in six months, and a drain from which it has rapidly recovered, says London letter in American Federations.

The Home Beer

Whatever you drink outside, let your home beer be Schlitz. That is pure beer. No bacilli in it—nothing to make you bilious.

Beer is a saccharine product, and the germs multiply rapidly in it. The slightest taint of impurity quickly ruins its healthfulness.

We go to the utmost extremes to prevent that. Cleanliness is a science where Schlitz beer is brewed.

We even cool the beer in plate glass rooms in nothing but filtered air.

Then we filter the beer. Then we sterilize every bottle.

And Schlitz beer is aged. The beer that makes you bilious is green beer.

When you order a beer for your home, get the healthfulness without the harm. Get a pure beer—get an old beer—get Schlitz. Call for the Brewery Bottling.

'Phone 338, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Ave., Duluth.

OVERBURDENED.

The Egyptian woman looks greatly overburdened, and yet the physical burdens she carries will not compare with the burdens borne by many an American woman. There is no burden like the burden of disease. The woman who suffers from inflammation or ulceration, bearing-down pains, weak back and nervousness, bears a burden which crushes her very life.

Every woman should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It cures the womanly diseases which cause weakness and feebleness. It quiets the nerves, cures the aching back and throbbing head, and gives strength for wifely cares and maternal duties.

"When I first wrote to you I was in a bad condition, and had almost given up," says Mrs. Bella Snider, of Wilkesville, Vinton Co., Ohio. "I was suffering from female trouble of the worst kind; I couldn't eat anything without suffering great distress; throat hurt me by spells; was nervous and weak. Had numb hands and arms, heart trouble, pains all through my body and aching head and neck. It seemed that I could not work at all. I got Dr. Pierce's medicine and took it as directed, and the first week it began to help me. I took three bottles and am glad to say that it did me more good than all the other medicine I ever took. I feel better than I have for years."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*, or if cloth bound volume is desired, send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by new remedies with never failing success

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE - AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all diseases peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private, no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

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301 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

AT DULUTH CHURCHES

Confirmation and Sermon at St. Paul's Church By Bishop Morrison---Dr. Long at Men's Meeting.

At St. Paul's church, services will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., holy communion, confirmation and address by Bishop Morrison; 7:30, evening prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" ..... Diademata
Introit—"Come Holy Ghost"....Custance
Solos, Miss Smith and C. D. Shepard.
Communion service in A Flat....Custance
"Kyrie Eleison," "Gloria Tibi," "Sanctus," "Benedictus," "Agnes Die," "Gloria in Excelsis" .....
Confirmation hymn—"My Faith Looks Up to Thee" .....Mason
Hymn—"Hail the Sign" .....Anon
Anthem—"The Trumpet Shall Sound" ..... Marston
Solos, C. D. Shepard, Miss A. Cooley.
"Nunc Dimitis" ..... Barnby
Recessional—"Oft in Danger"....German

EVENING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" ..... Diademata
Psalter—Chanted .....
Canticles—Chanted .....
Hymn—"The Strife Is O'er"...Palestrina
Anthem—"This Is the Day".....Kettelby
Orison—"Hear Our Prayer".....Webbe
Recessional—"Oft In Danger"....German

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach at the morning service at 10:45, on "Worshipping in Spirit." At the 5 o'clock vesper service Mr. White will speak on "The Fool's Prayer," by E. R. Sill. The music will be as follows:

Prelude—"Providence," a sacred fantasia ..... Tobani
Mr. Flaaten, violin; Mr. Hoelscher, flute; Mr. Kretschmar, clarionet; Mr. Mosstoe, cornet; Miss Simonds, piano.
Interlude—"B Flat Mass" ..... Haydn
Mr. Flaaten, violin; Mr. Hoelscher, flute; Mr. Kretschmar, clarionet; Mr. Mosstoe, cornet; Miss Simonds, piano.
Offertory—"Sanctus" ..... Gounod
Mr. Flaaten, violin; Mr. Hoelscher, flute; Mr. Kretschmar, clarionet; Mr. Mosstoe, cornet; Miss Simonds, piano.
Postlude—Selected .....
Mr. Flaaten's quartet, Miss Simonds.

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long, will preach. Morning subject, "The Fruit." evening subject, "Broken Things." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Song Without Words" ..... Mendelssohn
Organist's Improvisation .....
Chorus—"O Worship the Lord"..Watson
Requested solo .....
Mr. Woodward.
Offertory—"Andante Cantabile" ..... M. Widor
Mrs. Grace Senior-Brearley.
Mixed quartet—"The Holy One"..Morris
Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, Miss Florence Dyer Branch, F. E. Woodward and J. G. Hamaker.
Postlude—"Festal March"....H. J. Storer

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"My Heart Ever Faithful" ..... J. S. Bash
Organist's Improvisation .....
Response .....
Quartet.
Chorus—"For the Glory of the Lord" ..... Handel
Offertory—"Pastorale in A Major" .....
Mrs. Grace Senior-Brearley.
Mixed quartet—"Mearer My God to Thee" ..... Williams
First M. E. Church quartet.
Special solo .....
Stephen Pierce.
Postlude—"Triumphal March" ..... Guilmant

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 1021 East Second street, the pastor, Rev. B. R. Patrick, will preach both morning and evening. The music for the day will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude .....Guilmant
Anthem—"My Soul Doth Magnify"... ..... Bluemschein
Choir.
Response—"Still, Still With Thee"... ..... Gerrish
Choir.
Offertory—"Sabbath Morning" ....C. Wels
Solo—"O Eyes That Are Weary"... ..... Brackett
Mr. Cleland.
Duet—"Jesus Thou Joy of Loving Hearts" ..... Carl Gotze
Mrs. Collins and Mr. Giddings.
Organ postlude ..... Wagner

EVENING.

Organ prelude ..... Weber
Anthem—"Jubilate Deo" ..... Adolf Frey
Choir.
Solo—"Calvary" ..... Rodney
Mr. Giddings.
Hymn anthem—"In the Beauty of the Gloaming" ..... Havens
Choir.
Organ postlude—"Old German Choral" ..... Krueger

The choir is composed of Mrs. Homer Collins, soprano; Miss Ethel Cannon, alto; C. H. Giddings, bass; Will Cleland, tenor; Florence Clement, organist.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "An Uplifted Life;" evening subject, "Contrasted Conditions." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude ..... Raff
Anthem—"Bonum Est" ....Dudley Buck
Alto solo—"The Lost Chord"...A. Sullivan
Mrs. Margaret Cutler, with violin obligato, Mr. Flnaten.
Offertory—"Song" .....Engelsberg
Postlude—"Fantasie" ..... Armstrong

EVENING.

Organ—"Andante," V Sonata ..... Gustav Merkel
Anthem—"Sing and Rejoice" ....Lansing
Hymn—"Whom Unseen We Love"... ..... Abbott
Offertory—"Largo" ..... Beethoven
Postlude ..... Arnold Dolmetsch

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Miss McKay; alto, Mrs. Cutler; tenor, Mr. Walker; bass, Mr. Gearhart; organist, Mrs. McLean.

* * *

Rev. Dr. Long, of the First M. E. church, will address the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Miss Jennie Everington will sing.

* * *

At Morley Congregational church, corner of Nineteenth avenue and East First street, there will be the usual services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. In the morning the Rev. J. St. B. Smith will preach on the topic, "Subtle Temptations," and at the evening service his topic will be "A Common Weakness."

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "Worse Than an Infidel," and in the evening on , "The Things That Are Not Seen."

* * *

At the First Christian church Sunday morning at 10:30, Rev. M. B. Ainsworth will preach on the "Beautiful Streets." In the evening at 8 o'clock his subject will be "Principles Constituting the Model Church." Thes music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Jesu Audinos" .....Winter
Offertory—"Lay Not Up for Yourselves" .....Bramby
Anthem—"Gently Lord" .....Davis
Quartet.
Postlude—"Glory and Worship Are Before Him" .....Greene

EVENING.

Prelude—"Oh Give Thanks".....Elvey
Offertory—Selected .....
Anthem—"Like as a Father" .....Vance
Quartet.
Postlude—March .....Shumann

* * *

In Grace M. E. church tomorrow, Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach in the morning on "An Unpleasant Change," and in the evening a special sermon on "The Intolerable Heresy." At 2 p. m. the funeral of the late Mrs. Boyington, wife of Chief Boyington of No. 2 fire station, will be R. A. Montgomery, pastor. Miss Dwyer will sing in the afternoon.

* * *

Services at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church Sunday morning will be at 10:45 o'clock and in the afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 12 o'clock. Rev. R. A. Montgomery, pastor.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. A. C. Manson, pastor, will conduct the usual services, Sunday school at noon, Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m. The Boys' brigade will attend the morning service. The programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Doxology, Praise God .....
Invocation .....
Hymn .....
Responsive reading .....
Prayer .....
Hymn .....
Anthem—"Till He Comes" .....
Sermon—"A Good Soldier" .....
Hymn .....
Benediction .....

EVENING.

Organ prelude .....
Hymn .....
Scripture reading .....
Prayer .....
Hymn .....
Anthem—"The King of Glory" .....
Sermon .....
Hymn .....
Benediction .....

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be service at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Probation After Death." Christian Science reading room No. 409 Burrows' building, open daily except Sunday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

* * *

Rev. Robert Forbes will preach at the Lester Park M. E. church Sunday morning and in the evening the pastor will preach on "Creed and Character."

* * *

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, there will be services tomorrow morning at 10:30 and evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m. and English school at 12:10. Rev. I. G. Aschem, pastor.

* * *

At the Bethel, Lake avenue, at 10 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., John H. Hunter, first assistant superintendent of the Moody Bible institute, of Chicago, will preach. Morning subject, "Lord's Return." Evening subject, "The Lamb of God." Special singing by Thomas W. Harris, Mrs. William Asher, Miss Frances McGiffert. Young ladies' quartet and mixed quartet. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Junior Endeavor at 4 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m. The meeting on Monday evening will be of special interest, as it will be conducted by former students of the Moody Bible institute.

* * *

At the Bethel Branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Evangelists Callahan and Williamson. Special singing. Gospel meetings each evening during the week.

* * *

At the Norwegian Methodist church, there will be preaching tomorrow at 10:30 in the morning and 7:45 in the evening, Rev. O. H. Wilson, pastor. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's society have their meeting at 7 o'clock p. m.

* * *

At the Swedish Baptist church, Rev. K. A. Lundin will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. The Women's Foreign Missionary society will have its monthly meeting at 4 o'clock p. m. Young people's meeting at 7 o'clock in the evening.

* * *

At the Swedish Methodist church, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 morning and 7:30 in the evening. Rev. John A. Anderson, the pastor, will preach both morning and evening. Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

At the Third Swedish Baptist church, in West Duluth, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. C. A. Aldeen, the pastor, will preach both morning and evening. Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

Services at Hope church, Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, tomorrow will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m. Sermon by pastor at 11 a. m. Subject, "The Sin Against the Holy Spirit." Sunday evening the pastor will heed Mayor Hugo's request and speak on the subject, "Of What Should Our City Be Cleansed?" Rev. L. F. Stapf, pastor.

Here Is a Chance to Make Money.

Buy stock in Nevada Paraffine Oil Company, Duluth, Minn. Office, 318 West Superior street.

Shares selling at 3 cents, par value $1.00.

For further particulars inquire at office or of

JOHN G. HOWARD, Manager.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Washington Post: Rev. William J. Tucker, president of Dartmouth college, declares that "the Christian church has been set back nobody knows how far by the behavior of the missionaries in China." Can it be possible that Brother Tucker is jealous of the attention Mark Twain is receiving?

Boston Transcript: The choir boys of St. Paul's Episcopal church at Princeton, N. J., had a half hour's battle with eggs outside that edifice the other day. From their angelic voices and reverent manners while on duty, one would hardly expect to see such an outcropping of Old Nick as soon as their clothes were changed.

Springfield (Mass.) Republican: The fact that churches in large cities are exposed to the humiliating experience of having 20-story steel buildings put up near them and towering in portentious bulk far above the tip of the church steeple, has led to the suggestion that the churches should compete with the tall buildings. Why not have a church on the ground floor, and a few hundred desirable offices to let on the floors above? Why should the temples of Mammon overtop and dwarf the temples of the God of our Fathers? And—why should not the space now wasted be turned to profitable account? In brief, the new idea would be to make one temple answer for God and Mammon, and give Mammon six days out of seven.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

A young preacher is apt to be a dryland pilot.

There can be no victory without an enemy.

If there were no listeners there would be no gossips.

He shall go before his enemy who can forego revenge.

A stereotyped religion cannot make a good impression.

The habit of sin quickly congeals the river of conscience.

The thermometer is a poor thing at which to warm your hands.

The consciousness of duty dispels the dread of consequences.

He who shuts his eyes when it rains will never see the rainbow.

Balaam's ass is no argument for the inspiration of all its kind.

It is no use praying for peace while you take cream on your pickles.

A brave retreat may show greater courage than a foolhardy advance.

It is a poor plan to reprove a man for walking lame by knocking him down.

EXPECT ADVANTAGE.

Halifax, N. S., April 20.—Coal operators anticipate a material advantage from the British export duties on coal. Officials of the Dominion Coal company expect to export 1,000,000 tons of Nova Scotia coal to the Mediterranean within a few years.

ST. LAWRENCE OPEN.

Montreal, April 20.—The ice bridge at Cape Rouge has given way and the river is now open to navigation. The first steamer, the Jacona (British), from the Mediterranean, with fruit, is expected to arrive at Quebec today.

CHANGE IN LESSONS

Sunday School Experts Would Make Changes In Study.

Universality Has Been Continuous For Nearly Thirty Years.

A Separate Course For Beginners Is Now Proposed.

New York, April 20.—A break seems at last to have come in the Sunday school experts, representing all religious bodies in the United States and Canada, and all lesson experts will meet in conference in this city. For many years the demands upon the international committee to change the scheme have been many, but since 1872 the universality of the lessons has been continuous, and now about 12,000,000 pupils and teachers study these lessons weekly. The break came recently, when the international committee considered favorably two propositions made by the Sunday School Editorial association, as follows:

1—We favor a separate course of lectures for one year for beginners in Bible study, of 6 years old and under, and we will heartily co-operate with your committee in making a success of such series as you may propose.

2—From our knowledge of the field and the demands of many Bible students, we believe that there should be prepared a two-years' course of study at least, that should be topical and historical for adult or senior classes. We think the time ripe for such a course, and request your committee to provide the same in such a way as will not interfere with the present international plan.

The international committee accordingly named committees of its number to undertake the preparation of these new courses.

The Sunday School Editorial association is something new, having been organized in this city this week. It is composed of editors of Sunday school periodicals, primary and other writers. Among the boards represented in its membership are the Presbyterian North and South, the Baptist North and South, the Cumberland Presbyterian, the Congregational, the United Brethren and several private publishers. The president of it is M. C. Hazard, of the Congregational board of Boston.

There is to be held in this city, as soon as possible, a conference of primary writers of Sunday school lessons. The committee has asked the writers to come together, agree upon their recommendations and present the same. The writers will come from Canada and from every board in the country.

"R. and L. T." This is getting better every day!

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Iowa Iron works at Dubuque was awarded a contract to build the largest towboat in the world for the Monongahela Coal company, Pittsburg. She will be able to tow fifty steel barges. Her cost will be $250,000.

The president has signed and ratified the treaty amendatory of the Brussels convention for the protection of industrial property, and the document has been forwarded to Brussels, where it will be deposited.

The consummation of the project to consolidate all the independent cereal plants of the country is now assured. The various properties, ten in number, will be turned over to the Great Western Cereal company at Chicago next Thursday. The new company will compete with the American Cereal company, better known as the "Oatmeat trust."

Jerry McCarty, one of the DePere wreck victims, has settled with the Northwestern Railroad company. He gets $20,000 and all expenses incurred at Green Bay while in the hospital, the expenses incurred at home in caring for him, and a life pass on the Northwestern road for himself and attendants.

A heavy snow storm has been raging throughout Eastern Kentucky. Two days heavy rain preceded the snow storm and brought on freshets in Powell's valley, which rendered twenty families homeless in that section.

Adjut. Gen. Gyger has decided to supply the Ohio militia with cartridges loaded with shot instead of balls, to be used when the troops are called out for riot duty. Gen. Gyger says the new shells will not kill innocent people at a great distance from the rioting, as is the case where cartridges loaded with balls are used.

Justice Scott, of New York, denied a motion for reargument in the case of Councilman Steward M. Brice, who is under sentence of ten days' imprisonment for contempt of court. The justice said he would grant Mr. Brice a stay of proceedings pending an appeal to the appellate division if he wished it.

While playing in a sand bank near Durant, I. T., five boys were buried by a cave-in. Four of them, James and Presley Rhodes, aged 13 and 4 years, Claude Eldridge, aged 15 years, and John Bain, aged 13 years, are dead. Claude Bain, aged 15 years, worked his way out.

It was officially announced by the Cleveland and Buffalo Transit company that the first boat of the season between Cleveland and Buffalo will be run on Monday, April 29. This is the same date as the opening last year.

Dr. Humphreys.

After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to Intrinsic merit. **They Cure the Sick.**

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	**Fevers,** Congestions, Inflammations..	.25
2	**Worms,** Worm Fever, Worm Colic ...	.25
3	**Teething,** Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	**Diarrhea,** of Children or Adults	.25
7	**Coughs,** Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	**Neuralgia,** Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	**Headache,** Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	**Dyspepsia,** Indigestion, weak stomach.	.25
11	**Suppressed or painful periods**	.25
12	**Whites,** Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	**Croup, Laryngitis,** Hoarseness....	.25
14	**Salt Rheum,** Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	**Rheumatism,** Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	**Malaria,** Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	**Catarrh,** Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20	**Whooping Cough**	.25
27	**Kidney Diseases,**	.25
28	**Nervous Debility**	1.00
30	**Urinary Weakness,** Wetting Bed..	.25
77	**Grip,** Hay Fever.....	.25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

☞Dr. Humphreys' New Pocket Manual of all Diseases Mailed free.

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HARRISON DIFFIDENT

Chicago's Mayor Says He Is Not Presidential Candidate.

His Friends Believe That He Could Be Persuaded.

Hill Looms Up as Most Available Eastern Candidate.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 20—(Special to the Herald.) Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, was in Washington this week. He asserts in an interview that he has no intention whatever of mixing up in national politics in any way. He announces that he is perfectly satisfied with his position at the head of the official affairs in the metropolis by the great lakes. It will be recalled that Mayor Harrison declined to run for governor on the Democratic ticket in Illinois and also declined to permit the use of his name for the vice-presidency at the Kansas city convention last year.

It is the opinion of friends and admirers of Chicago's mayor, however, that if, with the prestige he has now secured in being elected mayor of Chicago three times, any great following develops in his favor he will permit the use of his name as a candidate for the presidency in 1904. Whether or not he will be asked to have his name presented to the next national Democratic convention is a question that politicians in the East at present are unable to decide. It is an old saying, however, that few men decline the presidency. None have been known to do so, and Mayor Harrison will probably not be an exception. If a boom should be started in his interest for the Democratic presidential nomination in 1904 it is probable that he would permit the use of his name and accept the nomination if secured for him.

From a geographical standpoint, Mayor Harrison is in a better position to make the race in 1904 than any other Democrat yet talked of as a presidential possibility. Figuring Mr. Bryan out of the race in the next national contest, it does not seem unlikely that the national Democratic leaders may, if they cannot agree upon an Eastern Democrat, go to the Middle West, and if so, Mayor Harrison, without doubt, will be considered good presidential timber. Notwithstanding his statement in Washington that he will not have anything to do with national politics, it is a safe guess, if a candidate cannot be agreed upon in the East, that if given an opportunity to capture the Democratic presidential nomination in 1904, he would not put the honor aside.

* * *

The indications of recent maneuvers upon the part of Democratic politicians in the West and Middle West seem to foreshadow the candidacy of former Senator Hill of New York as the Eastern candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination in 1904. It will be recalled that Senator Hill, not long ago, made the statement that he was out of politics for good, but his friends in Washington, New York and elsewhere believe that he can be induced to stand for the nomination if it can be seen by him that there is a possibility of his being successful at the next Democratic national convention.

Mr. Hill seems to be about the only available man in the East for this honor. In view of the fact that John R. McLean, owner of the Cincinnati Enquirer, has recently had published an editorial in his paper practically endorsing Mr. Hill as the most available candidate in the East for this office, it is not at all unlikely that he can be nominated if he so wills. While it is not probable, it is possible that if Mr. Hill is selected as the Democratic standard bearer in the next national convention, Mr. McLean may be given second place on the ticket. There is some talk to this effect, though it might not be considered a wise political stroke to have the presidential nominee from New York and his running mate from a state so nearby as Ohio. In any event, the support of McLean in Ohio will probably result in Mr. Hill's securing the delegation from that state in the next national Democratic convention.

According to a report from Consul General Bellows, at Yokohama, the financial condition of Japan is at present far from encouraging, and her bankers, statesmen and business men are exerting every effort to avert a pending panic. The situation, as analyzed by the shrewdest financiers and statesmen of the empire, shows that the Chinese indemnity secured at the close of the Japan-China war, together with large national loans, led to the exploiting of many public and private undertakings which caused money to be unusually plentiful among the coolie or laboring classes. This induced extravagant methods of living and is assigned as a potent factor in the large increase of imports. The amount of indemnity paid by China proved insufficient for the enterprises projected, and many millions were diverted from the customary channels of trade to carry forward these undertakings.

The large increase in imports was unfortunately accompanied by a falling off in exports during the past year, occasioned by the interruption of the Chinese trade, and a decreased demand for silk and habutai in America and Europe, so that last year the relation of exports to imports stood in the ratio of five to six, and $24,000,000 passed out of the country to settle Japan's balance of trade. This large overflow of specie led the Bank of Japan to raise its rate of interest, produced a glut of merchandise in the godowns of the importers and caused a pronounced depreciation of stocks, bonds and securities.

The scarcity of money for commercial and industrial purposes is all the more keenly felt because of the steady rise in price of all living expenses, which have increased during the last few years over 75 per cent.

Foreign capital declines to enter the Japanese market, although tempted by flattering rates of interest. The government's recent effort to float a foreign loan has not proven a success, while school and municipal bonds, based upon safe security, are rendered undesirable to foreigners because of the faulty regulations and conditions attending their issue.

Both foreign and native banks decline loans on personal credit, and at the close of 1899 the total paid up capital of the banks of the empire, exclusive of the Bank of Japan, was $113,000,000, while at the same time they were carrying loans based on concrete security, to the amount of $125,250,000. From this it will be seen that the banks have tied up in concrete investments a larger sum than their paid up capital, and Minister Watanabe observes that this fact is largely responsible for the present embarrassment felt in business circles.

The closeness of the money market, combined with the dullness of trade and violent fluctuations of prices, is causing much alarm among merchants, manufacturers and bankers and more failures are imminent.

* * *

The recent explosion of a 13-inch shell in one of the guns of the battleship Kearsarge, by which the weapon was badly damaged, has led to an order by the department directing that all 13-inch shells be thoroughly examined to determine if there is any probability of a similar accident occurring.

The fault lies not in the gun, it is said, but was probably due to some chemical action in the powder. Faulty fuse arrangement is assigned by some officers as the more probable trouble. Smokeless powder has been regarded in the army as liable to explosion if not carefully watched, but in the manufacture of the naval powder where nitro-glycerine is not used it has been claimed that no danger existed. The army, however, has failed to develop any smokeless powder that meets the requirements unless it contains nitro-glycerine, though no serious explosions have yet occurred, except at the proving station at Sandy Hook. For fifteen years naval guns and high explosives have been tested at the Indian Head station and not once has a gun exploded.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

CABLE FLASHES.

The rumors current of difficulties between Chili and the Argentine republic are without foundation. Nothing has occurred between the governments of the two countries to cause anxiety.

It is asserted by the Neuste Weiner Journal that the situation in Bulgaria is so serious that the Bulgarian premier has wired Prince Ferdinand, who is on the Riviera, to return to Sofia as quickly as possible.

"There are strong indications," says the Shanghai correspondent of the London Morning Post, "that the Japanese government proposes to put itself at the head of the reform movement in China in order to overthrow the Manchur dynasty, which it considers bound hand and foot by Russia."

The Christian Scientists.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In your issue of April 9 is an article entitled "After Them, Health Authorities and Christian Scientists May Clash." Kindly allow me to make a positive statement of the position of Christian Science in the matter of contagious diseases.

Christian Science inculcates obedience to the laws, including the laws relative to contagious diseases. Christian Science is a preventative and destroyer of contagion, but if in a given instance a Christian Scientist has for any reason failed to realize his full protection, and if thus a case of contagious disease obtains a foothold in his household, he is taught to report such case to the health office, just as a citizen of other religious or medical beliefs would do, and then patiently and at whatever inconvenience to himself, to submit to the constitutional and legal requirements of the powers that be.

Mary G. Eddy, the discoverer and founder of Christian Science and the leader of this religious denomination, has recently repeated and re-emphasized what has always been her teaching on this subject by publishing the following message: "I have already expressed my opinion publicly as to the precautions against the spread of so-called contagious diseases in the following words: Rather than quarrel over vaccination, I recommend that if the law demands an individual to submit to this process, he obey the law, and then appeal to the gospel to save him from bad physical results. Whatever changes come to this century, or to any epoch, we may safely submit to the Providence of God, to common justice, to the maintenance of individual rights and to governmental usages. This statement should be so interpreted as to apply, on the basis of Christian Science, to the reporting of a contagious case to the proper authorities when the law so requires. When Jesus was questioned concerning obedience to human law, He replied: 'Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's,' even while you 'Render unto God the things that are God's.' I believe in obeying the laws of the land. I practice and teach this obedience, since justice is the moral signification of law. Injustice denotes the absence of law."

While, therefore, the Christian Scientists of this community and of this state will go in the future as in the past, applying the principle of Christian Science to heal contagious diseases, to destroy infection and to prevent contagion, I assure you that they will neither disobey nor antagonize the ordinary constitutional and legal requirements for restricting the spread of contagious diseases.

ABBOT EDES SMITH.

Minneapolis, April 19.

MAGOG SCORCHED.

Magog, Que., April 20.—Fire last night destroyed the town hall and about two dozen other buildings. Damage, $50,000.

CAN'T TAKE CASTOR OIL?

Try Mull's Grape Tonic—The crushed fruit laxative, a pleasant and agreeable substitute, better; does more. Druggists, 50 cents.

The Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ills.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer cures Cramps and Colic, 25c.

Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

Prominent real estate men will answer this question in The Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what Geo. H. Crosby has to say about it next Saturday.

'The Land of the Sky" Country.

Avoid the rigors of early spring in the north by going to the mountain section of Western North Carolina, one of the most beautiful countries on earth with climatic advantages second to none. In this region are situated the attractive resorts of Asheville, Hot Springs, Tryon, Sapphyre and Black Mountain, where there are superior hotel accommodations and visitors to this country find it at all seasons of the year most advantageous.

Round trip tourist tickets on sale from all points. For literature, rates, etc., write or call on George B. Allen, A. G. P., Southern railway, St. Louis, Mo., or J. C. Beam, Jr., N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

KEEPING PROMISES.

Duluth Appreciates Always When Promises are Kept.

EVERY TIME YOU READ ABOUT DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS, YOU ARE TOLD THEY CURE EVERY FORM OF KIDNEY ILL, FROM BACKACHE TO URINARY DISORDERS. HOW ARE OUR PROMISES KEPT? ASK ANY CITIZEN WHO HAS TRIED THE TREATMENT. ASK THE MAN WHO MAKES THE FOLLOWING STAEMENT:

Mr. J. E. Watts, who lives at 811 Fifth street, east, bricklayer by trade, says: "I had a very severe attack of pain through the small of my back just over the kidneys. It was so bad that I could hardly get around, much less stoop, and as a bricklayer when at work is almost constantly in a stooped position I was unable to work. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I thought I would try them, for plasters and other remedies had failed to give me any relief. I got a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store, and began to use the remedy. In a few days the pain entirely left me and I felt as well as ever."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

TO LOWER DOCTOR BILLS

New Movement Causes Excitement.

There is a new movement on foot in Western cities to lower doctor bills. Associations are being formed similar to insurance companies, which guarantee to give each individual medical counsel, advice and medicines for one month for the price of 50 cents. The system of medicine is a special practice, treating diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. There is in each individual case a guaranteed cure or no pay. You can become an associate member by buying a 50-cent bottle of Cascarine from your druggist. He is supplied, and if not, he will get it for you. Cascarine treatment is the celebrated vegetable medicinal compound made from Cascara Sagrada, the great natural remedy, as combined with the most active medicinal agents specific to disease. It is a liquid laxative and cures all diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. If you can't sleep, if you have hot and cold flushes, if there is a cold perspiration breaks out all over you. If your breath is bad or you have wind on the stomach, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pain after eating or sallow complexion, take Cascarine. It will cure you. Thousands of families have been kept in good health by frequent use of Cascarine. For sale at all drug stores. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Louisville or New York, will send free a valuable booklet on diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, and one week's sample treatment for 10 cents in stamps to cover postage.—George H. Jenkins, in Louisville (Ky.) Post.

Don't miss the concert to be given by the Minn. K. P. Band at Armory Monday night, April 29. Informal dance following. Admission 25c.

BIG SUCCESS

Benefit Concert at the Mission Church.

Governor Van Sant Makes Fine Address.

Last evening, at the Mission church at the West End, the concert for the benefit of the Swedish Methodist church, was given and it was a complete and unqualified success. The efforts of the pastor and every member of the church have been put forth for weeks toward making this concert a great success and lifting the balance of the church debt. They had not only the satisfaction of raising a fine sum, but they gave an entertainment that was the delight of all who attended. The number present was very large.

The presence of Governor Van Sant was the principal feature of the affair. He came up from St. Paul yesterday afternoon and returned on the night train. He was entertained at the home of Mrs. Webster from 6 to 8 o'clock by te ladies of the G. A. R. and Gorman post, where he fought over the battles of the civil war with his old comrades and arrived at the church, escorted by Mayor Hugo and Rev. Dr. Long.

The musical program was rendered by several of the members of the church and the High School Musical society under the leadership of Professor A. F. M. Custance. A piano solo by Miss Ethel Christiansen followed by the invocation by Dr. A. F. Elmquist opened the program. The High School Musical society sang "Vesper Bells." A piano solo by Miss Florence Nelson was the next number and the Echo quartet gave a very enjoyable selection. Miss Rena Smith sang "Hail to the King Eternal" and responded to a well deserved encore with "Comin' Thro' the Rye." There was another chorus by the High School Musical society, a vocal solo by Roy Pritz, "The Palms" and some college songs by the high school.

Mayor Hugo introduced Governor Van Sant in a short speech. He said:

"It is a high and a laudable ambition to aspire to be the governor of such a state. It is a high honor to achieve it; and the people desire opportunities to testify to their respect and esteem for such a man. On state occasions the governor is surrounded by plumed generals and resplendent colonels—his commissary department is a wonder—but I doubt if our governor, even then, will receive a heartier welcome than he does from the Duluth people here assembled, or have a more honorable escort than the future generals, colonels and commissary generals and those of the gentler sex destined to command the generals, colonels, etc., now temporarily masquerading as high school pupils, who form the governor's escort this evening."

GOVERNOR VAN SANT SPEAKS.

As the governor rose to make his acknowledgments the High School Musical society burst forth with the strains of "America" and sang it beautifully. Governor Van Sant said:

"My friends, I assure you that it is a great pleasure to be here tonight, and if I could perform my part as well as the young ladies and gentlemen of your high school, I would have no fears for myself. As a school I honor them; as young men and women I honor them. We live in a patriotic age, the greatest age of the world, and I am glad that there is no church that is too religious to object to the singing of that song which contains the very essence of our patriotism, that grand old song which seems so much to us, 'My Country, 'Tis of Thee.'

"We live in an age in which the country is just ripening into manhood; just obtaining its virile strength and beginning to show the indications of its great future. Nations have their birth struggles, their growth and decline much like individuals. Greece and Rome rose, flourished and died, but we are just beginning to live and to flourish, and in times of great promise like the present it is well to anticipate the future and thus prolong adversity by wise conduct.

"Nothing could be more auspicious than the origin and growth of our nation. Our Declaration of Independence and our constitution are the most wonderful creations ever penned by the hand of man. The laws our fathers have made for us have proved singularly just and beneficial. The extent of our country and its varied resources and climate offer the fullest field for individual development. But the chiefest factor in our greatness is the cosmopolitan character of our people. Many races in Europe and Asia are weak and declining through the failure to receive new blood. Our people are composed of the sturdy German and the happy Frenchman, the valiant Norseman and the home-loving Englishman, the witty Irishman and the brawny Scot, and the result is an enterprising, energetic people. A country thus peopled will never meet the fate of Rome and Carthage. Our state is blessed in a marked degree with a splendid class of citizens; chief among them are your own people from your own far-off and loved Sweden. You are welcome here, coming as you do from a liberty-loving land and being a God-fearing people. It was the Northern nations of Europe which kept the flame of freedom aglow during the feudal exactions of the dark ages. The history of the campaigns of Gustavus Adolphus read like a romance, and perhaps no European has done more for the cause of liberty than he. Napoleon fought for himself, Gustavus Adolphus for mankind.

"There is only one man to whom this hero can be likened, and that is one who, through seven long, dark years battled against adversity and for a time it seemed the very fates themselves, and that is our own glorious hero, George Washington. The lovers of liberty owe more to these two men, who fought so valiantly and so successfully for their countries sake, than to almost any others alive. They, with Abraham Lincoln, stand at the very forefront, and are indeed the pedestal, you might say, upon which liberty rests.

"We should honor and respect our ancestors with all the power with which we are endowed. I am descended from a people of whom I am proud, those of Holland. But although these things may be true there is one thing of which we should be still prouder, we should be proud that we are American citizens, for that is the proudest boast that can be made by man. We should be proud that we are all equal before the law that we have an equality of opportunity that permits the lowest to rise to the highest places.

"Take Abraham Lincoln, born in a little cabin in Kentucky, who by hard work and conscientious effort, rose to be given that highest gift in the power of the people. Take James A. Garfield, driving a canal boat, getting $1 a week and taking home to his poor mother the first dollar which he earned. I tell you that if a young man has the right spirit and the right stuff in him he will get to the front, no matter what obstacles lie in his way, but if he has not the moral stamina needful, or if the energy is lacking, he will not and should not succeed.

"In this great country of ours it is a proud thing to be a citizen, and it will be a still prouder thing in the twentieth century, of which we are on the verge, and which holds out the promise of such wonderful opportunities. In the past century we have freed the slaves, and I believe that in the coming one that Cuba will be free, and the United States will do all that she has said she would. I tell you that she'll have to. She cannot afford to break her word with this people. And in the doubt of which course to pursue in the Philippines at the present time, I believe that the great heart of the American people will settle the question and settle it properly, and over in those islands they will be freer and better to see the glorious old Stars and Stripes waving over them than they were before.

"My friend who preceded me spoke of the West. We have gone so far west that we are clear in the east, and we'll stay there to bring them the good news of man's freedom.

"The church is doing a splendid work, and you will always find the greatest rigleion where the people are the freest. Our schools must be kept up. The people need education. This is a struggle of giants, and the educated man wins. I congratulate you as governor of this great state that we are so far advanced along this line. No state in the Union stands higher than Minnesota in its school systems. There is $12,000,000 for our schools now, and when our lands are sold there will be over $20,000,000 in the treasury. What does this mean? It means advantages and care for the youth of Minnesota which eventually will place our state at the top of the ladder when our youths become men."

DR. LONG'S ADDRESS.

Dr. S. P. Long spoke on "Scandinavians in America." In opening he dwelt on their early history and heroes, their relation to this country, telling of the great number that have come to this country and made their homes here, the difficulties met with by the immigrants and their reasons for leaving the mother country, and the influence which the large number of Scandinavians now here exert on their mother country. Of the debt this country owes to the Scandinavian, he said:

"This is, perhaps, more apparent in the Northwest than in any other place in the country, where our hitherto prairies have been broken and brought into cultivation, where our forests have been felled and where our mines have been digged and their treasures brought forth by the sturdy arm of the Scandinavian. What a very interesting comparison these men make with the Vikings of old, men who sacked cities, destroyed womanhood and ruthlessly murdered and slew everything that came across their way, but whose glories we now sing. The descendants of these sea robbers do not, perhaps, resent as interesting a page in literature as their ancestors, but in their victories of peace as they have gone about in the work of conquering the great Northwest territory and bringing it into subjection to yield its products for the welfare of mankind, I think the credit balance is very much in favor of the modern descendant of the Viking.

"The United States is under obligation to the Scandinavian in another way. When the Declaration of Independence was being discussed and the state of Pennsylvania was to vote on it, the delegates were almost a tie and the casting of the decisive vote remained with one John Morton, a Swede who, to his honor be it said, cast his vote in favor of the immortal document.

"When the great rebellion broke out one out of every six Scandinavians in America went to the front and the Fifteenth Wisconsin regiment, entirely composed of Scandinavians, was one o fthe best regiments in the United States service, and I think almost every Scandinavian in the country fought against slavery.

"There came a day at Hampton Roads when the ram of the Confederacy broke our vessels to pieces as though they were so much paper and matters were looking very serious for them when there sailed into the harbor a little vessel called the Monitor, which brought the Merrimac to bay and defeated her entirely, changing the result of the conflict. The little vessel which did this marvelous work was the creature of the brain of a Swede, John Ericson. It was a Swede, John Anderson, who was in command of Fort Sumpter when the rebel guns were trained upon the fort. It was this Swede who at the close, when the war was over and the nation had been preserved, once more at Fort Sumpter ran up the Stars and Stripes without a star lost or a stripe removed, and as it kissed the breeze, the bitterest opponents of American institutions could not see one blemish upon i, for in the meantime slavery had been buried. The great ship Calmer Nical, which brought over the first Swedish colonies to the Delaware, brought over, I think, as patriotic men and women as did the Mayflower at a later date."

Of the debt which the Scandinavian owes to the United States, and how he should pay it, Dr. Long said:

"The Scandinavian has performed well his duties as citizen in his foster country and so he should, for no nation has ever received immigrants more cordially than has the United States. Columbia stands on our Eastern shore with arms outstretched and welcoming with the kindliest manner the men from other shores. She takes them by the hand and pointing to the great nation says 'the North, West, South is before you, take possession and I will give you protection and will guarantee that you will be treated in the same manner as the home-born. The offices of this government are open to you and your children can rise to the highest gift within reach of the people, all that I desire in return is that you be law-abiding, patriotic, loyal citizens.' And while many native-born Americans and foreign-born people have often illtreated the immigrants, yet it can be said to the glory of the United States that she sands on without a pledge broken or a promise unkept to the poorest and most lowly immigrant that comes to this land.

"This debt on the part of the immigrant should be repaid. This is done by becoming citizens, taking an interest in the nation's welfare, and living upright lives. The exercise of franchise is assured after five years and in the discharge of this, which is more valuable than precious stones, should not be bought or sold. The franchise very often marks the gratitude or ingratitude of the people. For instance, it would be a very sad affair for this country if the German, the Scandinavian, the Irish and the Italian and all other foreign-born people should not band together and vote against the home-born American citizen. Such a danger, however, is not at all liable to occur, for it would create a class feeling that would be so serious that no one could consider it for a moment without a feeling of horror. While this is true, sometimes great principles or worthy men must lost sight of because of the race feelings. In voting, I have always considered it to be the duty of an American citizen in state or national emergencies to vote for principle, and in city or local affairs to vote for the man who stands for the most, for the highest ideal in civil life. If in such case we should vote for a Scandinavian because he is a Scandinavian, or a German because he is a German, nor an American born because he is American born, would be doing the part the duty which the nation has a right to demand of us? Nay, but we should vote for the man, who being properly qualified stands for the most in American life, irrespective of nationality.

"There is another thing that we must remember that pays our debt to the United States, that is educating our children, giving them the best preparation possible for life, not only in the schools and trades, but also teaching them love of freedom and American institution."

SPEAKS AT A BANQUET.

Henry Truelsen at Winona on Jefferson Day.

Ex-Mayor Truelsen of Duluth was one of the speakers at the Jefferson day banquet held in Winona by the Democrats of that city Thursday evening. The Independent thus reports his speech:

"In responding, that gentleman announced that he was a Democrat, and had been identified with that party for thirty-five years. He believed the Democratic party was the party of the common people, to which he belonged. He desired to state that the Democratic party has no excuses to make for the declaration of independence, and on the Fourth of July next every man can come together and celebrate the day with the proper spirit. 'We realize,' said he, 'that all men were born free and equal. The Republicans do not believe in the declaration of independence. They say 'We have outgrown it,' and they are carrying on a war of conquest.'

"Mr. Truelsen reviewed briefly his career as mayor of Duluth, and the reforms he inaugurated. He said he realized that the city authorities of Winona would have to adopt heroic measures in carrying out their reform pledges, as many men would wish to retain their offices and draw salaries. The speaker dwelt at length upon the benefits derived by the municipal ownership of public institutions. He said in conclusion: 'Now is the time to commence the reform. If you lay the proper foundation you can build up your beautiful city in such a manner as to fully realize the dreams of your forefathers. All over the country municipal ownership is being adopted as a true solution of the problem. Don't let the cry of reform die out with the close of the campaign, but discharge your duty by keeping your promise to the people and they will reward you by again investing you with the mantle of authority.'

"Mr. Truelsen was frequently interrupted by hearty applause."

Totman Bros. have removed to East End livery.

AFRAID OF IT.

Bowery Saloonkeepers Are Fearful of Ordinance Amendments.

Notwithstanding assurances from attorneys, that the proposed amendments establishing patrol limits for the restriction of saloon business would not wipe out the Bowery, there is considerable opposition to the ordinance through fear that it may knock out about half the saloons on the north side of Superior street between Fifth and Sixth avenues west.

The state law says that there shall only be five saloons in one block where that block fronts on the patrol limits. The Bowery saloons on the north side of Superior street do not exactly front on the proposed limits but back up against the limit. The opponents of the ordinance hold that that is the same as fronting on the limit.

Alderman Johnson of the Fifth ward is author of the patrol limit amendment and in conversation this morning he said that his amendments did not intend to make any changes of any kind on the Bowery, but simply restrict the saloon business to the districts now occupied and check the tendency toward expansion of the saloon business, which has been threatening the residence districts of the city.

"R. and L. T." This is getting better every day!

CAUTION

There is nothing "Just as good" as Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. A dealer who says so is thinking of his profits—nothing more. Of course when a remedy has been before the public so long, has been recommended and prescribed by doctors, and carried the blessings of health to so many thousand homes, imitations are bound to arise. They are only able, however, to imitate the bottle and labels. No one can imitate the product. The process is known to manufacturers alone. Ask for the genuine, refuse injurious substitutes. See that our seal over the cork is unbroken, and that the bottle has on it the government medicine stamp. We have found cases where unreliable dealers have refilled our bottles, so we wish to caution our patrons against accepting some cheap imitation in our bottles.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

Book of information sent free. All druggists and grocers, or direct. $1.00 per bottle. Sent in plain package.

Duffy Malt Whiskey Co. Rochester, N.Y.

ONE OF BEST FEATURES

Of the Pyramid Pile Cure.

Is the fact that it cures every form of Piles without one particle of pain. This desirable point is not obtained by the use of injurious opiates which simply deaden and paralyze the nerves of the parts and make matters worse in the long run. But it is done solely by its remarkably healing and soothing effects. And while it thus gives immediate relief, at the same time the disease is not merely checked, but a radical cure is rapidly accomplished. And the point we want to make clear is that all this is done without a particle of pain.

The Pyramid Pile Cure has been before the public too long and its merits recognized by too many people to allow it to be classed with the many salves, suppositories, pills, etc., and you run no risk in trying it, as is often the case with new and untried preparations. If you are ever troubled with any form of piles or rectal disease do not forget the Pyramid Pile Cure. Prepared by Pyramid Drug company, Marshall, Mich., and sold by all druggists at 50 cents per package.

One lot Fancy Go-Carts—worth up to $6—with wood or rattan body—wire wheels with best rubber tires and patent brake. This includes our best Folding Carts—the kind you can double up and take on the street car—

ONLY $3.90

Round Extension Table—6 feet long—46-inch polished oak top—very heavy leg—on sale here at—

ONLY $8.30

Fancy oak or mahogany Rockers—some with shaped wood seat—some with leather seat; very newest styles—regular value $5, $5.50, and $6.00 Rockers; special price at—

ONLY $3.48

Kash or Kredit—payments to suit you.

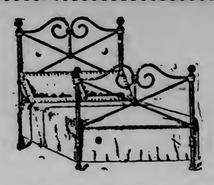
When In Doubt, Buy of

THE G. C. STEELE CO.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

BICYCLES AND BABY CARRIAGES.

226-228 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.



Iron Beds Full size iron beds, best smooth white enamel—the kind that won't chip. An elegant bed, cheap at $4.00—

Special at $2.10.

We also carry a full line of iron beds in colors—black, red, cerise, pink, cream, green, canary, blue and wedgewood.

The most complete stock of **Odd Dressers** in the Northwest. One similar to cut, sells elsewhere at $15.00, made of best hardwood, richly finished, four large drawers—only—

$9.98

Stewart Steel Stoves and Ranges.

Give them your closest attention. They lead the world for quality and price. Features about them that suit the most fastidious housekeeper. Economical and quick baking. We sell a Stewart Steel Range, improved high warming closet for the low price of ----------

$28.00

DINING CHAIRS.

Solid oak Dining Chairs with woven cane seat, carved back and fancy turned spindles—offered at—

82c

25 small Rugs, sizes from 18 inches to 3 feet 9 inches. These Rugs are slightly shop worn and go at----------**Half Price**

Miter Rugs, size 3-9 x 3-9, were $2.00, now ----------

$1.20

Why not ride the best? It costs but little more than the cheapest.

The "IMPERIAL"

1901 model, in the popular "robin's egg" blue enamel with Morgan & Wright tires.

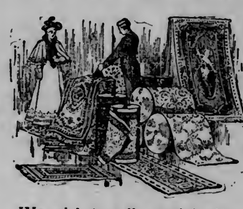
$27.50

Chainless Wheels.

You don't see how we can sell them so cheap. Late improved models at ----------

$55.00

Drop in and look them over.



We wish to call special attention to our very handsome line of small Smyrna rugs of extra quality. These rugs are all reversible.

The Bureau size--- .98

The 26-inch size-- $1.48

The 30-inch size-- $1.60

The 36-inch size-- $2.20

The Sofa size----- $3.85

THE DAKOTAS.

Gerke Starts His Damage Suit Against Steward Milsted.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Papers have been served in the $5000 damage suit of W. H. Gerke against Steward John Milsted of the state hospital. The suit grows out of the arrest of Mr. Gerke on a charge of embezzlement preferred by Mr. Milsted. Gerke was acquitted. He asserts that Milsted caused his arrest without reasonable cause and with malice. The case will come up for a hearing at the July term of court.

Miss Nellie Wallace, formerly of this city, fell into a well 53 feet deep. She was not badly injured however, and will speedily recover.

Fargo—The work of the committees on the Fargo fire festival is progressing favorably. The consolidated band feature is meeting with great favor. The reunion of the Philippine veterans is a popular idea. That will draw all the soldier boys here and there will be a regular encampment. The committee on decorations is planning a court of honor. The carnival for the last night, with the Mardi gras features, will be enlarged and special attractions will be planned. All the participants will be in masque and will dance to music furnished by the consolidated band. A searchlight will be used to light the streets for the occasion. The committee reports more enthusiasm on the part of the citizens this year than ever before.

T. A. Whitworth, general agent for the Gaar Scott people, has inaugurated a movement to secure good music in Fargo for all time. Just now, Fargo has Rupert's orchestra, which is acknowledged to be one of the finest in the Northwest, outside the Twin Cities, and the Metropolitan band, which has developed wonderfully in the past year. Mr. Whitworth proposes that 100 or more citizens of Fargo contribute $10 each annually to a fund to be equally divided between the two musical organizations to show in some measure the appreciation of citizens.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—A Chicago firm has been in correspondence with land owners along the river, asking for oil leases on their lands. As they are very particular in regard to terms, none has yet seen fit to accept the offers, which are all in the interest of the company.

The lease tangle in Potter county, in which the tracts were run up to a high figure by a man who failed to appear to complete his lease, has been untangled by the governor refusing to approve leases agreed upon by other persons, as such leases were not let by competition. Those interested got together, and with others agreed upon leases for the tracts involved, but if they get the land this year it will be on further leases secured by bidding where all will have a chance.

Lead—Steam has been turned on at the new 1200-ton cyanide plant that has been built by the Homestake company. It is the largest plant of its kind in the world. It will treat the tailings from the Homestake stamp mills and will save to the company about $40,000 per month. The plant was built and the process adapted to the Homestake ores by C. M. Merrill, of Denver, one of the greatest cyanide men in the country. It is said the Homestake company will build another large cylinder plant on the other side of the Lead hill this spring.

Wilmot—The report published in a St. Paul paper to the effect that Roberts county was well peppered with smallpox is only true insofar as the city of Sisseton is concerned, there being about twenty-five cases at that point. The statement that there are 150 families of reservation Indians down with the disease is untrue; there are very few cases among the Indians. The county commissioners have not been called upon to make an appropriation for checking the cases. The fact of the matter is that the towns of Sisseton and Brown's Valley are quarantined against each other and at present Sisseton seems to have the long end. Wilmot and Milbank are preventing people from Sisseton getting off at these stations and there is little fear of the disease spreading.

Saves Sleeping Car Fare.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, take the busy man's popular "Twilight Limited" train leaving the brownstone depot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, daily at 4:30 p. m., arriving at destination at early bed time, and save sleeping car fare. Elegant meals in cafe club car and the finest train and most luxurious service. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

IN MICHIGAN.

John Jusberg Assaulted With Attempt to Murder Him.

Calumet—Oscar Wiljansen and Victor Laine have been arrested on the charge of assault with intent to murder. John Jusberg, who resides at the Fulton location, is the victim. He has an ax wound on his head and a bullet hole through his arm. Jusberg had been arguing with Laine and Wiljensen at his house, and after much liquor had been consumed, he shoved his two visitors out of the house. Later he started for his barn to look after his stock. As he opened the door he was knocked senseless by a blow from an ax over the head, and at the same time a pistol ball passed through his arm. He has been in a critical condition for several days.

Ishpeming—Garrett Gilbert has taken the position of superintendent of terminals for the Canadian Pacific, the Soo line and South Shore roads at Sault Ste. Marie. Mr. Gilbert has been in charge of the yard of the Lake Superior & Ishpeming road since the road was opened, and was also agent of the company here. His many friends are heartily congratulating him upon his advancement, though are very sorry to have him leave the city. Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert will leave for the Soo next Monday.

Republic—A Republic woman whose husband had been drinking almost created a sensation down town. She visited a resort where she thought the man had been given liquor and threw a stone at the fixtures back of the bar, smashing bottles and other things. The owner of the place got his temper up in fine style and if the intruder had not made a hasty retreat there might have been serious trouble.

Houghton—Fire broke out in the 1-story addition to the rear of the Grass confectionery store on West Sheldon street, Houghton, this was put out by the department soon after its arrival at the scene. The explosion of a lamp was the cause of the fire, the alarm being given by one of the occupants of the building, all of whom made haste to leave the structure. No damage was done to the front portion of the structure, which is of two stories, but it is estimated that the damage by smoke, fire and water to the addition in the rear will reach $500. That part of the building was gutted and the furnishings destroyed.

HIS NIECES.

Sort of Girls Who Share the Huntington Millions.

Has happiness followed the distribution of the Huntington millions, the dividing up of the great pile of wealth that Collis Potter Huntington devoted such a long life, such tremendous energy and strength and industry and such marvelous acumen—to call it that—to raking together? asks the San Francisco Examiner. Who shall say? There are the $25,000,000 Huntingtons and the $50,000 Huntingtons, one nephew whose inheritance is a colossal fortune; the other whose inheritance is by comparison a titance—and there is no will contest. So far as the world and the law courts and their friends know, the $25,000,000 and the $50,000 Huntingtons are equally content with their Uncle Collis' testamentary appointment, and their being content gives the world a chance to learn whether happiness goes with the Huntington millions or goes where the Huntington millions did not go. All it need do is to follow the career of "the pretty Miss Huntington and of the rich Misses Huntington." This is the way society classifies them. "The pretty Miss Huntington" is the daughter of the $50,000 dollar Huntington, the Willard V. Huntingtons; "the rich Misses Huntington" are the daughters of the twenty-five million dollar Huntington, the H. E. Huntington, and they are cousins. Their papas are brothers.

They are nephews of their late Uncle Collis, but H. E. was the nephew while Willard V. was simply a nephew and that made the difference in the will. They were both simply nephews at one time, fifteen or twenty years ago, and in their young manhood shared their uncle's bounty equally. He gave each as a starter to begin life with $50,000, some have it $250,000. He brought Willard H. out here and tried to make a railroad man out of him. He gave him several years' trial and then, either because his taste did not turn that way, or his uncle found him as he found George Crocker "not scopy enough," Willard H. retired from railroading on his $50,000—or $250,000—to figure in the directory as a capitalist and to dabble in real estate. He dabbled with considerable success and turned his $50,000—or $250,000—over several times until he ran well up to the million mark, or at least was credited with doing it. He lived his own life peacefully and in affluence, being domestic and somewhat of a clubman and dilettante.

H. E. took to railroading like a duck to water and became nephew.

Then Uncle Collis died and left by way of remembrance $50,000 to Willard V. and by way of reward $25,000,000 to H. E., and thon there came to be the $50,000 Huntingtons and the $25,000,000 Huntingtons, and society began to be explicit and speak of "the pretty Miss Huntington" and "the rich Misses Huntington."

"The pretty Miss Huntington," although a comparatively poor girl when contrasted with her multi-millionaire cousins, is yet in no need of practicing rigid economy. She will carry with her a comfortable dot when she marries and, being the only child, is heiress to her father's problematical million.

Nature, perhaps to make up for the loss of the Huntington millions has been very good to Miss Edith Marie Huntington, and has given her charms enough to grace all the Huntington millions or to make her independent of them. She is one of the prettiest girls in society—although she is not yet formally in society. She will, however, make her début the next season, but did not on account of the death of Mr. Huntington, and only appeared intermittently during the season at several functions.

She is tall and slender and graceful, with great melting brown eyes, a beautifully clear skin and a mass of soft brown hair to frame her pretty face—a Southern rather than a Western type of beauty. She has been very carefully and conservatively educated and has all the pretty accomplishments that fashionable society demands. She paints, she sings, she speaks French, she dances gracefully, her manners have the intangible reserve of good breeding, she rides well, she swims well, she plays golf and tennis, she dresses with good taste and adorns her clothes instead of displaying them. She is, in short, a charming young gentlewoman, who finds society delightful and will be found delightful by society. Her special forte is music, and she has an exceedingly sweet voice that is being cultivated by Mlchelena.

In the Bijou flat on Eddy and Franklin, that is the Willard V. Huntington city home, "the pretty Miss Huntington" is the pet and darling and when she formally takes her place in society, as she will next season, she will be found one of the women made for society, and for whom society is made.

"The rich Misses Huntington" number three, Clara, Elizabeth and Marian, and they will be, some day, worth $6,500,000 apiece or more. The rich Misses Huntington—and three simpler young women less oppressed by the burden of millions it would be hard to find.

They dress simply and live simply, without the pomp and circumstances of wealth, only the ease and comfort it gives, and not one of them is inclined to be a butterfly of fashion.

They have been reared rather as though the late H. E. Huntington fortune were a matter of so many thousands than of millions. They have not been pampered and governessed and kept tabu-like so many money-princesses. They have gone to good private schools and had their chums and playmates and grown up natural, unaffected young women. In their home life they have close family ties and an atmosphere of religion and literature rather than of form and fashion.

Mr. Huntington is a religious man, and "the rich Misses Huntington" who will some day be worth $6,500,000 a piece, have been in the habit of hearing their father say grace before meat, have been in the habit of making religion a part of the daily life all their lives—and that sort of habit, even the Philistine will admit, goes a long way toward laying a sound foundation for the structure we call character.

He is a bookish man, too, who finds much pleasure in his well selected library of some thirty-five hundred volumes. Mrs. Huntington is a book-loving woman who takes a keen delight in coming into possession of a rare tome as many a woman would in receiving the latest thing in chiffons. So the "rich Mrs. Huntington," having been thrown much with books, have learned, as people will from such a source, that there are many things well worth the while besides great wealth.

They can afford a retinue of servants, if they wish, but in spite of that they have had to form habits of industry by performing certain household duties and services for themselves.

They can afford as many frocks and fur-bellows as they like, but they have had to learn neatness and order in the care of them.

They have, indeed, been brought up to be responsible human beings instead of exotics.

For such great heiresses they are very unusual young women.

In spite of their wealth that would let them set the pace for anything, they do not care to take the initiative.

They do not care to take the lead socially.

They are not ultra-fashionable, and do not care to set the fashions in their own set, but contentedly wear, like girls of humbler fortune, what some one else has made the fashion.

They do not introduce fads, after the humor of the very rich—nor do they follow them with the fervor of the idle.

Their favorite recreation, pleasure and dissipation, is travel. There is nothing they enjoy more than being whisked away in their private car on sight-seeing journeys. They have traveled all over the United States in that way until they know the East as well as California and the South as well as the North. They have traveled through Mexico as far as the City of Mexico. They have made one trip abroad and are now making another that will carry them into Egypt and to all the great cities of Europe. This trip is characteristic of them—it is not a campaign for social conquest, but a sight-seeing and educational trip. Not a trip to dazzle Europe with the magnificence of the American multi-millionaire, but to see Europe. The way they travel is shown by their recent visit to Washington on their way abroad.

They reached the capital when society was at its busiest and brilliantist, but they didn't bother about society. They didn't even transfer themselves to the best rooms in the best hotel. Their private car being very homelike and "comfy" to them, they just stayed in it for the few days of their visit, and in their simple, unostentatious traveling frocks they spent the time in seeing the sights of the capital—congress in session, the new library, the government buildings, the White House, the Washington monument and all the things any intelligent American girl would naturally care to see.

"The rich Misses Huntington" are not beautiful girls, but they are comely and unaffected.

Miss Clara Huntington, the eldest, is perhaps of the three the fondest of society. She is fair, with pretty blue eyes and if the H. E. Huntingtons ever take a notion to shine in society, she will be the one to beguile them into doing so.

Miss Elizabeth Huntington, the second daughter, is a thoughtful, capable, interesting girl, with rank searching gray eyes, and a graceful, pretty figure. She dances well and rides well, and speaks French, and she does her own thinking in an independent Huntington way that is not hampered by conventionals.

Miss Marie Huntington, the youngest of "the rich Misses Huntington," is also the biggest and best inclined to be a society woman. She and her cousin, "the pretty Miss Huntington," are about the same age and great friends, but while "the pretty Miss Huntington" looks forward with delight to the time when she will make her debut and be genuinely "out," Miss Marian Huntington declares that she doesn't want to come out at all. She is fond of books, her father's fine library is the best possession of the Huntingtons to her, and her dearest hour is when she can curl herself up in some quiet corner over a book.

These are "the rich Misses Huntington."

HOSTESS OF THE OTHER HALF.

A clever young matron who lives in an attractive apartment on the upper West Side met frequently during the winter at very wealthy woman who was interested in some work with her, relates the New York Sun. The young matron invited this woman to lunch with her in her apartment to discuss a matter in which they were both interested and she added "to see how the other half live."

"That would be real interesting," was the reply and the hostess was a little in doubt as to whether the woman referred to the discussion or the humorous suggestion that she might "see how the other half lived."

The wealthy woman was very matter-of-fact, however, and after enjoying a particularly nice lunch, she remarked placidly:

"Well now, I don't think that this is so bad after all."

And the hostess has never since referred to herself as belonging to the other half.

MISSED EACH OTHER.

A strange condition of affairs has developed in connection with the construction of the Yukon telegraph line from Quesnell, B. C., to Telegraph Creek and Atlin. Construction was completed between Quesnell and Hazelton, and then a party was sent out from Hazelton to continue construction north, while simultaneously another party was started out from Telegraph Creek to work south, and make connection with the Hazleton party about half way between those two points.

In their work one party struck along a certain valley, and the other party along an entirely different valley. The result is that the actual work of construction has overlapped, but instead of the wires being connected, the ends are seventy miles apart, with two gigantic ranges of mountains intervening. The result must be the destruction or abandonment of a large portion of the line already built, and the building of a new line.

It starts the circulation, expands the system, strengthens the heart, brings peace and happiness if taken this month. Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine company. Ask your druggist.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

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An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

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Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
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Six months	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 20.—Storm centers overlie the Potomac valley and Alberta, with an intervening area of high pressure covering the upper lake region, Upper Mississippi, Missouri and Red River valleys. Light to heavy rains occurred in Atlantic states and the Upper Ohio valley, quite heavy at Pittsburg. Snow is falling at Buffalo this morning. Light rain or snow also occurred over Western Minnesota, Eastern Nebraska, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia. Cooler weather prevails in Florida and warmer in most districts west of the Mississippi river. Freezing temperatures continued in the Red River valley region. The winds on Lake Superior have shifted to fresh easterly.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	48	Miles City	42
Battleford	34	Milwaukee	32
Bismarck	30	Minnedosa	28
Boston	36	Modena	34
Buffalo	32	Montgomery	42
Calgary	28	Moorhead	28
Chicago	36	New Orleans	58
Cincinnati	32	New York	40
Denver	40	North Platte	40
Detroit	32	Oklahoma	52
Dodge City	40	Omaha	38
Duluth	32	Pittsburg	36
Edmonton	32	Port Arthur	30
El Paso	54	Portland	46
Escanaba	34	Qu'Appelle	34
Galveston	58	Rapid City	40
Green Bay	30	San Francisco	46
Havre	66	Santa Fe	42
Helena	38	Shreveport	48
Houghton	22	Spokane	44
Huron	32	St. Louis	36
Jacksonville	48	St. Paul	34
Kamloops	46	Sault Ste. Marie	28
Kansas City	40	Swift Current	36
La Crosse	32	Washington	44
Lander	32	Williston	40
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	36
Marquette	28	Winnipeg	24
Memphis	46		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 1 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 20.—Forecasts: For Minnesota and Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Sunday. Easterly winds for Minnesota.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair tonight and probably Sunday.

Anxious to Work For Uncle Sam.

The yearly average number of applications from persons who want to enter the employ of Uncle Sam is now about 50,000, and there is no apparent falling off although there are but few vacant places. The appointments average about 10,000 so that only about one-fifth who apply are successful. It looked this year as though the applications to the civil service commission would be far beyond the average, but the cutting off of some of the positions may keep them down. The commission decided in making up the schedule this spring not to allow any examinations for appointments as clerk copyists. This is the class for which most people try owing to the fact that it is the easiest to pass. There are so few calls for clerks of this grade, however, that it was decided not to hold any examinations for it this spring. This has cut off anywhere from 10,000 to 25,000 applications, yet the total for the year is expected to be as great as it was last year. Instead of there being a gradual falling off in the number of persons who seek positions under the government through the civil service commission, there is a constant increase. The number of appointments has increased in proportion, and it looks as though the process would keep up indefinitely. Some idea of the increase may be gained from the fact that during the first four years of President McKinley's administration there was an average of over 7000 appointments each year as a result of competitive examinations. During the thirteen years previous in which the civil service law had been in operation, the average was only about 4000 appointments per year. This is in all branches of the service and from registers regularly established as a result of examinations. This shows an increase in the average number of appointments made during the last four years of 70 per cent over the average number of appointments made during the preceding thirteen years. During the four years of the McKinley administration there were about 50,000 appointments in the classified service, as compared with a total of about 50,000 appointments during the preceding thirteen years. While it is true that there have been a large number of transfers and reinstatements during the past wour years, appointments made in this manner are specially provided for under the rules. The matter of reinstatement especially is a personal right which accrues to the individual by reason of army and navy service, or in view of the fact that he has not been separated from the classified service more than one year.

Restrictions of the Suffrage.

A great deal has been said and written concerning the partial disfranchisement of the negroes in the South, on the score of illiteracy, but it is not a circumstance to the restriction of suffrage in those parts of the Philippines where the Taft commission is endeavoring to establish civil government. To vote in the Philippines a person must be a male, 23 years of age, and a resident for six months of the municipality in which he attempts to exercise the rights of suffrage. The voter must also be a member of one of three classes, namely: those who have held certain offices; those who own real property to the value of 500 pesos, or who pay an annual tax of 30 pesos, and those who speak, read or write English or Spanish. It must be remembered that English and Spanish are foreign languages to several millions of people who live on these islands. Therefore unless a Tagal can speak, read or write a foreign language, he must own real estate to the value of 500 pesos or pay a tax of 30 pesos, or prove that he has held office under the Spanish government. Similar conditions, if applied in the Southern states, would disfranchise nineteen-twentieths of the colored citizens. How many of them can speak, read or write a foreign language, or failing in that how many of them own real estate to the amount of $250 or pay $15 a year taxes? It would be found that they were very few and far between. It should be remembered that these restrictions are not adopted by the people themselves, but are forced upon them in an arbitrary manner. It certainly is about time to let up on the talk of disfranchisement of the negro while an American commission is placing such restrictions in our new possessions.

Mr. Rockefeller's Enormous Dividends.

According to a New York dispatch published in The Herald yesterday, it is expected that the Standard Oil company will declare a dividend about May 1 of 20 per cent on its capital of $100,000,000. Last year the Standard Oil company declared dividends of 48 per cent on the $100,000,000 of common stock—$48,000,000 dividend among the holders of common shares in addition to the dividends on $10,000,000 of preferred stock. If John D. Rockefeller owns 21 per cent of the company, as reported, his share of the $48,000,000 dividend was $14,880,000. The forthcoming dividend of 20 per cent will mean a total dividend of $20,000,000, and of these profits Mr. Rockefeller will receive $4,200,000 more. This gives a total of over $19,000,000 in dividends that he will have received from the Standard Oil company within fifteen or sixteen months, or nearly three times as much as the total amount paid in wages to the 14,316 wage-earners engaged in the entire petroleum refining industry of the United State in the last census year. It is not surprising, in view of these enormous dividends, that it is now proposed to quadruple the capital stock of the Standard company. Then the dividends will appear smaller and may be subject to less criticism by the public.

THE TAX COMMISSION.

The new-fledged tax commission is about to begin the herculean task of evolving a scheme to adjust the burden of taxation justly and equitably upon the persons and property of the state. If the commission were endowed with divine wisdom they could not do what the law creating the commission requires of them. If they approximate the ideal—if they come, like Moses, within view of the promised land, the people will be more than satisfied. It is supposed that the legislature will adopt the report of the commission by enacting such laws as are necessary to carry out the recommendations. The commission has begun by sending out requests for suggestions and advice. Advice is cheap, but in this case any advice given in the spirit of fairness will no doubt be appreciated by the commission.

There is an opinion prevalent among the legal fraternity that the gross earnings bill over which so much powder was exploded will be consigned to a dusty corner by the courts. It is a serious question whether the gross earnings tax is constitutional, and it is more than probable that Jacobson and his supporters slipped a cog by providing for the submission of their law, which is an amendment to the constitution, to the people for their sanction before the other question is determined. Of course the railroads will say nothing until an attempt is made to enforce the law. Then the Lac qui Parle statesman may find that he talked and bluffed in vain. The Herald does not vouch for these opinions, but simply calls attention to their existence. This whole question of railroad taxation will be one of the live subjects before the commission. It is possible that the commission will find the Michigan scheme for direct taxation of railroad property preferable to the gross earnings method and will recommend a change. The commission will, without doubt, recommend the division of the gross earnings tax among the counties where the property is situated, providing the gross earnings system is preserved. A free and full discussion in the press of the ills that our present tax system is heir to will be of inestimable value to the commission.

THERE WILL BE NO CANAL.

Secretary Hay has been sounding the senators on the question of a new treaty with England to take the place of the rejected Hay-Pauncefote convention. He finds, to his disgust, no doubt, that the senate has taken the bits in its teeth and refuses to be guided by the diplomacy of the executive department. The secretary of state finds that the senate will ratify no treaty which provides for and guarantees a neutral canal. This is final, and sounds the knell of the Nicaragua canal project. To build a canal and attempt to defend it in case of war, even with Cuba, would be the height of folly. A canal that is the exclusive property of the United States would be blown up by the enemy within sixty days after a declaration of war. It would attach to the nation a vulnerable member which would require an army of 50,000 troops to defend. A daring scout could do in an hour what would require millions to repair.

But this is not the cause of the opposition to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty or to any proposed treaty. The real opposition is to the building of any canal. The corporations which control transcontinental transportation do not want a canal and there will be no canal. The talk of Morgan and Hill buying and completing the Panama canal was but a clever ruse to divert attention from the Nicaragua route to the more feasible route across the isthmus. Aldace F. Walker, the chairman of the board of directors of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, recently deceased, in the curent Forum presented an able argument to show that an isthmian canal would not, under the most favorable conditions, be a financial success. In this he is, perhaps, right. The Pacific slope will naturally be opposed to an inter-oceanic canal for the reason that under present conditions the growing trade of the Orient will be compelled to come to its ports. New York, Boston and Baltimore are as near the markets of China and Japan through the Suez canal as they would be through that of Panama. There has been a good deal of hurrah about this canal business. The railroad lines have not openly opposed it because that would do no good. But they got in their work on the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, knowing that to defeat it would indefinitely postpone the project or postpone it at least until the matter could be discussed in a business way. The attitude of the senate now is proof that a majority of the senators are determined to prevent any act that will allow the canal question to come up squarely. In the meantime the trans-continental lines are combining in such a way that a two-thirds vote in the senate will be impossible if the interests of the combination are at stake.

The matter might just as well be dropped. England will insist upon a free canal, if for no other reason than to prevent the building of any. Her interest is to prevent any loss of trade to and from the East through the Suez canal, which she now owns and controls. In this position England will be backed by a large minority of the senate which believes that a private canal instead of being a source of strength would be a source of weakness in time of war. The railroad interests and the Panama corporation will play fast and loose with all who can throw a block in the way of the Nicaraguan route.

This condition may be fortunate for the Northwest as it may end in diverting public attention from inter-oceanic canals to the more important question of internal waterways—a 30-foot channel from Duluth and Chicago to the sea.

OPPORTUNITY AND PROMOTION.

The press is full of the wonderful advancement of young Vanderlip, the one time secretary of Lyman Gage, secretary of the treasury. The public is told of his meager beginning, and his lofty flight to his present position as the president of a trust company at $12,000 per year. Just why this protege of the secretary of the treasury is being boomed cannot be guessed. There is too much method in the articles to do away with the conviction that a designer is behind the puffs to inspire them with promises of preferment or with cash payments. So far as can be seen young Vanderlip is an ordinary young man, who was taken up by Gage and pushed to the front, as is the case with hundreds of others who have no special ability. Opportunity is what nine-tenths of the ambitious young men need more than anything else.

All will remember the case of James H. Eckels. The Hon. James H. Eckels was a very ordinary lawyer, living at Ottawa, Ill., a very ordinary lawyer. But he happened to make a speech eulogistic of Grover Cleveland, which got to the eye of the man of destiny. Now Grover has a large bump of vanity, and that speech pleased him immensely. When he became president the second time he insisted on making this briefless lawyer of Ottawa comptroller of the currency. A vigorous protest was raised in the state of Illinois against such a rash act, but it went just the same. James H. Eckels at once became Hon. James H. Eckels. He took the advice of Wall street bankers and got through his term of office with no serious breaks, and now draws a salary of $20,000 per year. He needed an opportunity; that was all. Ninety-nine out of a hundred poor lawyers would have done fully as well and would now be drawing good salaries as bank presidents. Vanderlip is lucky in being a protege of Gage; that is all.

MEDICINE LODGE NATIONIZED.

Medicine Lodge, which has the misfortune to be located in Kansas, is to be Nationized for one full week. The crazy joint-smasher is to be dictatoress of that burg from Monday morning to Sunday night. In this time she is to demonstrate to the world how a city (a small one) ought to be run. During this time the will of the woman who was fired out of Kansas City the other day is to be law, where it does not conflict with the laws of the United States and the state of Kansas.

It is usually understood that Kansas contains more fools to the square inch than any other portion of the inhabited globe. This The Herald will not attempt to deny, after learning that Medicine Lodge is to give Mrs. Nation the privilege that the Topeka capital gave Rev. Sheldon. If it is a scheme to advertise the town, there is no doubt that it will work well so far as notoriety is concerned, but who would ever invest, much less live, in a community which voluntarily turned its municipal government over to a crazy woman, even if it were done for advertising purposes. Medicine Lodge is already handicapped by being the home of Jerry Simpson. Not that Simpson, personally, would be a drawback to any city, but his reputation savors of the Lease-Nation crankism.

The section of Kansas which Mrs. Nation is now invading is the old stamping-ground of Mary Elizabeth Lease. It was there that she opened her mouth, spake and conquered. It was in support of Jerry Simpson that this woman of gall made her first appearance on the political stage. But Kansas was not swell enough for her; she had to go to New York. The last item in the press regarding her was that she had broken her leg. If Mrs. Nation could only be induced to make a similar attempt, with more disastrous results, how happy the world would be.

To refute the statements of some who have been arguing that the American navy was being filed with foreigners, a Westerner asked Secretary Long for information on the matter. The secretary has caused a table to be prepared showing the proportion of native born and foreign born sailors in the United States navy. This shows that during the Spanish-American war, out of a total force of 22,828, the total of native-born sailors was 15,406 and of foreign 7422. The percentage of native-born sailors was 65, and including foreigners who had become Americans by naturalization the percentage was 89. The statement also shows that of the foreign-born sailors more than one-half have become naturalized or have declared their intention of becoming citizens.

Some of the English people, especially the coal barons, are making a great cry over the imposition of the war taxes as announced in the budget. They claim to see ruin in the coal trade and have a vision of all their foreign business being captured by the Americans. It will not do a particle of good to find fault with the tax. War is expensive and the bills have to be paid. Some one has got to stand for the £1,500,000 that it is costing England every week to carry on the Boer campaign. The best thing that can be done is to end that war. The Boers are ready, and if England will offer any kind of reasonable terms the affair may be brought to a conclusion at short notice.

If the suggestion of the Japanese bacteriologist that all the rats in the world should be exterminated, is to be adopted, there is a great opportunity for a league of professional rat killers, who could make a good thing from practicing the new profession. The Pied Piper of Hamlin would not be in it in comparison with the skill which could be displayed in these modern times.

The imperial decree ordering the Chinese troops outside the wall and away from the territory which is considered under the protection of the allied forces, shows that the influence of the powers is beginning to have its effect with the empress dowager. If the old lady would come back to Pekin matters might progress much more rapidly toward a final settlement.

President Northrop, of the Minnesota State university, having declined the office of delegate to the Pan-American conference in Mexico, the president promptly appointed a man who would not decline. The appointee is John Barrett, ex-minister to Siam and the greatest living authority on everything on earth and elsewhere. He was never known to refuse an office.

The managers of the Pan-American exposition have decided in favor of Sunday opening. It is calculated that 8,000,000 paid admissions will pay all stock and bonds at par, but the managers expect a total of 15,000,000 paid admissions, which will net a handsome premium for every investor. Buffalo is putting up a good show, and her hopes may be realized.

The arbitration court provided for by The Hague peace conference recently notified the powers which participated that it is organized and ready to settle any little international differences. Up to date Great Britain has not requested the court to adjust the South African trouble.

Now that shirt waists for men have received official sanction from the government as far as letter carriers are concerned, what will the restaurant-keepers do when a man appears without his coat? It looks as if the man of meals would have to relent this year.

A company capitalized at $50,000,000 is to build a big iron and steel plant at the Soo, which will doubtless become a strong competitor of the Steel trust. The chances are, however, that as soon as it is on a paying basis it will be absorbed by the giant octopus.

A warrant for 1 cent was issued by the treasury department of the United States this week. The actual cost of getting the warrant to its owners was 37 cents. The war taxes would never be repealed if transactions of that kind were frequent.

"I went to Boston and was disappointed in the city," says Mayor Harrison. "That may be true," says the Boston Globe. "Many Chicago people doubtless would be. Similarly they would feel out of place in heaven."

The Standard Oil company is to declare another dividend of 20 per cent on its capital of $100,000,000. It is no wonder that independent oil companies are springing up all over the country.

If the New Orleans court had ever stood close to the business end of a mule in action, it would never have decided that the mule is not contraband of war.

Professor Max Kassowitz, of Vienna, says whisky is highly harmful in its effect on infants. As far as known, Duluth babies do not drink whisky.

A pistol has been invented that shoots 115 times a minute. Its use should put a speedy end to the feuds in Kentucky.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder

Each time the United States Government has officially tested the baking powders the report has shown Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder of superlative leavening strength, free from alum, absolutely pure and wholesome.

This is gratifying, for Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is depended upon by millions of people to raise their daily bread.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO.

NOTE.—These Government inquiries also developed the fact that there are many mixtures upon the market made in imitation of baking powder, but containing alum or other caustic acid whose use in food is dangerous.

DAILY STORY.

THE PRIZE HE WON.

BY JOSEPH BAUGHER.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

"I cut no ice!" said Ned Clifton, as he watched the crowds on the street below.

It was Easter eve, and snowing.

"I cut no ice," he repeated, looking at the flakes that hovered like moths about the city lamps.

He had not reached 30 years. Below the shabby, genteel standard, an unsuccessful writer, to whom even the gates of Bohemia were all but closed.

"I thought my story I sent to the Easter prize competition would have brought me something, but it was not even available, or it would have been noticed in the list published. I don't blame them. Still, if I only had the postage I inclosed for its return, I could. Oh! what's the use of wishing and thinking"—

He laughed, throwing himself on his bed.

The room grew colder, and the odor from his smoking lamp nauseated him. Going to the window he gathered a handful of snow and ate it.

Restless footsteps on the floor below told him he was waited for by his landlady. He listened in the hall until he heard the door below loudly slam.

"'A wooden damn!'" he thought. "She has given me up for tonight, poor lady!"

Three days without food had drawn largely on his physical strength and had nearly exhausted his moral courage.

Waiting a few minutes longer, and hearing no further sound, he went quietly

He took from his pocket a miniature.

down the steps and left the house, for he knew nor cared not where.

Easter had come early. The snow covered the flower ladened crowds, among whom were many he had known in happier days who brushed him without a thought.

He was hungry—so hungry—not for bread alone, but for one gentle word only—only one kind look.

An hour's walk brought him to a public square, from which he saw a cupola crowning the dome of a building wherein some pigeonhole or waste basket lay in which he had placed all his hopes and faith—his manuscript.

"My story—the postage! They might return it to me," he thought in despair, forgetting the lateness of the hour.

He entered the rotunda, and under the blaze of electric lights was revealed, in every detail, his destitution. Realizing his condition, his face flushed, and he rushed out into the streets again.

Shivering, he went on until, attracted by the heat of a grating in a pavement before a large cafe, he stopped to enjoy, with other metropolitan waifs, the warmth, but not the savory odors, which were to the starving man exquisite torture.

Through swinging doors of a pawnshop opposite he saw the coming and going of an endless human chain. He took from his pocket a miniature, encircled in a well worn frame of gold. He looked at it but for a moment, and smiling sadly, as if ashamed of his thought, quickly replaced it in his pocket.

The clock was striking 11 as he started for his room. On the way he found himself in a crowd who were leaving the theater. Boys in grotesque costume were distributing packages to the men, and he felt one placed in his hand. It was an advertising sample of cigarettes.

"Is it providential, or a case of 'the devil looking after his own,'" he laughed grimly, and hurried on with that acme of enjoyment—anticipation.

Finding his house dark and quiet, he softly crept up to his room, and with a sigh of relief closed the door.

He carefully took the tobacco from the paper wraps, filled his pipe and lighted it. Ah!

Drawing his chair before the window, he smoked—and dreamed. Dreamed of home, friends and bygone days. Of youth and hope and that dear time, and of—her.

And then he no longer felt the cold, and the pangs of hunger were stayed.

The moon had not yet risen, the wind had shifted, and through parting clouds brightly shone the stars in Easter skies. The city lights, reflected by the snow, filled the room with a mellow glow.

His tobacco had burned out, and in attempting to light it again he found only ashes in the bowl.

"Typical of my hopes—dead!" he sighed, wearily replacing it upon the sill.

He sat on the side of his bed, and taking the miniature again from his pocket he held it before him so that the reflected light fell full upon the fair young face. Passing his hand over it as if it were her own face—

"My darling! My darling!" he murmured, "You would care if you could only know."

In an instant his dreams vanished. Destitution, desolation and unmerited neglect deluged his soul. Throwing himself onto his pillow, he shed his manhood's first tears.

After the paroxysm of his grief had passed and his tears had ceased his sobs continued almost until dawn, but at intervals that grew longer and longer until they, too, ceased. He was sleeping.

"Did you read Clifton's story this morning?" asked the cashier of the telegraph editor.

"Yes. Best thing he ever did. It should have been a prize-winner. I hope he got a 'fat' check for it, poor devil!" was the reply.

"He did. Clifton sent in his story some weeks ago, but through carelessness or accident it was overlooked. The chief came across it last night and rushed it through for today's paper. He sent him a check by messenger this morning, with a letter of congratulation, and offered him a position on the reportorial staff. The messenger has just returned with the letter, unclaimed."

"Couldn't find him, eh?" said the editor.

"Oh! yes, they found him," returned the cashier quietly as he rolled a cigarette. "They found him with his face buried in a pillow and his lips pressed upon a portrait of a young girl—dead."

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: A wicked man is as bound to get thin as a successful actress is to get fat.

Some women dress just as much to worry the men as they do to please them.

It's a lot easier to make a husband out of a lover than it is to make a lover out of a husband.

It is probable that a man acquires the longing to smoke from chewing on the end of a rubber tube in a bottle.

Half the time when a girl flirts with a man it is only to make another man mad that has been flirting with her.

Before a man is allowed to ask for a waman's hand he ought to be made to look at it for fifteen minutes through a telescope.

You can order a vanilla or a chocolate eclair just as you please, but you have to take a blonde or a brunette baby just as it comes.

The woman who will tie a light pink satin ribbon around the neck of a bow-legged, cross-eyed hang-lipped bulldog, ought to be sent to a sanitarium.

Just Like Other Rooters.

Philadelphia Times: Russia says she means to evacuate Manchuria "when order is restored." Great Britain once promised to evacuate Egypt when order was restored. The United States promised to evacuate Cuba when order was restored. These occupied countries seem to have a wonderful way of remaining in a state of permanent disorder.

Consoling Crumb For East.

Springfield Republican: The new champion wing shot of America it seems, does not come from a prairie or a Rocky mountain state, but from a small manufacturing town in Rhode Island. The fine art of shooting is not a monopoly of the frontier, seeing that a Rhode Island hotelkeeper can beat out the whole West.

Bayonet as a Prop.

Buffalo Express: If one were to judge by the emperor's speeches, the preservation of the German monarchy depends entirely on the loyalty of an army enlisted by forced conscription and in which complaints of cruelty to soldiers and evidences of discontent are very numerous But probably neither the emperor nor anyone else really believes that his throne rests on so uncertain a prop.

Sons of the Old Man.

Atchison Globe: In this country it is as much as a man's life is worth to marry a second time, if he has daughters; but sons, particularly married sons, usually realize that if there is any punishment coming to the old man because of the folly of a second marriage, the second wife will provide it.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Indianapolis Press: Willie—Pa, what's an "old flame?"

Pa—My son, when a man speaks of "his old flame" he refers to something over which he used to burn his money.

Somerville Journal: It would be a kindness to many married men if the postoffice department would only put a little gilt sign on every letter box reading: "Mail your wife's letter here."

Pittsburg Chronicle: "You ought to be a landscape artist," said Mr Henpeck to his wife, who had been saying things to him.

"And why?" she snapped.

"Oh, you show such an aptness for making mountains out of molehills."

Chicago Tribune: "I know I express myself lamely, Miss Thriller," the young man faltered, "but I want to tell you how much I love—".

"Mr. McGinnis," interrupted the assistant editor of the Weekly Society Record, with a vivid blush, "can you do it in about 200 words?"

Boston Courier: She—Love knows no time, darling.

He—That's a fact. Let's stop the clock!

Philadelphia Press: Tommy Smith—This is the night your sister's best feller comes, ain't it?

Willie Jones—Yes, but I guess she's tryin' to shake him.

Tommy Smith—How d'yer know?

Willie Jones—She eat onions fur supper tonight.

NATURAL ENOUGH.

"Men are April when they woo,
December when they're wed"—
A saying old, nor may we say,
It is not truly said.

For when they woo they need but spoon,
But when they married get—
Hats, gowns and things have to be had—
They need must fork, you bet.
—Detroit Journal.

A Glorious Retrospect.

Utica Observer: Thirty-six years of peace have been interrupted by one summer of war—a war in which we won every engagement on land and carried every point at sea, bringing dismay to the Spaniards who vainly sought to contend against us—the invincible power of this western world, where Northerners and Southerners, blacks and whites fought together for the glory of the flag. The summer of war was not sufficiently stormy to interfere with the nation's record of thirty-six years of peace.

The Emperor Was Wise.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The kaiser has decreed that English shall be taught instead of French in all the high schools of Germany. He no doubt issued that decree with much satisfaction. In so doing he not only replaced the language of his old enemies with that of his new friends, but he replaced a decadent language with that which is to be the language of the world.

Less Profanity Nowadays.

New York Sun: hTe world is growing cleaner-mouthed, as literature shows. There is much too much of nauseating profanity still, but decent people don't rip out strange oaths as their ancestors used to. Habitual profanity fixes a man's status. The onus lies on him to prove that aside from this vice he is of sound instincts.

Picnic For Iowa Solons.

Sioux City Tribune: The next legislature will have a good time at Des Moines. There is now a surplus in the treasury of about $1,250,000, and it is hardly to be expected that the rule of scraping the bottom clean will be broken.

Gives Ground For Hope.

Cleveland Leader: A member of the Michigan legislature has actually been convicted of soliciting a bribe. This is something refreshing, for it holds out a hope that some day, somewhere, a charge of bribery may be made to stick against a dishonest councilman.

What Could Have Been Done.

New York World: We have spent over $300,000,000 on the Philippines. A big ship canal of the Suez type could be cut from Lake Erie to the Atlantic for a little more than one-third of that money. And the ship canal would pay big dividends, which the Philippines won't.

Emulating the Prize Fighters.

Baltimore American: The warlike talk of the nations should be encouraged by all peace lovers. Like the warriors of the prize ring, the more belligerently they talk the less are they inclined to fight.

Too Rare to Tempt.

Kansas City Star: Salaries of $1,000,000 a year to managers of trusts will hardly augment the objection of the youth to the tendency of the times toward destroying small businesses and making everybody a mere employe.

Guessing on a Grab Game.

Philadelphia Ledger: It would not need more than half a dozen guesses to find that nation which proposes to gobble half of the Chinese indemnity and take chances on the other half. Its longitude is not west of Greenwich.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS
Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2. Send for Woman's Safeguard (free).
WILCOX MED. CO., 929 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The Temple assembly gave a dancing party last evening at the Masonic Temple hall. The attendance was large and the party a delighted one in every way. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs E. F. Burg.
Mesdames—
C. J. O'Donnell, Parker Paine,
J. W. Richards, A. B. Thomas.
Misses—
Irma Richards, Kennedy,
Gertrude Smith, Morrison,
Grace St. Clair, Eunice Smith,
Gertrude Butchart, Barrett, Eveleth,
Minnie Porter, Shirk,
Flebiger, Mildred Porter,
Letteau, Paine,
Wentworth, Melbrook,
Alice Wigdahl, Rowley,
Haug, Markell,
Fredrickson, Hartman,
Mary Bartlett, Hill.
Messrs.—
Bagley, Hartman,
Johnson, Whyte,
Graff, O'Donnell,
Rowley, Hepworth,
G. Smith, Berg,
Cleland, Ingalls,
Robert Smith, Letteau,
Coleman, Davis,
Grady, Smallwood,
Gallagher, Ryan,
Dalrymple, Kirby,
Reitzenheimer, Wentworth,
Deetz, Dunn

* * *

Plans for the May festival, which is to close the musical season in Duluth, and in which all of the leading musicians of the city will take part, are progressing. Professor A. F. M. Custance will begin the drilling of the chorus at once. The High School society and St. Paul's church choir will form the nucleus of it, but Professor Custance is anxious to get every singer in the city who is willing to take part. The date of the first concert has been changed from the evening of May 30 to that of May 29. The second concert will be given the following Sunday afternoon. At the latter a male chorus of sixty voices is to sing "Land Sighting," by Greig, with full orchestral accompaniment.

* * *

A very pretty wedding took place at high noon Wednesday, at the home of Mrs. Selma Oswald, No. 232 East Third street, when Miss Brunhilde Oswald and Carl Frederick Boetticher were united in marriage. The house was artistically decorated, the hall with palms and ferns, the library with American beauty roses and the dining room with ivy, ferns and pink roses. The parlor was all in white and green, the bride and groom standing under a canopy of smilax and white carnations with palms and ferns banked on either side.

At just 12 o'clock the bridal party entered the parlor to the strains of the "Lohengrin" wedding march, played by Flaaten's orchestra. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Emil Sans, of St. Paul's Evangelical church. The bride was charmingly gowned in white chiffon over white silk. Her veil was fastened with orange blossoms and she carried a large bouquet of bridal roses. The only jewelry worn was a pearl and diamond pin, the gift of the groom. The maid of honor, Miss Kathryn Fiebiger, wore a gown of pink silk mulle and carried roses and maiden hair ferns. The groom was attended by Arthur H. Burg.

An elaborate luncheon was served during which a number of telegrams of congratulation were received from distant friends. Mr. and Mrs. Boetticher left on the Omaha for their future home in Evansville, a party of friends accompanying them as far as Superior.

The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Edward Boetticher and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Boetticher, of Evansville, Mr. and Mrs. John Manss, of Cincinnati; Miss I. Winckler, of Milwaukee; Mr. and Mrs. John Schwurtz, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Denham, Mrs. Cornelius O'Donnell, Porter J. Neff, Miss Fiebiger, Miss McBride, Miss Haug, Miss Denham, Miss Lulu Fiebiger, Miss Letteau, Miss Beulah Denham and Miss Clara Schwurtz.

The bride is the only daughter of Mrs. Selma Oswald and Mr. Boetticher is a member of the Boetticher-Kellogg company, of Evansville, Ind., a large wholesale hardware concern.

* * *

The Matinee Musicale program for Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, has been arranged by Mrs F. B. Clarke and Miss Simonds, and is as follows:

IDEALIZED DANCE FORM.
"Damroschen" ..... Tschaikowsky
Mrs. McLean, Mrs. James, Miss Simonds, Miss Smith. .
(a.) "Down Near the Walls of Sevilla" ..... Bizet
(b.) "The Gypsies Dance" ..... Bizet
Mrs. A. D. McRae.
"Three Dances," from "Henry VIII" ..... Edward German
(Morris' "Shepherd's Torch.")
Miss Cornelie Smith.
Saraband—"Laschia Ch' Io Pianga" ..... Handel
Miss McKay.
(a.) "Minuet Pompadour" ..Paul Wacht
(b.) "Minuet," E Flat Symphony..Mozart
First violin, Mrs. Mulford; second violin, Mrs. Burg; piano, Miss Crowley; 'cello, Miss Wilcutts.
"La Dansa D'Amore" ..... R. Mattoygi
Mrs. Mark Baldwin.
"Danse Macabre" ..... Saint Saens
Mrs. Jones, Mrs. McLean, Miss Smith, Miss Simonds. .

* * *

The Beethoven club will give its third and last concert of the season next Wednesday evening at the Congregational church. The club will be assisted by Mrs. William Orendorff, a finished and charming singer, who will undoubtedly prove a great attraction. Contrary to the custom in the previous concerts, the string quartet will not play any connected wor, but shorter selections of famous and popular pieces, as, for instance, the beautiful "Andante Canhabile" by Tschaikowski and the ever beloved "Minuet" by Bocherini. The last part of the program is taken up by the quintet for piano and strings by Schumann, given for the first time in Duluth. This superb composition is without a rival, the gem of chamber music. The program in full is as follows:

PROGRAM.
(a.) "Aliegro," last movement of string quartet, "Op. 18, No. 2" ..... Beethoven
(b.) "Andante Cantabile," from quartet in G ..... Tschaikowski
Fred G. Bradbury, J. H. Flaaten, I. N. Sodahl and Gaston Borch.
Soprano solo—"O, dou fatale," aria from "Don Carlos" ..... Verdi
Mrs. William Orendorff.
(a.) "Le dernier sommell de la vierg!" ..... Massenet
Quartet translation by G. Borch.
(b.) "Minuet" ..... Bocherini
F. G. Bradbury, J. H. Flaaten, I. U. Sodahl and G. Borch.
Quintet for piano, two violins, viola and 'cello—Opp. 44" ..... Schumann
Gerard Tonning, F. G. Bradbury, J. H. Flaaten, I. U. Sodahl and Gaston Borch.
Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher, accompanist.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club was entertained Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. F. Macdonald, in the Ashtabula flats. The head prize was won by Mrs. Francis W. Sullivan and the consolation prize by Mrs. James C. Geggie. The club will be entertained next Friday afternoon at the home of Miss Belle Simonds. Those present were:

Mesdames—
J. C. Geggie, A. D. McRae,
R. H. Draper, W. F. Sullivan,
W. F. Quayle, F. R. Leslie,
W. R. Spencer, William Dalrymple,
H. F. Williamson, Jr. Robert Eyster.
Mark Baldwin.
Misses—
Davidson, Crowley,
Belle Simonds, Smith,
Dickinson, Macdougall.
Ames,

* * *

The ladies of the East End circle will give an entertainment at Pilgrim Congregation church next Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Knebel will sing and Ward Ames will exhibit some stereopticon views of China and Japan, collected during his recent trip to the Orient. The exquisite coloring of these pictures can only be attained by Japanese artists.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. Silberstein have gone to Denver to visit Mr. and Mrs. Edward Silberstein.

* * *

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Maud Wigdahl, of this city, and Parker A. Jacobson, of St. Paul. The wedding will probably take place the coming summer. Miss Wigdahl is one of the most popular members of the younger set and Mr. Jacobson is manager of the Armour Packing company in St. Paul.

* * *

Miss Ella Juveland returned to her home in Zumbrota, Minn., on Monday, after a visit with friends and relatives in this city.

* * *

Mrs. S. S. Walbank is in Cleveland to spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. E. E. Leeds, and her son, H. E. Walbank.

* * *

The local lodge of Elks gave a delightful "ladies' night" on Thursday evening of this week. The Elks have a well-known reputation for hospitality and their efforts on Thursday night indicated that this party was no exception to others already held. The attendance was about 250. After a pleasing program of music and other selections, a dainty luncheon was served and the rest of the evening was devoted to dancing.

* * *

The Women's alliance of the Unitarian church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. C. M. Rice, 1515 East Second street.

* * *

The Lester Park Literary club meeting, postponed from last week, will be held Tuesday with Mrs. W. S. Storer. Mrs. Allen will have charge of the program.

* * *

At Pine City this week Miss Margaret Smith and Paul Welsh Perkins, of Cloquet, were married. The ceremony was held in the M. E. church, Rev. W. J. Parish officiating. Miss Anna Klek acted as maid of honor and Michael Hurley as best man. The bridesmaids were Misses Lillian Perkins, Kate Brackett, Maud MacLean and Hattie Pennington. Little Ione Albrecht was ring-bearer, J. J. Jumers' two little girls were ribbon girls and little Helen Dorey flower girl. Messrs. Hawley and White were the ushers. The couple came to Duluth, where they will remain for a couple of weeks, when they will go to Cloquet.

* * *

Miss Hattie E. Cameron left Tuesday for Hudson, Wis., where she will spend a month visiting her brother, Arthur Cameron.

* * *

A. F. Hammond, formerly one of the newspaper fraternity of this city, now of Minneapolis, was a visitor here on Friday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Myers and son have returned from Texas, where they have been since Feb. 1.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Frick and children returned on Friday from California.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Duncan and Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brewer, who have been visiting at the coast, are now in Portland, Ore.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid society of Temple Emanuel will give a dancing party at Odd Fellows' hall next Wednesday evening.

* * *

The Chautauqua circle will meet on Monday evening, as usual. The program is as follows:
"Rivalry of Nations," chaps. 27-28..
Miss Booker.
"Grecian History," chap. 13.....
Miss McArthur.
"Homer to Theocritus," chap. 12...
Mr. Fulton.
"Human Nature" club, chap. 9.....
Miss Davis.
Reading ....
Mr. Thomas.

* * *

Edward Hansen has returned from an extended trip through Germany, Switzerland and France.

* * *

James Kirkwood, of West Duluth, entertained the Amusement club on Friday evening last.

* * *

Frank Edson has returned from Ann Arbor, Mich., where he has been attending the university.

* * *

Miss Mamie Baker was pleasantly surprised a few evenings ago by a number of her young friends, the occasion being in honor of her 14th birthday anniversary. Miss Baker received a number of pretty presents. The evening was passed with games and music. Among those present were:
Misses—
Mamie Donovan, Hilda Lindahl,
Mary McDonald, Agnes Peterson,
Alice Sjoselius, Tillie Gemay,
Lydia Gemay, Bertha Dubruiel,
Catherine Dubriel, Martha Winthrop,
Ida Lindahl, Minnie Hanson.
Effie Lindahl,

* * *

J. J. Gorgenson, of 427 Fifty-seventh avenue west, was pleasantly surprised on Saturday evening by a number of his friends, who helped him celebrate his 40th birthday anniversary. The evening was passed in dancing, followed by refreshments.

* * *

Mrs. W. T. Wilder and parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. M. Watkins, of St. Paul, were guests the latter part of the week of the former's husband, Capt. Wilder, who is staying at the Spalding while making Duluth a recruiting point for the regular army.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Jessie Edna Mathison, daughter of Mrs. Nellie Mathison, and Charles W. Berglund, will take place the coming week at their future home, 5002 Ramsey street. The bridesmaid will be Miss Genevieve Farrington, of 2002 West Michigan street, and Magnus Johnson, of Superior, will be the best man. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. R. A. Saunderson.

* * *

The Mistletoe club gave a dancing party last evening at Oddfellows' hall, in honor of Miss Bangs, who will leave very shortly for Spokane, Wash., where her father is employed in the lumber business. Mr. Bangs was formerly a lumberman residing in this city.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Lounsberry have returned from St. Paul, where they have been visiting for several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. H. Hopkins and Mrs. John Moir left this week for an extended visit at Caldwell, Kas.

* * *

Miss Harriet Langton has returned to her home in Minneapolis after a several weeks' visit with friends in this city.

* * *

Paul Voigtlaender and son, Otto, of St. Paul, who have been visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Schwirtz, of Twenty-sixth avenue west, returned on Thursday to their home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob B. Sattler are spending the week in the Twin Cities.

* * *

Mrs. E. M. Lewis is visiting in Virginia.

* * *

News has been received of the marriage, in Edinburough, of L. S. Donaldson, well known in this city, to Miss Maggie McDonald, of Minneapolis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Strom, of Fifty-eighth avenue west, were very pleasantly surprised on Saturday evening by a number of friends. The time was passed at cards, music and dancing.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Keefe, of 714 Fifty-eighth avenue west, gave an informal reception on Tuesday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Richie, of St. Paul, who visited in Duluth a few days on their way to California for a wedding trip. The marriage took place in St. Paul Tuesday morning.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Helen Mary Fitzgerald, of West Duluth, to Francis Kelley, of Proctorknott, took place Wednesday morning, at 8 o'clock, at the St. James church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. John Keoh, an uncle of the groom. The bridesmaids were the bride's sisters, Misses Agnes and Lucy Fitzgerald, and Richard Kelley, a brother of the groom, was the best man. After a wedding breakfast, Mr. and Mrs. Kelley left on their honeymoon trip, which will take in the cities of Marquette, Ishpeming, Milwaukee and Chicago. They will be at home in Proctorknott after May 1.

* * *

Alfred Constans has returned from a visit with friends and relatives in Minneapolis.

* * *

T. M. Worthen has returned to his home in Richmond, Va., after a visit with E. P. Alexander, of this city.

* * *

Mrs. H. H. Hoyt left on Friday for a visit in Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. H. H. Oppel, who has been quite ill for a week past is convalescing.

* * *

On the evening of April 26 Court Eastern Star, No. 86, United Order of Foresters, will give a ball in Hunter's hall. The following committees are in charge:
Arrangements—
E. O. Olund, M. McMillan.
Harry Milnes,
Reception—
J. Haller, Murray,
C. Thompson, Robert Krojanker,
E. Carr, G. Hyatt,
A. Anderson, A. Foster,
W. McMillan, J. Westburg,
K. Van Bergen, E. Mitchell,
O. Mitchell, E. Milnes.
Floor—
Gannon, Kelly,
Frantz, Olund.
Door—
Herrel, Milnes,
Kolling,

Only a Few Days More

and the opportunity to buy fine Needle Work and Materials **at Your Own Price** will be gone forever. Specials for Monday and while they last—

	Were	Now
Sofa Pillows	$2.75	$1.25
Sofa Pillows	$1.25	65c
Sofa Pillows	$1.00	50c
Sofa Pillows	75c	35c
Sofa Pillows	50c	25c
Beautiful Cotton Cords	12½c	5c
Beautiful Silk Cords	18c	8c
Fancy Silk Cords	20c	9c
Laundry Bags	90c	45c
Laundry Bags	75c	35c
Laundry Bags	50c	25c
Table Covers	50c	25c
Table Covers	25c	10c
Beautiful Sheer Linen yard	$1.25	65c
Petit Moulin Art Thread, Nos. up to 500		2 for 5c
Petit Moulin Art Thread, No. 500 and up		3 for 10c
Special select Embroidery Hoops, per pair		5c

Don't forget to ask for the letter foundations.

A few nice Belt Buckles and Fancy Pins, Chatelaine Bags and Purse Tops. Statuary—some nice pieces on hand. You should have one of those beautiful Traveling Cases we are closing out at Half Price—you'll be surprised and pleased when you see them.

Mrs. Franklin Paine,
106 West Superior St.

Delightful Entertainment.
MRS. KNEBEL will sing.
MR. WARD AMES will exhibit his fine collection of COLORED STEREOPTICON VIEWS made during his recent trip to the Orient.
Pilgrim Congregational Church, Friday Evening, April 26.
Admission, Adults 50c, Children 25c.

DUN'S REVIEW

Favorable Conditions Give Business Situation an Encouraging Aspect.

New York, April 20.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Favorable crop reports, heavy bank clearings, record-breaking railroad earnings, a large distribution of spring and summer goods and easy collections give the business situation an encouraging aspect.

Wall street speculation does not yet discount any approaching reaction in commercial lines, and the money market seems to have turned the corner, at least for the present. Cotton and woolen goods retain their gain onf last week, though partly on account of the idleness of many mills. The wool market is steady, notwithstanding the absence of demand for the large producers of goods.

Aside from the uneasiness caused by labor controversies, no setback has appeared in the leading industry. Conditions of supply and demand are similar to those existing for the past few months; in some lines purchasers are increasingly importunate, while in others there is slightly less urgency for prompt shipment, but in all branches of iron and steel manufacture, requirements are much in excess of available stocks. Recent evidence of large grain crops has brought agricultural implement makers into the market, and many have contracted for their entire year's supply. Another feature was the great activity in structural material for bridges and building, while the large tonnage of steel rails already placed did not prevent further orders. The recent advance in plates failed to diminish business. Faith in the future is evidenced by more plans for the erection of new mills of enormous capacity.

Shipments of boots and shoes from the East declined to 86,547 cases, against 94,433 two weeks ago, but there still appears a good margin above the movement of a year ago Contracts are unevenly distributed, many shops having orders for some time, while others are seeking business. The general situation is more satisfactory than a year ago, however, for then not a third of the capacity was being operated. Prices on shoes are maintained, but the reduction in boots has become general. Local manufacturers are receiving better orders and some idle shops have resumed. City jobbers complain of the backward season. The leather market has met with further reverses, especially in the light weight division. A better supply of hides is offered at Chicago and quotations tend upward, although tanners are not buying freely.

The outlook for this year's crop of cotton has been ascertained by a careful canvas of the Southern states. Correspondents of R. G. Dun & Co. report that planting averages about two weeks later than usual, owing to heavy rains. While there is reason to anticipate a large acreage, cancellation of many orders for fertilizers show that the sharp decline in cotton prices, had the beneficial result of restricting operations to some extent. Planters have encountered some difficulty in securing sufficient labor owing to that great demand in other industries, and it is expected that the cost of planting and picking the current crop will be greater than usual on this account. Georgia mills are running full time, while in other Southern states there is much reduction Port receipts continue largely in excess of last year's, but prices are held steady by better foreign purchases and less expectations of a record-breaking yield in 1901.

Failures for the week number 206 in the United States, against 184 last year, and 21 in Canada against 17 last year.

DROPPED DEAD.

Sudden Demise of Joel Goldenburg of New York.

New York, April 20.—Joel G. Goldenburg, head of Goldenburg Bros. & Co., lace importers, of this city, dropped dead from heart failure last night while waiting for a Grant street car. Mr. Goldenburg lived at the Hotel Netherlands, and was worth over $2,000,000. He had no immediate relatives, and it is understood that he left a will giving the bulk of his estate to charity.

Your Eyes?

Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,
Jewelers and Opticians,
121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

TO PASS THE CROWD.

All Cannot Be Brilliant No Matter How Healthy.

It probably comes to every thoughtful person at times that there are plenty of common, mediocre people, and that if one determines to, he or she can press to the front, pass the crowd and win position, fame and gold. It is largely a matter of determination and health. Many a determined character with brilliant possibilities, is held back by ill health. Some find that bright, keen thoughts refuse to come to their brains, and wonder why.

The kind of brain work that makes successful Merchants, Lawyers, Doctors, Authors, etc., etc., makes heavy draughts on the filling of the minute nerve cells of the body, said filling being composed of a greyish sort of material which must be replaced day by day, or the brain and other parts of the body will not act properly.

Coffee is a hidden but powerful enemy to one's progress in life. Its subtle, narcotic poison, weakens heart, interferes with digestion and has a definite and destructive effect on the nervous system. People who are content to load themselves with impediments to progress, who refuse to supply body with food and drink of the kind needed to make up for the daily disintegration of the nerves and tissue, must stand aside in the race for pre-eminence.

The ones who are properly fed, will surely win the laurels.

Postum Food Coffee furnishes the gluten and phosphates of grain needed by nature to nourish brain and nerves with food. It does not narcotize and tear down. It is frequently misjudged on first trial, because of improper preparation, but it will be found to be a most delicious beverage if, after boiling commences, it be allowed to continue boiling for fifteen minutes. This is necessary to extract the food value and flavor.

There are those who are entirely careless as to what goes into the stomach, but the one who would make all his movements tend towards health and possible greatness, cannot afford to risk adulterated food or drink or even coffee.

THE HIGH SCHOOL

Track Team Dates Practically All Settled But One.

Interscholastic Meet Is Still a Matter of Doubt.

The Baseball Team Has a Very Bright Outlook.

All arrangements for the track athletics of the high school are now, or soon will be, completed, the only question left undecided being that of the interscholastic meet. As was announced last Saturday in these columns, the Duluth Central High School is not now a member of the Interscholastic association, and it is not yet decided whether or not it will be permitted to join in the meet at Minneapolis on June 8. Duluth was originally one of the charter members of the association, but was dropped from the list on account of a lack of interest in the affair, and because for some time no representative from the Duluth Central high school took part in the meet. However, the managers of the various competing teams will soon decide the question, and Manager Hutchinson expects to hear from them in a few days. Should their decision be favorable to the Duluth aggregation, the track team of this city will go to Minneapolis and take part, but should they return an unfavorable decision, Ironwood or Ashland will be challenged.

Until a few days ago it was expected that the alternative would be St. Cloud, as a great friendship exists between the athletes of Duluth and that city, but it has been learned that on account of some differences between the professors and the students, the track team of that city has disbanded, and this fact, of course, puts them out of the question. All the members of the athletic association are anxious to compete in the interscholastic, as with the material now at hand it is believed that Duluth will have no difficulty in carrying off her full share of the honors, providing she is given a chance.

About forty men are now out every day practicing, and the indications so far are very encouraging.

BASEBALL BRIGHTENING.

Outlook For the Team Is Excellent.

The baseball indications in the high school become brighter with the spring days, and the outlook for a championship team is very promising. Last Saturday, at the Driving park, the high school team defeated the freshman by a score of 16 to 4, and did not have to try very hard to do it. Although the freshmen put up a good game, they were clearly outclassed by their opponents, and were easily beaten. The high school team showed excellent shape, and the work of all the players was equally good, a thing which is seldom found in any but professional teams. The positions given out by Capt. Congdon are as follows. This order may not remain the same all season, as several surprises have been sprung from men who have not shown up well heretofore.

Catcher, Marshall Allworth, '03; pitchers, Allen Cummings, '03; and Frank McCumber, '02; first base, Guy Cummings, '03; second base, Harry Merritt, '02; and Walter Dash, '04; short stop, Frank Peterson, '03; third base, Clarence Adams, '03; left field, Burg, '04; and Raily, '02; center field, Ed Congdon, '02 (captain); right field, Clayton, '03; Richards, '02, manager.

The subscription list, which was circulated recently among the business men of the city, has met with a hearty response. An attempt was made to secure a game with the Nelson-Dewey high school, but the manager of that team announced yesterday that he would not have the team in readiness to play, so the game was called off. A letter was received from the manager of the Minneapolis Centrals, saying that they could not bring Duluth down there as the league teams took all the crowds that attended baseball games, so it is unlikely that Duluth will have an opportunity to cross bats with the Minneapolis Centrals. However, games have been arranged as soon as possible with the following teams for these dates: Blaine high school, at Superior, on April 27; Tower, at that place, on May 4; Ashland, at Ashland, May 13, and Superior normals, at Duluth, on June 1. Other dates may be arranged, as it is desired to bring Tower down here if a date can be secured. Manager Richards has written three letters to Manager Owens of the Tower team, but he does not seem disposed to answer, and the team here is completely in the dark regarding his intentions.

PROFESSORS VS. SENIORS.

Both Sides Preparing For Mighty Struggle.

The probable line-up of the Seniors for their baseball game with the professors, which will occur May 10 or 11, has been decided upon, although all the men have not been selected. Capt. Rose has about sixteen men to draw from, and has given out the following: Catchers, Magnusson, Hugo or Herrel; pitchers, Fisher and Rose; first base, Paine or Wentworth; second base, Howes; short stop, Olsen or Adams; third base, Swan; left field, Rakowsky or Bradley; center field, Rose and Fisher; right field, C. Smith or Haroldson.

The faculty have not yet chosen their team, but are out practicing hard every evening, and are gradually getting into condition that will make the seniors hump themselves. There are some pretty sore arms among the faculty, but they are rapidly disappearing, and although they may be handicapped in base running, they can make it up in batting.

Literary Society Meeting.

At the regular meeting of the Literary society at the High School yesterday afternoon an interesting program was presented. All the numbers were good, but a piano solo by Victor R. Rakowsky deserves special mention. A vocal solo by Miss Rena Smith was much enjoyed, as was a recitation, "The Soldier's Pardon," by Albert Olsen, and a recitation by Miss Katie Waterworth. A talk on Porto Rico by Miss Mary Morris showed a full and interesting knowledge of the subject.

The Musical Society.

The Musical society under the leadership of Professor A. F. M. Custance sang at the Swedish M. E. church yesterday evening and was highly complimented by Governor Van Sant, who was present and spoke. "Their rendition of America," he said, "was beautiful, and I congratulate the city on having such a number of good voices."

Graduation Affairs.

The following dates have been decided upon for the senior class graduation affairs. The commencement will take place June 14 and the class night two days before graduation. Dr. Cleland, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, has been selected to preach the baccalaureate sermon, and will in all probability accept.

The seniors will give a supper and dance to the juniors at Lester Park next Friday evening.

TENDERED A FAREWELL.

Reception For Ensign and Mrs. Berg.

The local corps of the Salvation Army will give a farewell reception, this evening, to Ensign and Mrs. Berg, and has secured the Baptist church, on Nineteenth avenue west and First street, it being much larger than the army hall. The prominent part Ensign and Mrs. Berg took in the union meetings last winter brought them in closer association with the pastors of the various churches. Their stay in Duluth has been prolonged, and they have assisted in gospel meetings in West Duluth and West Superior. They have gained a great number of friends during the time they have been officers of the local corps, and the farewell reception to be tendered them this evening promises to be of special interest.

Those who will take part are Rev. K. A. Lundin, of the Baptist church; Rev. Albert Johanson, of Mission church; Rev. John A. Anderson, of the Methodist church; Rev. Mr. Edwards, pastor of the church in West Superior, and Rev. C. A. Aldeen, of the Third Baptist church in this city. The officers of the Salvation Army who will be present are Ensigne Anderson and Ekstrom and Lieut. Stordahl. The Baptist church octet will render several numbers. Together been arranged or will be arranged as soon as possible with the following teams for these dates: Blaine high school, at Superior, on April 27; Tower, at that place, on May 4; Ashland, at Ashland, May 13, and Superior normals, at Duluth, on June 1. Other dates may be arranged, as it is desired to bring Tower down here if a date can be secured. Manager Richards has written three letters to Manager Owens of the Tower team, but he does not seem disposed to answer, and the team here is completely in the dark regarding his intentions.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

THE BOYS' BRIGADE.

Bicycle Squad and Band Being Organized.

Companies A and B of the Boys' brigade will parade for divine service on Sunday morning. The companies will assemble on Garfield avenue and march to the Second Presbyterian church on West Superior street. Maj. A. C. Manson, chaplain to the brigade, will preach. The boys extend hearty thanks for donations of books already received and for those yet to come. Capt. Boyd is now devoting his attention to two new departments—a bicycle squad and the band. These two departments are now open for members, and as the numbers are fast rolling up towards forty, the limit for the bicycle squad, boys who are desirous of enlisting should see the captain as soon as possible.

First Sergt. G. Williams, of Company B, has been promoted to the rank of quartermaster sergeant and acting sergeant major for the brigade and Corp. Laughton to sergeant.

Roster for next week: Company A, drill, Tuesday, at 6:30 p. m.; Company B, drill, Wednesday, at 4:15 p. m. Route march on Saturday afternoon at 2 p. m. Line of march from Garfield avenue along Superior street to Sixth avenue east and back by way of First street. Sunday evening parade for service of song at Second Presbyterian church.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Boston—Boston, 7; New York, 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 7; Chicago, 8.

Being talked about

at 222 West Superior Street because we are selling tile and white enamel Refrigerators and the genuine Hurd Cold Storage.

Bicycles Our line of wheels is very complete. We are selling the famous Tribune, the Oxford and Arlington wheels. Have many second hand ones to close out at a very low price. Our repair shop is running in full blast. **Sundries**—We carry a full line of the following:

OIL STOVES, PAINTS, HOES, FISHING TACKLE, WHITE COOKING DISHES, ENAMELS, RAKES, B. B. B. GOLF GOODS, ICE CREAM FREEZERS, WHEEL BARROWS, BASE BALL GOODS.

Northern Hardware Co
R. D. ANNIS. Duluth, Minnesota. W. WELLS.

Ladies CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., 111--115 State St., Chicago, make suits to order—fit guaranteed—price more reasonable than you will find elsewhere for ready made garments.
Agency—633 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

WILL WAIT.

Vessel Men to Tie Up Boats Pending Settlement.

The policy of the lake lines was outlined at a meeting of their representatives held in Buffalo the other day. As has been previously hinted, it is to be a waiting policy, in other words the lines will tie up their boats indefinitely and make no concessions to the engineers. At this meeting it was decided to ship freight, both east and westbound, which has been contracted for lake and rail shipment, by an all rail route, and that for the present no more transportation contracts will be entered into. The grain already loaded on some of the boats at Chicago will be unloaded, orders to that effect having already been issued.

The vesselmen claim that there was never a time that they have been in a better condition to make a long resistance to the demands for increased pay and additional help than at the present time. This is based on the small amount of freight available. Duluth wheat is short several million bushels and anthracite coal is not accumulating at the lower lake ports. There is no demand for soft coal tonnage.

Automobiles In War.

Automobiles are to be used as army transport wagons. Trial experiments in France have proved convincing. It is odd to note the different uses to which nature and science are put. On the battlefield they fight for the destruction of life, while throughout the country Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, one of nature's most scientific medicines, fights to preserve it. For fifty years the Bitters has been making strong stomachs and curing dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and biliousness. In the spring when the system is usually run down this wonderful medicine will be helpful in restoring your health and strength. It will also prevent malaria, fever and ague and as an appetizer it is unequalled. See that our Private Revenue Stamp is over the neck of the bottle.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**, The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 230 Times Bdg., New York.

The Best —is the— **Cheapest.**
If you need Glasses at all, you need the *Best.* It doesn't pay to buy cheap Glasses and ruin your eyes.
C. D. TROTT, Manufacturing Optician,
No. 3 West Superior Street.

BONNETS FOR SPRING

Tulle, Gauze and Chiffon Reign Supreme In the Spring Creations of the Parisian Milliners This Year.

Paris, April 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Every woman who has taken an early interest in the modistes' wares with an eye to a springtime purchase asks why straw hats are so ignominiously snubbed this year.

Tulle, gauze and chiffon seem all sufficient. Tulle is twisted and braided and wrought into the most bewitching toques that pleased so much last spring. Again tulle serves as a modest totally eclipsed foundation for the gorgeous floral sprays that play such an important role on spring bonnets. Roses might even be said to play the all-important role on these spring creations.

When the fashion prophets prophesied weeks ago that hats would be fluffy, low and flower-trimmed, they touched on all the salient features of the Easter bonnet, only they neglected to say just how very low, how very fluffy and how very flower-laden they were to be; and so, after all, the new models come almost as unheralded surprises.

In the fashioning of the spring bonnets there seems to have been no provision made for the high fluffy pompadour. Comparatively few of the shapes roll back so as to leave the pompadour to flaunt its imposing height. In fact the majority, the large majority, of this season's hats are to be worn way down over the face. A pretty model that was an exception to this rule was made of folds of white chiffon. The brim, which was broader at the front, rolled back against the low rounding crown. Around the crown was draped a soft scarf of the white chiffon, heavily spangled with strass. A wreath of the most delicate pale pink chiffon roses with spangled green leaves encircled the brim of the hat where it rested on the high pompadour. From the back of the hat there came full strings of the white chiffon that were to be carried under the chin and knotted on the left shoulder. These were powdered with pink rose petals.

The chiffon blossoms of this season are the very richest trimming a hat may boast. Just one glorious malmaison rose, with its delicate pink petals all frosted with strass, is bartered for $5. Think, then, how costly a wreath of these roses are with their green leaves scintillating with emerald spangles.

A most picturesque hat for a young girl had a flat Dresden shepherdess form covered with narrow bias folds of pastel blue chiffon. Around the flat crown there was a wreath of pale pink chiffon roses lightly spangled with strass that trailed over the brim at the back and fell on the hair.

The hats and toques made of the pliable horsehair braids are veritable "feather-weights" and vie with tulle and chiffon creations in their exceeding dressiness. Sometimes the braid is wrought in openwork pattern and run through with narrow velvet ribbon. One of the prettiest of these braid hats was of a delicate shade of mauve. It had a low crown and a brim extending much broader at the front, where there was a decided dip. It was run through with narrow silver braid left in loops at intervals.

The crown was trimmed around with a wreath of shaded mauve orchid blossoms with their delicate green leaves.

Harmonies rather than contrasts are sought in the fashioning of the new spring hats. An exception to this rule, however is made in favor of the black and white confections that are so much favored just now. They boast that arch-virtue adaptiveness, to a remarkable degree. Some of the new black and white tulle toques would chime in well with a light shopping toilette. Again the self-same toque would prove the thing for afternoon wear with a dainty foulard gown. And nobody could find fault with this same toque if it should be donned as a theater bonnet.

A dainty little black and white affair was composed entirely of narrow draped folds of spangled tulle, black and white alternating. These started from a round silver guipure motif at the back of the toque that was sewed flat, with the lower half falling down over the hair. This toque was worn quite over the face and there was not the slightest effort made to relieve its excessive flatness.

When it was officially stated that tulle toques would be worn a great deal with the severest of dark tailor costumes, there were a great many remarks made about the unfitness of things pertaining to spring styles. A good impartial inspection of the darker tulle toques convinces one that they are suitable for any and all occasions where the straw toques or sailor once did duty to the exclusion of all other hats.

Such a novel smart toque has been lately fashioned for a blue cloth traveling gown. It is a flat affair draped in dark blue and dark green tulle, with a full low choux of the mixed tulle at the front. Over the whole affair there runs in riotous fashion a blackberry vine with bronze green leaves, the white blossoms and luscious berries, looking realistic beyond description. The fluffiest of white tulle toques had a low shirred and spangled crown and a tulle Alsatian bow with a dainty vine of smilax meandering over it. Simple enough, but such a "touch" as it boasted. And for this undeniable "touch" a covetor was asked of $30. Acidity of the mind brought about by sour grape reflection prompts me to say that the material might be duplicated for $5.

A veritable "flat" was composed of the most realistic rose leaves in all their delicate variations of green that entirely eclipsed the green tulle foundation. A wreath of the most exquisite pale yellow chiffon roses bordered the edge of the hat. At the back of the hat, under the wreath of roses, there was a low bow of narrow orange panne velvet ribbon drawn through a long strass buckle. The ends served as strings.

The picture hats this year are dainty and fluffy and picturesque enough to suit surely the tastes of the summer girl. Occasionally they boast a quaint, almost demure air that is quite too fetching. One irresistible picture hat was a large crinkled brim affair of shirred white gauze with lace inlets. Tucked away in the little nooks and crannies formed by the undulating brim were little round "nosegays" of pink moss roses, the sort that our great-aunts revelled in during the poke bonnet period. Around the crown was draped a soft scarf of white gauze with inlets of lace dyed pink. The ends of this scarf formed long full strings.

The lace employed on some of the richer hats has the pattern traced in gold or silver threads and studded with multi-colored spangles.

Hand-run lace veils are considered the most dressy. Some of them are a bit grotesque, with their all-over design ruthlessly eclipsing a bit of the eye, a corner of the mouth, or a single nostril. However, when the lace is confined to a narrow, delicate border along the lower part of the veil, it gives the richest sort of a finish. The chenille dotted chiffon veils will, however, hold their own all through the summer.

The frugal-minded woman buys her strass dewdrops and besprinkles her blossom hats with them herself, thereby saving a pretty penny, for dew-sprinkled flowers come very high.

NINA GOODWIN.

THE SUMMER HAT.

New York, April 17.—One of the most highly appreciated factors in the new summer hat is its lightness. While very large, it is not nearly as heavy as the hat of last year, and can be worn without the discomfort caused by the carrying of a heavy weight upon the head.

though not with as much profusion.

The straw hat is considered the smart hat, and there come some very elaborate mats in this material.

Straw comes in exquisite designs. The horsehair straws, combined with gauze, give most artistic results. Straw embroidery is one of the expensive and elegant ways of using straw, and there is an infinite variety of ways in which straw can be used in connection with chiffon and other thin materials.

In flowers it is noticed that they are either very small or are greatly exaggerated in size but where the big flower is seen it is reproduced in all the beauty of the original and is allowed to lose nothing by its size.

In the flowers most used for trimming there must be mentioned first the rose, which, as queen of the garden, holds its supremacy when transplanted to the spring hat. The single huge specimen is seen upon the hat front, sometimes with and sometimes denuded of leaves. The tiny roses are also used, in bunches, grouped under the edge of the brim, or in a great bulk they trim the hat and make a mountain of color.

Japanese primroses of great size are seen. They come in gorgeous red, in white and in pink, with delicately curled leaves and with all the natural appearance of the original blossoms. These are massed upon hats, making a great patch of color.

The English walking hats show an abundance of lilacs. One of these hats, imported from Paris, was very English in its shape, rolling upward at each side and dipping front and back. The hat was swathed with heliotrope taffeta and was faced with it, a fold of taffeta and a narrow layer of Neapolitan straw alternating and overlapping.

At the back was a big bow of heliotrope taffeta, with a bunch of lilacs twisted in the bow, while the top of the hat was a mass of the lilacs, put on in small bunches, with loops and folds of taffeta surrounding the flowers. None were as deep in hue as purple, but all were a pale lavender.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

LATEST MODE IN GOWNS.

With Princess Skirt---Newest Caprice of Fashion, as Shown In the Charming Full Effect Produced By Many Tucks.

Fashion's very latest fad is the princess skirt, extending about five inches above the waist line, thus outlining the figure perfectly. In this model the shaping is produced by many tucks. It will be noticed that the skirt is a full effect, thus veering away from the close style so long worn. The gown is built of pearl gray French broadcloth and trimmed with narrow black velvet ribbon. The yoke, vest and undersleeves are of finely tucked chiffon.

NEW PICTURE HAT.

Black and White Effect---This Beautiful Combination of Plume and Lace Trimming Is One of the Latest Innovations.

Hats are steadily growing larger and ostrich plumes are much in favor, a welcome relief from the masses of flowers so much worn. This beautiful model of white Neapolitan straw and black spangled lace, is trimmed with a rosette of black velvet ribbon and two ostrich plumes, one white one black.

background for trimming purposes.

It can be said for the new hats that are now appearing that trimming is never forced upon them. Though very large, they are not as profusely trimmed as last year, a little trimming answering the same purpose.

The best of milliners are content to place a bow, to use a spray of flowers, to ornament a brim with hanging ends finished with gold, to train a few leaves with overhanging loops of chiffon, or even to let the brim, be it of fine straw, remain unadorned, depending upon its beauty for its finish and style.

A very unusual hat, viewed from the back, shows only a few curling tips, which are placed at the front. The hat itself is round, with a box crown, not very high. It is trimmed with row after row of narrow bands of straw braid put on one overlapping the other. Around the low crown there is a very thick twist of velvet, while at the back there are several loops of the same material, one falling directly over the other and finishing with a dove-tailed end. A rather elaborate steel buckle fastens this odd end to the hat brim.

Steel is the metal of the winter, though gun metal is much used. Silver is not as generally the favorite as gold, and the combination of the moment is steel and gold. Gold holds its own as a trimming, coming out more delicately than ever.

HANDSOME BALL GOWN.

Effect In White Gauze---The Trimming of Chiffon Roses and Green Leaves Forms An Artistic Combination.

This beautiful ball gown of white gauze is practically covered with chiffon roses and green leaves. The front is kilted white chiffon.

The School Girl

School days are danger days for American girls.

Often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality. Sometimes it is never recovered.

Perhaps she is not over-careful about keeping her feet dry; through carelessness in this respect the monthly sickness is usually rendered very severe.

Then begin ailments which should be removed at once, or they will produce constant suffering. Headache, faintness, slight vertigo, pains in the back and loins, irregularity, loss of sleep and appetite, a tendency to avoid the society of others are symptoms all indicating that woman's arch-enemy is at hand.

This need not be so if mothers would have a thought for the physical condition of their daughters, and see to it that they have proper assistance.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped many a young girl over this critical period. With it they have gone through their trials with courage and safety. With its proper use the young girl is safe from the peculiar dangers of school years and prepared for hearty womanhood.

Mrs. Camp writes about her Daughter's Health.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her very little good, if any. I thought I would have her try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** but I want your advice before she begins its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting weak. I am so anxious for her to get well."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga.

Here is Her Second Letter.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It gives me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** She was in a very low state; the doctor did her no good. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend, and is now able to be at her work. I feel very thankful to you, and expect always to keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter, if you wish. It may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

SOCIETY WOMEN SCORED.

They Play Poker and Also Drink Absinthe.

Philadelphia, April 20.—"The total abstainer is quite as obnoxious to persons in high society as the inebriate," declared Joshua L. Bailey, a millionaire Quaker, who addressed the yearly meeting of Friends on temperance. Mr. Bailey is a reformer who put his time, money and ability into reform, but up to date has not been able to sum up any great number of cut-and-out victories against the demon rum.

Speakers who address this annual gathering of Friends are not permitted to "cut loose" in the matter of expression, but they can say pretty nearly anything they may have in their craw if they select their words with care and keep within the line of "temperate converse between Friends." In the plainest kind of homely English Mr. Bailey painted a picture that transformed the average Philadelphia drawing room into an aristocratic dive where women of fashion meet to tear each other's eyes out over their cups and wind up their social sessions in their broughams "speechless."

High society, as Mr. Bailey sees it, seems to have been completely captivated by the festive high ball, which he described as "a lime saturated in Scotch whisky and drowned in seltzer." Absinthe is the thirty-third degree in a society jag, and, sad to relate, Mr. Bailey says, "some of the handsomest women in town have learned how to play poker, gamble in stocks, drive automobiles and to pick out the fine points of a bull pup."

He described at length the warfare that never ceases between the National Temperance society and the liquor traffic, and candidly admitted that the demon rum had won over an army of powerful allies in the shape of fashionable women, "some of whom," he says, "even smoke cigarettes."

Robs Confinement of its Pain

More children would be borne if the mother could be sure that the pains, worries and tribulations of gestation could be avoided.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

(that marvelous liniment) is unique in relieving and relaxing all the strained tendons and muscles, as well as the distended organs. There is nothing like it. *"It was so easy."*

MRS. LUCINDA PASCHEL, Lamberton, Ark., proves the above statement when she says: "I have had six children and was always in labor from twenty-four to thirty hours. This time I used only one bottle of 'Mother's Friend' with my seventh child and was in labor only about four hours. 'Mother's Friend' is just what it is recommended to be. I will never be without it again."

Sold by all best druggists or sent by express prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book, "Motherhood," written for women of all ages, mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE THEATER

Herrmann, the Magician, at the Lyceum.

Field's Minstrels Here On Monday Night.

Theater-goers of this city will certainly give Leon Herrmann, the world-famous magician, a warm welcome when he appears here this evening. Herrmann is favorably known and has appeared in every civilized country on both hemispheres. His adventures and travels read like a romance. He has appeared before nearly all the crowned heads of Europe and Asia, besides the reigning monarchs and presidents of South America and other portions of the globe. As a prestidigitator his reputation is world wide, and to mention the name Herrmann is to recall all that is mysterious in the black art to mind. Herrmann and magic are synonymous terms, and have been intertwined for many years. To speak of his marvelous feats of magic and wonderful legerdemain is not necessary, the fame of his performances is known to every man, woman and child in this country.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

There is no lack of comedy element in the performance of the Al G. Field greater minstrels, who come to the Lyceum Monday with all the superb singing and strong vaudeville features which Al G. Field has injected into the performance. There is an unusually ample ingredient of comedy. Al G. Field himself supplies much of this, and he is assisted by that always funny young man, Arthur Rigby. Then there is that old favorite, Tommy Donnelly, and that always welcome visitor, Doc Quigley, there is never any let up in the fun. Then there are Weston Greve and Staats in a musical act in which music and comedy are blended in just the right proportions. Of course there are plenty of other features, vocal and instrumental music of the highest order ever offered by a minstrel company, including Keyes and McDonald, grotesque athletes; Pascetel, an European importation, whose wonderful posturing acts are entirely new to this country; a tribe of Mameluke acrobats, etc., etc.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Very Hard Luck With "The Prima Donna."

New York, April 17.—If hard luck ever pursued a new production it surely has "The Prima Donna," which has kept the Herald Square theater dark for two weeks. Manager A. H. Chamberlyn met with many difficulties in rehearsal and other preparations but the blow that nearly killed him was when Mabelle Gilman broke down. Whether the doctors made a mistake in operating on her throat or not the result has been most disastrous. Her present condition gives grave cause for alarm, and it will be impossible for her to return to the stage for some time, even if she recovers speedily. Chamberlyn did not give up hope till the last moment and then he had to scurry around for a substitute. He has found one in Lulu Glaser, and just as soon as she is in proper perfect the curtain will go up. The cost of the delay to Chamberlyn cannot fall far short of $10,000.

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That 5-year contract between Dan Daly and Charles Frohman was, it appears, writ in sand. The festive Daniel is now to be seen along Broadway looking as happy as his facial make-up permits. The trouble was forecasted by George Lederer, who is the only man who can come anywhere near to "managing" Daly, as well as by every other theatrical light who has ever had Daly in tow. It arose when Frohman said Dan would go to England with Edna May in "The Girl From Up There." Daly retorted languidly that Frohman had another guess coming, and the discussion dragged along with indifferent results. When Edna May and her fello wbeauties sailed this week Dan wasn't even on the pier to see the company off. Now he announces that the proposed starring tour a la Frohman is all off. He has been holding mysterious conferences with Lederer.

Daly will probably accept an offer to take the principal comedy role in "My Lady," although it will be only for a short time. He is not fond of stepping into a show that has been produced without him, and his experience with Edna May bears out his theory. He undertook to throw some life into a twin role that had been boiled down to one. The parts were hopeless before Daly appeared, and while he improved it greatly it was not suited to him and he did not score the success Frohman had anticipated. This, too, had considerable to do with straining the relations between them. Daly will appear in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" for tomorrow night only at the Actors' fund benefit. His part will be Simon Legree. De Wolf Hopper will play Uncle Tom and the cotton picking scene will have a number of distinguished supers.

• • •

Trouble in one more happy home has been laid at the door of Charles Frohman. Guy Standing's wife, Blanche Burton, has been obliged to leave the stage so as to enjoy her hubby's company. Just as soon as their marriage was announced she was transferred from the Empire Stock company, in which Standing continued to play, and was sent out on the road with Ada Rehan. If an arrangement can be made whereby she will continue to play in and around New York, Miss Burton may be permitted to go back to the stage.

• • •

They are booming Alice Neilsen in London as "the only woman in the world with an opera company of her own." There is some more news for New Yorkers in the assertion given out to the British public that Eugene Cowles is "the best paid singer in America," his salary being placed reverently at a $500 a week.

• • •

Jim Corbett rung in a new story during his vaudeville turn this week. It was during the contest between Mr. Sullivan and himself at New Orleans that Jim's father got very much excited. With a true love for old Ireland in his heart he couldn't see how Jim could escape annihilation at the hands of the shanachus. During the fight the old man sat alongside an operator in San Francisco, and his comments on the early bulletins clearly indicated that he was still sure Jim would get killed. Then came this news: "Sullivan landed heavily on Corbett's stomach, making a sound as if he had hit a bass drum." This was too much for the old man, and he jumped up exclaiming excitedly: "Where are the police? Why don't they save Jim? He'll be killed sure." The bystanders were sympathetic, but anxious. A little later the telegraph ticked: "Corbett wins." There was a shout, but the old man never turned a hair when one man yelled: "Jim has whipped Sullivan." "Of course," he said, calmly as he could. "Why not? Sure Jim can lick a barroom full or Sullivans."

• • •

Mary Hampton will make an extended tour of the country next fall in "The Gay Mr. Goldstein." The management will be in the hands of Henry Greenwall.

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News comes from London, in rumor shape. It is true, that Robert Taber is to take unto himself a new wife in the person of Miss Lena Ashwell. There will be some delay in the wedding, owing to the fact that Miss Ashwell has not yet succeeded in getting a divorce from her husband, Robert Playfair.

• • •

Everhart, the young Ohio hoop roller, has made a tremendous hit in London. He was engaged to appear for one month at the Tivoli, but before the first week was over his engagement was extended to four months at an increased salary.

• • •

Another American who has found good times abroad is Bully Burke, the clown. He had his comic mule act copyrighted all over Europe, and went abroad with the Barnum and Bailey show and made a hit. Now about a dozen performers are paying him royalties, and he and his wife are riding about London and enjoying life to the limit.

• • •

Miss Jessie Milward has secured "In the Palace of the King" for use in England. She will star in that and in "The Climbers" under the direction of Arthur Collins. He will return to London to secure a theater for his new attraction.

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The tour arranged for Viola Allen will try her traveling qualities. A sample for one week will prove this, for it includes Wilmington, Del., Trenton, N. J., Lancaster, Pa., Easton, Pa., Binghamton, N. Y., and Scranton, Pa. A special train has been provided for the star and her "In the Palace of the King" company, and everything possible will be done to make the trip less arduous.

• • •

"The Casino Girl" was welcomed back to town in hearty fashion, and in many places it has been vastly improved by its sojourn abroad. An altogether new feature was the debut of a 90-pound Shetland pony, the smallest, so Manager George Lederer claims in the whole world. The chorus has many new and mighty pretty faces, and a dozen of the members are seeing the Tenderloin for the first time in their tender young lives. Just the same, there are a good many signs of regret to see Lederer's name in electric light on the same block with the Casino, and yet not on that Moorish playhouse.

• • •

Another Indian maiden has been in town. She is Mlle. Chinquilla, a full-blooded Indian and daughter of Lone Star, who years ago was chief of the Chevennes. She was graduated from the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., and as she shyly admits, enjoyed a full-fledged romance before she hit the stage. It happened during her last school year that a handsome musician visited the institution and fell in love with her at first sight. Then followed an elopement and a hasty marriage. The natural sequence was vaudeville, and Chinquilla blossomed forth as a continuous singer. It takes a little of the edge off the interest in the dusky artist to have to add that she has a son at Carlisle, who she intends shall keep off the stage and wed an Indian maiden.

• • •

Now that it is practically settled that the Victoria will be in the hands of Klaw and Erlanger next season, the syndicate will control every house on Broadway except Wallacks and the Broadway. Oscar Hammerstein will remain as house manager, and the combination will do the booking. Oscar says he is tired of worrying over attractions, and is willing to let some one else have that part of it.

• • •

J. H. Gilmour is thinking seriously of never living outside of New York again. He planted his vine and fig tree up at Larchmont-on-the-Sound, and for a while enjoyed peace and quiet. Then he discovered that the life of a commuter is not a thing of joy or a beauty forever, or whatever other description of it is given by the land agent whose regard for the truth never interferes with business. Gilmour kicked at the New Haven road and the dinky trolley line that runs to the shore, and he signed protests and went to meetings. But now the last straw has been added to his burden. Some one has tried to burn down his house or his barn or something on his place. Anyhow, Gilmour is mad clear through, and he wants to organize a lynching bee.

• • •

Maclyn Arbuckle does not yet know what he will do next season. He had hoped to star, and Joseph Brooks had undertaken to direct his course across the theatrical heavens. Now all bets are off, and all because Brooks couldn't find a play for him. Arbuckle says the chance of his lifetime is waiting for any manager who has a play that needs a first class, healthy, sober and industrious star who will aim to please.

• • •

Minnie Ashley has been enjoying a week of congratulations. Her return to "San Toy," after weeks of rest in a darkened room was a personal triumph to be very proud of. The welcome extended to her was profound and vigorous.

• • •

Quite a number of changes are on foot for the Empire Theater Stock company next season. It will be headed by Charles Richman and Margaret Anglin, but Charles Frohman will add to the old force several recruits from his other companies until it will number at least fifty. Of the old members to be re-engaged are Guy Standing, W. H. Thompson, Edwin Stevens, Joseph Wheelock, Jr., Lawrence Dorsay, Oswald Yorke, Sidney Herbert, Miss Margaret Dale, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, Mrs. Jessie Busley, Miss Margaret Gordon and Miss Sara Perry.

• • •

Eddie Foy is the hero of an adventure. That is the way he tries to put it, but his friends think differently. With George Stiles and two friends of the female gender they headed from Koster & Bial's for a Sixth avenue resort, famous for lobsters. The quartet was packed into a night hawk cab like the proverbial sardine, and when the vehicle reached Sixth avenue and Forty-second street a wheel came off. The bunch were trying to untangle themselves when the driver appeared at the door and smiled apologetically. Then he said he would collect the fares, as they would have to walk the rest of the way. "We'll pay you nothing," said Foy, with fierce indignation. "You ought to be sued for damages." The cabbie, still smiling, slammed the door, and then Foy discovered the doors were so arranged that they could be opened only from the outside. The uncomfortable ones stood it for a few moments and then Foy offered to surrender. "Three dollars first," demanded the obdurate driver, and Foy had to hand it over.

• • •

Ted D. Marks, the irrepressible, effervescent and boutonniere wearing, had the time of his life at his concert last Sunday night. He had an idea which caused all the trouble. It was to have the audience photographed by the flashlight process, and before the artist lit the magnesium Marks addressed the crowd. He said:

"Copies of this photograph will be given away to every person purchasing a 50-cent seat next Sunday evening. I hope all you gentlemen with your wives and sweethearts will sit up straight and look your best. All gentlemen who are here with other men's wifes can hold their hands in front of their faces."

Any one who wants to buy a lot of first-class flash lights away under the market figure can be accommodated by addressing one Marks. Seven-tenths of the men in that photo ducked when the flash went off.

• • •

Liebler & Co. have learned that Havana is a bad place to do business in if you are an American. The prevailing idea is that money comes easy in the states and ought money comes easy in the states and ought to go easy in Cuba. When Manager George C. Tyler was in the island capital he engaged La Pressa, the Spanish actor, who can take 20 parts in 20 minutes. The quick change artist has been hired out to Keith, and J. C. Beebe, once a Wall street broker, was sent to Havana as the Liebler representative to bring La Pressa and his assistants to the North land. While waiting he was to pick up a couple of dancers for the vaudeville stage. This he did, and the aforesaid dancers proceeded to order everything in sight and charge it up to "Los Americanos." Beebe has had to flee and and the dancers will stay to settle up on their own account.

• • •

After all James A. Herne will not abandon the stage. He had made up his mind to do it, but reconsidering, he has decided to keep on with "Fag Harbor" next season. Meanwhile the play is going on with an understudy, and Herne will have a chance to recover his health this summer.

• • •

The mystery surrounding the new management of the Manhattan Theater seems to be clearing a bit. Harrison Gray Fiske has passed from the stage of denial to that of non-committal. All he will say now is, "I have long wanted a theater for Mrs. Minnie Maddern Fiske and may get one very shortly."

• • •

Melville Stoltz, erstwhile manager of the New York Theater for the Sires, has got up a theatrical corner and unloaded it on A. H. Chamberlyn for "My Lady." The corner includes Charmion, who disrobes on the first two rows of the audience, eight Geisha girls and the four Madcaps.

• • •

Manager Charles Schroeder, of the Madison Square Garden, has in mind a novel entertainment for the vast Auditorium this summer. It will be of a highly spectacular order, and will illustrate the wars in the Philippines, South Africa and China. There will be a vaudeville show on the roof at the same time.

• • •

George Fuller Golden has headed for West Baden, and according to all accounts he got away from town at a very good time. There are all kinds of trouble hinted at over the testimonial benefit planned for him by the White Rats at Kister and Bial's. According to the programme mapped out by Golden's friends he is due to get a loving cup and a $500 purse. There was an assessment levied on the whole order with this object in view, and there is a world of grumbling because of it. A considerable portion of the White Rats are not at work, and they do not feel an enthusiasm over the founder of the order equal to that of their big salaried brethren.

• • •

May Buckley has nobly refrained from interfering further with the property believed to belong to young Moulton, the lovecrazed student who tried to shoot her. Miss Buckley's conduct, it must be confessed, is largely due to the action of the marshal in restoring to her two of her most valued treasurers. These are a bible "From Eva," almost brand new, and an insurance policy for $2000. Two mortgage companies are fighting over the rest of the furniture.

• • •

"The Giddy Throng" will be moved boldly to Boston at the end of the present season. Mable Fenton will be the leading woman, but Louis Harrison and William Gould are to be replaced by Harry Hanger and J. Sherrie Mathews. Eddie Foy will take Dan McAvoy's part, also. The chorus and ballet will be transferred intact. The date of leaving is now fixed at May 3.

• • •

Caroline Gordon, who took Minnie Ashley's place in "San Toy," is to marry De Courcey Forbes, of Boston, whose family is worth millions, controlling the majority of the Bell telephone patents.

A PRETTY LITTLE OPERA.

A Mexico letter in the Dramatic Mirror says: "El Milagro de la Virgen," a 3-act operetta, recently given at the Principal, meets the requirements both of dialogue and music. I never see this really beautiful little opera but that I wish it might be produced in English. It is very musical and the argument is simple and charming. The author shows graceful imagination in having the Virgin, whose image is adored as miraculously by the girl Maria, intercede for her humble worshiper's safety at the moment when she is sorely in need. Dazzled by the protestations of a rich deceiver, on the point of leaving home, she kneels before the image and implores forgiveness for leaving her old father and the heart of her true lover, Mateo, and protection against the dangers that night and her surrender to this man so far above her may mean. She rises to go, and sees the roses, a love offering of Mateo, in her window. She wavers. The rich lover sings outside in the night. She must go to him. But as she starts a drowsiness comes over her. She falls into her fathr's great chair. The voice goes on singing, but the Holy Mother's arms are about her, the girl's eyes close in sleep, and the curtain falls. In acts second and third Maria is in the home of a beautiful and rich girl, who has taken a fancy to her and brought her there for a change of scene, unbeknown to her father, who comes, attended by the humble wooer, to seek his daughter. Maria has confided meantime to her kind hostess that she loves above her station. The hostess makes this clear to the father and the lover. At this point the villain enters, and he is recognized as the betrothed of Maria's benefactress. A violent scene follows. He denies that he has ever seen the girl. She denounces him as her betrayer, whereupon her father curses and disowns her. In the last act Maria comes, a homeless wanderer, to her native village, to find her father dead, and Mateo, her former handsome young lover, a blind old man. His love rekindles at the sound of Maria's voice; but the wretched girl, shunned by the women of the village, resolves to enter the cloister. She goes to her old home to pray for her father. While alone in the house the betrayer coms in search of her. She screams for help and while the blind Mateo is groping his way to her aid, she stabs her seducer, and flies from the house a murderess. The scene changes swiftly, and behold, Maria fast asleep in the great chair in the garden. She has dreamed it all. She moans in her sleep then screams and awakens. She calls piteously, "Father." The good man enters and clasps her in his arms. Then comes the would-be deceiver to ask why she has not kept her tryst with him. She repels him in horror. The faithful Mateo comes, and seeing his roses still in Maria's window, he taks it as a sign of her acceptance, and folds her in his arms, where she is glad enough to be.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Gentry's dog and pony show is in Mexico.

"The Lilliputian Circus" will be produced by Blaney next season.

"Quo Vadis" was produced for the first time in Paris on April 1 last.

Ward and Vokes will soon produce a new musical comedy, "The Head Waiters."

A Swedish translation of "Lady Windermere's Fan" was produced at Stockholm recently with much success.

Sarah Bernhardt may produce in Paris a dramatization of Henry Sienkiewicz's novel, "With Fire and Sword." The new poetical piece, "The Sleeping Beauty in the Woods," is to be produced by Sarah Bernhardt in her own theater.

Sadie Martinot is negotiating for a Broadway theater in which to produce Clyde Fitch's play, "The Marriage Game," next season.

From Monte Carlo comes the news that Christine Nilsson (the Countess de Miranda) has been rather successful at the roulette tables this season, and that "she always plays with gold."

The fashion of giving free accident insurance coupons with the programs is spreading fast in London music hall circles, and the Palace and the syndicate halls are now enrolled among those which do so.

The Clayton White-Marie Stuart company, which has produced "Dickey" over 300 consecutive times in vaudeville houses, is soon to present a new sketch on Parisian life. Mr. White may be starred in the Roland Reed plays next season.

James Doyle, the oldest living actor, who came to America several seasons ago with Sir Henry Irving, celebrated his 97th birthday at his home in Devonshire, Eng., on March 13. He is excellent health and spends most of his time working in his garden.

A Bostonian critic was sharp enough to discover an anachronism in the stage settings of Mansfield's "Henry V," and wonders why the lion and the unicorn appeared in the decorations a century or two before the union of Scotland and England. Mr. Mansfield has not yet explained.

La Pressa, the much heralded lightning change performer, is to make his metropolitan debut at Koth's on April 22. With La Pressa are twenty Mexicans, who help him behind the scenes in his act. They hold ready the garments into which he changes after leaving the view of the audience.

Tamango, the great Italian tenor, has been engaged for ten performances of "Othello" at the Grand Opera, Paris, but the engagement may be extended. The series begins early in May. At the same magnificent theater Wagner's "Siegfried" is announced for 1902, with Jean de Reszke in the title role and Mlle. Ackte as Brunhilde.

The Theater Sarah Bernhardt has been reopened in Paris with a new comedy, and the prices reduced to five francs ($1) for the best seats. It is also announced that "ladies will be allowed to retain their hats even in the orchestra stalls." This reduction of prices, oddly enough, takes place at a theater situated directly facing and only a few yards from the Chatelet, the playhouse which started the movement a few weeks ago.

Mlle. Chevalier, a Parisian dancer, is being sued by Baron von Heeckeren, who is chamberlain to the young queen of the Netherlands, to recover 946,000 francs' ($188,000) worth of presents which were given by his nephew, Baron von Heeckeren, of whom he is the guardian. He says his nephew is weak minded and irresponsible, and has been unduly influenced by Mlle. Chevalier. The lady's reply is that she has not unduly influenced the Baron Henrik, that he is neither weak minded nor irresponsible, that her acquaintance with him has extended over twenty years, and that she means to keep his gifts. The hearing of the case has been postponed.

When Victor Maurel was in opera everyone said he was that rarity of rarities, a singer who could act. Now he has appeared as a dramatic artist, the multitude, critics and private citizens avow that he is not for a moment an actor, and belongs solely to the lyric stage. And, strangely enough, both verdicts are correct. Maurel has done some splendid acting in opera—notably in Falstaff—but when he tried a legitimate role, in Le Je Ne Sais Quoi at the Theater Des Capucines the other evening he was, I am sorry to say, like a fish out of water. His performance was amateurish and unfinished, and he was only in his element when he sang a love song in the second act.—Paris letter in Dramatic Mirror.

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Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

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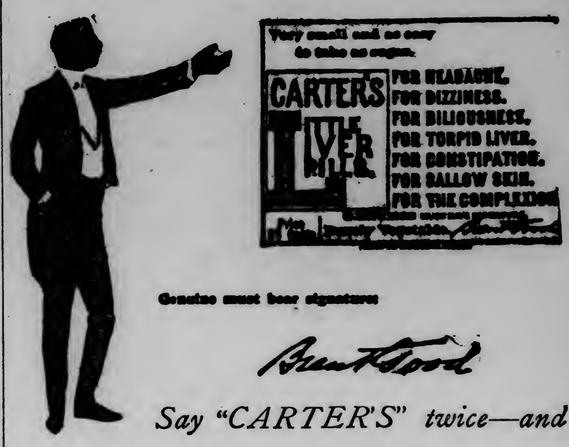

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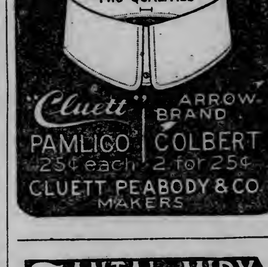

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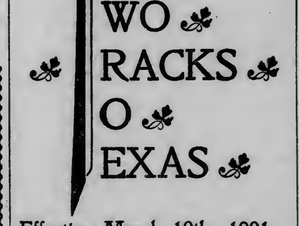

Effective March 10th, 1901, the

FRISCO LINE

Announces the Opening of its Red River Division ...To... Denison and Sherman, Texas.

Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

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Finest whiskey ever produced
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MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE:—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Angus R. Macfarlane and Catherine H. Macfarlane, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Saint Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eleventh day of June, 1894, at 2:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 102 of mortgages, on page 329.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said William E. Lucas, mortgagee, to Anna E. Seeney by written assignment dated the second day of July, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the third day of July, 1894, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages on page 43.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Anna E. Seeney the assignee and holder thereof, to Emma M. Emerick by written assignment dated the nineteenth day of July, 1899, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the twentieth day of July, 1899, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 151 of said mortgages page 417, said Emma M. Emerick being now the owner and owner of record thereof, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All of lot numbered three (3, in block six (6, in Hunter and Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Saint Louis County, Minnesota, said premises being situated in Saint Louis county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Saint Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the first day of May, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 15, A. D. 1901.
EMMA M. EMERICK,
Assignee of Mortgage.
WILLIAM D. BAILEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
500 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald. March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20-1901.

NOTICE.—All parties are hereby cautioned against purchasing any interest in the s½ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section 20, township 53, range 13. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds the title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud. CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE THEATER

Herrmann, the Magician, at the Lyceum.

Field's Minstrels Here On Monday Night.

Theater-goers of this city will certainly give Leon Herrmann, the world-famous magician, a warm welcome when he appears here this evening. Herrmann is favorably known and has appeared in every civilized country on both hemispheres. His adventures and travels read like a romance. He has appeared before nearly all the crowned heads of Europe and Asia, besides the reigning monarchs and presidents of South America and other portions of the globe. As a prestidigitator his reputation is world wide, and to mention the name Herrmann is to recall all that is mysterious in the black art to mind. Herrmann and magic are synonymous terms, and have been intertwined for many years. To speak of his marvelous feats of magic and wonderful legerdemain is not necessary, the fame of his performances is known to every man, woman and child in this country.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

There is no lack of comedy element in the performance of the Al G. Field greater minstrels, who come to the Lyceum Monday with all the superb singing and strong vaudeville features which Al G. Field has injected into the performance. There is an unusually ample ingredient of comedy. Al G. Field himself supplies much of this, and he is assisted by that always funny young man, Arthur Rigby. Then there is that old favorite, Tommy Donnelly, and that always welcome visitor, Doc Quigley, there is never any let up in the fun. Then there are Weston Greve and Staats in a musical act in which music and comedy are blended in just the right proportions. Of course there are plenty of other features, vocal and instrumental music of the highest order ever offered by a minstrel company, including Keyes and McDonald, grotesque athletes; Pascatel, an European importation, whose wonderful posturing acts are entirely new to this country; a tribe of Mameluke acrobats, etc., etc.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Very Hard Luck With "The Prima Donna."

New York, April 17.—If hard luck ever pursued a new production it surely has "The Prima Donna," which has kept the Herald Square theater dark for two weeks. Manager A. H. Chamberlyn met with many difficulties in rehearsal and other preparations but the blow that nearly killed him was when Mabelle Gilman broke down. Whether the doctors made a mistake in operating on her throat or not, the result has been most disastrous. Her present condition gives grave cause for alarm, and it will be impossible for her to return to the stage for some time, even if she recovers speedily. Chamberlyn did not give up hope till the last moment and then he had to scurry around for a substitute. He has found one in Lulu Glaser, and just as soon as she is nearer perfect the curtain will go up. The cost of the delay to Chamberlyn cannot fall far short of $10,000.

* * *

That 5-year contract between Dan Daly and Charles Frohman was, it appears, writ in sand. The festive Daniel is now to be seen along Broadway looking as happy as his facial make-up permits. The trouble was forecasted by George Lederer, who is the only man who can come anywhere near to "managing" Daly, as well as by every other theatrical light who has ever had Daly in tow. It arose when Frohman said Dan would go to England with Edna May in "The Girl From Up There." Daly retorted languidly that Frohman had another guess coming, and the discussion dragged along with indifferent results. When Edna May and her fello wbeauties sailed this week Dan wasn't even on the pier to see the company off. Now he announces that the proposed starring tour a la Frohman is all off. He has been holding mysterious conferences with Lederer.

Daly will probably accept an offer to take the principal comedy role in "My Lady," although it will be only for a short time. He is not fond of stepping into a show that has been produced without him, and his experience with Edna May bears out his theory. He undertook to throw some life into a twin role that had been boiled down to one. The parts were hopeless before Daly appeared, and while he improved it greatly it was not suited to him and he did not score the success Frohman had anticipated. This, too, had considerable to do with straining the relations between them. Daly will appear in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" for tomorrow night only at the Actors' fund benefit. His part will be Simon Legree. De Wolf Hopper will play Uncle Tom and the cotton picking scene will have a number of distinguished supers.

* * *

Trouble in one more happy home has been laid at the door of Charles Frohman. Guy Standing's wife, Blanche Burton, has been obliged to leave the stage so as to enjoy her hubby's company. Just as soon as their marriage was announced she was transferred from the Empire Stock company, in which Standing continued to play, and was sent out on the road with Ada Rehan. If an arrangement can be made whereby she will continue to play in and around New York, Miss Burton may be permitted to go back to the stage.

* * *

They are booming Alice Nellsen in London as "the only woman in the world with an opera company of her own." There is some more news for New Yorkers in the assertion given out to the British public that Eugene Cowles is "the best paid singer in America," his salary being placed reverently at a $500 a week.

* * *

Jim Corbett rung in a new story during his vaudeville turn this week. It was during the contest between Mr. Sullivan and himself at New Orleans that Jim's father got very much excited. With a true love for old Ireland in his heart he couldn't see how Jim could escape annihilation at the hands of the champion. During the fight the old man sat alongside an operator in San Francisco, and his comments on the early bulletins clearly indicated that he was still sure Jim would get killed. Then came this news: "Sullivan landed heavily on Corbett's stomach, making a sound as if he had hit a bass drum." This was too much for the old man, and he jumped up exclaiming excitedly: "Where are the police? Why don't they save Jim? He'll be killed sure." The bystanders were sympathetic, but anxious. A little later the telegraph ticked: "Corbett wins." There was a shout, but the old man never turned a hair when one man yelled: "Sullivan has whipped Sullivan." "Of course," he said, calmly as he could. "Why not? Sure Jim can lick a barroom full of Sullivans."

* * *

Mary Hampton will make an extended tour of the country next fall in "The Gay Mr. Goldstein." The management will be in the hands of Henry Greenwall.

* * *

News comes from London, in rumor shape, it is true, that Robert Taber is to take unto himself a new wife in the person of Miss Lena Ashwell. There will be some delay in the wedding, owing to the fact that Miss Ashwell has not yet succeeded in getting a divorce from her husband, Robert Playfair.

* * *

Everhart, the young Ohio hoop roller, has made a tremendous hit in London. He was engaged to appear for one month at the Tivoli, but before the first week was over his engagement was extended to four months at an increased salary.

* * *

Another American who has found good times abroad is Bully Burke, the clown. He had his comic mule act copyrighted all over Europe, and went abroad with the Barnum and Bailey show and made a hit. Now about a dozen performers are paying him royalties, and he and his wife are riding about London and enjoying life to the limit.

* * *

Miss Jessie Milward has secured "In the Palace of the King" for use in England. She will star in that and in "The Climbers" under the direction of Arthur Collins. He will return to London to secure a theater for his new attraction.

* * *

The tour arranged for Viola Allen will try her traveling qualities. A sample for one week will prove this, for it includes Wilmington, Del., Trenton, N. J., Lancaster, Pa., Easton, Pa., Binghamton, N. Y., and Scranton, Pa. A special train has been provided for the star and her "In the Palace of the King" company, and everything possible will be done to make the trip less arduous.

* * *

"The Casino Girl" was welcomed back to town in hearty fashion, and in many places it has been vastly improved by its sojourn abroad. An altogether new feature was the debut of a 90-pound Shetland pony, the smallest, so Manager George Lederer claims in the whole world. The chorus has many new and mighty pretty faces, and a dozen of the members are seeing the Tenderloin for the first time in their tender young lives. Just the same, there are a good many sighs of regret to see Lederer's name in electric light on the same block with the Casino, and yet not on that Moorish playhouse.

* * *

Another Indian maiden has been in town. She is Mlle. Chinquilla, a full-blooded Indian and daughter of Lone Star, who years ago was chief of the Chevennes. She was graduated from the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., and as she shyly admits, enjoyed a full-fledged romance before she hit the stage. It happened during her last school year that a handsome musician visited the institution and fell in love with her at first sight. Then followed an elopement and a hasty marriage. The natural sequence was vaudeville, and Chinquilla blossomed forth as a continuous singer. It takes a little of the edge off the interest in the dusky artist to have to add that she has a son at Carlisle, who she intends shall keep off the stage and wed an Indian maiden.

* * *

Now that it is practically settled that the Victoria will be in the hands of Klaw and Erlanger next season, the syndicate will control every house on Broadway except Wallacks and the Broadway. Oscar Hammerstein will remain as house manager, and the combination will do the booking. Oscar says he is tired of worrying over attractions, and is willing to let some one else have that part of it.

* * *

J. H. Gilmour is thinking seriously of never living outside of New York again. He planted his vine and fig tree up at Larchmont-on-the-Sound, and for a while enjoyed peace and quiet. Then he discovered that the life of a commuter is not a thing of joy or a beauty forever, or whatever other description of it is given by the land agent whose regard for the truth never interferes with business. Gilmour kicked at the New Haven road and the flinky trolley line that runs to the shore, and he signed protests and went to meetings. But now the last straw has been added to his burden. Some one has tried to burn down his house or his barn or something on his place. Anyway, Gilmour is mad clear through, and he wants to organize a lynching bee.

* * *

Maelyn Arbuckle does not yet know what he will do next season. He had hoped to star, and Joseph Brooks had undertaken to direct his course across the theatrical heavens. Now all bets are off, and all because Brooks couldn't find a play for him. Arbuckle says the chance of his lifetime is waiting for any manager who has a play that needs a first class, healthy, sober and industrious star who will aim to please.

* * *

Minnie Ashley has been enjoying a week of congratulations. Her return to "San Toy," after weeks of rest in a darkened room was a personal triumph to be very proud of. The welcome extended to her was prolonged and vigorous.

* * *

Quite a number of changes are on foot for the Empire Theater Stock company next season. It will be headed by Charles Richman and Margaret Anglin, but Charles Frohman will add to the old force several recruits from his other companies until it will number at least fifty. Of the old members to be re-engaged are Guy Standing, W. H. Thompson, Edwin Stevens, Joseph Wheelock, Jr., Lawrence D'Orsay, Oswald Yorke, Sidney Herbert, Miss Margaret Dale, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, Mrs. Jessie Busley, Miss Margaret Gordon and Miss Sara Perry.

* * *

Eddie Foy is the hero of an adventure. That is the way he tries to put it, but his friends think differently. With George Stiles and two friends of the female gender they headed from Koster & Bial's for a Sixth avenue resort, famous for lobsters. The quartet was packed into a night hawk cab like the proverbial sardine, and when the vehicle reached Sixth avenue and Forty-second street, a wheel came off. The bunch were trying to untangle themselves when the driver appeared at the door and smiled apologetically. Then he said he would collect the fares, as they would have to walk the rest of the way. "We'll pay you nothing," said Foy, with fierce indignation. "You ought to be sued for damages!" The cabbie, still smiling, slammed the door, and then Foy discovered the doors were so arranged that they could be opened only from the outside. The uncomfortable ones stood it for a few moments and then Foy offered to surrender. "Three dollars first," demanded the obdurate driver, and Foy had to hand it over.

* * *

Ted D. Marks, the irrepressible, effervescent and boutonniere wearing, had the time of his life at his concert last Sunday night. He had an idea which caused all the trouble. It was to have the audience photographed by the flashlight process, and before the artist lit the magnesium Marks addressed the crowd. He said:

"Copies of this photograph will be given away to every person purchasing a 50-cent seat next Sunday evening. I hope all you gentlemen with your wives and sweethearts will sit up straight and look your best. All gentlemen who are here with other men's wifes can hold their hands in front of their faces."

Any one who wants to buy a lot of first-class flash lights away under the market figure can be accommodated by addressing one Marks. Seven-tenths of the men in that photo ducked when the flash went off.

* * *

Liebler & Co. have learned that Havana is a bad place to do business in if you are an American. The prevailing idea is that money comes easy in the states and ought money comes easy in the states and ought to go easy in Cuba. When Manager George C. Tyler was in the island capital he engaged La Pressa, the Spanish actor, who can take 20 parts in 20 minutes. The quick change artist has been hired out to Keith, and J. C. Beebe, once a Wall street broker, was sent to Havana as the Liebler representative to bring La Pressa and his assistants to the North land. While waiting he was to pick up a couple of dancers for the vaudeville stage. This he did, and the aforesaid dancers proceeded to order everything in sight and charge it up to "Los Americanos." Beebe has had to flee and and the dancers will stay to settle up on their own account.

* * *

After all James A. Herne will not abandon the stage. He had made up his mind to do it, but reconsidering, he has decided to keep on with "Fag Harbor" next season. Meanwhile the play is going on with an understudy, and Herne will have a chance to recover his health this summer.

* * *

The mystery surrounding the new management of the Manhattan Theater seems to be clearing a bit. Harrison Gray Fiske has passed from the stage of denial to that of non-committal. All he will say now is, "I have long wanted a theater for Mrs. Minnie Maddern Fiske and may get one very shortly."

* * *

Melville Stoltz, erstwhile manager of the New York Theater for the Sires, has got up a theatrical corner and unloaded it on A. H. Chamberlyn for "My Lady." The corner includes Charmion, who disrobes on the first two rows of the audience, eight Geisha girls and the four Madcaps.

* * *

Manager Charles Schroeder, of the Madison Square Garden, has in mind a novel entertainment for the vast Auditorium this summer. It will be of a highly spectacular order, and will illustrate the wars in the Philippines, South Africa and China. There will be a vaudeville show on the roof at the same time.

* * *

George Fuller Golden has headed for West Baden, and according to all accounts he got away from town at a very good time. There are all kinds of trouble hinted at over the testimonial benefit planned for him by the White Rats at Ulster and Bial's. According to the programme mapped out by Golden's friends he is due to get a loving cup and a $500 purse. There was an assessment levied on the whole order with this object in view, and there is a world of grumbling because of it. A considerable portion of the White Rats are not at work, and they do not feel an enthusiasm over the founder of the order equal to that of their big salaried brethren.

* * *

May Buckley has nobly refrained from interfering further with the property believed to belong to young Moulton, the lovecrazed student who tried to shoot her. Miss Buckley's conduct, it must be confessed, is largely due to the action of the marshal in restoring to her two of her most valued treasurers. These are a bible "From Eva," almost brand new, and an insurance policy for $200. Two mortgage companies are fighting over the rest of the furniture.

* * *

"The Giddy Throng" will be moved bodily to Boston at the end of the present season. Mable Fenton will be the leading woman, but Louis Harrison and William Gould are to be replaced by Harry Bulger and Sherrie Mathews. Eddie Foy will take Dan McAvoy's part, also. The chorus and ballet will be transferred intact. The date of leaving is now fixed at May 3.

* * *

Caroline Gordon, who took Minnie Ashley's place in "San Toy," is to marry De Courcey Forbes, of Boston, whose family is worth millions, controlling the majority of the Bell telephone patents.

A PRETTY LITTLE OPERA.

A Mexico letter in the Dramatic Mirror says: "El Milagro de la Virgen," a 3-act operetta, recently given at the Principal, meets the requirements both of dialogue and music. I never see this really beautiful little opera but that I wish it might be produced in English. It is very musical and the argument is simple and charming. The author shows graceful imagination in having the Virgin, whose image is adored as miraculously by the girl Maria, intercede for her humble worshiper's safety at the moment when she is sorely in need. Dazzled by the protestations of a rich deceiver, on the point of leaving home, she kneels before the image and implores forgiveness for leaving her old father and the heart of her true lover, Mateo, and protection against the dangers that night and her surrender to this man so far above her may mean. She rises to go, and sees the roses, a love offering of Mateo, in her window. She wavers. The rich lover sings outside in the night. She must go to him. But as she starts a drowsiness comes over her. She falls into her fathr's great chair. The voice goes on singing, but the Holy Mother's arms are about her, the girl's eyes close in sleep, and the curtain falls. In acts second and third Maria is in the home of a beautiful and rich girl, who has taken a fancy to her and brought her there for a change of scene, unbeknown to her father, who comes, attended by the humble wooer, to seek his daughter. Maria has confided meantime to her kind hostess that she loves above her station. The hostess makes this clear to the father and the lover. At this point the villain enters, and he is recognized as the betrothed of Maria's benefactress. A violent scene follows. He denies that he has ever seen the girl. She denounces him as her betrayer, whereupon her father curses and disowns her. In the last act Maria comes, a homeless wanderer, to her native village, to find her father dead, and Mateo, her former handsome young lover, a blind old man. His love rekindles at the sound of Maria's voice; but the wretched girl, shunned by the women of the village, resolves to enter the cloister. She goes to her old home to pray for her father. While alone in the house the betrayer coms in search of her. She screams for help and while the blind Mateo is groping his way to her aid, she stabs her seducer, and flies from the house a murderess. The scene changes swiftly, and behold, Maria fast asleep in the great chair in the garden. She has dreamed it all. She moans in her sleep then screams and awakens. She calls piteously, "Father." The good man enters and clasps her in his arms. Then comes the would-be deceiver to ask why she has not kept her tryst with him. She repels him in horror. The faithful Mateo comes, and seeing his roses still in Maria's window, he taks it as a sign of her acceptance, and folds her in his arms, where she is glad enough to be.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Gentry's dog and pony show is in Mexico.

"The Lilliputian Circus" will be produced by Blaney next season.

"Quo Vadis" was produced for the first time in Paris on April 1 last.

Ward and Vokes will soon produce a new musical comedy, "The Head Waiters."

A Swedish translation of "Lady Windermere's Fan" was produced at Stockholm recently with much success.

Sarah Bernhardt may produce in Paris a dramatization of Henry Sienkiewicz's novel, "With Fire and Sword." The new poetical piece, "The Sleeping Beauty in the Woods," is to be produced by Sarah Bernhardt in her own theater.

Sadie Martinot is negotiating for a Broadway theater in which to produce Clyde Fitch's play, "The Marriage Game," next season.

From Monte Carlo comes the news that Christine Nilsson (the Countess de Miranda) has been rather successful at the roulette tables this season, and that "she always plays with gold."

The fashion of giving free accident insurance coupons with the programs is spreading fast in London music hall circles, and the Palace and the syndicate halls are now enrolled among those which do so.

The Clayton White-Marie Stuart company, which has produced "Dickey" over 300 consecutive times in vaudeville houses, is soon to present a new sketch on Parisian life. Mr. White may be starred in the Roland Reed plays next season.

James Doyle, the oldest living actor, who came to America several seasons ago with Sir Henry Irving, celebrated his 97th birthday at his home in Devonshire, Eng., on March 13. He is excellent health and spends most of his time working in his garden.

A Bostonian critic was sharp enough to discover an anachronism in the stage settings of Mansfield's "Henry V," and wonders why the lion and the unicorn appeared in the decorations a century or two before the union of Scotland and England. Mr. Mansfield has not yet explained.

La Pressa, the much heralded lightning change performer, is to make his metropolitan debut at Keith's on April 22. With La Pressa are twenty Mexicans, who help him behind the scenes in his act. They hold ready the garments into which he changes after leaving the view of the audience.

Tamango, the great Italian tenor, has been engaged for ten performances of "Othelia" at the Grand Opera, Paris, but the engagement may be extended. The series begins early in May. At the same magnificent theater Wagner's "Siegfried" is announced for 1902, with cJan de Reszke in the title role and Mlle. Ackte as Brunhilde.

The Theater Sarah Bernhardt has been reopened in Paris with a new comedy, and the prices reduced to five francs ($1) for the best seats. It is also announced that "ladies will be allowed to retain their hats even in the orchestra stalls." This reduction of prices, oddly enough, takes place at a theater situated directly facing and only a few yards from the Chatelet, the playhouse which started the movement a few weeks ago.

Mlle. Chevalier, a Parisian dancer, is being sued by Baron von Heeckeren, who is chamberlain to the young queen of the Netherlands, to recover 946,000 francs' ($189,000) worth of presents which were given by his nephew, Baron von Heeckeren, of whom he is the guardian. He says his nephew is weak minded and irresponsible, and has been unduly influenced by Mlle. Chevalier. The lady's reply is that she has not wiled the affections of the Baron Henrik, that duly influenced the Baron Henrik, that he is neither weak minded nor irresponsible, that her acquaintance with him has extended over twenty years, and that she means to keep his gifts. The hearing of the case has been postponed.

When Victor Maurel was in opera everyone said he was that rarity of rarities, a singer who could act. Now he has appeared as a dramatic artist, the multitude, critics and private citizens avow that he is not for a moment an actor, and belongs solely to the lyric stage. And, strangely enough, both verdicts are correct. Maurel has done some splendid acting in opera—notably his Falstaff—but when he tried a legitimate role, in Le Je Ne Sais Quoi at the Theater Des Capucines the other evening he was, I am sorry to say, like a fish out of water. His performance was amateurish and unfinished, and he was only in his element when he sang a love song in the second act.—Paris letter in Dramatic Mirror.

Grand Ball

Given by Lady Foresters of Court 222 at Hunter's hall, Tuesday evening, April 30. La Brosse's orchestra. Fisher prompter.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.
McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.
The Popular Price— Theater of Duluth. TONIGHT and every night this week.
Not a Minute Behind the Times | North Bros.' Superb Company. Presenting Tonight | Prices 10c 20c 30c No higher
The Great French Play
"CAMILLE."
New specialties. Big continuous show. Reserved seats at L'Richeux's Drug Store and Smith & Smith's. Children's matinee Saturday. All hill street cars pass the theater.

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E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
ONE NIGHT—TONIGHT.
The World Renowned Prestidigitator,
Herrmann
THE GREAT,
In a monster program of New Magical Sensations, accompanied by
5—NOSSES—5
Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
MONDAY, APRIL 22.
The Al. G. Field Greater Minstrels.
Oldest! Biggest! Best! 50—People—50—An entire Train of Palace Cars! The Most Expensive Organization of Its Kind in Existence. 12—A Tribe of Mamelukes—12. The Old World's Greatest Acrobats, presenting the Oriental Spectacle, "The Fete at Mecca. Al. G. Field, Arthur Rigby, Tommy Donnelly, Doc Quigley, Pascatel, the Nondescript, the Man with a Hundred Forms. "A Night in Paris During the Exposition." Blackford Bros., the Three Musical Kings. Keys and McDonald, the Grotesque Athletes. Watch for the Big Street Pageant. Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

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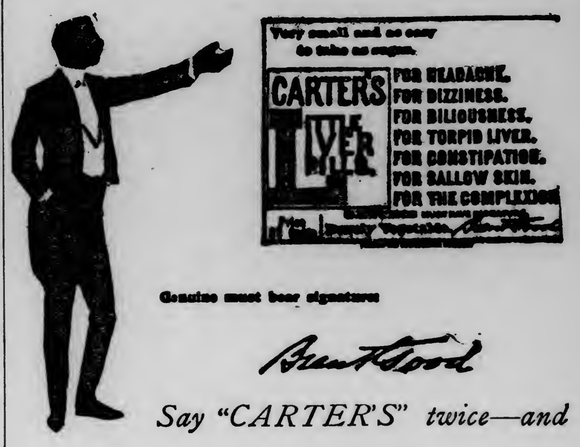

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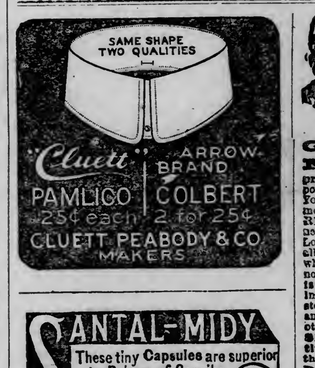

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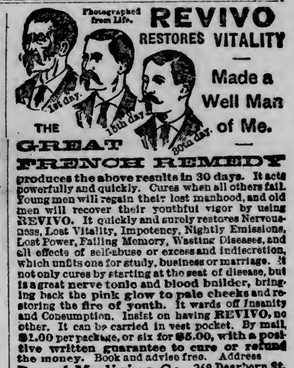

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produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address
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For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

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Effective March 10th, 1901, the
FRISCO LINE
Announces the Opening of its
Red River Division
...To...
Denison and Sherman, Texas.
Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the
Shortest Line to Texas

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.
Finest whiskey ever produced
"My Office"
Room D, Torrey Bldg.
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KIDNEY CRIPPLES

Are you one of those Kidney Cripples with a weak back? Can't stand up erect without those sharp pains in small of the back. Waken up in the night with distress in the kidneys, which makes you restless and unable to sleep well. You are in danger of Bright's Disease and should correct the trouble at once with

LINCOLN TEA

The herbs of this wonderful remedy act directly on the kidneys and correct any disorders of those vital organs quicker than any other remedy.

The only certain cure for Constipation. It acts without a gripe, while you sleep. One dose does the work.

It acts promptly and effectually but gently, without a gripe or pain.

TRY IT.

A 100-Page Book of Stories and Anecdotes of Abraham Lincoln free with every 25-cent package.
ALL DRUGGISTS.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Angus R. Macfarlane and Catherine H. Macfarlane, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Saint Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eleventh day of June, 1894, at 2:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 102 of mortgages, on page 529.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said William E. Lucas, mortgagee, to Anna E. Seeney by written assignment dated the second day of July, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the third day of July, 1894, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 103 of mortgages on page 43.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Anna E. Seeney the assignee and holder thereof, to Emma M. Emerick by written assignment dated the nineteenth day of July, 1899, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the twentieth day of July, 1899, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 151 of said mortgages page 417, said Emma M. Emerick being now the owner and owner of record thereof, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All of lot numbered three (3, in block six (6), in Hunter and Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Saint Louis County, Minnesota, said premises being situated in Saint Louis county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Saint Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the first day of May, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 15, A. D. 1901.
EMMA M. EMERICK,
Assignee of Mortgage.
WILLIAM D. BAILEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
500 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20-1901.

NOTICE.—All parties are hereby cautioned against purchasing any interest in the s½ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section 20, township 58, range 19. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds the title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud. CHARLES EDMONDSON.
Cloquet, Minn.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Bert Morrison left Saturday of last week for Biwabik.

Ed McIntosh left Saturday morning for Portland, Ore., where he will reside in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. James Carey left Saturday morning for their home at Biwabik, after a week's visit with friends in this city.

George Champlin, of Duluth, is in the city, taking the place of Sam Rapson for a few days on the train.

The first shoot of the Ely Rod and Gun club took place Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Carmichael and daughter were up from Biwabik Tuesday to attend the marriage of their niece, Miss Annie Bale.

F. S. Colvin was up from Biwabik Wednesday to attend the wedding of Mr. Wunder and Miss Bale.

Louis Beuerman is taking the run of conductor this week in the place of Conductor Cornell, who is taking a vacation.

Charles Forsman is in the city visiting friends.

Rev. Father Buh spent Monday in Tower.

Mrs. E. Osterberg returned home Monday after a few days visit at Duluth.

Dr. G. T. Ayres returned home Saturday evening after spending a short vacation in Chicago.

Louis Sletten was a Duluth visitor Monday, going down Saturday.

George Shistanch and Mary Rosmar, Jacob Yelk and Katie Muhovich, Matt Lanstick and Mary Belaus, are to wed Sunday.

Miss Maggie Morton, accompanied by her nephew, Oliver Vivian, came up from Soudan Saturday evening. They returned home Tuesday.

Joseph LeDuc and family left for Duluth Monday, where they will make their home in the future.

Miss Lillie Bloomfield returned to her school duties at Duluth, Tuesday, after spending two weeks or more visiting friends in this city.

Murphy's camp on Burntside lake discontinued logging operations this week. The crew is now employed in building a dam in the rapids about a mile below the falls on Burntside river.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Rogers spent Tuesday in this city.

R. J. Whiteside returned Monday from his trip to Beaver Bay.

Gustaf Matilla will build a new building in the rear of the Temperance hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Whiteside, of Duluth, spent Monday in this city.

John Glode, of the Exchange hotel, spent the larger part of this week in Duluth.

A. Kitto was up from Tower Monday evening on business.

E. A. Roberts and family left Wednesday morning for Oregon, where they intend to reside in the future. Mr. Roberts has leased his barber shop to Norman McDonald, formerly of this city, but of late of West Superior.

Mrs. E. M. Kole left Wednesday morning for a visit with relatives at Minneapolis.

Charles Berglund, of Tower, was in the city a few days this week.

Richard Chins spent Wednesday in Tower.

John Handy left for the West Wednesday morning.

Miss Alvah Locket spent a few days in Tower visiting friends this week.

The Myrtle Vinton company is holding the boards at the Opera house this week. They are playing to crowded houses every night.

About two inches of snow fell here Monday and Tuesday.

John Grebene and Annie Kral are to be married this week.

The Pioneer mine commenced shipment Tuesday. The steam shovel was put to work and it is expected that a good shipment of ore will be made. The Chandler shovel will in all probability start the first of the week.

At an early hour Wednesday morning Dr. Henry E. Wunder and Miss Annie Bale became united in holy matrimony. Only a few friends of the family were present. After the wedding the young couple left for a short trip to St. Paul, Minneapolis and other cities. Mr. Wunder during his residence in this city for five years or more, has made many friends. The bride has resided here for six years or more, and during all that time has been a prominent member of society. After the return of their trip the young couple will reside at Two Harbors.

E. S. Howe left Monday morning for the Western country. He will visit Washington, Oregon and perhaps Idaho.

The Oliver Iron company explorations at Mud creek has ceased.

W. T. James is spending the week in Chicago.

Mrs. Emily Dennis, who has resided here for about seven years, died Wednesday evening at her home of heart trouble. Mrs. Dennis was taken suddenly ill after noon Wednesday and constantly grew worse until 6 o'clock, when she expired. She was a sister of Manager John Pengilly, of the Chandler mine, and leaves three sons and three daughters to mourn her loss. The funeral will occur Saturday from the M. E. church, Rev. Logan officiating.

Rev. and Mrs. Logan left yesterday for Duluth, having two children of Ben. Ferguson, whom they are placing in the Children's home. The mother deserted her husband and children in Minneapolis about a year ago, and has made her home in Ely up to a month ago.

The new city council met Tuesday evening and transacted important business. John Slattery was appointed city electrician. William Beau appointed police officer for night duty. The appointment of the chief of police and city attorney was laid over until next regular meeting. The council appointed Peter Schofer and P. T. Brownell as auditing committee to draw up a new set of books for the clerk, treasurer and electrician.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Gratz and daughter, Julia, of Duluth, spent Sunday here, the guest of Mrs. Segl.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink and daughter, Florence, and Mrs. M. S. Brink were in Duluth Saturday.

Rev. Hoag, of West Duluth, visited the Smithville Sunday school Sunday.

The boys are getting their fishing tackle ready and are waiting patiently for the season to open. The ice is out of St. Louis river and Spirit lake.

Axel Peterson was in Duluth Monday.

Walter Dash, of Duluth, spent Sunday here with his uncle, A. Overton.

Florence Brink and Annie Segl rode to Duluth on their bicycles Monday.

P. Gilly, of West Duluth, is hauling a lot of lumber from off the bluff.

Mrs. M. S. Brink met with quite a serious accident Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Hersey and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hogeboom, of Duluth, spent Sunday here the guests of Mrs. C. E. Brink.

Albert Overton transacted business in West Duluth Saturday.

The residents here are delighted over the return of Miss Mildred Downey, the principal of Smithville school.

Swan Johnson, of West Superior, was visiting his family here Sunday.

Dennis Sullivan, who spent the past few months at Austin, Minn., returned to his home at Spirit Lake.

J. Swanson, of New Duluth, was visiting here Thursday.

Mrs. D. W. Harkins spent Wednesday in Duluth.

Miss F. Hanson, of Duluth, is spending the week here with Mrs. W. H. Smith.

Mrs. S. Jacobson, of New Duluth, who spent the past week here with Mrs. Ed Johnson returned home.

Mrs. W. H. Smith spent Wednesday in West Duluth.

Word was received from our former resident, William Harbor, who enlisted in the navy three years ago as an ordinary seaman on the Gloucester and later master-at-arms on the Willington, that he will return home this month.

August Nelson made a business trip to Duluth this week.

A. LaVague, of New Duluth, was visiting friends in Smithville Thursday.

Jula Moline spent Sunday at West Duluth.

John Hettinger, of Duluth, spent Thursday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nic Hettinger.

A. G. Renstrom made a business trip to Duluth Wednesday.

Jessie Crawford and Andrew Westland, of New Duluth, were in Smithville Monday.

Mrs. Eva Edward was in Duluth Tuesday.

Representative Laybourne, of Duluth, was in Smithville Thursday.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hon. Neil McInnis has returned from a business trip to Tower.

Dr. H. F. Bertram, who has conducted a dental office in Eveleth for some time, has closed up and gone to his home at Monticello, Minn., for a short visit with relatives, after which he will probably locate at Luverne. Dr. Bertram is very popular both in business and social circles and much regret is expressed at his departure and best wishes for his success attend him wherever he may locate.

L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, was in Eveleth the fore part of the week on business.

United States Indian Agent W. S. Campbell, is visiting his son, Frank Campbell.

William Coss and family, of Tower, are visiting friends in the city for a few days.

Samuel H. Owens, of Tower, was in Eveleth on business last Saturday.

Capt. J. J. Hayes, of Duluth, was in the city Monday and Tuesday. It is rumored that he intends to locate in Eveleth and engage in business.

Arthur Greiser, cashier of the O. D. Kinney bank, spent Sunday in Duluth with relatives.

The Fayal club gave another very enjoyable dancing party at the Fayal hall last Friday evening. Di Marco Bros'. orchestra of Duluth furnished the music. The club will give one more dance this season, sometime in May.

Dr. C. W. More returned from Milwaukee and Chicago last week, where he has been buying supplies and furnishings for his new hospital. Eveleth can now boast of two good hospitals.

Max Stipetich is circulating a petition to be presented to the city council, to have his license re-granted to him, it having been revoked on charge of running a disorderly house. As yet the council has taken no action.

Miss Corrie Barrett returns Saturday to St. Mary's school at Faribault, where she has spent the past winter.

Mrs. Neil McInnis and Mrs. W. J. Smith and daughter, Marcella, left on Monday for a two weeks' visit with Mrs. F. A. Hoyt, of St. Cloud.

Miss Helen Morrison, of Duluth, who has been visiting Miss Corrie Barrett, has returned home, where she will spend a few days and then go on to St. Mary's at Faribault.

Steps are being taken to organize the village of Eveleth into a corporation.

Ned J. Farrand was in the city on business Wednesday from Virginia.

Alfred J. Carlin has returned from a trip to Minneapolis and St. Paul, where he has been purchasing goods for the firm of Jensen & Carlin.

Miss Corille Barrett visited in Duluth a couple of days this week.

P. E. Dowling was in Duluth on business several days this week.

Robert N. Harrison, of St. Cloud, is in the city, a guest of W. H. Smith. It is understood that he will connect himself with one of the mining companies and permanently locate.

W. C. Colbraith was in the city on business Tuesday.

Paul Haight, of West Superior, is in the city for a week's business.

Mrs. Osborn is visiting her daughter, Miss Maybert at Cragencroft school, Duluth.

John Costin, Jr., of Virginia, was in the city on business Wednesday.

C. A. Whitman, president of the First National bank, returned to Tower Thursday after doing business here for a couple of days.

Fred McQuade, of Duluth, is in the city on business.

Mrs. J. Sibbett went to Duluth on Tuesday on a business trip.

The appointment of Hon. Neil McInnis as county commissioner for this district gives general satisfaction in Eveleth and Mr. McInnis is very busy receiving congratulations.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Kilk transacted business at Biwabik Tuesday.

The Genoa Iron company commenced ore shipments from their mine Monday. The Chandler mine at Ely commenced also this week.

George E. Wolfe, agent for the Duluth & Iron Range at Hornby visited with his brother, A. L. Wolfe, here over Sunday.

S. H. Owens, of Tower, has been appointed yardmaster for the Duluth & Iron Range at Fayal, vice J. C. Becker resigned.

Mrs. M. McCarthy, of the Elba, visited with relatives at Two Harbors this week.

The Union mine, Virginia, commenced their first ore shipments this week. This is a new mine and their ore is to be handled by the Duluth & Iron Range railway.

A. Sikovski, of Two Harbors, is working on the ore run between Biwabik and Fayal.

The Enright hotel, Biwabik, reopened for the season Monday.

The Drake & Stratton company have shipped a large part of their stripping equipment to Buffalo, N. Y., where they have a large contract.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. D. D. Lilley was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

The Duluth & Iron Range pand off their employes here on Tuesday.

The ore receipts now average about 225 cars daily, and the docks are about a third full.

Herb Gassford has returned from St. Paul, where he spent the winter.

William Roleff has opened a barber shop on the North Shore hotel.

A festival will be given at the Norden hall this evening by the young ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church.

L. Bergstein has moved his clothing store into his fine new quarters in the new LaForce block.

Mrs. M. McCarthy, of McKinley, visited with her sister, Mrs. R. J. Sewell over Sunday.

Railroad Commissioner J. G. Miller was up from St. Paul a few days this week.

The Lunz sawmill at Waldo started work for the season this week. A spur track has been laid to the mill by the Duluth & Iron Range.

L. D. Rose opened his new branch store and bicycle agency and repair shop in the brick block this week.

J. M. Hickox has completed the addition to his Poplar street property.

The thermometer registered 15 degrees below the freezing point Wednesday morning.

The contractors are getting things in shape to resume work on the breakwater extensions for the season.

Mrs. J. E. Kellogg was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

B. E. Andrews transacted business at Duluth Wednesday.

H. R. Joglin, of Mesaba, transacted business here on Saturday.

Henry Gratton departed Saturday for Tower, where he has accepted a position with the Duluth & Iron Range.

The city fathers have authorized the building of an addition to the fire hall on Second avenue, for the use of the city electrician for a repair shop and a store room.

Some unknown parties broke into A. Levin's liquor store on First avenue early Wednesday morning and stole three watches, some notes and cigars, and also took about $20 in money from the cash register.

Charles Johnsen and Joseph Mack were discharged from the pest house Monday.

Fred Flora has returned from St. Augustine, Fla., where he spent the winter and has resumed his duties as engineer for the Duluth & Iron Range.

Dr. H. E. Wunder, assistant at the Budd hospital, and Miss Annis Bale, one of the most popular of Ely's young ladies, were married at the latter place Wednesday evening. They will make this place their home.

Joseh Witherby has been appointed game warden for this county.

Representative W. L. A. Burg returned from St. Paul Saturday.

H. E. Lewis has returned from a month's vacation spent in the southern part of the state.

S. Spurbeck visited with his parents at Duluth over Sunday.

H. O. Fowler has decided to discontinue his butter, egg and produce business, and is closing out his stock.

The locomotive firemen's eleventh annual ball was given at the Norden hall last evening. The attendance was large, and an excellent time was had.

The E. T. Carrington stopped here Wednesday on a trip up the north shore, being the first boat of the season.

The county commissioners will hold their next meeting on May 5.

Mr. Marion, of Tower, transacted business here Monday.

There is still considerable snow left in the woods.

D. E. McCarthy transacted business at Duluth Thursday.

Thomas Polkinghorne, of Ely, visited with friends here over Sunday.

C. S. Cable, of Duluth, was in town Thursday.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. E. Morcom, Jr., of Ely, were visiting relatives here a few days of this week.

R. Metcalfe, scaler of logs for the Tower Lumber company, returned Tuesday evening from his home at Duluth.

Albert Jochem, bookkeeper for the Tower Logging Railway company, returned Wednesday evening from an extended visit at Minneapolis.

G. A. Whiteman, president of the First State bank, was transacting business at Eveleth the first of the week.

Mrs. John Sodaquist and family left Monday morning for Eveleth to join her husband, and will reside there.

Fred Merrill returned Thursday evening from his several days' business trip at Duluth.

Rev. Father Buh was down from Ely the first of the week.

Oscar Bystrom, of Ely, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the city.

Mis Katie Kinney returned to Duluth Monday after a short visit with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Oppel.

Deputy Sheriff C. C. Pickard was in Mesaba Tuesday.

M. Dooley and Dick Wallace, of Ely, were callers in the city over Sunday.

Mrs. G. A. Whitman returned Saturday evening from Duluth.

Archie Phillips, deputy game and fish warden, returned Saturday evening from his trip to Grand Rapids.

Oscar Kolb returned Wednesday evening from his few days' business at Duluth.

Mrs. L. Bentson returned Tuesday morning from her short visit at Ely.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Coon came up from Ashland, Wis., the first of the week.

George Hardy was down from Ely the first of the week.

Dr. W. W. Richardson, of Soudan, was in Ely Monday.

Ed. Eysterberg returned to Mesaba, after spending Sunday at Soudan.

Miss Maggie Hunter returned Tuesday from her extended visit among Ely friends.

John Purdy left Monday morning for Pike River, where he will do the cooking for the driving crew.

Alex Cameron has leased the Pioneer livery barn from Tuffie Brouilette, and will run a first-class livery in all respects.

Mrs. George Govett, of Soudan, left this week for her new home at Stillwater.

Rev. J. F. B. Smith, pastor of the M. E. church at Hibbing, visited Rev. E. B. Ellis, of Soudan, the first of the week.

W. Julley, wife and family left Saturday morning for Lower Michigan.

Capt. E. Morcom returned Wednesday evening from Duluth.

Andy Mattson came up from Biwabik Tuesday for a few days' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Maxwell, formerly of this place, but now of Eveleth, were visiting friends here this week.

Mrs. A. I. Cramer came up from Sparta Tuesday evening for a few days' visit with her parents.

Mrs. W. Coss returned Monday evening from her short visit at Eveleth.

J. Merrill returned Tuesday evening from his several days' business trip at Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Tait came up from Biwabik Saturday evening.

James Enright, who has been working at the depot for the past month, returned to Biwabik Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Townsend returned Thursday evening from their short visit in Duluth.

Will Cox and Sam Rapson, of Ely, were callers in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. George Williams, of Ely, spent Sunday with relatives at Soudan.

M. F. Marion was transacting business in Two Harbors a few days of this week.

E. Merrill, J. Mahady, Jr., J. Sherman and son Clifford, left Tuesday morning for a weeks' cruising trip out the country road.

E. W. Lunn, general manager of the Finish Stock company, was visiting his family at Ely over Sunday.

Dr. Deitz, the dentist, returned Thursday morning to Ironwood, Mich.

Thomas J. Walsh was a Duluth visitor the first of the week.

Deputy Sheriff W. Bates, of Duluth, was a business caller here Wednesday.

Mrs. James Tippett entertained the Ladies' Aid society at her home in North Third street, Wednesday afternoon.

Neil McInnis was up from Eveleth Saturday.

Miss Dolan left Tuesday morning for an extended visit among relatives at Stillwater.

A. S. Kitto was in Duluth a few days of this week.

Miss Nellie Bentson returned this evening from her Duluth visit.

Misses Minnie and Anna Enright came up from Biwabik Friday evening to attend the dance given by the Lady Maccabees at the City Opera house.

Capt. Walter S. Lloyd was up from Duluth the first of the week.

Dan Haley returned Monday evening from Duluth with a large crew of men for his log drive on Willow river.

Mrs. Samuel Luke, who has been attending to her sister, Mrs. Ned Coombe, of Sparta, returned to her home at Soudan the first of the week.

Miss Sherpy returned Wednesday evening from her week's visit among relatives at Northfield.

Miss Anna Stone returned to her home at Duluth Monday, after several days' visit among her many friends here.

August Lee left the first of the week for his home at Sumitt, N. D., after several days' business here.

Mrs. J. H. Whittlesey returned Thursday evening from her visit at Duluth.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Ida Phelps and Joseph Wege were united in marriage by Rev. P. Knudsen at the home of the bride's parents, in New Duluth Saturday, April 13. A dinner was given next day to the friends of the happy couple.

Mrs T. E. Bowles spent Saturday in Duluth.

Miss S. A. Smith was a caller in the city Saturday.

Rev. P. Knudsen left for Willow River Saturday and returned Monday.

Paul Shaff spent Saturday in Duluth.

Mrs. A. La Vague, who was taken to the Woman's hospital Sunday to be operated upon, was found too weak to undergo the operation, and is now in a very critical condition.

Albert La Salle was given a farewell party by his young friends Monday evening at the home of J. Bartz. He left Tuesday for West Duluth.

A. J. Munroe moved his household effects into Fred Hermann's house on Ninety-eighth avenue, Monday.

Ployed at the box factory, and will again make New Duluth his home.

M. McIntyre, who has been visiting his mother in Nova Scotia the past winter, was in town Tuesday. He will remain in the city a few days, after which he will leave for the Klondike region in Alaska.

The machine shop in the Hurd Refrigerator factory was closed for the season on Saturday.

Fred Hermann and John Bernt did business in the city Tuesday.

The St. Louis river was cleared of ice Monday.

Henry Dumas left Tuesday for his home in Grand Rapids, Mich.

Rev. and Mrs. Knudsen are attending the presbytery meeting at Glen Avon this week.

Miss Maud Miller gave a tea party to a number of the young ladies in town. They enjoyed themselves immensely, and agree that Miss Miller is a very entertaining hostess. Those present were Maud Miller, Estner Johnson, Constance Willner, Belle Crawford and Caroline Klehm.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Wills spent Saturday in Duluth.

Mrs. Frank Brand has been ill a few days this week. She was attended by Dr. Graham, of West Duluth.

Joe La Salle moved his family to West Duluth Thursday.

Andrew Johnson spent Thursday in Duluth.

Nils Willner, of West Duluth, called on friends here Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merrick, Miss Edith Melhorn and Julia La Salle and Louis La Salle and John Jones, all of West Duluth, attended the club dance Saturday evening.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The large contract work on the Missabe railroad extension came to a sudden stop Tuesday, when a message was received by the manager of the contracting company saying that all the men should be paid up, and that all work being done should be brought to a stop. The reason for this act was not given but it is probably due either to the consolidation of the roads by the new steel trust, or else it has been decided not to operate the Stevens mine this summer, in which case the new extension would not be necessary. The mine is about eleven miles away from the present tracks of the Missabe and the whole distance was of such a character necessitating a great amount of labor and great expense. The mine is only three miles distant from the Iron Range tracks at Mesaba, so if the two roads were consolidated, as it is claimed, the ore will likely to be hauled from the Iron Range, instead of from the Missabe railroad. The work has been giving employment to about 400 men at both ends of the line, and that number will be thrown out of employment. It is estimated that almost $150,000 has been spent on this spur, which was about one-third completed. Two large trestles had been started, and work on these was also suspended. This shut down will materially lessen the prospects for the coming season, as the work would have normally been continued until Aug. 15 or September.

John Johnson returned Saturday from a few days' visit in Duluth and Minneapolis.

J. B. Densmore was a Duluth visitor Monday.

Miss Janet Carmichael was a visitor at Ely Monday.

Anthony Prayor returned to Tower Monday, after several weeks' visit here with his grandparents.

Mrs. Bachellor returned to her home at Two Harbors Monday, after a few days' visit with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. George Mewhinney moved to Hibbing the first of the week, where Mr. Mewhinney will be employed as cashier of the Drake & Stratton company, at the Stevenson mine, near that place.

Miss Tipple, of Elba, was a Biwabik visitor Tuesday.

N. B. Shank was in Duluth on business Wednesday.

H. G. Seeley was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

Joseph Elson, of St. Paul, was a Biwabik visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carey returned from a visit at Ely Saturday.

George H. Savage, of Chicago, was a local visitor Thursday.

M. Zalk, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor Thursday.

Considerable snow fell here on April 16 to 17, and the temperature fell below the freezing point. This will delay work somewhat, as it will cause the ground to remain frozen for a longer period.

The Biwabik Social club is making preparations for a dance to be given Friday evening at the village hall.

W. J. Kinnefick is renovating the interior of the building that he has purchased from William Housel, and will fit it up for a saloon.

Senator E. B. Hawkins came down to the range for a few days this week.

John Berg transacted business in Duluth the first of the week.

O. Peterson was in Duluth on business Monday.

Fred Lerch, chemist at the Biwabik mine, is having a cottage erected on Canton avenue, opposite the Iron Mountain house.

William O'Hara was in Duluth on official business the first of the week.

Frank Erkes came down from Two Harbors the first of the week, and resumed his work at the Iron Range yards.

B. F. Greene visited with friends at Two Harbors Friday.

George Jones came down from West Superior Monday, and will be employed here the coming summer.

J. F. Hildebrand, of Duluth was in this village on business Saturday.

John Mattison came back from Duluth Biwabik.

Bert Morrison, of Ely, spent Sunday in Friday, where he had been spending a part of the winter.

P. L. Webster, of West Superior, was in Biwabik on business Monday.

J. B. Budenbach, of Detroit, Mich., was in Biwabik Thursday.

Frank Hayes, of Biwabik, spent Sunday with friends in Biwabik.

J. A. Jodrell, of Tower, was registered at Hill's hotel Monday.

T. M. Arther, of Proctor, was in Biwabik Tuesday.

Harry Wheeler, of Duluth, called on Biwabik friends Tuesday.

Harry Lewis has returned from his trip to Minneapolis, and to British Columbia, and will be employed at the Iron Range this summer.

M. Medford, of Chicago, was a Biwabik visitor Tuesday.

F. L. Magle, of Duluth, transacted business in Biwabik Wednesday.

Superintendent Carmichael, of the Duluth mine, was a Duluth visitor Thursday.

F. S. Colvin looked after his business interests in Two Harbors Thursday.

Mrs. A. H. Pinkham, of West Superior, arrived in Biwabik Tuesday, and will make her home here the coming summer.

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Work at pumping out the Hale mine, which was so badly flooded during the heavy floods of last fall, will be pumped out and operated when the present cold spell will be over. This mine last year shipped about 50,000 tons of ore.

Len Lens, of Milwaukee, called on local friends Thursday.

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HIBBING.

Hibbing, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—S. R. Kirby, cashier of the First National bank of this place, was a business visitor in Duluth the early part of the week.

Louis Osthoff, one of the pioneers of this village, left with his wife Wednesday for Oregon.

James Gandsey, who was one of the candidates for county commissioner, returned home from Duluth Wednesday.

John Munter is enjoying a visit from his father, who arrived from Sweden Monday.

Leonard Hooker has returned from a business trip to St. Paul.

M. Gleason and wife visited Virginia a few days this week.

Rev. J. T. B. Smith of the M. E. church, was a visitor on the Vermilion range the past week.

R. E. Patterson, state boiler inspector, has been here all week on official business.

The school board has advertised for bids for the erection of the proposed new school building on the Pilisbury addition. It is to cost about $30,000.

Senator E. B. Hawkins spent a couple of days here this week with his numerous friends.

George Cannon, of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, has accepted a position in the real estate and insurance company now being started here.

Andrew Haglund, who enlisted in the army in September, 1899, and was sent to the Philippine islands, returned home Monday. He was retreated to the consolidation of the roads by the new steel trust, or else it has been decided not to operate the Stevens mine this summer, in which case the new extension would not be necessary. The mine is about eleven miles away from the present tracks of the Missabe and the whole distance was of such a character necessitating a great amount of labor and great expense. The mine is only three miles distant from the Iron Range tracks at Mesaba, so if the two roads were consolidated, as it is claimed, the ore will likely to be hauled from the Iron Range, instead of from the Missabe railroad. The work has been giving employment to about 400 men at both ends of the line, and that number will be thrown out of employment. It is estimated that almost $150,000 has been spent on this spur, which was about one-third completed. Two large trestles had been started, and work on these was also suspended. This shut down will materially lessen the prospects for the coming season, as the work would have normally been continued until Aug. 15 or September.

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The school board has advertised for bids for the erection of the proposed new school building on the Pilisbury addition. It is to cost about $30,000.

Mrs. J. Hunter, who has been visiting here for some time, has returned to her home at Nashua, Iowa.

Charles Gage has returned from the southern part of the state.

Mrs. George Mandigo is visiting friends in St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruhman, of St. Cloud, visited friends here last week.

The Park Rapids Lumber company is putting in a new boiler and engine at their mill.

Frank Rossman returned from Fergus Falls the first of the week.

Wesley Mow departed Wednesday morning for St. Paul to enlist in the regular army.

C. F. Moody, of Fergus Falls, was in town last Saturday.

Park Rapids was visited by a snowstorm Tuesday and Wednesday of this week followed by quite severe weather for so late in the season.

Beginning May 1 all stores in Park Rapids will close at 8 o'clock each evening except Saturday.

The village council has granted the petition to allow the band $40 per month to assist in getting a band leader. The band in return will play on the streets one evening in each week during he summer.

A man named Wright residing with his parents three miles west of town, committed suicide Wednesday by hanging himself. He had been in the insane asylum at Fergus Falls for the past year, but as he was better he was brought home a few weeks ago and had been working with his father on the farm. He seemed to be all right and his death was a severe shock to his aged parents.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Julia O'Brien went to Duluth on Monday, where she will visit for a fortnight.

E. H. Phillips, head sawyer for the Neils Lumber company, has arrived and is again handling the saws for the Neils company. Mr. Phillips' two sons, E. H. Jr., and James, returned with E. H., and will spend the summer here. Mr. Phillips spent the past winter with his family in Duluth.

P. A. Rohr, scaler on the night crew at the Glenmont sawmill, left on Sunday last for a brief visit with old friends at Ada.

James Rutledge left on Saturday for Bottineau, to look after affairs on his claim near that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Campbell and three children left on Sunday last for Crookston, where Mr. Crandall will enter the employ of the Crookston Lumber company, as filer.

Miss Helen Thompson left on Sunday for a visit at her old home, Fisher.

T. A. Dalton, the painter, was out for the first time Monday, since he has been afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism.

J. H. McArthur, of Minneapolis, collector for the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, was here this week.

George Lydick and wife returned on Tuesday from West Baden, where they have been sojourning during the past three weeks.

George Stein left on Tuesday for a brief visit at West Superior.

Hon. Leon E. Lum returned to his home at Duluth Tuesday, after a brief visit here.

Joseph Newman, section foreman here for the Eastern Minnesota, left on Wednesday for Cloquet, where he will secure a gang of workmen and put in the new spring switches on the Eastern between that point and Cass Lake.

Mrs. J. Brown, sister of P. H. and Miss Annie Wall, and two children, left on Tuesday for their home in Chippewa Falls, Wis. Mr. Brown will remain in Cass Lake for some time to come.

George Foster and wife and Dave McJunkin left on Tuesday for Portland, Ore. They will stop over for a few days at Spokane while en route. The party goes out West with the intention of taking up claims.

Mrs. George Spencer returned on Tuesday to her home at Duluth, after visiting for several days with her daughter, Mrs. Heber Hartley.

Olaf Juasted, who was operated upon some two weeks ago for appendicitis, is getting along nicely.

Nearly one-eighth of the male population of Cass Lake went to Walker Tuesday morning, some went to attend court, in various capacities, while a few had private affairs to look after.

J. Finkelson, who was formerly night telegraph operator for the Eastern Minnesota at Grand Rapids, arrived in Cass Lake Sunday, and on Monday assumed his duties as day operator here, succeeding A. A. Babcock, who left for the West on Wednesday.

The ice in Cass lake is still a solid mass, although honeycombed in many places. It will be several days yet before the frozen mass will begin to break up.

M. J. Scanlon, of Minneapolis, treasurer of the Scanlon Gibson Lumber company, was here on Sunday, conferring with A. McKinney, local manager for the company.

Mrs. Rus Whipple is visiting with relatives and old friends at Bayfield, Wis.

Robert DeLurey was a visitor at Walker Monday.

William Kirchhoff was a visitor at Bemidji Wednesday night.

John LeCraie and John Stephenson, spent Wednesday night in Bemidji. Mr. LeClare going from Bemidji to Walker on Thursday.

H. J. Broeker has leased from Knute Savey the lot adjoining the Pine hotel on the south, and will at once begin the erection of a 1-story frame building, 16x22, which he will hereafter use as a tailor shop.

Mrs. C. H. Pease and daughter, Hazel, arrived Wednesday evening from their old home at Sauk Center and will hereafter make their home in Cass Lake. Mr. Pease has rented the Sulkie's house, formerly owned by Julius Brown, on section 16, south of the track, where himself and family will live.

The Modern Woodmen and Royal Neighbors held the last of their season's parties, in their hall, on Tuesday evening. A goodly number of the members of both lodges were in attendance and a very enjoyable time was had.

The Woodmen have leased the Strawbridge hall for two nights each month, and will hereafter hold their meetings there.

John Osborn has decided to move over onto section 15 and get in line with the inhabitants of the village. John has one of the first white men to locate in Cass Lake, and he has stuck to the town, through all the trials and tribulations through which Cass Lake has passed.

Father Murphy came over from Bemidji Wednesday to confer with some of his local parishioners.

Al Shearer, of Farris, deputy sheriff of Hubbard county, was a visitor in Cass Lake Wednesday.

Frank McKinzy, manager for the Cass Lake Ice company, returned on Wednesday from a visit at Grand Forks, his old home.

J. H. Prosser returned to Hibbing Wednesday morning.

Roland Hartley was transacting business at Walker Wednesday.

Jerome Kelleher came over from Brainerd Wednesday to look after his various interests here.

Dan Smith has severed his connection with the Minneapolis Brewing company, for which concern he was local agent, and is succeeded by H. C. Sempf, the drayman.

Deputy Sheriff Ed Chamberlain returned on Tuesday from a trip to Bridgie, a new town several miles south of Bemidji.

Mrs. F. W. Smith and daughter, Madeline, left on Thursday for Duluth, their former home, where they will visit for a week.

E. F. Stockwell, superintendent of the Scanlon-Gipson planing mill, sustained an injury to one of his optics which has put him on the injured list for a couple of days. He was grinding a knife on the emery wheel Wednesday, when some of the emery lodged in his right eye.

Al Ferris, president of the Bank of Cass Lake, arrived in town Wednesday afternoon and remained here till Thursday morning, when he departed for his home at Brain

depend on the Kidneys and Liver. If you have pains everywhere and at all times in your back, and in your head, a dull, heavy, tired sensation, you are sick and miserable—cross and unhappy.

Your pains indicate trouble—growing trouble. They may be the forerunner of Rheumatism, or Lumbago, or Diabetes, Jaundice, or Bright's Disease of the Kidneys. Statistics prove that nearly all ills originate from a disordered Liver or diseased Kidneys, or both. These much abused organs are unable to perform the work imposed upon them until they have regained their normal condition of health.

In the effort to obtain relief, don't use liniments or lotions. Rubbing the muscles and joints may temporarily ease the pain or drive it into some other part of the body. You are not curing the disease by external applications. Constitutional treatment is necessary.

Take a vegetable remedy only. Mineral remedies, that are almost universally prescribed, fail to cure, because they weaken the digestion, thus impairing instead of building up.

DR. McLEAN'S
LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM

cures Kidneys and Liver, and tones the stomach. During the one-half century of its use it has cured hopeless cases. If you are one of the many who have become disheartened by repeated failures with other remedies, don't despair. A bottle ($1.00) will convince you that Health and Happiness can still be yours. It's purely vegetable. It's absolutely safe. At your druggist's.

Made by The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WORK OF THE SCHOOL

Some Thoughts On the School As a Social Organization---Does the Present System Answer All Requirements.

Society is a collection of individuals united to secure certain ends or aims. It is an outgrowth, an evolution, a result of the constant interaction of forces and tendencies on the part of the individual and the group. It carries the idea of self-direction, self-constitution, self-responsibility. But these ideas of direction, constitution and responsibility are limited to the conditions of an evolution.

Strictly speaking, the school is not a social organization; at least, not one of the fundamental groups or divisions of society. It is rather an appendage, an offshoot of society; something attached to the outside. Dr. Harris says that the school is not even a great educational institution, per se. There are four such: the family, the vocation, the state and the church. Now the business of the school is to reinforce, supplement, complete the education obtained in the home, in getting a livelihood, in performing the duties of a citizen or of a churchman.

Education in the family has always varied according to the stage of civilization reached by the race of which the family was a unit group. Leaving out the last fifty years, it appears that the main part of education was obtained in the family. Children had their regular duties to perform, these duties necessitated the working out of problems that resulted in ingenuity, that developed self-reliance and persistence as well as habits of industry and regularity. More or less manual dexterity was required by these duties, and children were brought into direct contact with many things in nature both as objects and as logical processes or sequences. But in the course of the multiplication of duties in a more complex society, the parents could not teach their children all they (the parents) thought a child should know. Hence the school arose, having in view instruction that would aid in getting a livelihood, utility; that would make good citizens for the state; or that would prepare for the future life, religion. The school then became just another case of specialization. Its aim, as indicated, was practical, aesthetical religious or all, according to the period in which it first existed and the later influences through which it passed. The practical aim may be seen in the desire of the father to have his son better equipped than he himself had been, even in his own trade. So the boy is taught what the father can teach him, and is sent to school for further equipment. In the state—society organized for purposes of protection and advancement—the individual is educated by means of parties, civil service, and by requirements of time and money. The education obtained in the church is quite similar, but obtained from a different motive, largely the preparation of a future life. Now each of these groups has looked upon the school as a helpmeet, a reinforcement. When instruction fails in the home, the school must equip the individual for his place in a changing environment made up of home, vocation, state and church life. The school became a repair shop, or equipment station, to complete the individual for proper living.

In a simple civilization this plan worked well, but not the changed conditions brought about by the application of science to the wants of mankind. No longer can a boy be brought within the educative influence of watching a whole process develop, while he has a part or duty in it. For example, many of the older generation now living remember the raising and shearing of the sheep, the carding of the wool, the spinning, weaving, cutting and sewing of garments for the family. Now the boy has only the finished product—clothes are bought ready-made, even to baby suits. The same thing is true in other directions. Few farmers cure their own hams, fewer still take their grist to mill, and in the cities the poorer classes buy their bread ready made. Do not think that this paper argues that children do not have so much to see as formerly. Not that, but it does argue that the children are not brought into contact with the materials and processes as wholes in which the individual has a vital interest. In getting a livelihood the same conditions are found. Few shoemakers now make the whole shoe. Formerly the hide was tanned, the sole leather was specially prepared, and the shoemaker was an artist depending upon his own resources and skill. The blacksmith buys his horse shoes ready made, where he formerly hammered them out of a rod of iron; the chairmaker went to the forest and selected his wood and built a whole chair, now he makes only one round and some one else does the rest. Specialization in industrial lines is the wonder of the age. But what effect does this specialization have upon education? It must limit the interest the workman takes in the finished product; it must narrow the field of stimuli that will produce originality of construction and experimentation; monotony must result.

In the state a man formerly had an individual part in the town meetings. He was the source of the government. Now two great parties, using the principle of delegated powers, do the work for him. In the city the power is delegated to the city council and school board, in the county to a board of commissioners, in a town to the supervisors, etc. All the citizen needs and often can do is to mark an "X" or push a button. This principle of delegated powers is used in the church, too; so that organization, specialization and administration have become the magic of progress.

Thus we have seen the great fields for constructive development, for variety of stimulation, for the development of resource, self-reliance and originality, gradually narrowed to a mere fraction of their former breadth. No longer is there opportunity for freedom of choice in these great fields that formerly offered so much to mankind. Specialization tends to inequality of opportunity.

All agree in the educative influence of following sequences, i. e., tracing causes to effects and effects back to causes. Science is classified knowledge, and so science is put into the schools to take the place of the loss as indicated above. Manual training in all its forms allows some freedom in choice and considerable work in following out whole processes. Vacation schools and play grounds, pupil government, promotions based on what a pupil can do rather than on what he has done, the giving of teachers more initiative—all these are signs of the times that declare against this loss of the free choice and consequent mental development.

The pupil must get this training in school, for specialization has taken it away from the masses in the fundamental institutions, if he is to get it at all. But how has the school met this demand, this call for reinforcements? The child is brought into an atmosphere of rigid passivity and allowed to absorb; he is compelled to march in and out under the watchful eye of a "policeman" teacher; he is a target into which the teacher shoots bullets of information; he is made to feel that it is a crime to help his neighbor; he is shut out of the socializing influence of unrestricted play (There are no playgrounds around Duluth schools) for he has no recess. Does that picture show any elements of correcting the evils of over-specialization? Does such conduct of the schools offer an opportunity for experimentation? Instead of giving him freedom in a social environment, we give him repression and isolation; instead of variety of stimulus needed in a growing organism, we give him certain limits within which he must grow; instead of alertness, we seek docility; instead of individuality, governed by co-operation, we give him individualism based on competition.

To prove that the above picture is not overdrawn, let us make an inquiry into the methods of obtaining obedience. The teacher says: "Come to school every day and you shall have a blue card with a pink ribbon on it." Or, "Come to school the whole month on time every session and you shall have a half holiday." The effect is that the pupil has learned to sell his conduct for a reward; he has learned to demand something for his own good conduct instead of giving up something for the social whole. It is anti-social. It may, in part, be the cause of bribe taking, selling of votes, etc., that is so prominent in the air. Teachers use "don't for "do," "drive" for "lead" and "discouragement" for "encouragement." Jimmie is full of activity, his hands pound on the desk, and the teacher says "don't." Give those hands "do" and the problem is largely solved. This negative training always emphasizes faults, for it places the image of the forbidden thing in the child's mind, and as every idea tends to get itself realized, we have a strong stimulus in the child's mind to which we wish no response. This negative training should be made positive, the fault finding should be dropped and the growth of the child should be directed, not forced.

On the other hand, the content studied has been better than the form. The personality of many beautiful characters has left its impress on the lives of the children, who have not had their social instincts aroused, despite the tyranny of the system in curricula and conduct. However, this has been rather a pleasant accompaniment than the logical outcome. Does society need this constructive activity? Then the schools must give it. Does society need strong individuals? Then the school must respect the individuality of the pupil. Does society need co-operation (society is nothing else)? Then the school must provide for mutual help, for association, for united action.

BERT N. WHEELER, Ph. B.,
Chicago University.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

(Continued from page 12.)

in bed. The room was searched and a quantity of the stolen articles found and identified. They were tried before Judge Anderson Thursday afternoon. They denied their guilt, and pleaded with his honor to let them off easy, as they were anxious to go to work at once, as they always worked hard. The kind-hearted judge told them that the large steel combine had made an uncertain feeling among the mining men and employment was rather hard to secure at present, but that as they were so anxious to work, he gave them a 90-day job with Sheriff Sargent.

Herman Peterson transacted business in Duluth Wednesday.

Mary Maniz is building a large addition onto her store.

Mrs. Theodore H. Driscoll visited with Mrs. Jury Wednesday.

Miss Della McNevins is reported ill. She ins relieved as teacher by Miss Jennie Travena, of Biwabik.

President Edward McHale returned from a trip to Duluth Tuesday.

Sam and Joseph Brady departed for Harrison, Ont., Monday.

W. A. McGonagle and Fred H. White, of Duluth, and Col. Ogle, of Two Harbors, were range visitors Tuesday.

Charles Joslin, of Two Harbors, was a Sparta visitor Friday.

The appointment of Neil McInnis, of Eveleth, as county commissioner from this district seems to meet with the hearty approval of the majority of range business men.

Capt. Edwin Ball transacted business here the fore part of the week.

John Anderson is visiting with his parents in Soudan this week.

P. R. McElhatten expects to depart for Idaho in a few days for a pleasure trip.

Chief of Police Halub made a trip to Duluth Friday.

George Butala arrived Thursday from a visit to his old home in Austria.

Miss Gertie Malone, of Eveleth, was the guest of Miss Luella Bender Thursday.

Bartalo Pessetti has purchased the building formerly occupied by Gretzner & Holloppa, meat market, and has moved his saloon to this building.

Sparta is now assured an electric light plant, a much-needed improvement.

Judge Saarl has let the contract for a $1200 residence on Dorr avenue.

Judge Anderson contemplates erecting a large addition to his building in the near future.

Mrs. Hanna Welch departed for Eveleth Wednesday after a two weeks' visit with her brother, Merchant Jutin.

Louis Shurman will depart for Chicago next week for a couple of weeks' business and pleasure trip.

John Malstrom sold his residence here, and departed for Hibbing today.

Miss Hortense Shea visited with friends here Thursday.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, April 20.—There is some talk, if permission can be secured from the adjutant general, of organizing a militia company at this point. H. D. Powers is at the head of the movement.

George F. Meyers is confined to his home by serious illness.

Mrs. J. J. Decker, who has been very sick for the past two weeks, is now on the road to recovery.

George Booth, who has been confined to his home for several weeks by illness, is again about, attending to his cigar business.

James Murphy and family are visiting friends and relatives at Wright's station, Carlton county. They will be absent about a month.

Joseph Bielman and Ida Sanford were last week united in marriage by Justice of the Peace H. S. Huson. The bride had but recently received a divorce and had filed the necessary papers in the clerk's office the day of the wedding. The next day the governor signed the bill prohibiting a divorced person from marrying within the state until the expiration of six months after the decree had been granted.

Angus McLellan, aged about 45 years, died at St. Benedicts hospital Saturday morning. He was troubled with an abcess in his head and had been in the hospital for some time when it was decided to have an operation performed, but before the necessary arrangements could be made, passed away. The deceased had worked for the logging firm of Price Bros., for several years.

The Mississippi river at this point is out of its banks and raising a few inches every day, and it is reported that the country above Deer River is all afloat. The high water is caused by the heavy storm of a few weeks ago. Owing to the rise of water certain work on the new dam has been stopped for the present, but as soon as the flood subsides, will be resumed.

PROCTORKNOTT.

Proctorknott, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—O. G. Scott returned from Iowa Sunday, where he spent the winter.

R. Tupper returned Thursday from Ontario.

John Scott was at Duluth Wednesday.

Mrs. J. G. Weatherstone was visiting in Duluth Wednesday.

The home of John Ricks burned to the ground Friday last.

Mrs. Keating entertained Mr. and Mrs. Murphy, of Superior Sunday.

D. Scott left Monday for Washington.

M. Druett broke a vein in his head Thursday.

C. J. Birch, who has been absent about fifteen days, returned home yesterday.

Thomas Grimes returned home yesterday from a tour down South.

Charles Jacques returned Wednesday.

Mrs. Buchen and son Edward left for Brooklyn Thursday.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is learned from good authority that the Oliver Mining company will do but little work at the open pit property on the Oliver mine here this summer and that the former employes have been so informed. The shovels and chews here will be transferred to the Mesaba and be put at work on the property there. A good many old hands formerly with the Oliver have been given places at the Saantry mine, north of the city.

Drake & Scanlon, the stripping contractors, will again resume work at the Auburn mine, soon. This company has already put a shovel and two crews at work at the Fayal mine, near Eveleth, some of the Virginia shovel runners being employed.

Stripping operations were stopped temporarily at the Saantry Tuesday and Wednesday, owing to the heavy fall of snow and disagreeable weather.

The Commodore mine is getting ready to do some shipping, and will be doing a good deal of this work as soon as navigation opens.

Capt. George W. Wallace, representing the Corrigan, McKinney interests in this and other districts, was in the city Tuesday.

The Virginia fire department was reorganized Wednesday evening at a meeting held in the council chambers. Most of the old members are again on the roll and the following officers were elected: Edward Johnson, assistant chief; A. E. Bickford foreman; Louis Halverson, assistant foreman; A. E. Carlson, secretary, and Charles W. Lundstrom, treasurer. At the council meeting Tuesday night the organization was granted fifteen members at $5 per month each, $1 per hour for actual fire service and $1 for false alarms, and are supposed to practice twice a month. Any member missing a practice meeting to be "docked" $2.50. The pay was stopped on the members last September but has been restored by the new council.

The common council at the last meeting agreed upon letting a contract for putting in a new fire alarm system, consisting of eight boxes. This will be the same kind of system now being used satisfactorily at Eveleth and which was installed there last month.

Joseph Turney left yesterday for Eau Claire, Wis., where he will undergo treatment for a cancer on his lower lip.

The progressive pedro party and oyster supper given by the local Woodmen at their hall Wednesday night proved a very pleasing event. About forty Woolmen and their ladies were present. The head prize, a beautiful fountain pen, was won by Jens Rasmussen, while the booby prize was presented to Joseph Deering. After the cards supper was served by the forester team and was greatly enjoyed.

While the citizens would have preferred the election of their candidate for county commissioner for the Western Mesaba F. B. Rossom, they are quite pleased at the county board's selection of Neil McInnis, of Eveleth. Mr. McInnis was at one time village treasurer of Virginia and has many friends here, who believe he will do the right thing for us in the way of range improvements.

Rev. Harbough has resigned his pastorate of the Presbyterian church here, and as soon as he can dispose of his household goods and make necessary arrangements he will leave, together with his family, for Colton, Cal. Rev. Harbough has just returned from a trip to his proposed home and evidently took a sudden fancy for the Southern clime. He has been connected with church work here for over three years.

The local storekeepers have entered into an agreement, whereby no merchandise of any nature will be sold on Sunday. All stores to be closed.

Dave Pickett and his colored serenaders showed to a good audience here Thursday night. He has a good show.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid society met with Mrs. J. A. Myers, on Lake boulevard, Wednesday afternoon.

Alexander Maitland, general manager of the Republic Iron and Steel company, and Superintendent E. D. Parmelee, of the Franklin mine here, closed a deal Tuesday whereby they acquire a quarter interest each in lands described as the nw¼ of ne¼ of section 25-58-18, three miles south of Virginia and close to the Missabe road. The lease is owned by J. O. Shadbatt and E. J. O'Rourke and they received a consideration of $500 each as advanced royalty. The land adjoins the Turney and McLeod properties, on which the E. C. Pope iron company was given options last week.

The 5,000,000 feet of logs, now in Silver lake, formerly owned by the Moon-Kerr Lumber company, will, when free from ice, be loaded on cars and taken to the St. Louis river and allowed to float down to Cloquet, where they will be transferred into lumber at the Northern Lumber company's mill, this company having purchased the logs some months ago.

Frank Shipley was in from the Fayal Sunday.

P. W. Scott has returned from Mass City, Mich., where he is general agent for the townsite lots. It is understood Mr. Scott has been fortunate in mining speculations in Montana the past few months.

O. B. Warren, cashier at the Mahoning mine at Hibbing, was in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. W. J. Moore and son, Donald, were Duluth visitors the fore part of the week.

Joe Deering has returned from West Superior, and is back to work at Hawkinson's hardware store. He had a forced vacation caused by a felon on his left thumb, on which an operation was necessary, whereby the entire thumb was amputated.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Fay, daughter, Miss Clara and son, Charles E., returned Monday from their Southern tour. Since coming North again, Mrs. Fay has been seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Gleason, of Hibbing, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. Wing over Sunday.

The front doors of the saloons are transferred to the side and rear over Sunday, the order to that effect going from the mayor last Saturday and obeyed Sunday.

Edwin Lerch has gone to Hibbing, where he will assist his brother, George, in the laboratory work at the Mahoning mine.

M. M. Glassner, the Biwabik merchant, was a city visitor Monday.

Editor Hannaford, of the Enterprise, and Frank Meyers looked after their homestead interests in 60-18 the past week.

Mayor Thompson, City Attorney Palmer and F. B. Rosson were Duluth visitors Monday.

John Chesser located some Minneapolis parties on spruce lands in 58-20 and 59-10 the fore part of the week.

The W. T. Bailey Lumber company mill will resume sawing about May 1. About 8,000,000 feet of logs are now banked in Virginia lake.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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WAYS AND MEANS FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

As far as your means will allow, you should provide yourself with every convenience necessary for cooking, and see that your supply of utensils and materials is kept up. In this way very much valuable time may be saved and vexation of spirit avoided.

A resourceful cook can accomplish good and surprising results under the most adverse conditions. But it is not the wisest economy to put her intelligence and willingness too often to the test, except when unusual demands make it unavoidable. One can easily improvise a double boiler that will answer that so far as the method of cooking the food demands; but this makeshift utensil may be very inconvenient to handle and more time may be consumed in its use than required in using the proper utensil.

ALTERING RECIPES.

Without a thorough knowledge of proportions an inexperienced cook should not attempt to alter recipes in their important points. When it is expedient to reduce or increase the amount given, the accomplishment is not difficult; but when you are short in the given and necessary quantity of one of the principles, you must be careful to reduce others in the same proportion. For example, in making a soup stock, you find the quantity of meat on hand less the weight called for in recipe given, which directs you to use a little less than a quart of water to each pound of bone and meat. Unless your stock meat is rich in gelatinous substance, you must reduce the quantity of water and every other ingredient to correspond, otherwise you will have poor stock and soup.

FLAVORINGS AND SEASONINGS.

These being ingredients that simply affect the taste, in the composition of a dish, you may change or vary them to suit the occasion, providing you adhere to the law carefully. Salt, pepper and onion are the seasonings that are, as a rule, too heedlessly or generously indulged in. Remember the French manner in using an onion, "a suspicion," which gives us that delightful and intangible flavor that makes so many of their dishes enjoyable, even to the pronounced onion hater.

In using spices one can readily substitute one for another, particularly in meat dishes. If cloves are called for and you have none, a bit of mace or grating of nutmeg will answer as well.

USE OF SUBSTITUTES.

If your recipe calls for something not on hand or readily obtained, consider whether this ingredient is one of the essential parts of the dish and cannot be changed without disastrous results, or whether it is only an accessory for which something else will answer just as well. Wine is usually considered optional, but if you wish to make wine soup, wine jelly or lobster Newburg, and disapprove of the use of wines in cooking, some other flavoring will do just as well, for the wine gives the distinctive character to the dish.

If, on the other hand, the recipe is for a sauce and directs you to use cream, milk will answer as well and the sauce can be enriched by an extra addition of butter, washed and stirred into the sauce just before removing from the fire, but not allowed to cook. Ice cream may be made with milk instead of cream by cooking part of the milk, in a double boiler, with the sugar for the mixture, cooling and then adding the other portion of the milk and flavoring. Eggs are frequently added to enrich the milk in frozen creams, but only in a certain class. Gelatine or meringue stirred into frozen cream will give the smoothness and body of pure cream. If charlotte russe or trifles are to be made you cannot substitute anything for the cream, because the whipped cream is the chief substance of the dish; but you can make a very dainty, delicate desert that may substitute, if a white and gold dessert is desired, with milk, cornstarch and white of eggs whipped, or lemon jelly whipped to a froth, with the whites of eggs folded in before turning into a mold. Serve orange or lemon or vanilla sauce with these.

IN MAKING CAKES.

In making cakes one must be careful to observe the exact proportion of flour, eggs and milk. The quantity of butter depends upon the quantity of cake desired, whether more or less rich.

When using a new flour, it is better to bake a tiny sample cake before putting the batter in the tins. This takes but a few minutes and in this way you can ascertain whether you have too much or not enough flour. If the batter is too stiff, do not add more milk or water than the recipe calls for; an extra egg will do the work. Muffins and light breads should depend more on the baking powder for their lightness than upon eggs, as they must be as far removed from rich, sweet cakes as possible. Many muffin recipes calling for three eggs would be better if only two were used.

TO THICKEN THIN SAUCES.

If by any chance you allow your sauce to become too thick, thin it with a little hot stock or broth. If too thin, do not ruin it completely by adding more flour, but separate two eggs, mix the yolks well with three or four tablespoonfuls of the sauce, add a level table spoonful of butter. When smooth, take the sauce from the fire and stir it gradually into the egg mixture; then return to the fire for two or three minutes, but no not allow it to boil or the egg will harden or "curdle," and your sauce still be too thin.

A brown sauce should have a larger proportion of flour to butter than for a white sauce, as the browning of the flour affects its thickening properties.

A boiled dressing that calls for two eggs may be made just as nice with one by substituting for one egg a tablespoonful of cornstarch and two tablespoonfuls of salad oil. The latter should be beaten into the dressing after it is made and removed from the fire.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit,
Broiled Mackerel, Parsley Sauce,
Baked Potatoes,
Entire Wheat Muffins, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Tripe Breaded and Fried,
Oyster Sauce,
Fruit Omelet, Cocoa.
DINNER.
Rice Soup,
Broiled Chops. Tomato Sauce,
Creamed Potatoes,
Vegetable Salad,
Cheese, Wafers,
Coffee.

Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Thin Slices Broiled Ham,
Scalloped Potatoes,
White Muffins, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Beauregard Eggs
Salad Sandwiches,
Cocoa.
DINNER.
Carrot Soup,
Planked Salad, Mashed Potatoes,
Peas, New Beets,
Asparagus Salad,
Strawberry Croquettes, Hard Sauce,
Coffee.

Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Fish Omelet, Broiled Potatoes,
Corn Muffins, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Macaroni Rarebit,
Oyster Salad,
Rolls, Cocoa.
DINNER.
Vegetable Soup,
Braised Knuckle of Veal,
Garnish of Carrots, Peas and Turnips,
Egg Salad,
Rhubarb Pie,
Coffee.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

Mrs. L. G. writes: Will you kindly send me recipe for rice croquettes, brown kidney stew, horseradish sauce and boiled beef? These recipes I have been trying to get for a long time, as I still have much to learn.

RICE CROQUETTES.

Plain rice croquettes, to be served as a vegetable, are made by washing half a cup of rice, then steaming in a double boiler with half a cup of water and half a level teaspoonful of salt until rice absorbs all the water. Then add half a pint of hot milk; cover and cook slowly until the rice is soft. Take from the fire; add two level tablespoonfuls of butter and the slightly beaten yolks of two eggs with a slight flavoring of nutmeg. Spread the mixture out to cool, form into small cylinder-shaped rolls; dip into egg and roll in fine bread crembs and fry in deep fat same as other croquettes.

BROWN KIDNEY STEW.

Cut open the kidneys and throw into cold water, soak for one hour, changing the water several times as it colors. Drain and cover with fresh, cold water and set over the fire and heat to steaming point. Drain off all the water and again cover with cold water; heat to boiling point and change the water for the third time. In this water let the kidneys simmer gently for ten minutes. Then drain from the water and when cool remove most of the center, fat and tubes. Cut into thin slices; dredge each piece well with flour and fry a nice brown in butter or oil. Remove meat from the pan and to each tablespoonful of fat remaining add same amount of oil; stir and brown a rich, drak color; add a cup of water to every two tablespoonfuls of flour and butter; stir until it boils up; then add the kidneys, a small bay leaf, a thin slice of lemon, or tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce, pepper and salt to taste. Cover and stew very gently for an hour, adding a little water or stock if the sauce gets too thick. Serve with sippets of toast.

HORSERADISH SAUCE.

If you wish to serve the sauce with fish make as follows: Mix a tablespoonful of mustard with a tablespoonful of vinegar and a little salt; stir carefully into this quarter of a cup of cream and then mix in as much grated horseradish as required to make a thick sauce. This sauce may be made with oil instead of cream, mixing it with the vinegar and seasoning as for French dressing.

BOILED BEEF.

Select a rib piece with bones removed and meat rolled and tied into shape. Cover with boiling water; let boil up once thin, skim carefully and remove to part of range where it will simmer gently until tender. If the meat is fresh, do not add salt until it is nearly done, about half an hour. The average time allowed for cooking is twenty-five minutes to the pound, but it depends on the age and quality of the beef. If the meat is to be eaten cold let it stand in the liquid until cold. Do not throw the water away in which the meat was boiled, as it will make a good stock for vegetable soup. Skim carefully before using.

van Houten's Cocoa

Known and Prized for its nutritive and refreshing qualities. A drink for a Prince at less than a cent a cup.
Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

LEA & PERRINS'
The Original Worcestershire SAUCE
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
The only good sauce; enriches the taste of all Meats, Fish, Game, Salads, etc., and gives a flavor that imitators utterly fail to produce.
This signature is on every bottle,
Lea & Perrins
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N. Y.

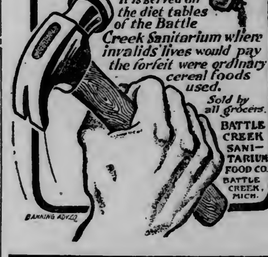
A vegetable blessing that has given Frying a new, healthful meaning to dyspeptics, cooks and housekeepers.
Crowned Queen in the American Kitchen for Shortening and Cooking.

Wesson
VEGETABLE-ODORLESS
Cooking Oil

1. Being Odorless, no unpleasant smell from the kitchen reaches other rooms. 2. Being Flavorless, the natural taste of the food is retained. 3. Being Vegetable, no possibility of disease is carried with it as with Animal fats. 4. Being Digestible, food cooked with it may be eaten without discomfort. 5. Being Rich, it goes twice as far as lard or butter in shortening. 6. Being Pure and Clean, it does not become rancid. 7. Being Economical, it reduces the monthly bills. 8. Being the Best Frying and Shortening agent obtainable, it is used by Thoughtful, Home-making, Intelligent Women and Men everywhere.

WESSON SALAD OIL
is far better value than the finest olive oil and has precisely the same flavor. It is used where economy is considered and nice distinctions made. Sold by leading grocers. Send us 4c. in stamps, mention this paper and receive our new cook book. Be careful to write your address plainly.
WESSON PROCESS CO., 120 South Third St., Philadelphia.

Imitators Nailed.
The Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co. struck the nail on the head and drove it squarely home when the public was informed that every package of genuine
Granola
bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Granola is the celebrated strength-giving, predigested and sterilized food for strong and weak people.



It is served on the diet tables of the Battle Creek Sanitarium where invalids lives would pay the forfeit were ordinary cereal foods used.
Sold by all Grocers.
BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOOD CO.
BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE
Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?
So physicians say.
Quit them and the headaches quit.
Grain-O has the coffee taste but no headaches.
All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

Women Should Seek Relief.

The great proportion of women who suffer never make a serious effort to benefit themselves. The most of them go on paying no attention to their little menstrual disorders, believing they will eventually wear off. But menstrual troubles don't wear off. They grow worse and worse every day. At the period of menstruation a woman is peculiarly susceptible to cold and other external influences and it is also the most favorable time for the development of hidden disease germs which may be lurking in the system. Any physician knows that disordered menstruation, falling of the womb and leucorrhoea are blighting lives in almost every home. No woman should neglect herself a moment after she sees indications of female disease. Almost instant relief can be secured by the use of

WINE OF CARDUI

It will relieve you right in your own home. Will you accept the testimony of Mrs. Beigler and thousands of other women and really seek relief to-day? All druggists sell $1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

100 Chicago Street, Fort Wayne, Ind., March 27, 1900.

Your Wine of Cardui has done a world of good for me. I have used five bottles of the Wine and one package of Thedford's Black-Draught. And since I have started to use it I will not be without it in the house. It helped my sister in Toledo, who did not menstruate as she ought. She was sixteen years of age and nothing else helped her. I was in a very bad state myself before I used your medicines, but I found relief in three days. And now I feel like a new woman and do all my housework and washing, which I could not do before I took the Wine of Cardui. I would be very glad to write any poor woman and tell her how I suffered before I used Wine of Cardui.
Mrs. C. P. BEIGLER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

MARKET IS STEADY

Wheat Started Out Lower, Broke But Soon Recovered.

The Absence of Early Cables Caused Restricted Trading.

Excellent Crop Prospects Were the Basis of Operations.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 20.—The wheat market started out slightly lower this morning, broke under selling by a Chicago commission house, but quickly recovered. The absence of early cables, owing to the telegraph wires being prostrated by a storm in the East, had a tendency to restrict trading, as there was little inclination to do business without information as to the Liverpool market. In the meantime the firm prospects of the winter wheat crop formed the basis of trading. Later the Liverpool cables arrived, showing that market unchanged to ½d lower. This had little effect, and the market ruled fairly steady to the close, which was unchanged from yesterday here, and ¾@¾c higher at Chicago for the May option.

Trading in futures was very dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened unchanged at 72⅝c asked, sold down to 72⅛-¾c at 9:40, reacted to 72⅜c at 9:55, fell off to 72¼c at 10:55, recovered to 72⅝c at 11:15 and closed at 72½c, the same as yesterday. Cash sales amounted to 12,000 bus at the May price for wheat to arrive and ¾c under May for wheat in store. Oats were unchanged. Rye declined ¼c. Corn advanced 1c. Cash, to arrive and May flax were unchanged, September flax rose 1c and October flax gained 2c.

At Chicago, May wheat opened ¼@¾c to a shade lower at 70½c to 70⅝@¾c, touched 70⅜@¾c, broke to 70⅜@½c, recovered to 70¾c, bulged to 71c and closed at those figures, ¾@¾c higher than yesterday.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 266 cars, against 215 last week and 227 last year. Chicago receipts, 41 cars, none of contract grade.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73¾c; to arrive, 74½c; May, 71½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71¾c; to arrive, 72½c; May, 72½c; September, 71¾c; July, 73⅜c. No. 2 northern, 66¾@70¼c. No. 3 spring, 61¾@66¼c. Oats, 27@28¾c. Rye, 59c. Flax, cash, $1.60½; to arrive, $1.09½; May, $1.42; September, $1.25; September, Northwestern, $1.27; October, $1.22. Corn, 41½c; May, 42c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 54; oats, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 35,093; corn, 433; oats, 3533; rye, 562; flax, 1352. Shipments—None.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern, 3 cars	72½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	72⅝
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	72⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	69½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70⅜
Flax, 2000 bus, October	1.25
Flax, 1000 bus, September	1.25

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Lack of Reports Restricted Business Somewhat.

Chicago, April 20.—In the absence of cables, Eastern wires being down, trade on 'change during the fore part of the session today was restricted. Being without fresh information to govern their actions, wheat traders fell back on the excellent crop prospects as a basis for operations. The trade, however, was one of a scalping character, nobody caring to operate actively without knowledge of the course of the Liverpool market. May opened 1¼@⅝c to a shade lower at 69½@70⅛c and touched 70⅝@⅞c during the first few minutes. Selling by a commission house caused a break to 70⅜@½c, but a recovery to 70⅝c followed. Local receipts were 41 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 266 cars, against 215 last week and 227 a year ago.

May rallied later to 71c and closed firm at that price, 1⅝@1¾c higher. The advance was on covering.

The corn market was dull, but steady on the receipts, 112 cars, only 13 cars of which graded contract. May opened a shade higher at 44¼c, touched 44⅜c, reacted to 44c and then recovered to 44¼c during the first hour. July sold at ⅝c discount.

May closed firm, 1¼@1⅜c up at 44⅝c.

Oats were also dull, but steady in sympathy with corn. May opened a shade lower to unchanged at 25¼ to 25½@25⅝c and sold to 25⅝c. Receipts were 237 cars.

Provisions were easier on liberal hog receipts and lower prices at the yards. July pork opened 25c lower at $14.35 and declined to $14.50; July lard opened 21½ down at $8.00, and July ribs unchanged at $7.95.

Close, wheat, April 70¾c; May, 71c; July, 71⅝@¾c. Corn, April, 43⅝c; May, 44⅜c; July, 43⅜c. Oats, April, 25¾c; May, 25½@⅝c; July, 25@¼c. Pork, April, $14.40; May, $14.40; July, $14.55@14.57½. Lard, April, $8.15; May, $8.07½; July, $8.02½. Ribs, April, $8.17½; May, $8.17½; July, $7.95; September, $7.90. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.59; No. 1, $1.58; May, $1.39; September, $1.25; October, $1.22. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 71½@72½c; No. 3 red, 69½@71½c; No. 2 hard winter, 72c; No. 3 hard winter, 70@71½c; No. 1 northern spring, 71½@73c; No. 2 northern spring, 71½@72c; No. 3 spring, 67@72c. Corn, No. 2, 44c; No. 3, 42½@43¼c. Oats, No. 2, 26¾@27c; No. 3, 26½c. Rye, April, 49¾c; May, 49½@50c; July, 49¾@ 50c. Barley, cash, 35@55c. Timothy, April, $3.90; September, $3.10@3.20. Clover, April, $11.00.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 20—Wheat cash, 71⅝c; May, 70⅝c; July, 72¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 73⅝c; No. 1 northern, 71⅝c; No. 2 northern, 68¾@69⅝c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 70¾-⅞c.
Calls, May wheat, 71⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 71c bid.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	25¼	44¼-⅜	$14.35
High	25⅝	44½	14.40
Low	25¼	44	14.22
Close	25½-⅝	44⅜	14.40

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 20.—Close, wheat steady, unchanged to ½d lower. Spot, 5s 10½d; May, 5s 8⅝d; July, 5s 9¼d; September, 5s 9d. Corn, steady, ¼d higher. Spot, 4s 1⅝@1½d; May, 4s 3d; July, 3s 11⅝d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	72¼A	70⅝	70⅝	
High	72½B	70⅞-71	71	
Low	72¼	70½	70½	
Close	72½B	70⅞	71	
July—				
Open	73¼A	72B	71	
High	73⅜	72⅜	71⅞-¾	
Low	73⅛	71⅞	70⅝B	
Close	73⅜B	72⅜	71⅞-¾	

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments
Toledo	7,839	42,200
Detroit	2,400	710
St. Louis	13,000	27,000
Chicago	91,167	225,300
Milwaukee	11,250	
Duluth	35,093	
Minneapolis	171,720	56,560
Kansas City	27,200	44,000

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 20.—Speculative conditions in the wheat pit have during this week, given place to the legitimate factors which have developed, the latter being a very healthy cash demand with prices relatively the best upon the crop. There has been much talk, evidently well founded, of the sudden petering out of supplies of desirable wheat, more play of the Southwestern variety, with Southwestern millers claiming to be forced to close their mills and the cash premiums fully representing these conditions. It is evident that the long lost shortage in the Northwest is at last about to be found and apparently the whole support filled with liberal supplies from the Southwest. This makes an interesting state of affairs and should anything serious happen to the present growing crop, anything develop to retard good prospects for the spring wheat crop, it is obvious that very bullish conditions could prevail. Speculatively the market cannot be called bullish, if the short interest is not dangerously large, and there is no question about the entire absence of any appreciable outside long interest. Local sentiment is theoretically bearish, but has been so consistently unfortunate in calling the turns that a good deal of backbone has been removed from the bears and they are not yet over the operation. That the situation is strong should no one can deny, and unless the demand from abroad continues on its present large basis, a good deal of the legitimate strength at present prevailing will be removed, as the amount on passage is abnormally large and the visible figures, in view of the government estimates, are unquestionably adequate. In time of the year, however, is not usually a profitable one for the short seller and, bearing in mind crop dangers and present financial conditions, we continue to counsel that demand for cotton goods was improving.

Early trading here was very slack and business steadily decreased as prices worked downward. The South, the West and some of the most reliant bears sold on the reaction. The near months were bid up in the last few minutes by shorts. The new crop months were neglected and sagged a point or two. The market closed steady at prices 7 points higher to 3 lower.

Spot cotton closed quiet. Middling uplands, 8⅝c; middling gulf, 8⅝c; sales, none. Futures closed steady. April 8.11; May, 8.13; June, 8.12; July, 8.13; August, 7.75; September, 7.41; October, 7.32; November, 7.23; December, 7.24; January, 7.24.

THE BANK STATEMENT.

New York, April 20.—The weekly statement of averages of the associated banks shows: Loans $882,067,300, decrease $8,878,700; deposits $967,271,200, decrease $2,088,000; circulation $31,454,100, decrease $214,500; legal tenders $71,038,200, increase $1,419,800; specie $185,684,200, increase $5,042,100; total reserve $256,722,40, increase $6,461,947; reserve required $241,800,300, decrease $522,000; surplus reserve $14,022,100, increase $6,883,000.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 20.—Clearings, $40,442,094; balances, $2,083,787; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.88¼; New York exchange 10c premium.

NO COPPER QUOTATIONS.

Boston, April 20.—No copper stocks, holiday.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 20.—Cattle, receipts, 200. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.00@6.00; poor to medium, $3.90@4.95; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.90; cows, $2.85@4.60; canners, $2.10@2.75; bulls, $2.75@4.30; calves, $4.00@5.00; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.35; Texas grass steers, $3.50@4.00; Texas bulls, $2.75@3.90. Hogs, receipts today, 13,000; Monday, 25,000; left over, 3615. Easier. Tops, $6.10; Mixed and butchers, $5.70@6.05; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.10; rough heavy, $5.70@5.80; light, $5.60@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.80@6.00. Sheep, receipts, 2000. Sheep steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.00; fair to choice mixed, $4.40@4.70; Western sheep, $4.65@5.00; yearlings, $4.75@5.00; native lambs, $4.65@5.35; Western lambs, $4.90@5.35. Official receipts and shipments for yesterdal: Receipts—Cattle, 1306; hogs, 15,789; sheep, 5165. Shipments—Cattle, 3674; hogs, 3396; sheep, 3110.

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	96
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	...
Bank of Commerce	100	85	...
Parry Sound Copper	1	.35	
Calumet-Ariz., copper	10	...	...
L. S. Con. Iron Mines		...	182
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	4.50	...
Fen. Iron & Steel	100	...	60
Gt. Western Iron	100	...	10
Gt. Northern Iron	100	...	10
Shaw Iron	100	...	10
Zenith Oil Co.	1 new		
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	90
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com.	100	...	20
County orders			Par

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EXCITING IN STOCKS

Buying on a Large Scale on the New York Exchange.

Avalanche of Stocks Dumped In Order to Get Profits.

Prices Sagged Under the Pressure, With Notable Exceptions.

New York, April 20.—The excited buying which was in evidence as the market closed last night was continued this morning, the special strength being in the same stocks especially Union Pacific, St. Paul, Amalgamated Copper and the Baltimore & Ohio stocks of from 1000 to 15,000 shares were taken of various stocks on a rising scale of prices. The first sales of Union Pacific were of 15,000 shares at 100½ to 101, compared with 100 last night. In St. Paul, 7000 shares changed hands at 164½ to 164¾ compared with 162⅞ last night. Both of these stocks advanced additional fractions after the opening. Amalgamated Copper was quoted at 128½ to 128, compared with 127¼ last night on sales of 7500 shares. There were wide openings at extreme gains running over a point and up to 2 points in Baltimore & Ohio, Chesapeake & Ohio, Texas & Pacific, American Smelting, People's Gas, Pennsylvania and of large fractions in a number of other stocks. The market continued exceedingly strong after the opening.

An avalanche of stock was poured on the market after the opening, representing realizations, supplemented by short selling by professionals, who counted upon heavy profit taking movement, owing to the yesterday's and this morning's large advances. Prices sagged in almost every instance and Rock Island, Burlington, Atchison, New York Central, Northern Pacific, Louisville, Amalgamated Copper and Manhattan were among the prominent stocks which yielded under last night's close. St. Paul presented a notable contrast, pushing up steadily to 166¾. The Southwesterns made progress upward. Striking gains were made by minor railroads and specialties, especially Chicago & Eastern Illinois, which jumped 12 points to 150. At 11 o'clock the market was still under pressure.

The activity of the market was well maintained until St. Paul gave way nearly a point, when the buying demand was checked. Union Pacific was backed within ¼ of last night's close and many of the most prominent stocks were from a fraction to 1¼ under last night. Chicago & Eastern Illinois reacted 3½. The local tractions became strong before the appearance of the bank statement and afterwards St. Paul and Union Pacific were shot up again in an effort to rally the market. Chicago & Eastern Illinois and Union Pacific rallied to about the top. Denver & Rio Grande and American Tobacco Co. rose 2½ each. St. Paul became very buoyant, rising to 170 and the general market rallied but did not get back to top figures except in a few of the Hyde stocks. Prices dropped again in spite of the violent manipulation in St. Paul and there were some sudden breaks at the last. The close was active and firm and net changes were mixed.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	149	149¼	148	148
Illinois Central	142	142¼	142	142¼
Tobacco	128¾	129¾	128½	129
Atchison com	70¾	70⅞	69⅝	70¼
Atchison pfd	96⅞	97¼	95⅞	97⅛
Brooklyn Transit	84	87⅝	84	86¾
C. M. & St. P.	164½	170	164½	169⅝
C. B. & Q.	195	195	193	193
Erie	39¾	41	39½	39⅜
U. S. Steel com.	47	47¼	46⅜	46⅝
U. S. Steel pfd	95	95	94⅜	94½
R. & O.	98	99½	98	98⅜
L. & N.	107½	108¼	104¾	105¾
Manhattan	129	130	128⅜	129⅝
Missouri Pacific	107½	108	107	107⅜
N. P. common	103¾	105⅝	102¼	103
N. Y. C. preferred	93¾	94⅜	93¾	93¾
People's Gas	116¼	116½	115¾	115⅝
Rock Island	156½	157¼	155½	155½
Southern Pacific	48	48⅝	47¾	48⅜
T. C. I.	68⅜	68⅜	67½	68
Leather common	14	15	13⅝	13⅜
Union Pacific pfd	88⅜	89	88¼	88¼
Union Pacific com.	101½	101½	100¼	101
Western Union	94½	95	93¾	93¾
Southern Ry. com.	29⅜	30¾	30⅛	30⅝
Southern Ry pfd.	84½	84⅜	83½	83⅝
Pennsylvania	160¾	160⅝	160	160½
Great Northern	182½	183	182½	182¾
Wisconsin Central	20⅜	20⅝	20	20

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 20.—Cotton opened quiet and firm with prices 7 points up on buying, led by shorts and European exporters. The trading level following the start was 6 to 8 points above last night's closing, with the sentiment bullishly influenced by strong Liverpool cables, smaller receipts South, less favorable crop and weather reports, a bad chronicle review of the week in the trade and tests that demand for cotton goods was improving.

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AT WEST DULUTH

That the matter of a name for the West Duluth park should be brought before the people here to learn their wishes is the occasion of favorable comment among the citizens, and a number have been heard to express themselves as pleased that the park board has called attention to the selection of a name through the columns of The Herald. As was stated yesterday, the Fairmount School Alumni association was the first to take up the matter, and proposed that the name be "Fairmount Park." The name was considered favorably by the park board, and in the absence of any other suggestions, no other name might have been considered.

A West Duluth citizen, who read the article in The Herald yesterday, however, comes forward with another name that he believes will find a host of supporters among the West Duluth citizens. He suggests that the site be called "Boyd Park," after J. D. Boyd, who died a few years ago. Mr. Boyd's name is very familiar to West Duluthians, particularly those that have lived here since the town was first platted. Mr. Boyd laid out the townsite and built a number of the large manufacturing plants in this part of the city. He was the first mayor of West Duluth, and afterward represented the district in legislature. He was untiring in his efforts for the benefit of this part of the city, and when he passed away he left a host of friends to cherish his memory. In view of the regard in which he is held, and for all that he has done for West Duluth, this citizen believes that there will be a large number of people found that will be in favor of having the property called "Boyd Park."

ARE ONLY FISHING.

Matthew Galashon and James Brown, two well known tie contractors of West Duluth, who have been at Itasca this winter getting out ties for Conley Brothers, of Chicago, finished their work some days ago, and it was supposed that they had started for home. As they did not get here at the time expected, their friends began to fear that something had happened to them, and there was some talk of sending out a party to look up the missing men. It has been learned, however, that Daniel Arbour saw the contractors a few days since. They were on a fishing excursion on the Nemidji river, and if the weather remains favorable they will stay out for several days longer.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Arthur J. Hoag, pastor of the West Duluth Baptist church, will speak tomorrow upon the following topics: At 10:30 o'clock in the morning, "Paul's Definition of a Christian;" at 7:30 o'clock in the evening, "Another Great Transformation From a Thinking Politician to a Loving Disciple of Christ." Sunday school at noon. B. Y. P. U. at 7 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended.

One of the pleasant little social events that has happened in West Duluth this week was the surprise party tendered Mrs. W. F. Green, of Wadena street, last evening, by her Sunday school class, of the Westminster Presbyterian church. The young folks enjoyed themselves with various games and forms of amusements. Rev. John Wilson, the pastor, was present and gave a very interesting talk. Dainty refreshments were served during the evening.

A very pleasant social event was held at the Asbury M. E. church last evening by the young people of the Epworth league. An entertaining program was one of the features of the evening. There were Scotch songs by Mrs. McCauley and Miss Loomis, recitations by Mrs. Stevenson and Miss Lottie Mallory, a reading from the "Bonnie Brier Bush," and a short speech by Mr. Stevenson. After the program ice cream and cake were served.

Rev. Robert Forbes will preach at the Asbury M. E. church Sunday evening. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered.

Services at the German Evangelical Lutheran St. Stephen's church, Raleigh street and Sixty-seventh avenue west, Sunday, at 10 o'clock in the morning. The confirmation of this year's catechisms will take place at this service. The services will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. A. C. Bodir.

L. S. Neuman returned this morning to Eveleth. Mrs. Neuman will remain over Sunday as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Kastriner.

Louis Newton left last evening on a business trip to Sauk Rapids, Minn.

Attorney H. W. Lanners returned this afternoon from a business trip on the range.

Mrs. Frank Colter, of Fifty-ninth avenue west, is sick.

Mrs. William Hammond, of Oneota street, is slightly ill.

Dr. Keyes has commenced some improvements on his house. Wieland & Wade are putting in a new furnace.

The next subject that will be under discussion at the Dynamite club will be Isaac Deathridge's broncho story. The question has been raised whether the broncho really did run as fast as Mr. Deathridge asserts that they did.

Jay Bundy and his little 6-year-old son, Manville, have returned from Iowa, where they went to have the boy's eyes treated. Manville has regained the sight of his eye, and the injured member is getting along nicely.

The Clipper club has completed its organization at a meeting held last night. The officers are George Lund, president; Arthur Young, vice president; Robert Harkness, secretary; Frank H. Wade, treasurer. The club rooms are to be fitted out soon.

The finest ice cream at Boerner's.

Pure drugs and wall paper, at Olaunders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

The ladies of West Duluth Hive, No. 73, L. O. T. M. will give a Manhattan dance at Gilley's hall Monday, April 29.

Frank Gottwold is back from a visit in Iowa and Indiana.

Sixth Avenue Theater.

Packed to the doors again last night was the Sixth Avenue theater to witness the excellent production of "Camille" as portrayed by North Bros' company. The work was splendidly done, particularly that of Miss Virginia Goodwin as Camille and Mr. Chapin as Armond. Their conceptions of the characters in the great work show a deal of study. The support was good, the settings fine and the costumes elaborate.

Tonight the company will repeat "Camille" and will be the last opportunity for theater goers to see Miss Goodwin and her excellent company in this great piece. Next week, commencing Monday night, April 22, the company will present "Farmer Allen," or "Dora," one of Tennyson's master pieces, a particularly interesting play, and an elaborate production is promised. The week just closed has been one of entire satisfaction to house and patrons and bespeaks much for these high class dramatic people.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Robert Pearce has been appointed postmaster at Clear Lake, Sherburne county, vice Edgar White, resigned.

WIDOW'S PENSION.

Washington, April 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—A widow's pension of $8 monthly has been granted to Nettie Lee, of Howard Lake, Minn.

Totman Bros. have removed to East End livery.

REALTY CIRCLES

J. D. Stryker Tells Why Duluth Investments Are Good.

T. F. Cole Has Bought the Handsome A. B. Chapin Residence.

A Number of Transfers of Residences Are Reported.

Is Duluth real estate a good investment?

Of course nobody doubts that for a minute, but even some of those who believe it have very vague ideas why it is so. For that reason The Herald has decided to publish weekly in this column the views of prominent real estate men, who will give their reasons why the question should be answered in the affirmative. There are some very logical and substantial reasons why Duluth real estate is the very best investment going, so the discussion will be very interesting. The first real estate man to give some reasons in support of the affirmative is John D. Stryker, of the firm of Stryker, Manley & Buck, whose reply is as follows:

"Is Duluth real estate a good investment?"

I am asked to answer the above question. Without mental reservation or the possibility of a doubt, I reply that it is; and the following are some of the reasons:

First.—It is reatively cheaper at Duluth today than at any other place in the country. Real estate has always been a safe and profitable investment if purchased at a good point and at its real value. Is there any question in anybody's mind as to Duluth's being a good place for the location of a city? Will Duluth grow as the rest of the country increases? I need not go to the trouble of proving that. There are reasons for the faith that is in us all. We know that Duluth is well located and that it will continue to grow. Then the only question is: Can you afford to buy property here at its real value? I am sure that you can and for less than it is intrinsically worth. Wilkesbarre, Pa., is not quite so large as Duluth. I have recently been there and its best business property will sell at from $1500 to $2000 per front foot. Its best residence property at from $250 to $300 per front foot and all other classes of real estate proportionately higher than ours. Hartford, Conn., is somewhat larger than Duluth. The president of the First National bank there told me he would gladly pay $8,000 per front foot for a corner there but could not get it even at that price. He paid $2000 per front foot where his bank was located which is not on the best street. I could go on with these comparisons of prices, both East and West to prove that Duluth real estate is today relatively cheaper than at any other city, but I do not believe it is necessary.

Second. Because there are many well located properties that can be bought for less than the improvement cost or would cost if made now. This applies more to dwellings than to business buildings, although there are some of the latter of which this is true. Every real estate man in the city has for sale properties, well built, well located, rented so as to pay 6 per cent to 8 per cent net on the price of the property and the price less than the cost of the building. This will not continue for very long, but the demand will steadily increase until all these properties will bring their full value.

Third. Because it is paying a better rate of interest now—and it will continue to increase—than can be obtained on any of the conservative investments in stocks or bonds. The prices of good bonds and stocks have become so high that only from 2½ per cent to 4 per cent can be realized on the investment, and the investor can take all the chances of loss, caused by panics, or by manipulation, and have no control over the company issuing the bonds or stocks. This class of securities has now reached the danger point and conservative men are beginning to turn to real estate. This condition of affairs will surely lead to an increased demand for real estate and with this demand will come better prices, so that property bought now will, beside the interest earned show a good profit in added value.

"It might be inferred from what I have said that I do not think improved property in Duluth a good investment. This is a mistake. There is practically no demand whatever for unimproved lots or acres, and consequently the prices are very low. I believe the advance in the vacant lots will be much greater than the interest charge. It is also true that property purchased now can be improved and rented to pay at least 8 per cent net. We have several people who are anxious to have houses built for them and will take leases for five or ten years and agree to pay 8 per cent net on the total cost of property: the tenant to pay all taxes, assessments, insurance and repairs.

"Many more reasons could be given to prove that Duluth real estate is a good investment—but I think the above are sufficient—I am sure that is not only good, but one of the very best investments to be had."

Next week George H. Crosby, of George H. Crosby & Co., will give his views on the subject.

• • •

The week has been a very good one in real estate. Some good sales have been made and many others are pending. Every real estate firm made good reports of business. Probably the most interesting item of the week was the sale of the A. B. Chapin residence, at the corner of First street and Seventeenth avenue east, to T. F. Cole, of Ironwood, Mich., who will move to Duluth when he assumes his duties as superintendent of the Minnesota mining interests of the United States Steel company. The details of the deal have been kept quiet, but it is understood that the price was $12,000. The residence is a very handsome one, and Mr. Cole will make a substantial addition to the citizens of Duluth.

• • •

Stryker, Manley & Buck report a number of good sales, with more pending. An Eastern party has purchased through this firm Capt. C. C. Teare's residence at 1509 and 1511 East Third street, for $6000.

The house and lot at 122 West Fifth street was sold to a Duluth party for $1500. The name is not given out, because the deal is not quite complete.

• • •

The same is true of a deal for the sale of 126 Sivrain avenue west, one of the Wells row, which is pending and practically completed.

• • •

George H. Crosby & Co. during the week sold a modern 6-room house and lot at 209 South Sixteenth avenue east for George E. Rolph to H. G. Gross. The lot is 40 by 100 feet, and the house is one of the best small houses in the East End. The consideration was $2100.

The same firm sold for Charles G. Traphagen to Isadore H. Dodge, lot 10, block 6, Lester Park. First division, with a 6-room modern dwelling, for $2000.

Samuel Croll has sold to Carl A. Erickson, through this firm, lot 70, East Fifth street, for $1500. Mr. Erickson will erect a dwelling for himself at once.

Bertha Gruel has purchased through the same firm lot 6, block 9, Norton's division, from the Farmers' Trust company limited, of St. Paul, for $450. The firm also sold to Caleb T. LeTourneau for $750 lots 70, 71 and 72, Morris Park addition, and a number of other deals are pending.

• • •

The Children's home is looking for a new location, and the board of managers is negotiating on several promising sites.

IMPORTANT!

All Parties Interested—

Please take notice that on and after May 1, 1901, all Mexican Land remaining unsold in tract of La Mexicana Land and Colonization Company will be advanced to $250 per acre.

You can close up to April 30, 1901, at old price, $100 in one or more lots of five acre

By Investing Now

You can secure a life income at moderate cost on monthly payment plan. We plant and maintain until maturity Rubber, Vanilla, Coffee, Cocoa, Sugar Cane, etc. We back up our promises with guarantee deposited with The Fidelity Trust company, of Chicago. It will pay you to investigate. Call upon or write our representative.

H. L. Gilkeson,

1207 East Fourth street.

LA MEXICANA LAND AND COLONIZATION COMPANY, Room 410, 123 La Salle street, Chicago.

DON'T RENT

Purchase a lot of **Lakeside Land Company** at Lakeside or Lester Park and the Company will loan you the money to build. Easy terms—No commission. Call and see us at **303 Lonsdale building—**

Lakeside Land Co.

None has yet been selected, however.

Rathbun, the grocer, has taken a lease of the store now occupied by the Anderson Grocery company, and will move to the new location May 1.

• • •

John Fraser has purchased J. D. Gilchrist's residence at Hunter's Park for $3400.

The transfers for the week are as follows:

Joseph W. Close to L. W. McLean, lot 6, block 14, Lendum addition.	$ 1,400
M. A. Cummings to Joseph W. Anderson, and ½ of se¼ of section 12-51-16	100
Samuel W. Campbell, et ux to James C. Poole, lot 3, block 28, Eveleth. First addition	3,000
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Tom Maijala, lot 3, block 28, Eveleth	125
Joseph Duc to Alphonse Degrugillier, lot 10, block 17, Tower	250
Ole O. Ramstad et ux to Mary Ann Gallagher, e½ lot 391, block 148, Duluth proper, Second division	600
Caroline Holmgreen to Ellen T. Horgan, w½ lot 12, West First street, Duluth proper, First division	3,250
David Rabbit to Mashek Lumber company, nw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of ne¼ section 6; ne¼ of nw¼ section 19-59-20, and lot 3 section 31-61-21	656
Thorwald Lundeen et ux to Spruce Mining company, lot 5, block 19, Eveleth	400
E. R. Hendriksen et ux to Spruce Mining company, lot 6, block 19, Eveleth	350
Samuel Croll et ux to Carl August Erickson, lot 70, East Fifth street, First division, the prices of good bonds and stocks have become so high that only from 2½ per cent to 4 per cent can be realized on the investment, and the investor can take all the chances of loss, caused by panics, or by manipulation, and have no control over the company issuing the bonds or stocks. This class of securities has now reached the danger point and conservative men are beginning to turn to real estate. This condition of affairs will surely lead to an increased demand for real estate and with this demand will come better prices, so that property bought now will, beside the interest earned show a good profit in added value.	1,475
Annie E. Forbes et mar to Susie Messner, lots 9 and 10, block 9, Oakland Park addition	375
George C. Howe et ux to Augerstein & Co., lots, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298 and 300, block 72, Rice's Point	1,500
Mary E. Miller et al. to Ellsworth, lots 65 and 67, West Second street, Duluth proper, First division	9,000
Kate W. Codding et mar to Adeline P. Choate, part of lots 94 and 96, block 20, Duluth proper, Third division	2,900
William C. Robinson to Robert Whiteside, w½ of se¼, lot 7, section 13; se¼ of ne¼ section 13; sw¼ of nw¼ section 24; sw¼ of nw¼, nw¼ of sw¼ section 11-64-13	1,600
David Bellingham to Charles Carlson, se¼ of nw¼ section 23-57-18	100
Ole Peterson et ux to Jakop Helsebakka, e½ sw¼ of ne¼ section 28-49-15	250
W. H. Latham to school district No. 27, lot 14, block 61, Hibbing	150
William Stafford et ux to Franklin Lumber company et al, se

BASEBALL

Northwestern League May May Yet Be Formed.

New Rule Calls a Foul Hit Ball a Strike.

Wait for the organization of the Northwestern league. It may come when you least expect it!

Nothing transpired last week but it is reported that something definite will be done toward organizing the league at a conference in Ashland this evening. Manager Hansell left for that place this afternoon and he and Manager Fear, of Ashland, expect to go over the situation very thoroughly. Sault Ste. Marie is anxious to enter the league but local enthusiasts say that the town is too far away for a place on a regular schedule. However, there promises to be some lively exhibition games between Duluth and the Soo this season, as the latter place has a strong and well financed team.

* * *

It is probable that the American league rules will be in vogue at Oneota Park this summer, instead of the National league rules. The new rule of the National league, calling a foul hit ball a strike, is enough to cause acute distress to any player. Under the new rule any ball that hits foul ground is a strike provided two strikes have not already been called. It has caused quite a row among the National league players and in an interview recently one of them said:

"I can't see any sense in giving a man a strike when a straight, hard drive tears up the turf an inch away from first or third. A middle course, and one which would have been much better, would have been to call click fouls, tipping off the bat, and sailing backward over the stand, strikes, and the same for balls tilted off the bat right and left at the will of the batter. Any umpire can distinguish between the careful motion needed to intentionally foul off a ball and the quick swing of the man who tries to hit it. There isn't a 10-year-old on the prairie who couldn't do that. If the rules were changed that way, and the umpires forced to obey the rules, there would be no trouble. I can tell when Thomas or McGraw is fouling intentionally. The swing and movement of the arm is as different from the action of a free hitter as day from darkness. But to give strikes for good, honest swats that miss by an inch or two is cruelty to animals.

"If they wanted to keep the batting up, and yet put in that rule, they should have drawn a box three feet square round first and third, and called anything hitting in that space, fair, while the pitcher ought to have been restricted to three balls."

* * *

The brook trout season opened in this state on Monday but only a few people knew about it. Many Duluthians went far down the Wisconsin streams thinking that the fish could only be caught there, legally. The legislature stole a march on the anglers and amended the law so that the opening in this state is now on the same day as that of Wisconsin.

The Minnesota legislature has made a number of changes in the game and fish laws, and has added a prohibitory clause against the shooting or taking in any manner of song birds or birds of plumage. The shooting of turtle doves, snipe, prairie chicken, sinnated grouse, white-breasted or sharp-tailed grouse is prohibited between Nov. 1 and Sept. 1 following. This leaves but two months for this sport. Quail, partridge, ruffed grouse or pheasant are prohibited between Dec. 1 and Oct. 1 following. Woodcock or upland plover may not be shot between Oct. 31 and July 4 following. Mongolian, English or Chinese pheasants are prohibited until Sept. 1, 1901. Wild geese, brant or any variety of aquatic fowl are limited to the period between Sept. 1 and Jan. 1, thus placing a prohibition on spring shooting, including geese, on which there have been no such restrictions heretofore. There is a clause in this act which prohibits the transportation, sale or possession of feathered game unless the same shall have been procured within the time prescribed, and this is held to prohibit the importation of game from other states except during the open season in Minnesota. The law is aimed at destroying the occupation of market hunters, and is regarded with satisfaction by sportsmen generally, though its application to migratory fowl is not so much in favor. In strong contrast with the restriction on feathered game is the bill which aims to lengthen the season of trout fishing, making the season in Minnesota begin on April 15 instead of May 1, as heretofore.

* * *

While the "big nine" colleges were discussing the date for holding their annual athletic meet, their rivals, the Western Intercollegiate association, became busy on a trust proposition and rented the one desirable field for all the desirable dates. The young man who did that could probably get a job with J. P. Morgan.

* * *

The National league outlawed Yale for playing with the Baltimore American league team and Boston refused to meet the collegians for that reason. "Andy" Freedman of the New York team then proceeded to humiliate Boston and the whole National league by playing a game with Yale when the talk was the hottest. The National league can now do one of two things, either outlaw New York or abolish its rules. In either case it must make itself look like a quarter and a nickel.

* * *

If Terry McGovern is at all sensitive to criticism he will probably have his hands full for the next few months. His match with Oscar Gardner, to take place in San Francisco April 30, has not found favor with the sports, and there is a strong demand that he meet some tougher foe to show that he is not after easy money in California.

The San Francisco fight followers do not want Terry to fight Gardner, but they do want him to tackle Frank Erne, George McFadden or Marty McGue. They believe that Gardner will be "ready money" for Terry, and that the event on the last day of April will be no fight at all, but simply a walkover for the Brooklyn terror. Of course, none but a champion would be criticised for making any sort of a match. The San Francisco people may have some ground for complaint in this particular instance, but, as a rule, McGovern has never been backward about meeting anyone offered to him, and he is not probably personally to blame for his present match with the "Omaha Kid."

* * *

Albert Champion the erratic Frenchman, is riding great guns in his training spins. Since his arrival from France over a year ago Champion has won no contest, although rated among the best middle distance men in Europe. He has had a great deal of hard luck to contend with, and this in a great measure has been accountable for his poor showing. He announced his retirement last Fall, but like all other old timers, has gotten the racing fever again this spring.

* * *

A college that does not hold the champion strong man is no longer in the race for athletic honors. Harvard has Herbert, Yale has Shriver, Columbia has Weeks, Chicago has Kennedy and Minnesota has Allis. The reports regarding these men are somewhat clouded by the metric system, but it is easy to see that Sampson was only a selling plater.

* * *

The owners of the two Chicago baseball teams have decided to limit passes this year to the city council, police force, department of building inspection, newspapers, city fire department, Cook County hospital staff, their own families and their families' friends, boys who pick up baseballs outside the grounds, wives and friends of the players, stockholders in the clubs, firms that advertise on the signboards, their own elevator men, their own newsboys, their own janitors, and only to such other people as they can call by their first names. These magnates are a stingy lot.

* * *

Chicago and Berlin are now the only two cities in the race for the honor of giving the Olympian games in 1904. Berlin expects to win because of its location in Europe and Chicago on the strength of furnishing money to make the contests more attractive than at any time since their revival.

* * *

According to the latest reports, the afternoon population of the Newport track consists of two bookmakers and fourteen railbirds. They call this great sport in Cincinnati.

* * *

George Gould has agreed to pay all the expenses of players to keep the game of polo alive in a fashionable and wealthy Eastern club. If you wonder why George is the only one who has the price to play polo just mortgage yourself for $1,000,000 and buy part of a polo outfit.

* * *

Fred Russell, the big Californian, who meets Sharkey in a 10-round go at Denver on April 26, may astonish the Sailor. Russell's most notable performances were a knockout of Jack McCormick in one round and a scrambling fight with Choynski, in which the latter is said to have had much the worst of the argument, being chased merrily around the ring for several rounds and finally knocked clean through the ropes. Russell, however, lost the decision on an alleged foul, but not before he had proved pretty conclusively that he was Joe's master.

Russell may furnish the wise men with a surprise, however. Tommy Ryan is of the opinion that Sharkey is up against it, and predicts the downfall of the latter inside of the ten rounds scheduled. Should the ex-Syracusan's prophecy come true, it will mean the winding up of Sharkey's career as a fighter.

* * *

The report is current in Cincinnati that the exciting game of checkers is to have a general revival there, providing the police do not interfere. In consequence of the report, there is much commotion in sporting circles of the Queen City.

VERY SOON.

Attorney General Will Give an Opinion on Railroad Deal.

St. Paul, April 20.—J. G. Miller, of the state railroad and warehouse commission, renewed his query of Attorney General W. B. Douglas as to the duties of the commission in the case of the reported deal for the absorption of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and Duluth & Iron Range railroads by the United States Steel corporation. The matter was submitted to the attorney general shortly before the adjournment of the legislature.

The query was not answered, pending disposition by the legislature of a resolution introduced by Senator H. J. Miller, relating to the same subject. This passed the senate, but was among the things which the house left undone.

Accordingly Mr. Miller yesterday morning renewed his request for an opinion from the attorney general as to the authority of the commission in the state of facts which appears at present.

Attorney General Douglas said that the questions asked by the railroad commission were broad in their scope, and he had not had time since receipt of the communication to go into the subject fully, but expected to give the commission an opinion very soon.

The law forbids the consolidation of competing lines, but some authorities question whether the absorption of two competing lines by a separate gigantic corporation as a mere incident to business whose field is much broader than simple railroading, might not successfully evade the law.

Homeseekers and Settlers Rates.

April 16, 23 and 30 the Northern Pacific railway will sell one-way tickets to Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland for $25; Helena and Butte, $20, and on April 16 round-trip tickets to all points on its line at one fare plus $2. For full information and tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Fight on for wealth, old "Money Bags," your liver is drying up and bowels wearing out, some day you will cry aloud for health, offering all your wealth, but you will not get it because you neglected Nature in your mad rush to get gold. No matter what you do, or what ails you, to-day is the day—every day is the day—to keep watch of Nature's wants—and help your bowels act regularly—*CASCARETS* will help Nature help you. Neglect means bile in the blood, foul breath, and awful pains in the back of the head with a loathing and bad feeling for all that is good in life. Don't care how rich or poor you are, you can't be well if you have bowel trouble, you will be regular if you take *CASCARETS*—get them to-day—*CASCARETS*—in metal box; small box 10c, whole month's treatment 50c; take one, eat it like candy and it will work gently while you sleep. It cures; that means it strengthens the muscular walls of the bowels and gives them new life; then they act regularly and naturally; that is what you want—it is guaranteed to be found in

THE TONIC LAXATIVE

Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 460

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

"I am for Men"

HENRY GEORGE 5c. Cigar

Smokers wonder why the Henry George is a so much finer smoke than any other five-cent cigar—We will tell you—THE COMBINATION OF TOBACCOS WHICH IT CONTAINS IS DIFFERENT FROM THAT USED IN ANY OTHER FIVE-CENT CIGAR, and is the manufacturer's secret. The smoking public get the benefit—Try one and you will join the ranks of steady Henry George Smokers.

5c 5c 5c 5c 5c 5c 5c 5c 5c 5c

STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS CO., DISTRIBUTORS, DULUTH, MINN.

WEDDED AT KANSAS CITY

Marriage of James R. Bennett, Jr., of St. Cloud, and Miss Rosalie O. Flournoy---Culmination of a Pretty Romance.

A Kansas City letter of April 16 to the St. Cloud Times says: A very pretty romance, with love as its dominant feature, culminated in this city today, when the life destinies of James R. Bennett, Jr., of St. Cloud, and Miss Rosalia O. Flournoy, of this city, were bound by the tie of matrimony.

For several months past the frequent visits to Kansas City of a prominent Minnesota attorney, have given animation to the affairs of a certain social faction of which Miss Flournoy was a very distinguished member. With his usual subtle skill, the little cherub was nicely at work, but not so clandestine sweet small secret only intensified those who had looked for a full knowledge and made others anxious to know.

Mr. Bennett attended the national Democratic convention at Kansas City on July 4. So did Z. H. Austin, of Minneapolis, Mr. Bennett's close friend. His mind absorbed in the affairs of the great political gathering and what it involved, the St. Cloud lawyer, who in his own words, had determined to hermit it through life as "a confirmed old bach," had "no time" for the foibles or frivolities of society, nor was there a woman on earth—whom he had met—who would lure him away from his solitary ideal. But not so, Mr. Austin; he had a different idea about such things, and he thought too much of his friend "Jim" to allow him to go groping his way alone through a dark, dismal cold world.

It was a day of excessive heat—such as Kansas City is noted for. The dreary routine of the convention had no attractions for Austin. "Come, jet's go out and call on a couple of young ladies whom I know," he said to Bennett. In that gruff manner of the cool, calculating politician, who would rather starve the very soul of cupid than miss one single minute from a dry old convention, Bennett, sort of half way, snapped: "Oh, get away with your lady friends. I've come here to attend to business. I've no time for foolishness; besides, I'm not a lady's man, anyway."

But "Zeke" persisted, and finally, as if disgusted with himself this astute and exceedingly industrious politician from Minesota, consented to impose, "just for once," upon his predetermined plans and accompany his friend Mr. Austin out. It was at this particular juncture of his life that Mr. Bennett really came to know himself. It was not until then that he discovered that he was the victim of an element, common to the race and more particularly, in this case, to the sex of which he was a member.

The convention closed. Of the final proceedings, Mr. Bennett had only a dim and imperfect recollection. He had grown lax in interest—irregular in attendance. Other matters now claimed his attention and to all demands of a certain nature he yielded a most cheerful response. All his former plans, so "emphatically" decided upon, Mr. Bennett deserted like a flash, and as quickly laid a firm grasp upon new resolutions.

He and Austin returned to their northern homes, both of the opinion that the convention had been the most successful ever held in the political history of the country. So sure of the fact was the St. Cloud lawyer that he became enthusiastic in his assurance.

From that time on Mr. Bennett has been a frequent visitor to the Flournoy home in this city, and today he left, ultimately to go back to Minnesota, the proud possessor of the alluring object of his former missions. It was a little piece of romance that many Kansas citizens who have long known and admired the charming bride felt a deep interest in watching, and witnessed its culmination with common satisfaction.

Mr. Bennett deserves the hearty congratulations showered today when he received for his life companion Miss Rosalie Ownly Flournoy. The ceremony, which was according to the Episcopal service, was performed in the beautiful parlors of the Boniventure, on Independence avenue, at 3 o'clock this afternoon, by the Rev. George H. Coombs, D.D., pastor of the First Christian church of Kansas City, of which the bride has been a member. Mr. Bennett belongs to the Episcopal denomination. The ceremony, though simple, was attended by many pretty accompaniments. A lovely appearance the floral wreathed parlors presented, and the betrothed couple were becoming and graceful in their handsome bridal vestures. No bridesmaid nor groomsman, but a winsome little flower maid, attended the happy pair as they approached the hymeneal altar. In her pretty hand she carried a dainty white lily in which was placed the ring that then typified the solemn match. It was an impressive scene.

Among the guests were ex-Senator Charles A. Towne and wife, of Duluth; Hon. George H. Shibley, of New York; J. R. Bennett, Sr., of St. Cloud, father of the groom; Charles and William Flournoy, attorneys, of Kansas City, and brothers of the bride; the bride's mother, Mrs. Nancy Flournoy; Miss Anna Otey; ex-Assistant State Insurance Commissioner H. Austin, of Minneapolis, and James B. Wootan, of the St. Paul Globe.

Mr. and Mrs. Bennett departed for the East at 6:15 this evening. They will spend a brief honeymoon in the elite East and then proceed to their permanent home at St. Cloud.

Mrs. Bennett is a member of the distinguished Flournoy family, of Virginia, the ancestors of which came originally from France. Her father, the late John T. Flournoy, was a prominent man. His daughter received a collegiate course at the famous old Lexington Young Ladies' seminary, and possesses a very marked ability in art, which endowment is highly cultured.

FISHERMAN'S LUCK.

A letter was received today by Mrs. Rebecca Bhaer from her son, Oscar Bhaer, in which he tells a wonderful story of riches, says a Reading, Pa., dispatch. He is 18 years of age. Three years ago he went to the state of Washington and got work on a railroad at Tunnell City. He writes his mother that he and Julius Gill were fishing, and that while he was trying to land a trout he tumbled down a 15-foot embankment into the creek, carrying a ledge of quartz with him. This exposed nuggets of gold. They established their claim, he says, and are now sinking a shaft. Old miners have assured him that his find will make him a rich man, and he writes that it is his belief that the property, of which he is half owner, is worth several millions.

DOES NOT DISAPPOINT.

The New Discovery For Catarrh Seems to Possess Remarkable Merit.

A new catarrh cure has recently appeared which so far as tested has been remarkably successful in curing all forms of catarrh, whether in the head, throat, bronchial tubes, or in stomach and liver.

The remedy is in tablet form, pleasant and convenient to take and no special secrecy is maintained as to what it contains, the tablet being a scientific combination of Guaiacol, Eucalyptol, Sanguinaria, Hydrastin and similar valuable and harmless antiseptics.

The safe and effective catarrh cure may be found at any drug store under name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

Whether the catarrh is located in the nose, throat, bronchial tubes or stomach, the tablets seem to act with equal success, removing the stuffy feeling in head and nose, clearing the mucous membrane of throat and trachea from catarrhal secretions, which cause the tickling, coughing, hawking and gagging so annoying to every catarrh sufferer.

Nasal catarrh generally leads to ulceration in some cases to such an extent as to destroy the nose entirely and in many old cases of catarrh the bones of the head become diseased. Nasal catarrh gradually extends to the throat and bronchial tubes and very often to the stomach, causing that very obstinate trouble, catarrh of the stomach.

Catarrh is a systemic poison, inherent in the blood, and local washes, douches, salves, inhalers and sprays can have no effect on the real cause of the disease. An internal remedy which acts upon the blood is the only rational treatment and Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is the safest of all internal remedies, as well as the most convenient and satisfactory from a medical standpoint.

Dr. Eaton recently stated that he had successfully used Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in old chronic cases, even where ulceration had extended so far as to destroy the septum of the nose. He says: "I am pleasantly surprised almost every day by the excellent results from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. It is remarkable how effectually they remove the excessive secretion and bring about a healthy condition of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat and stomach."

All druggists sell complete treatment of the tablets at 50 cents and a little book giving the symptoms and causes of the various forms of catarrh will be mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

WEAK, WASTING STRICTURED **MEN CURED**

While You Sleep in 15 Days.

There is no question that you feel like you look; despondent, weak, nervous and despairing. Your sleep is disturbed by unpleasant dreams and you awake tired and with your mind filled with evil forebodings. You know that you are seminally weak, and you also know from sad experience that all of the drugs that you have poured into your stomach have left you worse than they found you.

NOW LISTEN TO ME!

Not one drop of internal medicine that you ever did or will put in your stomach will cure you. Why? Because your ailment is not in your stomach, or liver, or kidneys, but in the urethral canal. It is a local disease, and as such requires local treatment; it can not be reached effectually by internal treatment.

This is the St. James method of preparing treatment:

The medication is compressed into the form of crayons (as above), narrow, smooth and flexible, which slip into the urethral canal without effort, where they dissolve in three hours, which is sufficient time to penetrate, dissolve and dislodge STRICTURE like snow beneath the sun, allay inflammation and reduce enlargement of the PROSTATE GLAND, contracting the SEMINAL DUCTS, FOREVER STOPPING DRAINS and EMISSIONS, curing while you sleep—a direct, positive, common-sense and curative method of LOCAL TREATMENT which reaches the spot and ACTS INSTANTLY.

"Home Treatment" Can Be Used As Successfully By the Patient As By Ourselves.

Space will not permit a complete description of the incomparable St. James Treatment in urethral diseases. Every sufferer from Stricture, and its offspring, Prostatitis and Seminal Weakness, should write to the St. James Association, 71 St. James Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, for their wonderful illustrated work, showing the parts of the human system involved in urethral ailments, which they will send securely wrapped in plain package, prepaid..... FREE.

ST. JAMES ASSN., 71 ST. JAMES. BLDG., CINCINNATI, O.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge; Stops Nervousness, Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped every function. Don't get disheartened. A cure is at hand, Imparts vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS. See a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box: 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.

Hotel VICTORIA

27th Street, Broadway and 5th Ave., New York

European Plan — *Absolutely Fireproof*

In the centre of the shopping and theatre district

A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests; 250 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and 'telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Prop.

John R. Langton, formerly of The Spalding Hotel is on The Victoria staff.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Trade Mark — BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR RENT.

335 Mesaba avenue; 8 rooms, modern conveniences; water paid $22.50

515 East Second street, 9 rooms, modern conveniences.. $45.00

20 West Third street, 10 rooms, brick, modern conveniences.. $45.00

22 West Third street, 10 rooms, brick, modern conveniences.. $45.00

725 West Second street, 7 rooms, stove heat; water paid. $19.00

1603 South street, 6 rooms, stove heat, water paid..... $14.00

326 Sixteenth avenue East, South, 6 rooms, stove heat; water paid..... $15.00

Wm. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
Lonsdale Building.

Stock is now open in the Nevada Paraffine Oil Co. of Duluth, Minn., first issue selling at 3c per share, par value $1.00.
Office: 318 West Superior St.

HAVE REMOVED MY OFFICE
From West Superior to
212-213 Trust Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

If you want any of the reliable local mining and industrial stocks, place your orders with me. If you want to go into any of the newer oil and mining deals, call on me. Am official broker of the Blue Grass Oil company now drilling a well on one of their properties. A new oil company now being organized. Call on me and get particulars if you want to get a stock cheap that is just as good as any oil company's prospects anywhere in the United States. I have given this personal investigation and can recommend it. Do you want any Wisconsin copper stocks or lands? Call on me.

M. O. FRENOH,
212-213 Trust Bldg, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

323 South Seventeenth Avenue East—5 rooms and bath..... $12

18 Tenth Avenue East—7 rooms, including water..... $20

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE.

$1500 For a 6-room house on West First street, near 18th ave. W.

$1100 Will buy a 6-room house on East Fifth street, near Portland Square.

$3150 Will purchase a comfortable well-built 7-room house on 16th Ave. E., in the very best of repair and with all modern improvements.

$2000 Will buy a 5-room house on East Third street, near 13th Ave. E., with furnace heat, city water and sewer and bath. Size of lot 25x140.

$6000 Will buy a 9-room house on East Third street, near 7th Ave. E. Size of lot 50x140 to an alley, with good stable in rear. House has furnace heat, electric light and gas, city water, sewer and bath, hardwood floors down stairs and oak finish. Was built in 1895 at a cost of $9000.

FOR RENT.

Building, heavy construction, on Michigan street, suitable for commission or manufacturing purpose. 75 feet front, 3 stories and basement—elevators; boiler for both heat and power—can have 25 or 50 feet.

Store room on West Mich. street, 6-room flat above; has city water and bathroom; whole building, $35 a month.

Building on West Mich. street. Store-room with rooms above. Whole building, $12 per month.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

LAKE SUPERIOR FRONTAGE.

PARENTS! GUARDIANS! INVESTORS! do you wish a safe investment? This is safer than banks and better than stocks. I have forty acres fronting on Lake Superior, within three miles of Lester Park, which I will divide into ten acre lots or sell intact at a price on which you can double your money within the next few years. Remember Duluth is growing rapidly. Write me for price and information. George W. Busch, 145 Maple street, Detroit, Mich.

Stock is now open in the Nevada Paraffine Oil Co. of Duluth, Minn., first issue selling at 3c per share, par value $1.00.
Office: 318 West Superior St.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R.B.Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Cozy Cottage

This has never been offered before. Seven rooms, stone foundation, cement floor, furnace, electric light, bath, hardwood floors, storm windows, fly screens, everything in good order. West of Sixteenth avenue East. One block from car line. Only $3,100. Exclusively.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale

Choice Residence Lot on East First Street.
Can be sold at a bargain if taken at once.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Mortgage Loans, Real Estate, Investments.

$700 Takes 50-foot lot on Huron St., near Twenty-seventh avenue W.

$1750 Takes 100 feet upper side of East Fourth street; all improvements.

A. G. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 5 WEST Superior street; possession May 1.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 204 WEST Michigan st., refrigeration furnished.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT, WATER furnished, $12.00.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

Here is a Snap in a Cheap Home!

Fine corner lot, 50x100 feet, on Nineteenth avenue west, near Fourth street, with good 6-room house, stone foundation, brick cellar, fine large pantry, excellent well in back kitchen. Stone retaining wall around lower side of lot.

All for the very low price of $1250.

Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

Residence Bargains—For Sale.

8-room modern house, bath, gas, furnace, laundry, good repair. No. 628 West Third street... **$2800**

Nine-room house, water and sewer, 626 West 3rd st. Cheap.

106-106 West Michigan street, brick building, 50-ft frontage on Mich. St., railroad tracks in rear. Cheap.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

REAL ESTATE

$2500 Buys fine double corner 100x140 feet, 25th ave west and 1st St.

$1200 Buys fine corner, 50x140 on Superior street, west of 28th ave.

$2650 Buys a good 9-room house and lot, centrally located.

$1600 Buys a good 12-room house in West Duluth, has city water, and near street car.

Buys a house and 25-foot lot near 28th avenue west.

$1150 For a 7-room house near Second street, and 17th ave. west.

$1000 Anyone wanting to buy or sell, call or write

O. G. OLSON,
415 Burrows Building.

FOUND.

FOUND—TWO WEEKS AGO, GOLD heart charm, at Twenty-sixth avenue west and Superior street. Owner prove by description at Berg's jewelry store, Twentieth avenue west, and pay for this ad.

ARTIST.

PAINTING DONE TO ORDER. Prices reasonable. Lessons, 25 cents per hour. Materials furnished. Call 25 West Second street. Mrs. C. Thomson.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

MEDICAL.

VICTORY OF SCIENCE OVER DISEASE Cancer baffling general practitioner's skill yields readily to our scientific methods. No knife, plaster or pain. Mason Medical Co., 121 W. 42nd, St., New York. Book and advice free.

LADIES — GUARANTEED "REGULator Remedy" never falls; harmless; quick relief; one full box free; write to Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale

Eight room house, all modern improvements.
1927 E. Superior Street.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

THIS IS A BARGAIN.

$1600 Seven room house on Eighth avenue east, near Fourth street. Water and sewer connections—house in good condition—it will rent for $18.00 per month.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.
50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.
Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, CANARY BIRDS. 109 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first-class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske, room 2, over No. 7 West Superior street.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

LOST.

LOST—PACKAGE CONTAINING PAIR pants. Reward for return to 516 Lake avenue north. $2 reward..

LOST—GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN. Please leave at 230 Fourteenth avenue east and receive reward.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY. 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker. 324 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner. Zenith telephone 606.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—AGENTS.

$100 MONTHLY—NEW PATENT METallic bread boards. Sample free. E. J. Forshee Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

LADY AGENT—YOUR OPPORTUNITY—Hygeia Straight Front and Military Corsets are money-makers. Every woman wants one. For terms apply Dept. D, Western Corset Co., St. Louis, Mo.

MAN OR WOMAN WANTED TO EMploy and superintend agents, $18 per week salary and expenses. Permanent position. Ziegler company, 520 Monon building, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—GENERAL AND LOCAL agents everywhere for most popular accident policy issued; new plan; sells to every one; large commissions; exclusive territory. George V. Carroll, 189 Broadway, New York.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

Duluth Purchasing Agency.

MY LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE business enables me to purchase with satisfaction for out-of-town people, dry goods, furniture, house furnishings, etc. Let me know what you want and I will get it for you. Albert L. Preston, 309 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 East Superior street and have your stoves kept in order free of charge.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES.

$6000 For No. 502 West Third street, all conveniences.

$3750 For No. 2101 East First street.

$3500 For 823 East Third street, city water, bath, stone foundation, sewer and barn.

$3200 For No. 502 Second avenue east.

$3000 For 1510 Jefferson street, all conveniences, including electric light.

$2100 For 1512 London road, water, sewer and bath.

$1200 For 511 West Fifth street.

$900 For No. 223 Ninth avenue east.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS Closing out sale every piano and organ; must be sold by April 30; one-half price and less on all new and second-hand pianos; our lease expires and we must quit business; read some of the bargains:
Gabler Upright, like new..... $125
Knabe Piano, good as new..... $ 75
Everett Upright Piano $150
Estey Organ, high top, walnut case.. $ 20
Mason & Hamlin Organ, high top, walnut case ..... $ 30
Come at once while you have assortment to select from. Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Tietz, 1 and 2 Columbus building; over Stack's.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 DENSMORE TYPEwriter, almost new; letter press, table, two oak office chairs. B 17, Herald.

FOR SALE—CAMP ON PARK POINT. furnished or unfurnished, three rooms, Eighteenth street, bay side; open Sunday afternoon.

FOR SALE — CASH REGISTER AND wire fencing. Call 1612 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—2000 EACH OF "KETTLE Kurlew," "Queen Bee" and "Boundary Camp" shares very cheap if sold at once. Address M 22, Herald.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT 50 BY 70 and four room house, for $900. 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—YOUNG COW. WILL BE fresh in few days. At 2029 West Fifth street.

RADIANT HOME SQUARE HEATER, in good order, $17.50. 106 East Superior street.

ORGANS $10, $13.50, $15, $18 AND UP TO $35, for second hand organs in good repair. $3 cash and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTIcon outfit with calcium light jets, with or without lantern slides. A bargain. Richards & Birch, 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows to arrive April 20. Evan Johnson, 2008 West Helm street.

$175 MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, used short time, fine tone, mandolin attachment, $15 cash and $7 a month. French & Bassett.

LARGE CAMP STOVE, FIRST-CLASS condition; price $18. 106 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

LEAVING THE CITY—I WANT TO sell my Henry F. Miller artist's piano that I have been using in my studio for a short time; good as new. Will sell at a great sacrifice. Francis E. Woodward.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 DENSMORE TYPEwriter, almost new; flat top desk and letter press, will sell together or separate. B 17, Herald.

STEEL RANGE, WITH WATER FRONT, almost new; price $15. 106 East Superior street.

$148 KIMBALL UPRIGHT PIANO, thoroughly repaired, new keys and hammers; case refinished. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD effects, cheap. 30 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—GAS RANGE, with water meter. 610 West Superior street.

$75 SQUARE PIANO, GOOD CONDItion, sweet tone, $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

CLOSING OUT RANGES AND HEATERS at half value. 106 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, NEW SET of 4 vol. half morocco, Encyclopaedic Dictionary. This is one of the best bargains in an encyclopaedia ever offered in Duluth. Albertson's, 330 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—5000 SHARES COLUMBIA stock, "Big 5"—at 25 cents. 533 Manhattan buuilding.

$98 FOR UPRIGHT PIANO, HAS BEEN thoroughly repaired and case refinished, $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FOUR PONIES AT STEWart's livery.

FOR SALE—CABINET ORGAN IN GOOD condition; cheap. Call 1722 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—NELSON BANJO, GOOD condition, best make; cost $50; will sell for $30. Address A 93, Herald.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4, commencing Sunday, April 21.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of two children (3 and 6), afternoons. 1818 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR CHAMBERmaid at Branch Bethel. Apply Charles H. Hall.

WANTED — DISH WASHER, GERman girl preferred. Apply St. Luke's hospital.

WANTED — TEN WAITRESSES, FOUR kitchen girls, three No. 1 cooks, two dish washers, and any number of general house girls. Lewis Employment agency.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1123 East First street.

GIRL TO WORK IN BOARDING house. 526 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook. Two in family. Inquire evenings, Mrs. Williamson, 1125 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 718 East Third.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT the Hazelwood Park hotel, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. Apply 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—TEN OR FIFTEEN GIRLS for plain sewing. Call at Helsing & Co.'s, Fifth avenue west and Michigan street. Overall factory.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. Call mornings, 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL, TWO IN FAMILY. 127 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, must be good cook. Apply Mrs. John P. Morrow, Twenty-first avenue east and Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1121 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. Mrs. Hansen Smith, Fifty-fourth avenue and Central place, West Duluth.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED—220 FOURTEENTH avenue east.

WANTED — DISHWASHER; DINING room girl and chambermaid at the Colson house.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS TO learn the French-American system of garment cutting. A small salary paid while learning. Room 219 Lowell building.

WANTED — COMPETENT DINING room girl immediately. 329 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO COOKING and general housework; family of three. 5302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. None but good cook need apply. 231 West Second street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

CIGAR SALESMEN, GOOD PAY; EXperience unnecessary. E. Manuel & Co., 206 East One Hundred and Sixth street, New York.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED BELL boy at the Spalding hotel.

SALESMEN TO ESTABLISH BRANCH offices for sale of office specialties. Factory, New Hampshire. Address Manager, 310 Phoenix block, St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A HOUSEMAN. Apply Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — TRAVELING SALESMAN to the wholesale and retail trade only; salary $1200 and expenses. The National, 302 Caxton building, Chicago.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, ELECTRIcians, firemen, etc., new 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers, sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, donate tools, include board and assist to positions after two months' term, also give opportunity of Saturday and Sunday wages while learning. Our special offer good until May 15. Make application by mail today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—TRAVELING AND ADVERtising man for Minnesota, $65 month and all expenses. Permanent position; good opening for suitable representative. Address Superintendent Hickey, 390 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE, HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

SALESMAN TO SELL OLD ESTABlished line of grocery trade. Only salesmen willing to demonstrate ability need apply. Address A. X., Herald.

WE PAY $20 A WEEK AND EXpenses to men with rigs to introduce poultry compound. International Manufacturing company, Parsons, Kan.

100 MEN WANTED FOR HALVORSON, Richards & Co.'s big railroad contract near Bemidji, Minn. Laborers, station and ax men. One year's work. Cheap fare. Ship every night. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED BELL BOY at the Spalding hotel.

WANTED—FOUR CARPENTERS AT once, 21 Lake avenue north.

MACHINIST WANTED AT MICHIGAN copper mine, Rockland. Apply in person or by letter to S. S. Jennison, Master Mechanic.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN FOR FARM work. Apply by letter, stating wages expected, to Walter S. Thompson, Mahtowa, Minn.

HARNESSMAKERS WANTED. APPLY at Schulze Bros., 304 West Michigan street.

DON'T BE A FAILURE—Learn mechanical drawing and earn good wages. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206 New Jersey Building, Duluth, open evenings.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to
W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Stock is now open in the Nevada Paraffine Oil Co. of Duluth, Minn., first issue selling at 3c per share, par value $1.00.
Office: 318 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, INCLUDing water. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE. No children. S. V. Gilbert, 401 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE AT GLEN Avon. Apply to M. Ettinger, 326 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM HOUSE, 816½ East Fifth street, $8 per month.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM COTTAGE at Glen Avon. Apply to T. J. Owens, Peerless laundry.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM FURNISHED house, centrally located, for four or five months. Address J. Rx, Herald.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping to man and wife, at 316 West Second street.

ROOM FOR RENT—LARGE FURnished room to gent; central location, facing lake. Address J 4, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front rooms, private family, good view, reasonable. Call at 109½ West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED rooms, with hot and cold water, with bath. 28 West Second street; very central.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. 115 West Fifth street. Mrs. Ekberg.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, ELECtric lights, furnace. 720 West First street.

ROOMS FOR RENT, 626 WEST THIRD street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, first class, gentlemen only. 131 East Second street.

FOR RENT—CHEAP, FURNISHED front room, modern conveniences. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FIVE UNFURNISHED rooms with water connections. Call corner Forty-fourth avenue east and London road.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT — MODERN STEAM-heated flat, with gas range. Inquire East End Pharmacy.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR RENT—PARTly furnished, central; very desirable for young couple. Call on Ferguson, 16 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—HALF FLAT, UNFURnished, steam heat, bath. Call evenings or noons, 15 Mason flat.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE 7-ROOM furnished flat, East First street. B 15, Herald.

HALL FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HALL FROM MAY TO November, with or without pool tables. Inquire C. D. Hibbard, U. S. engineer office, or 320 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—FOUR OR FIVE rooms, centrally located. T. T., care of Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT, SUMMER months, house or cabin within fifty miles of Duluth, near a lake or river. Address M 23, Herald.

WANTED—TWO SMALL ROOMS UNfurnished, with watter, three in family. Address Y. M. C. A., city.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM. 526 WEST FIRST street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

$250 TO LOAN ON DULUTH REAL ESTate. 402 Lonsdale building, city.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR

ALBERT L. PRESTON, ACCOUNTANT and auditor. Originator of business systems. 309 Palladio building.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 29, 1901. Work, Third degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1901. Work, Second degree, Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 26 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 24, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Work, ——. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lerichevx, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments, April 23. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herreli, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN. Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY A BRIGHT YOUNG lady, position as stenographer and typewriter. Is industrious and anxious to work. Will work for small pay until familiar with the work. Address 602 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—BY MAN WITH EXPERIence and first class recommendations, position as janitor or engineer. Address M. L., Herald.

WANTED—WASHING OR HOUSE cleaning. Call at 14½ East Fifth street.

A FIRST CLASS COOK WANTS WORK. Apply Hailey's restaurant.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING stores or offices to clean by the day or contract. Call or send postal to 276 Third avenue east.

A YOUNG MAN, WHO HAS GOOD education, would like position in office; is an excellent penman and can keep books. B 92, Herald.

SEAMSTRESS WANTS WORK WITH good dressmaker, who works in private families. Address D 70, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING BY THE day. Address B 18, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION, AS COACHMAN or deliveryman; experienced. Apply Room 7 on third floor, 315 West Fourth street.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE A place as cooks (both experienced cooks), boats preferred, summer resort or hotel. Address 115 Fifty-eighth avenue west, West Duluth; upstairs.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A POSItion as clerk in a store, or cashier in a restaurant. Has had experience. Wages moderate. Address B 12, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN ALL-ROUND EXperienced man, handy with tools, a job as watchman or janitor. Address M 407 First avenue west.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 738; office 119 W. First St.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON. 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Phone 1226

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

PERSONAL.

ELDERLY, UNENCUMBERED WIDower, prosperous business, beautiful home, worth $150,000, will marry for love and companionship. "Mr. Edgar," 1337 Sheffield avenue, Chicago, Ill.

STUTTERING AND STAMMERING positively cured by Professor O. H. Ennis, of Chicago. Located at Tremont hotel, Duluth.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin; 25 cents, Frelmuth's.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

NINETEENTH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1901. | TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Ready-to-wear Garments

for Men nowadays push Custom-made very hard for first position. All the little niceties that go to make perfect clothing are found in our Spring Suits. They are graceful, perfect fitting, splendidly made. Largely quiet color effects in Browns, Olives and other subdued tints.

Best values in the world in

Men's $10 and $15 Suits and Overcoats

The Pickwick Spring Suits and Overcoats are ready. This famous Clothing is sold in Duluth exclusively by us.

Store Open Monday Night till 9 o'clock.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

When you want Insurance

correctly written in good companies call on us—we furnish it—also

Fidelity and Surety Bonds

GRAVES-MANLEY AGENCY,

Torrey Building, First Floor. Duluth, Minnesota.

-At the- Big Store

20 per cent discount on all Children's Carriages on hand.

65c per yard for genuine Lowel Carpet.

$20.40 for Steel Range with high closet.

Prices quoted to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other store in the city.

Night 'Phone 947. Day 'Phone 474.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

To Your Health!

Our extra fine lager beer is immensely popular as a spring and summer beverage, for general consumption and family and table use. It acts beneficially on the system and merits the title of pure beer. We not only get the best brand brewed, but with our cold storage, keep it in prime condition. Here's the best on tap and in bottles, $2.25 per case delivered.

Duluth Brewing & Malt'g Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

AT CASS LAKE.

Village Is at Last an Independent School District.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The village of Cass Lake is at last an independent school ditsrict. During the past two years this community has had a varied experience as regards school matters. Prior to the establishment of the present village, the "squatters," as they are sometime called, on section 16, were given a school, for a brief period, by the county school board. When the order came from the interior department for the settlers to remove from the land on which they had located, the school board discontinued the school and removed the books and furniture to Pine River.

When the order was annulled, an attempt was made to again secure schools for the embryo city. After considerable persuasion, two departments were established here, and school commenced in the fall of 1900. Owing to the rapid settlement of the village, which had been organized on the north half of section 15, it was found necessary to secure an additional room and install another teacher. The school was maintained till in the month of December, when the county school board attempted to remove one of the teachers, and precipitated a school fight. Then it was learned that no part of Cass Lake was in the limits of the country school district, and the board refused to further maintain schools here.

The residents of the village proper at once went to work to organize an independent school district, and petitioned the board of county commissioners to grant to them the right so to do. At the meeting of the board, held last week, the prayer of the petitioners was duly granted to create an independent school district within the land embraced in the north half of section 15. Subsequent action will at once be taken and work will be commenced on a new school house, which will be completed and ready for occupancy for the opening of the fall term of school.

TO STOP PIRACY.

Scheme of Viceroy to Stamp Out Robbery.

Tacoma, April 22.—Viceroy To, at Canton, has taken heroic measures to stamp out piracy and robbery in the two Kwang provinces of Southern China, according to Hong Kong advices received today. He has put into effect an elaborate scheme which he believes will result in the killing off of at least 3000 robbers during the summer. Viceroy To calls upon the gentry of each town to furnish the local mandarins with the names of all bad characters in their districts. After the lists are filled, any person named by them may be summarily executed by them if caught in any crime. Informers will be freely rewarded and every robber will be pardoned who aids in bringing three other notorious robbers to justice.

Eighteen thousand people have died of plague in the Lamko district of Hai Nan island during the past few months.

CROPS HURT

Low Temperature In the South Does Damage.

Cotton and Fruit Will Share Heavy Loss.

Atlanta, Ga., April 22.—Low temperatures in some sections, causing injury to cotton and other growing crops, prevailed over the Southern states today. Weather bureau reports show light frost in the vicinity of Jacksonville, Fla., Meridian, Miss., and at Charleston, S. C.

Snow is reported at Gainesville, in Northeast Georgia, the mountain tops being capped with white—an unusual sight at this time of the year. Albany, in South Georgia, reports the estimated damage to cotton at 50 per cent and that watermelons and canteloupes have been injured 25 per cent. Fruit in that section, apparently, is safe.

Americus, in Southwest Georgia, reports that considerably replanting of cotton will be necessary.

Knoxville, Tenn., April 22.—This is the coldest point south of St. Paul, Minn., according to the weather bureau reports, the temperature being 36 at 7 a. m. Indications are for warmer weather tomorrow, however.

Kingsport and Rogerville report many orchards ruined on account of heavy snow breaking the limbs. Bristol and other upper East Tennessee points report snow still falling. New river, in Virginia, just beyond Bristol, is reported twenty-three feet out of banks and doing much damage. A landslide at Brown's cut on the Norfolk & Western road, near New River, Va., has stopped traffic at that point.

CARTER DENIED BAIL

Supreme Court Announces Very Briefly That It Has Decided Not to Allow the Former Captain Freedom.

Washington, April 22.—The United States supreme court today denied the application of former Capt. Oberlin M. Carter to be admitted to bail.

The court contented itself with a bare announcement made by the chief justice of the result of its deliberations. No reasons were assigned and no reference was made to Carter's motion to strike Solicitor General Richards' brief from the files of the court.

EASTMAN TRIAL BEGUN

Instructor at Harvard University Must Answer to the Charge of Murdering His Brother-in-Law.

Cambridge, Mass., April 22.— The trial of Charles R. Eastman on the charge of having murdered his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan, at Cambridge last July, was begun today. The case attracted wide attention. After a hearing several months ago, Eastman was discharged, but later an indictment was found by the grand jury, to which the case was taken by the district attorney. The defendant is an instructor at Harvard university. He has claimed that the shooting of Grogan was accidental, but the victim with his dying breath is said to have accused Eastman of murdering him.

THE DAM IS DYNAMITED

Latest Phase of the Troubles Over the Disputed Ely Lake Lands---Loss to Cloquet Lumber Company.

Sparta, Minn., April 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Gowan and crew, who are employed by the Cloquet Lumber company to cut the pine on the disputed Ely Lake lands, were arrested Saturday for trespass, and while they were in town arranging for bonds the dam, at the mouth of Ely Lake which they put in at a heavy expense, was dynamited by unknown parties. This will greatly hamper the drive.

Some unknown party shot through Charles Norquist's residence last night, the ball entering the bedroom, one foot from the head of the bed where Mrs. Norquist and child were sleeping.

SIX DEATHS IN A HOTEL

Gas Explosion In the Commercial House at St. Mary's, West Virginia, Caused Loss of Several Lives.

St. Mary's, W. Va., April 22.—Six deaths were caused last night by an explosion of gas in the Commercial hotel. The dead:

BERT SMILEY, an oil well shooter. His unknown partner.

SAMUEL CUNNINGHAM, Bedford, Pa.

HARRY ROBINSON, Corning, Ohio.

JOHN GEORGE, Butler, Pa.

JOHN SLATER, 1-year-old son of the proprietor of the hotel.

The building caught fire and was destroyed. The ruins are being searched for more bodies. The first five dead were oil men.

MONEY FOR CONSOLS

American Investors Are Anxious to Secure a Large Share of the New British Loan About to Be Placed.

New York, April 22.—At the banking house of Baring, Magoun & Co., one of the four concerns in this country authorized to forward applications for allotments of the unplaced £30,000,000 of British consols, it was stated today that applications were coming in very fast. The principal banking houses, it was said, have applied for $1,000,000 or upwards. No premium is involved in the applications, as the allotments are to be made at the issue price of 94½ at the discretion of the Bank of England. Baring, Magoun & Co. have no means of knowing what proportion of the loan will be available for American allotment. Of the £30,000,000, or half of the loan announced as having been already placed, it was said that part is to American subscribers, the bankers authorized to receive American subscriptions having themselves received a large portion of this amount.

BRUTAL MURDER

Tramps Kill Five Children and Rob Their Home.

The Father Attacked and Stabbed Four Times Seriously.

Children Were Butchered While Asleep In Their Beds.

Chartres, France, April 22—This town has been horrified by the brutal murder of five children and the attempted murder of their father, a farmer, named Briere, residing in the neighborhood of Chartres. Two tramps entered the house in the absence of Briere last evening, killed four girls, aged respectively 14, 11, 5 and 4, and a boy, 7 years old, with knives and cudgels, while they were in bed and apparently asleep. Briere returned while the murderers were robbing the house. They heard him enter the court yard, attacked him and, after a desperate struggle, left him for dead with four stab wounds in the head. The murderers then escaped with 1600 francs and a number of objects of value.

GUNN DIED.

Man With Stitches In Heart Failed to Survive.

St. Louis, April 22.—Philip Gunn, who was stabbed in the heart Saturday night and was made the subject of an heroic operation at the city hospital, died today. Three stitches were put in Gunn's heart. Salt water replaced the lost blood and heart stimulants kept the man alive until today.

WIRE TROUBLES.

Great Difficulty In Reaching Some Ohio Points.

New York, April 22.—The principal difficulty that the telegraph companies are having now in forwarding messages to points in the region of the storm is with Cleveland. So far as is known, no points of importance are cut off entirely, but a number of places in Northern Ohio can be reached only indirectly.

It was said at the New York office of the Postal Telegraph and Cable company that considerable damage has been sustained, particularly on the trunk line from here to Chicago, via Pittsburg and Cleveland.

At the office of the Western Union Telegraph company it was stated that their connection with Cleveland was also crippled. All direct wires are down and messages are being sent by forwarding to Chicago and back again.

FROM KITCHENER.

Usual Story of Captures and Surrenders.

London, April 22.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch to the war office under date of Pretoria, April 21, says:

"Since my last report the British columns have captured 242 prisoners, 248 rifles, some ammunition and wagons and carts. A few men also have surrendered."

CROPS ARE BAD.

Prussian Report Shows Worst Condition Yet.

Berlin, April 22.—The Prussian crop report just issued shows the worst condition since these reports have been kept. Winter wheat is given at 3 9-10 as against 2 8-10 last year. The scale at one—perfect, and four is very poor. Winter rye is given at 3, the same as last year. Of the winter wheat area, 2 6-10 per cent was frozen out and must be replowed as against 2 8-10 last year. The report adds that the damage done by the cold weather in March was heavy. Many districts report the condition utterly bad. The extent of the damage will be only determinable in May.

FIRE AT HARVEY.

Sunday Conflagration Caused a Loss of $75,000.

St. Paul, April 22.—A Harvey, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Fire starting in the laundry of the Dompier hotel and restaurant last night resulted in a loss of $75,000, of which the insurance is $40,000. This is the second heavy fire in Harvey within two months. All will rebuild with stone or brick.

CABLE NOTICE.

New York, April 22.—The Commercial Cable company sends out the following notice: "We are advised that the mails for Reunion and Madagascar ports close at Mauritius at 7 a. m. Tuseday, April 23. The Eastern Telegraph company advise us that communication between Para and Manos is interupted."

CARTWRIGHT SENTENCED.

Capetown, April 22.—Albert Cartwright, editor of the South African News, who was arrested in February on a charge of sedition and defamatory libel in having published in his paper a statement that Lord Kitchener had secretly instructed his troops to take no prisoners, has been convicted and sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

ANXIOUS

Height of Ohio Flood Not Yet Reached.

Wild Waters Causing Widespread Ruin.

Cincinnati, April 22.—The danger line was reached here today in the Ohio river flood, which started at the headwaters last week and did so much damage at Pittsburg and intermediate points. The backwater along the Licking, on the Kentucky side, has inundated parts of Covington, Newport and other suburbs. The Miller valley is full of water and doing damage in the west end of Cincinnati. A similar condition exists in the east end and along the Little Miami bottoms. But the worst condition is along the public landing and in the lower part of this city, where sewers are blocked and cellars filled with backwater. A stage of forty-five feet causes damage in this section, and that stage was reported last evening.

At 53 feet trains cannot enter the Grand Central station, at 56 feet the baseball park is flooded, and at 58 feet the races at the track in New port, Ky., must stop. All of these limits are in sight, and most of them may come today. The crest of the Pittsburg rise is not due here till tomorrow, but the extent has been closely anticipated, and preparations made accordingly.

At 10 o'clock the Ohio river here reached 49 feet, just a foot from what iscalled the danger line, although damage was incurred last night and today at other stages. The rise here is four inches per hour, so that by 1 o'clock there will be 50 feet. At this rate the Grand Central depot can be used until 10 o'clock tonight, but the railroads entering it are already arranging for stopping before that time and using the Eighth street station. Advices from up river indicate rain at most points, and the river is rising as the Pittsburg crest meets the floods of the tributaries. The situation here and in the Lower Ohio valley is now serious.

Mayor Fleischmann and city officials today made a tour of inspection in patrol wagons and boats around the flooded districts. Relief will be provided for all in need. The Chicago Baseball club arrived today, but the water lacks only ten inches of flooding the park, and it is unlikely there will be any games this week. Races on the Newport track will proceed this afternoon, although the course is very sloppy.

While some railways may be unable to reach their depots, none will be shut out of the city, and traffic from suburban stations will proceed as usual. The Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Virginia division of the Norfolk & Western is badly washed out east of this city, but its terminals here are intact.

At Newport there was 53 feet at noon, the gauge there being deeper than on the Cincinnati side. A large portion of Dayton, Ky., is submerged.

At Lawrenceburg, Ind., the 50-foot danger line was higher at noon. At Parkersburg, W. Va., Ann, Julian and Markee streets are under water and the first floors of business houses are filled with water. In the river side and south side suburbs the water is in the second stories and hundreds are homeless. Mayor Vandervort has appointed relief committees, and appealed to the public for funds.

At Portsmouth, Ohio, merchants in the lower districts are submerged, and hundreds of residences have been abandoned in that vicinity. Public schools were dismissed so as to use the buildings for sheltering the homeless. The schools were dismissed at Ironton for the same purpose.

Huntington, W. Va., April 22.—Ohio river, 53 feet, and rising 1:5 inches an hour. All tributaries in the central and southern portion of the state are falling at headwaters, but Guyandotte, Twelve Pole and Sandy are rising within forty miles of the mouth. News of suffering and great damage continue to come from many points along these streams. No loss of life has been reported this morning. The Ohio will not likely exceed 55 feet here. Numerous neighboring towns are flooded.

(Continued on Page 6.)

CRITICISE KITCHENER

Britishers Are Wondering How Many More Captures Will Be Necessary Before the Boer Army Ceases to Exist.

New York, April 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Lord Kitchener's brief messages from Pretoria do not throw much light on the passage of events in South Africa. The British commander-in-chief, instead of announcing the plan of campaign which his generals are following, is content to give a summary of the results of their actions. Prisoners continue to be snapped up and horses, wagons, guns and ammunition fall with almost monotonous regularity into the hands of British troops, but still there is no indication that the end of the war is in sight, and the taxpayers at home, who have long since failed to take much interest in the campaign, are asking themselves how many more captures will be necessary before the Boer army ceases to exist.

English breeders of horses have been up in arms against the war office for not making an effort to buy more horses for the army at home. As a result of their agitation, Mr. Broderick has determined to give encouragement to home breeders, and owners and farmers in the agricultural districts are being invited to submit horses for sale at certain centers in the midlands. The horses required are thick set animals, with good riding shoulders. An officer of the remount department of the war office is to attend the markets at Drayton and Lychfield barracks this week to purchase the approved horses at market prices. Breeders are informed that no grays or restive animals will be taken. The new war loan is very well received, and may prove to be the most popular feature of the budget. The issue price of 94½ is about what was expected, and could not well be higher. It is tolerably certain that the loan will go to a high premium, but it may be doubted whether the old record price of 114 for consols will again be reached.

Judging from preliminary inquiries in the last few days, the applications on French account are expected to be considerable, but in city financial circles it is feared that the rate of interest will not be considered sufficiently attractive by the average American investor. No indication is afforded of the direction in which the first half of the loan has been placed, but it seems probable that some of the leading financial houses have interested themselves in the work of floating the bonds.

ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS

The Famous Old Volcano Is Again In an Active State and the Lava Is Beginning to Run.

New York, April 22.—A dispatch to the World from Paris says: Mount Vesuvius is again in a state of active eruption, and many people, scientists, students and the curious, including American tourists, are leaving Paris by every train for Naples.

The first signs of disturbance were observed a week ago, when for three days columns of smoke, issuing rapidly from the great crater in great volume, towered high above the volcano.

Then came occasional rains of the cinders, sometimes sprinkling the country for several miles around.

The fire at the crater is very intense at night, illuminating the surrounding region beautifully.

Only two slight tremors of earthquake have been felt so far.

A MEAT WAR.

American and Dutch Traders Drive Englishmen Out of Market.

New York, April 22.—American and Dutch traders are reported to be driving English salesmen out of the great metropolitan meat market at Smithfield, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. It is said that the sum of £16,000 was paid recently by American traders to acquire a stall in the Central avenue, and that another American firm paid £12,500 for an inferior position. This matter is receiving a good deal of attention now, and the home secretary will be questioned on the subject in the house of commons.

THERE ARE OTHERS.

Debts of Prince Henry Make Wilhelmina Angry.

London, April 22.—Specials received here from Paris report trouble at the castle of Het Loo over the bachelor debts of Prince Henry, the husband of Queen Wilhelmina. It is said that shortly prior to his marriage he promised his creditors in Berlin and Frankfort to pay one-third of his debts within a month of the wedding, but the money has not yet been forthcoming, and the money-lenders formally applied to Queen Wilhelmina. The latter declares her husband must pay his own debts out of the allowance made him by the state. It is now said the creditors have formed a syndicate and purpose to negotiate the prince consort's paper on the Amsterdam bourse. Queen Wilhelmina is reported to be very angry.

The New Hats

Dunlap, Stetson, Roelofs, Guyer, Brown, Jr., Schoble.

Their best and latest models—

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $5.00

You will find the right hats here.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers.

304 West Superior Street.

The Fifth Avenue Grocery

J. RISATTI & CO. 503 W. SUPERIOR ST.

We are going out of the grocery business. In order to dispose of our stock we are going to sell everything in our line below cost. Come early and make your selection while the stock is complete.

J. RISATTI & Co.

PETITION IS READY

Requisite Number of Owners Ask For Vitrified Brick.

Document Will Go to the Council This Evening.

Will Cost Less Than Other Styles of Pavement.

The requisite number of property owners have paved the way for the council to order Superior street paving. It is now up to the aldermen. Owners of 2500 feet of property fronting on Superior street between Third avenue east and Eighth avenue west have signed a petition for vitrified brick paving. This petition was on exhibition today in the office of Julius D. Howard & Co., and will be presented to the council this evening by Whitney Wall, who has been largely responsible for putting it through, and succeeding where several big street paving concerns failed.

In all likelihood the council will receive this petition and take preliminary steps toward the paving, such as giving it consideration in the committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, or referring it to the board of public works and city engineer as to the estimate of the cost.

The council does not seem to have a wild desire to see the street paved with vitrified brick, favoring sandstone or asphalt; but after such a long wrangle over the street paving problem, it is said that the aldermen will be willing to pave the street with almost any material that is reliable.

In speaking of the vitrified brick petition this morning, City Engineer Patton said that he thought it would cost $300 per 50-foot lot to put down that kind of paving. That is $150 per lot cheaper than sandstone, asphalt or creosoted blocks.

A number of Duluth contractors called at the office of Julius D. Howard & Co. this morning, and said that if the street is paved with brick they can bid for the contract, whereas if asphalt is used the contract would have to go to the asphalt trust.

Besides the street paving petition, the council this evening may take action on several other important matters in municipal affairs. The Park Point ferry question, which has not been settled in weeks, is overdue. It is probable that a year contract will be authorized for the tug Carrington, owned by Capt. Con Flynn. This boat demonstrated its ice bucking possibilities last week when it was the first to leave this port, taking a cargo of chain up the north shore. The Carrington is a much larger boat than has ever been on the Park Point service, and it also has pumps for fire service. Capt. Flynn offers this boat for $27 a day, and the Interstate Traction company offers to pay $50 a month for five months toward its maintenance.

The saloon limit ordinance is also likely to come before the council, with the Johnson amendment establishing patrol limits for certain sections of the city.

Best Remedy For Rheumatism

QUICK RELIEF FROM PAIN.

All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies, but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. George F. Parsons & Co., druggists of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for muscular rheumatism in the market." For sale at Boyce's drug store.

Will Send His Dogs.

J. T. Michaud's kennels will be well represented in the bench show that will take place in the Armory on Michigan street, in Chicago, from May 1 to May 4, inclusive. It has been planned to make this show one of the largest of the year and over 1500 of the best dogs of the country will be on exhibition. Liberal prizes are being offered. Mr. Michaud has already sent six of his dogs on to Chicago, and three more will go this afternoon. He will also attend the bench show.

Auditor Halden's Class.

County Auditor Halden will have on his hands Saturday his annual class in assessments. The last Saturday in April of each year the township, city and village assessors come in for their supplies and for their instructions, and it is the custom of the county auditor to give each of them the required blanks and books, and also a little fatherly advice on how they should do their work so as to let no property escape from paying its due share of taxes.

This year only personal property is assessed, but next year real estate assessments will be made, and this will involve more work.

A WATER FAMINE.

Colon, Colombia, April 22, via Galveston.—The continued drought has produced a water famine throughout the isthmus, especially among the poorer classes. The railroads' free distribution daily helps to allay the suffering. A party of Jamaican laborers has arrived here for work on the Ecuador railroad.

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

"Lowest-Priced House in the Northwest for Fine Goods."

HEADACHES

Are generally the result of eye-strain, and can be promptly and permanently relieved with the use of proper glasses.

WE TEST EYES FREE

But in every case where the services of an oculist are necessary we frankly tell you so.

SPECTACLES $1.00 AND UPWARDS

Your glasses straightened free as often as you wish, regardless of where purchased.

Fashionable Jewelers. **F. D. DAY & CO.,** The Optical Authorities of Duluth.

315 West Superior Street.

LEAGUE FORMED

Northwestern Organization Practically Settled Saturday.

Ironwood-Hurley Is Expected to Make the Fourth Team.

Original Idea Has Been Changed In Many Respects.

The Northwestern Baseball league was practically organized at an enthusiastic meeting held in Ashland Saturday evening. At a meeting to be held in the very near future a Duluth man will be chosen president of the league and he will be monarch of a small survey.

At the Ashland meeting the fans of that city raised $400 so quickly that it took the breath away from several Duluth men who were present. The season will open on May 18 and close Sept. 29. The schedule, which is still incomplete, will be of from two to four games a week, and the towns to be represented in the league are:

Duluth, Superior, Ashland and Ironwood-Hurley.

Others have made application, but owing to the expense in railroad fare and hotel bills, it was not considered wise to include towns where the jump would be too expensive.

Manager Hansell represented the Duluth organiaztion at the Ashland meeting. He returned this morning and expressed himself confident that the league would be a success. The Hurley-Ironwood combination is an unknown quantity, but the prospects for a good team supported by the interstate cities, is rather encouraging.

The league has materially changed from the original idea. There will be no affiliation with the National league. The clubs will be held together by an agreement, which, if violated, will mean the forfeiting of a small guarantee which each club manager must put up on signing the articles of agreement.

There will be regularly paid umpires supported by the league. These umpires will have the power to order men out of the game in case of rowdyism, and in case a manager backs up the offending player and takes his team from the field, the umpire will have authority to give the game to the team remaining on the field, and the game will count in the play for the championship pennant.

The Duluth team will be in practice in a week or so as will the Superior organization. Manager Porter, of Superior, is down through the state at present looking up promising young players. At the Ashland meeting Manager Hansell represented him.

A Month's Test Free

If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Box 02, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, express paid Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

OPERATED IN PART.

Water Delays Work In the McKeesport Mill.

Pittsburg, April 22.—Only a portion of the Wood mills at McKeesport resumed operation today, on account of the flooded condition of the mill by the recent high water. It was the intention to state the entire plant after an idleness of a week on account of the recent strike which was amicably adjusted last Friday. It is expected that the mills will be in full operation in a day or two.

Former Students of the

Moody Bible Institute

Will conduct

An Old Fashioned Gospel Meeting at the Lake Avenue Bethel, Monday, April 22, at 7:45 p. m.

Plenty of hearty singing, solos, duets, quartets, etc.

Straight Gospel Preaching.

Seats free. You are invited.

ALL ALONE.

An Old Man Returned to the Southern Illinois Penitentiary.

Metropolis, Ill., April 22.—Probably the return from here of John Lemley to the Southern Illinois penitentiary, unaccompanied by an officer, is without a parallel in the history of the state.

He goes to complete the term of a sentence of ninety-nine years for murder, committed in this county three years ago, having been here since last November on a writ of habeas corpus pending a finding of the court.

Though legally in the hands of the sheriff he has enjoyed the fullest freedom, and it is the confidence placed in him by Sheriff Evers that made it possible for him to return to Chester at the court's command and alone.

Lemley is past 80 years and will live but a few years longer at best. In his earlier days he was a desperate character, but his last imprisonment has wrought a complete change in the old man. He said:

"I believe it was the work of the Almighty that sent me to prison, and that the going has saved me from death in the blackest sin. I brought this all on myself, and I never knew until now how to apreciate true friends. They are kind to me at the prison. I believe I will receive a pardon before long, but if I do not I shall always bless the day I was taken away from the old evil life I was living."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

Mrs. Amanda Smith, the great colored evangelist, will begin meetings at the Bethel, Lake avenue, Sunday, April 28.

ZENITH OIL COMPANY

Incorporated Under the Laws of the State of West Virginia.

CAPITAL - - $2,000,000.00

Divided into 2,000,000 Shares of $1.00 Each. Non-Assessable. No Personal Liability.

The Officers of the Company are:

JOHN B. KEHL.....President
JOSEPH SELLWOOD, Vice-President
GEO. H. CLAYPOOL.....Secretary
BENJAMIN E. WELLS.....Treasurer

DIRECTORS

John B. Kehl, Vice-Pres. First National Bank, Chippewa Falls, Wis.
George M. Smith, General Agent C., St. P., M. & O. Railway Co.
George H. Claypool, Secretary Zenith Oil Company.
Joseph Sellwood, General Superintendent American Mining Company
William O. Pealer, Attorney-at-Law.
Benjamin E. Wells, Treasurer Zenith Oil Company.
Thomas Gibson, Grain Commission, Duluth Board of Trade.

This Company owns 1325 Acres Oil Lands in the

Famous Coalinga Oil District,

Fresno County, California. 50 Producing Wells in the District.
One Well within 100 feet of our Properties.

150,000 Shares of Stock Now for Sale at

12½c PER SHARE.

Call or Write for Prospectus.

STOCK MAY BE PURCHASED OF

A. R. MACFARLANE & COMPANY, INVESTMENT BANKERS, 112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

—or—

THE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, 601 PALLADIO BUILDING, Duluth, - - - - - Minnesota.

BIGELOW FEARFUL.

Says the United States Is Going to the Dogs.

London, April 22.—Poultney Bigelow, the American historian and traveler, who has just returned to London after delivering a course of lectures at Harvard and Yale universities, declares that the United States is heading toward revolution. He said:

"Commercialism runs riot in the United States. The Yankees are coining their ideas and energy into money, and the trust builders are doing the rest. These money kings must necessarily exercise a blighting influence on all the morals of public servants. They create all manner of temptations and breed all manner of jobbery.

"In Washington I found a cynical contempt for the constitution. Corruption stalks through the government departments. It disgraces the halls of congress. Congress itself is little more than a brokerage shop for the sale of authority to fleece the people. The legislators, department officials and petty public servants of all kinds neglect no opportunity of turning their official prerogative to profit.

"I learned many specific instances of flagrant jobbery, especially in connection with the Philippine war. Thousands of officials, whose stealings range from very small to very large amounts, do not want the struggle to come to an end. They would much prefer to see it indefinitely prolonged.

"Of course, I should not think of reflecting on such men as Secretary Hay and Judge Taft, but if Hay were the Archangel Gabriel and Taft St. Peter returned to earth, they could not stop the complex and far reaching system of thievery that prevails in the public service.

"President Hadley of Yale, I see, denies that he said a continuance of the present tendencies would land an emperor in Washington within twenty-five years. I do not see why he should desire to deny such a statement. We would better have an emperor—some one to takea firm stand against the rising tide of official immorality—than have rulers who have no interest in the government beyond the next election. I would rather live under Emperor William of Germany than under the vicious tyranny of railway, oil and steel kings.

"America needs a thorough arousing of the public conscience. It needs, to deliver it from the slavery of capitalism, such men and women as delivered it from the slavery of human beings. In other words, it needs an epidemic of cranks—cranks like William Lloyd Garrison—cranks such as England had in Richard Cobden and John Bright."

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

SHORT OF CATTLE.

Delay In Shipments Causes Trouble at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, April 22.—Pittsburg live stock dealers today are experiecing a cattle famine. Trains from the West are from eighteen to twenty-four hours late and in the central stock yards in East Liberty, there is scarcely enough cattle to supply half the demands. The supply today was only 1000 head where 2700 head was expected.

You'll never get tired, fagged out, nervous and fretful if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Greatest spring blessing ever offered the American people. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Former students of the Moody Bible institute will have a banquet at the Bethel, Lake avenue, tonight at 5 p. m.

AT WEST DULUTH

Mrs. W. B. Hartley, of 827 Fifty-sixth avenue west, has received intelligence of the death in the town of Maine, Minn., of her 11-year-old niece, Lillian Powers, who received burns which in a few days proved fatal. The girl was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Royal Powers, and was playing with matches in company with her two sisters, lighting the matches and throwing them in the air. It is supposed that Lillian's dress caught fire from one of the burning matches, for her dress was in flames when the other children gave the alarm.

CROP OUTLOOK FINE.

Chauncey Thatcher, formerly of Wieland & Wade's, has returned from a several months' visit in Wisconsin, and after a few days' visit with friends here, he will go to Bayfield for the summer. Mr. Thatcher has been looking after some farming interests that he has in the southern part of Wisconsin, and says that the agricultural outlook is excellent for the coming season. The crops are looking well and the farmers are feeling good.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Richie, who have been visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. Daniel Keefe, will leave tomorrow evening for California.

Misses Anna and Nellie Keefe, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Keefe, will return to their home in St. Paul tomorrow.

Miss Anna Wright, telephone exchange for the Zenith Telephone company at West Duluth, fell and struck her head on the wheel of a carriage, sustaining quite severe injuries.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boeren, of 420 North Fifty-eighth avenue west, swallowed an overdose of powerful medicine yesterday, and the results came near proving serious. Dr. Keyes was summoned and the little girl is now considered out of danger.

Several of the local sports claim to have witnessed a 1-round contest on Grand avenue yesterday that resulted in a knockout, one of the participants receiving a black eye. The affair is not over yet, it is said, and some arrangements will be made to bring the parties together.

Barney Shea is visiting friends in West Duluth.

B. J. Ross, who has recently returned from the South, is quite sick with fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Kreuger, of West Duluth, entertained Mr. and Mrs. Taylor over Sunday.

A. T. Parks, county superintendent of schools, was back over Sunday from a trip on the range, where he is paying a visit to the county schools. Mr. Parks will be on the range for the next two weeks, but will be in his office on Saturdays.

On Saturday night Mr. and Mrs. M. Jacoby gave a delightful reception for Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Richie, of St. Paul, who have been spending a few days in West Duluth visiting relatives, on their wedding trip to their future home in California. The evening was passed in a pleasant social way and dainty refreshments were served.

H. Van Gorder left today for Elmira, N. Y.

About 8 o'clock Saturday night some one fired a target rifle or a powerful air gun, that put a bullet through the big plate glass window in the Great Eastern store. The clerical force was very busy at the time, and knew nothing of the accident until a boy came in and notified the firm. No clue was found as to the perpetrator of the deed. The hole, while a small one, disfigures the glass, and the loss will be a serious one.

The West Duluth Junior ball team defeated the Hub Clothing company's team at the West End grounds yesterday by a score of 13 to 11. The game was marked by some sharp playing on both sides. This is the second victory of the West Duluth's team over the Hub team. Next Sunday the Juniors will play the Big Duluth team, and it is expected the game will be an interesting one, as both are among the best amateur teams in this part of the country.

The L. L. O. L., No. 31, will give a shadow social, Wednesday, April 24, at Odd Fellows' hall. Ladies please bring baskets. Admission, 25 cents.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

J. H. Hunter, assistant superintendent of the Moody Bible Institute, and T. W. Harris, singing evangelist, will leave for Chicago tomorrow at 5 p. m.

SUTTON & McCABE,

5 West Superior St.

As we are compelled to vacate our present store room by May 1, commencing Tuesday morning, we will give a straight 20 per cent discount on almost every article in our store until our entire stock is closed out. This is a rare opportunity to purchase good goods at a big discount.

Sutton & McCabe.

BUILT FOR BUSINESS

Our Crescent Bicycles are
The frames are reinforced throughout.
The braces and bearings made as true as a watch; and
Every part tested and put together in a perfect manner.
Lightness, speed, strength and beauty combined is what you get when you buy a Crescent Bicycle. And we are selling them now at—

$25.00, $35 00 and $50.00.

WIELAND & WADE,

Duluth store, 323 West First street.
West Duluth store, 317 Central Avenue.

Attention Maccabees!

Remember the Manhattan

DANCE

Monday evening, April 29, at Gilley's hall. All ladies trimming a hat with their name inside will be admitted free. Tickets, 50 cents. This includes supper and a summer bonnet for every gentleman present. Good music. Don't miss this grand affair.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

Our Great Fire Sale of the stock of goods purchased from the West Duluth Shirt Factory has just begun and the crowd of customers is increasing.

Many of the best bargains are still to be had. Let everybody come in and visit our store and see our prices during this Great Fire Sale.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

BURROWS'

REGENT

SHOES

$3.50

THE CASES SETTLED

Four Complaints Together With Dismissals Have Been Filed.

Brought to Recover Commissions For Selling Pine Lands.

Four Separate Sales of the Same Property Alleged.

Four suits were filed this morning in district court against S. A. D. Suter to recover commissions for selling pine lands in Oregon. A peculiar feature of the litigation is that four separate sales of the same property are alleged to have been negotiated. Another peculiar feature was that each complaint was accompanied by a stipulation between the parties dismissing the action.

George F. Davis is one of the plaintiffs, and he alleges that Suter owned about 9000 acres of timber lands in Oregon, for which he was anxious to find a purchaser. He agreed to give a commission of 2½ per cent for the sale of the lands, providing they brought over $3 per acre. It is alleged that the property was sold to H. M. Peyton for $1.12½ per acre, or $33,750, and that $750 is due Davis for his services in securing a purchaser. This was on Jan. 1, 1900, according to the complaints, and the other deals were made on Jan. 25.

N. Bangs also had a whirl at it, he says. His agreement was that the lands were to sell for $3 per acre or more, and he was to have 10 per cent commission. The lands were sold for $70,000 to H. M. Peyton and Ben Sweet, and Mr. Bangs claims $7000.

George B. Nobles did still better with his deal. He sold the lands to the C. A. Smith Lumber company, H. M. Peyton and Ben Sweet for $100,000, and as his commission was 10 per cent he sues for $10,000.

N. Bangs also alleges he had another deal on part of the lands. His agreement was that they were to sell for more than $5 per acre for 5720 acres, and he sold them for $30,000 to the C. A. Smith Lumber company. At his promised commission of 10 per cent he claimed $3000.

The untangling of this maize might have been an interesting spectacle, but the parties have entered into stipulations dismissing all four actions, the court will not have a chance at it. John A. Keyes and George F. Davis are the attorneys.

FINAL RITES.

Funeral of Maj. M. R. Baldwin This Afternoon.

The remains of the late Maj. Melvin R. Baldwin arrived in the city last evening over the Northern Pacific railroad from St. Paul. The train was an hour and a quarter late, being held at St. Paul through the kindness of Traffic Manager Hannaford, in order to connect with the train from the coast upon which the casket came. A detail of members of Culver post met the remains at the depot. There were also a number of friends.

The funeral was held this afternoon from the home at 711 East Second street. The attendance was large and the floral offerings beautiful. The service was conducted by Rev. H. M. Simmons, of Minneapolis, who was a close friend of Maj. Baldwin. J. B. Culver post, G. A. R., attended in a body, and an escort wes sent to the cemetery. The pall bearers were Congressman Page Morris, Mayor T. W. Hugo, W. W. Billson, ex-Mayor Ray T. Lewis, L. M. Willcuts and T. T. Hudson.

The interment was at Forest Hill cemetery.

THEY GOT A LUNCH.

Gang Burglarized a House to Get It.

A gang of burglars, who from all accounts seem to be professionals, have begun a series of depredations which threaten to cause a raise in prices by the fruit dealers of Duluth. The first of their series of robberies occurred early Sunday morning, when two men appropriated a pint of milk, three apples, and eight oranges from the residence of H. M. Mauseau, 315 South Fifteenth avenue east. After they had shoved back a patent burglar proof catch and secured the booty, they departed and ravenously devoured the apples, kindly leaving as clues the cores on the ground without. Mr. Mauseau telephoned the police that his house had been entered, and Officer Wilcox soon afterwards arrested two men who were going west, and these, upon being taken to the police station, gave the names of James Jackson and Dan Olson, but as nothing was found on their persons they were allowed to depart in peace. Later it was learned that at about midnight two men had been seen at the Iron Range depot, inquiring the time of out-going trains, and it is thought that these were the ones who tried to save their lunch counter bills at the expense of Mr. Mauseau's kitchen supplies.

Alex Michaud Back.

Alex Michaud, manager of the St. Louis hotel, arrived in the city this morning from a three months' trip in the South and East for his health. He is in excellent spirits and says that the trip was a beneficial one in every way. After leaving Duluth he spent some time at Hot Springs, Ark., afterward going to New Orleans, points in Alabama, where, after a several weeks' stay, he took a steamer up the Atlantic coast to New York city. While in the East he visited Atlantic City, Boston, Philadelphia and other of the Eastern business centers. Mr. Michaud says that in general he found affairs to be prospering over the country and a business activity everywhere that bespeaks a good year in nearly every line of business.

SAND WANTED.

Ashland, Wis., Water Works.

We are in the market for 1600 cubic yards of sand, to be furnished for our filter plant, and would be glad to receive bids from any responsible party who desires to enter into a contract to furnish the same. Full particulars may be obtained by addressing the undersigned.

ASHLAND WATER COMPANY.

THE CHANGES.

Tribute to Wolvin---Will Have Headquarters Here.

The Marine Review, in commenting on the selection of Capt. A. B. Wolvin as manager of the steel corporation fleet, says that though the appointment is a surprise to the interests involved, it is a tribute to Capt. Wolvin's ability as an organizer and manager of vessels. The Review states that he is certainly fitted for the position, and tells how, in the past few years, he has organized companies that have built some twenty steel freighters of the best kind. It says that he is thoroughly acquainted with everything pertaining to the construction and operation of ships, as he has advanced with the business from the position of cabin boy on one of the earliest of the wooden propellors on the lakes.

It is announced, continues the Review, that the operation of the ships will involve the organization of a company subsidiary to the United States Steel corporation, with D. M. Clemson, of the Carnegie company, as president. Mr. Clemenson was closely associated with Mr. Gayley in the management of the ore business of the Carnegie company before the consolidation. Mr. Wolvin will remain at Duluth, establishing headquarters there. E. S. Mills, heretofore manager of the Pittsburg Steamship company and Cleveland representative of the Carnegie ore and sales interests, will be assistant general manager, with headquarters in Cleveland. The Cleveland offices, is is understood, will have charge of vessel dispatch, distribution of ore to works and allotment of ore to docks. The 112 vessels in the fleet are capable of moving in a single season something more than 10,000,000 tons of ore from the head of Lake Superior, running up light, and an allotment of the corporation ore to the different fleets will, of course, be made at once, but no announcement has been made as yet as to whether the vessels will or will not all be taken into one office for the season now about to open.

A Cleveland dispatch announces that General Manager Wolvin has made the following appointments for the fleet:

Marine superintendent, Capt. W. W. Smith; chief engineer, Joseph F. Hayes; assistant chief engineer, Fred P. Smith; chief stewart, C. G. Lampman.

Capt. Smith was marine superintendent for Pickands, Mather & Co., and was located at Saut Ste. Marie. Mr. Hayes was chief engineer of the American Steamship company, and Fred Smith was chief engineer of the Pittsburg Steamship company.

Spring coughs are especially dangerous and unless cured at once, serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but a high grade remedy. Max Wirth.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded. 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

The Ladies of Welcome Hive 37, L. O. T. M., will give a Card Party Wednesday Evening, May 1st, at Columbia Hall.

Where the Swell Styles and Exclusive Designs Prevail.

You've heard before of **Suit, Skirt and Waist Novelties,** but never before the opening of our parlors have you in this city had an opportunity of seeing a collection so unrivalled as we have now on display—only your personal inspection can give you an adequate idea of the excellence of our Gowns.

We have novelties in conception certain to please the most exacting and modish devotee of fashion. We invite inspection and comparison—confident of a favorable verdict in the superiority of the goods shown here.

Parisian Suit Co.

Chas. Freimuth, Mgr.

106 West Superior Street.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker. 31 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Ellifson, of this city.

The local office of the Ohio Coal company was closed today out of respect for the former president, J. B Cable, whose funeral takes place in the East today.

An amendment to the articles of incorporation of the Northland Golf club has been filed in the office of the register of deeds, fixing the membership fee at $25 and the annual dues at $10.

Word has been received by Probate Judge Bonham of the parole of Christina Hanson, who was sent to the asylum for the insane at Fergus Falls some time ago.

Marriage licenses have been issued to George B. Ball and Elisa B. Hill, Eugene Hostetter and Anna Scow and Victor Carlson and Manda Sophia Erickson.

Harry McGraw and Henry J. Duffy have begun suits in district court to enforce liens on logs owned by the Powers-Simpson company, the claim being that their alleged dues for labor constitute liens on the logs. McGraw asks for $155.35 and Duffy for $118. H. H. Hawkins is the attorney.

The management of the Sixth Avenue theater has arranged for special street car service this week to and from their theater.

The city of Duluth has appealed to the supreme court from the judgment against it and in favor of the Duluth Telephone company. This is in the case involving the company's rights to continue in business in Duluth after the expiration of its charter and without permission from the city.

The board of civil service commissioners will hold a competitive examination tomorrow for the purpose of selecting drivers for the fire department. The examination will be held in the council chamber at the city hall, beginning at 9 o'clock in the morning.

Mildred French and Emma Griffin were arrested today on St. Croix avenue charged with larceny. It was claimed by woodsmen that Mildred French took $45 and Emma Griffin $80. The complainants were unable to core the charges, however, and the two women were released from custody on their promise to leave town.

Hugo Troedel was arrested this morning charged with assaulting Henry McMahon. He said he was not guilty and the hearing was set for tomorrow morning in police court.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bisson, of 14 Huron street.

Princeton gets the place in the Third regiment vacated by the mustering out of Company G, of this city, and will hereafter be known as Company G. The equipment of Company G has all been transferred to that city.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

PERSONALS.

Dr. J. M. Robinson has returned from Chicago.

James Wolfrom and John Adams left today for Bonner Bay on a business trip.

J. A. Posey, of St. Paul, is a business visitor at the head of the lake today.

C. M. Johnson, of Cass Lake, arrived in the city this morning for a short visit.

Mrs. Wakefield, of London, England, arrived in the city yesterday to meet relatives from the range.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Van Hook, of Two Harbors, were visitors here today.

Dr. A. E. Johnson, of Cloquet, was a business caller in the city this morning.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., of Tower, is a guest of the St. Louis today.

C. B. Rich, of Iron River, arrived in the city this morning on a business trip.

W. H. Miller, of Ashland, is a guest of the St. Louis today.

E. F. Bradt, of Fort William, Ont., came down from the north shore this morning.

J. H. Sessions, of Minneapolis, is in the city, a guest of the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hines, of Ashland, are visiting in the city.

W. A. Merrick, of Cleveland, is a business caller in the city.

J. A. Michaelson, secretary of the Twin City Passenger association, spent Sunday in the city, returning to St. Paul this afternoon.

J. T. Armstead left this afternoon for St. Paul, on a business trip.

J. C. Eden, traffic manager of the Eastern Minnesota road, was a caller in the city this afternoon.

E. W. Belknap, A. G. Parker and W. I. Griffin, make up an Ashland, Wis., party that are registered at the St. Louis today.

Mrs. A. Mathews and daughter, Miss Alice, will leave this evening for St. Paul, where they will make their future home.

Testimonial From England.

"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years. She is now quite well." It is a great pleasure to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be able to publish testimonials of this character. They show that great good is being done, pain and suffering relieved and valuable lives restored to health and happiness by this remedy. It is for sale at Boyce's drug store.

BISHOP STUBBS DEAD.

London, April 22.—Right Rev. William Stubbs, bishop of Oxford, died this morning. He was born June 21, 1825.

STATE HAS THE RIGHT

To Establish Quarantine Against Another Where Disease Prevails.

Supreme Court Renders Important Decision In Cattle Case.

Final Adjournment of the Court Will Occur May 27.

Washington, April 22.—In the United States supreme court today Chief Justice Fuller announced the final adjournment of the court for the term on May 27. The call of the docket will be suspended next Friday and the court will take a recess next Monday until May 13. No intimation has been given by the court as to when the decision of the insular cases may be expected or whether they will be decided at all before final adjournment. The attention of the court was give today, largely, to the right of one state to quarantine against another state. The contention arose in connection with the case of W. P. Smith vs. the St. Louis & Western Railroad company, involving quarantine regulations against the importation of cattle in 1897. The cattle shipment upon which this case turned was made by Smith over the St. Louis road from Plaindealing, La., to Fort Worth, Tex., the officials of the road being unaware that a quarantine had been established as had been done by the Texas officials.

When the existence of this restriction became known, the railroad company refused to deliver the stock to the consignee and shipped them to Plaindealing. There Smith refused to receive them as he also did the proceeds of their sale. Smith then brought suit for damages, contending that the regulations were an interference with interstate commerce and unjustified by the facts. The trial court sustained this regulation but the state court of appeals reversed the decision, holding in favor of the company. Today's opinion affirmed the latter decision on the ground that the state had a right under its police power to protect itself against infectious disease even tough commerce may be incidentally interfered with by the regulations for such protection. Justices Harlan and White united in a dissenting opinion and Justice Brown delivered a dissenting opinion of his own.

Third and last concert of the Beethoven Chamber Music Club

Assisted by Mrs. William Orendoff of Canton, Ill. at the Congregational Church Wednesday evening, April 24th. Admission, 75 Cents.

HE LIKES BRICK.

M. H. Alworth Thinks It Is Good Paving.

M. H. Alworth returned this morning from a few days' visit in Minneapolis. Mr. Alworth is a property owner on Superior street and represents other large interests and during his Minneapolis visit took occasion to inspect the brick pavements of that city. Since his return Mr. Alworth says that he has been converted from the idea of asphalt paving for Superior street, and gives as the reason the excellent conditions of the streets of the brick paved streets of Minneapolis. He says that the pavement is clean, durable and as he believes every way fitted for the business street of this city.

Mr. Alworth disclaims all knowledge of the possibility of the erection of a theater on the site between the Spalding and the Manhattan block. He is the agent for the property.

WORK IN THE HARBOR.

No Great Hurry In Getting at It.

The Duluth Dredge and Dock company has one of its dredges at work at Port Wing on a private contract with a lumber company. The dredge was wintered at Port Wing. There is no apparent hurry to start the dredges at work about the harbor here, as the opening prospects are yet a little dull. It is expected that the big new dredge Napoleon will be fitted out inside of three weeks. The immense spuds of Washington fir timber will be among the last pieces of timber put on the dredge, and these will be placed by the dredge's own hoisting apparatus.

Matters are rather slow about the harbor, and there is little doing. Yesterday morning a tug attempted to tow the Tyrone down Superior bay to the elevators at Old Superior, but the boat was firmly stuck in the ice a few hundred feet off the St. Paul & Western coal docks, on the Superior side of the interstate bridge. While the ice is pretty well honeycombed, it has been found difficult to pull any of the larger boats through it. Reports from below as to the opening of navigation are not very encouraging, as St. Clair river is well filled with ice, and this must first be driven out into Lake Huron before the boats can pass. The lumber carrier Arundell, after a several days' effort to get down to the Lake Erie ports, was forced to tie up at Lambton, Ont.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Alpheus T. Bolduc has been appointed postmaster at Endeavor, Wright county, Minn., vice Frank Peterson, resigned.

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure

CATARRH.

The specific is

Ely's Cream Balm

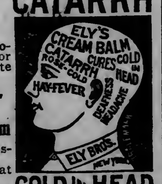
It is quickly Absorbed.

Gives Relief at once.

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Regular size, 50 cents; Family size, $1.00, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

IN NEW ENGLAND

Damage By Floods Is Very Heavy In Some Sections.

Tracks of the Boston & Albany Are Practically Useless.

Hartford Submerged For the Second Time This Month.

Springfield, Mass., April 22.—Reports from the Boston & Albany inspection train indicate that the east-bound track of that road from this city to Huntington is practically useless until extensive repairs have been accomplished, there being many washouts and many places where the track is undermined from the flood caused by the heavy rain and breaking of the reservoir dam in Middlefield last night.

Many houses were flooded, but only a few were wrecked, although barns and outbuildings were carried away. So far as can be learned no lives were lost, although there were many narrow escapes.

In Chester the people fled to the hills. Thirty or forty of the families were flooded out. A storehouse filled with machinery and farm wagons was swept away. Many bridges were wrecked.

Several small dams on the west branch of the Westfield river were partially carried away, and the total damage will reach into the thousands, the flood being the worst since 1874, when the same dam gave way.

New Haven, April 22.—The heavy storm of Saturday night and Sunday, which raised all the rivers and lakes of the state to freshet pitch, caused far less property damage than the conditions at midnight last night indicated. Shortly after that hour, the flood reached its height and began to subside. Morning reports show that in the northwestern section very little damage resulted. Winsted was the worst sufferer by the storm, though even there the damage was confined mainly to the flooding of streets and cellars.

Unlike the smaller rivers of the state, the Connecticut continued to rise during the morning and at noon stood twenty-one feet and five inches above low water mark, the rise being three inches an hour. The lower part of Hartford and of East Hartford is submerged for the second time this month.

SPRUCE MINE CLOSED.

Over One Hundred Men Are Made Idle.

Eveleth, Minn., April 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Spruce Mining company's shaft No. 2, recently purchased by the Consolidated, was closed down this morning. The reason is there is no more room for the ore pile. It will be closed until shipping begins or later. Between 100 and 200 men are thrown out of work.

STAY GRANTED.

In Brice Case Pending an Appeal.

New York, April 22.—Justice Scott, in the supreme court, signed a stay of proceedings today in the contempt of court case against Stewart M. Brice, councilman, who was sentenced by Justice Scott last week to ten days in the county jail and to pay a fine of $473. The stay will be in force pending Councilman Brice's appeal from the decision.

DECLINES TO TESTIFY.

Patrick, Short and Meyers Before Grand Jury.

New York, April 22.—Shortly after noon the grand jury sent for Patrick, Meyers and Short and the three men were brought from the Tombs, and taken into the jury room.

Patrick, Short and Meyers refused by advice of counsel to testify before the grand jury and they were taken back to the Tombs. The grand jury adjourned for the day without having taken action in the Patrick case.

SIX MONTHS IN JAIL.

Member of Parliament Guilty of Seditious Libel.

Dublin, April 22.—Patrick A. McHugh, Nationalist member of parliament for North Leitrim, and three times mayor of Sligo, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment as a first class misdeamant, for publishing in his paper, the Sligo Champion, seditious libels calculated to interfere with the administration of justice. The comments complained of attacked jurymen who found two men guilty of intimidating persons who had taken farms from which their former owners had been evicted.

FLOOD PREDICTIONS.

Weather Bureau Issued Special River Bulletin.

Washington, April 22.—The weather bureau has issued the following special river bulletin:

During the last twenty-four hours the Ohio river has fallen 4:4 feet at Pittsburg and 5:8 feet at Davis' Island dam. It has risen 4 feet at Parkersburg, 7:1 feet at Cincinnati and 4:4 feet at Louisville. The river will pass below the danger line, 22 feet, at Pittsburg today. The crest of the flood will pass Parkersburg today. The river will pass the danger line, 50 feet at Cincinnati by tonight and the crest will pass that place tomorrow. At Louisville the danger line of 28 feet will be reached by Tuesday night. There are no present indications of a change in conditions sufficient to check the falling waters over the Upper Ohio.

WILLIS L. MOORE,
Chief of Weather Bureau.

STRIKE THREATENED.

Gloucester, Mass., April 22.—A general strike of the granite workers, numbering 1000 men, along Cape Ann is threatened for May 1, owing to differences over the annual schedule.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Silks—Unusually Low Priced.

Two special quotations demonstrating our repeated statement that our Silk Department always offers greater value for the money than any silk stock in the city.

Black Peau de Soie.

One of the best wearing weaves in silk made and high favor just now for separate skirts.

21-inch wide, all silk, pure dye, glove finish, very heavy—a regular $1.35 quality, but they sell here for $1.00 a yard.

24-inch width, same make as the lower priced one, only wider and in a higher number. It is a regular $1.75 grade, but while they last the price will be $1.35.

We cannot speak too highly of the values which are here offered—you must see them. They'll surely appeal to your hearts and pocketbooks. Never mind where we got them or how. They're here for your choosing and they are without a doubt the greatest value for the money to be found anywhere, not barring New York or Chicago.

Colored Taffetas

At a time when Taffetas are so prominent for outer garments, as well as for Skirts, Petticoats and Linings, an opportunity to buy a good quality, including a number of short lengths, taken from our regular 85c grade will sell this week for 65c a yard. Nearly all shades represented—Grays, Navy Blues, Yellow, Pinks, Browns, Silver Blue, Turquoise Blue, Cerise, Cardinal and half a dozen changeable shades.

Special Dress Goods Values.

More New All Wool Challies—Patterns and styles all this season's, in all 30 to choose from, light and dark, plain and fancy, striped and figures, all French goods and the latest designs—per yard **50c**

Black Dress Goods at $1.00—Next week we place on sale a special line of Black Dress Goods at $1.00 the yard, including some very important values in English Serges, Camel's Hairs, Satin Sollels and Pebble Cloths, worth and sold at $1.25 to $1.50 the yard: They go this week at, the yard **$1.00**

Colored Dress Goods at 75c—Another special offering of exceptional values—this lot will contain cheviots, fancy armures, whipcords, and prunellas that sold for $1.00 the yard. They will be on sale this week—at, the yard **75c**

Reversible Skirting $1.00 the yard—In black, wine, navy, and brown; heavy cheviot face with illuminated backs. Former price $1.50; will be sold this week at **$1.00**

LINING SPECIALS—Shrunk Canvas—Durable, light and pliable. Will take the place of French canvas or hair cloth **15c**

Mercerized Satines—Complete line of colors and weights, heavy, medium and light. Only the best qualities—at, the yard **25c** 35c and

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

ON THE OHIO.

Late Reports Show Water to Be Still Rising Slowly.

Cincinnati, April 22.—The water continues to rise slowly.

At Marietta, Ohio, at noon, the river was forty feet and rising an inch an hour.

Five glass blowers were capsized in the Ohio, and one, Joseph Everetts, was drowned.

At Pomeroy the river is fifty-five feet and rising two inches an hour. The business portion of the city is four to six feet under water and business is entirely suspended. The merchants have all moved to the second story of their buildings and expect to save their goods.

Paducah, Ky., April 22.—The Tennessee and Cumberland are pouring heavy volumes of water into the Ohio. Much damage has already been done to lowland farms.

Louisville, April 22.—The river at this point at noon was rising an inch and a half an hour, and it is believed a stand will be reached by Wednesday. No serious damage is apprehended.

Pittsburg, April 22.—Forecaster Ridgeway of the local weather bureau says there will be no recurrence of the flood. All three rivers will continue to fall and the rise at the headwaters is not enough to affect the fall in the lower streams. It would take a steady rainfall over twenty-four hours, he said, to check the fall in the rivers, and from present indications that is not likely to occur.

A skiff, containing three persons who were catching drift wood in the Ohio river, at Legionville, Pa., capsized, and two of the occupants, W. H. Barnhart and Thomas Hoisinger, were drowned.

CAPITAL STOCK INCREASED.

New York, April 22.—The directors of the Missouri Pacific railroad, at a meeting today, authorized an increase of $30,000,000 in the capital stock, making the total issue $100,000,000. A stockholders' meeting will be held shortly to ratify the action.

FARMER KILLED.

Le Mars, Iowa, April 22.—John Jensen, a farmer living eight miles from here, was killed in a quarrel last night. Henry Steffin and William Beaver have been arrested charged with the killing and Peter Peterson is held as an accomplice.

MANAGER APPOINTED.

Chicago, April 22.—In a joint circular, issued today by the Erie and Lehigh aley railroads, the appointment of T. T. Morford, of Chicago, as general manager of the Union Steamboat company and Lehigh alley Transportation company, is made public. Mr. Morford will take charge of his dual position immediately, removing to Buffalo.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Antwerp—Arrived: Southwark, New York.

New York—Arrived: Lahn, Bremen and Southampton; La Gascogne, Havre.

MORE MINERS STRIKE.

Columbus, Ohio, April 22.—Twenty-five hundred coal miners, part of the subdistrict No. 5, of Ohio and West Virginia, struck today, owing to a disagreement as to dead work scale. It is feared the strike will spread to other districts.

UNION PACIFIC.

Files Application to Increase Capital Stock.

Topeka, April 22.—An application was made today to the state charter board, by A. L. Williams, general attorney for the Union Pacific company, for permission to increase the capital stock of the Union Pacific company $100,000,000. The Union Pacific's capital stock at present is $196,000,000. The proposed increase is to pay for the interests bought up recently, particularly the purchase of the Crocker interest in the Southern Pacific, giving the Union Pacific control of the Southern Pacific. The fee for filing the document was $10,200, the largest ever received by the state.

RITCHIE AFFIRMS IT.

English Firms Were Evidently Driven Out.

London, April 22.—Mr. Ritchie, the home secretary, in the house of commons today, replying to a question as to whether English firms were not being driven out of the Smithfield market by Americans and Dutch, and whether Americans had not paid £16,000 and £12,500 for two stalls recently, said cases corresponding with those described her occurred. He added:

"I am not sure it is correct to say English firms are being driven out of the market. The transfers appear to have been conducted according to the governing principles. I have no power to interfere."

FIRED ONE HUNDRED SHOTS.

London, Ky., April 22.—Reports from Letcher county today are to the effect that over 100 shots were fired yesterday in a fight between a sheriff's posse and the Reynolds feudists. So far as could be learned none of the posse men were hit. It is stated that the accidental discharge of a gun brought about the shooting, which ceased after two volleys had been fired.

SNOWING IN TENNESSEE.

Chattanooga, April 22.—Special dispatches from Huntsville, Tenn., on the top of the Cumberland mountains, say there is four of five inches of snow on the ground and it is still falling. It is expected much fruit has been killed.

LIVING AS USUAL.

Lisbon, April 22.—With reference to the alleged separation of the king and queen of Portugal, published in the United States, it is pointed out here that their majesties have been residing, as usual, at the palace. King Charles left here on a yachting trip yesterday. He will rejoin Queen Marie Amelie at the palace Tuesday next.

GAME POSTPONED.

New York, April 22.—The game between the New Yorks and Bostons was postponed today, wet grounds.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional traetment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c A WEEK.

EVERY EVENING, DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
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Three months	$1.30
Six months	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 22.—The Eastern storm has backed from the Middle Atlantic coast states, where it was central Saturday morning, to the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and North Atlantic states. Fair weather prevails in extreme Southern states and districts west of the Mississippi river. An area of high pressure overlies Northwest Canada and Northwestern states and is accompanied by cooler temperatures. The winds in the lake region are northerly on Lakes Superior and Michigan and easterly elsewhere.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	54	Medicine Hat	28
Battleford	28	Memphis	48
Bismarck	36	Miles City	32
Boston	42	Milwaukee	40
Buffalo	44	Minnedosa	26
Calgary	24	Modena	42
Charleston	42	Montgomery	42
Chicago	36	Moorhead	38
Cincinnati	34	New Orleans	54
Davenport	40	New York	48
Denver	46	North Platte	42
Detroit	40	Oklahoma	50
Dodge City	42	Omaha	41
Duluth	34	Pittsburg	36
Edmonton	30	Port Arthur	28
El Paso	44	Portland	40
Escanaba	36	Prince Albert	28
Galveston	62	Qu'Appelle	32
Green Bay	40	Rapid City	48
Havre	24	San Francisco	44
Helena	30	Santa Fe	—
Houghton	30	Shreveport	52
Huron	44	Spokane	36
Jacksonville	44	St. Louis	44
Kamloops	38	St. Paul	32
Kansas City	44	Sault, Ste. Marie	42
Knoxville	32	Swift Current	30
La Crosse	36	Washington	44
Lander	28	Williston	30
Los Angeles	46	Winnemucca	30
Marquette	34	Winnipeg	40

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Fresh winds, generally northeast.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 22.—Wisconsin and Minnesota: Fair tonight and Tuesday. North and South Dakota: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Cooler tonight.

The Iron Ore Freight Rates.

The Herald hastens to extend congratulations to the News Tribune on having at last taken a position in line with The Herald on the question of reducting the ore-carrying charges on the iron railroads in this state. Of course, as a party organ, the morning paper deemed it necessary to charge that the late railroad and warehouse commission appointed by Governor Lind was actuated by political motives in ordering a reduction from 80 cents and $1 to 60 cents and 80 cents per ton—although this action was taken after the election, when there was no chance to make capital of a political nature. The News Tribune was opposed to any reduction of the iron ore freight rates and used its space unsparingly for the arguments of the iron railroads when the hearing on this question was held several years ago. The late commission gave the railroads ample time to present their case. The procedure was entirely regular. The railroads tried their old game of delay and protested that they could not get their testimony ready in the time allowed. This plea was made solely for dilatory purposes, but the commission refused to play into the hands of the railroads' attorneys and then declined to be bulldozed. The reduction was ordered. It is a smaller reduction than many people expected and it is undeniable that the roads can carry the ore at a large profit at 60 and 80 cents. The News Tribune now admits that the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, for instance, hauls copper ore forty-two miles for 20 cents a ton, and the Northwestern hauls iron ore more than 100 miles from the Menominee range for 40 cents a ton, and they do not find it unprofitable. There is a report that the newly elected Republican commission will open the case and grant the roads a rehearing, and may restore the old rates. This action is opposed by the News Tribune, which says that if the commissioners go honestly into the merits of the case they will either leave the rates as they find them or order a still further reduction. The conversion of the morning paper is a remarkable incident and proves that there is always hope for the reform of the most unregenerate.

Recruiting For the Regular Army.

It is stated that the work of recruiting for the army is going on so rapidly that a number of the newly authorized regiments are already taking shape for service. Though the army reorganization bill became a law so late as Feb. 2, and recruiting did not get fairly under way until March came in, several infantry battalions have been organized and have been sent on their way to the Philippines, while corresponding progress has been made in the cavalry. Under the bill there were five additional regiments of infantry and five of cavalry to be raised. One of the new mounted regiments, the Fourteenth cavalry, had last week the names of twenty-three officers and 779 non-commissioned officers and enlisted men enrolled. Eight of its twelve troops had been organized, and recruits for the others were steadily coming in. The quality of recruits continues excellent, as indeed it well may be when the applications are as numerous as they are. As a rule recruiting officers accept only one in six of those who apply for enlistment. In recruiting a number of interesting facts bearing on the physique and morale of communities have been developed. Thus in New York out of every 100 applicants eighty-six are rejected, whereas in Chicago 25 per cent are accepted, and in Boston and Philadelphia the acceptances are 17 and 25 per cent respectively. The large percentage of rejection in the bigger cities is due probably to the belief lingering therein that the tough is sure to be accepted as a recruit, whereas he is almost certain to be rejected with as few words as will dispose of his case, and also to inferiority of physique manifested in blunted hearing and impaired vision.

CAPT. McDOUGALL'S VIEWS.

In a letter published in another column, Capt. Alexander McDougall takes exception to the articles recently published by The Herald urging an increase in the taxation of the iron properties in this state and expresses the opinion that some of the remarks were too severe. What particular feature of the articles the captain classes as too severe The Herald does not know, because there has been nothing said in condemnation of the corporations that own the mines or of the officials whose duty it was to assess them. What The Herald has insisted upon, and still insists, is that the iron properties should be compelled to pay taxes on an assessed valuation proportionate to that placed upon other property. There is no desire, as has been repeatedly stated, to treat the iron corporations unjustly or to subject them to oppressive taxation. What is wanted is an equalization of the taxation in this county. If the iron properties were assessed at a fair proportion of their actual valuation—at the same proportion as is realty in the city of Duluth—the tax rate could be reduced materially, the burdens of taxation be more evenly distributed and the property that now pays much more than its just share of the tax levy be relieved of a large portion of its burden.

It is manifestly an unjust system that taxes real estate in Duluth on an assessed valuation close to 50 per cent of its actual selling price and at the same time taxes iron mines worth, at the lowest possible estimate, $150,000,000, on an assessed valuation of $8,600,000. It is for the correction of this injustice that The Herald pleads. The steel trust could not honestly claim that it was being taxed oppressively and unjustly if the assessed valuation of the iron mines in this county were raised to $75,000,000.

At the same time The Herald sympathizes with Capt. McDougall's contention that nothing is to be gained by adopting an attitude of hostility towards this great corporation. It would be injudicious to antagonize the steel trust by excessive taxation of its properties in St. Louis county, and The Herald would oppose such action as strenuously as it now contends that its present taxation is inordinately low and unjust to all other property owners in the county. Capt. McDougall entertains a hope that the United States Steel corporation may be induced to establish blast furnaces and steel mills here for the utilization specially of the lean ores on the Minnesota ranges. The Herald trusts his hope may be realized.

THAT DIVORCE DECISION.

As The Herald suggested a few days ago, the text of the decision of the United States supreme court does not bear out the reports of the various Washington correspondents in their interpretation of the effect of the decisions on the question of divorces granted by certain states. It was a mistake natural to persons who possess little or no knowledge of the subject. The text shows that the decisions are remarkable in no way, that no new principle of law is laid down and no unusual construction given to the state statutes. In the cases at bar, the court finds that the state court had no jurisdiction because the state laws were not complied with; that is all. This has always been the law, and until an amendment is made to the constitution of the United States turning over to the United States the control of the marital relations, the various courts will give full force and effect to decrees of all state courts where the state laws have been complied with.

In the two cases on which the sensational reports were sent out, the plaintiffs did not secure a legal residence before bringing suit, and the supreme court simply held that to be a prerequisite for constructive service on the defendant in another state. In the North Dakota case the plaintiff was in such a hurry that he began his action the day he arrived within the borders of the state and secured the decree by fraud. The court intimates that he should have gained a legal residence. Though it requires but ninety days he would have been entitled to take advantage of the law.

There will not be any stirring up of old divorce decrees on account of these decisions.

THE POSTAL DEFICIT.

There has been much talk of excessive charges made by railroads for the transportation of mail as compared with rates for passengers and freight. A report made by Professor Henry C. Adams to the joint postal commission throws considerable light on the matter, and the conclusions arrived at are derived from careful and painstaking investigation. The principal results are embodied in four points:

First—That the amount of mail matter handled by the railways per year was in excess of 280,000,000 of ton miles, and not 80,000,000 of ton miles, as had been previously assumed.

Second—That the average rate per ton per mile, including special pay for postal cars, was 12.5 cents, and not 40 cents, as had been previously assumed.

Third—That the arguments of the representatives of the railways, so far as they rested upon the assumption of a definite cost for carrying the mails, were unsatisfactory because of the fact that it is impossible to determine by any available process the exact cost of any particular railway service.

Fourth—That the arguments of the representatives of the railways, so far as they rested upon a comparison of the earnings from mail service with earnings from freight, passenger or express service, were unsatisfactory because such arguments assume that the rates on freight, passenger and express traffic are reasonable and just.

He further adds that the average railway haul of mail matter is 428 miles and not 328 miles, as has been assumed. As to the statement that his report shows the present rate not to be excessive, he says:

"My report contains no evidence which proves beyond peradventure that the rate of railway mail pay is too high, for the reason that such a proposition is incapable of either proof or disproof. The question at issue is not a question of legal evidence, but of administration. My belief is that my report presented this problem to the commission in very much the same way that similar problems are presented to railway managers when the question comes before them whether or not a rate upon a specific commodity shall be further reduced or the carrying of the commodity abandoned. With the margin of possible profit which, according to my report, would still be left to the railways in carrying the mail, even at a reduced rate, a railway manager would not hesitate a moment to reduce his charges rather than lose the traffic. And if, as I have been led to suppose, it was considered desirable to efface the postal deficit, it seems to me a reasonable proposition to call upon the railways to contribute annually about $3,000,000 for that purpose."

Professor Adams believes that the entire postal deficit could be wiped out by conservative management of the department working on the commonest principles of economy. Postmasters' salaries should be adjusted with regard to their commercial value, and economies introduced into the transportation of mail, and so on. He insists that the department should be run without regard to politics, and the free use of the mail for advertising purposes largely curtailed. In short, if the business was carried on with the care employed in any great private enterprise, it would pay a profit annually instead of showing a deficit.

A peculiar case is docketed in the New York courts that is without a precedent. Dr. and Mrs. Muir are the defendants, the latter a daughter of late Senator John R. McPherson, of New Jersey. The suit is brought by Notara Bros., of New York, to recover $47 for cigarettes supplied to Dr. and Mrs. Muir. The cigarettes were purchased in 1899, between July 12 and Aug. 14. The firm alleges that Mrs. Muir was a customer long before she was married to the doctor, and smoked cigarettes of the finest make. She was so particular about the cigarettes she smoked that they were made with gold tips, and a facsimile of her signature was on every cigarette. After she married Dr. Muir she brought her husband to the firm, and said in future he would buy the cigarettes for them. The firm alleges that the couple did continue to buy cigarettes, but failed to pay the bill. Subpoena servers have been trying to find the doctor and his wife for a week past, but without success. Cigarette smoking seems to be a popular fad among New York women.

Even the highest and most eminent doctors of the law disagree about the same as their less illustrious but equally conscientious if not equally learned brethren of the ermine and the woolsack do in Minnesota. In an important decision rendered a few days ago by the supreme court of the United States, four out of the nine justices dissented, and the fifth, or deciding judge, only concurred with the other four in the result, not in the line of reasoning by which they reached that result. Thus it was as nearly balanced a court as could be with an odd number of judges. Which side was really right Nobody knows.

The bureau of agriculture at Washington has issued a bulletin giving several recipes for preparing the sweet potato for table use. But not one of them, in the judgment of any Missourian or other Southerner of mature years, will excel the old-fashioned method of roasting the tubers in a pan with a fat 'possum or some juicy joint of a tender critter.

Hobson is to be detailed to the Buffalo exposition in charge of the government exhibit. Perhaps the managers would be willing to give him a small purse if he would have his marriage ceremony performed in public during the exhibition. He will have to do something pretty soon to acquire further notoriety or be classed with the "has beens."

Every time, says the Des Moines News, that Capt. Crater rattles his chains and pounds on the floor of his cell he pays a tribute to the incorruptible federal court that put him behind the bars.

A San Francisco man told his wife he would enjoy dancing on her grave and she secured a divorce. Men are usually able to keep their prospective innocent diversions from their wives.

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sas City on Saturday, June 8, and remain until Monday, according to the official program. He evidently wanted a quiet place to spend Sunday.

J. Pierpont Morgan has bought a bulldog for $2500. Perhaps he intends to corner the dog market. If he tries, he will be astonished at the number of dogs in the country.

President McKinley will arrive in Kan-

The Swiss seem to be a hotel-keeping class of people. There are 1700 hotels and all doing a good business.

Gen. MacArthur is pained because financial irregularities in the service at Manila are referred to as thefts. He considers it gross exaggeration.

It is said that the valuable prospective gifts for the kaiser were burned in the palace at Pekin. But from whom were they stolen?

The Atchison Globe thinks about all a boy is good for until he is 15 is to run errands and eat up the last piece of pie.

The New York woman, who recently married a horse doctor thinking he was a French nobleman had a narrow escape.

Marvelous Strides.

San Francisco Chronicle: That the United States should have taken first place in the list of exporting nations last year is not so surprising as the fact that only a quarter of a century ago we held the fourth position. In 1880 our exports were only $345,999,603, against Great Britain's $1,523,474,000; in 1900 we sent domestic produce of all kinds to foreigners to the amount of $1,453,013,659, while the United Kingdom only exported $1,418,348,000. The present year will probably increase the distance between ourselves and our nearest competitor.

DAILY STORY.

A RAILROAD HEROINE

BY HORACE MELVILLE GRANT.

(Copyrighted, 1901, William R. Miller.)

Lone Pine Station was up in the mountains, just at the east end of a long stretch of snow sheds. It was thirteen miles from Bad Creek to the west, and eleven from Big Rock to the east. The names of these stations together with a dozen others, have since been changed. At the date I write of a man named Clark had the Big Rock station. I had Bad Creek and a new agent and operator had just taken possession of Lone Pine. That station had been vacant for a week. It had been held by a young man named Reed for about three months, but one night he was found dead and robbed—the work of the lawless element then overrunning the West. The first news I got from the new agent came from herself over the wire one afternoon, and this is what she said:

"Allow me to introduce myself as Mrs. Hadley, the new agent at Lone Pine. I am just out from Chicago. Charming place this, and I know I will like it. Hope to become better acquainted."

I found out later on that she was a widow about 28 years old, good looking, well educated and possessed of plenty of courage and common sense. Just why she didn't do as most other young widows do, was no one's business but her own. Finding that she must earn her own living, she learned telegraphy and came down the road in search of a place. They didn't want to give her the station at Lone Pine, but she was so persistent that she was finally installed. As at many other stations, she had to gather her own firewood and cook her own provisions, and there were many annoyances to be encountered.

Everything went fairly well at Lone Pine for a month or so, and then the army of tramps began to move eastward and to cause annoyance at all the isolated stations. At 8 o'clock one rainy night a train loaded with bridge material and accompanied by twelve mechanics reached my station from the west on its way to Big Rock. Just as it came in I got word from the operator there that a landslide had occurred between him and Lone Pine, and no trains would be able to pass it before next day. This, you will observe, cut Lone Pine off on the east, and it held the bridge train at my station. I turned in about 11 o'clock, with the rain coming down as if everything was to be drowned out, and it was just half an hour after midnight when I was called by the little woman at Lone Pine.

"I'm sorry to disurb you," she said, "but I fear I'm going to have trouble."

"What's wrong?"

"A number of those tramps who were bounced at Big Rock today have reached here and taken possession of two empty freight cars on the siding. The whole crowd is half drunk and raising Cain."

"If they have shelter and something to drink they won't be apt to bother you tonight. However, I'll sit up with you for a while for company's sake. Are your firearms loaded?"

"Yes. The gang appears to have four or five revolvers, and two buletts have been fired through the window."

"Well, don't show any light, and you had better bank down on your cot. The fellows will get over their hilarity pretty soon."

It was five minutes before I heard from her again. The engine of the freight train was standing almost opposite the door, and during the interval I went out and roused the sleeping engineer and fireman and told them what was going on at Lone Pine. If things got desperate with the little woman I proposed to take half a dozen of the mechanics and go to her relief. When she called me again she said:

"One of the gang has routed me up and demanded whisky and something to eat. When I ordered him away he made threats of what they would do."

"Don't get shaky," I replied. "It's probably a bluff. Construction No. 8 is lying here, and in case you need help a lot of us will come up on the engine. We'll have a clear road and can make it in fifteen minutes."

It was fifteen minutes before she called

We were among the tramps.

again. The locomotive had been fired up, and the fireman had gone back to the caboose and routed out six men who had revolvers, and they were ready to make a lightning dash with us.

"You remember the old caboose car at the end of the side-track?" queried the little woman at Lone Pine.

"Yes."

"Well, they have made a bonfire of it, and it's blazing away even in this rain. There are fourteen of the fellows and the toughest lot I've ever seen. I think they mean to attack the house. Hadn't you better come up?"

"I don't want to take the responsibility unless it's positively necessary. You are expected to stand them off if you can. No one will blame you if you wipe out the whole gang."

Three or four minutes slipped away, and then she announced that they had given her five minutes in which to surrender, and that one of the empty freight cars had been fired.

"They can's set fire to the house with water falling like this," I replied. "You have a stout shutter at the window, and they can only attack by way of the door, if at all. They can't shoulder it in with two bars across it, and if they bring up a battering ram you want to fire on them through the lower panels."

What was to be the last message came about ten minutes later.

"They brought up a beam, telegraphed the little woman, "and I gave them the buckshot through the lower panels. I think I hit three or four. Some of them are now firing into the house, while others are bringing up firebrands to burn me out."

"Coming—don't give up!" I rattled off to her, and thirty seconds later the engine was moving away with our crowd. We had a wet track, but a clear run, and after the first two miles we simply flew. We went through two miles of snow shedding like a rocket shooting along a tube, and when we popped out at the eastern end we were among the tramps. The two cars were blazing away, and a fire had just been started in the third. Firebrands were piled up against the house at three different places, and three or four fellows with revolvers were blazing away at the door and window.

Before the engine had come to a stop we dropped off and began shooting to kill, and in five minutes we had cleaned out the gang.

Perhaps you remember the way that certain newspapers pitched into us about that affair, calling it a massacre and howling for our arrest. There were four killed and seven wounded. Three men were hit when the little woman fired through the door. I know what became of the killed, because I helped to bury them, but the wounded were taken east that afternoon.

When the little woman opened the door to us she had her revolver in her left hand, because one of the stray bullets had passed through the palm of her right. She had also been grazed on the shoulder, and two bullets had passed through her clothing. She had fired both barrels of the shotgun and eleven bulets from her revolver, and was doing bravely well when we turned the scales. And did she continue at Lone Pine? Oh, no. A division superintendent fell in love with her, rearoused the tender passion in her breast, and away she went to settle down on the Pacific slope and become a nobody—that is, she couldn't be a heroine any more.

BREEZY CHAFF.

Boston Transcript: Mr. Mann—You talk about fashionable trimmings for a bonnet! Why, anything you can stick onto a bonnet is the style.

Mrs. Mann—Anything, dear, but what you have on hand.

Chicago Tribune: "What is the price of these gloves?"

"Two dollars."

"You had some last week just like them that you were selling at $1.99."

"Same glove, ma'am. That was a special sale."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "That great Italian tenor told me he had a mattress stuffed full of the laurel wreaths that have been given him."

"A mattress full! Then he ought to retire on them."

Indianapolis Press: "If I were you I would take Mr. Thornton with a grain of salt," said Miss Frocks.

"I'd be willing to take him any way at all," replied Miss Sweyback, who was much in love.

Pittsburg Chronicle: "John," said the long-suffering wife, as John began brushing his overcoat, "you're not going to be out again tonight, I hope."

"I hope not," he replied, absently, "but there's every prospect of it. The cards have been running pretty bad for me lately."

Chicago Tribunee: "This idea of your telling me I'm extravagant!" protested Mr. Chugwater, "when I've saved $500 in the last ten years on one item alone, by a little self-denial!"

"What item is that?" demanded Mrs. Chugwater.

"Cutting down my life insurance from $5000 to $1000."

TURN ON THE LIGHT.

Oh! Mr. Weather Bureau Man, whatever
can be ailing you
To hold the golden weather back and
give us but the dross?
Do you not know the people all indignant-
ly are nailing you
With spikes of angry language to the
figurative cross?
Have pity, please, on slime-bedecked and
shivering humanity,
And let the sunshine ripple down in
bright and welcome flood,
And dry the bosom of the earth and stop
this rank profanity
That's showered without limit on the
Gol
Darned
Mud!
—Denver Post.

TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY

Mother says, "Be in no hurry,
Marriage oft means care and worry."

Auntie says, with manner grave,
"Wife is synonyme for slave."

Father asks, in tones commanding,
"How does Bradstreet rate his standing?"

Sister, crooning to her twins,
Sighs, "With marriage care begins."

Grandma, near life's closing days,
Murmurs "Sweet are girlhood's ways."

Maud, twice widowed ("sod and grass"),
Looks at me and moans "Alas!"

They are six and I am one,
Life for me has just begun.

They are older, calmer, wiser,
Age should aye be youth's adviser.

They must know—and yet, dear me,
When in Harry's eyes I see

All the world of love there burning—
On my six advisers turning,

I make answer, "Oh, but Harry
Is not like most men who marry.

"Fate has offered me a prize,
Life with love means paradise.

"Life without it is not worth
All the foolish joys of earth."

So in spite of all they say
I shall name the wedding day.
—ELLA WHEELER WILCOX, in New York Journal.

BELIEVE IN CHURCH ADS.

Fourth Estate: Dr. Morgan Wood is a Cleveland minister who believes in advertising his church and his services. For weeks he has been placing notices in the amusement advertisements department of the local newspapers.

When asked why he advertised in the amusement columns, Dr. Wood said:

"There is no other way of reaching the class of people that does not go to church. I put the notice where people who are looking for a place of amusement cannot avoid seeing the announcement of my service.

"The ordinary column of church notices is read only by church-goers. The non-church people steer clear of that department. We are after the people who don't go to church.

"There are just as good people out of the church as there are in and we want them. If I could afford it I would put a large advertisement on the sporting page of a paper. Then we could get the sort of people we want."

Bankruptcy Matters.

Discharges from bankruptcy have been received at the United States court office for George A. Elder, Robert C. Mitchell and Robert Toohy. The last named is of Sandstone. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Barker Waite, of Brainerd. He gives his liabilities at $4261.68 and his assets at $6395, of which he claims $500 as exempt.

A Schooner Moved.

A semblance of navigation was produced yesterday when the schooner Tyrone was moved out of Duluth harbor and down Superior bay in tow of the Nester tug Cotton. She was taken to Old Superior, where she was placed at Elevator K, of the Terminal Elevator Company, to load 130,000 bushels of wheat. Many people who saw the move thought the engineers' strike was over and navigation was under way.

ODD FELLOWS.

Annual Anniversary Is Observed at the Armory.

The Duluth and Superior members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows held their annual anniversary services at the Armory yesterday afternoon, and large numbers of the members turned out to take part. The procession from the lodge rooms on Lake avenue to the Armory was a handsome sight, as the uniformed rank members were out in their black uniforms with gold trimmings, headed by the K. of P. band.

Rev. Harry W. Knowles, of Grace M. E. church, made the address of the afternoon, and on the stage there sat a number of prominent Odd Fellows of Superior, including Mayor Parker. Mayor Hugo, of Duluth, presided. The program began with a selection by the K. P. band. Miss Brotherton played a piano selection charmingly, and Miss Georgia Alexander sang a soprano solo delightfully. Miss Edith Hancock recited "The Pride of Battery B" with good effect, and the Jewel-Adams mixed quartet sang pleasingly.

Rev. Knowles said that there are some churches that fight the fraternal societies, but those churches have men on their rolls that could not have their names placed on the honor roll of Odd Fellowship They have men in their churches that subscribe liberally, but that could not have the privilege of putting a nickel into the exchequer of this order. He spoke of the charitable work of the order, showing that in thirty years $68,000,000 has gone to those who were ill or in need. He said that "the sick" did not necessarily mean those who have physical ailments, for there are more sick hearts and sick souls than sick bodies. That part of the work of Odd Fellows is in itself divine. No man that denies God, no libertine, no dealer in liquors, can become an Odd Fellow. And still some of the members of churches are against such noble work. If those who condemn Odd Fellowship keep step with it they will land in heaven? A beautiful page in the history of the order was the grand lodge meeting in Baltimore in 1865, when the members of the North and South shook hands over the bloody chasm made by the four years of war just closed. One delegate moved that the dues of the Southern members, which remained unpaid, be stricken from the books. In a measure, at least, this reunited the sundery fractions of the country. The speaker also referred to the Order of Rebekahs, the women's auxiliary order, and told of its birth and work.

Mayor Hugo made a few apt remarks in which he expressed the pleasure of the local lodges at the large attendance.

TAXATION OF IRON LANDS.

Capt. McDougall's Views on the Subject.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In reply to several articles in your paper lately on the taxation of iron lands in this county. I think some of the remarks made were too severe. These iron lands could not be developed without some large corporation to exploit each proposition and by degrees show up the value of the resources that lay dormant so long, and if it had been known that a hostile people were ready to tax them out of reason as soon as a discovery was made, development would not have been so fast. This is true as respects the greater corporation or combination—the United States Steel corporation. It will proceed more cautiously and slowly after such expressions and with its able representatives will avoid expenditures here that might come easier under kinder actions than plans to increase taxes tenfold.

The writer has not one dollar's interest in the United States Steel company and does pay a large tax in St. Louis county. I can see how it is to the interest of the United States Steel corporation to have some of its plants located here to melt some of the lean ores that are partly wasted in stripping, etc. The new combination controls both the coal and the ore and all the materials that enter into the making of steel, can be laid down in Duluth cheaper than in any Northern city. As one of the directors was quoted as saying that a large sum is to be set aside to improve existing plants and build others, I believe that by making more kindly remarks about them we will have a better chance to have them consider the question of building here such furnaces and mills as would be profitable, and that in place of threatening them with heavy taxation we should be considering a plan that would guarantee them a moderate rate on their mines, furnaces and mills, if they decide to build and to manufacture here. We should set out at once to show how much it is to their advantage to manufacture here. It would be easier to coax than to drive this large corporation, especially before they are fully in motion. Yours truly,

ALEX McDOUGALL.

Duluth, April 20.

A PUPILS' RECITAL

At First Baptist Church Wednesday Evening.

The pupils of Mrs. K. A. Ostergren will give a piano recital Wednesday evening at the First Baptist church at 8 o'clock sharp. They will be assisted by Alice Sjosellus, soprano, and Master Dexter Ostegren, violinist. The program is as follows:

Duet—Waltz ..... W. Malmene
Hattie and Arthur Wilson.
"Melodie" ..... Schumann
Ese Helbing.
Duet—"Daffy-Down-Dilly" ..Alice B. Wing
Irene Cornell, Mrs. Ostergren.
Minuet—"al'Antique" ..... Raoul Gabriel
Gertrude Noble.
Duet—"Hide and Seek" ..... Wing
Ingeborg and Hildegard Wohlin.
"In the Sunshine" ..... Lange
Gladys Goldsmith.
Duet—"Sung by Candle Light" ..... Wing
George and Alice Sjosellus.
"Till We Meet" ..... Lange
Inga Dahl.
Duet—"Good Night" ..... Becker
Beatrice Ole, Mrs. Ostergren.
Violin solo—"O Thou Sublime Evening Star" ..... Wagner
Dexter Ostergren.
Duet—"Shooting of the Bird" ....Tschirch
Antoniette Ericson, Mrs. Ostergren.
"A Pearl" ..... Fr. Behr
Gladys Reynolds.
Duet—"Children's Tea Party Waltz" ..
..... Reade
Irene and Grace Cullen.
Soprano solo—"There Little Girl, Don't Cry" ..... Jules Jordan
Alice Sjosellus.
Duet—"Victor March" ..... Harry Jordan
Alma and Frank Scoble.
"Song of Margerite" ..... Ludovic
Evelyn Cash.
"May Bells Peal" ..... Sievert
Frank Scoble.
"Meditation" ..... C. S. Morrison
Lalia Scott.
Duet—"Spanish Dance" ..... Holst
Helen Congdon, Mrs. Ostergren.
"Little Serenade" ..... Alf. Grunfeldt
Violet Jordan.
Duet—"Peasants' Wedding March" ....
..... Marschner
Jennie and Sophie Drewett.
"Pastorella" ..... Gregh
Verna Alexander.
Impromptu, Op. 142, No. 2 ..... Schubert
Adline Wohlin.
Duet—"Scherzo Brilliante," Op. 19 .....
..... A. H. Sponholtz
Carroll and George Suffel.
"Minuet," op. 100 ..... Ravnia
Irene White.
"Song of the Bathers" ..... Paul Wachs
Edna Haire.
Violin solo—"Legende" ..... C. Bohm
Dexter Ostergren.
Momento—"Capridcioso" ..M. Moszkowski
Nellie Kennebrook.
"Sonata IV" allegro ..... Mozart
Maude Matteson.
"Dance Neapolitaine" ..... S. Smith
Lillie Olson.
"Polacca Brilliant" ..... C. Bohm
Florence White.
"Minuet" Op. 14 ..... Paderewski
Alice Sjosellus.
Duet—"Overture Prometheus" .Beethoven
Florence White, Mrs. Ostergren.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

A RICH FIND

Is an expression that is often heard here when our customers see our great assortment of

SPRING SUITS.

In neat, tasty mixtures, Blue Serges, in plain Oxfords and pretty stripes—all of them perfect fitters—at the nominal price of only—

$10.00

In still finer textures—better lining—neat, snappy effects—at only—

$12.00

When it comes to still finer grades of Worsted and Cassimere Suits, it's with a feeling of confidence we speak of these. Serviceable Suits, good enough for any occasion, at the popular price of—

$15.00

If you desire still higher grades of Suits we have them—high as

$20, $22.50, $25

Sole agents for the celebrated

"HAWES"

$3.00 HATS.

"If any purchase from us has proved unsatisfactory, you will do us a great favor by informing us and we will cheerfully make it good."

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier.

219 West Superior Street.

SPICY TALK.

Saturday Club Women Discuss "Beautifying the City."

"Beautifying the City," was the topic at the Saturday club Saturday afternoon and the dicussion was spicy and emphatic. The practice of allowing so much loafing around the corner of Fifth avenue west and West Superior street was severely condemned. The appearance of the street was represented as being bad enough without allowing large crowds of woodsmen to stand around and cover the sidewalks with expectorated tobacco juice. It was suggested that a remedy might lie in the removal of business to First street if the practice is allowed to be continued.

A suggestion by one of the women that others endorsed was to segregate the saloons in districts. One suggested that the place of segregation be on a barge in the lake and this sentiment, while not presenting itself as anything like a possibility, was approved.

The practice of allowing waste paper, sweepings, etc., to be deposited on the street, was severely condemned. The cultivation of window boxes with flowers in the residence districts was presented as a simple and effective means of beautifying. Parents and teachers were spoken of as able to do a great deal towards breeding in the minds of the growing generation a desire and a love for things beautiful.

The regular literary program followed the discussion of this subject.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

TONIGHT!

The Al. G. Field Greater Minstrels.

Oldest! Biggest! Best! 50—People—50—An entire Train of Palace Cars! The Most Expensive Organization of its Kind in Existence. 12—A Tribe of Mamelukes—12. The Old World's Greatest Acrobats, presenting the Oriental Spectacle, "The Fete at Mecca. Al. G. Field, Arthur Rigby, Tommy Donnelly, Doc Quigley, Pascalet, the Nondescript, the Man with a Hundred Forms, "A Night in Paris During the Exposition." Blackford Bros., the Three Musical Kings. Keys and McDonald, the Grotesque Athletes. Watch for the Big Street Pageant. Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, 75; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

6th Avenue Theater.

McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

The Popular Price—Theater of Duluth. TONIGHT and every night this week.

Not a Minute Behind the Times

North Bros.' Superb Company. Presenting Tonight

Prices 10c 20c 30c No higher

The Rural Drama

Old Farmer Allen.

New specialties. Big continuous show. Reserved seats at LaRicheux's Drug Store and Smith & Smith's. Children's matinee Saturday. All hill street cars pass the theater.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

Fannie Starr's Vaudeville Co.

Fifteen Talented artists.

NARROW ESCAPE

Fire In Norris Block Nearly Results In Fatality.

Dense Smoke Makes Position of Inmates Precarious.

One Woman Prevented With Much Difficulty From Jumping.

With all avenues of escape cut off by flames, five persons were almost suffocated yesterday morning in the Norris block, corner of Lake avenue and West Superior street. While the fire was easily handled by the department, the volume of smoke on the upper floors was so dense that a number of lives might have been lost had it not been for the timely assistance of members of the fire department—particularly that of Lieut. Daniel A. Cameron and Arthur Ebner, both of hook and ladder company No. 3.

The lower floor of the Norris block is occupied by Jerry Congdon's saloon, while the second and third doors were occupied by roomers. The occupants were awakened about 5 o'clock in the morning by the smoke. The alarm was given and in the brief space of time that elapsed between the alarm and response of the department the fire made great headway. The firemen found the entrance to the building in a mass of seething flames, and the occupants were at the windows, some of them calling frantically for help. The heavy smoke made the fire seem much more dangerous than it really was. The ladders were quickly placed in position and the people got out as hurriedly as possible without paying much attention to clothing or the saving of furniture.

On the third floor could be seen a man and woman struggling. The woman was evidently trying to jump and the man was trying to hold her back. Their position was most dangerous, and owing to the flames and smoke it was hard to get a ladder into position. It was finally arranged, however, and Lieut. Cameron and Fireman Ebner succeeded in getting both. The woman proved to be a Miss Margaret Welch, a chambermaid. She was in hysterics when rescued, and was carried over to the Ryan hotel where she was revived. The man was Claud Clarke. He said that he was awakened by the smoke, and in an effort to get to the fire escape he broke into the room just in time to see the chambermaid start for the window. He caught her and held on, driving the suffocating smoke back as best he could with a sheet.

At the time of the rescue of Miss Welch and young Clarke there were three men in an adjoining window waiting anxiously for their turn at the ladder. They were W. W. King, barber, working in the Palladio building; M. G. Paslow, barber, employed in the Manhattan building, and George Selleck, a waiter, employed at Boyle Bros.' restaurant.

All three were nearly overcome by smoke when the ladders were put up to them, but quickly revived.

The fires tarted in Congdon's saloon, but its origin is in the "mysterious" class. The flames swept the saloon from one end to the other, destroying about $3250 worth of property, partially covered by $2200 worth of insurance. The damage to the other part of the building did not exceed $1500, and was fully covered by insurance.

A HOME AT LAST.

A Little Wanderer Has Found Loving Guardians.

The Minneapolis Tribune says that a pathetic story, but one not without its bright side, was told in Judge Brooks' court room, in the district court, when a pretty child, Mamie Carlson, was brought into court upon application of the father, who she did not know.

Some time ago Charles J. Carlson was separated from his wife, she securing a divorce. He has been living in West Superior since, where he runs a restaurant. Shortly after the divorce his wife married again, taking Clas Holm as a life partner. The young woman did not live long after the marriage, and, according to witnesses her one plaint before her death was as to the welfare of her child.

"What will become of baby when I am gone?" was her wail. "I pray God to watch over her."

So she passed away and the little one was left in the care of the husband, who was a laboring man, with no relatives to take the little one. He gave her out to be cared for, but the family was not paid, and the little one was returned. Just about that time, it seemed as if the prayer of the mother had been remembered above, for the father of the little one learned that his former wife was dead and came to Minneapolis to see the child. He spoke to her, but she did not know him, being satisfied in Minneapolis rather than to go to some place she knew not of.

As fate would have it, the parents of the father, who are well-to-do people, told their son they would care for the little one, and Judge Brooks will order the little one to be given to them, with the express understanding that they shall have it and that the father cannot take it away, although he may see it. So the waif will be cared for, and be reared as befits one of its pretty face and gentle nature.

"THE FOOL'S PRAYER."

Rev. Harry White Discusses Sill's Poem.

At the Unitarian vesper service yesterday afternoon, Mr. White spoke on Sill's poem called "The Fool's Prayer." He said in part:

"In this little poem which I have just read to you, Sill dwells upon an aspect of life which we are in the habit of underestimating and ignoring. In our conventional moral arithmetic we are apt to assign the greatest negative values to positive guilt and the heart that is 'red with wrong,' and to ignore our blunders and our stupidity. 'Yes,' we say, 'our positive guilt, the "heart red with wrong," that surely we ought to be on our guard against; that indeed we are responsible for; but our blunders, our mistakes, our often dense and unspeakable stupidity—oh, these are minor things which don't amount to much anyway, and which we need not take much account of or hold ourselves responsible for. We may be as blundering and as stupid as we like, so long as our hearts are not actually red with wrong.'

"But Sill comes along with another and, I think, truer system of moral values, and gives us a more correct estimate of the importance of those things which we are wont to consider of such trivial importance. He says:

" 'Tis not by guilt the onward sweep
Of truth and right, O Lord, we stay;
'Tis by our follies that so long
We hold the earth from heaven away.'

"At first sight this seems an exaggerated view of Sill's. We think that it is the positive sinners who are most responsible for the fact that the world is not better than it is; but if we look into the matter we shall find that he is altogether right; that it is not the sin and not the guilt, but that it is the carelessness and the folly which 'hold the earth from heaven away.'

"Take, for instance, the progress of any great truth. What is it that makes its ultimate triumph so slow? Is it the wicked people who are opposed to it, that delay its great victory? No, not these so much as the careless people, the people who fail to see what is involved in their attitude of indifference. We commonly think that it was the slave-holders of the South who most delayed the cause of freedom. And so they did. But probably the people of the North delayed it more; the hundreds and thousands of them who saw that the slaves ought to be free, but who did not also see that they individually and personally had a duty to the cause of freedom. It was no affair of theirs, they said by their attitude. It was a question between the abolitionists and the slave-holders. Let them fight it out. But a question of right and truth is never the question solely of the men who are fighting for or against them. It is a question which belongs to every man who can see the distinction between the right and the wrong, the true and the false. The power to see the right and the true confers the instant obligation to take one's stand in defense of the right. To fail to see this duty which is involved in the very seeing of the distinction between the good and the evil, that is precisely the sort of folly 'which stays the onward sweep of truth and right.'

"But Sill's truth has an even more immediate application than this, one more closely concerned with our daily lives.

" 'These clumsy feet, still in the mire,
Go crushing blossoms without end;
These hard, well-meaning hands we thrust
Among the heart-strings of a friend.'

"That is another aspect of the same truth. We stay the 'onward sweep of right and truth' in the little, every-day things of life, not so much by our guilt as by our folly. Our obvious end in life as moral beings is an increase of the total amount of good in the world. We want more happiness, more kindly feelings, more helpfulness, more love. What is it that prevents this? Is it our deliberate intention that these things shall not be? No; not that. For we are conscious of no such evil intentions. We really want to have more goodness in the world. But yet we all do a great deal which does not advance the cause of the good. And we do it through our folly and our carelessness. We don't mean to increase the pain and the suffering. But how often do we thoughtlessly say things which hurt our feelings! How often do we do little things which hurt others' feelings, without any malicious intent whatever, but simply because we do not think of the other person and the way which he must be affected by our act. But all this is quite as important, as far as the amount of evil and suffering that is caused by it is concerned, as a deliberate wicked intent. We should not go on clumsily crushing the blossoms of human friendings without end; we should not continually 'thrust these hard, well-meaning hands among the heart strings of a friend.' We should think of the feelings of others. We should be more considerate. For thoughtfulness and consideration are quite as imperative duties in any complete or adequate moral ideal as anything else which you can imagine."

A BITTER DOSE.

A Young Man's Experience With Quinine.

A young man living in the East End celebrated his birthday last Saturday and as a result was very drowsy at nightfall and sought his downy couch as soon as practicable. During the course of his celebrations he had taken among many other thing a slight cold, and his mother, going up to give him a dose of quinine about an hour after he had retired, found him completely insensible to the stern realities of this world. He was persuaded after many efforts to open his mouth, the two three-grain capsules disappeared within and his mother left him, assured that the medicine would do its work. And it did! The young man being naturaly of a somniferous state of mind did not feel equal to the effort of swallowing the pills and about ten minutes later as the gelatineous encasing dissolved within his mouth, his rosy dreams took on a bitter tinge, which grew and grew until the household was awakened by a sound wonderfully like a bursted water pipe. The young man who was causing the disturbance declares that the next time he takes quinine it will be under the full glare of the noonday sun.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both." If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

Cleanse Your Blood

The cause of all spring humors, pimples and eruptions, as well as of that tired feeling and poor appetite, is found in impure, depleted blood.

The perfect blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla, as multitudes know by experience.

It cures all blood diseases, from the smallest pimple to the stubborn scrofula sore—from morning tiredness to extreme nervous prostration.

Begin taking it TODAY.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. Be sure to get Hood's.

LUMBER CIRCLES

Sawing Season Started Last Week But Opens Slowly.

Ice Does Not Move as Rapidly as Expected.

Shippers Awaiting Outcome of the Engineers' Strike.

The sawing season was started at the head of the lakes by the Duncan & Brewer mill, which began operations last Tuesday morning and has been cutting steadily ever since. The managements of some of the other mills expected to start up today if the weather conditions had been as favorable for a thaw last week as during the preceding week, but last week there were cold winds and the ice did not go out of the upper part of St. Louis bay, as expected. There is, however, a wide open space of water about the old St. Paul & Duluth railroad bridge, and this is gradually widening. Tugs have broken through the ice to the Duncan & Brewer mill, but no attempt has been made to get farther up the bay. In general, there is very little change for the week in the conditions of the head of the lake mills.

A few shipping contracts are said to have been made, but most of the shippers are waiting to see what will happen in the matter of the independent vesselmen's pool, and the engineers' strike. The past week has witnessed few if any sales. There are no sales being made of the coming season's cut, owing to the large advance sales made some time ago. The general lumber situation remains strong and steady.

Some predict that there will be a larger amount of Duluth lumber used in Duluth this coming summer than in several summers past, on account of the large number of buildings planned.

G. Fred Stevens, the new surveyor general of the Duluth district, assumed his office last week and has sent out some of his twenty-five deputies. He has six chartered streams under his jurisdiction, but logs will be driven on but five of these. Some of the deputy surveyors have already gone to Cloquet, where the mills started up this last week. None have yet gone up the north shore and will not go until the driving season opens.

Aside from the reported timber purchase of Cook & Turrish on the range and the continuance of the negotiations of the Diamond Match company for the Merrill & Ring interests, there has been little else doing in timber circles in this vicinity during the last week.

P. A. Smith, of the Rat Portage Lumber company, says that his company as cut over 65,000,000 feet during the winter of which half has been on the American side and along the Rainy river and tributaries. More than 50,000,000 feet are now on the ice ready for driving. Nearly 100,000,000 feet have been cut in the Rainy River and Thunder Bay district, and about 750,000 railroad ties, of which the later are mostly for the Canadian Pacific road. The Rat Portage Lumber company's mill has cut more than half the lumber. Seaman & Co. have cut aout 20,000,000 feet and 300,000 ties, Alger, Smith & Co. and the Pigeon River Lumber company, about 10,000,000 feet and smaller firms the balance.

The landing of the Swan River Logging company, containing about 50,000,000 feet at the mouth of Swan river, was broken last week, a number of Duluthians going up there purposely to see the break up. The Swan River company will cut about 100,000,000 feet this season. Cloquet mills are sawing and will continue to do so until the freeze up net winter. Some will run day and night.

The St. Louis and Cloquet rivers are very high and the swamps are said to be full of water. Snow has gone off very fast until there is little left in the woods.

Driving has commenced in some of the Wisconsin streams not far from this city. The ice has been broken up in the Amnicon and Middle rivers and loggers are getting out as fast as possible. W. H. Gilbert has 20,000,000 feet on these rivers that he will have sawed in Duluth. On Saturday Mr. Gilbert sent a tug to the mouth of the Baptisin river on the north shore for a raft of logs. These logs will be towed to Ashland.

Bradshaw Clears Again.

The steamer Mabel Bradshaw, of the White Line Transportation company, left this morning for Isle Royale, Eagle Harbor and—if possible—Houghton. She carried a full load of freight and a large number of passengers. Thursday the Bradshaw will leave for Port Arthur, and if Thunder bay is closed she will land passengers and freight on the ice, as the custom is. The Bon Ami has been put in dry dock for repairs to her rudder and a general overhauling. Thursday the Bon Voyage will make her first south shore trip of the season.

The Papers Filed.

The sale of the handsome A. B. Chapin residence at the corner of Seventeenth avenue east and First street, to Thomas F. Cole, reported in The Herald's real estate column Saturday, is confirmed by the filing of the deeds for record in the office of the register of deeds, which took place Saturday afternoon. The transfer includes lots 15 and 16, block 68, Endion division, and the consideration is $18,500, with the property subject to a mortgage of $4000. In addition Mr. Cole has purchased the fifty feet adjoining the Chapin property on the east from W. B. Leyton for $1900.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

Quick Dessert

JELLYCON

No Cooking
No Baking

Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and set away to harden. Lemon, Orange, Peach, Raspberry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

Mail orders filled promptly; same day as received. Samples of goods gladly sent.

We sell the famous Butterick Patterns.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Special Torchon Lace Bargains.
Another case of large buying making the price one-half under value.
At 3c 75 pieces pretty Torchon Laces—width up to 2 inches; worth 8c; tomorrow per yard 3c.
At 5c 100 pieces cotton Torchon Laces—1 to 3½ inches wide—worth 10c, 12c and 15c a yard; tomorrow 5c.

Fabrics for Graduation Gowns—Party Gowns—For Evening Wear.

In a new department by themselves—enlarged as to shelf and counter space and reinforced in assortments—shown under pure daylight with a special "dark-room," arranged to show their colors under electric light.

Albatross, Nun's Veilings, Wool Batistes, Reads Lansdownes, Henriettas, Wool Taffetas

All the light and evening shades in these fashionable and soft clingy stuffs—an assortment absolutely unrivalled—"Lookers" are cordially welcome—you're the future buyers that we're going to please.

Priestley's Famous Black Goods.

Priestley's 44-inch Wool Crepe DuChene at $1.50
Priestley's 44-inch Gypsy Cloth at $1.25
Priestley's 42-inch Silk Warp Eudora at $1.50
Priestley's all-wool Solien—42-inch at $1.39
Priestley's 44-inch Whipcords at $1.00

Special black or blue Granite Cloths—46-in. wide—fine quality—usually $1.25—tomorrow 89c

Priestley's Black Etamine—42 in.—a rich handsome quality such as usually sells at $1.35—tomorrow $1.00

Priestley's Nun's Veiling—soft and clingy, beautiful, 44-inch—usually $1.25 value—tomorrow at $1.00

Special Colored Dress Goods for Tomorrow—44-inch Wool Poplins—46-inch French Serge—44-inch Soliels—all good colors—worth $1.25—at 98c

White Goods for Graduation Gowns.

We cordially invite all who are interested in gowns for this pleasing occasion to call and see the display of beautiful White Stuffs. It's the most comprehensive and varied hereabouts—including **Dimities, Victoria Lawns, Chiffons, Batiste and many others** at prices radically lower than anywhere else. Samples gladly sent.

Evening Silks.

The soft, clinging supple silks that are pre-eminently fashionable now—in the most delightful of evening colors—shown under pure daylight—or in the special dark room under electric light.

Silk Crepe Du Chene—44 inch—in blue, pink and gray—small, pretty, self-colored figures—regular $3.75 quality, bought far under value—Tuesday at $2.38

Liberty Crepe Du Chene—27 inch—in green, ciel, old rose, black, cream, etc.—Tuesday at, per yard $1.50

Satin Foulards at $1.00—A round-up of many exceptional values at $1.00, together with the others that have been $1.25. Satin finished or imperial twill foulards—in handsome exclusive designs on grounds of blue, rose, lilac, ciel, green, tan, etc.—24 and 25 inches wide—Tuesday $1.00

Specials for Tuesday.

Iron frame all silk Grenadines—in black only—44 inches wide—regular $2.00 quality—tomorrow $1.25
Extra quality Black Taffeta—27 inches wide—fine "glove" finish—splendid for waists and skirts—our price $1.00
23-inch Black Taffetas, worth $1.00—high luster finish; very soft and serviceable—at 79c

The Suit Selling Grows—swifter, surer, more pronounced daily. The sterling merit of these tailor-made gowns makes a favorable impression on those who come to "look." Our reasonable prices win them when they come to buy. All we ask is that you come and see us—we wont urge you to buy, but trust to your judgment and the worthiness of our goods. Tomorrow we will have an interesting and profitable lot of suits at these prices—

Eton Suits, Bolero Suits $15
Postilion Suits, Vest Front Suits $19
Blouse Suits, Collarless Jacket Suit $22.50
Silk-lined Suits, Tight-fitting Suits $25

Two New Skirts Especially Good.

The first is made of excellent heavy black cheviot without lining, sponged and shrunk so as to hold its shape—is cut with flare and has three one-inch bands of stitched taffeta on flounce—a perfectly shaped spring skirt—our price is but $5.75

The second is of fine black Melton skirting, is unlined and is cut with flaring flounce, and have five bands of stitched taffeta from foot to knee—a skirt that is man-tailored and will keep its shape $8.50

New Silk Waists at $5

You'll wonder how $7.50 worth of excellence in silk and make can be given you for $5—black or colored Taffeta waists—front has two broad and two narrow clusters of vertical tucks, back and sleeves three narrower clusters, rows of pretty wide white hemstitching run between them—has Bishop sleeve with narrow cuffs—they're brand new—all sizes $5.00

Tailor-made Albatross Waists at $2.50

Of excellent Albatross, with three stitched plaits running four inches down from each shoulder—all colors—Bishop sleeve—have been selling at $3.75 and $3.00 $2.50

AMUSEMENTS.

HERRMANN, THE MAGICIAN.

Herrmann the famous magician, was greeted by a fair sized audience at the Lyceum on Saturday night. The performance was a good one and the tricks performed were indeed marvelous, but there were many who do not believe that the work of the famous Herrmann is as good as that demonstrated by Kellar, when he was last in Duluth. Two vanishing woman tricks were used of which one, the last, in which the magician set fire and burned a tissue paper covered receptacle supposed to contain a woman he had previously placed in it, was decidedly the best. The sleight of hand exhibition under the effect of calcium light was another feature of the evening. The music furnished by the company with Herrmann, was excellent and proved a very pleasant diversion. The company is comprised of five musicians and each has remarkable ability in performing on different instruments.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Tonight Al. G. Field's Greater minstrels will be seen at the Lyceum. They are giving a performance that is pronounced by the press all through the West from where they are coming to be the equal of any in the country today and better than nearly all. The first part is brilliantly set with 150 electric lights and the effect of this superb arrangement with the handsome costumes of the men is quite dazzling. hTe entire company is said to be excellent throughout and there are many novelties.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

This evening North Bros', comedians will appear in that great rural play "Old Farmer Allen," at the Sixth Avenue theater. This piece is one of the most comical of their repertoire, and in it Mr. Chapin appears at his best, ably assisted by the entire company of talented artists, producing an extraordinary strong and interesting play, insuring the patrons an evening brim full of perfect enjoyment. The specialties between acts will be new and novel and the artists who have amused and pleased the people immensely for the last two weeks will renew their efforts for the coming engagement.

HE OBJECTS.

W. T. Bailey Charges Fraud In a Foreclosure Proceeding.

In an affidavit filed in district court Saturday afternoon W. T. Bailey made some rather sensational charges against A. N. McGindley, charging that the latter procured the foreclosure of a mortgage on some of his property by fraud and misrepresentation. Mr. Bailey has made a motion to set aside the foreclosure of a mortgage on 240 acres belonging to him on that ground. The foreclosure was procured in the suit of Flora D. Smith against Mr. Bailey and others. In his affidavit Mr. Bailey says that in January Judge McGindley tried to get him to go through bankruptcy, representing that he had considerable experience in that line and that he could act as his attorney. When Mr. Bailey refused Judge McGindley handed him a summons in the case, saying that he need make no appearance in the case, as the foreclosure was sought only on lands in which Michael Fink was interested, and that Bailey's interests would not be affected.

Mr. Bailey says in his affidavit that on April 19 he learned that Judge McGindley had misrepresented the facts, and had secured judgment against Bailey's lands as well as Fink's. Although the mortgage as recorded attempted to give a lien on the lands belonging to Mr. Bailey it is claimed that Fink, who gave the mortgage, did not own them, and had only a half interest in certain lands in section 27-65-21. Mr. Bailey's lands are in sections 25, 26 and 35 of the same township.

Mr. Bailey alleges that this mistake was made by Judge McGindley knowingly and with intent to defraud him. He says that but for Judge McGindley's statement that the suit did not affect him he would have appeared and shown his absolute ownership in the property.

Judge A. N. McKindley, with reference to the above action on the part of Mr. Bailey, said today to The Herald that Mr. Bailey's allegations are absolutely false as to every matter except that the summons was served upon him. Mr. McKindley exhibits a certified copy of the summons in which W. T. Bailey is the first defendant name and which he says contains the description of all of the property which Mr. Bailey now claims was not included.

Loses a Hand.

Joseph A. Miller, a well known railroad man met with a painful accident Saturday evening while shifting a string of box cars down under the Lake avenue viaduct. He was knocked off the top of a car and fell in such a manner that his right hand went under the rails and was crushed so badly that he had to have it amputated. Mr. Miller is a married man living at 2016 West Second street.

Hagen Returns.

Andrew Peterson Hagen, the timber cruiser, who was reported missing on Saturday, returned home on Saturday evening much surprised that his absence had caused his friends so much anxiety.

Goes to Willmar.

David H. Williams, who was for many years with the St. Paul & Duluth railroad in this city, and after the consolidation with the Northern Pacific went to Brainerd as general yardmaster of the Northern Pacific, has resigned and goes with the Great Northern road as general agent at Willmar, Minn. Mr. Williams' family is still here and will remove when he has established himself there.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Woods Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE HEAD CHOSEN

Dr. E. W. Bohannon of Mankato President of Normal.

Selection Made Saturday at Meeting of the Board.

A Young Man Who Has Taken Many Degrees.

The state normal board Saturday afternoon, at its meeting in St. Paul, selected a president for the Duluth normal school, and Dr. E. W. Bohannon, of Mankato, is the man. He is now connected with the Mankato normal school. There were about twenty candidates, the names of which were not divulged by the members of the board. The number of ballots taken was also kept a secret.

Dr. Bohannon is 35 years of age. He graduated from the Indiana state normal school in the class of 1887. He received the A. B. degree from the university of Indiana in 1890, and the A. M. degree in 1892. He spent three years, 1895-1898, at the Clark university at Worcester, Mass, in study for the degree of doctor of philosophy. He has served three years in the normal school at Mankato as superintendent of the training department. He had the best of recommendations from men of rank in the educational circles throughout the United States.

At the meeting Professor Phelps made a report on Duluth normal school matters. He read a report in which he said that the board carried $40,000 insurance on the building, which can be available for constructive purposes May 20. Of the original appropriation voted for the erection of the school there still remains unexpended $20,780, which is in the treasury. Both sums will be used to complete the new building.

As regards the additional appropriation made by the last legislature, Professor Phelps said the following sums would be available Aug. 1: For furniture, $2000; black boards, $600; laboratories, $750; lightning fixtures, electric and gas, $1000; special water plumbing, $1000, and 10,000 fur current expenses.

The appointment of committees which have the power to secure plans, specifications and bids for repairs at the various state normal schools was made, and those for the Duluth school are as follows: Messrs. W. F. Phelps, of Duluth, chairman; J. C. Nordby, of Ada, and A. T. Aukeny, of Minneapolis.

The board also decided to place itself under the state board of control.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist

For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by new remedies with never failing success

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE - AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles. Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all diseases peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 12th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of James O'Laughlin, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Amelia O'Laughlin, temporarily a resident of the county of Douglas, Wisconsin, representing among other things, that James O'Laughlin, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1901, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court on the seventh day of May, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 12th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Apr-15-22-29-1901.

WHEAT IS STRONG

Market Has Liberal Advance, Closing at Top Price.

Higher Cables and Expected Liberal Decrease In Visible.

Liverpool Advance Due to Unfavorable Weather In Germany.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 22.—The wheat market started out firm and fairly active this morning and ruled strong and advancin. There were several factors contributing to the firm tone manifested and causing shorts to cover their lines. The cables were higher, Liverpool closing firm with an advance of 1/8@1/4d, this rise in price being ascribed to unfavorable weather in Germany affecting the crops in that country. There was also a heavy decline in the quantity of wheat afloat and it was anticipated that the visible supply statement would show a liberal decrease. New York reported 53 loads of wheat taken for export. Primary receipts of wheat were 521,000 bus, last year 393,000 bus. Shipments 482,700 bus, last year 615,000. The visible supply decreased 2,005,000 bus. The world's wheat shipments for last week were 9,034,000 bus, last year 8,400,000 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 224 cars, against 354 last week and 324 last year. Chicago receipts, 66 cars, none of contract grade.

There was fairly active trading in futures on the Duluth board. May wheat opened 3/4c up at 72¾c, sold up to 73¼c at 10, reacted to 73c at 10:30, advanced to 73⅝-¾c at 11:30, reacted to 73⅝c at 12:20, bulged to 73¾c at 12:40, and closed on sales at 73⅝c, an advance for the day of 1¼c. Chicago advanced 1½c and Minneapolis 1¼c.

Cash sales were 20,000 bus at May price for wheat to arrive, and ¾c under for wheat in store. At the close wheat in store advanced to ¾c under.

Corn was very active today in Chicago. May scored an advance of more than 2c and was actively forced by the Pailliots following. New York reported 15 loads taken for export. Primary receipts were 348,800 bus, last year 455,398 bus. Shipments 521,295 bus, last year 2,132,976 bus. The visible supply decreased 691,000 bus last week. Corn in Duluth advanced ¼c and rye ¾c. May, cash, to arrive and October flax were off 1c and September was ¾c off.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard cash, 75½c; to arrive, 75⅝c; May, 75c; September, 74¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 73¾c; to arrive, 73⅝c; May, 73¾c; September, 72½c; July, 74⅝c. No. 2 northern, 67¾-71¾c. No. 3 spring, 62¾@67¾c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 50¾c. Flax, cash, $1.59½; to arrive, $1.59½; May, $1.61; September, $1.24½; September, Northwestern, $1.26¾; October, $1.21. Corn, 42c; May, 42¼c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 18; corn, 5; oats, 6; rye, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 36,221; corn, 895; oats, 6500; flax, 906. Shipments—Wheat, 40,926; corn, 1000; oats, 5830; flax, 682.

George Rupley
Representing
WEARE COMMISSION CO.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MPLS
A Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
8 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., 100 Torrey Bldg.

F. A. ROGERS & CO.
Incorporated.
Bankers, Brokers and Dealers in— STOCKS, GRAIN, COTTON, PROVISIONS
For Investment or Margin.
36 Wall Street, New York.
Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn. Rooms 107 and 108. Telephone 1170.
NEIL McLACHLAN, Manager.
DIRECT SPECIAL WESTERN UNION WIRE, giving Instantaneous and Continuous New York Quotations.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	125	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	96
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	...
Bank of Commerce	100	85	...
Parry Sound Copper	1	.35	
Calumet-Ariz., copper	10	...	...
L. S. Con. Iron Mines		...	182
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	4.50	...
Pen. Iron & Steel	100	...	60
Gt. Western Iron	100	...	10
Gt. Northern Iron	100	...	10
Zenith Oil Co.	1	new	
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	60
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	
Am. Shipbuilding Co	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co. com.	100	...	20
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Land Scrip. Pine Lands.
Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
H. W. COFFIN,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

fortnight, the May corn option on the board of trade, believed to be controlled by George Phillips, came into prominence again today, by rising over 2c per bus. May opened 1/@1¼c higher at 44⅝c to 45⅜c, rose to 46¼c and closed at 45¾c. Phillips' announcement that he will take over 3,000,000 bus of corn in store here on delivery day and the fact that he is stopping corn East on a liberal scale, together with receipts today of only 86 cars, of which 8 were contract grade, combined to frighten shorts badly and their efforts to cover outstanding contracts ceased only when the closing bell sounded. The close was 2c net higher than Saturday and 1¼c above the previous high record of the option.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 22.—Close: Wheat, May, 79¼c; July, 78½c. Corn, May, 51c; July, 49½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 22.—Close: Wheat, cash, 73c; May, 72c; July, 73⅝@74c; on track, No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 northern, 73c; No. 2 northern, 70@71c.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, April 20, 1901:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	227,333
No. 1 northern	1,606,338
No. 2 northern	1,809,206
No. 3 spring	124,226
No grade	142,547
Rejected	42,054
Special bin	2,461,859
Winter	67,591
Western	529,156
Total	10,107,387
Increase	205,897
Stocks last year	19,047,680
Corn	5,189,952
Oats	1,325,950
Rye	410,421
Barley	74,203
Flax	346,520

SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 7 cars	$ 0.73¼
No. 1 northern, 1 car	73¼
No. 1 northern, 1 car	73⅝
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	69⅞
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	69¾
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	71¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71
Flax, 1000 bus September	1.24⅜
Flax, 1000 bus September	1.24½

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat and Corn Were Active and Strong.

Chicago, April 22.—Higher cables, a heavy falling off in the quantity of wheat afloat and an expected liberal decrease in the visible supply created an active and strong wheat mraket during the fore part of today's session. May wheat opened ½@¾c higher at 71½@71¾c and before the end of the first hour touched 72c under heavy covering of shorts. Local receipts were 66 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported a total of 324 cars against 354 last week and 324 a year ago. The Liverpool advance was reported to be due to unfavorable weather in Germany.

The visible decrease of 2,005,000 bus gave the market renewed strength, as did the notable strength developed by corn. May advanced to 72¾c and closed strong, 1½c higher at 72½c.

May corn acting in sympathy with wheat and helped also by the receipts, 86 cars, 8 of contract grade, and by higher cables, opened ⅛@¼c higher at 44¾@45c and under buying by bulls and covering by alarmed shorts rose sharply to 45¾c during the first hour. July sold at 1¼c discount.

Under heavy covering by shorts May corn later rallied to 46½c. Profit taking caused a reaction to 46c, but the close was strong, May 2c higher at 46⅜c.

Oats were quet but firm in sympathy with the other grain markets. May opened a shade to ¼c higher at 25⅝c and 25⅝@¾c and held steady at these figures for some time. Receipts were 203 cars.

Provisions were dull and steady in sympathey with the grain strength, although hog prices were lower. July pork opened a shade lower at $14.55; July lard unchanged at $8.02½, and July ribs unchanged at $7.85.

Close: Wheat, April, 72¼c; May, 72½c; July, 73⅞c. Corn, April, 45¾c; May, 46⅜c; July, 44⅝c. Oats, April, 25⅞@26c; May, 25⅞@26c; July, 25½c. Pork, April, $14.45½; May, $14.42½; July, $14.57½. Lard, April, $8.25; May, $8.15; July, $8.02½. Ribs, April, $8.17½@8.20; May, $8.17½@8.20; July, $7.52½; September, $7.85@7.87½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.59; No. 1, $1.59; May, $1.59; September, $1.23; October, $1.19. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 72½@74c; No. 3 red, 71@72c; No. 2 hard winter, 72½@73c; No. 3 hard winter, 71¾@72c; No. 1 northern spring, 72¼@74½c; No. 2 northern spring, 72½@74½c; No. 3 spring, 69@73c. Corn, No. 2, 46c; No. 3 45½c. Oats, No. 2, 26¾@27c; No. 3, 26½@26¾c. Rye, April, 50½c; May, 50⅔c; July, 50⅔c. Barley, cash, 58@67c. Timothy, September, $3.15. Clover, April, $11.00.

THE RISE IN CORN.

Chicago, April 22.—After a rest of a trifle. The ground is wet and cold and seeding will not go forward until we have several warm, dry days.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 22.—The European news and markets have set the example to American wheat traders, resulting in a very substantial gain in values. Liverpool cables came ⅜@½d higher on futures. Crop damage in Germany has been the explanation. There has been a very good cash demand notwithstanding the advance, 47 loads at New York and 100,000 bus here. The visible figures were also bullish, showing a decrease of 2,005,000 bus. On passage, wheat decreased 1,640,000 bus. Clearances for two days were 1,051,000 bus. Commission house trade has been liberal. Covering by shorts has been the feature. The only liberal bearish factor at all in evidence was liberal Northwestern and primary receipts. Wheat has evidently been oversold and the short side too much cultivated. Cash demand coming and creating noticeable hole in our supplies and large talk of decreasing stocks have temporarily overshadowed prospects for the future large supplies from this year's crop. In the ovent of anything happening to that crop it will be readily seen what an additional bull incentive will arise. Our advices therefore is keep close to the shorts on the short side and buy only on breaks.

The corn market has been somewhat spectacular with the best prices on the crop scored, 46¼c for May. Phillips started the ball rolling and scared in shorts. The visible decreased 691,000 bus, local stocks decreased 890,000 bus. Cash demand reported is slow. It is evidently the fear of a manipulative deal in the May option that has scared short sellers and inspired long buying on that future. Rumors that Mr. Phillips intends taking in his holdings of cash corn has led many to believe that there will be difficulty in delivering the goods. In our judgment May corn is now a good thing to leave alone. If any deal he on or even rumored. The dangers of both bull and bear in such an event are numerous and the outcome a very doubtful quantity. July and September corn are the safest proposition and better proerty.

Oats have been strong; 203 cars with 335 estimated for Tuesday. Local stocks decreased 972,000 bus; clearances, 25,000. Cash demand slow.

The provision market has been very slow, prices barely steady. There is a better demand reported for lard and liberal cash sales of that product. Hogs were 5c lower. Hogs West 64,000, against 59,000 last year. Speculative trade unimportant and market heavy on that account.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 71⅝c to 71⅝-¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 72⅝c to 72¾-73c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 72c to 72¼c bid.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a particular brisk demand on good, young, large mules at prices ranging from $135 to $165 a head. The large supply on hand proved satisfactory to the buyers. Trade on farm horses, delivery and carriage horses was steady and active at firm to stronger prices. Values:

Drafters, extra	$135@165
Drafters, choice	125@135
Farm horses, extra	120@135
Farm horses, choice	110@120
Farm horses, common to good	75@100
Inferior farm horses	40@ 65
Mules, extra	150@165
Mules, choice	125@135
Mules, common to good	90@115

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 22.—Cattle, receipts, 27,000. Steady to weak. Good to prime steers, $4.90@5.40; poor to medium, $3.90@4.85; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.85; cows and heifers, $2.80@4.85; canners, $2.15@2.75; calves, $4.00@5.00; Texas steers, $3.50@5.35. Hogs, receipts today, 27,000; tomorrow, 22,000; left over, 3150. Easier. Mixed and butchers, $5.70@6.00; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.00; rough heavy, $5.70@5.80; light, $5.60@5.80; bulk of sales, $5.85@5.95. Sheep, receipts, 29,000. Steady to easier. Sheep, $4.40@4.95; lambs, $4.60@5.30. Receipts Saturday—Cattle, 158; hogs, 12,783; sheep, 3132. Shipments—Cattle, 216; hogs, 1356; sheep, 852.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 22.—Cotton opened quiet and firm, 4 points higher to 3 points lower, the latter being in near months, and due to weakness in the same options abroad. A bad scare of pit shorts developed immediately after the call and buying for this account in connection with brisk demand from the commission house and foreign representation, caused prices to advance rapidly. May jumped to 8.21, July to 8.23 and October to 8.41. A sharp reaction followed under profit-taking and selling for a turn. May fell to 8.15; July to 8.18, and October to 8.36.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16 higher; middling uplands, 8 7-16; middling gulf 8 11-16. Sales, 1100 bales. Cotton futures, closed steady: April, 8.18; May, 8.19; June, 8.20; July, 8.24; August, 7.83; September, 7.45; October, 7.38; November, 7.30; December, 7.29; January, 7.29.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 22.—Butter, firm. Creamery, 15@19½c; dairy, 14@15c. Cheese, steady. Twins, 9@10c; young Americas, 11@11¼c; cheddars, 10@12c; daisies, 11c. Eggs, steady. Loss off, cases returned, 12c.

APPOINTMENTS.

President Fills a Few More Positions.

Washington, April 22.—The president today made the following appointments:

Interior—Edward B. Moore, of Michigan, to be assistant commissioner of patents.

Navy—Charles O'Neil, to be chief of the bureau of ordnance with rank of rear admiral; Luther S. Van Wedekend, to be a surgeon with rank of lieutenant.

State—John Barrett, of Oregon, to be delegate on the part of the United States to the international conference of American states, to be held at the City of Mexico.

DIGGING OUT.

Youngstown Emerging From the Snow Blockade.

Youngstown, Ohio, April 22.—Electric lines are again in operation throughout the city and up and down the Mahoning valley. Steam lines have large gangs of men at work digging out the heavy snow drifts, and expect by tomorrow to resume traffic under normal conditions. The river is rising very slowly today, and unless there is a big volume of water from the headwaters of the Mahoning, there will be no flood.

TAX DENOUNCED.

Coal Men Threaten In Great Britain.

London, April 22.—At largely-attended meetings of colliery owners, miners and shippers respectively in the various coal centers today, the export tax on coal was vigorously denounced, and threats were made to co-operate and suspend the coal trade of the United Kingdom, unless the impost was withdrawn. At the same time, the shipping of coal is being resumed on the strength of the promise of the chancellor of the exchequer to consider the exemption of contracts made prior to the presentation of the budget.

CASE RESUMED.

New York, April 22.—The consideration of the case of Albert T. Patrick, accused of the murder of William Marsh Rice was resumed today by the grand jury.

MAKES A DONATION.

Berlin, April 22.—The empress has made a donation of 2000 marks to the Jewish invalid fund of Berlin.

RELAPSES IN PRICES

Of Many Stocks on the New York Exchange.

Market Opened Excited and Higher But Slump Occurred.

Closing Was Active and Weak With Prices Breaking.

New York, April 22.—The market opened excited and higher for railroad stocks, on buying of very heavy blocks running from 1000 to 15,000 shares, the latter for Union Pacific and at wide openings. There were gains of 1 to 1½ in Union Pacific, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Metropolitan, New York Central, Northwestern, Pennsylvania and Brooklyn Transit, Southern Pacific was lifted 2¼. Amalgamated Copper sold at 121½ down to 120 on the sale of 4000 shares, compared with 126 on Saturday.

There was a marked absence of the eager demand for stocks, which characterized the final days of last week. Instead paper profits were converted into cash as speedily as possible and the volume of these sales encouraged bear operators to go short of the active stocks. Rock Island and Erie second preferred fell 2 points and a dozen or more leading stocks over a point. Amalgamated Copper met a demand for both accounts at 119 and climbed rapidly to 124¾. Exceptions to the tendency included only a few minor stocks which have been recently prominent. At 11 o'clock there was a large demand for the grangers, resulting in Rock Island regaining its loss and Burlington selling 1½ above Saturday's close. Other stocks did not sympathize and were feverish and reactionary.

The gains in the stocks which were strong at the opening were wiped out and other stocks were materially below Saturday's level before strong support in the grangers and coalers checked the selling. St. Paul rallied 2⅝, Rock Island 3½ and coalers from 2 to 3 points. St. Louis & San Francisco rose 2 points, Illinois Central 2⅜, Colorado Fuel 3 and the local tractions about 2 points each. Missouri Pacific and Pennsylvania recovered to the top, and Southern Pacific ruled above 50. The market hardened in sympathy. The United States Steel stocks ruled a point or more below Saturday's level on very large dealings. The market was feverish and unsettled at noon. The bond market was very active in spots and irregular.

Pacific Mail was marked up 6¼ as a supplement to the Southern Pacific movement, and Texas & Pacific moved up an extreme 2⅝. The higaly manipulative character of these movements were perceived by the bears and they offered prices down to take the market away from the bulls, who were seeking to realize. Some violent relapses in prices were the result. St. Paul dropped back 7 to 1 from Saturday, and Union Pacific fell 4¼ below the high level. Northwest lost 5 points. The selling pressure became urgent all through the list and the bulls unloaded stocks in a precipitate manner. The reaction ran from 1 to 3 points in the principal active stocks, carrying the average level of the market well below Saturday's close. Taking of quick profits by the bears caused a few sharp rallies, but the closing generally was active and weak with prices breaking in various parts of the list.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	148¼	150½	148¼	148¾
Tobacco	128¾	128⅝	[illegible]	127⅞
Atchison com	70	70	68½	68⅝
Atchison pfd	97¼	97½	96	96¼
Brooklyn Transit	87	88¾	86½	86¾
C. M. & St. P.	170	175	166¼	168¾
C. B. & Q.	193½	194⅞	193¼	194
Erie	38½	39¼	38	38¼
U. S. Steel com	46¾	46¾	45⅝	46
U. S. Steel pfd	94⅛	94⅛	93⅛	93½
B. & O.	98½	98½	94	94
L. & N.	106⅜	106⅜	104⅞	104⅞
Manhattan	129⅜	131⅜	128⅜	128⅝
Missouri Pacific	109	110	107¾	108
N. P. common	102⅜	102⅜	101	101¼
N. P. preferred	98⅝	98½	97¾	97⅝
Peonle's Gas	115¾	116⅜	115	115
Rock Island	155⅝	157½	153½	155
Southern Pacific	49½	53⅜	49½	51⅜
T. C. I.	68	68½	67	67¼
Leather common	14½	14⅝	14	14⅛
Union Pacific pfd.	83½	88⅜	87¼	87¼
Union Pacific com.	101¼	102⅜	98⅞	99
Western Union	94	94	93½	93½
Southern Ry. com.	30⅝	30⅝	29¾	29⅞
Southern Ry. pfd.	84¼	84¼	83	83¼
Pennsylvania	161	161½	159½	160½
Illinois Central	142½	142⅝	141⅜	142½

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 22.—Money on call at 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¼@4½ for demand, and $4.85@¼ for 60 days. Posted rates, $4.85½@4.86 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84½@¾. Silver certificates nominally at 60c. Bar silver, 60¾c. Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds easier; refunding 2s, registered and coupon, 106¼; 4s registered, 110⅝; coupon, 111¼; new 4s registered, 138½; coupon, 139½; old 4s, registered and coupon, 113⅜; 5s registered, 110½; coupon, 111¼.

SAY NOTHING.

Delegates Refuse to State Outcome of Engineers' Strike.

Cleveland, April 22.—After a brief session today, the conference of striking marine engineers ended and many of the delegates left for their homes. President Uhler refused to say what action, if any, had been decided upon. "I am not at liberty to say a word just now," he said.

Other persons who attended the conference were equally reticent.

LOTS OF POISON

Was Contained In Delicacies Sent Prisoner.

Denver, April 22.—Chemical tests show that pie, oranges, sugar and other delicacies sent last Saturday to Joseph A. Haennelt, a prisoner in the county jail, contained enough cyanide of potasium to kill all the prisoners in the jail. Haennelt is the principal witness against a man and a woman, who are charged with having robbed Mrs. Flora Botts, of $7000 worth of diamonds.

LOOK TO ITO.

Yokohama, April 22.—The Marquis Ito is expected to settle the cabinet crisis today, and it is anticipated that Viscount Watanmba, the minister of finance, will retain his portfolio.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 22.—Clearings, $22,808,010; balances, $2,133,003. Posted exchange, $4.85½@$4.86. New York exchange, 10c premium.

ANXIOUS

(Continued From Page 1.)

Frankfort, Ky., April 22.—The Kentucky river is rising at this point two and a half inches an hour. Heavy rain which began Sunday morning is still falling. The danger point has not yet been reached.

Rochester, N. Y., April 22.—During the past twenty-four hours, the Genesee river has risen three feet and is rising at the rate of an inch an hour. A number of cellars on Front street are flooded. Advices from up the valley say the levands are again submerged and that several streams have run over their banks. The loss to farmers who have been plowing will be considerable.

Pittsburg, April 22.—While Western Pennsylvania was fairly out of the clutches of the flood this morning, fears of a quick repetition of the disaster and perhaps on an increased scale seemed to haunt the people. Weather conditions are not reassuring. It is again raining in Pittsburg and advices from the headwaters of the Allegheny this morning showed a renewed rise with a continued downpour. Warmer temperature acting on the snow was a factor that also caused some apprehension. The waters at this point have been steadily receding since yesterday afternoon, but the retreat has been very slow indeed. At 9 o'clock this morning, the Allegheny mark showed twenty-one feet and falling about three inches an hour. Brooms and scrubbing brushes were manipulated vigorously in Allegheny and Pittsburg today and the post flood cleaning was carried on in earnest. It is impossible to fairly approximate the loss resulting from the high waters. Estimates vary from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000, but the first figures will probably come nearer the correct amount. A sketch of the situation would place in the foreground 25,000 idle employes, who in two days of enforced idleness will lose $200,000 in wages. Damage to plants along Pennsylvania avenue and to the vast Westinghouse manufactory in Wilmerding, with the shut down of other big establishments at Rankin and boroughs in the Turtle Creek valley easily mounts up to $500,000 more. The aggregate loss to railroads is estimated at $100,000.

Property in Allegheny has suffered to an equal extent. Marshaling with these manifold items of damage to other adjacent communities the total of $1,000,000 can be easily reached. The mills and factories along the river fronts will not be able to resume before tomorrow. The railroads are rapidly getting into shape again, and by evening it is expected that all trains will be running on schedule time. The source of the greatest trouble is at Connellsville, a short distance from the West Virginia line.

At 11 a. m. it had ceased raining here, but was still cloudy and threatening. The Alleghany marks registered 20 feet 9 inches and the Mononghela 22 feet. Both rivers were falling at the rate of about 2 inches an hour. The Allegheny rose about 2½ feet at Oil City since last night but as this water will not reach Pittsburg until sometime tomorrow, river men have little apprehension of another flood.

Amsterdam, N. Y., April 22.—Mohawk river has risen ten feet since Saturday night, and is still rising, already being higher than in many years. An abatement of the West Shore bridge, at Pattersonville, gave way early today and necessitates trains from that road being run over the New York Central. Streams from the north are greatly swollen. Some of the mills along the Chuckanunda creek have been shut down owing to the flood.

Elmira, N. Y., April 22.—Rain ceased falling here last night and Chemung river is rapidly receding. Railroad trains are running more regularly. The damage done here was confined mainly to goods in the cellars of the stores. The river reached last night a height of 12½ feet above low water mark. Considerable damage from the floods is reported from the Tioga and Cowanesque valleys, in Tioga county, Pa. Barns, tobacco sheds and other outbuildings were washed away, and farm lands were inundated.

TRAINS ON TIME.

Conditions Are Slowly Improving at Cleveland.

Cleveland, April 22.—For the first time in more than forty-eight hours trains began arriving in Cleveland today on schedule time from the East. Between this city and Buffalo, where the storm wrought such havoc to telegraph and telephone lines, a limited number of wires have been restored and placed in service. Between Cleveland and Pittsburg all direct telegraph lines are still down. The suburban and city electric railways were operated today with practically no delay to traffic.

FRENCH LOAN.

Russo-Chinese Bank Will Supply the Funds.

Yokohama, April 22.—A dispatch from Seoul, Corea, confirms the report that the negotiations for a French loan of 5,000,000 yen, for the purpose of constructing the northern railroad, from Seoul to Wiju, have been concluded. The interest is 5½ per cent and it is asserted that the customs have been hypothecated to the French syndicate and that the Russo-Chinese bank will supply the funds.

INCENDIARY.

Fire Destroys Paper Mill at Sparta, Wis.

Milwaukee, April 22.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Sparta, Wis., says fire totally destroyed the paper mills of O. R. Newton & Sons, entailing a loss of $75,000, partly covered by insurance. The firm will rebuild at once. The fire is said to be of incendiary origin.

ENGLAND'S TRADE.

London, April 22.—The annual statement of the trade of the United Kingdom shows the total imports and exports for 1900, to have been $77,448,917 pounds against 814,570,241 pounds for 1899. The imports were 523,075,163 against 485,035,583 pounds. The exports for 1900 were 354,373,754 against 329,534,658 pounds for the preceding year.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?
This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try
Jell-O,
a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

Stomachs That Won't Work
That Retain the Food and Refuse to Digest It, Make the Head Heavy and the Nerves Weak, Need Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.
There is a cure for dyspepsia. Sufferers who have tried noxious nostrums will probably be skeptical, but skepticism vanishes when Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are tried. Whether the trouble is dyspepsia of long standing, or merely a simple case of digestion, relief is prompt and pronounced. The less the trouble the fewer tablets need be taken.
Heaviness after eating, sour stomach, as indicated by belching, fatigue with slight exertion, or with no exertion at all, disturbed sleep, nervousness, constipation, depression, "blues," these things can commonly be set down as symptoms of dyspepsia. And dyspepsia is merely indigestion in an aggravated form.
By promoting perfect digestion, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets produces strong nerves, restful, refreshing sleep, pure blood and good, sound, healthy flesh. They make the skin clear, the eyes bright, the mind cheerful.
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a medicine and more than a medicine. They digest the food and make it easy of assimilation, and they relieve the inflamed, diseased condition of the membraneous linings and the glands of the stomach and bowels. They help the digestive organs over the hard places, and put them into a healthy, active condition. They effect a quick and permanent cure. You don't have to continue taking them forever, still it is well to have a box handy and take one at the first return of the trouble.
Perfectly well people are made sick by eating too much, or unwholesome food, but not if they take a tablet after eating. Treatment with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets does not necessitate dieting or any change of habits. They digest the proper food and act upon the other kind in such a way as to make it pass off quickly and harmlessly. You may eat and drink what you like, when you like, and as much as you like if you take a tablet afterwards.
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists at 50 cents for full-size package.
Send to F. A. Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., for little book on stomach diseases, mailed free.

NOTHING IN IT.

Report of Blizzard at Nome Is Discredited.

Vancouver, B. C., April 22.—The reported blizzard at Nome, in which 200 miners are alleged to have perished, is discredited by arrivals here from Dawson yesterday, on the steamer Victorian. The Skagway papers further investigated the report, after receiving the first announcement, and telegrams were received at Skagway, from Dawson, stating that Reed, who brought the story from Nome to Dawson, had probably been imposed upon. No confirmation of the story has been received either at Dawson or at Skagway.

STEAMER ON ROCKS.

Comox Ran Aground Near Red Rocks Arm.

Vancouver, B. C., April 22.—The steamer Comox, one of the best known vessels on the northern coast, is lying on the rocks off Red Roks arm, eighty miles from Vancouver. She ran aground while trying to make a wharf, the chief officer being misled as to its position by a light on the shore. She is not in a dangerous position now and her plates seem yet to be intact, but as she went on at low water it is doubtful if she can be floated off. The Comox is worth between $50,000 and $60,000 and is fully insured.

You can't cure dyspepsia by dieting. Eat good, wholesome food, and plenty of it.—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to cure. Max Wirth.

REST AS YOU RIDE
The **Morrow Coaster Brake**
Guarantees you *Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.* Pits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.
You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.
100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all cycle dealers. *Booklet Free.*
Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24th AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink *ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.* Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF
J. P. MORGAN & CO.
23 Wall street, New York, April 18, 1901.
To the Stockholders of
American Bridge Company,
Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines:

Referring to our circular dated April 3, 1901, we announce that the holders of over 91 per cent of the preferred stock and 98 per cent of the common stock of the American Bridge Company, and the holders of over 99 per cent of the stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines (including Mr. John D. Rockefeller), have accepted the offer made by us in said circular, and that therefore the plan therein proposed has become operative.

In view of the fact that there are stockholders of each company who desire to participate in the plan, but who have been unable to deposit the certificates for their stock within the time limited in our circular, we have extended the time for the deposit of the stock of said two companies, under the terms and conditions of said circular of April 2, 1901, UNTIL AND INCLUDING THE 27TH DAY OF APRIL, 1901; after which date no deposits of stock will be received except in our discretion and on such terms as we may prescribe.

The common stock of either company offered for deposit after the date of closing of the transfer books of such company for the payment of any dividends upon the common stock, must be accompanied by an order for such dividend.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.,
Syndicate Managers.

THE
American Exchange BANK,
DULUTH, MINN.
Capital Stock - $500,000
Surplus Fund - - $75,000
HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President;
MELVIN J. FORBES, Vice-President;
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier;
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cashier;
I. S. MOORE, Second Asst. Cashier.

We issue certificates to depositors, allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Charles E. Hasey was plaintiff, and A. R. Merritt and Cassius C. Merritt, co-partners, under the firm name of A. R. Merritt & C. C. Merritt, and Cordelia C. Merritt, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of ten hundred seventy-five and 38-100 ($1075.38) dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 17th day of January, 1891, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

South half of northwest quarter (s½ of nw¼), and west half of northeast quarter (w½ of ne¼), section eleven (11), township fifty-eight (58) north, range eighteen (18), west Fourth Principal Meridian, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 20th, 1901.
WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By VICTOR A. DASH,
Deputy.

PHELPS & McMANNUS,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 22-29-May-6-13-20-27-1901.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 20th day of April, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Cash Winters was plaintiff, and E. T. Merritt, A. R. Merritt and A. R. & C. C. Merritt, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of five hundred fourteen and 11-100 ($514.11) dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said County of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor E. R. Merritt had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 10th day of July, 1893, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

North half of southeast quarter (n½ of se

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

Over-Work. Hundreds of Lawyers, Preachers, Actors and other overworked Professional and Business Men who thought they had kidney trouble have told us they had never been able to find anything to equal **Lincoln Sexual Pills** for the cure of that pain in the back, and the all-gone feeling that so often precedes paresis.

Price $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO.,
Fort Wayne, Ind

For Sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

OFTEN CLOSE.

Aguinaldo Tells of His Plans During the War.

London, April 22.—A dispatch from Manilla quotes Aguinaldo as saying:

"During the war with the Americans I was often very close to them, I expected to make my greatest stand at Calumpit. When I abandoned Tarlac, I commanded 1500 riflemen. I anticipated Gen. Wheaton's landing at San Fabian. I planned to retreat to Nueva Viscaya, but was frustrated by Gen. Lawton. I slipped through the cordon with twenty-five men only four hours before the landing party came ashore.

"I should like to visit the United States, but I am at the disposition of the authorities. I am undecided as to my future plans. I believe the federals will be strong agents in the pacification of the archipelago."

SUGAR DUTY.

The New Tax Warmly Welcomed By Nearly Every Englishman.

New York, April 22.—The chancellor of the exchequer's new duty on sugar has been welcomed by nearly every Englishman, in this respect differing much from the tax on exported coal, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. Not many years ago, the refining of raw sugar was one of the greatest trades in this country, but it has fallen off to a great extent in the last two decades. In 1884 out of the total consumption in the United Kingdom of 1,050,000 tons of refined sugar, British refineries supplied 80 per cent, while today, out of a total consumption of 1,590,000 tons they only supply 40 per cent. Refiners are ardently hoping that the new duty will stimulate them to industry, but bounty sugar has taken the place of unrefined sugar to such an extent in British imports that the new uty may only succeed in reducing the consumption without leading to a revival in the home industry.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like piles."—E. C. Bolce, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's. Max Wirth.

YUKON FLOOD.

A Bad One Expected With the Melting of the Snow.

Vancouver, B. C., April 22.—Old timers in the Yukon are anticipating a flood because of the unprecedented snowfall along the Yukon. A heavy fall of snow, aggregating four feet, had been recorded a week ago. It is stated that there is now fifteen feet of snow on the summit, and the White Horse & Yukon Railroad company is preparing for trouble when the snow melts. Alexander Bruce, a Yukon cattleman, says that Dawson is overstocked with supplies. There is a sufficient stock of supplies stored at La Barge awaiting transportation to Dawson to maintain the people in Dawson all summer, and prices have dropped to a point which barely covers transportation expenses.

ARRESTED AT TACOMA.

Formerly Duluth Thief Is Arrested For Burglary.

Tacoma, April 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Leonard, alias John Kennedy, formerly of Duluth, is in the county jail awaiting trial on a charge of attempted burglary. Incidentally he is nursing a hand shattered by a bullet from the revolver of W. A. McKercher, whose apartments he was about to enter when wounded. McKercher heard the man prowling about, and made ready for him. When his hand appeared through the window he had raised, McKercher fired. Leonard was located the next day in a lodging house.

He has been in custody before. He is said to have robbed a widow in Duluth of $180 last fall, also securing two gold watches. He was traced to this city, arrested and taken to Seattle, where he told where he had pawned the watches. The Duluth police neglected to send for the man, and after he had been held a reasonable time he was released. He has been employed here about a month as a waiter. When his room was searched considerable stolen property was found.

BICYCLE RECORD BROKEN.

San Jose, Cal., April 22.—In the bicycle races at Cyclers' park, Burton Downing broke the world's one-half mile amateur record of fifty-nine and two-fifths seconds. He rode the distance in fifty-nine seconds.

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe. Max Wirth.

What S. S. S. Does for Children

Children are constantly exposed to all sorts of diseases. The air they breathe is filled with germs, sewer gas and dust from the filthy streets are inhaled into the lungs and taken into the blood. At the crowded school rooms and other public places they come in contact almost daily with others recovering from or in the first stages of contagious diseases. You can't quarantine against the balance of the world, and the best you can do is to keep their blood in good condition, and thus prevent or at least mitigate the disease. You have perhaps learned from observation or experience that healthy, robust children (and this means, of course, children whose blood is pure) are not nearly so liable to contract diseases peculiar to them, and when they do it is generally in a mild form. On the other hand, weak, emaciated and sickly ones seem to catch every disease that comes along. This is because their blood is lacking in all the elements necessary to sustain and build up the body. Poisons of every description accumulate in the system, because the polluted and sluggish blood is unable to perform its proper functions.

Such children need a blood purifier and tonic to give strength and vitality to their blood, and S. S. S., being a purely vegetable remedy, makes it the safest and best for the delicate constitutions of children. S. S. S. is not only a perfect blood medicine, but is pre-eminently the tonic for children; it increases their appetites and strengthens the digestion and assimilation of food. If your children have any hereditary or acquired taint in their blood, give them S. S. S. and write to our physicians for any information or advice wanted; this will cost you nothing, and will start the little weaklings on the road to recovery. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A MURDER MYSTERY

Recent Tragedy That Has Startled All South Carolina.

The Shooting of Capt. Griffin By Maj. Barnard B. Evans.

Once Fought Duel With Col. Tillman Without Witnesses.

Columbia, S. C., April 22.—The killing of Capt. John J. Griffin by Maj. Barnard B. Evans is a tragedy that has startled all South Carolina. In some of its features it is not unlike the slaying of Capt. F. W. Dawson, the brilliant editor of the News and Courier, by Dr. McDow eleven years ago in Charleston, and no homicide since that time has created such a sensation in the state. It will be remembered that Capt. Dawson had been killed several hours before the fact was announced, and that in the meantime Dr. McDow had attempted to conceal the body by bricking it up in the basement of the house. He was acquitted on the plea of self-defense. His actions after the killing he attributed to a frenzied state of mind resulting from a natural fear on realizing that he had taken the life of one so prominent.

Maj. Evans made no announcement of the shooting, nor did he leave his room to telephone for a doctor for twenty minutes after the fatal shot was fired. When a doctor did come the dying man was unconscious, and could make no statement. What transpired in that room during the time Maj. Evans was alone with his victim after the shooting will probably never be known. Was Capt. Griffin able to make a dying declaration, and what would it have been? Did the old veteran ask to speak a parting word to his wife or look a last time upon the face of a beautiful daughter? will doubtless always remain unanswered. It is only known that he was shot about 2:15, died about 3:45, and his family, living but three squares away, were in ignorance of any trouble till an hour after the last spark of life had flickered out.

Capt. Dawson was killed when making a protest against a foreign girl, a domestic in his family, being led astray. The cause of the slaying of Capt. Griffin is still a mystery, and there is but little expectation that it will ever be revealed. With love and charity for mankind, his nature was the reverse of quarrelsome. At the same time he was the embodiment of honor, and, always loyal, defended his absent friends.

Although Capt. Griffin was a stout man, weighing probably 200 pounds, he was dragged across the floor after being shot, and put upon the bed. When the first doctor who came announced that Capt. Griffin would die, Maj. Evans told him explicitly that he lied; then declared the doctor had killed him and would not permit the physician to leave the room. A half hour later he told the police that Capt. Griffin had committed suicide. Two days afterward, following a consultation of leading criminal lawyers, word was quietly passed that Maj. Evans stated he had killed Capt. Griffin in self-defense.

No application has been made for bail, and the lawyers have declined to make any statements. It is not known whether the case will be prosecuted by the regular solicitor. He is a friend of the Evans family. Whether he appears in the trial or not, strong additional counsel will be engaged to assist in the prosecution.

Maj. Barnard Bee Evans is the youngest son of Brig. Gen. N. G. Evans of the Confederate army, and a nephew of Gen. Mart Gary, who was a prominent leader in the Hampton campaign in 1876.

"Barney" Evans did not appear in the public eye until his brother, John Gary Evans was elected governor in 1894. He came to Columbia at that time as the agent of an insurance company, and was given the monopoly on the insurance of all dispensaries in the state.

Evans cut a wide swath here for several years. He spent money freely, and had the reputation of being a "woman killer" in a certain class. He did not go into society. About three years ago he got into trouble with his insurance companies. His brothers came to his assistance and publicity was avoided.

In the meantime Evans and Col. James H. Tillman, a nephew of the senator and now lieutenant governor of the state, had a quiet duel in Edgefield. Had the affair been arranged according to the code, Col. Tillman could not have taken the oath of office, nor could Evans have been a candidate for state railroad commissioner last fall, because participation in a duel is a disfranchising performance in South Carolina.

But in the Edgefield affair formalities and seconds were dispensed with. There were no witnesses, it has never been publicly stated what the cause of the trouble was, but it was generally understood that Col. Tillman, then an unmarried man, objected to Maj. Evans dancing with a friend of his. Hot words passed in the ball room. The young men repaired to a room in a near-by hotel, locked the door, got into opposite corners, drew revolvers and began shooting.

When the weapons were emptied hostilities came to a close. The shooting had been poor. Evans being touched twice and Tillman once, neither of the wounds being at all serious. No action was taken by the authorities.

Maj. Evens next appeared in public as a defendant in a suit brought by Governor William H. Ellerbe for the recovery of his trotting mare Sally. Evans was on Governor Ellerbe's staff. The governor was a horse fancier, and Sally was his fastest buggy horse. During one of the campaigns, while absent from the city, the governor turned over his mare to Evans to exercise. When he returned he sent for Sally, but Evans refused to give her up. After trying for a year to get the animal Governor Ellerbe brought suit.

CLAIMED HE WON THE ANIMAL.

Evans claimed that during the campaign Ellerbe had said, "I'll bet you my mare Sally against a hat that I'll get" a certain majority; that he took the bet; that Ellerbe did not get the majority indicated, and had given him the mare.

Governor Ellerbe explained to the court and jury that he never bet; he may have made such a remark in a joke, and that it was understood to be in a joke by all present.

Maj. Evans was promptly ordered to return the mare. She had, however, greatly depreciated in value.

In the spring of 1899 Evans, when in Cuba, where his brother, the former governor, was holding a judgeship in Havana, got a position in the postal service, where he remained for a year. Last summer he made an aggressive canvass for railroad commissioner in this state, but was defeated.

Mr. Evens' family is large and influential. One brother, the former governor, is a lawyer in Spartanburg and prospective candidate for the United States senate; another, Gen. A. G. Evans, is a prominent lawyer in Edgefield. Ernest Gary, a first cousin, in a circuit judge; Eugene Gary, another cousin, is a justice of the supreme court; Frank B. Gary, another cousin, resigned the speakership of the house of representatives last year to run for governor.

Capt. Griffin, when 17 years old, went into the civil war as a member of the Oglethorpe Light infantry of Savannah. At Gettysburg one leg was shattered and he was taken prisoner, being a fellow prisoner of Col. Estill, editor and proprietor of the Savannah Morning News, who speaks of him as "the bravest of the brave." For many years he was general freight agent of the Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 20, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleaner. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling out for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hairs began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

Your Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle.

Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GRASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Charles Brown and R. L. Canby, president and cashier, respectively, of the First National bank of Vancouver, Wash., which was forced to suspend, committed suicide.

The dam at Millsford, Mass., gave way Sunday afternoon. Several small houses were washed away and the people were driven to the high grounds. No lives were lost. The Boston & Albany tracks were washed away and no trains will be running for two days at least.

A high wind which struck Chicago Sunday loosened a huge iron water tank from the fastening on the roof of the Galbraith building, Madison and Franklin streets, causing it to crash through the six floors to the ground, injuring five persons and resulting in a damage to the building estimated at $50,000.

Former Governor Charles C. Stockley, a picturesque figure in Delaware politics and formerly a Democratic state leader, died Saturday night, after a long illness at his home in Georgetown. He was 87 years old.

The home of John Andigo, an Amish farmer, near Kendallville, Ind., was entered last night by three men who secured $6000 after burning the old man's ears, nose and fingers with lighted matches.

Samuel Brown, one of the oldest members of the chamber of commerce in Milwaukee, and perhaps at one time the best known dealer in wool in the state, died Sunday of old age and general debility, aged 78 years.

The hotel and bath house at the historic Steamboat Springs, Nev., which in the palmy days of the Comstock mines, was a watering place where more money was squandered in a night than at most any other resort on the coast, have been destroyed by fire. The loss is heavy, and it is understood no insurance was carried.

C. M. Scram, a stranger, committed suicide at the Metropolitan hotel at Albert Lea, Sunday morning by taking laudanum. He was found in a very serious condition and physicians worked over him an hour but it was too late. He came to the hotel about a week ago and was selling patent medicine. Deceased was about 60 years of age and has a son living near Alden, this county.

SPIRITUAL HANGMAN.

Title Applied By Countess Tolstoi to Metropolitan.

St. Petersburg, April 8.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A letter from Countess Sophia Tolstoi to Mgr. Antoni, metropolitan at St. Petersburg, and the metropolitan's answer are published in the official ecclesiastical messenger.

After declaring her unalterable determination to die in the orthodox church, the countess castigates Mgr. Antoni and the holy synod for the secret circular to the clergy forbidding Count Tolstoi's burial with the rites of the church. The expression "spiritual hangman" seasons the countess' charge that the servants of the church have rejected the law of love for worldly power and pride. She concludes by anticipating a hypocritical refutation of her position. The metropolitan's answer not illogically contends that Count Tolstoi first disassociated from the orthodox faith and that the holy synod merely took note of his hetreorodoxy. Mgr. Antoni says:

"You are receiving expressions of sympathy from the whole world, but I do not believe that they will comfort you. There is a human and a divine glory."

DR. TANNER DEAD.

London, April 22.—Dr. D. C. Tanner, who had represented the Irish Nationalists of the Middle division of Cork county since 1885, died from consumption at Reading last night, aged 51 years.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

Mme. Boyde Complexion and Hair Dressing Parlors.

Over 216 West Superior Street.

Miss Jones, of New York, In Charge

New Methods. New Styles. Finest appointed parlors in the West.

CANALS IN CANADA

Interesting Facts About the Waterways of the Dominion.

Six Hundred Feet Rise From Montreal to Port Arthur.

There Are Seven Canals Between Montreal and Kingston.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—A recent report from Consul General Bittinger gives an interesting account of the waterways in Canada, which is as follows:

"From the point where the waters of Canada mingle with those of the Atlantic to a Canadian port at the head of Lake Superior, along the entire course of which a vessel may sail in Canadian waters, the distance is 2260 statute miles. From the straits of Belle Isle to Montreal, the St. Lawrence extends 986 miles, with a channel wide enough and deep enough for ocean steamers.

"From Lake Superior to Three Rivers, on the St. Lawrence, where tidal influence ceases, a few hours' sail from Montreal, there is a drop in level to the extent of 600 feet; that is, a vessel from Montreal on its voyage to Port Arthur has to ascend 600 feet. To attain this height, there is a system of locks in operation, by means of which vessels are lifted 551 feet, leaving forty-nine feet to be overcome by working against a downward stream, which at one place near Iroquois often necessitates the employment of a tug to help a steamer up the river.

"Between Montreal and Kingston there are seven canals comprising a distance of about thirty-one miles of waterway. The width of the locks in these canals is about forty-five feet and the depth of water on the sills fourteen feet. On their course down from Kingston to Montreal several of the canals are not used, as the rapids are run with safety. From Kingston the course west is through Lake Ontario until Port Dalhousie is reached, where the Welland canal is entered. This splendid construction extends twenty-six and three-quarters miles. The total lift is 326¾ feet, which is effected by twenty-seven locks, each 270 by 45 feet, with a depth of fourteen feet. From the end of the Welland canal—Port Colborne—there is deep water to the Sault canal, 394 miles. The Sault Ste. Marie canal extends 5967 feet. It has only one lock, 900 by 60 feet, and the lowest depth twenty feet, the total rise being eighteen feet. Another water course runs from Montreal to Ottawa and turns down to Kingston, a total distance of 245 miles. The rivers Ottawa and Rideau are part of this waterway. The canals of this route are: Lachine, St. Anne's lock and piers, Carillon canal, Greenville. From Ottawa to Kingston—126¾ miles—there are thirty-five locks. Besides these main line canals there are others on the line of the Richlieu river; in Ontario, through the Peterborough district; in Cape Breton, and a number of branches acting as feeders to the Richlieu and Welland systems.

"The total quantity of freight passed through the several divisions of the canals during 1899 was 4,219,260 tons. The Chicago Trade Report for 1899 gives as the total number of bushels of grain shipped from that city for transit through Canada 19,296,518. The disparity between the volume of freight carried eastward from Lake Erie to Montreal and that taken on the westward trip is very striking, the average ratio of the westward freight to the eastward for the ten years 1890-1899 having been 2.58 per cent. The advantage of American vessels in the carrying trade from Lake Erie to Montreal is marked. They had return cargoes westward equal to 41 per cent of those brought eastward, whereas the Canadian vessels had westward return cargoes to the extent of only 4.19 per cent—just about one-tenth of the American.

"According to the report of the minister of railways and canals, which has just been submitted to parliament, the total traffic through the several canals of the Dominion for the season of 1899 amounted to 6,225,924 tons, a decrease of 392,551 tons compared with the previous year. This includes 3,096,664 tons passing through the Sault Ste. Marie canal, which is free of toll. Of through freight through the Welland canal Canadian vessels carried 309,546 tons, a decrease of 740 tons, and United States vessels 460,072 tons, a decrease of 350,372 tons.

"The quantity of grain passed down the Welland canal and St. Lawrence canals to Montreal was 332,746 tons, a decrease of 186,786 tons compared with the previous year. Of this 48,828 tons were trans-shipped at Ogdensburg, as against 40,257 the previous year. The further quantity of 39,545 tons of grain passed down the St. Lawrence canals only to Montreal, making a total of 372,291 tons. The rate of toll on grain through the Welland, giving free passage through the St. Lawrence canals, was 10 cents a ton. On the St. Lawrence canals 1,349,993 tons of freight were moved, being a decrease of 90,041 tons. Of these 609,454 tons were eastbound through freight and 29,810 tons were westbound through freight, 811,616 tons were agricultural products, 380,127 tons were merchandise and 81,951 tons were forest products."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

CABLE FLASHES.

The British war office has received a dispatch from Lord Kitchener reporting that since April 15 various British commanders have taken eighty prisoners, together with 100,000 rounds of small ammunition and many horses, cattle and wagons. Lord Kitchener reports also the surrender of twenty Boers since then.

The Tartar general at Feng Tien, Manchuria, has borrowed of the Russians, on the security of the land and poll taxes, the sum of 400,000 taels to be applied in forming a force of military police.

Pao Ting Fu has been for the last four days a big military camp of French and German soldiers on the way to the front. It is now estimated that 8000 French troops and 6000 Germans will form the entire force when all the reinforcements have arrived.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

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You will not have a chance to complain if we move you.

Only men with experience allowed to go out with our vans. Household goods, pianos, safes and machinery given prompt and careful attention. ***Trunks to any part of the city 25c.*** Excellent rooms for storage.

People's Moving and Storage Co.

Herman Rumpel, Manager.

210 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

It goes to the Bone

There is no pain so deep seated that Hinkley's Bone Liniment will fail to reach it. It penetrates to the bone, gets to the root of the trouble, soothes the surface and cures the cause.

Rheumatism, Sciatica and Gout quickly yield to the penetrating power of Hinkley's Bone Liniment. It has relieved and cured thousands of cases in pain racked and tortured bodies.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

possesses a curative power found in no other remedy in the world. It is an infallible antidote for pain of every name and nature. It is a family medicine chest in itself, as safe and reliable as a doctor.

Sold everywhere in 25c. 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

D. E. PRALL & CO., Saginaw, Mich.

Omega Oil

Society Folks

People of fashion do things sometimes that cause pains in the back and aches in the muscles. Hard work and hard pleasure have pretty near the same results. A lame back or shoulder, aching arms and legs, and soreness of the muscles, no matter how caused, can be quickly cured with Omega Oil. It is a liniment that must be rubbed in thoroughly after first taking a nice warm bath, and then the trouble will go away. Omega Oil is Nature's own remedy for pain. It has a sparkling green color, and there is nothing else like it in America. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Tell your druggist you must have Omega Oil and nothing else. He will give it to you or get it for you. The Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, anywhere in the United States for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 702

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

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Valuable book on patents FREE.

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Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in Letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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325 Mesaba avenue; 8 rooms, modern conveniences; water paid $22.50
515 East Second street, 9 rooms, modern conveniences.. $45.00
20 West Third street, 10 rooms brick, modern conveniences.. $45.00
22 West Third street, 10 rooms brick, modern conveniences.. $45.00
725 West Second street, 7 rooms, stove heat; water paid. $19.00
1903 South street, 6 rooms, stove heat, water paid..... $14.00
226 Sixteenth avenue East, South, 6 rooms, stove heat; water paid..... $15.00

WM. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
Lonsdale Building.

THE DAKOTAS.

Woman and Children Are Burned to Death Near Galesburg.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Galesburg—Two miles west of here the home of Mrs. Hannah Kjoren, widow, was burned. The only inhabitants of the house—herself and two boys, aged 6 and ten, were burned to death. The woman's body was found with the flesh nearly all burned off, clasping the young boy in her arms. The body of the oldest boy was almost incinerated.

Milton—While putting a belt on a pulley in the Pembina Portland cement mill John McIver, Jr., had an arm torn off near the shoulder. He is in a critical condition.

Grand Forks—Judge C. J. Fisk, of this city, returned from Bismarck, where he has been sitting on the supreme bench in place of Judge Morgan, who was disqualified by reason of having been connected with the cases under consideration while on the district bench at Devil's Lake. Judge Fisk says the arguments of cases will be completed the first of next week, but that the members of the court will be kept in Bismarck till about July 1 writing opinions.

Grand Forks—About a year ago a rat was seen in this city, and the discovery caused a small sensation, as before the pests had failed to get a foothold. Saturday a large colony of the rodents was located in an old barn on Third street and during the entire day there was a crowd of boys and men engaged in catching them with terriers and traps. Over fifty were killed and more interest was taken in the killing than in a horse race. The barn is simply alive with them and from this time forward they will be a recognized pest. Traps were set and in a few moments would be full. The rats were then turned loose on the streets and dispatched by terfiers.

Fargo—Mrs. Carver, who was arrested with Station Agent Davis, of Davenport, on complaint of her husband, waived examination and gave bonds for appearance at the next term of court. Davis pleaded not guilty and another continuance in his hearing was taken till Monday.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Rapid City—The first death from smallpox in the Black Hills occurred here Saturday, when Mrs. Gaston passed away. There are several other cases in the city. One house with contents was recently burned. The board of health is doing everything to stop the spread of the disease. Reports from the ranges are to the effect that several cases have broken out among the cattlemen. Some deaths may occur for lack of proper treatment.

Mitchell—A wreck occurred on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad five miles south of here, in which seven cars were derailed and the track and ties badly torn up. The accident was caused by the front truck under the refrigerator car leaving the rail, and then turning half way round and plowing up the ties. The train miraculously passed over a bridge 250 feet long and was stopped by the air-brake on the refrigerator car. No damage was done other than to the refrigerator car and the roadbed.

Hitchcock—The new co-operative creamery started up Saturday and took in 5000 pounds of milk. This is one of the best creameries in this locality. The directors purchased all new machinery and of the latest patent. It is estimated that there will be delivered each day about 12,000 pounds of milk.

Yankton—The board of trustees of Yankton college has just held its regular annual session. E. Harrison Durand, A.B., a graduate of Harvard, and instructor by appointment for one year at Oberlin, was elected professor of English.

Vermillion—Capt. F. W. Cox in writing from Honolulu, while on his way to the Philippines, speaks of two persons whom he met there, well known in Clay and Union counties. Professor F. A. Ballaseyus, who for several years had charge of the college of musinc of the university of South Dakota, is now an instructor in the college there. C. D. Lufkin, formerly cashier of an Elk Point bank, and who was considered one of the finest cornetists in the Northwest, is engaged in real estate and banking, and is making money.

IN MICHIGAN.

Keepers of Stannard Rock Light Ready to Assume Duties.

Marquette—Capt. Chambers, of Mackinac Island, the keeper of the Stannard Rock light, with his crew of three men, is here ready to leave for the bleak post where he has been spending the seasons of navigation for a number of years past. He will not sail for the Rock at once, as there is no likelihood of navigation opening for a week or ten days, but he will get away some time before the 24th of the month. The Theora will take Capt. Chambers and his men to the light.

Tri-Mountain—The Methodist pastor appointed to look after the work of the church at Tri-Mountain and Champion, on the South range, is Rev. William A. Lovett, a recent graduate of Albion college. He will begin his duties about the latter part of May under the superintendency of Rev. H. Gillingham, of Atlantic, who will also look after that field in conjunction with Rev. Mr. Lovett.

Houghton—The copper district received about half of the 12,000 emigrants who left Finland last year, and will probably get an even larger number this year. The Fins, who are leaving home because of the stern measures with which the czar is depriving them of ancient liberties, are exceptionally strong and willing workmen, and as a race are thrifty and a desirable acquisition to the labor of the district.

Atlantic—The Atlantic & Lake Superior railroad, operating between Atlantic and Redridge, on the South range, has discontinued its general passenger traffic and hereafter will carry only its own men. For several months past the rock trains that are run back and forth between the two places, a distance of nine miles, have had two cabooses instead of one attached. In the extra caboose the men working for C. J. Johnson and Prendergast & Clarkson, the Houghton and Chicago contractors, were transported, but now that practice has been dropped and only the one caboose is in use.

A mighty revival of that youthful, joyous feeling pervades your whole system if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

SETTLES THE DISPUTE.

Birth of a Baby Decides a Will Contest.

Pueblo, Col., April 22.—A telegram received in Pueblo from California announcing that Mrs. George H. Hobson has become the mother of a girl baby practically settles the famous will contest that has been one of the most unique in the history of the Pueblo courts.

Last September George H. Hobson died, leaving an estate valued at $125,000. The will left no provision for his widow, who was his second wife. Four of Mr. Hobson's brothers and his sister claimed the entire property. The widow promptly contested the will, and two months ago filed a certificate with the court stating that she would shortly become the mother of an heir.

The sister of the deceased Mr. Hobson entered a legal denial of this statement, and asserted that Mrs. Hobson was making an attempt to defraud the legitimate heirs by substituting an adopted child. The sister demanded that the court have Mrs. Hobson examined by medical experts. The announcement that Mrs. Hobson has become a mother will finally settle the estate and leave the brothers and sister entirely without a legacy.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

Cozy Cottage This has never been offered before.
Seven rooms, stone foundation, cement floor, furnace, electric light, bath, hardwood floors, storm windows, fly screens, everything in good order. West of Sixteenth avenue East. One block from car line. Only $3,100. Exclusively.
LITTLE & NOLTE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

La Mexicana Land & Colonization Co.,

123 La Salle St., Chicago.

May 1, 1901, price of land goes up to $250 per acre; until April 30, we sell it at

$100.00 PER ACRE.

We plant Rubber, Vanilla, Coffee, etc., and back up our promises with a guarantee fund held by
Fidelity Trust Co., Chicago.
We have 34 purchasers in Duluth, some of whom have received returns of
Amount Invested and Profit.
Better than a gold mine because sure

Following is the actual amount of money that will be required to carry through to maturity each five acres of land:

FIRST YEAR.
On signing contract $20 00
13 monthly payments, $6 each 78 00
$98 00
Less 7 per cent from side crops 6 86
$91 14

SECOND YEAR.
Cash inv. at end of first year $91 14
12 monthly payments, $6 each 72 00
$163 14
Less 10 per cent from side crops 16 31
$146 83

THIRD YEAR.
Cash inv. at end of 2d year..$146 83
12 monthly payments $10 each 120 00
$266 83
Less 15 per cent from side crops 40 02
$226 81

FOURTH YEAR.
Cash inv. at end 3d year.....$226 81
12 monthly payments $10 each 120 00
$346 81
Less 15 per cent from side crops 52 02
$294 79

FIFTH YEAR
Cash inv. at end 4th year....$294 79
9 monthly payments $10 each. 90 00
$384 79
Less 20 per cent from side crops 76 95
$307 84

SIXTH YEAR.
Cash inv. at end 5th year....$307 84
6th year dividends from crop 237 50
$70 34
SEVENTH YEAR.
Cash inv. at end 6th year....$ 70 34
7th year dividends from crops 375 60
$304 63

$300 returned and profit of $304 66.

Each year thereafter the returns will not be less than $60 per month for life.

The returns from side crops will reduce the thirty-three $10 payments to an average below $6 each.

For further information call upon or write our representative,

H. L. GILKESON, 1207 E. 4th St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

DON'T RENT

Purchase a lot of **Lakeside Land Company** at Lakeside or Lester Park and the Company will loan you the money to build. Easy terms—No commission. Call and see us at **303 Lonsdale building—**

Lakeside Land Co.

FOR RENT.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 5 WEST SUPERIOR street; possession May 1.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 204 WEST Michigan st., refrigeration furnished.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT, WATER furnished, $12.00.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

$700 Takes 50-foot lot on Huron St., near Twenty-seventh avenue W.
$1750 Takes 100 feet upper side of East Fourth street; all improvements.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

323 South Seventeenth Avenue East—5 rooms and bath..... $12
18 Tenth Avenue East—7 rooms, including water..... $20

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

HAVE REMOVED MY OFFICE

From West Superior to
212-213 Trust Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

If you want any of the reliable local mining and industrial stocks, place your orders with me. If you want to go into any of the newer oil and mining deals, call on me. An official broker of the Blue Grass Oil company now drilling a well on one of their properties. A new oil company now being organized. Call on me and get particulars if you want to get a stock cheap that is just as good as any oil company's prospects anywhere in the United States. I have given this personal investigation and can recommend it. Do you want any Wisconsin copper stocks or lands? Call on me.

M. C. FRENCH,
212-213 Trust Bldg, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

LOST.

LOST—GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN. Please leave at 230 Fourteenth avenue east and receive reward.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY. 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner. Zenith telephone 606.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

ARTIST.

PAINTING DONE TO ORDER. Prices reasonable. Lessons, 25 cents per hour. Materials furnished. Call 125 West Second street. Mrs. C. Thomson.

WISE APPOINTMENT.

London, April 22.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg, dated April 22, says the wisdom of the czar's appointment of Gen. Vannovski, as minister of public instruction, becomes more apparent daily. With the permission of the police, the students of the university, technical institute and high schools will hold meetings today to discuss various questions in which they are concerned. Gen. Vannoski will attend the meeting of the university students.

STOCK BROKERS ASSIGN.

New York, April 22.—John Kelly & Co., stock brokers, made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels, make them regular. Max Wirth.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES.

$6000 For No. 502 West Third street, all conveniences.
$3750 For No. 2101 East First street.
$3500 For 823 East Third street, city water, bath, stone foundation, sewer and barn.
$3200 For No. 502 Second avenue east.
$3000 For 1310 Jefferson street, all conveniences, including electric light.
$2100 For 1512 London road, water, sewer and bath.
$1200 For 511 West Fifth street.
$900 For No. 223 Ninth avenue east.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS Closing out sale every piano and organ; must be sold by April 30; one-half price and less on all new and second-hand pianos; our lease expires and we must quit business; read some of the bargains:
Gabler Upright, like new.....$125
Knabe Piano, good as new..... $ 75
Everett Upright Piano $150
Estey Organ, high top, walnut case..$ 20
Mason & Hamlin Organ, high top, walnut case .....$ 30
Come at once while you have assortment to select from. Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Metz, 1 and 2 Columbus building; over Stack's.

FOR SALE—EIGHTEEN ROOM HOUSE, suitable for boarding house. Address D. J. McDonald, Box 5, Itasca P. O., Wis.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive April 25, at 6518 West Grand avenue, West Duluth, N. E. Grindy.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, ONE OF the choicest residence lots in the West End, near Lincoln park. For price and terms apply to H. Christensen, 222-224 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—HORSES. FIRST AVENUE east and Michigan street. Apply in barn.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE, SHELVES, counter fixtures. Mrs. Franklin Paine, 106 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows arrives Wednesday, April 24. S. M. Kaner, 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 DENSMORE TYPEwriter, almost new; letter press, table, two oak office chairs. B 17, Herald.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT 50 BY 70 and four room house, for $900. 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—YOUNG COW. WILL BE fresh in few days. At 2029 West Fifth street.

ORGANS $10, $13.50, $15, $18 AND UP TO $35, for second hand organs in good repair, $3 cash and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows to arrive April 20. Evan Johnson, 2008 West Helm street.

$175 MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, used short time, fine tone, mandolin attachment, $15 cash and $7 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

LEAVING THE CITY—I WANT TO sell my Henry F. Miller artist's piano that I have been using in my studio for a short time; good as new. Will sell at a great sacrifice. Francis E. Woodward.

$148 KIMBALL UPRIGHT PIANO, thoroughly repaired, new keys and hammers; case refinished. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—GAS RANGE, with water meter. 610 West Superior street.

$75 SQUARE PIANO, GOOD CONDITION, sweet tone. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, NEW SET of 4 vol, half morocco, Encyclopaedic Dictionary. This is one of the best bargains in an encyclopaedia ever offered in Duluth. Albertson's, 330 West Superior street.

$98 FOR UPRIGHT PIANO, HAS BEEN thoroughly repaired and case refinished. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—CABINET ORGAN IN GOOD condition; cheap. Call 1722 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—NELSON BANJO. GOOD condition, best make; cost $50; will sell for $30. Address A 93, Herald.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

PERSONAL.

GENEROUS-HEARTED LADY WITH 120 acres of land and $11,000 in money, would make a worthy man a true wife and happy home. Address "Jennie," Box 675, Chicago, Ill.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin; 25 cents, Frefmuth's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SEWING girl. Mme. Ferrier, 304 McDonnell building.

WANTED—TWO TRAVELING SOLICitors. Experience not necessary. Leave city at once. Address M 26, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with housework, at 2528 West Second street.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT SKIRT and waist finisher and one apprentice. 22 West First street, Mrs. J. A. Clarey.

WANTED—NIGHT NURSE AT THE Children's home. Must have a child. 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN THE tailor system of dress cutting. Free lessons. Miss Bell, 220 West Fourth street.

WANTED — TEN WAITRESSES, FOUR kitchen girls, three No. 1 cooks, two dish washers, and any number of general house girls. Lewis Employment agency.

GIRL TO WORK IN BOARDING house. 526 West First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 718 East Third.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT the Hazelwood Park hotel, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. Apply 1306 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1121 East Second street.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED—220 FOURTEENTH avenue east.

WANTED — DISHWASHER, DINING room girl and chambermaid at the Colson house.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS TO learn the French-American system of garment cutting. A small salary paid while learning. Room 219 Lowell building.

WANTED — COMPETENT DINING room girl immediately. 329 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. None but good cook need apply. 231 West Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—TWO MEN TO WORK ON dairy farm. Take Woodland car. Woodland Dairy.

CIGAR SALESMEN, GOOD PAY; EXperience unnecessary. E. Manuel & Co., 208 East One Hundred and Sixth street, New York.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A HOUSEMAN. Apply Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — TRAVELING SALESMAN to the wholesale and retail trade only; salary $1200 and expenses. The National, 302 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, donate tools, include board and assist to positions after two months' term, also give opportunity of Saturday and Sunday wages while learning. Our special offer good until May 15. Make application by mail today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

MACHINIST WANTED AT MICHIGAN copper mine, Rockland. Apply in person or by letter to S. S. Jennison, Master Mechanic.

BE A SUCCESS IN TRADE OR PROFESSION.—We provide the means. Call on or write for catalogue. Cable, representative International Correspondence schools, 206 New Jersey Building, Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—ANY KIND OF DAY WORK. Address M 25, Herald.

WANTED—AT ONCE, BY A YOUNG girl of 16, a place to assist with housework, central location preferred. Address B 52, Herald.

A YOUNG BOY OF 17 WOULD LIKE A position as office boy or bundle boy in a store. Has had experience. Can furnish references. Address B 21, Herald.

DRESSMAKER WANTS WORK IN family; stylish and rapid; the best of references. Address 609 East Third street.

WANTED—BY A BRIGHT YOUNG lady, position as stenographer and typewriter. Is industrious and anxious to work. Will work for small pay until familiar with the work. Address 502 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—BY MAN WITH EXPERIence and first class recommendations, position as janitor or engineer. Address M. L., Herald.

WANTED—WASHING OR HOUSE cleaning. Call at 1½ East Fifth street.

A FIRST CLASS COOK WANTS WORK. Apply Haley's restaurant.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson. Zenith Tele. 733; office 119 W. First St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 528 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 916.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 705 E 3rd st. 'Phone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin; 25 cents, Frefmuth's.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first-class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske, room 2, over No. 7 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR SALE OR RENT—SUMMER COTtage and lot corner Williams and Minnesota avenue, also two fine lots corner Erie and Minnesota avenue and good business lot close to the pavilion on Park Point. Address Box 274, or 'phone 878.

FOR RENT—FINE COTTAGE ON MINnesota Point, $10 per month. Apply M 24, Herald.

ROR RENT — ON MAY 1, 7-ROOM house, furnished, on Fifth avenue east; modern conveniences. Address D 73, Herald.

TO RENT—NO. 315 WEST FOURTH street. Possession May 1. Inquire at 302 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, INCLUDing water. 1826 London road.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE. No children. S. V. Gilbert, 401 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE AT GLEN Avon. Apply to M. Ettinger, 326 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 424 Second avenue west.

ROOM FOR RENT—LARGE FURnished room to gent; central location, facing lake. Address J 4, Herald.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. 115 West Fifth street. Mrs. Ekberg.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, ELECtric lights, furnace. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, first class, gentlemen only. 131 East Second street.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT, FURNISHED, four rooms, $11. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT — MODERN STEAMheated flat, with gas range. Inquire East End Pharmacy.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR RENT—PARTly furnished, central; very desirable for young couple. Call on Ferguson, 16 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE 7-ROOM furnished flat, East First street. B 15, Herald.

HALL FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HALL FROM MAY TO November, with or without pool tables. Inquire C. D. Hibbard, U. S. engineer office, or 320 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—ONE-HALF OR whole store, about 20 by 40, at once, somewhere between Lake avenue and Fifth avenue west. B 22, Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT, SUMMER months, house or cabin within fifty miles of Duluth, near a lake or river. Address M 23, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board in private family. 313 West Fourth street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 526 WEST FIRST street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

$250 TO LOAN ON DULUTH REAL ESTate. 403 Lonsdale building, city.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MEDICAL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 East Superior street and have your stoves kept in order free of charge.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 29, 1901. Work, Third degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; r. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1901. Work, Second degree, Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 24, 1901. Work — James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Work, Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lerichevx. recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments, April 23. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.... Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth ..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv.... Duluth.... Ar	12 00 m	
7 15 pm	Ar.... Virginia.... Lv	7:35 am	
7 40 pm	Ar.... Eveleth.... Lv	7:20 am	
7 50 pm	Ar.... Ely.... Lv	7:10 am	

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†* 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 55 pm
11 20 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points	*6 43 pm
†2 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†12 58 am

Sleeper for 11:20 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

*9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
* 1 55 pm	and	12 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
425 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**5 45 pm	*Ex. Saturday *Ex. Sunday.	*9 50 am
*7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*5 00 pm

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

NINETEENTH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1901. | TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CARPET AND RUG SPECIALS

Being many of the best values ever offered in Duluth.

3000 yards Axminster Carpets at 95c

Including every Axminster in the store worth from $1.25 to $1.65 comprising nearly 20 patterns both with and without borders.

Cotton Ingrain Carpets at 25c
All-wool Ingrain Carpets at 48c
Tapestry Brussels Carpets at 45c
China Matting—new patterns 15c
Japanese Rugs, 9x12 feet $7.85
Brussels Rugs, 8-3x10-6 ..... $10.85
Brussels Rugs, 8-3x11 ..... $12.50
Axminster Rugs, 8-3x11 ..... $16.50

Your Credit is Good

Our terms:
$25.00 worth of goods ..... $5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods ..... $6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods ..... $7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods ..... $8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods ..... $9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods ..... $10.00 a month

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Complete Housefurnishers.

FOR SALE.
Very desirable 9-room dwelling in Lester Park—all conveniences, furnace heat. Price very reasonable.

FOR RENT.
Eight-room dwelling in the East End. All conveniences, furnace heat. Including water—$28.00 a month.

MONEY TO LOAN.
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

We wish to purchase
Pennsylvania Iron & Steel Company Stock
Calumet & Arizona Stock
NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,
First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.
WE BUY AND SELL ZENITH OIL CO. STOCK.

Don't Think of Printing unless you think of us.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, GENERAL PRINTERS, 15 Second Ave. W. 'Phone 336

FINE STATIONERY.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

MONEY TO LOAN Large amount of local money on hand to loan at low rates on first mortgages. No delay in passing on applications.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor, Providence Bldg

von Suessmilch & Costello, Dentists.
HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota.
For a short time only—special prices on plates.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

FOR BIGAMY.

Alleged Count Who Is Wanted In Chicago.

New York, April 23.—The man who calling himself Count Leo De Melville, who is said to be known also as Leo Talquin, was arrested here on Friday last, on the request of the Chicago police. He was arraigned before a magistrate on Sunday and was remanded until today. A Chicago detective reached this city today with requisition papers in which the man is said to be wanted in Chicago for bigamy. The New York police say the prisoner was employed here as a waiter under the name of Talquin.

TARTAR NEWS.

Berlin, April 23.—Emperor William regards the news of the plot against his life as "tartaren nachricht" (tartar news); but he approves the comprehensive steps now taken to forestall the alleged plotters. The empress saw an account of the plot and immediately warned the emperor, who joked about the matter, thus removing her disquiet.

WINIFRED SCORCHED.

Business Part of South Dakota Town Burned.

La Crosse, Wis., April 23.—A special to the Republican and Leader from Winifred, S. D., says the business portion of that place was nearly wiped out by fire this morning and the loss aggregating $50,000.

A drug store, two grocery stores, two dry goods stores, the postoffice and the Woodman hall being destroyed. The fire was started in an oil house by a small boy.

MRS. PELTON PENSIONED.

Washington, April 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—A widow's pension of $17 monthly has been granted to Elizabeth Pelton, of Duluth.

THEY EVADE

Specimen Examinations of Mine Representatives.

Board of Equalization Gets Little From Them.

The iron mines of St. Louis county furnish more cases for the criminal courts of the county than all the other industries combined. The iron mines of St. Louis county pay less taxes in proportion to their value than any other industry of the county.

The iron interests of St. Louis county, in the very nature of their operations, are tearing down the wealth of the community as rapidly as possible. They are taking away for manufacture elsewhere the ore that makes a large proportion of the county's wealth, leaving behind as little as possible. The only benefit the communities about the mines get from the industry is the wages paid the men. On the other hand, all other industries in the county are constantly building up instead of tearing down. The pine industry is exhausting the timber supply, but the product is manufactured here, and the communities get not only the wages paid for getting out the timber, but the wages paid for turning it into lumber. All other industries are building up the community, every dollar that goes in going in to stay. And yet the iron interests pay but the faintest shadow of their due proportion of taxes, when there is every reason why they should pay more.

A prominent Duluth man expressed it well when he said that the iron ore industry is the charge of a gun, and the lake system of navigation is the gun. Duluth gets out of the industry all that sticks in the barrel when the charge is fired.

In view of these things, The Herald has been prosecuting a campaign for an adjustment of taxes in this county by which the mines will assume their due proportion and the taxes on other industries will be decreased in proportion. Last week it was shown that, based on the royalties alone, the mines are assessed at about one-fifth of their value, assuming the royalties to be at the rate of 10 per cent on the value of the shipping mines, while Duluth property is assessed at about 50 per cent of its value.

It was also shown that the Consolidated properties, which were sold for about $60,000,000 to the United States Steel corporation, are assessed at $1,-824,462.

It has been shown that at the least calculation, based on the sale of the Consolidated properties, the actual value of the iron interests is at least $150,000,000, and that they are taxed at $8,600,000; while property worth that in Duluth would be assessed at $75,000,000.

From these facts it must be obvious that the mines are escaping taxation almost entirely; that, as one Duluth man has expressed it, they have not been touched in the matter of taxation. Therefore the quicker a movement is started to correct the injustice the better. That method is simple, and it has been explained by The Herald so often that it is familiar.

While the public has been in ignorance of the vast values of the mining property of this county, it cannot be assumed that the owners of the mines and their representatives have been equally in the dark. They must have known all the time that their properties were worth many times the amounts they were assessed for, and this knowledge puts a new light on the charming sincerity and delightful affection of fair dealing displayed by the representatives of the iron interests in their various appearances before the county board of equalization. The effect of their appearance was that they came voluntary in to have their taxes raised; that they were willing to accept the valuations they proposed, even though they knew they were exceedingly high and altogether out of proportion to those of other properties. This candor and fairness intoxicated the members of the board of equalization and the public, so that nobody dreamed of going behind the statements of the iron representatives. Slight raises on the valuations submitted by the iron companies were made, and as the result of two such meetings the valuations were raised

(Continued on Page 5.)

LI IN DISGRACE AGAIN

Emperor In a Special Edict Severely Censures Him Because the Germans March West and Threaten Chinese.

London, April 23.—A dispatch from Pekin says that Li Hung Chang has been censured severely in a special edict because, after the French and Chinese had agreed upon boundaries, the Germans, who have no concern with the matter, march west and threaten the Chinese. The edict, it is said, orders Li Hung Chang to prevent the expedition, and says that if he fails the responsibility for the consequences will rest on him.

The emperor, in the edict, says that Viceroys Liu Kun Yi and Chang Shi Tung were appointed joint negotiators with Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, but that Li Hung Chang spurns their opinions. Hereafter, it is added, Li Hung Chang must consult with them on all important matters.

NO LONGER ALARMED

Although Ohio River Is Still Rising Slowly It Is Believed That All Danger Has Now Passed.

Cincinnati, April 23.—Although the Ohio is still rising and the backwaters of the Little Miami and Mill creek surround the city, there is no longer any alarm here on account of the flood, as it is confidently predicted the river will not reach as high a stage as was expected. The stage of the Ohio shows 55.8 feet of water at 9 a. m., and at present rate of increase will reach 56 feet tonight. It is believed the maximum will be reached in less than twenty-four hours, and that it will not exceed 58 feet, or within fourteen feet of the record.

While several lives have been lost up the river, no person has been lost by being caught by the flood. All who have been driven from their homes here and elsewhere have been well cared for.

Pittsburg, April 23.—The officials of the Allegheny bureau of health commenced a thorough inspection of the flooded districts. Every house that was inundated will be inspected, and the occupants notified to thoroughly cleanse and disinfect it to prevent disease, or a plague. If the order is not obeyed within five days, the occupants will be prosecuted. A similar inspection will be made in this city by the Pittsburg officials.

Work was resumed today at many mills along the river fronts after an enforced shut down of three days, and within forty-eight hours all the plants will be again in operation.

The rivers continue to recede here and at the headwaters. At 10:30 o'clock the stage of water in the Mongahela river was 17 feet 2 inches.

Huntington, W. Va., April 23.—Ohio river is 55:5 feet and rising an inch an hour. The Guayandotte river is rising again at headwaters. One foot more of water is expected here. News of great suffering from the flood comes from the interior counties. No fatalities have been reported today. After almost six days' continuous rain the weather cleared up at midnight.

Frankfort, Ky., April 23.—Kentucky river is about at a standstill today, and as clear weather has followed two days of rain, no danger is now apprehended here. Creeks in this section are out of their banks, and in some sections large areas have been flooded.

GOING UP.

The Price of Steel Rails Will Be Advanced Shortly.

New York, April 23.—The Herald says: "Steel rail manufacturers state that within a week the price of steel rails will be advanced from $26 to $28 a ton. A meeting has been called for this week at which members of the pool will take action on an advance in price. The increase, it is stated, will take effect on May 1.

"The tonnage of steel rails placed so far this year exceeds that of any year in the history of the trade. It is estimated that since he pool made the price of rails last fall, orders for more than 2,000,000 tons have been placed.

"Among the recent purchases which have been made in anticipation of the advance this week is one by James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern, for 40,-000 tons, an order involving $1,040,000."

SHOT TWICE.

A Chicago Saloon Keeper Wounded By Robbers.

Chicago, April 23.—William Lee, a South Side saloonkeeper, was shot twice by two masked men early today and is in a critical condition at Mercy hospital.

The would-be robbers attacked Lee in his saloon, but he defended himself and his money with a chair until shot down. The men escaped, but without having secured any booty. Five "suspects" were arrested later, but Lee was not in condition to identify his assailants.

INFANT BURNED TO DEATH.

Southport, Ind., April 23.—Fire started by the explosion of a coal oil can today destroyed the home of John James. An infant was burned to death; Mrs. James was fatally burned and James and two other children were frightfully injured.

WORKING A BLUFF

Mr. Rockhill Continues to Meet With the Foreign Ministers.

His Purpose to Restrain the Unnecessary Shedding of Blood.

Not In Sympathy With Their Desires For Further Punishment.

Washington, April 23.—It is said at the state department that, no doubt without intention, the Pekin dispatches representing the United States as joining in the demand for more heads and more punishment in China do not correctly portray the position of this government. As a matter of fact, Mr. Rockhill, our special commissioner at Pekin, is acting under broad instructions from the state department to do all within his power to restrain the unnecessary reshedding of blood. His presence with the ministers in their consideration of the subject of punishment of provincial officials is therefore distinctly palliative and deterrent. He is seeking to minimize the punishments, and it is not doubted that he can do this with greater success by adhering to the councils of the ministers than by completely withdrawing himself from their deliberations, even though the appearance is thereby conveyed that he is in full sympathy with their demands.

Washington, April 23.—It is understood here that the Chinese plenipotentiaries at Pekin, Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang, are prepared to give a guarantee to the powers for the protection of all foreigners in China, if the foreign troops now stationed there are withdrawn. Thus far the retention of the foreign forces has been urged as necessary in order to preserve order and protect foreigners, but the Chinese authorities say that order has been so far re-established that the imperial government is fully able to direct the Chinese troops in such a way as to secure complete safety to the interests of all foreigners. This is understood to be the basis of the withdrawal of 10,000 French troops, and it is earnestly hoped among Chinese officials that this will be followed by a similar movement on the part of the other foreign powers in China.

BADLY HURT.

John Noolyan Mangled By Explosion at Duluth Mine.

Biwabik, Minn., April 23.—(Special to The Terald.)—Another accident that will perhaps result fatally, occurred here yesterday, when John Nootyan was badly hurt by an explosion of powder, at the Duluth mine. The accident occurred at the noon hour, when the regular blast was set off. It is thought that he was too slow in getting away from the blast. He was caught by the explosion and was horribly mangled. It is reported that his back was broken in three places, his right arm broken, and severe fractures in other portions of his body. It is thought that he has also sustained internal injuries, and no hope is held out that he will recover. He is an Austrian by birth, about 22 years of age, and was a single man. He boarded at the home of Frank Kovatz.

What may have been an attempt to dynamite the business portion of the village, was discovered by workmen who were cleaning up the grounds about the building owned by Mrs. M. Tierney, and occupied by John Berg as a saloon, when eight sticks of dynamite, with the necessary caps and wires were found. It is believed by some that the dynamite was stolen by workmen and simply hid there for safekeeping, but the fact that the dynamite was connected by wires seems to disprove this theory. The dynamite was placed in the thickest populated part of the town, and had it exploded, it would have completely wrecked half a block, besides causing great danger to those who were in the houses. The dynamite had evidently been in place for several days, as some of the sticks were partially covered with ice.

BIG STRIKE.

Is Likely to Occur In Minneapolis on May 1.

Minneapolis, April 23.—The sash and door manufacturers of this city have agreed to terminate on May 1, the arrangement with the woodworkers' union by which the union label was stamped on all mill work. This action it is feared will cause the strike of the carpenters now in progress to spread to all the other building trades. The sash and door men decided unanimously to deal direct with their own men and not to yield on the label or on the demand for a reduction of hours from ten to nine. The Building Trades' council and the Master Builders' association will be arrayed against each other in the pending general strike.

LIGHT VOTE.

Alabama Voting on Calling of Convention.

Birmingham, Ala., April 23.—Because of cloudy, threatening weather, a light vote is being cast today on the constitutional convention question. Many busy farmers will not take the time to go to the polls. Democratic leaders express confidence that the convention will be called. Republicans and many Populists have fought the movement, but their organized opposition has been confined chiefly to about fifteen counties, where those parties are strongest. The negroes are showing little interest in the contest.

If called, the convention will meet at Montgomery, May 21.

CONSPIRACY

Smooth Game Worked on Traction Company.

Employes at Washington Steal $50,000.

Washington, April 23.—Systematic frauds practiced on the lines of the Washington Traction and Electric company to an extent of pobably $50,000 have been discovered and eight of the employes, six of whom are conductors and two firemen, are under arrest on a charge of conspiracy. The men arrested are: George W. Cadarr and Richard Williams, firemen; Oliver A. Gardner, Edward Parker, George W. Blair, John J. Keating, John N. Meyers and John W. Dodson, conductors. The operations, it is claimed, have been going on for several months. The punched tickets turned in by the conductors are first checked up at the offices and then turned by employes. The investigation that has been in progress, it is stated, disclosed that many tickets, instead of being destroyed, were saved and sold to conductors at $1 per 100 and that the conductors who bought them substituted them for good tickets. This was done by turning in the old tickets to the company at the close of each day, the same number of good tickets being retained in the pockets of those who were in the conspiracy.

It is also alleged that in many cases the number of fares rung up and the number of passengers on trips have shown a wide divergence. Fireman Cadarr's bond was fixen in the police court today at $2000. The cases will come up for a hearing in court probably tomorrow. Officials of the company say that they believed that all principals in the affair had been arrested.

Vice President Harris was up until daylight in connection with the arrests. When Detectives Boyd, Flatherd and Bernham arrested Cadarr the latter carried a lunch basket in which were found almost 1000 punched tickets, supposed to have been taken from the furnace at the company's plant, where the tickets are usually destroyed. Later detectives found 4000 tickets of the same kind in a trunk at his home. Cadarr is married and is 38 years old. His was the first arrest. He made a frank admission of his part in the affair, and told the detectives that others were in it with him.

ROBBERS SUCCESSFUL

Secured Several Thousand Dollars After Blowing Express Safe on the Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf Passenger Train.

Little Rock, Ark., April 23.—It is stated that over $3000 was secured in the holdup of the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf passenger train last midnight near Iron Mountain crossing, four and a half miles west of Memphis. The train reached Little Rock half an hour late, at 6 a. m.

Sidney Drew, the negro porter, who was shot by the bandits, was taken to St. Vincent's hospital, where his wound was dressed. His condition is serious.

W. T. Meader, the express messenger, was badly beaten over the head and shoulder with a pistol, but he was able to continue his run. The passengers were not molested.

Six masked men boarded the train (which left Memphis at 11:40 p. m. last night) when it made the usual stop at Bridge Junction, Ark., after crossing the Mississippi river bridge. They escaped observation. When a point half a mile west of Iron Mountain crossing had been reached, Messenger Meader started to pass from the first car to the second, where the safes were, as he had finished arranging the baggage. As he opened the door he was confronted by four men in whose hands were two revolvers and two shotguns. One of the gang grappled with Meader and secured the pistol he carried in a belt around his waist.

About this time the train began to slow up and soon came to a full stop. Then shooting began. The two men who had boarded the rear of the second car captured Sidney Drew, the train porter, and made him uncouple the cars. Under orders from two of the men who had mounted the cab, Engineer Johnson pulled the two baggage and express cars about half a mile away from the balance of the train to a point in the midst of a dense cane brake and ten or fifteen miles from any habitation. When the engine stopped, George Ward, a boy who had been riding on the blind baggage car, sprang off and started into the woods. A shot from one of the robbers brought him back to the train.

"Open the local safe, or we will kill you," shouted the leader of the gang to the messenger. The messenger obeyed and one of the men placed the contents of the local safe in a sack.

"Now you and the kid get into car ahead," was the next order. Meader did not seem to move fast enough to suit the bandit, who had him in charge and he fell upon Meader with the butt of a revolver with which the messenger was severely beaten over the head and back. The boy, frightened almost out of his senses, cowered in a corner of the car and was not attacked.

Meanwhile, four of the gang were at work on the through safe in the second car. About a pint of nitro-glycerine was poured into the edges of the door.

When everything was ready a fuse was lighted. All left the car. A terrible explosion folowed. The door of the safe was blown off and hurled through the side of the car, striking a tree twenty yards away. Then the robbers re-entered the car and it was the work of a few moments to transfer the contents of the safe to the sack. Everything was taken. The robbers then jumped off and with a few parting shots disappeared into the cane brakes.

Engineer Johnson ran back to the train and as soon as the coupling was made, pulled away for Edmonson, the nearest telegraph station, twelve miles distant. Here the affair was reported to Superintendent Harris, who immediately secured a pack of bloodhounds and hurried to the scene.

WANT FOUR MORE HEADS

That With the Exile and Degradation of Eighty More Officials Will Be Sufficient Punishment For Chinese.

New York, April 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Pekin says: The ministers of England, France, America, Holland, Belgium and Italy, to whom the question of provincial punishments was assigned, have submitted a report to the diplomatic corps that they demand four more beheadings and the punishment by exile and degradation of eighty more officials.

The demand was immediately sent by the diplomatic corps to the Chinese plenipotentiary.

Berlin, April 23.—The Cologne Volks Zeitung prints correspondence from a German missionary in China which says that in several cases in Pei Chi Li the Boxers are preparing for another great rising, and especially in the districts of Kuan Ping Fu and Nai Ming Fu, where the population sympathizes with the Boxers because of the famine there. The population persistently disregards the decrees issued by the authorities.

Referring to Yu Hsien (the former governor of Shan Si), the correspondent says Emperor Kwang Su was fully informed on the subject of Yu Hsien's murder of foreigners, and ordered the provincial judge at Kan Su to decapitate Yu Hsien, who has since fled and disappeared.

DECREASING.

Remarkable Let Down In the Outside Trade of Cuba.

Washington, April 23.—A decrease of $226,051 in the customs receipts of Cuba for the months of January and February, 1901, as compared with the same period of 1900, is shown in a statement issued by the division of insular affairs, war department today. This falling off in receipts at the customs houses of the island is but another indication of the remarkable let down in the trade of Cuba, as set forth in a recent statement of the department which showed Cuba's trade with the outside world had decreased over $1,500,000 in imports and over $2,000,000 in exports for the first three-quarters of 1900 with the same period of 1899. The trade with the United States during these periods showed a decrease of about $4,-000,000 in imports and $8,000,000 in exports.

DATES CONFLICT.

American Sportsmen Will Try and Change.

Cleveland, April 23.—Referring to the cablegram from the British claybird shooters saying that the London match between the American and English teams must be held early in July instead of in August, Secretary Paul North of the American trap shooting team, said today: Unfortunately we have already arranged for two shooting tournaments in this country during July. However, we will endeavor to have the home dates changed in order to be in London at the desired time. I am inclined to think the matter can be arranged satisfactorily.

Mr. North cabled the British team as follows today:

"Trying to get earlier dates; will advise by cable."

Mr. North stated that the American team would probably shoot against teams in Glasgow and Dublin following the London match.

LOWEST IN FORTY YEARS.

Albany, N. Y., April 23.—The state tax rate for the next fiscal year has been fixed at 1:21 mills, the lowest in forty years.

NEED VITALITY?

Take Mull's Grape Tonic—The crushed fruit laxative. The New Wonder for bad health. Druggists, 50 cents.

The Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ills.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer cures sore muscles and joints, 25c.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. **Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.**

THE DAKOTAS.

Gold Slab Invitation to Be Sent to President From Deadwood.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—President McKinley will be invited to attend the quarto centennial in this city in July. A. Hornberger, commissioner of the carnival, is preparing a solid gold slab, 2½ inches wide and 4 inches long, upon which will be engraved an invitation to stop at this city on his way through the Western states. The card will be presented at Omaha as the president passes through.

Sioux Falls—Mrs. Ida Herron has begun suit against the city of Sioux Falls for $5000 damages for injuries received from a fall on a defective sidewalk. She fell into an excavation seven feet deep, sustaining injuries which have kept her in the house for several months.

Levi Clark, arrested on the charge of counterfeiting, has been held for appearance before the next federal grand jury, which convenes at Deadwood in September.

The point has been raised here that C. H. Lien, who has been appointed by Governor Herreid to membership on the board of charities and corrections, in place of Dr. Finnerud, who resigned, is not eligible to the appointment. Mr. Lien, who is president of the Bank of Summit in Roberts county, has for three successive terms represented his county in the legislature and is such representative at this time. The point is made that the constitution in article 3, section 12, provides that no member of the legislature "shall receive and civil appointment from the governor, the governor and the senate, or from the legislature during the term for which he shall have been elected."

Olivet—There is no longer any question as to the nature of the disease so prevalent over the state, sometimes called "Cuban itch." Art Davis' entire family has had the disease and his eldest daughter clearly shows on her face the marks of smallpox. Mr. Davis is yet confined to his bed. His feet are a mass of sores and he cannot walk at all. He lives near Parkston and is a brother of Sheriff Davis of this place. Several cases have made their appearance in Scotland and Tyndall and in the latter places two cases resulted fatally.

Mitchell—Mitchell's company of the state guard is ready for muster in, and word has been received from Adjt. Gen. Conklin that this will be performed the latter part of the week. The following temporary officers have been elected: Captain, O. W. Coursey; first lieutenant, Frank McLain; second lieutenant, Charles Ruh. The three officers were members of the South Dakota regiment and followed the fortunes of the regiment as long as it was in the Philippines. Mitchell's company will be known as Company D.

Willow Lakes—The people are discussing the question of contructing a new school building.

Bowdle—An excursion train consisting of six sections with ten cars in each section, will be run from Minneapolis and Northeastern Iowa to Evarts, S. D., May 29.

Flandreau—Much grain shipped from here has been lost in transit. One firm lost 10,000 pounds of wheat from one car, while another lost 11,000 pounds of barley from two cars.

Hurley—The Odd Fellows of the southwestern portion of the state are preparing for a grand celebration to be held here April 26. Col. N. C. Nash, the veteran editor of the Canton News, will be the principal speaker.

Watertown—The board of education elected the following teachers for the ensuing year: Superintendent, A. A. Farley; principal, B. S. Payne; assistant principal, Conrad Jacobson; teachers, Hattie Trusdale, Mina Fansett, Verdine Leonard, Daisy Bell, Haarlette Hoffman, Dana Lewis, Sadie McBath, Mabel Riley, Laura Cady, Elsie Jarvis. There remain four vacancies which the board will fill later.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The twins born to Charles Genzel, the 90-year-old Stutsman county farmer, lived but twelve days. When the twins were born, Genzel wrote to President McKinley and asked him to select a name for the boy. The president replied that while he appreciated the compliment he thought the members of Genzel's family should choose a name.

Hillsboro—The waterworks tank, 100 feet high, and containing 2500 barrels of water, collapsed of its own weight Sunday night at midnight. The flood wrecked three barns and a corner of the powerhouse. The live stock in the barns were slightly injured. The loss amounts to several thousand dollars and falls on the contractor, as the city had not yet accepted the tank. A defective foundation and inadequate strength of material caused the break. The city is without electric lights or water. The shock of the fall was tremendous throughout the city, many having supposed it an earthquake.

Fargo—July 16, 17 and 18 are the dates set for the next meeting of the Tri-State Drainage association in Fargo. The directors of the Midland Canal have decided to invite the officials of the Northwestern states with the members of both branches of the legislatures of Minnesota and the two Dakotas. The resolutions adopted by the legislatures of the three states petition congress to make an appropriation, and the promoters expect to accomplish some results that will be beneficial to the farmers of the Red River valley.

The spring movement of cattle toward the range has commenced, the first heavy shipment having been received last week, when March Brothers came in with 1500 head. Several small shipments preceded them. Another shipment of seven cars came in Friday. The next heavy run will be about the middle of next month, when James Philip will be in with over 7000 head of Texans.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MAIL STOLEN.

Moncton Postoffice Entered By Robbers.

Moncton, N. B., April 23.—A large quantity of registered mail which had been made ready for transmission from the postoffice to St. John, Halifax and other points, was stolen last night after the clerks had left the office by someone who climbed over a partition separating the lobby from the mail rooms and obtained the keys of the registered pouches. At present there is no way of ascertaining the loss.

Since last fall the authorities have been investigating two other robberies, one of which occurred at the Intercolonial railway station here, and the other near this city. In each case registered mail, some of which came from Boston and other American points, was stolen.

You'll never get tired, fagged out, nervous and fretful if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Greatest spring blessing ever offered the American people. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

PLACE FOR STEWART.

Washington, April 23.—The president today made the following appointment: State—F. A. Alexander Stewart, of Minnesota, to be interpreter to the consulate of the United States at Nagasaki, Japan.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

PLEASED WITH IT

Public Delighted at Prospect of Paving Superior Street.

An Additional Three Hundred Feet Joins In Petition.

Board of Public Works Will Report Monday Evening.

Public enthusiasm and civic pride were manifest along Superior street today for the first time in many months. The possibility of paving the thoroughfare is received with nothing short of enthusiasm by the general public, though if the improvement should be left to the voters of the city it is not likely that vitrified brick would carry more than two or three precincts. The property owners want it, however.

The public expression today is an odd combination of congratulation and apprehension. The sentiment is strongly in favor of any improvement of the present deplorable condition of the main street and yet there are few that actually want the brick. Nevertheless, vitrified brick is practically decided on. The petition which went to the council last night was for 2500 feet of property to be assessed and this morning's mail brought Whitney Wall an unsolicited 300 feet additional. The owner of this property is a large Eastern insurance corporation. The petition for sheet asphalt had been forwarded, but the asphalt clause was scratched out by the president of the company and the words "pave with the best quality of vitrified brick" were inserted.

Mayor Hugo expressed himself a little surprised that the vitrified brick movement had proved so strong, and when asked for an opinion as to the proposed material he said:

"Well any kind of good material will be a decided improvement over present conditions. There would be objection to any paving material that could be proposed. There are those who would find fault with any kind of paving we put down."

City Engineer Patton said: "I believe brick is the clear thing for Superior street."

Mr. Patton's predecessor, Thomas F. McGilvray expressed some regret that vitrified brick should be used. He said: "I would prefer cedar blocks. Without having anything particularly against vitrified brick, I would rather see cedar blocks laid down. The cedar is only one-fourth the cost of any other material and you can't name a material that will last four times as long as the present Superior street paving has lasted. That is why I would like to see the cedar blocks put in again."

The board of public works has the vitrified brick petition now under consideration and will report on it next Monday night. It is safe to forecast the result of this examination in the following words:

"We find the improvement necessary and proper, and also that it is properly petitioned for."

If You Have Rheumatism

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, express paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not, it is free

Attention Foresters.

Court Eastern Star, No. 26, will give their Fifth annual ball at the Hunter hall on Friday evening, April 26th, for the benefit of the degree team. Good time promised. Good prompting. LaBrosse' orchestra.

AGAINST IT.

Liquor License to New Variety Will Be Opposed.

The council will be asked to refuse a license to any vaudeville theater that may be built on Superior street, east of Sixth avenue west. Rumor has it that such a house is to be built, just east of the Spalding hotel. Another rumor says that it will be one of those 10-20-30 houses that display three sheet lithographs depicting low-necked, champagne-drinking soubrettes. Several aldermen are known to be opposed to the granting of any license to such a theater east of the Bowery, but it is extremely doubtful if such a house of amusement is contemplated. The bill boards have been ordered away from that locality, and the report was immediately circulated that the vaudeville was going up without delay. The agent for the property says he knows nothing of such a building.

A popular price vaudeville house in that vicinity would have been welcome to three men who were put out of the Lyceum last evening. The three were Italians, and early during the performance of Al G. Field's minstrels they took seats on the floor of the dress circle. They began pulling mysterious packages from their pockets, and soon had four bottles of beer beside them. The sound of a popping cork drew the attention of an usher, and he remonstrated, but the Italians insisted that they had a right to drink their beer if they wanted to. Manager Williams was notified and a couple of policemen put the trio out on the street. It was all so well managed and quietly accomplished that very few in the dress circle knew what was taking place.

A mighty revival of that youthful, joyous feeling pervades your whole system if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

The Beethoven Club.

The Beethoven club will, tomorrow evening, at the Congregational church, give their last chamber concert of the season. The program offers some of the choicest compositions of the literature of the world, and will surely be highly appreciated. The club is also to be congratulated on being able to secure for their last concert a singer of the reputation and accomplishments of Mrs. William Orendorff, and the Duluth public will of a certainty take advantage of the privilege to hear her.

ZENITH OIL COMPANY

Incorporated Under the Laws of the State of West Virginia.

CAPITAL - - $2,000,000.00

Divided into 2,000,000 Shares of $1.00 Each. Non-Assessable. No Personal Liability.

The Officers of the Company are:

JOHN B. KEHL.....President
JOSEPH SELLWOOD, Vice-President
GEO. H. CLAYPOOL.....Secretary
BENJAMIN E. WELLS.....Treasurer

DIRECTORS

John B. Kehl, Vice-Pres. First National Bank, Chippewa Falls, Wis.
George M. Smith, General Agent C., St. P., M. & O. Railway Co.
George H. Claypool, Secretary Zenith Oil Company.
Joseph Sellwood, General Superintendent American Mining Company
William O. Pealer, Attorney-at-Law.
Benjamin E. Wells, Treasurer Zenith Oil Company.
Thomas Gibson, Grain Commission, Duluth Board of Trade.

This Company owns 1325 Acres Oil Lands in the

Famous Coalinga Oil District,

Fresno County, California. 50 Producing Wells in the District.
One Well within 100 feet of our Properties.

150,000 Shares of Stock Now for Sale at

12½c PER SHARE.

Call or Write for Prospectus.

STOCK MAY BE PURCHASED OF

A. R. MACFARLANE & COMPANY,
INVESTMENT BANKERS,
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

—or—

THE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,
601 PALLADIO BUILDING,
Duluth, - - - - - Minnesota.

AT WEST DULUTH

Another move was made by the city council last evening that has for its object the protection of the interests of the new park at West Duluth. The boundary line of the lower end of the park is about 150 feet distant from the Northern Pacific railroad tracks, that practically parallel the line. The principal stream of the park is Kingsbury creek, which is almost a river in size, full of little falls and rapids with larger pools. During the spring season, particularly the creek, which is fed from the hills back of West Duluth, is very high. There is always a stream of water there during the summer season, and it has been considered practicable by West Duluthians, and even some members of the park board, to take steps in the future that will insure a waterway for small boats from St. Louis bay to the new park. This can be easily done with the outlay of a little money, and is probably one of the improvements that the board would likely make when the time is propitious. The Northern Pacific company has a long trestlework in this vicinity, and which crosses the creek, and following its custom in other localities, has commenced to fill in the trestle work with gravel, intending ultimately to make a small culvert at the creek. This would effectually put a stop to the idea of having a waterway from the bay for boats, and it was Alderman Cochrane's intention, by introducing the resolution last night, to have the city attorney take steps to prevent the railroad company from filling in at the creek, to call the matter to their attention and get the company to build stone abutments either side of the creek, and high enough to permit of the passage of boats, when improvements have been made, that will prevent of their passage in the creek. It is believed that the railroad company will acquiesce in the matter without further trouble, and the filling in process will stop at the creek.

ICE GOING OUT RAPIDLY.

The ice is going out of St. Louis bay and river at a very rapid rate, in fact both are open from the interstate bridge to a point above the old St. Paul & Duluth railroad bridge. Some of the ice field still clings about the mills at West Duluth, but it is not believed that there is enough to hinder very much. The Mitchell & McClure mill "turned over" today, and it is expected that it will begin its sawing season tomorrow morning, unless something unforseen comes up to prevent. As to the Merrill & Ring mill, there seems to be a little uncertainty, as the negotiations with the Diamond Match company are still pending, and if there has been a meeting of the directors of the match company to reach a decision on the purchase, it is doubtful if any word has yet been received here. This state of affairs is the cause of no little guesswork on the part of the men that were employed at the mill last year, and who are wondering what the outcome of the negotiations will be for themselves, whether, if the deal goes through, they will be retained, or whether the match company will bring its own crew from some other place.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Foresters of Court West Duluth, No. 797, held a very interesting meeting last evening. A class of six was initiated. After the ceremony there was pleasant social session, and speeches were made by a number of the members that have been away for the winter.

Miss Nellie Murphy left yesterday for a visit with relatives at Grand Marais, on the north shore. She will be gone about two weeks.

James Brown and Matthew Gajashaw have returned from a several days' fishing trip on the Nemadji river, in Wisconsin.

Miss Vaughn, teacher of the Seventh grade at the Longfellow school, has resumed her duties after a week's sickness.

The Senate club will have a business session this evening, at which final details for the ball on Friday evening will be arranged.

There was a very pleasant surprise party last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Flack, of Wadena street, in honor of their daughter, Ruth, who left today for an extended visit in Montana. The evening was passed delightfully at games and various forms of social amusements, about thirty young people participating. A fine lunch was served at 12 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Richie will leave this evening for their future home in Sacramento, Cal.

The first ore train over the Missabe road was hauled down yesterday from the Adams mine to Proctorknott, where the ore will be held until ore shipments begin this spring.

H. R. Patterson, the popular West Duluth liveryman, was last evening appointed by the mayor to serve on the board of health for the one year term. The appointment was confirmed by the council.

Edward Caplis, who has been sick for some time with a severe attack of pneumonia, was able to get out a little today to greet his friends.

West Duluth is going to make a record this season in point of new buildings and improvements on resident property. The water company already has thirty-five new applications in for water connections since the opening of the spring season.

The Misses Evelyn and Vivian Brown, of 615 Fifty-eighth avenue west, entertained a number of their friends on Saturday.

Miss Ursula Briggs, the 10-year-old daughter of Lieut. and Mrs. Arthur Briggs, entertained a number of her young friends on Saturday afternoon in celebration of her birthday annniversary.

A small blaze at the home of Thomas McNulty, 24 North Sixty-third avenue, called out the fire department at noon yesterday.

Mrs. Samuel Spooner, of 27 North Sixty-third avenue west, has been ill for some time.

OLD SHOWMAN DEAD.

John Costello Was Once a Barnum Clown.

New York, April 23.—John Costello, an old-time showman, was taken suddenly ill and died in Taylor's hotel, in Roosevelt street, early today. According to one of his friends the man's circus name was Costello, and for years one of the clowns in Barnum's show and in the shows that combined with Barnums later on. He is said to have made a good deal of money in the circus business, and when he retired he went to New London, Conn., where he married a widow and opened a saloon. Costello did not succeed in business, and it was not long before he was obliged to give up the saloon in which he had sunk all his money. He came to this city and for some years he worked at odd jobs on board ships, and finally did laboring work.

"R. and L. T." Keep on guessing!

A FEW FACTS

About the New Catarrh Cure.

The new Catarrh Cure is a new departure in so-called catarrh cures, because it actually cures, and is not simply a temporary relief.

The new Catarrh Cure is not a salve, ointment, powder nor liquid, but a pleasant tasting tablet, containing the best specifics for catarrh in a concentrated, convenient form.

The old style of catarrh salves and ointments are greasy, dirty and inconvenient at the best; the new preparation being in tablet form is always clean and convenient.

The new Catarrh Cure is superior to Catarrh powders because it is a notorious fact that many catarrh powders contain cocaine.

The new Catarrh Cure is called Stuart's Catarrh Tbalets, a wholesome combination of blood root, beachwood tar, guaiacol and other antiseptics, and cures by its action upon the blood and mucous membrane, the only rational treatment for catarrhal trouble.

You do not have to draw upon your imagination to discover whether you are getting benefit from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; improvements and belief are apparent from the first tablet taken.

All druggists sell and recommend them. They cost but 50 cents for full sized packages, and any catarrh sufferer who has wasted time and money on sprays, salves and powders, will appreciate to the full the merit of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

A FEDERATION

Berlin, April 23.—Following the emperor's hint, a federation of the German male singing societies is now being organized for the purpose of being able to offer regular prizes to composers for melodious, deep feeling fold songs and to foster their masterly rendition. His majesty has promised 30,000 marks towards the fund.

At Emperor William's express wish, the German singing societies abroad, especially those of the United States, will be invited to join the federation.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink—Grain-O.

All grocers: 15c. and 25c.

DON'T

endanger your health on rainy days by going without a Rain Coat, and don't put off getting one because you have not the ready money to pay for one.

LADIES' COATS

Cassimere coverings—in black and brown—

$5.00 $6.50 $8.00 $10.00

GENTS' COATS

in all grades and colors—from—

$2.50 to $15.

$1.00 Per Week Payments.

Gately Supply Co.

No. 8 East Superior St.

Boyce's White Pine Expectorant the best known cure for Coughs and Colds. Sold in Duluth only at—

Boyce's Drug Store.

With every purchase made at this drug store a chance is given you to visit the Pan-American Exposition without expense to you.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

IN THE CARPET ROOM

Things are moving to a quick step—carpet buyers realize that for variety of patterns, economy of cost and general satisfactory service there's no place in Duluth like this store—many of you will move next month—be a little beforehanded and bring in the size of your rooms—estimates and prices gladly quoted—**quality considered, we are the lowest priced carpet house in the Northwest.**

Extra quality Ingrains at.....29c
Choice all-wool Ingrains at.....50c
Extra quality Tapestry Brussels at.....47½c

Odd lengths—short ends of different kinds of carpet—enough for small and medium sized rooms—with and without borders—**at reduced prices.**

Mattings—Fancy heavy China Mattings.....10c

1 lot extra heavy fancy cotton warp Jap Mattings, worth 35c, at.....25c

Ruffled Bobbinet Curtains $3½—Extra quality fine net—full 3 yards long—the daintiest sort of curtains—our price.$3.50

Specials for Wednesday.

New fancy stripe Curtain Muslin—38 inches wide, at—per yard.....10c

New ruffled Fishnet Curtains—3 yards long—special value at.....$1.98

Fine Brussels Net Curtains—extra quality—new and handsome patterns—our price only—per pair.....$6.75

India Crepe Curtains—(New soft draping cotton stuff, with colored figures in Oriental designs woven in—will wash readily) just the thing for summer homes, libraries.....$15 down to $5.00

New Brass Extension Sash Rods tomorrow at only—per yard.....5c

New Brass half-inch Extension Sash Rods at.....12½c

In the Big Daylight Basement.

Bicycle Sundries—We are going to close out our Bicycle sundries and give you the benefit of low prices at the beginning of the season, when most needed.

As a sample, we will offer a good single tube tire at—per pair—tomorrow.....$3.50

Morgan & Wright or Indiana Single Tube Tires (you know their worth)—per pair.....$5.00

Lamps—Solar and Twentieth Century Gas Lamps—your choice tomorrow—only.....$2.50

Saddles—A good easy saddle—worth 98c, tomorrow at.....59c

All Smaller Sundries Proportionately Low.

The celebrated "Hunt" and Regulation Saddles—worth $1.75 and $2.19—choice $1.48

Carpenter's Tools—Everything to hammer with, saw with, cut with, build with; take these samples to show the economy of buying here:

Hand Saws—A good quality steel—20 inch blade—only.....29c

Full size Carpenter's Hammers (nickel plated)—only.....15c

High grade Warranted Steel Hammers—plain or bell face—each only.....48c

A good quality Bit Brace—10-inch sweep—on sale tomorrow at.....35c

Rachet Brace—good quality.....65c

Good Warranted Cast Steel Hatchets.....25c

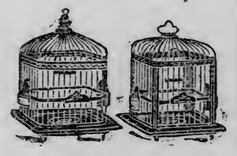
Good Standard Square.....75c

Good Steel Draw Knives—9-inch blade—only.....50c

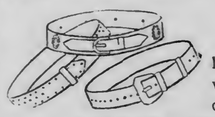
Bird Cages—

We carry the celebrated Hendryx make which is the best on the market—

A fair sized Japanned cage only.....49c
A large sized Japanned cage only.....69c
A fair sized brass cage only.....65c
A large sized brass cage only.....95c



Dog Collars—



"It's a case of a collar and dog tag or lose your dog"—we can help you out, whether your pet be a tiny black and tan or a magnificent Saint Bernard—whether you want a plain strap collar or an expensive, elaborate one.

Large assortment dog collars, all sizes and styles, good leather collar, length from 10 to 18 inches, tomorrow only—each.....15c

Extra large and well made collars tomorrow—each.....$1.75

Chain collars, leather and chamois lined, an extra good collar, all sizes, only.....45c

Dog chains and leads with patent snaps, good length, tomorrow only.....19c

A BAD RUNAWAY.

Superior Young Men Have a Bad Spill.

There was an extraordinary runaway on Superior street at 10 o'clock this morning. Three young men from Superior driving up Lake avenue turned across the street car tracks too quickly. The horse was frightened and started east only touching high places. The young man who was driving was thrown forward almost under the feet of the frightened animal and was dragged for a short distance by the lines which he had wrapped around his wrists. The others were thrown out and one of them was badly hurt. He was picked up and taken to Max Wirth's drug store where he quickly revived. The men went back to Superior in a hack and refused to give their names.

One of the wheels of the buggy scattered spokes along the street clear down to First avenue east where the horse was stopped. The spokes are cut out as neatly as if done with a saw.

Contract Awarded.

Otto Johnson has been awarded the contract for building five of the houses to be erected by Dr. J. J. Eklund at the corner of Fifteenth avenue east and Second street. There are to be nine in all and the five now let will be on the avenue. The total cost will be about $25,000. They are to be built at once and be ready for occupancy by fall.

TIGHT MONEY MARKET.

Hugo Troedel's Friends Short of Cash.

There was great stringency in the money market about police court this morning. Hugo Troedel was convicted of a technical assault and fined $1. He had five friends in court and all were painfully interested in his case. Their faces brightened up as the light fine was announced, but quickly clouded again. Troedel could not raise the money and that created a run on the pockets of his five friends. Between the six of them they could only scare up 80 cents, and one of them started out saying that he knew a fellow that would loan him 20 cents if he could put up good security. He was stopped by a court officer, who informed him that he would need more than 20 cents, as the costs were more than the original fine. Troedel went to jail, while his friends went out for a drink, some cigarettes and money.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

CARE OF THE POOR

Judges of the District Court Name the Commission.

John H. Upham, John Pengilly and John Jenswold.

General Provisions of the Poor Commission Law.

John H. Upham, John Pengilly, of Tower, and John Jenswold, Jr., form the first poor commission of St. Louis county, under the law passed by the late legislature, turning over the administration of the poor affairs to a commission instead of having it managed by the board of county commissioners.

The selections were made by the judges of the district court, and the appointments, signed by all three judges, were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. Maj. Upham is to hold until 1902, Capt. Pengilly until 1903, and Mr. Jenswold until 1904. The next appointee will come in on the first Monday in January of next year, so Maj. Upham will have only the balance of this year to serve. After that the terms are to last for three years, and one member will go out and a new one come in every year.

The law requires the board to organize immediately after the appointment, when they shall elect a president and vice president for one year. No compensation attaches to the office, but the members will be paid the actual expenses incurred by them in the discharge of their duties. Such bills must be itemized and filed with the clerk of the board, and when they are allowed by the board an order is to be given on the treasurer for the amount, to be paid out of the poor fund.

The board is to appoint a clerk to serve during its pleasure, and this office will correspond with the present office of superintendent of poor. His salary may not exceed $125 per month. The board is to have the exclusive care and control of all public charitable institutions, such as the poor house and poor farm, and it is to appoint an overseer of the poor to take charge of them. The overseer is to have charge of the poor wherever they may be cared for by the county.

The board is to have the care of the poor of the county and is to disburse the poor fund to the exclusion of all other officers. Proper records are to be kept, and the clerk is to look into applications for aid, and furnish aid on the direction of the board. The board also makes the levy for poor purposes but it is not to exceed six-tenth of one mill on the assessed valuation of the county. No money may be paid out of the poor fund, except on the order of the board, and all orders must be signed by the president or vice president and countersigned by the clerk.

The law provides that if the poor fund is overdrawn—and it is to a large extent—the county treasurer shall clean up the shortage out of the general fund, and there after the fund may not be overdrawn. The board is also to appoint the county physician and fixes his compensation. Statements of receipts and expenses must be filed in the auditor's office on the first Monday in January, April, July and October.

A peculiar feature of the law is that all orders are direct upon the county treasurer, and do not go through the auditor's office at all, as all other county orders do.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

HAVE FEVER.

Court House Athletes Think They Can Play Ball.

Spring fever working in the veins of human beings produces queer and varied results. In a lot of people working at the court house it has had the effect of producing the laughable hallucination that they know how to play baseball. The result is that a baseball nine has been organized composed entirely of court house employes, and a busy season is expected. The first attempt will be made on the attorneys, some of whom really know how to play ball having imbibed the knowledge with their other learning at school some five, fifteen or fifty years ago. A challenge to them will soon be issued, and in the meantime the members of the following nine are practising for their various duties: Steve Pierce, register's office, catcher; G. F. Brooks, treasurer's office, pitcher; H. A. Liedel, clerk's office, first base; W. G. Bonham, judge of probate, second base; J. T. Helm, auditor's office, third base; J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court, short stop; O. Haldin, county auditor, right field; W. A. Anderson, register's office, center field; J. O. Walker, auditor's office, left field.

The umpires will be William C. Sargent and Thomas Clark, and they too are practicing. Sheriff Sargent is to announce the decisions, and he is practicing on his voice by talking confidentially in his private office. Mr. Clark is to register the objections to the decisions, and he is practicing out at Woodland by throwing himself against the Woodland hills.

Wants a Partition.

Rollin Stewart has begun suit in district court against the Security Investment company and a number of others to partition lots 3 and 4, section 13, and lots 2, 3 and 4, section 14, 62-14, containing 159¾ acres. The property is divided among the parties into one-seven hundred and sixty-eighths, and the plaintiff asks that the various interests be settled and each owner be given his share. The value is alleged to be $768. Some of the owners have large lists of judgments against them, hence the need for a partition. Robert P. Shannon is the attorney.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures billiousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded. 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Malaria.

Malaria means bad air; bad air means poisoned air; breathing poisoned air poisons the system. Doctors call this Malaria. It is an insidious poison. It affects every part of the system. It affects the strong and healthy as well as the weak and debilitated. It can be effectually and permanently driven out only by the use of an absolutely pure alcoholic stimulant.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

has a matchless record of nearly half a century as the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of malaria. It cures because it is absolutely pure, free from all deleterious substances, especially fusel oil; it acts on the digestive organs, purifies and stimulates the blood, and drives out all malaria germs. Leading doctors everywhere prescribe it for malaria. All druggists and grocers sell it; if yours does not, a bottle will be sent you, express prepaid, on receipt of $1.00. Be sure you get the genuine. Substitutes and imitations are injurious. Write for free booklet.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Competitive examinations for positions as drivers in the fire department were held in the city hall this morning. Out of seven applications only three showed up. They were: William N. Anderson, Charles F. Strong and John Meighen.

At the semi-annual meeting of the Delian club, 22 West Third street, held Monday evening the affairs of the club were shown to be in a prosperous condition. The election of officers for the coming year resulted as follows: President, B. P. Neff; vice president, W. Silliman, secretary, A. G. Messer; treasurer, W. J. Barnes. On May 1 the club will move into its new quarters, 327 East Fourth street.

Tomorrow is the last day for filing notes of issue for the May term of district court, which opens next Wednesday, May 1. So far not a great deal of business has appeared, and unless something drops in before next Wednesday it will be rather a mild term.

Charles W. Berglund and Jessie Mathison have taken out a license to marry.

Dr. Rodermund's lectures at the Armory will be on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, instead of Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, as stated in the amusement column.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

SAND WANTED.

Ashland, Wis., Water Works.

We are in the market for 1600 cubic yards of sand, to be furnished for our filter plant, and would be glad to receive bids from any responsible party who desires to enter into a contract to furnish the same. Full particulars may be obtained by addressing the undersigned.

ASHLAND WATER COMPANY.

PERSONALS.

Tony App came in from Knife River yesterday. Mr. App says there will be little fishing in Knife river for at least two weeks yet.

Mrs. Thomas Ross has gone to Milton, Wis., to visit relatives.

Miss Statham and Miss Page Morris arrived this morning from the East.

J. P. Johnson, clerk of the district court, left this afternoon for St. Paul.

W. O. Pealer will leave in a day or two on a business trip to California.

Daniel Rogers and Daniel McLaren, of Cloquet, are visitors in the city today.

W. G. Moore and two sons, of Cohasset, Minn., are visiting in the city.

J. C. Nethaway, of Stillwater, arrived in the city today. Judge Nethaway is a prominent candidate for the office of supreme ruler of the Elks.

W. W. Broughton, of St. Paul, assistant general freight agent of the Northern Pacific road was a business caller in the city today.

FOR RENT.

Space in grocery store—suitable for meat market. Location on Superior St., between Lake Ave. and Second Ave. West. Address A. B., Herald.

DEAL IS OFF.

That Is Report as to the Merrill & Ring Deal.

The report comes from Chicago that the Diamond Match company directors, who met there Saturday to consider the purchase of the interests of the Merrill & Ring Lumber company in this lumber district, which include the mill in Duluth, the Split Rock Lumber company with its logging railroad and the large timber interests of the former company, turned down the proposition and that the deal is off.

Whether the negotiations of the Diamond Match company for timber in this district will ultimately end in any purchases is a question that receives conflicting answers among the timber men of the city. Some predict that some of the deals will go through and others assert that the match company will not buy a stick of timber here this year. It was reported this noon that the match company has asked for an extension of two days of its option on the Culligan and the Bardon & Pleas timber tracts on the north shore, but the report could not be confirmed as Mr. Culligan declined to discuss the matter. It is said that the match company asked Mr. Culligan for an extension, several days ago, but he refused. Some of the timber men say that since the Diamond Match company has been cruising the territory in this vicinity looking up timber, during the past three months, prices of standing pine have gone up in some cases 50 cents per 1000.

THE WOODLAND LINE.

No Further Negotiations as Far as Known.

The negotiations regarding the sale of the Woodland street railway line, so far as can be learned, are at a standstill. If there have been any further propositions or counter propositions since J. L. Washburn offered $5000 for the line and the Woodland company asked $15,000, the parties concerned are not saying so.

The line is still running, however, and the residents out there are again beginning to feel that possibly they are not to be compelled to walk after all.

Shade trees, hardy shrubs, roots, etc., furnished and planted. Lawns graded, sodded and cared for. The work in charge of a man with twenty-five years' experience in this and other cities.

SEEKINS.

ANTI-CIGARETTE BILL.

Springfield, Ill., April 23.—A bill was passed today prohibiting the sale, giving away or bringing into the state of cigarettes, cigarette papers or any substitute therefor.

DEMAND IS BRISK

Lively Market For Any Lands Showing Iron.

Options on Lands Well Located Eagerly Sought For.

Messrs. Palmer, Merritt and Clark Give an Option.

The demand for iron lands is growing very brisk, and the formation of the big steel combine has had the effect of making a market for anything that has good iron upon it. It is generally recognized that the United States Steel company desires to monopolize the ore supply for that is the most effective way to prevent competition, and hence there is a rush by other iron concerns to get mines so that they cannot be left without means for getting ore. Options on lands that may contain ore are being eagerly sought for, and money for prospecting anything that may contain ore is not hard to get, for the demand for mines is good enough to promise heavy profits in the event of success.

The representatives of Jones & Laughlin, of Pittsburg, are up on the iron range at the present time looking over lands and mines which they have under option and will develop. This firm has already bought the lease which the Columbia Mining company has on the Humphrey forty, so-called, the transfer having been completed within a few days. The firm also has an option on the fee, or part of it, this being included in the old Wyoming company's lands upon which the firm has an option.

It was reported in mining circles this afternoon that papers are being signed by R. H. Palmer, Lon Merritt and Merrill Clark giving an option on the lease of an iron property in the east half of the northwest quarter of 10-58-18. It is understood the terms of the option are that the lessees are to receive a royalty of 18 cents on all ore mined, and the minimum is to be 50,000 tons yearly. The option is said to have been given the Belliton Mountain Iron company recently incorporated. The property in question adjoins what has been termed the Jeffries tract, which was explored last year by Messrs. Hartley and Congdon, who found a low grade ore. While there is no mine opened on the property under option, sufficient development has been made to disclose enough ore to make the proposition a paying one.

FRIGHTFUL

Was the Treatment of Passengers of Lost Transport Aslan.

Constantinople, April 23.—The latest reports show that from 180 to 200 men were drowned or killed at the time of the wreck of the Turkish transport, Aslan, near Yembo, the first news of which was telegraphed from Jiddah, Arabia, April 1. According to the narrative of a survivor there was savage fighting between the soldiers and sailors for possession of the few boats belonging to the transport. The captain and a portion of the crew, the survivor adds, seized the boats and abandoned the ship, stabbing and belaboring with bludgeons the soldiers and pilgrims bound for Messa, of which latter there were 300 on board, who attempted to enter the boats. A mad panic ensued, many hurling themselves into the water, where thery were drowned. At the expiration of forty-eight hours from the time the transport went ashore, boats from the coast rescued the survivors.

MUST PAY BONUS.

Bayfield County, Wis., Must Pay as It Agreed.

Milwaukee, April 23.—Judge Elliott, in the circuit court today, decided that Bayfield county, Wis., cannot evade the payment of the $30,000 bonus to the Bayfield & Western railway because the road was not entirely complete at midnight Nov. 30, 1899. The failure to complete the road on time, it was shown, was due to opposition from parties interested in preventing the completion.

BROUGHT FOR TRIAL.

Omaha, April 23.—James Callahan, arrested in connection with the kidnaping of Edward Cudahy, Jr., on Dec. 18, 1900, was today brought before Judge Baker in the criminal branch of the district court for trial on the charge of robbery of $25,000 which is the amount of ransom paid by Mr. Cudahy for his boy's return. The morning session was occupied in efforts to secure a jury for which a special venire of 150 had been called, but up to noon those examined had been rejected for cause and other reasons. It is expected nearly 100 witnesses will testify in the case.

CLERK ARRESTED.

Richmond, Va., April 23.—Joseph H. Sheppard, for many years a clerk in the office of the auditor of public accounts of Virginia, was arrested today on a warrant sworn out by the auditor charging him with the misappropriation of public funds.

ERIE DIRECTORS.

New York, April 23.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Erie railroad, E. B. Thomas was elected chairman of the board, F. H. Underwood, president, J. H. Middleton, second vice president to take effect May 1, 1901, J. W. Platten was elected treasurer and L. D. Smith assistant secretary to take effect at once. Mr. Underwood was also elected director to fill a vacancy.

NO HOPE FOR BREWERS.

London, April 23.—The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, informed a deputation of brewers today that he could hold out no hope of revising sugar and glucose duties.

COLT SOLD.

Toledo, April 23.—George N. Ketcham has sold the 6-months'-old colt, Cresceus Direct, sire Cresceus, dam Miss Woodliver, a half sister of Cresceus, to R. H. Plant, of Macon, Ga., for $5000.

"R. and L. T." Keep on guessing!

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WHITE MATERIALS

For Graduating Dresses.

We are showing this season a magnificent selection of white materials for graduating dresses. Our assortment is very large and complete in all particulars, from the best domestic weaves to the most expensive imported goods. Never in the history of our White Goods Department have we shown such an extensive and beautiful line of stuffs, and at prices the most reasonable for the best. The following will give you an idea of some of the most popular numbers:

Wash Chiffon—48 inches wide, most dainty and sheer stuff, will launder beautifully, rich for graduation dresses—59c to $1.25 yard.

Persian Lawns—47 inches wide, quite sheer and still, with good body, effective and durable, very popular goods—35c to 75c yd.

French Lawns—Pretty and stylish, nothing sweller for graduation dresses, 50-inch—50c to $7.50 yard.

French Batiste—A little heavier material, but fine and durable; rather sheer; 40 to 47 inches wide—30c to $1.00 yard.

Silk Mull—47-inches wide, makes up with rich and dainty fluffy effect—$1.00 yard.

Mousseline de Soie—The genuine fabric, only quality carried by us, 30 inches wide—50c yard.

India Linons—A very complete line, in all weights, 32 to 36 inches wide; some are sheer, others of medium weight—10c to 75c yard.

India Mulls—A pretty and soft material, dainty for graduation dresses—25c to 50c yard.

Victoria Lawns—40 inches wide, fine and durable, always sold for graduation dresses—15c to 35c yard.

Swiss Muslins—33 inches wide, very sheer and pretty, always launder satisfactorily—15c to 50c.

Dotted Swisses—In dainty small dots, some domestic, others imported, correct stuffs for graduation dresses, 28 to 32 inches wide—15c to 50c yard.

Hemstitched Lawns—45 inches wide—some are plain, others have tucks and insertion; little is required for a dress—40c to $1.25 yard.

Persian Lawns—32 inches wide, sheer and beautiful goods, splendid wash fabrics, sold every season for graduation dresses—25c to 75c yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

COREA'S LOAN.

Will Pay Japan Million Yen Therefrom.

Yokohama, April 23.—Corea, it is understood, will pay Japan the 1,000,000 yen still owing out of the new French loan of 5,000,000 yen incurred for railroad building.

The Japanese newspapers suspect Russia has had a hand in the French loan, regardless of the convention of 1896, by which Russia and Japan should jointly lend money to Corea, if necessary. The Corean foreign minister appears to have been ignorant of the loan until the last moment.

NOT MUCH INJURED.

Berlin, April 23.—An examination of the battleship Kaiser Friederich III, flagship of Prince Henry of Prussia, which grounded April 2, east of Arcona, and which arrived at Kiel April 3 under her own steam, shows that the damage she sustained is less than it was feared. Her inner watertight bottom plating is almost intact, and her boilers have not suffered. The warship appears to have stood the strain admirably.

FINANCIERS MEET.

New York, April 23.—E. H. Harriman, of the Union Pacific railroad, had a conference at his office here today with a number of representatives of important financial interests, including, it is said, Lord Revelstoke, of London, J. J. Mitchell, Chicago, Jacob H. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and James Stillman, president of National City bank. The conference is said to have been in relation to certain plans connected with the Union Pacific system.

STRIKE ENDED.

Columbus, Ohio, April 23.—A strike of 2500 miners over the Deadwork scale in Ohio, sub-district No. 5, which commenced yesterday, practically has been ended by the signing of the miners' scale by Shenk & Co., of Bellaire, Belmont county. This action, it is believed will be followed by the operators along the Ohio river.

Play Ball!

Bright spring days—long, clear, warm and balmy evenings fills every boys' heart and the Men's too, with a desire to indulge in a good game of baseball—can't play good ball without good baseball goods. If you get Victors, Spaldings and A. J. Reach & Co., you have the right kind—we sell them. These better than any other make—don't cost any more, because we sell 'em at the right price.

Extra Special Good Things in Baseball Goods.

Spalding's Junior Mitt.

Soft and flexible, made of good quality soft tanned leather, well padded, patent lace back, each.. 50c

Catchers' Mitts..... 25c to $7.50

Spalding's Professional Mitt.

Not lace back—an extra large—heavily padded mitt, extremely well made, velvet tanned, deer skin face, lace thumb, at. $2.25

Infielders' Glove.

Spalding and Reach's good quality soft tanned leather—nicely padded, just the one for small boys..... 50c

Amateurs' Infielders' Glove.

Same shape and material as our high-grade Spalding Gloves, a good Glove at low price..... $1.50

Infielders' Gloves..... 50c to $3.50.

Special in Bats.

10 doz Boys' Rival Bats, good quality hardwood, stained and varnished... 25c

Everything in Bats, including Spalding's No. 1 National league bats.

Special in Balls.

12 doz Boys' Rival Balls, guaranteed full yarn, with hard rubber center. 25c

The greatest assortment of balls in the city. Spalding's National league balls.

Golf Goods, Bicycle Sundries and Fishing Tackle.

Golf Players, Attention—We carry the celebrated McGregor Club

Kelley Hardware Co.

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 229 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

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One year (in advance)	$5.00

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 23.—The Ohio valley storm has moved southeast to the Carolina coast. Light rains have fallen over the southern and eastern lake region, Middle Mississippi and Ohio valley states, Tennessee and North Atlantic states. The barometer continues high in the Red River valley region, with fair weather in all districts west of the Mississippi river except that rain is falling at places in Oregon. Warmer weather prevails generally, the greatest temperature increase being in Northwest Canada where it is quite mild this morning.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	56	Medicine Hat	30
Battleford	44	Memphis	50
Bismarck	35	Miles City	32
Boston	—	Milwaukee	40
Buffalo	48	Minnedosa	32
Calgary	36	Modena	34
Charleston	52	Montgomery	50
Chicago	38	Moorhead	38
Cincinnati	36	New Orleans	58
Davenport	40	New York	46
Denver	48	North Platte	42
Detroit	42	Oklahoma	49
Dodge City	42	Omaha	44
Duluth	36	Pittsburg	34
Edmonton	34	Port Arthur	34
El Paso	56	Portland	48
Escanaba	38	Prince Albert	42
Galveston	64	Qu'Appelle	44
Green Bay	40	Rapid City	44
Havre	38	San Francisco	46
Helena	42	Santa Fe	47
Houghton	34	Shreveport	54
Huron	40	Spokane	40
Jacksonville	58	St. Louis	44
Kamloops	—	St. Paul	40
Kansas City	48	Sault Ste. Marie	36
Knoxville	38	Swift Current	46
La Crosse	40	Washington	44
Lander	—	Williston	48
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	30
Marquette	40	Winnipeg	—

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 23.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and probably Wednesday. Easterly winds.

North and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Wednesday.

Waiting For the Opening.

As the time draws near for the opening of the Kiowa and Comanche Indian reservations to settlement, interest rapidly increases. Already a number of persons are camped along the borders of the reservation in hopes of gaining some advantage in entering. No less than 20,000 letters of inquiry have been received at the interior department at Washington and letters are coming in at the rate of 200 a day. Nearly all the writers want to know if it is true that a lottery system is to be employed in place of the usual rush. The department has been unable to answer, but a small part of the letters. For the benefit of those interested it may be stated that the reservation named will be thrown open to settlers not later than Aug. 6. It may be stated further that some method of admitting settlers other than the "rush" will be found by the secretary of the interior. A number of ways have been discussed, but none of them has appeared entirely satisfactory, and it is not yet possible to say that the land will be assigned by lot, leaving the distribution to chance, or what other scheme will be devised. Neither has any conclusion been reached as to what preference will be given the old soldier. Under the law as it stands the veteran is permitted to make his original entry by agent, not being required to enter in person until six months later. In case of entry by rush, this is an advantage to him, but if a system of chance were adopted it is thought some other regulation should be made. There are to be allotted fourteen thousand quarter sections, which is the amount awarded to each settler. But it is certain the applicants will number 75,000. When all is decided upon a proclamation will be made setting forth the terms of the entry. Many people have objected to Commissioner Herrman's suggestion that the contestants be permitted to draw lots instead of indulging in a horse race to decide the honors. They say a lottery would not be legal, and beside would set a bad example. But these are questions upon which the secretary of the interior and the president will have to pass.

Pension Roll at Highest Point.

Those who predicted that the pension roll had reached the high-water mark are mistaken. There are more pensioners on the rolls today than at any other time in the history of the United States. There are now 985,096 persons drawing pensions from the government, which is something like 1500 more than the highest previous record. It is likely there would have been a permanent decline had it not been for the war with Spain. Commissioner Evans says: "So far as the civil war is concerned, the pension roll is practically at a standstill. There was no increase during the past year due to veterans of 1861. In addition to the war with Spain there were several other reasons that tended to the slight increase of the pension roll. An act was passed on May 9, 1900, making it lawful to grant pensions to widows of soldiers having a yearly income of not more than $250. This let in quite a number of widows who were barred under the previous limitation of $150 a year. Then the act of march 3, 1901, makes it possible for a number of widows who have been dropped for remarriage, to be restored. As the law now stands a woman who became a soldier's widow may be pensioned upon becoming a widow again, after marrying a second time. This statute merely makes it possible for a widow to be restored to the rolls, and does not open the way for the pensioning of a widow who was not legible for a pension at any time previously. Unless there are more sweeping changes in the existing laws, I do not think that there will be any material increase in the rolls in the future. The veterans of the civil war are dying off fast now, and the deaths among them will offset the increase due to the war with Spain. The total will hover about the 994,000 or 995,000 mark for several years probably, and then, in my opinoin, will steadily decline."

EUROPE VS. AMERICA.

The warning that Admiral Canevaro addresses to Europe is attracting the attention of the sober minded people of both continents. America within the last three years has become a menace, not only to European trade, but to the old world diplomacy. While we contented ourselves to remain this side of the Atlantic, with our wall of prohibitive tariff erected against the old world, that old world was content to let us sit in darkness as long as it pleased our would-be statesmen to do so. The nations of Europe respected our Monroe doctrine because it was better policy to respect such a doctrine, where they were not particularly interested, than to allow the United States, with its republican heresies, to meddle in European affairs. The Monroe doctrine was not obnoxious to the old world so long as the United States pursued a policy toward the South American republic which drove the trade of the whole continent to Europe.

Now, however, Europe has a grievance, and a just one. While still maintaining our Monroe doctrine as applied to Europe, we disregard it when applied to ourselves. We say to the old world, "keep your fingers out of the pie on this side of the ocean," and calmly proceed to take in any new territory we desire, wherever it is found, without saying "by your leave," even to the people taken in. To add insult to injury, our manufacturers, made rich with years of contributions from the people, have determined to combine and enter the foreign markets with their goods and, while receiving the highest possible price at home, so reduce the price abroad as to utterly ruin the foreign manufacturer. So rapid has been the rise of the trust, and so sweeping has been the reduction of prices in the foreign markets, that ruin stares the old world manufacturer in the face unless his government will come to his rescue with an absolutely prohibitive tariff.

The United States has suddenly assumed all the arrogance of historical Britain. Treaties solmenly entered into are ignored, treaty relations existing for years are passed over as of no consequence, and yet we expect the world to look on and admire our superb gall--our enterprise. While we are demanding a suzerainty over Cuba, or possibly annexation; while we are waging a war of conquest in the Philippines, our state department has the temerity to protest against the occupation of Manchuria by Russia. After grabbing what we wanted in the East, we sit down before the door of China and threaten any and every nation which is disposed to do as we did in the acquisition of the Philippines. While still stoutly maintaining that we are a republic, the administration is exerting every energy to establish a colonial system outside of the constitution. While protesting against a restriction of the right of suffrage on an educational basis by some of the Southern states, the administration, without warrant of law or constitutional sanction, not only sets up a government, half military, half civil, but grants the franchise to whomsoever it thinks proper.

Our attempt to become a world-power has involved us in a maze of contradictions which even the suave McKinley cannot reconcile. When asked how he can adjust his "plain duty" message with the Porto Rican tariff, he will have to reply, with Mark Twain: "I don't adjust it at all." This blind reaching out for what we cannot assimilate, and what we do not want, may bring us into no end of trouble. Within the next two years we will see a combination of Europe against us in a commercial as well as a diplomatic way. Our government is so unwieldly that we are unable to cope with a concerted action against us, either in commerce or diplomacy. We are on the track that may lead to complications abroad and a financial and industrial panic at home.

ART IN NEWSPAPERDOM.

Until recent years the sphere of the press as a popular educator was limited in one important direction. Politics, religion, literature, science, history, all had their place in the newspaper, but art was given over to the funny man and the cartoonist. The poems on canvas could find no medium of expression through the press. They could be described, oh, yes, but who can become a lover of the great masters or the lesser ones by reading of them? The art galleries were the only medium through which the genius of the painter could reach the public. That was the condition before the invention of the process for reproduction of pictures called half-toning.

What the publication of the Perry pictures is doing for the education of the school children in the realm of art, the magazines and the newspapers are doing for the public in general, by means of the half-tone.

Little did Thomas Gainsborough think when he painted that famous picture of the duchess of Devonshire that an exact reproduction of his work would be seen in half of the great dailies of the world in 1901.

What is true of this stolen Gainsborough. Is true of hundreds of other famous products of the genius of the artists. It is only necessary for some incident to call attention to a work of art and the press at once gives it to the public in all its details, but color. And even that detail is being added in the art magazines. The features of famous people ae now as familiar to us as the household photographs of our relatives. To the description of the pen the camera adds a counterfeit presentment of the real thing, be it portrait, landscape or architecture.

The reader of newspapers and magazines may not become an art critic, but he may by giving ordinary attention to what is placed before him, acquire a speaking acquaintance with art in all its forms.

As soon as she gets the rum demon under her feet Mrs. Carrie Nation proposes to begin a crusade against women, who wear birds on their hats. Her plan is to organize a board of determined women, each member to be pledged to snatch birds wherever she sees them used for decorative purposes. Mrs. Nation says the crusade ought to be started at once, but she is unable to do it all. In talking about the matter she says: "Of course the women will make a fuss about it, and perhaps some will offer resistance; but they can't treat us any worse than the joint keepers did. Women, as a rule, are afraid of criticism, and don't like to be made the subject of gossip. It is my judgment that when they find that their birds will be torn from their hats on the public streets, and their names appear in the newspaper accounts of the crusade, they will be glad to leave their finery at home and wear a modest headgear like I do." It would be well for Mrs. Nation to wear a catcher's mask when she commences her campaign, as some women enraged at the loss of her birds might make a desperate attempt to claw Carrie's eyes out.

A suite of magnificent rooms was engaged for Sarah Bernhardt at Boston's swell hotel, the Touraine, during her engagement at the Hub. When she found that she would not be allowed to have her dog at the hotel she promptly quit and went to the Vendome, where she had stopped in previous years and where the management knew her and her dogs. As a matter of fact Bernhardt never travels without her dogs. This year she has only one, a Russian greyhound; on her last appearance in Boston in 1898, she had a great fierce boerhound, which stood as high as the office counter, and two smaller dogs. It is evidently a case of "love me, love my dog" with Sarah, and she has the courage to live to her ideas, even at inconvenience to herself.

The French government is to have an official residence in Washington, and it will be a fine one. Nearly two acres of ground have been bought, well located on a high knoll commanding a fine view of the city, and there the famous French architect, Carre, is to design a home for the embassy which shall be the finest specimen of French architecture on this side of the Atlantic.

Says the Indianapolis News: "The claims of the missionaries in China are large. Why are missionaries in China? Is it to prosper materially or is it to win the Chinese to the doctrines of Christianity? And how are they to win over the Chinese if they burden them with indemnity claims? Why not win the confidence of the Chinese by forgiveness and a blotting out of their transgressions?"

The Nebraska legislature has made it unlawful for a person to sell any kind of brick in that state unless 8¼ inches long, 4 inches wide and 2½ inches thick. Vendors of gold bricks will govern themselves accordingly.

Vice President Roosevelt made a disillusioning acknowledgment when he told the New York newsboys whom his sister feasted the other day, that the biggest lion he and his dog together slew in Colorado weighed only 227 pounds.

Down in Kansas City they are trying to find out whether President McKinley is a Shriner. If he is the Shriners will entertain him. A question of greater importance is whether he is a Buffalo.

Several church members in Oklahoma have been arrested for blowing up a rival and its occupants with dynamite. It was certainly a strenuous way of showing faith by works.

In Switzerland a telephone in a private house costs $7.50 a year. It is hardly necessary to say that the state owns the telephone systems in Switzerland.

"Do not hide your light under a bushel. Keep your business well before the public,' says Sir Thimas Lipton, who made a big fortune by advertising.

A New York clergyman has a new lament to wail out upon the wicked, weary world—that so many rich people are childless. It is, indeed, very sad.

Japan proposes that all the nations unite in a movement to exterminate rats. Of course, those of the "white" variety will be excepted.

If England could only get a rich chunk of indemnity from China it would help a little to meet the enormous expenses of the Boer war.

Will the value of the articles looted by the foreign soldiery be deducted from the amount of the indemnity demanded from China?

The cigar manufacturer who has named one of his brands of cigars the "Corbin cigar" cannot expect it to achieve wide popularity.

The trust fixes the rate and the public pays the freight, sententiously remarks the Des Moines News.

With a high tariff on coal and sugar, England makes a fair start on a protective tariff.

The New York Tribune thinks we need more kickers. Most people think we need less.

Pension Grafter Gets His Due.

Hartford Courant: Six years in the penitentiary. That's the sentence passed by the United States circuit court at Charleston, S. C., on George P. McClay, pension shark. There were four counts against him, and he pleaded guilty on every one of them. It would be a great thing for the country, the treasury, the old soldiers and the honest pension attorneys if all the rascals of McClay's stripe were in the penitentiary. We haven't a doubt that McClay highly disproves of Commissioner Evans' administration of the pension bureau.

Will Royalty Syndicate?

Baltimore American: J. Pierpont Morgan might do Europe a service by syndicating her several thrones on the "community of interest" plan, and thus put a stop to their empirical competition.

Where the Trust Pinches.

Indianapolis News: It is said that 17,000 employes in the Fall River district will be thrown out of employment for a week or two. It is one way the trust have of keeping down expenses and of maintaining prices.

Perfectly Natural.

Detroit Free Press: Governor Allen says the exodus from Porto Rico is natural. Evidently the natives wish to get away from the island.

Not Even Subjects.

New York World: It is explained at Washington that Americans, considered officially, are "citizens," not "subjects." Acquired Americans in Porto Rico and elsewhere appear to be regarded rather as objects.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH

Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches these sore spots—heals the raw places—goes to the seat of disease—acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—$1.00 at druggists or by mail. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

PARDONED.

Executive Clemency Is Exercised In Lawyer Wolfson's Case.

Washington, April 23.—The president today pardoned Joseph N. Wolfson, who was convicted in 1896 in the United States district court of Louisiana of being in collusion with the bookkeeper of the Union National bank of New Orleans in the embezzlement of $640,000 of the funds of the bank, and who was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment.

The case in many respects is a remarkable one and has attracted considerable attention. Wolfson was a prominent lawyer in New Orleans before the bank failure in 1896 and had been a depositor in the institution for many years prior to that time. Of the missing funds he was charged with having obtained $19,999. The long legal battle which today ended in Wolfson's pardon then began. Wolfson had the aid of powerful and influential friends. The case was appealed to the circuit court of appeals which affirmed the decision of the lower court, and was then carried to the supreme court on a writ of certiorari. Meantime Wolfson continued the practice of his profession until the Spanish war. Being then under sentence with his case still pending in the supreme court, he enlisted in the volunteer army with the consent of the attorney general and the secretary of war and served until February, 1899, when he was mustered out. He then enlisted in the regulars and went to the Philippines where he served until October, 1900, when he was invalided home. In January of the present year, the supreme court refused the writ of certerorari and Wolfson applied for executive clemency. He still has about one year to serve in the regular army before his term of service expires. He expects to return to the Philippines immediately and rejoin his regiment.

UNSETTLED.

End of Marine Engineers' Strike Far Off as Ever.

Cleveland, April 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The settlement of the marine engineers' strike is as far off as ever. A modified proposition was submitted to the shipowners by the engineers at noon today. It provided for a general change of classification of steamers, combined with a proposition to take back all of the old men.

The proposition was at once rejected by the individual vesselowners, who went so far as to sign a paper making a formal rejection of the proposition. The position of the United Steel corporation regarding the offers of settlement made by the engineers is not yet known.

Cleveland, April 23.—A wage schedule was today submitted to the officials of the United States Steel corporation vessel interests by the executive committee of the Marine Engineers' association. The scale is now under consideration by the Steel company, and it is generally believed will be accepted. Should an agreement be reached between the Steel company and its engineers, a settlement of the engineers' strike would, it is said, soon follow.

A. B. Wolvin, the general manager of the vessel interests of the United States Stel corporation, who is here today to settle the strike, is also the president of the Lake Carriers' association.

HAS A LEASE.

The Way Mrs. Hartman Acquires the Use of White Lodge.

New York, April 23.—A dispatch to the World from London says: It is reported that King Edward has given White lodge, Richmond park, to Mrs. Hartman, a well-known American member of the "smart" society, who resides at No. 39 Berkeley square.

The gift, which is for Mrs. Hartman's life, is a most extraordinary and unexpected development. White lodge has always been the most desirable of all the royal residences, outside of those occupied by the monarchs. It was last tenanted by the late duke and duchess of Teck, and it is known to have been the dearest wish of the duchess of Cornwall and York (a daughter of the late duke of Teck) to get back her old home.

London, April 23.—Mrs. Hartman, to whom King Edward has "granted the use of the White lodge" (Richmond park), is not an American and has no connection with America. The phrase "granted the use of" is liable to misconception. As a matter of fact, Mrs. Hartman has taken a long lease of the White lodge, which has been a sort of white elephant on the hands of the royal family since the death of the duke and duchess of Teck. The place required a great deal of renovating and is expensive to keep up. This neither the duke of duchess of Cornwall and York nor the other members of the royal family were prepared to do. Mrs. Hartman is exceedingly rich, has a handsome house in Berkeley square, is a sister of the Countess De Jacourt, of Paris, and is not a friend of the kind.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

London, April 23.—A dispatch received here from Berlin says that the scale of custom duties which it is proposed shall govern future commercial treaties is as follows:

Wheat, rye and oats, 5½ marks per 100 kilograms; maize, 2½; barley malt, 5½; other malt, 8; cows and calves, 5 marks per 100 kilos, live weight; oxen, 9; sheep, 5; hogs, 8.

COL. HAZZARD DEAD.

Pittsburg, April 23.—Col. Chill W. Hazzard, editor and proprietor of the Monongahela Republican and one of the best known citizens of western Pennsylvania, died today from paralysis. He was past supreme chancellor of the Royal Arcanum and a Mason of high degree.

DAILY STORY.

THE SERGEANT'S SON

A Tale of Boer War.

BY JEFFERSON KYLE.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

There was disappointment in the house of sturdy Jacob Von Graef, a farmer of the Transvaal, when his third son was born. The infant was weak and puny, and its voice was not as strong as a cricket's. No one believed that such a weakling would live, but it disappointed them again. It was not strong and robust, and it demanded more care than any three ordinary children, but it lived through babyhood and childhood and reached youth. Had not Farmer Von Graef been fat and strong and sturdy, and had not Fraulein Von Graef been fat and strong and full of work, they would have been proud of Carl. He was quiet and gentle and loving. He was fond of books and an apt pupil. He was born to fill a higher niche than his father had ever dreamed of, or his brothers could possibly attain. He would be heard of in law, medicine, civil engineering, or some other profession. The youth was not ill used, but in time he came to understand that he was held in contempt because he could not labor in the fields like the others. And there was something worse than that. He had a dread of the wild natives and a fear of the prowling beasts, and the sight of blood made him turn pale and tremble.

"Ach Gott, but he vhas not a boy—not a girl—only a coward!" groaned his father, and though the mother found many excuses, she wished in her heart he had never been born.

Two sons came before Carl and one after, but when Jacob Von Graef took his glass of beer in Pretoria with a friend and was asked how many sons he had, he always put the number at three. The weakling didn't count. He had been placed in a school in town, and there were those who told of his smartness, but the family at home only spoke of him with indifference or contempt. He had never made one to help beat off the natives when they raided the farms—he had never facer the lion, hunted the rhinoceros, or even brought home the hide of hyena.

One day his father came home from Pretoria with great news. War had been declared against the English, and he and his sons had been summoned to take up arms. He came home swinging his hat, and Hans, Peter and Herman cheered as they heard the news. The wife and

"Cur and coward. But why don't you fight?"

mother would be left behind to manage the farm as best she could, while father and sons shouldered their rifles and marched away to fight the hated English. No one spoke of Carl. They would have sooner thought of a girl going to war. He was not even to be asked to come home and be company for his mother, while the others were away.

The four Von Graefs marched out of Pretoria with the first troops, and the father was Sergt. Von Graef. At the end of three days, and before an enemy had been sighted, the Sergt and his sons and neighbors received great surprise. They were joined by Carl. He came with a rifle on his shoulder and his belt full of cartridges. He came with pale face, and fear in his eyes, but he was there to fight with the rest of them.

"Go home! This is work for men!" sternly said the father when his astonishment had passed away.

"Yes, go home! This is not a war among girls!" added brothers and neighbors.

"I shall stay and fight," replied Carl in a dogged way that they had never witnessed before, and stay he did.

In the course of three or four days there was a hot action between outposts, and the British were forced back. Carl was in it, and yet he was not. He marched in with his company, and he exposed himself far more than others to the bullets singing about, but he did not fire a shot. He lay down with the rest, but he prayed and wept, and his frame shook as with a chill. Men jeered and laughed, and the bluff old sergeant took his son aside and said:

"Carl, you must go home. You are a coward, and will bring disgrace upon me and your brothers."

"Yes, father, I am a coward," replied the boy, "but I will not go home. I will stay and try to get over it and fight as bravely as the rest of you."

Three days later the British tried to recover their lost ground. There was a night attack, a sudden rush to arms and Carl was among the first on the firing line. His courage went no further, however. His limbs tottered, his teeth chattered, and he sat down with his face in his hands, and wept like a child. For a time, as certain movements were made, he was left almost alone. Bullets carried away his hat, tore his clothing and struck his gun, and no man had been in such deadly peril, but he had not fired a shot. There were more jeers and laughter, and again the father took him aside and said:

"You have failed again. It is no use to say you are not a coward. All the men are making fun of you, and I wish one of the British bullets had found your heart. Boy, you must go!"

"No, no!" pleaded Carl. "I want one more chance—one more. I believe I shall do better. If I don't—if I tremble and weep as before, then"—

"Yes, then!"—finished the sergeant with a grim nod.

A week later the boy had his third opportunity. It was a simple skirmish, with three or four dead and wounded on either side. Carl rushed forward with a hundred others to secure cover among the rocks and open a flank fire, but the first volley from the British, even though harmless, brought the chill of fear—the trembling and chattering—the weeping and praying.

"Cur and coward; but why don't you fight!" called the men around him.

He could not. He was there to fight—he was sheltered—he was in less danger than before, but he could not aim and fire at a human target. There were men of 60 there—there were boys of 14, and all were loading and firing and cheering, but Carl prayed as they loaded and wept as they fired.

"Away with the coward!" cried the boys, after the action was over.

"Send him home to wash dishes," added the old men.

"Well?" queried the father an hour later.

"I—I want to be brave, but I can't," replied the tearful Carl.

"You are a coward!"

"Y—yes."

"You have disgraced us."

"Yes."

"And you promised"—

"Yes, I promised, and I will do as I said."

The father nodded and turned away. Half an hour later a shot was heard in the thicket to the right, and two or three men ran up to see what had caused it. When they returned one of them said:

"Sergt. Von Graef, your son Carl is dead up there."

"Yes," was the grim reply.

"It is a case of suicide."

"Yes, I know. It is well."

Motherhood

$5,000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuiness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000 which will be paid to any person who will show that the following testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission. — LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

How shall a mother who is weak and sick with some female trouble bear healthy children?

How anxious women ought to be to give their children the blessing of a good constitution!

Many women long for a child to bless their home, but because of some debility or displacement of the female organs, they are barren.

Preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** more successfully than by any other medicine, because it gives tone and strength to the parts, curing all displacements and inflammation.

Actual sterility in women is very rare. If any woman thinks she is sterile, let her write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., whose advice is given free to all expectant or would-be mothers.

Mrs. A. D. Jarret, Belmont, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must write and tell you what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. Before taking your medicine I was unable to carry babe to maturity, having lost two—one at six months and one at seven. The doctor said next time I would die, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I did not die, but am the proud mother of a six months old girl baby. She weighs nineteen pounds and has never seen a sick day in her life. She is the delight of our home."

Mrs. Whitney's Gratitude.

From the time I was sixteen years old till I was twenty-three I was troubled with weakness of the kidneys and terrible pains when my monthly periods came on. I made up my mind to try your Vegetable Compound, and was soon relieved. The doctor said I never would be able to go my full time and have a living child, as I was constitutionally weak. I had lost a baby at seven months and half. The next time I continued to take your Compound; and I said then, if I went my full time and my baby lived to be three months old, I should send a letter to you. My baby is now seven months old, and is as healthy and hearty as any one could wish. I cannot express my gratitute to you. I was so bad that I did not dare to go away from home to stay any length of time. Praise God for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound;** and may others who are suffering do as I did and find relief. Wishing you success in the future as in the past, and may many homes be brightened as mine has been."—MRS. L. Z. WHITNEY, 4 Flint St., Somerville, Mass"

The medicine that cures the ills of women is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

SLIGHTLY IMPROVED.

London, April 23.—The condition of "Billy" Smith, the American pugilist, who was knocked out in the eighth round of a contest at the National Sporting club last night with "Jack" Roberts for the 126-pound championship of England, and who was taken unconscious to a hospital, was slightly improved at 11 o'clock this morning.

"R. and L. T." Keep on guessing!

AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.

McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

The Popular Price—Theater of Duluth. TONIGHT and every night this week.

Not a Minute Behind the Times

North Bros.' Superb Company.

Presenting Tonight

Prices 10c 20c 30c No higher

The Rural Drama

Old Farmer Allen.

New specialties. Big continuous show. Reserved seats at LeRicheux's Drug Store and Smith & Smith's. Children's matinee Saturday. All hill street cars pass the theater.

DR. RODERMUND COMING!

Do you not want to know the Philosophy of Disease?

Especially do you not want to know the truth about smallpox and other eruptive diseases?

Do you not want to know the truth about the humbug of vaccination?

If so, do not fail to attend the lectures of DR. M. J. RODERMUND, of Appleton, Wis., on

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings of This Week.

Dr. Rodermund is one of the most eminent physicians and chemists of the day. He is a diligent student and a profound investigator as well as a physician. His advantages for the study his profession have been the very best. He is a regular graduate in this country, and has spent several years in studying in Berlin, Vienna, Paris and London. He claims during recent years to have made some discoveries which he thinks the world should know, and that is the object of the lecturing tour on which he is now starting. All who wish to know how to ward off disease and preserve their health should hear him. Ladies especially invited. By all means do not miss the first lecture. His professional brethren in Duluth cordially invited to be present.

Tickets, single lecture, 25c. For the course, 50c.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

William Whyte Made Assistant to the President.

Winnipeg, Man., April 23.—The following official appointments are announced by the Canadian Pacific railway: William Whyte, at present manager of the Western lines, to be assistant to the president; Thomas Tait, present manager of Eastern lines, to be manager of transportation; James Oborne, general superintendent of the Western division, to be superintendent of the Atlantic division, with headquarters at St. John, N. B.; S. P. Timmerman, general superintendent of the Atlantic division, to be superintendent of the Ontario & Quebec divisions, with headquarters at Toronto; J. W. Leonard, general superintendent of the Ontario & Quebec divisions, to be superintendent of the Western division, with headquarters at Winnipeg. Whyte will probably have his headquarters in Winnipeg.

Schlitz

The beer that made Milwaukee famous

You drink some beers that cause bilious headache. Perhaps you think that all beers do.

The cause of biliousness is the lack of age—too much haste to put the beer on the market. To ferment beer thoroughly requires a process of months. Without it the fermentation takes place in your stomach. That is the cause of biliousness.

Hurried beer is unhealthful. Schlitz beer is kept for months in refrigerating rooms with a capacity of 265,000 barrels—kept almost at freezing point until it is well fermented. Schlitz beer is never marketed until thoroughly aged.

'Phone 358, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Avenue, Duluth.

Never Causes Biliousness

THEY EVADE

(Continued From Page 1.)

from about $4,000,000 to $8,600,000, at which figure they stand now.

As an instance of how generous this affectation of generosity really was, it may be stated that last year the valuations submitted by the iron companies was $263,000 lower in the aggregate than the valuations returned by the assessors, and at the board meeting the iron men admitted that the assessors usually got their valuations on the iron mines from the companies themselves.

The stenographic report of the hearing on the iron mines before the 1900 meeting of the board of equalization, as The Herald has stated before, is a very interesting document. To read the plea of the iron representatives is enough to make one's heart bleed when they talked of the difficulties surrounding the uncertain existence of a mine owner. They talked at length on the difficulties of mining and selling certain ores, including practically all of the Mesaba ores, until an intending purchaser, if he had heard the story, would not have taken the entire Mesaba range off their hands at the amount of the taxes for one year.

Every effort to get at something on which to base the real values of the iron mines was cleverly stopped by the iron representatives. Their plan was to value the shipping mines on a basis of 50 cents per ton for the season's output, and every effort to talk any other method was switched off in a very diplomatic manner.

On the basis they expected to pay a tax of about 1 cent per ton for the ore shipped. They agreed that a tonnage tax was the best way of getting at the mines, and during the hearing these questions were asked:

"Q.—When the tax was 1 cent a ton was there any complaint made by mining men? A. (by Mr. Bacon)—No.

"Q.—Would there be much kicking if it was 2 cents a ton? A.—I don't think there would.

"Q.—Might there be any kicking if it was 3 cents a ton? A.—There might be."

The valuations they turned in they expected to result in a tax of 1 cent a ton. Those valuations amounted to $8,469,500. There would be no kicking if the tax was 2 cents per ton, and that would be a doubling of their valuations, or $12,921,000. They were not willing to go any farther than to say there might be some kicking if the tax was 3 cents per ton, and that would be a valuation of $19,381,500. And yet their song was sung so bewitchingly later that after the county board had raised, and the state board had raised, the result was only $8,600,000.

To show how the mining representatives evaded the issue sometimes, the conversation on the Mahoning mine may be taken. Commissioner Kugler, addressing Mr. Bacon, said that "there was a little squib in the paper last night that put the Mahoning mine at $3,750,000 valuation.

Mr. Bacon answered, "I think it could have been bought for less than that."

"It could be bought for less than that?" inquired Mr. Kugler, incredulously.

"I think it could have been."

Note the past tense. Mr. Bacon did not say when he thought it could have been bought for that figure. It could not have been bought for that at the time of the board meeting, and it could not be bought for anything like that now.

The following from Mr. Bacon may throw some light on how the assessors get their valuations: Asked by Mr. Phelps about the matter, whether the assessors used their own ideas or got their information from the mine owners, he said:

"In some cases their own, I think, but in others probably from the managers. I am not acquainted with any assessor on the ranges who is competent to determine the value of a mine."

"Q. In most of the cases you think they took their information from the mine owners? A. In some cases, I think, and in some cases their own ideas."

Here is another remarkable conversation, the questions being put by Mr. Phelps, the board's attorney, and the answers being made by Mr. Bacon:

"Q. Would you think that the ore in the Mahoning mine was worth to exceed 2 cents per ton, assuming that you knew the quantity that is there at the present time?

"By Mr. Kugler: You mean while it is in the mine?

"Mr. Phelps: Yes, just as it is.

"Mr. Bacon: You mean to buy all of the ore there at the rate of 2 cents per gross ton?

"Mr. Olcott: And take your own chances of disposing of it afterwards?

"Mr. Phelps: Take your own chances of disposing of it and pay the taxes until you could get it out.

"Mr. Bacon: No, sir.

"Mr. Phelps: At 2 cents per ton that would amount to about, assuming that they have 70,000,000 tons of ore there, $1,400,000.

"Mr. Olcott: If I had the money to expend I don't think I would want to pay for that much ore of that character and take my chances on carrying it."

Mr. Cole also thought it very rich, and he also thought the estimate of 70,000,000 tons was too high.

At the time of the board meeting the Rouchleau property, assessed at about $40,000, had been transferred for $500,000, and the mining representatives did not think that ought to make any difference in the assessment. An effort was made by Mr. Kugler to get some information about that, but Mr. Olcott, who happened to be answering questions then, did not know. Asked what it would cost to prepare the mine for shipment, he said it would depend on how much you wanted to ship. Asked what it would cost to get ready to ship 100,000 tons, he did not know.

Mr. Kugler had heard that the price of Pioneer ore at Cleveland was $5.98, but Mr. Cole, manager for the Oliver interests, did not know anything about it. Asked what it cost to put the Pioneer ore on dock, in order to get at the net receipts from a ton of ore, Mr. Olcott saved him by interposing the statement that that was not a fair question. Mr. Cole said he could give no information on it at all. Mr. Kugler proposed to get at it by finding out what the cost of transportation, mining, etc., was, but Mr. Cole said he couldn't do that because a good many ores have been sold for ten years ahead, and though the price at Cleveland might be $10 a ton the question would be how much was sold at that price. Mr. Kugler returned to his information that Pioneer ore was worth $5.98, and Mr. Olcott said:

"Suppose it is? What difference does it make? If the companies are willing that the Pioneer should go in on the same basis as the rest, why is it necessary to go into that?"

Then the talk was shifted by one of the iron men to the difference between the cost of steam shovel work and underground work.

Is it much wonder that the mines did not get raised very much, when the members of the board had no information except what they could get from the iron men and the iron men answered questions in this way?

But now there is ample information at hand as to the valuations the iron properties should bear. The valuation of non-productive properties should be based on their actual value, just as the valuation of a non-productive Duluth lot is based, and the mining interests should be made to bear their due share of taxes, not only for this year and for subsequent years, but for the years in which they have escaped from anything like their share. This latter item alone will make enough to run the county free to all classes of property for several years if it is properly assessed.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

IN MICHIGAN.

Menominee Young Man Lost His Life While Duck Hunting.

Menominee—Eugene Baker, a venturesome young fellow residing at Menominee, lost his life while attempting to satisfy his duck hunting proclivities. He was shooting near Juttner Point, when he killed a duck, which fell on the ice about 100 feet from the shore. Baker wanted his quarry and he wanted it badly, so badly that he forgot all discretion and, putting on a pair of snowshoes as a safeguard against disaster, started out on the ice. He had only covered some forty feet when the ice gave way and he sunk to a watery grave. His drowning was witnessed by three companions who were standing on the shore, but they were powerless to assist him. Baker was but 18 years of age.

There are sixteen young people in the class to be graduated from the Menominee high school this spring. The class has been organized and work in preparation for the final exercises is already in hand. The young people who are to be sent out into the wide, wide world this year, there are ten young women and six young men, have very good averages. Miss Leoline Daley will be the valedictorian and Miss Anna Johnson the salutatorian. Class day will be June 5 and comencement June 7, the schools closing for the year June 8.

Grand Marais—The people here are pleased with the announcement that the Booth steamer Liberty will again be engaged in business between their port and the Soo next year. The Liberty was taken off the run last fall because of a scarcity of business. Her withdrawal wa a decided inconvenience to the Grand Marais people. It is expected that the craft will make some money this year, with the result that her operation will be continued indefinitely.

Iron Mountain—Deputy Game Warden Hodgson, one of the Upper Peninsula deputies, arrested Martino Carollo, a Quinnesec saloonkeeper, early this week for having in his possession three dead song birds. Carollo was brought to Iron Mountain and taken before Justice Miller, and was fined $25. On the recommendation of the deputy this fine was remitted so Corollo got off for $6 costs.

A COLORED WONDER.

Major Taylor Carries Off Honors In France.

New York, April 23.—According to a private dispatch from Roubaix, France, "Maj." Taylor, the American short distance cyclist champion, scored a signal victory over a big field of European cracks. In an international open kilometre race (about 1093 yards), held at Roubaix yesterday, the colored wonder finished first. There were thirty competitors in the event, including Grogna, the Belgian champion, who finished second. A rider named Dangla was third. The significance of the victory lies in the fact that Grogna has twice won the Grand Prix of Roubaix, in 1899, defeating Tommaselli, the Italian champion, and last year Jacquelin, the French champion and greatest of all European riders.

DENIED EMPHATICALLY.

Berlin, April 23.—Officials here emphatically deny the report cabled from London, that new complications have arisen in the China question, and Washington, London and Berlin are busily conferring on the subject.

A LIMIT IS MADE

Council Decides By Ordinance Against Increase In Saloons.

Four Patrol Districts Are Established For Saloon Traffic.

Superior Street Paving Petition Is Presented and Referred.

The council last night:

Passed the ordinance limiting the sale of intoxicating liquor to 169 saloons within defined patrol limits.

Voted against an amendment by Alderman Moore, to abolish the saloon business in the East Fourth street district.

Referred the Superior street paving petition to the department of public works to examine and verify.

Elected the four members of the new board of health as recommended in a communication from Mayor Hugo.

Did not take action on Park Point ferry contract, the bid of the tug Carrington having been withdrawn.

Confirmed the appointment of Dr. Clarence Taylor as city's special physician at the Emergency hospital.

Received the appointments of ten deputy assessors appointed temporarily for current assessment work.

Approved a number of contracts awarded by the department of public works for sidewalks, sprinkling and sewers.

Adopted a resolution fixing rate for official publications as recommended by the conference committee.

Adopted a resolution urging the Northern Pacific to refrain from debauching West Duluth park site with an ugly bridge.

The famous patrol limit ordinance was passed by the council amid a volley of brisk debate. Briefly, this ordinance provides against the issue of any new saloon licenses, limiting the business to the 169 now in existence. It also establishes patrol limits for the restriction of saloon traffic. The city is divided into four districts. The boundaries of the First district permit saloons south of the alley between First and Second streets, from Eighth avenue east to Twenty-fourth avenue west, and also to include the Pavilion. The Second district takes in all of West Duluth south of Cody street and between Fifty-first and Sixty-seventh avenues west, and also all territory lying west of One Hundredth avenue west. The Third district takes in the East Fourth street saloon section. The Fourth district is a circle with a radius of 500 feet from the corner of Ontota street an Thirty-ninth avenue west. This arrangement does not disturb any existing business so far as is known. Hotels of 150 rooms, located outside the patrol limits are to be entitled to licenses.

The ordinance was called up at the beginning of the session by Alderman Neff, of the Fourth ward. Alderman Cochrane, of the Eighth ward, moved the adoption of his amendment submitted last week. This amendment provided that there should be no transfer of licenses from one person to another and against the transfer of any saloon business from an old to a new location. In supporting his amendment Alderman Cochrane practically admitted that he offered it for the purpose of defeating the ordinance. He opposed the ordinance saying that he believed it would create a premium on licenses which would center the saloon business of the outlying districts to Superior street, making it one long Bowery. He also intimated that he did not believe the ordinance was introduced in the interest of temperance as purported.

Alderman Neff replied that it was introduced in the interest of common decency and law and order. He said that 169 saloons were as many as the drinking public of Duluth could support without the saloonkeepers in many instances resorting to dishonest methods.

Alderman Cochrane said that the city already had ample power to restrict the saloon business and the ordinance, if passed, would be more in the interest of brewing companies than the cause of morality. He said that it would create a saloon trust, the object of which would be to apportion the saloon business among the favored 169.

Alderman Neff proposed a truce offering to support the Cochrane amendment if the transfer could be made on a three-fourths vote. Mr. Cochrane, however, served notice that he would not compromise and would oppose the ordinance even if Mr. Neff did vote for his amendment. With that the amendment was defeated as follows:

Yeas—Barnes, Cochrane, Moore, Olson, Rothermel, Swenson, Trevillion—7.

Nays—Cromwell, Haven, Johnson, Krumsieg, Neff, Schaffer, Tessman, Tischer and Wing—9.

Alderman Johnson's amendment fixing the patrol limits was then taken up and Alderman Moore, of the First ward, moved an amendment to the amendment, abolishing the proposed Third district, including the saloons on East Fourth street.

Alderman Johnson supported this amendment, saying that he would not vote for it, but desired an expression of opinion on it. Mr. Moore then suggested that the council listen to M. W. Bates, who with many other Fourth street property owners were present to urge the abolishing of the proposed Third district.

Mr. Bates said that the property owners, except the saloon element, were anxious to see the saloons removed from Fourth street, and that it was well known in that neighborhood that the saloon keepers paid no attention to the law. On Sundays he had seen men crowding in the side doors and heard the clink of glasses within. Continuing he said:

"I wish that the saloon business of this city could be corraled. It's bad enough to have it in the business district, but for the protection of our children and our homes it should be abolished in the strictly residence districts."

Alderman Moore's amendment was then voted on and lost by the following vote:

Yeas — Barnes, Cochrane, Haven, Moore, Swenson and Trevillion—6.

Nays—Cromwell, Johnson, Krumsieg, Neff, Olson, Rothermel, Schaffer Tessman, Tischer and Wing—10.

Alderman Johnson's amendment dividing the city into four districts was adopted and the ordinance was passed, with only Alderman Cochrane of the Eighth ward voting in the negative.

The council received the recommendations of the mayor for the election of members of the board of health and elected the following men:

Edward P. Towne, lawyer, of 2020 East Superior street, for a term of three years.

N. O. Nelson, feed business, of 2211 West Third street, for a term of two years.

Henry Folz, grocery business, of 531 West First street, for a term of two years.

Harry R. Patterson, livery business, of 621 North Fifty-first avenue west, to serve one year.

The recent appointment of Dr. Clarence Taylor to be special physician at the Emergency hospital, was confirmed.

The Park Point ferry contract went over one week at the request of Alderman Trevillion of the Fourth ward, who notified the council that Capt. C. O. Flynn had withdrawn his offer of the tug Carrington.

The petition for paving Superior street with vitrified brick was received and referred to the board of public works for examination and verification.

City Assessor Olafson notified the council that he had appointed deputy assessors for the summer's work as follows: W. V. Quilliard, E. P. Chalk, O. J. Klippen, Siegfried Levy, Henry Nelson, J. P. Wier, C. A. Young, John Williams, W. J. Wallace and Fred T. Little. These appointments go into effect on April 30, and do not need confirmation.

The action of the department of public works in awarding the season's sidewalk building contract to J. W. Preston was approved. Mr. Presten was the lowest average bidder, his price being 36½ cents per lineal foot. The council also approved the contract awarded to J. D. O'Connell for the construction of a sanitary sewer in the alley between First and Second streets, from Fifteenth to Sixteenth avenues east.

The street sprinkling contracts for the year with Mike Malnello, Louis Van and J. Lieberman were approved as awarded by the department of public works.

The members of the board of public works reported that owing to the pressure of other business they had not had time to devise a satisfactory system for sprinkling London road, but would do so within a week.

A resolution was adopted protesting against the Northern Pacific Railway company building a low steel culvert over Kingsbury creek, near the new West Duluth park site. The council desires an artistic bridge, and one which will permit the passing of small boats from the bay to the park.

A number of petitions were received from all parts of the city asking for arc lights. All were referred to the committee on light and water, consisting of Aldermen Rothermal, Wing and Haven.

A resolution was adopted fixing the rate for city printing as recommended by the conference committee. This rate is 75 cents per folio for the first insertion and 35 cents for all subsequent insertions. Bids for the official printing will be opened on May 6.

A petition was received from the residents of Woodland, Hunter's Park and Glen Avon asking the council to appropriate $100 for the services of a poundmaster during the summer months.

Another petition was received for a sewer on Superior street, between Twenty-second and Twenty-fourth avenues east. It was referred to the board of public works.

The park board notified the council that under the new charter the council had the right to appoint ten park policemen, who should be workmen and care takers of the various parks. The communication urged immediate action.

TIME WAS UP.

It Was Quit Coffee or Die.

When a woman is brought to the edge of the grave by poisoning from the drinking of ordinary coffee day by day, and is then made a well woman by leaving it off, her experience is worth something to others that are poisoned in various ways from the same habit.

Mrs. Jennette B. Brown, 100 Minor street, New Haven, Conn., says: "Four years ago my life hung on a very slender thread, and a very severe form of rheumatism. I was confined to bed with hands, wrists, feet and ankles so badly swollen that they bore no resemblance to parts of the human body. I had frequent sinking spells from heart weakness when I was thought to be dying and sometimes thought to be dead. My doctor, one of the directors of the State Hospital, a very sucessful man in his profession, told me to stop drinking coffee and use Postum Food Coffee, as he said coffee was the primary cause of my trouble.

I took his advice at once and discontinued medicines. Slowly the swelling disappeared, and the rheumatism left me, the sinking spells became less frequent, and I got out of bed and around the house. I was completely cured, but it required some time.

For the past three years I have been a perfectly strong, healthy woman, sleep well, with good appetite, good color, active and energetic.

It is a great pleasure to testify to Postum that has made me a well woman again. I have many friends here and in other parts of the state who are using Postum Food Coffee regularly, and I know to their very great benefit.

You Have Faith..

In our Piano story from day to day, or there wouldn't be so many buyers.

As business keeps on growing the wonder grows, "how do you do it?" Why, it's just this simple thing: People have faith in us, our pianos, our methods.

The matchless Steinway,
The famous Knabe,
The popular Kranich & Bach,
The widely known Ivers & Pond,
The time-tested Gabler,
The favorite Emerson,
The delightful Ludwig.

They know that these instruments are not surpassed in the world. They know that in every one is secured highest quality at lowest possible prices.

"It's a good place to buy a Piano." Send for Bargain Bulletin.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos
Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

WILL NOT HAVE IT

Capt. John Pengilly Declines Place on Governor's Staff.

Has No Love For Present Governor of Minnesota.

Not to Be Appeased With a Bit of Flattery.

Capt. John Pengilly, of Ely, who was appointed by Governor Van Sant as an aide-de-camp, carrying with it the rank of colonel, has "respectfully declined." He will have none of it, and does not propose to be appeased in that manner, for Capt. Pengilly has a grievance against the governor, and anybody who knows Capt. Pengilly well, knows that his feelings are strong, for it is not in his nature to have a mild grievance. He will have strong reasons for it, or he will have no feeling whatever.

The particular cause of his dissatisfaction is said to be the action of Governor Van Sant in ignoring the request for the appointment of Monroe Nichols to the office of surveyor general of logs and lumber in the Duluth district. Mr. Nichols had the endorsement of practically all of the mining captains on the ranges, and the ranges, it will be acknowledged, furnish a good many Republican votes. There may be splits in other parts of the state, but the ranges always respond with the same old Republican majority, and have lifted the Republican party out of a good many tight places. The men on the ranges who round up the votes are the mining captains, but they never ask very much in the way of acknowledgment of their services. When, therefore, they rallied to the support of Mr. Nichols they expected better treatment. The governor, it is understood, did not even give the petition consideration, but announced at once that Mr. Nichols had no chance whatever. This has angered the mining captains, and Mr. Pengilly particularly.

The appointment to a place on the staff has been generally regarded by Duluth politicians who knew the circumstances as a bit of "sop" thrown out by Governor Van Sant in one of his "jollying" moods, thinking thereby to appease Capt. Pengilly's wrath. If that was his intention, he little knew the man with whom he was playing, for any of his (Capt. Pengilly's) friends could have told the governor just how he would treat the matter.

M. M. Gasser was at the same time named as assistant commissary general, carrying with it the rank of major. This is a drop in rank for Mr. Gasser, for under Governor Clough he had the rank of colonel. Mr. Gasser will accept it, however, but it is understood that he does not like very well that he should have a reduction in rank. He does not admit any disappointment, however, but says that the number of majors is much more limited than that of colonels, and it is just as well to be a major for a change.

New Use For Electricity.

A professor recently discovered that electricity is a stimulant for the brain. We do not wish to dispute the merits of this discovery, but are inclined to think that the only natural stimulant for the brain is sleep. If you are not able to sleep you are certainly in a bad way. It is usually caused by the stomach being out of order, the disturbance being communicated to the brain. Keep the stomach in good condition by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and you will have insomnia no longer. It is a splendid medicine for strengthening the nerves and will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and biliousness. As a spring tonic it has no equal. See that our Private Revenue Stamp is on the neck of the bottle.

GAINED NOTHING.

A Woman's Experience on a Street Car.

"Did you ever notice the funny things that a woman will do when she is excited and mad?" remarked a Duluthian to a group of friends last evening. About three out of the five began to look pretty wise, but as they said nothing, he continued:

"I went over to Superior on a street car this afternoon, and while the car was running down Garfield avenue, near the new plant of the Northwestern Boiler works, a woman on the car held up her hand for the conductor to stop the car, just as it was opposite one of those little stop signs nailed on a telephone post. The conductor reached for the bell cord but, glancing out the window and noticing that the car was practically past the corner, he waited. Well, you should have seen that woman. She was awfully mad and commenced waving her hands at the conductor, yelling at him to stop the car. He then pulled the bell cord for the next corner, but as the car had not reached the stopping place, it kept in motion. The woman then rushed back on the conductor and grabbing him by the coat, she commenced to scold:

"Say, why don't you stop the car? Aren't you ever going to stop? I want to get off. Give me my nickel.'

"The conductor took in the humor of the situation, and responded in his smoothest tones:

"'Madam, can't you see that I have done all I can? I rang the bell, but for some reason the motorman does not seem inclined to stop. You go tell him your troubles.' She acted on his advice, to the amusement of the passengers, and jerking open the front door, seized the motorman by the shoulder just as he brought the car to a stop on the corner.

"'Say, why don't you stop when you hear the bell? Don't you pay any attention to it?'

"The car was standing and the motorman was a little put out and he replied:

"'Madam, you better go back and tell the conductor your troubles.'

"In the meantime, while the exasperated woman was talking to the motorman, the conductor stood with his hand on the bell cord, and just as she turned to come back, he gave the signal to go ahead and the car started. This was too much for the angry passenger and for a moment she stood in the middle of the car glaring first at the conductor and then at the motorman, finally deciding to finish up on the conductor, which she did with a vengeance, demanding her fare back and threatening him with all sorts of dreadful things. The conductor is an unmarried man, but he stood the ordeal wonderfully well till the woman left the car at the next corner, about three blocks from the point at which she wanted to get off."

Your Eyes?

Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,

Jewelers and Opticians,
121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Al G. Field's minstrels appeared before a Duluth audience last evening and it was one of the very largest audiences the Lyceum has held during this theatrical season. Every seat was filled, the gallery was packed and standing room was sold in liberal quantities. The performance was all that had been claimed for it and delighted everyone. It is the general makeup of the whole show rather than the individual excellence that makes it so good. There are no waits and the features follow each other rapidly and interestingly. The first part opens with a brilliant setting liberally sprinkled with electric lights and other dazzling effects. The vocalists appear in white face rather than the old time black and are handsomely costumed, but the men on the end are of course in the usual burnt cork. The work on the ends is very good but not out of the ordinary, in fact there seems to have been an intention on the part of Mr. Field to cut off the end work very largely. He appears in a monologue that is very good but it will be rather difficult for him to do away with the end men who are to most lovers of minstrel shows the great feature. The vocalists are pleasing but none are of striking excellence, although Rees Prosser and Arthur Yule are sweet singers and were generously encored. The dances were very clever, especially Doc Quigley, eccentric dancer. Sheik Hagi Tarah gave a fine exhibition of gun spinning.

The second part opened with an amusing skit, "One Day at the White House," in which were presented Mark Hanna, President McKinley, Teddy Roosevelt, Chairman Jones, Carrie Nation, etc. There were some excellent caricatures, and those of Mr. Field as Mark Hanna and Mr. Rigby as Roosevelt were particularly good.

The olio was brilliant throughout. Pascatel presented startling feats of contortion and balancing. The Blackford brothers gave a pleasing skit in which they do some clever violin playing. John Blackford gave a very pretty piece of work in the form of a monologue in which he presented a country dancing party, with the calls, etc., imitating the old-time fiddler. It was both artistic and funny. Bob Keys and Eddie McDonald, grotesque acrobats, were fine. McDonald is very funny and his work is startling. Keys is a wonderful jumper. Arthur Rigby gave a good monologue. The entertainment closed with the appearance of the Moorish Mamelukes in feats of acrobatic work and exhibitions of strength. It was spirited and enthusiastic and the acts were astonishing. Throughout there was a whirling dervish incessantly revolving.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

The Sixth Avenue theater was packed to the doors last night to see North Bros.' splendid production of "Old Farmer Allen." Every soul crowded beneath the roof of this popular playhouse voted the play a hummer and one of the most meritorious performances that has been given by this excellent company. It is worthy of note that although this is the third week of the North Bros.' run at the Sixth Avenue there has as yet been no falling off either in patronage or the quality of the productions. Last night's play had an all star cast and each member made an individual hit.

Debate Between Doctors.

How would you like to hear a debate between Dr. M. J. Rodermund, of Appleton, Wis., the noted anti-vaccinationist, and some of the vaccination doctors of Duluth on the smallpox question? Who, Dr. Rodermund is can be learned from an article concerning him in the amusement column of The Herald and he will lecture at the Armory on the last three evenings of this week. He claims that smallpox is not contagious and that vaccination is a gigantic humbug; and while here any of the vaccination doctors who would like to tackle a buzz saw will be given an opportunity.

Contract For Timber.

A contract for a timber deed was filed with the register of deeds yesterday, by the terms of which W. A. Avery et al agrees to sell to W. H. Cook et al timber lands in 53-11, 54-11, 53-12, 54-12, 55-12, 52-13, 53-13 for $580,000. This is said to be estimating the timber on the lands at $6 per 1000. All the lands are northeast of Duluth along the Cloquet river.

For cracks in shrunken floors, use Grippin's flexible Crack and Crevice Filler, the only perfect remedy. Fills a universal want. At all paint dealers. Booklet free. Grippin Mfg. Co., Newark, N. Y.

WILCOX-TANSY PILLS
Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2 Send for Woman's Safeguard (free).
WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

Relief for the Gentler Sex

"Mother's Friend" is a special friend during the nine trying months before childbirth. It is a simple liniment of marvelous power, and, by its relaxation of the muscles, allays all nervousness, relieves distressing headaches, cramps and nausea.

It is a blessing in a bottle, robbing confinement of all its pain.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by all responsible druggists at $1.00 per bottle. If it cannot be found, we will send it by express prepaid anywhere in the United States upon receipt of price.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

We publish a book on "Motherhood" that every one of the gentler sex can have mailed free upon request.

"Oh, for relief!"

The Fifth Avenue Grocery

J. RISATTI & CO. 503 W. SUPERIOR ST.

We are going out of the grocery business. In order to dispose of our stock we are going to sell everything in our line below cost. Come early and make your selection while the stock is complete.

J. RISATTI & Co.

Kidney Cripples

Are you one of those Kidney Cripples with a weak back? Can't stand up erect without those sharp pains in small of the back. Waken up in the night with distress in the kidneys, which makes you restless and unable to sleep well. You are in danger of Bright's Disease and should correct the trouble at once with

LINCOLN TEA

The herbs of this wonderful remedy act directly on the kidneys and correct any disorders of those vital organs quicker than any other remedy.

A 100-Page Book of Stories and Anecdotes of Abraham Lincoln free with every 25-cent package.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

Hotel Victoria

Broadway, 5th Ave. and 27th Street, New York.

Absolutely Fireproof

In the center of the shopping and theatre district. First-class in all its appointments. Entirely new through out.

European Plan

Rooms single or en suite, with or without bath, hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Proprietor.

John H. Langton, formerly of The Spalding Hotel is on The Victoria staff.

BREAKS SHARPLY

Wheat Loses Much of Its Gain of Previous Day.

Cables Were Disappointing and Caused a Weak Opening.

Small Receipts and Poor Crop Conditions In Germany.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 23.—The wheat market started rather weak and lower this morning, the cable news being of a disappointing character, prices at Liverpool being unchanged to ½d lower. The Northwest receipts were small, there was further confirmation of the stories about the poor crop conditions in Germany and the spot market at Liverpool was reported strong. These factors infused some strength into the market and prices rallied. The strength was short lived, however, and the close was at the low price for the day. The Germans were reported as selling in the Liverpool market the wheat they bought yesterday when the crop scare became prominent. Primary receipts of wheat were 399,383 bus; last year 351,386. Shipments 399,691 bus, last year 572,250.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 194 cars, against 360 last week and 364 last year. Chicago receipts, 108 cars, none of contract grade.

Trading in futures was fairly active on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ¾c off at 73¼c, advanced to 73¾c at 9:40, eased off to 73⅜c at 9:42, recovered to 73¾c at 10:37 reacted to 73⅜c at 11:40, sold down to 73⅜c at 1:08 and closed at 73⅝c, a decline of ¾c for the day. Chicago declined 1¼c, and Minneapolis ⅞c.

Cash sales were 10,000 bus at May price for wheat to arrive, and ½c under for wheat in store.

Corn touched 47c today at Chicago, but the close was weaker. At Duluth there was no change in the price. May, cash and to arrive flax was up 1½c, September was up ¾c and October 1¼c. Primary receipts were 223,373 bus, last year 382,550. Other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 74⅜c; to arrive, 74⅜c; May, 74⅝c; September, 73½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 72⅝c; to arrive, 72⅝c; May, 72⅝c; September, 71½c; July, 73½c. No. 2 northern, 69⅝@70⅝c. No. 3 spring, 67⅝@68⅝c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 46⅜c. Flax, cash, $1.61; to arrive, $1.61; May, $1.62½; September, $1.25; September Northwestern, $1.27; October, $1.22¼. Corn, 42c; May, 42½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 37; corn, 1; rye, 4; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 30,229; corn, 2567; oats, 1349; rye, 1296. Shipments—Wheat, 5422; barley, 35; flax, 900.

SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1,000 bus	$0.73
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus	73⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	73⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¾
Rye, 5,000 bus	51
Rye, 1 car	51

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Lower, Rallied But Broke Again.

Chicago, April 23.—May wheat opened ½@¾c lower, at 72@72¼c today, on disappointing cables. Small Northwest receipts, a reiteration of extremely poor crop conditions in Germany and the fact that the Liverpool spot market was strong gave the bulls a degree of confidence and May rallied early to 72¾c. Local receipts were 108 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 194 cars, against 300 last week and 364 a year ago.

Under liquidation May later broke to 71⅝c and closed rather heavy 1⅛c lower at 71⅝c.

While the actual transactions in corn were limited, the price for May delivery again broke the crop record. This option opened ⅜c lower to ¼c higher at 46@46⅛c and was bid up to 47c on fears of a squeeze in May. Local receipts were 162 cars, 38 of contract grade. July sold at 1¾ under May.

The close was strong, May ½c higher at 46½c.

Oats were quiet; May opened a shade lower at 25⅝c and after touching 25⅜@⅝c rose to 26⅛c with corn. Receipts were 424 cars.

Provisions opened steady on higher hogs, but eased off on selling by local traders. July pork opened unchanged at $14.47½ and sold to $14.50@14.52½; July lard 2½c higher at 865, declining to $8.02½, and July ribs unchanged at $7.62½ selling to $7.60.

Close: Wheat, April 71½@¼c; May, 71⅝c; July, 71⅞c. Corn, April, 46c; May, 46½c; July, 44⅝c. Oats, April, 25⅜@⅝c; May, 25¾@⅞c; July, 24¼@⅜c. Pork, April, $14.30; April, $14.20; July, $14.45. Lard, April, $8.20; May, $8.10; July, $7.97½@8.00; September, $7.92½. Ribs, April, $8.12½@8.15; May, $8.12½@8.15; July, $7.87½@7.90; September, $7.82½@7.85. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.61; No. 1, $1.60; May, $1.60; September, $1.23. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 70@72c; No. 3 red, 70@72c; No. 2 hard winter, 72½@73½c; No. 3 hard winter, 71½@72½c; No. 1 northern spring, 73@74c; No. 2 northern spring, 72@74c; No. 3 spring, 69@72½c. Corn, No. 2, 46½c; No. 3, 43¾@44c. Oats, No. 2, 26¾@27c; No. 3, 25@29c. Rye, April, 50½c; May, 50c; July, 50c. Barley, cash, 28@57c. Timothy, September, $3.20. Clover, April $11.00.

BROKE THE RECORD.

Chicago, April 23.—May corn again broke the crop record today, selling at 47 cents. George H. Phillips, the bull leader, was in the pit, but was less active than many others, who, being short, were anxious to cover. Around the top bulls sold to secure profits, but only on a moderate scale, and the market closed with shorts still nervous, May ½c higher at 46½c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 23.—The strength which was so much in evidence yesterday in the wheat market was lacking today and prices have lost 1c a bus. There has not been the speculative breadth and dullness has had a good deal to do with the decline. Liverpool cables were unchanged. Paris was lower. There was good weather reports and cron damage talk was not pronounced, with the Southwest the best sellers. Probably the most bearish factor in the pit was the elimination of yesterday of the short line, the tendency to follow local sentiment, which is pronouncedly bearish and ready to press any advantage. Clearances were large, 776,609 bus. Cash demand, however, was not quite so good, about 90,000 bus from here, 24 loads at New York. Receipts were light both in the West and the Northwest. It is a good scalping market.

May corn touched 47c and July 45⅛c, these are the best prices so far. The trade has been large, Phillips helping the advance along, receipts continue very small. Liverpool reflects considerable strength in the spot article, cables for which were 1 to 1½c up. Contract stock 2,764,000 bus increased 304,000 bus. Cash demand is slow, the advance having checked trade. The corn market is a better one to follow than to fight. The running of a deal would be a dangerous one for shorts, and at the same time the outsider might find the long side a dangerous one. Buy on breaks and on sensational bulges the short side should also be profitable.

The oat market has been firm, trade large and prices advancing, at one time ⅜@½c. Largely changing over market; local shorts covered; damage talk was quite freely indulged in. Cash demand quite. Exports, 30,609; clearances were large, 490,000 bus.

The provision market has been very slow, having no benefit from the strength in coarse grains. Hogs 5c higher, with 20,000 received and 27,000 estimated. At Western points there were 73,000, against 63,000 a year ago. The falling off in export movement has a depressing effect, and speculation is not coming into the market as an offset.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 70⅞@70¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 71⅜-⅛@71⅜c.
Curb, May wheat, 71⅛@71⅜c bid.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 23.—Close, wheat, cash, 72½c; May, 71⅛c; July, 72⅝@⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74¼c; No. 1 northern, 72⅛c; No. 2 northern, 69⅞@70⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 23.—Close, wheat, May, 78½c; July, 77½c. Corn, May, 51¼c; July, 49½c.

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	29,450	143,107
Philadelphia	55,718	76,000
Baltimore	37,387	96,000
Toledo	23,914	12,600
Detroit	2,334	12,600
St. Louis	21,000	111,000
Boston	92,217	
Chicago	86,450	154,279
Milwaukee	44,250	14,640
Minneapolis	193,880	41,650
Kansas City	41,600	44,800
Duluth	30,229	5,422

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73¼B	71⅜	72¼	78⅞
High	73½	72-⅛	72½	79⅜
Low	72⅞	71	71¼	78½
Close	72⅞B	71⅛	71⅜	78⅝A
July—				
Open	74¼B	73½-¼	72⅝@½	78¼
High	74¾	73½	73	78⅞
Low	73⅞	72⅜	71⅞	77½
Close	73⅞	72⅜-½	71⅞	77½B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	26	46½	$14.35
High	26⅜	47	$14.35
Low	25¾-⅞	46¼	$14.30
Close	25⅞-⅞	46½	$14.30

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 23.—Close: Wheat, unchanged to ½d higher; May 5s 10d; July, 5s 10¼d; September, 5s 10d. Corn, ¼d lower to ¼d higher; May, 4s 11¼d; July, 3s 11¼d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market opened with a strong indication of an active movement in horses this week. Receipts of available stock were large, quality favorable for the present demand. Buyers from all quarters were in attendance and buying was particularly active in the line of good farm horses and delivery horses. Heavy drafters moved comparatively slow; local men were the only buyers of that grade. Values:

Drafters, extra	$145@170
Drafters, choice	130@140
Farm horses, extra	120@140
Farm horses, choice	100@125
Farm horses, common to good	75@100
Farm horses, inferior	40@ 65

George Rupley
Representing
WEARE COMMISSION CO.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
406 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MPLS
A Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
2 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., 100 Torrey Bldg.

F. A. ROGERS & CO.
Incorporated.
Bankers, Brokers and Dealers in— STOCKS, GRAIN, COTTON, PROVISIONS
For Investment or Margin.
52 Wall Street, New York.
Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn. Rooms 109 and 110. Telephone 1197.
NEIL McLACHLAN, Manager.
DIRECT SPECIAL WESTERN UNION WIRE, giving Instantaneous and Continuous New York Quotations.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	125	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	95
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	...
Bank of Commerce	100	85	...
Parry Sound Copper	1	.35	...
Calumet-Ariz., copper	10	...	...
L. S. Con. Iron Mines		...	182
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	4.50	...
Pen. Iron & Steel	100	...	60
Gt. Western Iron	100	...	10
Gt. Northern Iron	100	...	10
Shaw Iron	100	...	10
Zenith Oil Co.	1 new		
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com.	100	...	20
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Land Scrip. Pine Lands.
Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
H. W. COFFIN,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

NEW YORK MONEY.

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WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Speculation Less Rampant and Devoid of Any Excitement.

Prices Declined Under Pressure of Very Heavy Selling.

Close Was at the Lowest Generally of the Day.

New York, April 23.—The stock market opened with a quieter tone than for some time past. The dealings in individual stocks were not so heavy and the price changes were mostly confined to fractions and were mixed between gains and losses. There was some confusion of speculative sentiment manifest nevertheless. Opening gains were not all retained and part of the losses were recovered. Southern Pacific opened wide at 52⅜, down to 52, compared with 51⅞ last night on sales of 12,000 shares. There were gains of 1 to 1½ in Burlington, Manhattan, Amalgamated Copper and Smelting. Missouri Pacific sold down 1½ and rallied a point and Continental Tobacco lost 1½.

The apparent concerted action by substantial interests to support the market and offset any bear aggression tempted by the $1,000,000 gold engagement for export resulted in a firmer tone after the opening hesitancy. In the principal active stocks losses were quickly wiped out and St. Paul, Burlington, Baltimore & Ohio, Southern Pacific, Northern Pacific, Rock Island, Atchison, preferred, Reading, Louisville and Brooklyn Transit advanced from 1 to 2½ above yesterday's close. Trading increased in volume as the rise progressed and the short interest which was considered large yesterday, was somewhat reduced through nervousness of the active demand for stocks. A subsequent drop of 2⅜ to 108¼ in St. Paul checked the general rise, and there was a sharp reaction in various stocks, especially Amalgamated Copper, People's Gas, Brooklyn Transit, Burlington and Southern Pacific and Northern Pacific.

Offerings of stocks grew lighter when the reaction reached between 2 and 3 points in the principal issues. A spurt upward of from 1 to 3 points in the Kansas & Texas, American Linseed and Rubber stocks infused a strengthening effect on the general market, but prices did not recover to their earlier level aside from Burlington, which rose to 196½ and Metropolitan, which touched 176. Speculation generally was quiet and without the excitement of yesterday's market. Bonds were irregular.

The reaction carried prices lower after 2 o'clock. There was a slight rebound when the bears covered, but the rally did not extend to a point except in one or two cases, and the selling was renewed, forcing prices lower than before. Prominent stocks among the grangers, Pacifics, trunk lines, Southwesterns, local tractions and high priced specialties sold from 1 to 4½ under yesterday's closing level, the St. Paul decline reaching 4¾. Sugar 5¼ and other stocks from 1 to 4 points. Except for a few rallies on covering by room shorts the closing was weak under pressure of very heavy selling and at the lowest generally of the day.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	148¾	148¾	143½	144¼
Tobacco	128	128	126	126¼
Atchison com	68½	69¼	67	67½
Atchison pfd	96½	97½	95⅞	96
Brooklyn Transit	87	87¾	83½	84
C. M. & St. P.	168¾	171	166¼	166¾
C. B. & Q.	195	196⅜	194⅝	195
Erie	38¾	39⅛	37½	38
U. S. Steel com	45¾	47¼	45½	46
U. S. Steel pfd	94	95	93¾	94
L. & N.	96¼	96¾	94½	94½
Manhattan	103⅞	103⅞	103¾	104½
Missouri Pacific	129¾	130½	126¾	127⅜
N. Y. common	107½	108¾	106½	107
N. P. preferred	102	103¾	102	102¾
People's Gas	98	98⅜	98	98½
Rock Island	115¼	116¼	113½	113½
Southern Pacific	155	156½	151¾	152⅜
Southern Pacific	52	52⅝	49½	50¼
T. C. I.	67	68½	66	66⅜
Leather common	14	14¼	13¾	13¾
Union Pacific pfd.	87	87½	86¾	86⅞
Union Pacific com.	99	101¼	98⅜	98⅜
Western Union	93¼	93¾	92½	92⅜
Southern Ry com.	30⅝	30¾	29⅝	29¼
Southern Ry pfd.	83⅝	83¾	82½	82¾
Pennsylvania	100¼	100½	140¾	140¾
Illinois Central	142	143	140¾	140¾

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NEW BASIS.

Modified Agreement to Be Presented to Canadian Pacific Officials.

Chicago, April 23.—A modification of the agreement with the Canadian Pacific railroad will form the basis of the demands which the International Association of Machinists will make upon the Illinois Central railroad officials. This was decided upon today at the conference of the machinists held in this city. It had been the intention to present the demands today, but the formation of the document was delayed so that it will not be ready before tomorrow. Second Vice President Hanrahan says he will receive teh committee of machinists if the members are Illinois Central employes. On this point a clash is expected, since it is intimated the members of the committee will stand not as employes but as members of the International association. The association will ask, it is stated, that the company will agree to an 8-hour day and an increase of about 10 per cent in wages, with extra pay for overtime, and an allowance for time lost while out with wrecking crews. Other concessions, regarding transportation, apprentices, etc., will be asked. Officials of the company are confident there will be no strike.

TELEPHONE CHANGES.

Several Presidential Moves In Different Companies.

Chicago, April 23.—John M. Clark, president of the Chicago Telephone company, will retire from his position within the next week or ten days and will be succeeded by John I. Sabin, of San Francisco. This announcement was made today. Mr. Sabin also will become president of the Central Union Telephone company, which controls the Bell system covering Illinois, Iowa, Indiana and Ohio, succeeding W. A. Jackson, who it is said, will retire. The two companies will it is understood, be operated practically as one system. Mr. Clark will become chairman of the board of directors of the Chicago company.

"Reports of a big combine," he said, "are groundless." Mr. Sabin, it is said, by adopting the "graded" system of rates, and instituting a nickle-in-the-slot public service instead of the dime rate now charged, expects to greatly widen the scope of the two systems which will come under the charge.

EPSOM SPRING MEET.

The Excellent Races Draw Large Crowds.

London, April 23.—An excellent program and summer-like weather attracted unusual crowds to the Epsom spring meeting today. Americans were only placed once in the first three events, when Richard Croker's Scotchman II, ridden by L. Reiff, was third in the Nork Park plate, L. W. Humb's Royal George winning. This cleared the way to the great Metropolitan stakes, with William C. Whitney's Billow II the sole American representative among the seventeen runners. The race was won by H. Kling's bay colt Evasit, with Johnny Reiff up. Lord Penrhyn's bay horse Kingsman was second and Sir E. Vincent's bay horse Stoccadoran third.

STRIKE POSTPONED.

One Ordered at McKeesport Failed to Materialize.

Pittsburg, April 23.—The strike of the employes of the McKeesport connecting road ordered for this morning, did not take place and the system was being operated as usual. The strikers claim, however, that the road will be tied up before another day and that all of the men will refuse to work. Superintendent J. A. Beattie says the road will be operated in spite of the strike and the men insist that this will be impossible.

MISSED HIM.

Police Fail to Find Anarchist Romagnoli.

Bremerhaven, April 23.—The police here awaited the arrival today of the North German Lloyd steamer Halle, from Buenos Ayres, March 27, in expectation of the steamer having on board the anarchist Romagnoli, who is said to have been deputized by the anarchists of Paterson, N. J., to assassinate Emperor William, but though an unusually rigorous examination was made of the ship, passengers and baggage, nothing positive resulted. The police, however, are suspicious regarding an Italian who landed here, and are having him carefully watched.

RAILROAD CHANGES.

Announcement Made By the Rock Island.

Chicago, April 23.—The following changes in the operating department were announced today by the Rock Island:

A. J. Hitt, general superintendent, to be general manager, with headquarters at Chicago; William Hobbs, superintendent of lines east of the Missouri, to be general superintendent of the system at Chicago; W. H. Stillwell, superintendent of lines west of the Missouri, to be superintendent of lines east of the river, at Davenport; J. H. Hubbell, superintendent Chicago Terminals, to be superintendent of lines west of the Missouri river, at Topeka.

ATTEMPTED BANK ROBBERY.

Wiscasset, Me., April 23.—An attempt was made to rob the First National bank here early today. The vault and interior of the bank were badly damaged by a heavy explosion which shook the entire town and the robbers fled leaving their tools behind. They secured nothing.

BRITISH RECRUITS.

London, April 23.—The annual return of recruiting for 1900 shows a total enlistment of 98,361 against 42,700 in 1899. hTe recruiting for the infantry is regarded as unsatisfactory. In spite of the impetus of the war and the reduction in the standard of height, the number of enlisted infantrymen is below 1899, the recruits generally having preferred the shower branches of the service.

WEDDED AT ST. PAUL'S.

London, April 23.—Malcolm Moncrieffe, brother of Sir Robert Moncrieffe, Bart., and of the duchess of Atholl and the countess of Dudley, and Miss Amy Morehead Walker, of Chicago, daughter of the late S. J. Walker, of Frankfort, Ky., were married at St. Paul's church, Knights Bridge, today. A reception was afterwards held at Carter's hotel in Albemarle street. Both functions were largely attended.

FATAL COLLISION.

New York, April 23.—The Fall River steamer Pilgrim and the fishing schooner Samuel Ricker, of New Haven, collided off Cornfield at 1:20 o'clock this morning. The Ricker sank immediately and her captain, Allen, was drowned.

Only a Few Days

left in which for you to take advantage of our **Grand Removal Sale Prices**—It means a big saving in your Spring Outfitting if you purchase at these reduced figures

Until we are moved these prices are dollar-savers.

WASH BOILERS
ENAMEL WARE
IRON KETTLES
15% from regular prices.

TINWARE 25% FROM REGULAR PRICES

Couches, Hall Trees and Sideboards at fifteen per cent from our regular LOW PRICES.

TIN WORK—Gutter tin, roof tin, eave trough, metal ceilings—all done at most reasonable prices. Contractors are asked to get our prices—we can save you money on a building contract. Competent union tinner and prompt service.

Bicycles Till we are moved, on any Bicycle selling for $30.00 or over for cash we will give 5 per cent off, and in addition thereto your choice of a gas lamp, one bell, one pair pants guards, one stick chain lubricant and one bottle cycle oil. All this with each and every Bicycle sold for cash at $30.00 or over.

Columbia

YOURS FOR BUSINESS—

R. R. FORWARD & COMPANY,

Hardware Hustlers. *Hardware Hustlers.*

2021-2023 West Superior Street, Duluth Minn.

INDICTMENT

Will Undoubtedly Be Issued For Patrick For Rice's Death.

New York, April 23.—Albert T. Patrick, David L. Short and Morris Meyer were taken before the grand jury today, that body considering the charge against Patrick of causing the death of William M. Rice. The three men said that, acting on advice of counsel, they preferred not to testify. After the jury had adjourned for the day, it was said an order had been given for the presentation of an indictment against Patrick on the charge that he caused Rice's death and for indictments against Short and Meyer on charges of forgery in having, as alleged, by the prosecution, signed their names as witnesses to a will bearing the signature of William M. Rice, which signature it was claimed, was forged.

EASTMAN.

Prosecution Opens Its Case Against Harvard Instructor.

Cambridge, Mass., April 23.—In the trial of Charles R. Eastman, the Harvard instructor, charged with the murder of his brother-in-law, Richard R. Grogan, Jr., the prosecution's case was presented at the opening of the court. The attorney asserted that on the day previous to the one on which Grogan was shot, he had accused Eastman of "being out with a girl." The next day, while Grogan and Eastman were shooting at a target, neighbors heard cries of "help," "murder," and the two men were seen engaged in a struggle. When neighbors reached Grogan he was lying on the ground, groaning and accusing Eastman of having murdered him. Eastman met the accusation with the declaration that it was an accident.

SALT CHEAP.

Almost Given Away to Prevent Being Washed Away.

Gallipolis, Ohio, April 23.—Point Pleasant has seven feet of water in its business houses on the main street, owing to the deluge sweeping down the Ohio valley, and in the lower portion of the town the water is creeping into the second stories.

Many families are homeless, but are being cared for in school houses and by neighbors. The depots at Middleport and Pomeroy are both under water.

Five thousand barrels of salt were almost given away at the Pomeroy mills. Otherwise it would have been washed away.

RAILROAD EXTENSION.

The New Plans of the "Frisco" Management.

St. Louis, April 23.—President Yoakum of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad has returned from the East, after a conference with the directors concerning the various works of extension in which the "'Frisco" is now engaged. He denied all reports of the purpose of the Mexican Central line, but admitted that the "Frisco" management is considering the extension of the line to Mexico, possibly south from Brownwood, Texas, toward Eagle Pass, where a connection will be made with the Mexican International, via Torreon, thence to the City of Mexico, via the Mexican Central.

OFFICER KILLED.

Joplin, Mo., April 23.—Officer Sweeney was killed and Officer Brannon was fatally wounded today while attempting to arrest five tramps in a box car. In the confusion following the shooting, which was done by one of the prisoners, four of the tramps escaped.

TO RESUME OPERATIONS.

East Liverpool, Ohio, April 23.—All the river potteries will resume operations Wednesday. The river is falling fast and the people are moving back to their homes in the West End. The water has caused much damage.

CABINET MEETING.

Visit of Commission From Havana Discussed.

Washington, April 23.—Much of the time of the cabinet today was devoted to discussing the coming visit of the commission appointed by the Havana constitutional convention, which is now on its way to Washington. The commissioners are to be received cordially and are to be shown every courtesy. A state dinner in the state dining room at the White House will be given by the president in their honor on Thursday night.

It was decided not to delay longer the commencement of the construction of the new department of justice building, for which congress appropriated $1,000,000. Former Attorney General Griggs was opposed to proceeding with the construction on account of the limited appropriation and repeated attempts were made to secure an additional appropriation. These failed and, as the present quarters are being crowded, Attorney General Knox recommended that the work be begun under the present plans, which will be modified to conform to the size of the appropriation available.

APPOINTED A BISHOP.

Rector of American College Goes to Maine.

Lowell, Miss., April 23.—The family of the Rev. W. H. O'Connell, rector of the American college in Rome, have received a cablegram stating that he has been appointed bishop. The communication gives no further information. Friends here interpret the message to mean that Father O'Connell has been appointed bishop of Portland, Me., to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Bishop J. A. Healy.

Rome, April 23.—The Rev. Father O'Connell, president of the American college here, when questioned as to the report that he had been appointed bishop of Maine, said there was nothing new yet in regard to the bishopric situation.

SWELL WEDDING.

Rockefeller-Stillman Nuptials at St. Bartholomew's.

New York, April 23.—Isabel Goodrich Stillman, daughter of James Stillman, and Percy A. Rockefeller, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Rockefeller, were married at St. Bartholomew's church today. The wedding was followed by a reception at the Stillman home. The church was handsomely decorated with flowers and ferns.

The bride was given away by her father and attended at the altar by Miss Ethel G. Rockefeller as maid of honor, and Miss Edith Gray, Miss Ethel Whitney, Miss Alice Strong and Miss Daisy Greer as bridesmaids. William G. Rockefeller attended his brother as best man.

Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, rector of the church, performed the marriage ceremony. The newly wedded couple probably will make a short American tour and later go abroad.

HOLE IN THE LUNGS

There are thousands of men and women, as well as ever with holes in their lungs: consumption stopped.

What did it?

Some change in way of life and Scott's emulsion of cod liver oil.

A hole in the lungs, once healed, is no worse than a too tight waist or waistcoat. Take the emulsion and give it a chance to heal the wound.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street. New York

GO TO JAIL.

Mrs. Nation Et Al Decline Bail and Are Incarcerated.

Wichita, Kans., Mrs. Carrie Nation, Mrs. Lucy White, Mrs. Julia Evans and Mrs. Lydia Muntz, four women who, it is said, smashed two saloons here some months ago, decided to reject all bail and go to jail. Their cases come before the court tomorrow for the purpose of renewing their bonds.

They claim they could easily get bonds, but they deem it their duty to resent the imputation that they have committed any crime; hence their decision to go to jail.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, Bremen; Aller, from Genoa.
Naples—Arrived: Prinzlein Victoria Louise, from cruise from Hamburg.
Bremen—Arrived: Rhein, New York.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe.

CLEAR COMPLEXION SOFT WHITE HANDS LUXURIANT HAIR PRODUCED BY CUTICURA SOAP.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, in baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz. (25c.), the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world. Sold throughout the world.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

ARBOR DAY.

Its Celebration By the Agricultural Department at Washington.

Washington, April 22.—Arbor day was celebrated here by the planting of two memorial trees in the department of agriculture grounds. The trees are to commemorate the work of the late Secretary of Agriculture J. M. Rusk and late Assistant Secretary Willets. Secretary Wilson, Professor Galloway, director of the bureau of plant industry, and Mr. Sudworth, one of the tree experts of the department, made addresses. Secretary Wilson said:

"It is our privilege and our duty to take steps for the foresting of our country. Educators throughout the centuries have paid our attention to this subject. Only within the last few years have any of our educational institutions established schools for instruction along these lines. It is within our power to do something to right the wrongs that have been perpetrated against the trees in the past. We have gathered into our department most of the scientists of the country, who have knowledge of trees.

"We have set about teaching how to propagate trees from seeds. It is our intention to propagate every fine tree in America and furnish them, through congressional distribution and otherwise, to the dullest sister, where they are most at home; and it is also our intention to bring seeds and plants of valuable trees from foreign countries and introduce them into suitable localities in our own. When we have thoroughly learned how to propogate the seeds of each tree, we shall be ready to send abroad farmers' bulletins telling the people how to do it."

MAY BE SHOT.

Residents of Cape Colony Warned By Kitchener.

Cape Town, April 22.—Lord Kitchener has issued a proclamation to the effect that any resident in the martial law districts of Cape Colony found in arms, inciting to fight, aiding the enemy or endangering by over act the British forces, will be tried by courtmartial and be liable to the most severe penalties. Such persons may even be shot.

WENT OVER NIAGARA.

Niagara Falls, April 23.—Men at work in a new factory on the bank of the Niagara yesterday report that they saw a man in a rowboat swept over the falls. They saw the man evidently trying to cross the river, but found the current too strong. He turned his boat and tried to get back to the shore, but the awful current was too much for him and he was sucked into the upper rapids and carried over the Horseshoe falls.

ROMAGNOLI.

Police Take Great Interest In the Famous Anarchist.

New York, April 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Berlin quotes the Post of this city as asserting that Romagnoli, the alleged anarchist, has been arrested.

Commenting on the Berlin dispatch, the Herald says: "At police headquarters in this city last night it was said that nothing had been heard of the arrest of the anarchist, Romagnoli, alias Roman osso, alias Mueller. It was added that an anarchist named Romagnoli was known to have been an associate of Paterson anarchists, but no attention has been made to keep track of his movements more than those of others of his class, while nothing has been heard of him for a long time. The news of his arrest was received at headquarters with satisfaction. The fact that the police of Germany were keeping a close watch on Romangoli or Romanisso, or Mueller, whichever his name may be, has been known for some time. The fact was announced last week in a cablegram from Berlin that the police force of Germany, especially at the seaports, were eagerly watching for the arrival of this man, who, it was said, was on his way to Germany from Buenos Ayres. It had been reported to the police of Berlin by the police authorities of the Argentine city that Romagnoli was about to visit Germany with the object of taking the life of the emperor. Anarchists in Paterson acknowledged that they knew a man named Romagnoli, but investigation showed that the person whose description they gave would not possibly be the anarchist mentioned in the dispatches—was, in fact, living quietly in West Hoboken at the time.

FAT SALARY

Goes With Presidency of Telephone Company.

New York, April 23.—The Journal and Advertiser says: Frederick P. Fish will take office as president of the American Bell Telephone company and of the American Telephone and Telegraph company on July 1 next. His salary will be $100,000 a year.

He is 47 years old and a graduate of Harvard and law school. He is senior member of Fish, Richardson, Herrick & Neaves, a Boston law firm, and one of the most prominent lawyers in this country.

If you are driving across a railroad track and hear the screech of an approaching engine, you don't stop to see whether a train is coming. You get off the track.

When you arise in the morning with aches and pains shooting through you from hips to shoulders; with that tired, stupid disposition and general run-down feeling, then you may be sure there is something wrong with your liver or kidneys, or both. Don't wait to make sure. It is a fair warning.

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

Will cure you. It is an unfailing remedy in all diseases affecting the liver and kidneys, or urinary functions. It is the best for Diabetes, Dropsy, Gall-stones, Gravel, Jaundice, Rheumatism, etc.

Sold by all druggists. Made by

The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

AGGIE'S REMARKS

Talks Briefly Concerning the Situation In the Philippines.

Doing All He Can In the Interest of Pacification.

Declares He Means Every Word In Recent Address.

Manilla, April 23.—A representative of the Associated Press visited Aguinaldo yesterday afternoon at 56 Solano street, whither he was removed from the Malacanan, and found him in a large room upstairs, furnished with a table, a typewriting machine, three settees and twenty chairs. His wife, who was entertaining a number of Filipino women friends, sat at one end of the room, while Aguinaldo, smoking a cigar and chatting with Benito Legardo, occupied the opposite corner.

Others present were: Lieut. Col. John S. Mallory of the Forty-first volunteer infantry, who has charge of Aguinaldo; Lieut. Gilbert A. Youngberg of the Third artillery, and Mr. Fisher, Gen. MacArthur's private secretary.

Aguinaldo, whose bearing was courteous and dignified, was dressed in white, looked well, and altogether made an excellent impression. Legardo, who had but recently returned from the United States, was telling him about the trip, and he seemed intensely interested, smiling frequently and asking numerous questions. He inquired particularly as to what President McKinley said, and seemed anxious to know what was thought of him in the United States.

He was rather reluctant to talk for publication, and considered every question carefully before answering. He said he was doing all he could to assist in the pacification of the Philippines, and expressed himself as surprised at what the Americans had accomplished. When he was first captured, he went on to say, he was greatly astonished to find that a majority of the Filipinos entertained the opinion that American sovereignty was preferable to independence, but now he was inclined to believe that way himself. He explained that since the dissolution of the insurgent congress and the declaration of guerrilla warfare, the chiefs had operated to all intents and purposes independently. They recognized him as commander-in-chief, sending him reports occasionally, and he issued some orders; but for the last seven months communication had been difficult and he had been almost disconnected.

"I am now urging in the strongest possible manner," said Aguinaldo, "that all insurgents should surrender and swear allegiance to the United States."

He expresses the opinion that Tinio, Lusban, Malvar and other representative insurgents will surrender as soon as they come to understand the nature of the amnesty offered them. He said he hoped that when the work of pacification was complete and conditions were settled the prisoners in Guam would be released.

After referring in grateful terms to the courteous treatment accorded him by the military authorities, he declared his conviction that civil pacification would soon follow.

In concluding the interview he observed:

"Every word in my address to my countrymen, the Filipinos, came from my heart. I hope the Americans believe me thoroughly sincere in my efforts to secure peace and, under American auspices, to promote the welfare and prosperity of the Philippines."

IS SOUND.

No Reaction In the Iron Trade Is Looked For.

New York, April 23.—Archer Brown, of the exporting firm of Rogers, Brown & Co., says that the product of the blast furnaces has been sold six months ahead. "The condition of the iron trade," said he, "is so sound that no reaction is looked for for a long time."

Charles Steele, of the banking firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., says the United States Steel corporation is not negotiating for other concerns. "We have all we can handle at present," he added.

It is semi-officially announced that Pet Kimberly has sold his Minnesota ore property to Jones & Laughlin, of Pittsburg, for $2,250,000.

A director of the Sloss-Sheffield company declared that a consolidation of his company and Tennesee Coal and Iron would probably take place if strong banking interests would undertake the financing of the plan.

TRAIN ROBBED.

Bandits Make Successful Haul on Fast Express.

Memphis, Tenn., April 23.—The fast express of the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad, which left Memphis at 11:40 o'clock last night, was held up by three masked bandits at Bridge Junction, Ark., about midnight. It is not known what booty the robbers secured, but a dispatch received at police headquarters stated that the express messenger and porter of the train were injured after resisting the bandits. The engine and mail and express car were cut off from the train and run to a point half a mile west of the place where the train was stopped. The engine was then detached and run a short distance up the track, two men remaining guard over the train men. The third used dynamite on the express car and blew open the door. It is reported that everything of value in the express car was taken and it is believed the bandits made a large haul as this was a heavy run.

EX-MAYOR CONKLIN DEAD.

Winnipeg, Man., April 23.—E. G. Conklin, ex-mayor of the city, who for many years was clerk of the local legislature, died very suddenly Saturday afternoon. He was one of the most prominent Liberals in the city, and was 55 years of age.

A Child's Cry

Pierces the mother's heart like a sword. Often the mother who would do everything for the little one she loves, is utterly impotent to help and finds no help in physicians. That was the case with Mrs. Duncan, whose little one was almost blind with scrofula. But fortunately she was led to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and so cured the child without resorting to a painful operation.

The great blood-purifying properties of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery have been proved over and over again in cases of scrofula, eczema, eruptions and other diseases which are caused by an impure condition of the blood. It entirely eradicates the poisons which feed disease, and builds up the body with sound, healthy flesh.

"My little daughter became afflicted with scrofula, which affected her eyes," writes Mrs. Agnes L. Duncan, of Mansfield, Sebastian Co., Ark. "She could not bear the light for over a year. We tried to cure her eyes, but nothing did any good. We had our home physician and he advised us to take her to an oculist, as her eyelids would have to be 'scraped.' They had become so thick he thought she would never recover her sight. As there was no one else to whom we could apply my heart sank within me. I went to your 'Common Sense Medical Adviser,' read your treatment on scrofula, getting the properties of medicines there advised. With five bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' I have entirely cured my child.

"Hoping this will be of some use to you and a blessing to other sufferers, with heartfelt thanks, I remain."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are an excellent laxative for children. They are easy to take and thorough in action.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The privilege heretofore enjoyed by the Western millers of warehousing flour in Buffalo without charge, holding it at this point for a favorable market, has been withdrawn. Local officials state that the cause of the withdrawal of this privilege is the recent investigation made.

An order issued by Secretary Root assigns Brig. Gen. James E. Wade to command the department of Southern Luzon, in place of Gen. Bates; and Brig. Gen. William Ludlow, to command the department of the Visayas, in place of Gen. Hughes.

Gold ore assaying $200 to the ton has been discovered near Shelbyville, fifteen miles east of Para, Ill. Experts say it is a phenomenal find, and that it will grow richer as the bluffs are worked.

According to reports from the north by the steamer Cottage City, eighty cases of smallpox are reported in the Sitka Island village. The Indians are stampeding in all directions in canoes, and it is feared they will carry the disease to other villages. Sitka has been placed under quarantine, and guards placed at all places of entrance and exit.

Thomas Shelton, editor of the Christian, a monthly publication of Denver, was arrested on an indictment returned by the federal grand jury, which charges him with using the mails to defraud. Shelton professes to cure all mental and physical ills by sending "vitrations."

An upturned yawl, found in the Erie bay, explains why four seamen of the Rockefeller fleet, who were missing, did not return. Those missing, and supposed to be drowned, are Thomas Greer, Miles Carmer, Guy Lapham and P. H. Duran, of Painesville, Ohio, son of Capt. Duran, in charge of the fleet.

The dowager duchess of Manchester and her sister, Lady Lester Kaye, who are guests of Washington friends, called at the White House Monday, accompanied by Adelbert S. Hay, United States consul at Pretoria. They were received in the green parlor by the president, the ladies being presented to the chief executive by Mr. Hay.

Nouroulah, the gigantic Bulgarian wrestler, gained an easy victory over Charles Wittmer, Cincinnati's heavyweight wrestler, at the St. Louis exposition coliseum, winning two straight falls in exactly five minutes. The European's immense bulk and science were altogether too much for the Cincinnatian to combat successfully.

CABLE FLASHES.

Two Colombian officers arrived at Kingston Sunday from Colon on a secret mission, which it is believed to ascertain the source from whence the Colombians are getting supplies. The general situation in Colombia remains unchanged.

The French foreign minister, M. Delcasse, has arrived at St. Petersburg from Paris, which city he left April 20. A series of dinners have been arranged in his honor, and the czar will receive him in audience at the Tsarskoe Selo.

The force under Commandant Bokburg, composed of 106 men, with wagons and rifles, have surrendered near Middleburg, Transvaal colony.

It is believed in German official circles that Russia will take up negotiations with China regarding the Manchurian question. It is also believed officially that Chinese regulars are already retreating and that the allied commanders are now releasing what troops they can send home.

The London Daily Express says the Canary islands have been swept by a cyclone, twelve persons being killed, thirteen injured and much damage done to property.

According to Russian advices, says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Times, Prince Tuan has utterly failed to produce a rising among the inhabitants of Mongolia, who are kept quiet by a wholesome respect for Russia. It is therefore declared to be untrue that any insurrection has broken out in Mongolia.

The Brussels Petit Bleu publishes a dispatch saying that Dr. Leyds has sent to the German foreign office a formal protest against the supplying of arms and guns to England by Germany.

NETTLETON DEAD.

Denver, April 23.—E. S. Nettleton, for the past two years connected with the department of agriculture in Washington, as an expert on matters pertaining to irrigation, is dead at the home of a friend in this city. He was 69 years old. Mr. Nettleton laid out the towns of Greeley, Colorado Springs and Manitou.

Drying preparations simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents, or it will be mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, New York.

THE CASE IS NOLLED

The End of Criminal Libel Suit In Cass County.

Editor Bernard Sued the Publisher of the Walker Pioneer.

Papers Stolen From Court House and Dismissal Necessary.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The term of district court for Cass county, just closed, was a very brief session. But thirteen civil and two criminal cases were disposed of. Of the criminal cases, one of considerable interest was that of A. G. Bernard vs. A. A. Oliver, for criminal libel. Mr. Bernard is publisher of the Walker Pilot, while Mr. Oliver publishes the Walker Pioneer. The suit was brought by Mr. Bernard on account of an alleged libelous article which Oliver published in his paper relative to his contemporary. The case came up for trial at the term of court held in May of last year, but was continued until this term, at the request of the defendant. The documents in the case were duly filed, and during the time intervening till this term of court the paper containing the alleged libelous matter was stolen, together with the deed for the court house. The latter document was later returned, but the paper in the libel case was never found, and it was impossible to procure another copy of the Pioneer of the same issue. When the case was reached this term it was nolled, at the request of the county attorney.

It is said that the grand jury at this term of court returned indictments against several residents of Cass Lake. And now the contention is made that the jury was an illegal one, and that its acts were unlawful. This claim is based on the fact that the statutes clearly state that "no person shall be drawn as a grand or petit juror for more than one term of the district in one year." The term of court for 1900 was held in May, less than one year ago, but despite that fact three members of the grand jury at this term of court were also members of that body last May. Whether the indictments returned at this term of court will hold good is a question for the courts to settle. Reports current here state that the members of the jury from the south end of the county were inclined to indict every resident of Cass Lake against whom any complaint was made, and so bitter were they against this place that the two members of the jury from Cass Lake resigned and refused to sit with that body any longer.

Word was received here yesterday that Peter Larson had been killed. Mr. Larson went to Washington recently in company with L. W. Clarke. No particulars of the cause of death were given. Larson was a millwright and installed the machinery in the Cass Lake plant of the Nils Lumber company's sawmill.

TARIFF SCHEDULE.

Russia's New Order Received By Department.

Washington, April 22.—The state department has received from Ambassador Tower, at St. Petersburg, and Consul Heenan, at Odessa, copies of the order of the Russian minister of finance, imposing the Russian retaliatory tariff on American machinery, and a complete set of the regulations, governing the identification of the articles levied upon. The tariff schedule just received is a revision of one formerly transmitted to the state department. In the latter case a number of mistakes were made in reducing amounts in Russian roubles to their equivalent in United States currency.

ARRIVED AT VIENNA.

Vienna, April 23.—Robert S. McCormick, of Illinois, the recently appointed United States minister to Austria-Hungary, has arrived here.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

Giving Out!

The Struggle Discourages Many a Citizen of Duluth.

AROUND ALL DAY WITH AN ACHING BACK, CAN'T REST AT NIGHT. ENOUGH TO MAKE ANYONE "GIVE OUT." DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS WILL GIVE RENEWED LIFE. THEY WILL CURE THE BACKACHE; CURE EVERY KIDNEY ILL. HERE IS DULUTH PROOF THAT IT IS SO:

Mrs. C. M. Bradley, of 109 West First street, says: "For two or three years my kidneys bothered me a good deal and the usual home remedies gave me but very temporary relief. I had a heavy aching pain across the small of my back, and it was painful for me to stoop. I could not rest comfortably nights and in the morning rose tired and unrefreshed. I was also bothered a great deal with nervousness. The kidney secretions were irregular and unnatrual and deposited a sediment. I went to W. A. Abbett's Drug store and procured a box of Doan's Pills. I had taken only a few doses when I felt better and by the time I had finished the prescribde course of treatment it was unnecessary to continue taking the remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

A dime buys Jap Rose.

A dollar can buy nothing better.

A transparent soap of vegetable oil and glycerin, perfumed with roses.

Can soap be any finer?

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] Soap

Made by Kirk, as the utmost result of 62 years spent in soap making.

Made of the finest materials, without regard to their cost.

Worth a quarter--costs a dime.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

If you want either call on DULUTH FUEL & TRANSFER CO.,

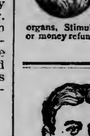
Storage Rooms—126 and 128 W. Mich. St. 'Phone—Old 190; Zenith 743.

Most Reliable Firm in the City. Office 410 W. Superior St.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Lost Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Ambition or Conversation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Shrivelling of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Imparts Vigor and Potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. One a box, 6 for $5 to by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal. 50 CENTS

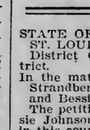
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.



TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY, stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

BIG G cures in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the adoption of Minnie Strandberg, an infant, Henry Johnson and Bessie Johnson, Petitioners:

The petition of Henry Johnson and Bessie Johnson, his wife, having been filed in this court, asking that they be allowed to adopt Minnie Strandberg, an infant child of the age of five years and showing that the parents of the said Minnie Strandberg are both dead, and that said Minnie Strandberg has no guardian or next of kin residing in the state of Minnesota, and asking that the said child's name be changed to Minnie Johnson, and the court being fully advised in the premises.

It is ordered, that the said petition of the said Henry Johnson and Bessie Johnson be heard before the court at a special term thereof to be held on Saturday, the 4th day of May, 1901, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, and that notice be given of such hearing by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper of general circulation published at Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1901.

By the Court,
WM. A. CANT,
Judge.

PHELPS & McMANUS,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-9-16-23-1901.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred ten and 62-100 dollars, ($2210.62), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ingri Otto and Charles Otto, mortgagors, to the Cloquet Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of March, A. D. 1891, with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 69, on page 87, together with the sum of two hundred thirteen and 68-100 dollars, ($213.68), paid by the mortgagee on the property described in said mortgage for taxes and assessments due and unpaid thereon, with interest to date of this notice, amounting to the sum of sixty-nine and 41-100 dollars, aggregating the sum of twenty-four hundred ninety-three and 69-100 dollars, due under the terms of said mortgage for principal, interest and taxes and assessments paid, at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, no action at law or other proceedings have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, and said mortgage has not been assigned.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of said premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Starting on a point on the center line of Third street (now Garfield avenue), Rice's Point, where the northwesterly boundary line of lots two hundred sixty-five, (265) and two hundred sixty-seven (267), block nineteen, (19), Duluth Proper, Second Division, if prolonged in a straight line would intersect the same; thence southeasterly on said center line twenty-five, (25) feet to the point of beginning; thence southeasterly on the center line of Third street, now Garfield avenue, twenty-five, (25) feet; thence southwesterly across said lots two hundred sixty-five, (265) and two hundred sixty-seven, (267), parallel with said northwesterly line of said lots to the westerly line of lot two hundred sixty-seven, (267); thence northwesterly on the said last line twenty-three and fifty-four hundredths feet, (23 54-100) more or less; thence by a direct line parallel with the northwesterly line of lots two hundred sixty-five and two hundred sixty-seven, (265 and 267) to the place of beginning, being part of lots two hundred sixty-five, (265) and two hundred sixty-seven, (267), block nineteen, (19), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the plat thereof, as recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the fourth day of May, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the said debt of twenty-two hundred ten and 62-100 dollars, interest, taxes and assessments as above set forth, together with fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

CLOQUET BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

WALTER L. CASE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-19-26-April 2-9-16-23-1901.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale

Choice Residence Lot on East First Street.

Can be sold at a bargain if taken at once.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Mortgage Loans, Real Estate, Investments.

Better than a gold mine!

La Mexicana Land & Colonization Co.,
123 La Salle Street, Chicago.

We offer the straightest and fairest investment on the market today.
We sell on the monthly payment plan, the choicest land in tropical Mexico.
We plant Rubber and Vanilla, two of the most valuable products on earth today.
We guarantee to return in dividends from side crops, all you pay in, and a profit besides within seven years, and a life income thereafter.
We back up our promises with a guarantee fund in the hands of Fidelity Trust company, Chicago.
Our land will advance in price May 1, to $250 per acre. You can buy up to April 30, at $100 per acre.
It won't pay to stand in your own light in this matter. Look it up.
We have 34 investers in Duluth; some of whom have already received returns from their land.
For further information write or call upon our representative,

H. L. GILKESON,
1207 East Fourth Street.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

No. 202 W. Third st., 10 rooms, modern.
No. 1009 E. Second st., 9 rooms.
No. 21 E. Third st., 11 rooms.
No. 321 Third ave. W., 8 rooms.
No. 319 Fourteenth ave. E., 8 rooms.
No. 5515 London Road, 6 rooms.
No. 4741 London Road, 8 rooms.

By GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Bldg., Duluth. 'Phone 24.

BLUE GRASS
OIL SHARES
now selling at
15c

This is the same as a property capitalized at $1,000,000, with two-fifths of the stock in the treasury selling at 3¾c per share; or capitalized at $2,000,000 and selling at 1¾c per share. Now if the Blue Grass was selling at 1¾c per share, and was capitalized at $2,000,000, wouldn't you jump at the proposition to buy it? The Blue Grass has 350,000 shares in the treasury out of a capital of 500,000 shares. It has a well nearly drilled; is near two good wells and a district in which not a single "dry" hole has been struck.

JUST AS LIABLE

To strike a gusher as in Texas or California. Drilling in the Beaumont, Tex., district was in progress eight years before a gusher was struck. In Wayne county, Ky., just southwest of the Flat Lick oil district, operations have been in progress for several years and not until the past three weeks have there been any gushers found. They have struck two, and now there is a big excitement there. They have about 20 feet of oil sand, and we have 53 to 75 feet in the Flat Lick district, equal to almost any part of Pennsylvania or West Virginia, the two greatest oil-producing states in the Union.

Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee produced last year 35,000,000 barrels of crude oil; Texas, 800,000; Ohio and Indiana, 20,000,000; California, 3,500,000. The Appalachian range on the 45-degree line is the most certain oil fields in the United States. No boom, but experienced men spending their own money. The Blue Grass Oil company is the only company operating in the Flat Lick district, the others are firms composed of experienced men in the oil business, besides the highest grade refining oil in the United States is produced there. Call or write,

M. C. FRENCH,
212-213 Trust Building, Duluth, Minn.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24th AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE - REAL ESTATE.

Residence For Sale

No. 1409 East Superior Street—Nine rooms, bath, etc.—with 50-foot frontage—fine shade trees—a most desirable location. Price low and terms easy. For further particulars apply to—

A.W. Taussig & Co
305 Providence Building,
Old Phone 329.

FOR RENT!

A building on Michigan street, 75-foot front, three stories and basement. Has boiler for heat and power. Is of especially heavy construction. Will rent 25 or 50 feet.

* * *

Fine modern East End residence; gas and electric lights; hot water heat; nine rooms; $40 per month.

* * *

Building on West Michigan street, near Garfield avenue; store room on street level with six room flat above. Flat has bathroom and city water, and is in good repair. Whole building $35 per month.

* * *

Small building on West Michigan street, store room on street level and rooms above. Whole building, $12 per month.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

For Sale

Eight room house, all modern improvements.
1927 E. Superior Street.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

THIS IS A BARGAIN.

$1600 Seven room house on Eighth avenue east, near Fourth street. Water and sewer connections—house in good condition—it will rent for $18.00 per month.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.
50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.
Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

Residence Bargains—For Sale.

8-room modern house, bath, gas, furnace, laundry, good repair. No. 628 West Third street. **$2800**

Nine-room house, water and sewer, 626 West 3rd st. Cheap.

106-108 West Michigan street, brick building, 50-ft frontage on Mich. St., railroad tracks in rear. Cheap.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R.B.Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first-class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske, room 2, over No. 7 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, accounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would engage permanently with responsible firm at reasonable rate. References, Charles C. Hoyt, West Superior, Wis.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

DON'T RENT

Purchase a lot of **Lakeside Land Company** at Lakeside or Lester Park and the Company will loan you the money to build. Easy terms—No commission. Call and see us at **303 Lonsdale building**—

Lakeside Land Co.

FOR RENT.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 5 WEST SUperior street; possession May 1.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 204 WEST Michigan st., refrigeration furnished.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT, WATER furnished, $12.00.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

$800 Takes 50 feet on East Second street, near 21st avenue east.

$1000 Takes 50 feet on East Second street, near 19th avenue east.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

Climax Building and Loan Association

Pays depositors 3 to 4 per cent interest.

Pays shareholders dividends of 5 per cent.

Each are secured by gilt edge mortgages and bonds on Duluth homsteads.

CHAN. SMITH, Sec'y.
No. 2 First Avenue West, Hunter Blk.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 29, 1901. Work, Third degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; E. R. Kenneay, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1901. Work, Second degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 24, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Work, ——. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.

SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall, W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments, April 23. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herreli, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES.

$6500 No. 1602 Jefferson street; possession given May 1.
$6000 For No. 502 West Third street, all conveniences.
$3500 For 823 East Third street, city water, bath, stone foundation, sewer and barn.
$3200 For No. 502 Second avenue east.
$3000 For 1510 Jefferson street, all conveniences, including electric light.
$2100 For 1512 London road, water, sewer and bath.
$1200 For 511 West Fifth street.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS Closing out sale every piano and organ; must be sold by April 30; one-half price and less on all new and second-hand pianos; our lease expires and we must quit business; read some of the bargains:
Gabler Upright, like new.....$125
Knabe Piano, good as new.....$ 75
Everett Upright Piano $150
Estey Organ, high top, walnut case..$ 20
Mason & Hamlin Organ, high top, walnut case .....$ 30
Come at once while you have assortment to select from. Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Tietz, 1 and 2 Columbus building; over Stack's.

FOR SALE—MEDIUM WEIGHT SPAN of horses and harness. Will sell on time if security is good. Can be seen at 125 West First.

FOR SALE—ONE 25-FOOT LOT ON Third street, near Twenty-fourth avenue west; price, $450. Enquire of S. Mortenrud, 1931 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE AND YOUNG buggy horse, 125 Nineteenth avenue west.

SAFE FOR SALE AT WATER AND light office.

FOR SALE—GARLAND RANGE IN first class condition. 212 Ninth avenue east.

FOR SALE—ONE OHIO STEEL RANGE good size, used just a year. Call 1425 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—EIGHTEEN ROOM HOUSE, suitable for boarding house. Address D. J. McDonald, Box 5, Itasca P. O., Wis.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive April 25, at 6518 West Grand avenue, West Duluth, N. E. Grindy.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, ONE OF the choicest residence lots in the West End, near Lincoln park. For price and terms apply to H. Christensen, 222-224 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—HORSES. FIRST AVENUE east and Michigan street. Apply in barn.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE, SHELVES, counter fixtures. Mrs. Franklin Paine, 106 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows arrives Wednesday, April 24. S. M. Kaner, 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 DENSMORE TYPEwriter, almost new; letter press, table, two oak office chairs. B 17, Herald.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT 50 BY 70 and four room house, for $500. 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—YOUNG COW. WILL BE fresh in few days. At 2029 West Fifth street.

ORGANS $10, $13.50, $15, $18 AND UP TO $35, for second hand organs in good repair. $3 cash and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows to arrive April 20. Evan Johnson, 2908 West Helm street.

$175 MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, used short time, fine tone, mandolin attachment. $15 cash and $7 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

LEAVING THE CITY—I WANT TO sell my Henry F. Miller artist's piano that I have been using in my studio for a short time; good as new. Will sell at a great sacrifice. Francis E. Woodward.

$148 KIMBALL UPRIGHT PIANO, thoroughly repaired, new keys and hammers; case refinished. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

$75 SQUARE PIANO. GOOD CONDITION, sweet tone. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

$98 FOR UPRIGHT PIANO, HAS BEEN thoroughly repaired and case refinished. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—NELSON BANJO, GOOD condition, best make; cost $50; will sell for $30. Address A 33, Herald.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Phone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson. Zenith Tele. 735; office 119 W. First St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FURNITURE COVERING.

We carry a complete line of furniture coverings and upholstery materials at right prices and do all kinds of upholstering and furniture repairing, making hair mattresses to order and renovating old hair mattresses.

Have do your work.
Zenith 'Phone 320.

Duluth Upholstering Store,
10 East Superior Street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. Good wages. Apply Mrs. W. F. King, 503 Second avenue east.

WANTED—COOK AND DINING ROOM girl at Rising Sun hotel, Lake avenue. Good wages.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 316 East Second street.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER TO GO out of city; a widow with child preferred. Call 17, East Superior street, Room 9.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT second girl. Apply to Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—TEN No. 1 WAITRESSES for Michigan; cooks, $45; dishwashers. 'Phone 319-3 long distance. Lewis Employment Agency.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO IRONING. 368 St. Croix avenue, Mrs. Harvey.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with housework, at 2023 West Second street.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT SKIRT and waist finisher and one apprentice. 22 West First street, Mrs. J. A. Clarey.

WANTED—NIGHT NURSE AT THE Children's home. Must have a child. 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 718 East Third.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT the Hazelwood Park hotel, Thirty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. Apply 1306 East Second street.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 216 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED—220 FOURTEENTH avenue east.

WANTED — DISHWASHER, DINING room girl and chambermaid at the Colson house.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS TO learn the French-American system of garment cutting. A small salary paid while learning. Room 219 Lowell building.

WANTED — COMPETENT DINING room girl immediately. 329 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. None but good cook need apply. 231 West Second street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—SECOND PORTER. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—A WAITER AND GIRL TO work in restaurant. 2010 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD DELIVERY MAN who is thoroughly used to driving and care of horses. French & Bassett.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO WORK in carpet department. Apply to A. Jeffery, The New Store.

A GOOD SALESMAN WANTED FOR line of dry goods and blankets for country trade. Liberal commission. Byrn Mawr mills, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—TWO MEN TO WORK ON dairy farm. Take Woodland car. Woodland Dairy.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A HOUSEMAN. Apply Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, donate tools, include board and assist to positions after two months' term, also give opportunity of Saturday and Sunday wages while learning. Our special offer good until May 15. Make application by mail today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WHAT'S YOUR TRADE?—Get the highest position in it. How? Call on or write C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence schools, 207 New Jersey Building, Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

DRESSMAKER WANTS TO DO PLAIN sewing by the day. 624 Second avenue west.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like to get plain sewing to do by the day. Address F 100, Herald.

THREE GIRLS WOULD LIKE WORK in a laundry or any kind of work by the day. Want to go home nights. Address Nelly Miller, Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

WANTED—ANY KIND OF DAY WORK. Address M 25, Herald.

WANTED—AT ONCE, BY A YOUNG girl of 16, a place to assist with housework, central location preferred. Address B 52, Herald.

A YOUNG BOY OF 17 WOULD LIKE A position as office boy or bundle boy in a store. Has had experience. Can furnish references. Address B 21, Herald.

DRESSMAKER WANTS WORK IN family; stylish and rapid; the best of references. Address 600 East Third street.

WANTED—BY A BRIGHT YOUNG lady, position as stenographer and typewriter. Is industrious and anxious to work. Will work for small pay until familiar with the work. Address 502 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR SALE OR RENT—SUMMER COTtage and lot corner Williams and Minnesota avenue, also two fine lots corner Erie and Minnesota avenue and good business lot close to the pavilion on Park Point. Address Box 274, or 'phone 873.

FOR RENT—FINE COTTAGE ON MINnesota Point; $10 per month. Apply M 24, Herald.

ROR RENT — ON MAY 1, 7-ROOM house, furnished, on Fifth avenue east; modern conveniences. Address D 73, Herald.

TO RENT—NO. 315 WEST FOURTH street. Possession May 1. Inquire at 802 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, INCLUding water. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE. No children. S. V. Gilbert, 401 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping to man and wife, at 316 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping. No children. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FOUR NICE ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, on Eighteenth avenue east; also three upstairs rooms unfurnished. Apply E. M. Lewis, over Suffel's.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 1023 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 424 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. 115 West Fifth street. Mrs. Ekberg.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BATH, ELECtric lights, furnace. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT, FURNISHED, four rooms, $11. Enquire 715 West Fifth street.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE 7-ROOM furnished flat, East First street. B 15, Herald.

HALL FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HALL FROM MAY TO November, with or without pool tables. Inquire C. D. Hibbard, U. S. engineer office, or 320 South Sixteenth avenue east.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE, GOOD LOCATION for grocery or dry goods. 524 East Fourth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURnished rooms, modern conveniences, centrally located, Superior street preferred, steady tenants. G. M., Herald.

WANTED—MAY 1, TWO FURNISHED rooms, centrally located. Address B 23, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—ONE-HALF OR whole store, about 20 by 40, at once, somewhere between Lake avenue and Fifth avenue west. B 22, Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT, SUMMER months, house or cabin within fifty miles of Duluth, near a lake or river. Address M 23, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board in private family. 313 West Fourth street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 526 WEST FIRST street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MEDICAL.

CURSE of DRINK
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY.
If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

LOST.

LOST—BETWEEN FIFTH AVENUE west and Sixteenth avenue east, a gray crochet pocketbook with steel beads. Reward for return to Herald.

LOST—PACKAGE CONTAINING YELlow ribbon. Finder leave at Herald office.

LOST—A BLACK BULL DOG WITH white on throat, breast and fore feet. Answers to "Cronje." Liberal reward if returned to C. H. Martz, department of public works.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner. Zenith telephone 606.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

PERSONAL.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin; 25 cents, Freimuth's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949. 217 East Superior street.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 East Superior street and have your stoves kept in order free of charge.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

TRAVELS.

GOING TO EUROPE?

Booklets giving full information regarding ALL our EUROPEAN TOURS for this season can be had for the asking. ***34 Parties, $175 up*** Also independent steamship and railroad tickets everywhere, *rates always the lowest.*

THOS. COOK & SON,
261 and 1185 Broadway, New York.
T. H. LARKE, 42 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
Record Voyage 6 Days, 7 Hours, 22 Minutes.
BOSTON to LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN
Commonwealth, twin screw, 13000 tons, May 8
New England, twin screw—11000 tons, May 22
PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL via Queenstown
Cambroman....May 4 Dominion....June 1
Vancouver....May 18 Cambronan....June 8
T. H. LARKE, Gen. N. W. Agent, 127 So. 3rd St. Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar...Iron Jctn...Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar...Virginia...Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar...Mtn. Iron...Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar...Hibbing...Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10 00 am
7 18 pm	Ar...Virginia...Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:35 am
7 30 pm	Ar...Ely...Lv	7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†2 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†12 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
*1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
416 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**5 45 pm	**Ex. Saturday *Ex. Sunday. BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am
*7 25 am		*8 00 pm

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

SIXTEEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Men's Spring Overcoats.

For $15.00 you can get an overcoat from our best maker—about as well made as your tailor would make it for $25.00 and $30.00. Not made to your measure, of course, but an overcoat is easy to get fitted in, anyway.

Oxford overcoats are the nicest for middle-aged men, for young men over evening clothes, too. Some for as little as $12, but better pay $15 if you can.

Men's Suits.

How much do you expect to get one for? If the price you have in mind is within the range of $8.00 to $25.00, we'll tell you this—you will find a finer suit at your price here than in any other store in Duluth.

New Hats, Shoes and Furnishings.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

FOR SALE.

$1500 Good 8-room house and fine lot on 29th avenue west. Is in splendid condition.

$1000 Will buy a splendid home in West Duluth, has city water and electric lights.

$2300 House No. 207 West Fifth street; eight rooms; modern conveniences.

$850 Takes a snap in building lot on East Second street; street and avenue improvements paid for.

Snaps in every part of the city.

FOR RENT.

Offices in Mesaba block.

No. 1907 East Superior street; nine rooms, all in first-class condition.

10-room house in Oneota, Fortieth avenue west, $20 per month.

No. 214 Sixth avenue west, 8 rooms, all in good condition.

Money TO LOAN in any amount at 5%....

Stryker, Manley & Buck, Torrey Building.

Cozy Cottage This has never been offered before. Seven rooms, stone foundation, cement floor, furnace, electric light, bath, hardwood floors, storm windows, fly screens, everything in good order. West of Sixteenth avenue East. One block from car line. Only $3,100. Exclusively.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

"Standing in With Your Friends"

Often depends upon the good cheer you have to offer when entertaining them, for that betokens thoughtful politeness on your part. Moose brand beer fills completely the title "good cheer," as that term is ordinarily understood, because it's a good, wholesome and delightful beverage. It's supplied at $2.25 per case, delivered at your home.

Duluth Brewing & Malt'g Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

UP AGAIN.

Deceased Wife's Sister Bill Has the Attention of Commons.

London, April 24.—The house of commons today is debating the deceased wife's sister bill. There is considerable interest in the outcome. When the bill last reached its second reading stage in the house of commons in 1891 it was carried by 202 to 155 votes. In 1896 the bill passed its third reading in the house of lords by 142 to 104 votes, but it was afterward blocked in the house of commons.

King Edward's well-known interest in the adoption of the measure, it is hoped by its supporters, will help it through on this occasion.

Sir William Gurder, Liberal, in moving the second reading today, urged in support of his motion that such marriages were permitted throughout the United States. The opponents of the bill asserted that it was only introduced in the interest of certain influential people who desired to be whitewashed. The women of England were opposed to the measure, as they considered it would be destructive of the framework of civilization.

ON AGAIN, OFF AGAIN.

Steamship Has Trouble Off Maine Coast.

York, Me., April 24.—A large steamer reported on the rocks near Boone island last night has disappeared, and it is thought she was at anchor. Through a rift in the fog early today a vessel was sighted off shore in a position which led to the belief that she was on the rocks. Half an hour later the fog again lifted and no vessel was visible, but what appeared to be smoke from a steamer going to the eastward was seen. It is believed that the weather showing signs of clearing, the steamer was making for Portland.

It is believed the steamer was the Drumelzier, bound from Hamburg for Portland.

IN PANAY.

Surrender of Quentin Salas Will Terminate Insurrection There.

Manilla, April 24, 7:30 p. m.—Maj. Noble, adjutant general of the department of the Visayas, has received the surrender of Quentin Salas and three officers. All the insurgents under Salas will surrender soon. It is claimed this will terminate the insurrection in the Island of Panay.

It is estimated that there were 25,000 lepers in the Philippines and it is planned to isolate all of them on one island. Maj. Maus, the medical inspector; Capt. Ahern, of the Ninth infantry, and Capt. Horton, comprising a board of officers appointed to select a suitable island for the purpose, have visited Busanga, Culion, Cogayan, Dejolo and other islands, and have made a report, but it has not yet been acted upon.

ONE KILLED.

Fatal Accident at the Pennsylvania Bridge Works.

Beaver Falls, Pa., April 24.—One man killed and two fatally injured at the Pennsylvania Bridge works today, by the falling of a steel girder.

Killed:
JAMES DENWIDDIE.
Injured: Martin Shields, Charles Smith.

DANGER YET

Many Rivers Continue to Steadily Rise.

Much Alarm Felt In Pennsylvania Towns.

Youngstown, Ohio, April 24.—Mahoning river this morning is within two feet of the great flood of 1878, the highest ever reached in the Mohning valley and is steadily rising. Steady rain is reported at the headwaters and along the upper part of the valley. The suburb of Haelton is inundated, several mills having been compelled to shut down by reason of the flood.

Greenville, Pa., April 24.—As a result f the melting snow and heavy rains of the past twelve hours, the Shenango river has overflowed its banks. Twenty-five houses on Race street are surrounded by from two to six feet of water. The Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad is experiencing trouble at Osgood and points toward Butler.

Sharon, Pa., April 24.—More alarm is felt in Sharon and Wheatland over the flood that is sweeping than at any time since 1893, when the Shenango river reached the highest stage in its history. Portions of the city are already under water, scores of families have been forced to leave their homes and many factories have already been forced to shut down by the high water, throwing hundreds of men out of employment.

Cincinnati, April 24.—What is believed to be the crest of the flood sweeping down the Ohio river reached here today. The river rose an inch per hour all night and a stage of fifty-six feet was reached shortly before 6 a. m. This is six feet above the danger line for business sections and eleven feet above the line where the water enters the tenement houses along the river front. The city is surrounded by backwater on east and west as well as along the south side, but it is estimated now that the stage of fifty-eight feet will not be reached here, and that the highest point will come today and relief soon will follow. The conditions on the Kentucky side have not changed. The relief that is in sight here clears everything for the 480 miles up to Pittsburg, and the rivermen say that the lower Ohio valley will not suffer so much, as the tributaries below here are not so high as those in the upper valley.

The river at 7 a. m. stood at 56:4 feet; at 8 it had risen to 56:6 and at 9 to 56:7. The weather is clear and warmer.

Advices from up the river show the water falling above Parkersburg and nearly stationary from there to Point Pleasant.

Following were the reports at 7 a. m.: Parkersburg, 43:7, rising, light rain; Charleston, Kanawha, 19:2, falling, rain; Point Pleasant, 53, rising, light rain; Huntington, 56:8, rising, cloudy; Cattlettsburg, 58:3, rising, cloudy, a rise of 3 feet during the night from the Big Sandy; Portsmouth, 57:3, rising, fair. These advices indicate a possible rise here until tomorrow, with a probable maximum of something more than 58 feet.

At Huntington, W. Va., at 8 a. m., a rise was reported at the rate of an inch every two hours.

The Mud and Guyandotte rivers were again rising at headwaters.

Louisville, April 24.—At 10 a. m. today the river here was rising at a fraction of over two inches an hour, with 26:8 feet in the canal, 24 feet on the falls and 51 feet below the locks. The danger line is 28 feet at the upper canal gauge, and the local weather bureau forecaster believes this will be passed about noon tomorrow.

Water has reached the business houses, at the foot of Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seevnth streets, and is several feet deep in many cellars. All goods stored there were removed several days ago, and the only losses suffered by the merchants will be the expense of moving. With the first warning of the weather bureau, the river banks were cleared of everything movable, and no owners of property stored there temporarily were caught napping, as in past floods.

Warren, Ohio, April 24.—Furnaces at the United States Steel company's rolling mill and Miller and Neals flour mill are partly inundated by high waters from the Mahoning river, and have been compelled to shut down. The river is at flood point here and rising two inches an hour. People are being taken out of their homes in boats.

BULLETS FLEW LIVELY

Sensational Shooting Affray In Chicago Court Room In Which an Officer and Prisoner Were Fatally Wounded.

Chicago, April 24.—Two men were fatally wounded in a sensational shooting affray in Justice Prindiville's court at Harrison street police station this afternoon. D. R. Nelson had been arraigned as Policeman Messenger's prisoner. After his case was disposed of he drew a revolver and fired at Messenger. The latter returned the fire, and half a dozen other policemen joined in the shooting at Nelson. The latter was hit five times. Policeman Messenger also was wounded several times and both will die.

Panic seized the large crowd in the court room and there was a lively scurry to places of safety.

TROUBLE ABOUT A GATE

An Issue Between Gen. Chaffee and Count Von Waldersee as to Possession of Gate to Forbidden City.

Washington, April 24.—Nothing is known here officially of the reported issue between Gen. Chaffee and Count Von Waldersee as to the possession of the gate to the forbidden city, now held by the American troops. The officials are not able to offer any definite theory in explanation of Gen. Chaffee's action. On one hand it is suggested that this particular gate may give access to the place selected by Minister Rockhill and Mr. Squire for the future American legation. On the other hand it is recalled that the American troops were the first to possess themselves of this gate, and Gen. Chaffee may feel it to be his duty, when he relinquishes his position, to turn it over to the Chinese, its original possessors. No one here is aware of any special title in this property possessed by the Germans.

The fact that the matter has not yet been made the subject of an official report inclines the officials here to the belief that it can be adjusted directly in Pekin and may not assume serious proportions.

OF PEACE.

Rumors Are Flying In the Air---Mrs. Botha's Work.

New York, April 24.—Peace rumors are in the air says the Tribune's London correspondents. Mrs. Botha has been in correspondence with Lord Kitchener and as a result it is believed that the British commander in chief has agreed to receive the three Boer generals, Botha, Delarey and Viljoen within the next few days. While nothing is definitely known, it is perhaps not without significance that the news should reach London from Amsterdam that Mr. Kruger is afraid that Mrs. Botha's efforts will cause her husband to surrender.

AT IT AGAIN.

Pan-German Socialists Create Trouble In Reichsrath.

Vienna, April 24.—The pan-German Christian Socialists renewed their fight in the reichsrath this morning, and the sitting had to be adjourned. Herr Berners Stoerfer, Socialist, moved the abolition of the paragraph in the penal code, providing pnuishment for criticism of members of the imperial family, asserting that the paragraph debarred a campaign against clericalism and was specially obnoxious because it prevented criticism of the recent act of Arch Duke Ferdinand, the heir apparent, in accepting the patronage of the Austrian Catholic Schools' association, and in delivering an address which was interpreted as an attack on Protestantism.

The speaker's remarks occasioned such a wild uproar that the president suspended the session.

FAMOUS DENTIST.

Dr. Henry B. McKellops Is Dead at St. Louis.

Chicago, April 24.—A special to the Tribune from St. Louis, Mo., says: Dr. Henry Byron McKellops, of this city, is dead, aged 78 years. He had an international reputation as an authority on all matters pertaining to dentistry and dental surgery. Dr. McKellops was born in Salina, near Syracuse, N. Y. In 1855 the Ohio dental college conferred on him the degree of doctor of dental surgery; in 1865 he organized the Missouri Dental association. Dr. McKellops was commended for gallantry in the Mexican war, commanding Morgan's riflemen in that struggle between republics. He was quite wealthy.

WOMEN MAY VOTE.

Albany, N. Y., April 24.—Governor Odell today signed the bill authorizing women taxpayers in villages and towns to vote on propositions to expend money for public purposes.

CUBANS ARRIVE

Commission of Five Delegates Has Reached Washington.

Military Governor Wood Is Also at the Capitol.

He Will Arrange For Their Visit to the President.

Washington, April 24.—A commission of five delegates to the Cuban constitutional convention, consisting of Domingo Mendez Capote, Petro E. Betancourt, Rafael M. Portuondo, Diego Tamayo and Pedro Gonzalez Lorent, who were sent to Washington to confer with the president regarding Cuban relations with this country, arrived today, accompanied by an interpreter and representative of the Havana press. They were met at the station by Assistant Secretary of State Hill, Assistant Secretary of War Sanger, Capt. Sawtelle and Lieut. Overton of the United States army, detailed for that purpose, and escorted to the Shoreham. The delegates conversed with the reception committee through an interpreter, though most of them speak English very well. It was stated that arrangements for their visit to the president would be made through the war department. Gen. Wood, military governor of Cuba, also arrived this morning with his family and took apartments at the Richmond. He came to the war department and had a conference with Assistant Secretary Sanger. He sent his secretary to call on the Cuban delegation to ascertain their desires for the day, in order that he might be able to act as their escort, either to the White House or the war department. Gen. Wood has no direct information from Gen. Whiteside regarding the reported troubles at Santiago, but before he left Cuba he had been advised by Gen. Whiteside that party strife was making some trouble in that municipality, and that disorders might be anticipated during the spring elections in other sections. After that, however, it is expected that the usual tranquility of the island will be resumed.

The delegates remained at their hotel most of the morning, as they were fatigued by the long railroad trip from Florida. Quite a number of officials called, including Assistant Secretary Hill of the state department, and Assistant Secretary Sanger of the war department, who left cards individually for each member of the delegation.

When inquiry was made of Diego Tamayo, one of the delegates, as to the plans of the party, he answered through the interpreter, Mr. Entenza, that the delegation felt it would be discourteous to enter upon a discussion of their business, before they had called on the secretary of war. As to their program of official visits, he said that they had no opportunity thus far to learn the wishes of the officials here. They expected to hold a meeting during the afternoon and determine upon a course of action. Arrangements have been made at the war department by which the secretary of war will receive the delegation at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning and probably will escort them to the White House about that time.

PACIFIED.

Officers and Bolomen Surrender and Take Oath of Allegiance.

Manilla, April 24.—One hundred and fifteen officers and 2157 bolomen have surrendered and sworn allegiance to the United States at Narvacan, province of South Ilocos.

The Americans are active throughout the archipelago, accelerating surrenders.

The commissary investigation is progressing. Several important witnesses in the Reed case have left Manilla. Barry Baldwin, Fred Macondry and H. Schindler, prominent merchants, are supposed to possess information concerning money paid to commissary officers, are detained as witnesses under $2500 bail. Other arrests will be made. The trial of Capt. James C. Reed (formerly depot commissary at Manilla, who, as announced April 15, was arrested on the charge of participating in the commissary frauds), has been temporarily postponed.

GAMES POSTPONED.

The Clash of Dates Did Not Occur.

Philadelphia, April 24.—The beginning of the clash of dates in this city between the American league and the National league baseball clubs, which was scheduled for this afternoon, will be postponed. A heavy rain fell all night and is still coming down at noon, rendering necessary the postponement of the opening game between the Philadelphia and Washington American league teams and the game between the National league representatives in this city and the Boston club.

STRIKE ABANDONED.

Brakemen on McKeesport Road Reconsider.

Pittsburg, April 24.—The threatened strike of the brakemen and conductors on the McKeesport connecting railroad has been abandoned on account of the refusal of Grand Secretary Welch of the Switchmen's union to sanction a sympathetic strike. Left without support in their fight, the trainmen accepted the proposition of the company to reinstate all the employes, and the road was in operation as usual today. No more trouble is expected.

FOR EUROPE

Boat Starts From Chicago For Liverpool.

Goes Via Welland Canal and St. Lawrence.

Chicago, April 24.—Bound for Europe with a cargo of agricultural implements, packing house products and miscellaneous manufactures, the steamer Northwestern drew out of the Chicago river today and headed for the Atlantic. While several vessels have come direct from Europe to this port, none has made a successful trip from this port across the Atlantic.

At Buffalo a large quantity of wheat will be discharged, lightening the vessel to twelve feet to permit passage through the Welland and other canals and the shallows of the St. Lawrence river. At Montreal the Northwestern will load down again with grain and proceed.

The company which has made this innovation in trans-Atlantic trade is the Northwestern Steamship company organized with Chicago and New York capital. Elliot Norton, of New York, is president. The company built four boats, the largest that can pass the Welland canal, at a cost of $1,000,000, and within one month all will be on the way across the ocean or en route to the Atlantic, the second steamer starting tomorrow.

The boats are: The Northwestern, G. E. Atkinson, master, due at Liverpool May 16; the Northman, C. E. Ross, master, due at Hamburg May 15; the Northeastern, John Crangle, master, to sail for London May 4; the Northtown, H. Pederson, master, to sail for Hamburg May 15. The Northwestern is 256 feet long, has a 42-foot beam and draws 26½ feet. It was launched last December.

SECRECY NOT ENDED

Facts of Importance Concerning the Shamrock II Not Yet Made Public---American Experts Possibly Too Confident.

Glasgow, April 24.—The Shamrock II was towed to the Clyde trusts' dock, No. 3, where her racing mast was successfully stepped early this morning. Workmen are now engaged in removing the pontoons, which work, it is expected, will be continued this afternoon and the yacht will be self-supporting.

She will be floated out on the afternoon tide. Special constables have been engaged to keep the crowd of persons curious to see the concealed part of the yacht's under body outside the dock gates.

Even with her telescoping topmast housed, the mast looks a tremendous spar, higher than any mast in the neighborhood.

New York, April 24.—According to the London correspondent of the Tribune, secrecy has not ended regarding the Shamrock, which, after being covered up with canvas since her launch, has been docked at Govan. American experts have been possibly too confident that they could see at a glance what Mr. Watson's design is worth. Mr. Denny, Mr. Watson and Sir Thomas Lipton have kept back the weight of the hull and a good many other facts of first importance.

New York, April 24.—It is announced that the launching of the yacht Constitution will take place either on May 6 or during the week beginning on that date, and that the launching will not be private, but open, and a day of celebration at the Herreshoff works, where the boat was built. This statement was made by W. Butler Duncan, Jr., manager of the Constitution for the syndicate having the yacht. Some of the yacht's crew have boarded her tender, Mount Morris, which will leave South Brooklyn this morning, bound for Bristol.

PARIAH AMONG NATIONS

Powers Spontaneously Notify Venezuela That They Will Not Respect the Decisions of Her Courts or Executive.

New York, April 24.—Three powers, says a Washington special to the Times, have already signified to Venezuela that they will not respect the decision of her courts, and that certain decrees issued by her executive are null and void. Two other powers are about to issue the same notice to her, if they have not already issued it, and others are expected. In short, Venezuela is fast assuming the place of a pariah among nations.

The notice referred to has already been issued by the United States, Spain and Germany. Great Britain and Holland are the two nations which are about to issue it. The United States has gone further than the other powers, for in the case of the asphalt dispute she has served notice on Venezuela that she reserves the right to "review" the decisions of that country's courts.

The matter which has aroused these different nations to take this action is totally unrelated to the asphalt dispute, and relates to old grievances. The most striking thing about it is that there is absolutely no concert of action; there has not been even a suggestion from one power to another, and yet the five powers named are taking this course spontaneously.

GRAB FOR PRIZE MONEY

Court of Admiralty Hears Claims of Dewey, Sampson and Others For Spoils of War Which They Claim Is Due Them.

Washington, April 24.—The suit instituted by Admiral Dewey and other officers for prize money for the capture of vessels and naval stores at Manilla has come up in the court of admiralty. The action is for the condemnation in prize of the captured vessels, viz: Don Juan de Austria, Isla de Cuba, Isla de Luzon, Manilla, Rapido, Callao and other property afloat, the naval stores in the Cavite naval station and the captured cascoes. The United States has admitted in general the allegations of this libel, but called for the proof of the details. The answer of the government is in general denials that the captured property, with certain exceptions, is property subject to condemnation as prizes. In the hearing begun today, counsel for Admiral Dewey and his associate claimants contended that the court should decree to the captors one-half of the net proceeds of the property claimed. Charles H. Binney, special attorney for the government, opposed this claim.

Following the hearing in this case, the similar case instituted by Admiral Sampson for himself and officers and enlisted men of the North Atlantic station, for prizes taken in the Santiago fight will be heard.

WELTMER GUILTY.

Magnetic Healer Used Mails to Defraud.

Kansas City, April 24.—In the federal court today, Stephen A. Weltmer and Joseph A. Kelley, president and secretary respectively of an institute of magnetic healing at Nevada, Mo., pleaded guilty to indictments charging them with using the mails to defraud. Sentence was reserved.

The institute advertised to heal "all diseases known to man or woman," giving "absent treatment," and did such a tremendous mail order business that the Nevada postoffice was raised from a fourth to a first class office. A fraud order from the postoffice department, debarring the institution from the use of the mails, was followed by grand jury indictments.

ARRANGE MEETINGS.

Call Issued to Women of the Country.

Indianapolis, April 24.—May Wright Sewall, representing the United States on the international peace commission of women, has issued a call urging the women throughout the country to arrange for meetings in behalf of international peace and arbitration, to be held May 18.

The call says: "Notwithstanding the discouraging conditions since the holding of The Hague conference and the many pessimistic jeers, it is certainly matter for grateful consideration, that as a result of the conference the court of international arbitration will convene at The Hague on the second anniversary of the conference—May 15."

Fashionable attire for men and boys.

It's nothing unusual for us to hear the remark, "What a stock of clothing you carry!"

It must be prompted by comparison and contrast.

But, big as it is, we couldn't do our clothing business with less.

We don't play clothing store.

We find that men like a wide variety to select from—and make it a point to have everything that's in vogue—in every size—and Burrows' "tailor-made" calls for so many different sub-divisions of the old run of sizes.

It's a luxury to be enjoyed only here—to walk in and find a fit in just the garment of your preference.

We've never known such a season for Spring Overcoats—and it would be hard to name the favorite—the short "topper," the medium length, or the "King Edward." All three seem to be running a neck-to-neck race.

The greatest suprise to all, though, is the quality for the price in every grade. $7.50 to $25. That's the telling point too, after all.

M. S. Burrows.

WATER POWER COMPANY.

Weyerhaeuser Interests Have Organized One.

The St. Louis River Water Power and Improvement company has been incorporated and has filed its articles of incorporation in St. Paul. The company is organized by the Weyerhauser interests. The incorporators are R. M. Weyerhaeuser, F. E. Weyerhaeuser, F. E. Poole, all of Cloquet; William Irvine, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; F. C. Denkman, Rock Island, Ill. The object of the company is to utilize the St. Louis river for motive power. Dams will be constructed in Carlton county by which the power will be germinated to run manufactories, and especially a lighting plant for the city of Cloquet. The headquarters of the company will be Cloquet and it will have a capital stock of $100,000.

Ordination at St. Paul's.

Tomorrow, St. Mark's day, there will be ordination to the priesthood in St. Paul's church. Morning prayer will be said at 9 a. m. and at 10 o'clock the ordination service, with the holy communion, will be conducted by Bishop Morrison. Rev. E. C. Johnson will preach the sermon. Rev. Kenet S. Totterman, of St. Peter's Swedish Episcopal church, and Rev. R. C. Fiegard, of Tower, will be ordained priests. A supplemental confirmation will later take place in St. Paul's on Friday at 7:30 p. m.

GAME POSTPONED.

New York, April 24.—The baseball game between New York and Brooklyn today has been postponed on account of wet grounds. The game between these clubs scheduled to be played at Brooklyn tomorrow, will be played at the New York grounds if conditions permit.

Social Dance

Given by the "Beaut" of the R. L. club at Odd Fellows' hall Thursday evening, April 25. Flaaten's orchestra. Tickets, 50 cents.

Spring Humors of the Blood

Come to a large majority of people.

Probably 75 per cent. of these are cured every year by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we hope by this advertisement to get the other 25 per cent. to take this great Spring Medicine.

It will sharpen your appetite, cure all stomach troubles, relieve that tired feeling.

Its strength as a blood purifier is demonstrated by its marvelous cures of

Scrofula	Salt Rheum
Scald Head	Boils, Pimples
All Kinds of Humor	Psoriasis
Blood Poisoning	Rheumatism
Catarrh	Malaria, Etc.

All of which are prevalent now.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Will do you a wonderful amount of good. Be sure to get Hood's.

CHOICE IS MADE

Young Men's Christian Association Procures New Secretary.

Phillip Bevis of Lafayette, Ind., Is the Man.

Comes Highly Recommended and With Many Years' Experience.

The Young Men's Christian association has a new secretary. Phillip Bevis, of Lafayette, Ind., has accepted the secretaryship tendered him a week ago. He recently made a visit here and met the board of directors and many members of the association. The directors were so favorably impressed with him that they offered him the position at once. Mr. Bevis said that he would take the offer under consideration and returned to Lafayette, but a report had it that he had another field in view. The report proved to be without foundation, when a letter was received from him saying that he would accept the offer and come to Duluth as soon as possible.

Mr. Bevis succeeds B. A. Shuman, as general secretary, the latter having gone to South America, where he will become the pioneer Y. M. S. A. secretary in the Argentine Republic.

The new secretary comes very highly recommended and has had ten or twelve years' experience in Y. M. C. A. work. He is a married man and has a family of two children.

TO REFORM SCHOOL.

Percy Campbell Sentenced to Red Wing.

Months ago a young boy was arrested for stealing a News Tribune. Smaller boys had been charged with larger crimes. The custodians of his juvenile welfare did not seem to take the matter seriously, until they got to thinking what an awful thing it would be if that boy should begin a careeer of crime, first stealing a News Tribune, and then step by step stealing something more valuable each day of his life, till at the age of 70 he should be so steeped in crime that he would take a Herald. Desperate lives in crime were known to have had just such small beginnings, and, unchecked, the criminal instinct would grow and grow till some day the man would blow a safe open to steal something of great value. With this in view the young boy was sentenced to the state industrial school.

This morning the criminal record of police court repeated itself. Little Percy Campbell was arrested for stealing a News Tribune. He said that he took it on Sunday morning. He wanted to help satisfy a tremendous public yearning, and knowing that The Herald would not be issued on that day, thought he would do the best he could by stealing a morning paper. Once more the thought that the boy might some day steal a Herald caused the sentence to Red Wing to be repeated. Incidentally the court learned other things in connection with young Campbell's life which indicated that a tour of duty at the industrial school might prove beneficial.

Edward Hill, a newsboy, was arraigned for assault, the complaint being sworn out by Nathan Golden. Silence is said to be golden, but one thing is certain—Golden wasn't silent when young Hill hit him behind the ear with a stone. Hill wept moistly in court and assured the Judge that the stone did not go within several inches of Golden's head. His hearing will take place tomorrow afternoon.

A Month's Test Free.

If you have Dyspepsia, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 91, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Express paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

TALKS TO PUPILS.

Dr. Rodermund Speaks at the High School.

Dr. Rodermund, the Michigan physician, who recently terrorized the states of Michigan, Illinois and Indiana, by smearing smallpox virus over himself and in his hair and beard, and mixing with the people to demonstrate the fact that smallpox is not catching, spoke before the students of the high school this morning. Dr. Rodermund is of the average height with a long gray beard and long hair. As a speaker he is deliberate, making himself easily understood. Speaking on health, he said that he would judge it not necessary to say much on the subject from the looks of the pupils, but that he wished to emphasize one fact and have them consider one question especially. "It is," he said, "that you learn to estimate your individual capacity and not go by that of your neighbors or friends. Study yourselves. If you are well balanced you can choose almost anything in the line of study, but unfortunately one of its strongest traits is the disproportion of the human race. You must not crowd yourself in one particular study, because one of your friends does. He may learn it easily—you perhaps cannot. If you wish to do a certain thing do it gradually and you can in time equalize your respective capacities, but if you do not go gradually at it—if you rush yourselves, you may do irreparable injuries which can never be undone.

"If the physical body is below the mental capacity, that should be educated at all hazards. Balance the physical and the mental bodies and you will enjoy life to a good old age; otherwise you will fill premature graves."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

Give Him a Hearing.

Dr. W. J. Rodermund, of Appleton, Wis., who has for many years been one of the most profound students and investigators, claims to have made some discoveries during recent years which will be of incalculable benefit to the human family and which he is sure the medical profession will highly appreciate when once they are understood. He claims to have discovered the natural laws producing disease, such as consumption, smallpox, diphtheria, scarlet fever, yellow fever, etc. The venerable doctor has now started on a lecturing tour embracing the leading cities of the country and the first of the series will be delivered in this city at the Armory on Thursday evening. Give him a hearing and you will never regret it.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

Home of Swamp-Root.

FAREWELL RECEPTION

For Mr. and Mrs. Francis E. Woodward.

The farewell reception tendered by the choir of the First Methodist church to Mr. and Mrs. Francis E. Woodward, who will leave next Monday for Minneapolis, where Mr. Woodward will have charge of the choir of the First Baptist church of that place, too place last night in the church parlors. The decorations were the most beautiful that have ever graced the sacred edifice, and the reception room and the ladies' parlor were masses of flowers and palms, the walls being done in white and lavender, relieved with yellow. The rooms were brilliant with electric lights and the whole scene was one of exceptional beauty and brilliancy. The attendance was very large, and testified to the high esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Woodward are held. An interesting program of music and song was rendered during the evening. Mr. and Miss Willoughby were heard in a piano duet, and Miss Drummond, Mr. Wood, Miss Everington, Master Shirley Alexander, Mr. Hamaker and Mr. Stephen Pierce in vocal solos.

Dr. Long made an address to the departing couple and presented them in the name of the choir with a cut-glass punch bowl, with glasses and ladle. Mr. and Mrs. Woodward both responded, and later sang a vocal duet.

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe. Max Wirth.

An Evening with Shakesperean Women will be given Monday Evening, April 29, at 8 o'clock, at **Morley Church** under the auspices of the Girls' Club.

GARNISHEE DISCLOSURE.

Benson-Wagner-King Matter Once More.

There were two more garnishee disclosures in the office of the clerk of district court this morning regarding the $1900 turned over to W. A. Wagner by R. A. Benson at the time George R. King, its supposed owner, was reported as losing a large sum of money. The disclosures this morning were made by J. H. Dight, of the First National bank, and W. A. Wagner, who disclosed once before. This time he disclosed in a new case, that of Ida E. Davis against George R. King, and his testimony was practically the same as it was before. Mr. Dight testified that W. A. Wagner deposited in the bank $1900, with the stipulation that if judgment was rendered against him as garnishee in the case of Marie M. Owlsey and others against King & Steele, the money was to be turned over to him. If the judgment is not entered, the money is to go to R. A. Benson. Mr. Benson was represented at the disclosure, and again gave notice that he claimed the money as his own.

You can't cure dyspepsia by dieting Eat good, wholesome food, and plenty of it.—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to cure. Max Wirth.

THE FAMOUS,
The Bargain Shoe Store.

Ladies' Special $2.50 Shoes.

6 new styles with kid or patent tips—handsome new shapes, fine vici kid uppers, made especially for long wearing and not looking. You'll pay $3.00 anywhere else for as good; these are extra for

$2.50

APPEAL IS TAKEN

Taxpayers Appeal From Allowance of Abrahamson Bills.

The Civic Federation Is Responsible For This Action.

Bills Are Those Put In By I. Abrahamson.

Seven taxpayers of the city of Duluth have requested the city attorney to appeal from the allowance by the common council of some of the bills of I. Abrahamson, proprietor of the Hub Clothing company, for goods furnished the health department, and City Attorney Mitchell has, therefore, filed his appeal in the district court.

The seven taxpayers are A. H. Comstock, Henry S. Mahon, C. A. Congdon, L. J. Hopkins, J. R. Carey, H. C. Marshall and H. H. Hanford. Curiously enough, all of these taxpaysrs are members of the Civic Federation, which was recently reorganized and put on a working basis again. This appeal is the result, or one of the results, of that reorganization.

The bills are for goods furnished the health department during December, 1900, and they amounted to $493.40 on their face. But a discount of 10 per cent was made, making the total $444.06, and a notation on the back of the bills shows that they were allowed by Dr. Robinson, the health commissioner, on the representation that I. Abrahamson is the proprietor of the store from which the goods came.

The council passed the bills April 1, 1901, and the resolution became effective without the approval of the mayor. The appeal does not state the grounds on which it is based, but when the matter comes up in court in the regular manner it will doubtless be found that the fact that W. M. Abrahamson, who is said to be the proprietor of the Hub Clothing company, is also a city officer, will be the ground, or one of the grounds.

The form followed is practically the same as that in appeals from the allowance of claims by the board of county commissioners. Seven taxpayers may ask the city attorney to take the appeal, and it is then his duty to appeal to the district court from the allowance by the council and the mayor of the bills in question.

CRUEL AND STINGY.

Mrs. Schumann's Ground For Asking Divorce.

Cruelty and close purse-strings are the ground on which Maria E. Schumann, aged 38, is seeking a divorce from Frederick B. Schumann, aged 42, whom she married in 1883 at Rock Falls, Ill. They live on a farm seventeen miles from Duluth, and she charges that her husband abused her. She also alleges that he has only given her $4.50 since November, 1900, of which $1.50 was given her just before Thanksgiving and $3 just before Christmas. She charges also that he would not buy clothes for her or their children, and that she had to earn money for that purpose by washing. There are four children between the ages of 16 and 6 years of age, and she not only wants a divorce, but the custody of these children. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

THE MAY TERM.

Normal Number of Cases Is Likely.

Although this is the last day for filing notes of issue for the May term of district court, which begins next Wednesday, there was no great rush of new cases this morning. There are fifty cases continued from last term, and this will give the new term a good start, whether the usual number of new cases are filed or not. From the outlook this noon it appeared that the calendar will have more than ninety cases, which is about the usual number. There are a number of cases among the continued ones that will be both interesting and lengthy, and among these are the cases involving the Virginia fire of June 7, 1900.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

NOT VERY BRISK.

Railroad Work Opening Up Rather Slowly.

Spring railroad work is not yet opening up as fast as some of the employment agents expected, but there is a moderate demand for men on contract work, which is gradually growing better. Halvorson & Richards, the Minneapolis contractors, have opened up their season's work on the extesion of the Brainerd & Northern toward Koochiching. The company will first complete an eleven-mile section connecting the main line with the Red Lake branch, formerly a logging road through the Red Lake reservation to Red Lake, in a heavily timbered region, and sold by Halvorson & Richards last winter. Another section of fifteen miles, direct northward, will be built on to the main line as fast as possible. The same contractors have also opened construction work for the Soo line at St. Croix Falls and will commence other contract work in the Dakotas inside of the coming month.

Surrenders a Lease.

The Oliver Iron Mining company this morning filed in the office of the register of deeds a surrender of a lease on property in section 21, 59-14, near Mesaba station. The fee is owned by Justin Wentworth and others, and they gave a lease on it to Henry S. Swift July 1, 1900. Swift afterward transferred it to O. D. Kinney and two subsequent assignments of the lease were filed this morning, one from Mr. Kinney to James Wanless, and one from Mr. Wanless to the Oliver Iron Mining company, both dated in December, 1900. The surrender of the leasehold interest back to the Wentworths is dated April 18.

AT WEST DULUTH

The gentle zephyrs that wafted across Central avenue this morning gathered up the light top dust of the roadway and deposited it profusely in the various business places along the avenue, while the proprietors had to smile and like it. As the season advances this trouble is becoming more pronounced, and the business men say that the situation will be simply something desperate before the end of the coming summer, unless something is done to improve the street. Already there are holes where the gravel was spread last fall, and from under which the old cedar pavement has either rotted or worked loose. One business man, who has been watching the course of events very closely, and who does not see any roseate prospects of a new pavement this year, made the suggestion this morning that the avenue be covered to a depth of about eight inches with macadam right away. In a few years from now, when the property owners come to feel that they can afford to pave with something better, asphalt can be spread over the macadam, which will have served excellently during the interval, and will be a fine foundation over which to put asphalt.

SAWMILLS ACTIVE.

There has been considerable activity about the West Duluth sawmills for the past few days preparatory to starting the mills on their season's cut. The Mitchell & McClure mill, which was expected to start this morning, will probably start tomorrow morning. Merrill & Ring were notifying their men today that the mill would start work in the morninb. Today a crew has been dynamiting the remaining ice in the slips at the docks, and all is in readiness. It is expected that the St. Louis and the Lesure mills will be but a few days later in starting up. All the mills have enough timber on hand to keep them sawing steadily for some weeks. The Clark-Jackson mill at the West End was scheduled to start this morning, but there was a little delay. The company has nearly 30,000,000 feet on hand to begin sawing with. It has orders for all the cut in sight, and has been compelled to turn down others.

A SURPRISE PARTY.

A very enjoyable surprise party was given Charles Whitford at his home on Sixty-fourth avenue west, last evening, by a number of his young friends. The party was given in celebration of his birthday anniversary. The time was passed in games and various forms of social amusement. Those present were: Mrs. Whitford, Misses Kathleen Gardner, Maud Gilbert, Avis Lathrope, Winnie Anderson, Hazel Crosby, Della Crosby, Messrs. Robert Moore, Harry Whitford, Charles Whitford, Edward Erickson, Joe Gardner, Charles Towner.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The lady Maccabees of Pearl hive, No. 4, will hold their regular meeting Friday afternoon, April 26.

John Logan has accepted a position in the Fourth street grocery.

The Misses Healey and Miss Nylander, of West Superior, and M. J. Dauphin and sister, of Fond du Lac, Wis., were entertained at the home of P. H. Martin over Sunday.

Rolph Green has resigned his position with J. J. Moran to enter school. His place has been taken by Nell Buckley.

H. R. Patterson has bought a fine pair of matched drivers from Andrew Wilson, of New Duluth.

Contractors McCardon & Smith have just finished moving a residence building from Fifty-seventh avenue west over to Fifty-eighth avenue.

Mrs. George W. Thompson was at Proctorknott yesterday afternoon to attend the session of the Ladies' Card club, which was held at the home of Mrs. Fred Davidson.

David Sang has finished several improvements on his house and will paint the building.

F. McAlinden, who will be employed as blacksmith at the Lesure mill this season, is moving his family from the West End to 220 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Miss Margaret Fink, of Cass Lake, will be the guest of Miss Meta Krakenberger for several days.

J. J. Lauermann is back from a business trip in Stearns county.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Plymouth Congregational church will hold a social meeting this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Weaver, on Fifty-eighth avenue west.

Adolph Bourgoyne has returned from Minneapolis.

James Carey has been put on the pay roll of the West Duluth Junior ball team.

Ivor Seasted, who had a foot badly burned at the Malleable iron works some weeks ago, is able to get out of doors, but is still very lame.

Oscar Gifford has received his certificate from the state board of pharmacy.

The finest ice cream at Boerner's.

Pure drugs and wall paper, at Olanders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

A Divorce Suit.

N. C. Batley yesterday afternoon filed a suit for divorce from Jennie A. Batley on the ground of adultery. They were married in Park Falls, Wis., June 4, 1890, and the plaintiff is 39 and the defendant 38 years of age. The complaint alleges that the defendant committed adultery with one E. D. Bates, at 114 Fifty-fourth avenue west, during April, 1901. Porter J. Neff is the attorney. The defendant has filed an answer denying the charges. Baldwin & Baldwin are her attorneys.

An Unforeseen Cause of Accident.

may damage your Bicycle so that you will need the services of a skilled repair man to make it whole again. When your Bicycle is out of repair, needs retiring or repairing of any kind, bring it to us, and we will put high class and expert work upon it.

Crescents need less repairing than other makes. They are $25, $35 and $50.

Wieland & Wade

323 West First Street, Duluth.
317 Central Avenue, West Duluth.

BISHOP HANDY SAYS

"I Cheerfully Recommend Peruna to All Who Want a Good Tonic and a Safe Cure For Catarrh."

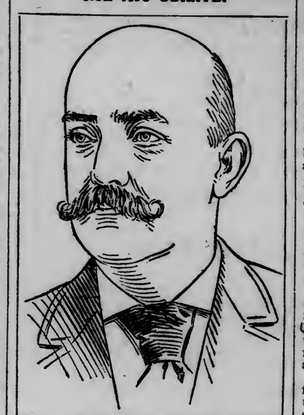
Prominent members of the clergy are giving Peruna their unqualified endorsement. These men find Peruna especially adapted to preserve them from catarrh of the vocal organs which has always been the bane of public speakers, and general catarrhal debility incident to the sedentary life of the clergyman. Among the recent utterances of noted clergymen on the curative virtues of Peruna is the following one from Bishop James A. Handy, D. D., of Baltimore:

"I take great pleasure in acknowledging the curative effects of Peruna. At the solicitation of a friend I used your remedy and cheerfully recommend your Peruna to all who want a good tonic and a safe cure for catarrh."—James A. Handy.

OTHER NOTABLE CURES.

A Husband Escaped the Pangs of Catarrh of the Lungs.

Most Cases of Incipient Consumption Are Catarrh.



EDWARD STEVENS.

Mrs. Edward Stevens, of Carthage, N. Y., writes as follows:

"I now take pleasure in notifying you that my husband has entirely recovered from catarrh. He is a well man today, thanks to you and Peruna. He took six bottles of your medicine as directed, and it proved to be just the thing for him. His appetite is good and everything he eats seems to agree with him. His cough has left him and he is gaining in flesh, and seems to be well every way. I hope others will try your medicine and receive the benefits that we have."—Mrs. Edward Stevens.

When the catarrh reaches the throat it is called tonsilitis, or laryngitis. Catarrh of the bronchial tubes is called bronchitis; catarrh of the lungs, consumption. Any internal remedy that will cure catarrh in one location will cure it in any other location. This is why Peruna has become so justly famous in the cure of catarrhal diseases. It cures catarrh wherever located. Its cures remain. Peruna does not palliate; it cures.

Mrs. Frederick Williams, President of the South Side Ladies' Aid Society, of Chicago, Ill., writes the following words of praise for Peruna from 973 Cuyler avenue, Chicago, Ill.:

Mrs. Fred Williams.

"My home is never without Peruna, for I have found during the past six years that there is no remedy that will at once alleviate suffering and actually cure as Peruna does. Four bottles completely cured me of catarrh of the head of several years' standing, and if my husband feels badly, or either of us catch cold, we at once take Peruna, and in a day or two it has thrown the sickness out of the system."—Mrs. Fred Williams.

Mrs. W. A. Allison, of 759 Sheffield avenue, Chicago, Ill., is the assistant matron of the People's Hospital. She has the following to say about Peruna:

Mrs. W. A. Allison.

"I have had frequent opportunities to observe the wonderful curative effects of Peruna, especially on persons suffering with a congested condition of the head, lungs and stomach, generally called catarrh. It alleviates pain and soreness, increases the appetite and so tones up the entire system that the patient quickly regains strength and health."—Mrs. W. A. Allison.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

COAL STOCKS

Are Not Such as to Apprehend Any Shortage.

While there has been a little anxiety shown on the part of some of the heaviest soft coal consumers at the head of the lake and vicinity owing to the engineers' strike, which has thus far tied up effectually the coal fleet which might otherwise be getting in readiness to rush coal forward as soon as navigation is opened into Lake Huron, the coal companies' representatives at the head of the lake say there is yet very little cause to worry. Anthracite coal stocks are, of course, very low; there is not a company on either side of the bay that has a ton to spare, but the demand for hard coal is falling off rapidly with the advent of warmer weather, and the dealers do not expect to have much call for it after May 1. The stock of soft coal at the close of the navigation season was larger than ordinarily at that time of year, and the shortage that has oftentimes occurred in former seasons was avoided this spring. In fact, one of the coal dealers said today that the coal docks here can stand off a soft coal famine until the middle of June, if it is necessary. This being the situation, the dealers do not feel that the strike has yet affected them here, and they look for a settlement of the strike on some basis long before there is any danger of a coal famine at the head of the lake. It cannot be said that all the docks are in a position to keep up business, however, for it is certain that some of them have their coal stock practically cleaned up, both hard and soft.

CLAIMS HE WAS UNDERPAID

William Hawthorn Did Not Get Enough.

William R. Hawthorn, in a suit begun in district court against F. L. Gilbert and E. T. Buxton, claims that through a mistake he was underpaid to the extent of $6000 for a logging contract, and he sues for that amount. He took a contract to cut, haul and bank some timber in Douglas county, Wis., for the defendants, and he says the scaler, John McDonald, reported the amount cut to him as 4,400,000 feet, and he received for his work pay for that amount, or $17,600. He claims that really there were 1,500,000 feet more than that cut, and he sues for his services on the difference. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

Claims Desertion.

J. Bela Robinson wants a divorce from Christina M. Robinson on the ground of desertion. They were married in Alexandria, Minn., in 1892, and they are 45 and 27 years of age respectively. In November, 1899, the plaintiff claims he had to go away for treatment for paralysis, and that in January, 1900, when he asked his wife to go to him in St. Paul and help him run a hotel, she refused to go on the ground that he was sick and unable to support her. D. M. Devore is the attorney.

NOT ARRESTED.

Bremen, April 24.—There is no truth in the report, published in the United States that Romagnoli, the anarchist, who is said to have been chosen by the circle at Paterson, N. J., to assassinate Emperor William, has been arrested here.

BATTLESHIPS ARRIVE.

New York, April 24.—The battleships Kearsarge, Alabama and Massachusetts, from Kingston, Jamaica, passed in Sandy Hook this afternoon.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

FLOUR TRUST.

Manufacturers Arrange For Big Combine to Form at Once.

Chicago, April 24.—Representatives of a score of plow manufacturing concerns, who have been in session here today to effect a combination of their interests, departed today after formally agreeing to form one big company to control the trade of the United States. A committee was appointed to look after minor details, and their plans will be acted on at a meeting to be called later. Twenty plants, chiefly in Illinois, will be in the combine, and the capitalization will probably be $50,000,000. No name has been selected.

BOAT LANDED.

For Which Sidney Cole Shot the Carpenter.

Parkersburg, W. Va., April 24.—Sidney Cole, of this city, today shot and killed William Terry, a carpenter on the steamer Keystone State. Cole's house on the river bank had seven feet of water in it. The Keystone State was about to land nearby. It is supposed Cole feared the swell would float his house away. He warned the officers not to land, but they persisted, and he fired three shots, one passing through Terry's heart. Cole was arrested.

Fell Against a Stove.

Louise Bernhardt has begun suit in district court to recover $5000 damages from the Duluth-Superior Traction company for personal injuries. She alleges that on March 2, 1901, she took a car at Nineteenth avenue east and Fourth street, bound down town. She claims that the track was in bad repair so that it was unsafe to run a car over it at a rapid rate, and that the car was also in bad repair so that it was unsafe to run it over any track at a high rate of speed. Yet she asserts that the car was run at a rapid rate, and that it left the track. Her injuries she claims to have received by being thrown against the stove in the car. Porter J. Neff is the attorney.

Arm Was Damaged.

Samuel M. Hillberry has asked the district court for a judgment for $2000 because of personal injuries he claims to have received at the mill of Mitchell & McClure in West Duluth. He was working in the mill when his right arm was caught in a cog and crushed. He alleges that the company was negligent in not having safe appliances, in not having the place lighted and in not having the cogs covered.

A mighty revival of that youthful, joyous feeling pervades your whole system if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

Mrs. W. L. Johnson, assisted by Prof. Gray, will give a

Jubilee Concert

at the Lake Avenue Bethel on Thursday, April 25, for the benefit of St. Marks Church. Adm. 25c

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

"Lowest-Priced House in the Northwest for Fine Goods."

DIAMONDS for Wedding Gifts.

Most of our Diamond Brooches, Rings, Bracelets, Earrings, etc., are made and mounted by the most expert and skillful designers and diamond setters. That is the chief reason for their originality, extreme beauty, great durability and exceptional low price.

Diamond Rings from.....$10 to $2,500 Diamond Bracelets from.....$45 to $300
Diamond Brooches from.....$16 to $5,000 Diamond Pendants from.....$15 to $675

It is well to remember that in purchasing diamonds from F. D. Day & Co., you have the absolute assurance of their guarantee as to quality as well as their registration of each article for reference in case of loss.

Fashionable Jewelers. F. D. DAY & CO., The Diamond Merchant of Duluth.

315 West Superior Street.

NOT FAR DISTANT

Time Is Near When New Sidewalks Will Be Built.

The Council Will Order Them Next Monday Evening.

Owners Will Have Thirty Days To Build Their Own.

Nearly every department of city government is receiving complaints on account of bad sidewalks and scarcely a week passes but a personal injury suit is begun against the city on account of defective walks. By next Monday night, however, the council will be in a position to order about $30,000 worth of new sidewalk construction and it is thought that this batch will cover the greater part of the city from which complaints are pouring in.

The sidewalk resolution was to have been passed last Monday night, but the descriptions were so vague that it was decided to revise the entire lot, ordering the sidewalks only in front of property definitely described.

In building new sidewalks this year, the usual course giving the property owners thirty days' notice, will be observed. The department of public works will order the work and if the property owner fails to build the walk at the expiration of thirty days, the city will build it and assess the property benefited.

Most of the walks that are to be rebuilt this year have been down from six to twelve years and are in a very dangerous condition. One part of the city seems to be about as much in need of new walks as another, judging from the number of complaints that are daily registered at the city hall. In point of vehemence, however, West Duluth has decidedly the best of it.

There are many advantages to the property owner and to the city if the owners build their own sidewalks. It saves the property owners money and the city officers a great deal of trouble.

The following prices for sidewalk construction will be paid by the city during the current year: Three-foot sidewalk, 9 cents per lineal foot; four-foot sidewalk, 13 cents per lineal foot; six-foot sidewalk, 42 cents per lineal foot; eight-foot sidewalk, 46 cents per lineal foot; ten-foot sidewalk, 51 cents per lineal foot; twelve-foot sidewalk, 58 cents per lineal foot.

Kane-Coughlin.

Miss Annie Kane, of Chicago, and John Coughlin, of this city, were united in marriage this morning at St. Clement's church, Rev. Father Alfred performed the ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Kate Sullivan, and Joseph H. C. Leary was best man. They will be at home after Monday next at 2611 Helm street.

Building Permits.

Building permits are being taken out rapidly. M. J. Dahlsten took out a permit yesterday to build two apartment houses on Fifth street between First and Second avenues west, aggregating $3,000. Mrs. M. Sullivan will erect a frame dwelling on the east side of Twenty-seventh avenue west at a cost of $800; S. Mortenrud, frame dwelling, north side Fifth street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west, $1400; John Williams, West Second street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues west, $900; Edward Hein, South Seventh street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues east, $700; Marie Mackowak, North Wellington street, $700; Ed Thorstad, addition to house on Fifth street near Twenty-sixth avenues west, $366.

To Run Steel Plant.

A dispatch from New York says that Paul L. Crowe, of this city, is negotiating at Sydney, Cape Britain, for taking charge of a steel ship building plant there. Crowe is best known to Duluth people by reason of having invented a stoker for use in the boilers of vessels. He recently had a suit with A. B. Wolvin over the use of the stokers.

PERSISTENT

Are Rumors of Chicago Northwestern-Union Pacific Deal.

New York, April 24.—The Commercial Advertiser says: "A sensational movement in Union Pacific railway shares on the floor of the New York stock exchange today was accompanied by a report that Chicago & Northwestern interests were buying to obtain control of this transcontinental system, which is its natural connection and Pacific coast outlet.

"No corroboration of the prevailing rumors could be obtained from official sources, but the operators in the exchange clung to them persistently. Occasionally the Chicago & Northwestern-Union Pacific story would be varied by reports that a big Union Pacific pool had been formed by strong financial interests.

"Officers of the Chicago & Northwestern declare that so far as they know that company has no interest in the deals with the Union Pacific or with any other railroad system. The Vanderbilt interests are largely represented in both the Chicago & Northwestern and the Union Pacific."

ALL IN JAIL.

Mrs. Nation's Smashers Remain With Her In Same Cell.

Wichita, Kan., April 24.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, Mrs. Lucy White, Mrs. Julia Evens and Mrs. Lydia Muntz appeared before Judge Dale today in the district court and failed to give bond. They now occupy one cell in common in the county jail and will remain there until a bond for $500 each is approved or until the trial at the May term of court. Mrs. Nation failed to secure local bondsmen and the other three refused to seek bonds, saying that as they accompanied Mrs. Nation on her smashing tour, they will not desert her now.

KNOWN IN 'FRISCO

Are Witnesses In Commissary Fraud Cases.

San Francisco, April 24.—Barry Baldwin and Fred Macondray, who were detained as witnesses in the Manilla commissary fraud cases, are well known in San Francisco. Baldwin was United States marshal here during President Cleveland's first term and was a prominent business man. Macondray is a member of the big importing firm of Macondray & Co., and went to Manilla to establish a branch house.

RAIN AT DETROIT.

Detroit, April 24.—The opening game of the American league, which was to have been played here this afternoon, was postponed until tomorrow on account of rain.

VENEZUELAN DUTIES.

Caracas, Venezuela, April 24.—(Via Haytien cable)—The coffee, cotton and cattle export duties have been suppressed. The import duties have been increased 12 per cent, to take effect May 1.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

HATS

Made from the best materials by the best workmen in the best factories.

Dunlap & Co., John B. Stetson Co., Roelofs, Schoble, Brown, Jr., Mallory and Guyer Hat Co.

These manufacturers have confined to us their handsomest and latest styles.

Derbies and Soft Hats,	Opera Hats,	Silk Hats,	Crushers,
$3.00 to 5.00.	$10.00.	$6 to $8.	$1.25 to $3.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers.

304 West Superior Street.

WILL BE REGULARS

First and Second Lieutenants Selected For Regular Army.

Provided For By the Recent Army Reorganization Bill.

All Have Had Service as Either Volunteers or Regulars.

Washington, April 24.—The secretary of war today made public the names of the 588 men selected for first and second lieutenants in the regular army under the army reorganization bill. All of these men have had service either in the state or national volunteers, or in the regular army. They have been ordered for examination, and should they pass will be appointed. The number following the state shows the allotment to each state. The list by states is as follows:

Alabama, 10; Arkansas, 7; Colorado, 2; Connecticut, 5; Delaware, 1; California, 8; District of Columbia, 1; Florida, 2; Georgia, 12; Idaho, 1; Illinois, 24; Richard H. Sutherland, Charles Cook, Korkland Taylor, Edward Miller, Harrison S. Kerrick, W. L. Lee, James A. Ruggles, Frank B. Wood, Francis P. Machler, William R. Courtney, D. E. Moreland, Albert F. Mebert, Sebring C. Megill, A. C. Voris, Eben Swift, Joseph R. McAndrews, Hugh Kirkman, William E. Mackinlay, Milosh R. Hilgard, George P. Tyner, George A. F. Trumbo, Eugene E. Barton, Andrew W. Jackman, Frank W. Barber.

Indiana, 14; Iowa, 12: Francis H. Lincoln, Fred Shiras, Edward A. Kreger, Joseph Mateon, Frank S. Long, Guy B. Hanna, W. H. Point, William E. Parvin, Edward W. Clark, Wilson G. Heaton, Robert T. Crawford, George A. Densmore.

Kansas, 9: W. H. Bishop, Colin Ball, John M. Shook, Edgar A. Fry, Arthur B. Schaeffer, Daniel F. Craig, Charles W. Vanway, Arthur M. Ferguson, Burton J. Mitchell.

Kentucky, 12; Louisiana, 7; Massachusetts, 14; New Hampshire, 3; New York, 37; Rhode Island, 2; Vermont, 2; New Jersey, 9; Pennsylvania 33; Maryland, 7; Michigan, 13: William B. Wallace, William R. Downey, Frank D. Buckingham, William F. Pack, Fre Burr, Roy Taylor, Alfred McCabe, Robert J. Bates, George R. White, William Fleischauser, Robert S. Welsh, Frank H. Burton, Arthur W. Orton; Minnesota, 8: James D. Taylor, Ralph Emerson Herring, Fred H. Parks, George I. Becker, Alfred S. Morgan, Walter H. Johnson, John N. Love, A. W. Bjornstad; Mississippi, 8; Missouri, 17: George P. Whitsett, Clark M. Carr, Albert B. Sloan, Benjamin R. Wade, Mack Richardson, William H. Clopton, Jr., Lewis W. Cass, Archie Miller, T. R. Cravens, Theodore Schultz Leonard H. Cook, Benjamin H. Kerfoot, James R. Purce, Ewing E. Booth, James J. Mayes, William M. True, Frederick C. Hurman; Montana, 1: Ernest Van D. Murphy; Nebraska, 7: Henry M. Morrow, Clarence C. Culver, Wallace C. Taylor, Orville R. Perry, Lewis S. Ryan, Charles C. Pulis, William G. Boane; Nevada, 1; North Carolina, 10; North Dakota, 1: W. P. Moffatt.

Ohio, 23; Oregon, 2; Eugene Paul Crowne, Elmore O. Worrick; South Carolina, 8; South Dakota, 2; Arthur L. Fuller, Harry A. Hegeman; Tennessee, 11; Texas, 14; Utah, 1; Virginia, 11; Washington, 2; John B. Heyburn, John P. Hasson; West Virginia, 4; Wisconsin, 11; John B. Schuman, Frank T. French, Harry W. Newton, John H. Baker, Reuben D. Blanchard, Edward K. Masse, John C. Ohnstan, Frederick P. Cook, Robert W. Woods, John H. Lewis; Wyoming, 1; Indian territory, 1; Oklahoma, 1; New Mexico, 1.

At large—A. McD. Brooks, Alexander H. Davidson, Frank L. Graham, J. A. Petty, William Ray Harrison, John H. Ruff, George C. Haw, Conant Buttrick, James Longstreet, Joseph V. Kuznik, Edward Davis, John F. McCarthy, Carl C. Innes, Frank W. Eckers, Fred W. Bugbee, Charles H. Morrow, Frederick G. Collond, Edward W. Terry, E. S. Broussard, Thomas W. Brown, Joseph W. Lacour, Charles L. Lanham, James E. Abbott, Victor G. Lewis, Carl L. Stone, A. B. Coxe, Otto W. Rethorst, Augustus Dannemiller, W. S. Mapes, M. H. Barry, Allan Lindsay Briggs, Adelbert W. Cogswell, Fred E. Smith, William A. Austin, George H. Wood, Herbert L. Evans, Earl W. Taylor, Austin F. Prescott, John G. Livingston, Evan E. Young, Charles W. Wadsworth, A. K. Baskette, J. S. Patton, Frank Maloney, Alfred M. Manson, Consuelo A. Seoane, Frederick H. Plummer, William L. Luhn, Oliver P. M. Hazzard, Russell T. Hazzard, Brady G. Ruttencutter, Thomas Millar, Sherrard Coleman, Thomas M. Knox, Rowland S. Pike, Albert Clifton Thompson, Jr., and Robert Sterrett.

WAS INSANE.

Man Kills Chief Electrician of New England Telephone Company.

Portland, Me., April 24.—I. H. Farnum, of Boston, chief electrician of the New England Telephone company was instantly killed by George H. Brainerd, of Boston, in the capital building here today. Brainerd who is believed to have acted on an insane impulse, also fatally shot James Wadsworth, an electrician, and Elmer Lane, severely wounded Earle Buston and slightly wounded Deputy Marshal Frith.

The men were engaged in making extensive alterations in the exchange when Brainerd drew a revolver and shot everyone within range. Frith was summoned and after a fierce struggle, overpowered Brainerd.

NEW SCHEDULE

Arranged With Employes of Jersey Central.

New York, April 24.—A conference between officials and employes of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, which has been in session for several days, has resulted in the signing of agreements between the company's representatives and representatives of the workmen satisfactory to both sides. Telegraphers will receive no general increase of salaries, but, according to the settlement, they will be paid for all overtime, including Sunday work.

The new schedule will go into effect on May 1.

SMALLPOX ON BOARD

Soldiers On the Transport Kilpatrick Have the Dread Disease.

Vessel Is Now Quarantined Outside Harbor at Honolulu.

None of the Soldiers Will Be Allowed Ashore.

Honolulu, April 17, via San Francisco, April 24.—The transport Kilpatrick arrived here April 13 from San Francisco with two cases of smallpox on board and several cases of mumps and measles. She is in quarantine outside the harbor. All the soldiers on board will be transferred to another vessel while the steamer is being cleaned. They will not be allowed ashore.

Lieut. Thomas N. Cobb, Jr., of the Twenty-ninth infantry, died April 13 at quarantine from smallpox. He was taken ill while on the way home from Manilla.

The ship Henry Failing arrived at Kahului last Saturday after a voyage of 352 days from New York. She put in at the Falkland islands in distress and with her crew sick. After leaving there she took the Cape of Good Hope route to Hawaii. Her trip is said to be the longest on record from New York to Hawaii.

The native home rule party has changed its name to Independent Home Rule Republican party, in accordance with the suggestion made by Delegate Wilcox, that the natives join the Republican party. Wilcox is now a Republican, and a majority of the leaders of the independent party of the last campaign have followed his change.

RICH AGAIN.

Ex-Senator Pettigrew Has Made a Fortune In Stocks.

Sioux Falls, S. D., April 24.—Reports of heavy winnings made by ex-Senator Pettigrew on the New York stock exchange, by reason of tips given him by James J. Hill, the millionaire railroad magnate, have aroused renewed interest in the personality of the former United States senator from South Dakota, who has just returned here from New York city, where he has remained since the adjournment of congress.

Intimate friends of the ex-senator tell an interesting story concerning how that aggressive and energetic gentleman lost and has just won a fortune.

When he first entered upon his senate career—a little over twelve years ago, Pettigrew was reported to be worth not less than $400,000. Practically the whole of this sum was lost during the years of financial stringency, and from a man of affluence Pettigrew became comparatively poor.

His first good fortune in stock speculation was during the time Joe Leiter was a conspicuous figure in board of trade circles. During that period Pettigrew succeeded in securing money with which to purchase 40,000 bushels of corn in crib at a point in Iowa. The grain was secured for 17 cents a bushel. After holding it for a time, he sold the whole lot for 35½ cents a bushel, more than doubling his money.

The ex-senator's present good financial condition is due largely to a lucky investment made a little more than a year ago in South Dakota and Montana farm lands. Through a Minnesota agency he secured options on thousands of acres of land in the two states. The money for the purchase amounted to about $18,000 and was advanced him by his wife, who had just inherited it. Here again James J. Hill aided his friends. The friendship between the two men dates from twenty-seven years ago, when Pettigrew was a struggling young pioneer on the frontier of Dakota and Hill had not yet made a stir in the railroad world.

Hill in this instance gave his friend a tip and options were secured on lands in Montana which were penetrated by Hill's railroad and which he had determined to "boom."

After congress adjourned Pettigrew, as stated, went to New York and within the past thirty days has sold enough of the land to bring him a considerable fortune. One sale since congress adjourned brought him $15,000. Another netted him a similar amount. Other investments recently have paid him large profits. With the money made on the New York stock exchange it is reliably reported that he is today again worth not less than $240,000 clear of all encumbrances. All this has been made since the adjournment of congress.

Pettigrew himself will not confirm or deny the reports of his winning on the New York Stock Exchange, but it is known that he has recently deposited a very large sum in a Sioux Falls bank. The report of his sudden accumulation of wealth naturally has started stories to the effect that he will make another effort next year to secure election to the United States senate. He himself says he is not taking an active part in politics, and that he is going to pay no attention to politics for the present; that the people decided to retire him, which was the best thing for him from a financial standpoint.

To leave a competency for his family, his intimate friends say, is now of far more importance to him than to be returned to the senate. Mr. Pettigrew expects to be connected with extensive railroad building in South Dakota within the year.

REFUSED T OCONCUR.

Lansing, Mich., April 24.—By a vote of 92 to 0 the house today refused to concur in the Chandler railroad tax bill which the senate passed last night, after amending it so as to tax railroads only instead of including telegraph, telephone and express companies as the original proposed by the house.

SCOTT KNOWS NOTHING.

San Francisco, April 24.—Irving M. Scott of the Union iron works said today that he knew nothing of the reported consolidation of the Union iron works, Bath iron works, Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company and Crescent ship yards. Mr. Scott said he should be glad to sell out his ship building plant at any time at the right price.

CARTER AS PRESIDENT.

St. Louis, April 24.—Former Senator Thomas H. Carter, of Montana, was today elected president of the Louisiana Purchase World's Fair national commission. Joseph Flory, of Missouri, was chosen secretary.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Can You Take a Hint?

Haven't you noticed that some women are better dressed than others?

Not simply that their clothes are of finer texture, or more costly, but, more becoming!

There's a something about them that excites your admiration, that makes you say, "I wish I could get clothes to fit me like that!"

You can! A large percentage of those well dressed women, if inquired of, would say:

"I buy my clothes of the Silberstein & Bondy Co.!"

Our Spring Garments are superb, "and yet we sell cheaply"!

We offer splendid Tailor-made Suits, of excellent all-wool materials, at $12.50, and splendid silk-lined Suits of Venetian cloth, $18.50.

We offer excellent Eton Jackets and Box Coats, of splendid all-wool cloth (silk lined), at $7.50.

And every garment is fitted in our own workrooms by first-class experienced people.

Washable

Dress Fabrics

If any further evidence were needed to prove the superiority of our assortment and the fairness of our prices, it would be found in the increase of our sales, which even now, at the beginning of the busy season, have reached figures which would be large in any ordinary business for the entire season.

In several of the best weaves we control both the cloths and the patterns in this market; and there is no worthy novelty, of either home or foreign manufacture, which is not here and at the right price.

The process of mercerization has been wisely used this season, and with even better effect than heretofore. Fabrics of almost silken sheen are now offered at very moderate prices, and the admixture of silk also produces many fetching weaves at reasonable cost. The colorings we show are very dainty as a rule, though there are some strong effects in cardinal and blue. We mention a few of the most popular fabrics of domestic manufacture on which our prices are remarkably favorable:

Jaconet Lawns, Windsor Percales—36 inches wide—12½c quality—large assortment of Ginghams for children's wear—checks, plaids and stripes—a yard **10c**

Aureole Batiste, Fine Dimity, Cotton Coverts, 36 inches wide, 32 inch Chambrays; a yard **15c**

Swiss Novelties, Corded Irish Dimity, White Ground Chambray, Pin Head Dot, Shirting Zephyrs, Scotch Ginghams; a yard **25c**

Wash Chiffon; 45 inches wide; Embroidered Swisses **58c**

Four Big Values In Fine Dress Goods for Thursday.

At 75c—Fifteen New Suitings—in fine Cheviots, All-wool Granites, Whip Cords and Prunellas—the colors are tans, browns, blues, grays, and wine. They have been selling right along for $1.00 the yard—Thursday's price, 75c.

At $1.00—Fine Black Goods—A large assortment of Prunellas, Granites, Pebble Cheviots, Camel's Hair Cheviots, Satin Soliels, and fancy weaves, most of them sold for $1.25 and $1.35, but most of them were $1.50—Thursday's price, $1.00.

At $1.00—Colored Prunellas, Satin Soliels and Pebble Cloths—an unrivaled assortment of strictly stylish and reliable dress fabrics at a price within the reach of all—all the new shades, such as pearl gray, willow green, castor, golden brown, royal blue, cardinal red, and heliotrope—all at $1.00 the yard.

At $1.50—Reduced from $2.50 for Thursday's buyers—eight pieces Tailor Suitings, Heavy Cheviots, and Homespuns—the colors are navy, castor, garnet, light and dark gray, and brown—56 inches wide and strictly all wool—an exceptional opportunity to get both style and quality for a very moderate price—on sale Thursday at $1.50 the yard.

We open tomorrow some very new and important styles in ready to wear trimmed hats in plain black, black and white, black with colors and tan, castor and pearl to match spring costumes at $5, $6 and $8. Also some very choice styles in chiffon hats at $5, $6, $8 and $10.

Laces and All-Over Embroideries.

For Summer Gowns and Waists and Graduating Dresses.

Laces.

Oriental laces and bands, Venice edgings and insertions, imitation Cluny galoons, Platt and Normany Valenciennes laces and insertions (white only)—the very things for trimming summer gowns; right widths and right styles.

Oriental insertions (cream color), 12c, 20c, 25c and 35c a yard.

Oriental laces (ecru), 15c a yard.

Venice bands (cream color), 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c a yard.

Venice edgings (cream color), 12c and 15c a yard.

Plain Valenciennes laces and insertions—5c to 30c a yard.

All Over Embroideries.

ambric and Swiss all-overs from the largest makers in St. Gall—our buyer bought when prices were lowest in ten years.

Women are making their waists and guimpes more than ever this year, and these are some of the things they will need.

About thirty-five patterns—everything from large open-work to small designs; the widths run from 18 to 22 inches; mostly Schiffli—a few hand-loom embroideries.

Prices 35c to $1.50 a yard.

Tucks and Insertions in all prices and qualities.

All-over Beading, very popular at 75c a yard.

White lace all-overs from 60c to $3.50 a yard.

Cambric—Appliques very stylish for yokes and boleros, from $1.90 to $3.25 a yard.

Embroidery bands with lace on either side and ruffings to match at 60c and 75c a yard.

Embroidery beadings in all widths, styles and qualities.

Black lace galoons in different widths to match from 15c to 75c a yard.

White lace galoons in all widths and qualities, silk and cotton, from 15c to 50c a yard.

MAN OF SCIENCE.

The prince of Monaco is known to all the world as the ruler of that little principality on the Mediterranean which derives its income from the gambling tables of Monte Carlo. His subjects number only 13,000 souls, his country measures but eight square miles, his income is prodigious, and the cares of state hang lightly on his serene shoulders. His highness has the opportunity of devoting his life to worldly pleasures, says a writer in Pearson's Magazine.

It is, however, as a man of science, as a close student of nature, that the prince of Monaco delights in spending his spare time and wealth. The deep sea and its mysteries, the theories of currents and pressures, the habits and lives of strange creatures living in a world of darkness 2000 fathoms beneath the surface, hold for him a fascination as strong as that which draws the gambler to the tables at Monte Carlo. The prince has won for himself an honorable position among men of science; he is known as one of the few great experts of oceanography.

The principal device employed by the prince of Monaco when making his observations of life in the depths of the ocean is what is known as a "trawl"—a large bag provided with a guard to imprison all the animals that enter. Inside are various devices to protect the fragile specimens from damage, while simple traps are hung outside to entangle such animals as sea urchins, polothurians, sponges and crustaceans. For the management of the trawl there is on the Princess Alice over 6000 fathoms of steel cable in a single length.

In order to trap those more intelligent animals in the deep waters which would not be caught by a bag dragged across their territory in a cloud of mud a special trap is devised, baited with the most delicate morsels, such as salt fish, and the heads and claws of fowls, soaked in a sauce which no sea animal could resist. Bright pieces of looking-glass were placed in the trap, which have an especial attraction for crustacea, and in this way many a strange creature was lured to his fate.

It often happened that the heads, fins and antennae of animals which have been devoured by stronger creatures were picked out of the traps; it was determined, therefore, to put smaller traps inside the larger ones, to serve as a shelter for the feeble and hunted.

WITHOUT CONDITIONS.

Philip D. Armour, like J. P. Morgan, would never hire a clerk for less than $1000 a year. One day a young man applied to Mr. Armour for a clerkship, says a writer in Success.

"Well, sir, how little do you want for your services?" asked Mr. Armour. "You must understand that times are hard. We are only killing 8,000,000 hogs and 5,000,000 beeves a year."

The young man said: "Mr. Armour, I would not be here if I did not know times are hard, and I'll be easy with you. I'll begin at $10 a week, if you will agree to increase my salary $1 for every 100,000 beeves you don't kill under 5,000,000, and $1 for every 200,000 hogs you don't kill under 8,000,000."

With his little, shrewd eyes, Mr. Armour looked sharply at the young man, then said, abruptly: "As a rule, I dislike precocious youngsters; they don't last. But I'll let you start in at $25 a week, without conditions. I'll do it, too, with some fears that in a few years you will own the business."

LOOKING IT OVER

President Bohannon of Normal School Considering Situation.

Much Work Is to Be Done Before the Opening.

He Is Delighted With Duluth and the School's Prospect.

Professor and Mrs. E. W. Bohannon, of Mankato, Minn., who have been in the city, guests of the Spalding since Sunday, will leave this afternoon for Chicago. Professor Bohannon is the newly-elected president of the Duluth state normal school, and with Mrs. Bohannon, was on his way East for a several months' business trip when he received word that his name was under consideration by the state normal school board for the presidency of the school here, so he stopped in St. Paul. After his election, Professor Phelps invited President Bohannon to spend a few days in Duluth, look over the situation and outline the plan of work in getting the new educational institution ready for work next fall.

President Bohannon says there is a large amount of work to be done this summer in connection with getting affairs in shape, and he is very anxious to get into the work. The rebuilding of the damaged building is going on as fast as practicable, which necessarily must be a little slow. New joists and floors are being put in, and there is some little masonry work that will have to be done over. After the building is finished, there yet remains much to do. The course of study is of course outlined for all the normals, with the exception, possibly, of a few minor details to correspond with local conditions, but the selection of the text books to be used, all of the new apparatus needed for the different departments, must be made before the school is ready for work. President Bohannon says that it is usually the custom to call the faculty into consultation in selecting the text books and equipment, as the members are the persons most interested in the different branches to be taught, but in the case of the school here, it is very likely that the members of the faculty will not be selected until very late in the summer or early in the fall, and the work of making the selection will fall on the resident director, Professor Phelps, who will be guided largely by the suggestions of the president.

President Bohannon says that much of his time this summer will be devoted to the advertising of the normal school here, in those places from which it is expected that pupils will come, giving particular notice that the school will begin next fall. Just what the nature of the advertising will be has not yet been decided on, but it will probably consist of literature, setting forth the advantages to be derived by coming to the head of the lakes to attend school.

"It is unfortunate," said President Bohannon, "that the appropriation for running expenses of the school here was made so small, but I suppose the members of the legislature look upon it in the light that the people of Duluth have their building now, and it will be time enough to do more when it is demonstrated to the legislature what the school is going to accomplish."

President Bohannon says that after all the preliminary details for getting the school started have been made, arrangements will be made for appropriate dedicatory exercises. Governor Van Sant will be invited, also the presidents of the other state normal schools, and possibly the heads of other educational institutions in the state. The occasion will certainly be made an auspicious one.

In view of the amount of work that he expects to do this summer, President Bohannon says that he will return to Duluth much earlier than he at first expected, and will probably be back to the city to remain by the last of July. Both himself and Mrs. Bohannon have a number of friends in the city, and their time has been pretty well occupied during the two days that they have been here. President Bohannon says that this is really his first visit to Duluth with the view of learning something about it, and while it may seem strange to one that has lived here for years, yet he, living a few hundreds miles from Duluth, never before had any idea of the magnitude of the city's business interests. Both Mrs. Bohannon and himself are surprised and delighted with Duluth, and express appreciation for the cordial treatment that has been afforded them by the people in the city that they met. They anticipate the most pleasant relations in a social way when they come here to live.

President Bohannon has been in charge of the training department at the Mankato state normal school and was not an aspirant for the position to which he has been selected. He will be the youngest normal school president in the state, but energetic, affable and a very interesting and entertaining person to meet. From the confidence in his ability shown by the action of the state normal school board, Duluth's new educational institution is evidently to start up under very favorable circumstances.

ROAD RACE.

Usual Annual Event to Be Held Memorial Day.

Cycling enthusiasts met last evening in the store of the Northern Hardware company and made preliminary arrangements for the tenth annual road race to be run over the London road course on Decoration day. The event promises to attract fast men from all parts of the Northwest. There has been a general revival of interest in road racing within the past year and the coming race will be an event of the season for Northwestern riders.

The racing committee consists of: Wallace H. Wells, H. E. Harris, R. H. Hoople. The entries will be received by Mr. Wells, while the handicaping will be arranged by Mr. Harris. Roy Hoople will have charge of the course and officials.

The prize committee is made up of: Richard Schell, E. G. Smith, J. D. Deighton, B. F. Denham and Sam Palmer.

It was decided that the handicap limit should be 7 minutes. The start will be at Fifth avenue east and Superior street, and the finish at Ninth avenue east and London road. The turning point will be Lester Park, making the course just ten miles long. All entries must be forwarded to Wallace H. Wells, 222 West Superior street by 7 o'clock in the evening of May 23.

Stomachs That Won't Work

That Retain the Food and Refuse to Digest It, Make the Head Heavy and the Nerves Weak, Need Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

There is a cure for dyspepsia. Sufferers who have tried noxious nostrums will probably be skeptical, but skepticism vanishes when Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are tried. Whether the trouble is dyspepsia of long standing, or merely a simple case of digestion, relief is prompt and pronounced. The less the trouble the fewer tablets need be taken.

Heaviness after eating, sour stomach, as indicated by belching, fatigue with slight exertion, or with no exertion at all, disturbed sleep, nervousness, constipation, depression, "blues," these things can commonly be set down as symptoms of dyspepsia. And dyspepsia is merely indigestion in an aggravated form.

By promoting perfect digestion, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets produces strong nerves, restful, refreshing sleep, pure blood and good, sound, healthy flesh. They make the skin clear, the eyes bright, the mind cheerful.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a medicine and more than a medicine. They digest the food and make it easy of assimilation, and they relieve the inflamed, diseased condition of the membraneous linings and the glands of the stomach and bowels. They help the digestive organs over the hard places, and put them into a healthy, active condition. They effect a quick and permanent cure. You don't have to continue taking them forever, still it is well to have a box handy and take one at the first return of the trouble.

Perfectly well people are made sick by eating too much, or unwholesome food, but not if they take a tablet after eating. Treatment with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets does not necessitate dieting or any change of habits. They digest the proper food and act upon the other kind in such a way as to make it pass off quickly and harmlessly. You may eat and drink what you like, when you like, and as much as you like if you take a tablet afterwards.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists at 50 cents for full-size package.

Send to F. A. Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., for little book on stomach diseases, mailed free.

DROWNED.

Infant Child Falls Into a Pail of Water.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Ketner, 2330 West Michigan street, was drowned in a pail of water yesterday afternoon. The little boy was just learning to walk and looking down into the pail of water lost his balance and fell forward. Mr. Ketner heard a peculiar noise and hurried forward. The child's head was submerged. He was too late to save the child's life though every effort was made to revive him.

The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the Ketner home, and the interment will be at Hermantown cemetery.

NEW QUERIES.

Questions Put to Applicants For Marriage Licenses.

When a person becomes inoculated with the germ of matrimony to such an extent that the disease runs its course and results in an application for a marriage license, he will find that there are two new questions he will have to answer in the clerk's office, where the licenses are issued.

"How long have you been divorced?"

"Are you epileptic, imbecile, feebleminded or afflicted with insanity?"

In the past it has not been an unfrequent thing when the court sundered a matrimonial knot on the upper floor of the court house, to see the freed parties, or one of them, make posthaste for the clerk's office to get out a license to marry again. This will never be seen any more, for the last legislature passed a law prohibiting the marriage of divorced persons in such unseemly haste. Six months must elapse after the entry of the decree before a new marriage contract may be entered upon, and any person swearing falsely in regard to it is guilty of perjury and may be punished accordingly. Not only that, but it us unlawful for the clerk to issue a license for such a marriage within six months of the divorce, and failure to diligently endeavor to ascertain, under oath, if applicants for a license have been divorced within six months, shall be punishedby a fine of from $50 to $100 or confinement in the county jail not more than ninety days, or both.

The other question is pursuant to a law passed by the same legislature to the effect that no woman under the age of 45 years, or any man of any age, except he marry a woman over the age of 45, either of whom are afflicted as above, shall marry. No license may be issued, and nobody may perform a marriage ceremony

Box Coats and **Cloth Etons** in all colors and sizes; perfect shape and make—tomorrow unusual values at **$15, $12.50, $10.00, $9.50 and $6.50.**

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Silk Eton Jackets in all the new handsome shapes; special values at **$22.50, $18.50, $15 and $10.00.**

More of the Matchless Tailor Suits at $15.00

It is such splendid values as this that brings us in close touch with the discriminating buyers of Duluth and Superior. We'll admit that the ordinary tailor suit at $15 isn't anything to boast of particularly—but, **this is not an ordinary lot of suits**—Among them are suits that would be considered excellent values at $25, and you could not have your tailor make one equally good in style and fit anywhere near that figure. There are some 5 or 6 styles—Eton, Bolero, Collarless or Postilion Jackets, and all are handsomely trimmed and as carefully tailored as the more expensive ones—all colors and sizes—in Chevlot, Broadcloth and Venetian—choice at only **$15**

$3.00 for Dress Skirts—of extra quality black Serge, cut with the flare flounce, lined with excellent percaline and velveteen bound—a $3.75 skirt, tomorrow for... **$3.00**

$7.00 for choice Dress Skirts—worth up to $10; of black Broadcloth, Venetian and Cheviot—cut in correct and fashionable shapes; some are trimmed with taffeta silk, others plain; tomorrow only **$7**

$1.00 for Percale Wrappers—good percale, in all the new spring colorings, cut with flounce at foot and ruffles on shoulders extry full in hips and skirts; tomorrow **$1.00**

Newest Dress Fabrics

Are on show in this department now—every sort of beautiful white fabric for graduation or party gowns. We extend a cordial invitation to all to come and see them. Quality Considered, we are always the lowest in price.

Attractive Thursday Prices on White Goods.

20c India Linen, fine sheer quality, tomorrow **15c**

15c White Lawn, 40 inches wide, tomorrow... **10c**

Dainty Lawn, Nainsook, India Linon, all kinds of beautiful fancy white goods, worth 30c and 35c, a large table full of the extra values and priced for tomorrow at..... **25c**

Good Bleached Muslin—36 inch—soft and free from all dressing, worth 8c, tomorrow—price **5c**

Bed Spreads Extra quality and large size Bed Spreads, handsome Marseilles patterns, ready hemmed, regular $1.50 spread, tomorrow price is only..... **$1.18**

Extra heavy quality Spreads—for iron beds—splendid Marseilles patterns—with heavy knotted fringe, the $2.25 quality, tomorrow at..... **$1.75**

From the Wash Goods Section.

These flaming values to call your attention to the superior attractions of this stock.

32-inch Dress Percales, in dark and medium colors, new pretty patterns, extra good qualities, tomorrow—at..... **10c**

10c Ginghams, 27-inch, in all the pretty spring colors, at..... **7½c**

Good 6c Dress Prints, medium and dark colors, tomorrow—for..... **4c**

36-inch Linens—for Shirt Waists—in the fashionable colors of ox blood, pink, French gray, blue, green—our price—only..... **30c**

Corded and striped Ginghams—the standard fabric for serviceable shirt waists—in every color and shade—29 inches wide—extra value—tomorrow at..... **25c**

35c, 29c and

The Volga shoe for women represents the best shoe making possible under $5; twenty-eight different styles now ready—its our special shoe..... **$3.50**

$3.00 Shoes—New spring shapes, made in heavy extension soles with patent leather or kid tips, for street wear or in light dressy kid turns—mat kid tops—patent or kid tips—all the latest shapes and styles—tomorrow at..... **$2.50**

$2.00 hand turned Oxford Ties—Very swell shapes—fine vici kid stock—patent or stock tips—all sizes and widths—tomorrow at..... **$1.50**

The Volga

Shoe is the shoe for all occasions of dress or service—see the new shapes and spring styles in patent kid, vici kid, box calf, etc., all the new toes and heels including the latest "drop" toe at..... **$3.50**

$1.65 Oxford Ties—New styles vici kid stock—patent leather tips—military heels—soft flexible soles—all sizes and widths—tomorrow at..... **$1.25**

Women's one-strap sandals—kid stock—new style toes and heels—worth $1.35—tomorrow at..... **$1.00**

The Volga Shoe is the shoe for your graduation costume—patent kid—all the new shapes now ready—it's a $5.00 shoe for..... **$3.50**

To help you in your dressmaking—

40c Black Sateen..... 25c

Fine quality 36 inch black mercerized lining sateen, tomorrow... 25c

12½c black or colored Silesia, tomorrow only..... 9½c

The New "Shirt Waist" Hats

Fresh arrivals from New York in beautiful ready-to-wear Millinery. Every day here sees a fuller and more complete exposition of what's being worn by fashionable women. Every hat here has its touch of originality. If we copy the designs of some of the master milliners, we are not content with a servile imitation, but try to add and improve it—adapt it particularly to the face of the wearer. Special values tomorrow

From $3.50 to $10.00.

You cannot name a price between these two at which we cannot show you a hat better in point of style and material than you can see elsewhere.

See the Display of New Baby Bonnets.

Meeting the Ribbon Demand

"What beautiful ribbons"—we hear it hourly, yet we're not vain about them. Just glad to feel that we can offer you the best ribbons in the world and that every woman appreciates them.

Print Warp, Grenadine edge Taffeta Ribbons—Pretty floral effects and dainty colorings, 3½ in. wide, splendid for neck dressings, the 50c sort only... **39c**

New Persian Ribbons—Those beautiful oriental colors woven in soft liberty satin, 4 to 5 in. wide, soft and rich, unequaled as belt and neck ribbons, real worth of these is easily 75c and 85c; tomor'w **63c**

The Great Sale of Gold Rings

Still is on in the Jewelry Dept. Shell gold rings, fully guaranteed with pretty stone settings, extra values at $1.50, $1, 50c and 25c. See the display at the Jewelry counter.

Shell Pompadour Hair Combs with filigree band Roman gold..... **35c**

Larger size with beaded band only..... 48c

Back Combs, good shell, with beaded edge, very stylish, at..... **35c**

New Belt Buckles—The best assortment in the city. Special value in the new "Dip" Buckles of Roman gold, worth 50c, tomorrow our price is..... **35c**

New patent spring hat pins, Roman gold and handsome jewels, the regular 35c pins tomorrow at..... **25c**

Shell Side Combs—Extra heavy quality, reg. price 45c, at... 25c

$2.00 Black Silk Grenadines $1.25.

44-inch iron frame, black Silk Grenadine, very fashionable for costumes now. Tomorrow only **$1.25**

$1.00 for $1.25 Cachimere Taffetas.

An all-silk 24-inch fabric, woven like a cashmere cloth, superb wearing, the best material for waists, in blue, lavender, gray, pink, white and black, elsewhere $1.25. Our price..... **$1.00**

85c Dress Goods at 59c.

Three very stylish fabrics, bought at a bargain and sold the same way, thus: 44-in. Black Cheviot, usually 85c; 44-in. Storm or French Serge, worth 85c and 95c **59c**

54-inch Black Camel's Hair, splendid for separate skirts, usually $1.75 quality. Tomorrow at **$1.25**

Waistings Reduced. Silk Embroidered Albatross, 27-inch, 8 different colors to choose from, $1.25 quality, at..... **$1.00**

Silk Persian band, Nun's Veilings, beautiful and extremely fashionable for waists, choice of nine colors, $1.25 quality, at..... **85c**

50c all-wool Challies, 31 in. wide, pretty dots and figures, sells everywhere at 50c. Our price..... **39c**

THE PERFECT STRAIGHT FRONT P. N. CORSETS

GIVE THE MILITARY FIGURE

The long stylish slope from point of shoulder to bust line. The straight front below waist gives desired fulness at back and over hips. Gentle restraining without harmful restriction makes this corset easy to fit and easy to wear.

100 125 150 175 200

CORK PROTECTED CLASPS

An exclusive feature saves annoyance from rust-stains

Muslin Underwear.

that is made with all the little niceties of home work and priced radically lower—made in clean, sanitary shops—

$1.00 for gowns of Muslin and Cambric—lace or embroidery hemstitching—French tucking—cut large, full and generous.

$1.00 for Petticoats of good Muslin, with Cambric flounces—have lace, embroidery, hemstitching and tuck trimmings.

New Gingham Aprons—Large size Aprons, covering the dress from neck to foot—made of fine quality check gingham—tomorrow, only..... **35c**

New Silk Neck Ruches.

Ideal for coolish spring days—made of liberty silk, in pretty fluffy shape, with silk ties—tomorrow at..... **$1.25**

Chenille Neck Ruches—Very fashionable and serviceable—see them in Neckwear Dept.—all qualities from **$2.50 up to** **$12.50**

New Stock Ties of plain colored Swiss—with tucked stock and fancy ties—gilt spike ends and gilt button trimmed—at..... **65c**

"Cunning" Silk Twice Round Ties—with four cord stock and fancy stitched on stock and ends with gold thread—at..... **35c**

Women's Belts.

The Belt industry is prolific. Ingenious makers have created many entirely new styles. All the novelties are here. We've collected prodigally. Not a popular effect missing. Other stores may have the same goods but at higher prices

Plaited Satin Belts, eight folds, handsome oxydized buckles, tomorrow our price only..... **75c**

Patent Leather Belts, several styles, straight cut, curved and shaped effects, strongly sewed, finely finished—

25c, 35c and 50c

Gray Suede Belts, enriched with ornamental Persian gilt braid, harness buckle..... **65c**

Toilet Requisites.

21c for 35c bottles Tappan's Blue Ribbon Extr'cts in all odors, 1 ounce in pretty bottle.

13c for 25c bottle Tappan's concentrated Florida water

5c for 12c can Violet Talcum Powder.

12½c for 25c boxes Tetlow's "Swansdown" Face Powder.

21c for 39c Triplicate dressing or shaving Mirrors.

Great Soap Bargain.

15c for 25c box Royal Violette Toilet Soap, "Le Bon et Fils Paris genuine Savon a La Violette"—3 cakes in a box, sells everywhere at 25c, tomorrow **15c**

Patent Medicines.

"Take something for that tired feeling"

72c for $1.00 bottle S. S. S. the great blood purifier.

39c for 50c bottle Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

19c for 25c bottle Hinckley's Bone Liniment.

Hot Water Bottles.

Every one guaranteed—made of pure white Para rubber.

2-quart size, regular value 75c—tomorrow... **59c**

3-quart size, regular value 85c—tomorrow... **69c**

4-quart size, regular value 95c—tomorrow... **79c**

CHEW FOOD.

Chewing Preserves the Teeth and Helps Digestion.

The finest specimens of teeth are seen in animals and human beings who chew the food thoroughly.

Dentists agree that teeth must be used to properly preserve them, and, therefore, they urge people to chew their food thoroughly, but the nervous, hurried manner of eating is altogether too common among people, and when fed on soft mushes they are liable to swallow the food without chewing.

Dyspepsia and bad teeth are the result if this practice is continued. True, one can eat soft food without detriment if the necessity of chewing is remembered. Grape-Nuts food is so crisp and brittle, and withal so pleasant to the taste that the user cannot forget to chew, and thus the teeth get the necessary use and the glands of the gums are made to give the juices that nature intends shall be mixed with the food before it enters the stomach. A New York doctor says many New Yorkers put a little sugar on oatmeal and then cover with Grape-Nuts, and this method compels the chewing necessary to digest the oatmeal.

Grape-Nuts food is pre-digested, and also helps in digestion of other food. The doctor's plan might do for a variety, but Grape-Nuts and cream alone are considered ideal by hundreds of thousands of brainy people.

There are other reasons why those who eat Grape-Nuts look nourished and well fed. The food is made of parts of the field grains which nature makes use of in rebuilding brain and nerve centers. Proof will follow use.

against the provisions of this act. A fine of $1000 or imprisonment for three years, or both, is the maximum punishment for violations of this law.

WHERE TO GET THE CASH.

Money Needed For Replacing Wornout Viaducts.

A new problem will shortly confront the city officers. It is where to secure enough money to replace wooden viaducts with steel. Engineers and others have examined the wooden viaducts at West Duluth and find them in a very unsafe condition. The viaduct near the ore dock at Oneota is said to be especially dangerous and it will probably be one of the first to be replaced with a steel structure. Other viaducts in West Duluth between Oneota and the end of the car line are in little better condition but it will cost many thousands of dollars to replace them and at present the city can not spare the money.

MADE MONEY BY IT.

Charles Padhasky's Experience With Highway Robbers.

Ernest Gerhardt, better known as the "Yukon Kid," is in the county jail waiting an examination on a charge of promoting highway robbery. The police say that he enticed Charles Padhasky from a variety theater to Paradise alley on Monday night. The glittering alley was in a state of eclipse at the time and in the steeped shadows of a lonely building two men jumped out and grabbed Padhasky. They went through his pockets while the "Yukon Kid" looked on without offering assistance. The woodsman threw his pocketbook, containing $7.50, to the "Yukon Kid," but the latter did not see it and it remained in the alley till yesterday afternoon, when detectives recovered it. When Padasky suggested calling the police, the "Yukon Kid" told him that would not help matters any and gave him $1, so that in reality Padhasky beat the robbers at their own game. He had $7.50 before the hold-up and $8.50 afterward. Gerhardt's examination has been set for next Monday morning, and it will probably attract a great deal of attention owing to his general reputation and wide acquaintance among the swift set.

CABLE FLASHES.

The house of commons in committee severely criticized the budget tax increase and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach stated that money must be raised somehow and none of the objectors suggested a remedy. He hoped the need for economy might bring home to some of the objectors a remedy. The new taxes were adopted.

Two hundred of the Royal Munster Fusileers refused to parade at Carlisle Fort, York, last week as a mark of their disapproval for being transferred from Spike Island to Carlisle Fort. As a precautionary measure the officers of this batialion locked up the men's arms and notified military headquarters at Spike Island of the occurrence. It is understood that soldiers of another battalion will be sent to Carlisle Fort to bring the insubordinate Fusileers under control.

It is understood here that Mgr. Francoise Tarnassi, the present nuncio at The Hague, has been selected as apostolic delegate to the United States.

The Malay inhabitants at Cape Town resisted the removal of persons who had contracted the plague. The police were called out and a fracas ensued. The removal of the plague patients was eventually abandoned until later.

STRONG SUED.

It Is Claimed He Instigated Blowing Up of Mine.

Denver, April 24.—The trial of the suit against Samuel Strong, the millionaire mine owner, for $300,000 damages owing to the blowing up of the shaft house on the Strong mine at Victor, Col., began here yesterday before Judge Palmer in the district court. The suit is brought by William Lennox, Edward W. Giddings and E. A. Colburn, of Colorado Springs, all well known capitalists; N. B. Scott, of Wheeling, W. Va., and Mrs. Dell Kearney, of New Mexico, who held the bond and lease of the Strong and were operating the property, having put up an expensive equipment. On May 25, 1894, an explosion occurred in the mine, followed by fire, which destroyed the workings, the shaft house and machinery.

Strong's responsibility is based upon the allegation by the plaintiffs that the mine was blown up at his instigation. They claim that Strong was dissatisfied with the lease and desired to obstruct the lessees in their operation of the rich property.

At the time of the explosion the miners in the Cripple Creek district were on strike. Two strikers, Nicholas Tully and Robert Lyone were accused of having caused the explosion and were found guilty and served sentences for the crime. John E. Allen, a miner, has made a deposition, on which the present suit is based, to the effect that Strong paid him $1000 to blow up the mine. His deposition completely exonerates Tully and Lyons from complicity in the affair.

OLD NOTE FOUND.

Was Between Leaves of Widow Richards' Bible.

Wilkesbarre, Penn., April 24.—The widow of the late George P. Richards, of Plymouth, this county, while perusing the family Bible some days ago, ran across a piece of paper which was carefully folded. She opened it and says she found it to be a judgment note made out in favor of her late husband, and signed by Anram Nesbitt, president of the Second National bank, of this city. Mrs. Richards took the note to an attorney, and he told her to see Mr. Nesbitt about it. She did so, and the banker pronounced it a forgery.

After further consultation with her lawyer, Mr. Nesbitt was notified that unless the note was paid within a reasonable time suit would be brought. The banker said he would never pay a dollar on such a note, and employed Congressman Palmer and H. A. Fuller to look after his interests in case a suit should be brought. The note is dated March 3, 1893, four days before Mr. Richards died. The banker and Mr. Richards were always great friends, and when the latter died Mr. Nesbitt settled up his estate. Mr. Nesbitt, besides doing a banking business, has many interests throughout this section of the state. He is said to be worth $10,000,000.

In an interview he said he never gave a judgment note in his life. Mr. Nesbitt's business associates say it is not likely he would give a judgment note when he could write his check any day for $250,000 or more.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 10; Pittsburg, 4.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 3.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure

CATARRH.

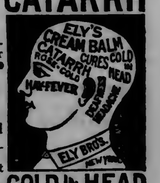
The specific is

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly Absorbed,
Gives Relief at once.
Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No injurious drug. Regular size, 50 cents; Family size, $1.00, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

Bargain Counter No. 2.

6000 yards of Assorted Laces for our Anniversary sale—Point de Paris, Orientals and Normandies, Edges and Insertions, 2 inches wide to 4½ and 5 inches —goods that are shown everywhere at from 15c a yard up to 35c a yard —price during this sale—per yard **10c**

Another lot of those All-Linen Torchon Laces, 1 inch to 2½ inches wide, that we have been selling at their regular prices of 12½c a yard to 20c a yard —this is one of our greatest bargains—during our Anniversary sale while they last at—per yard **2½c**

These are the genuine article, not that flimsy stuff usually advertised at the price.

PANTON AND WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINN.

"A penny saved is two pence clear; a pin a day's a groat a year."

Bargain Counter No. 3.

Wash Goods, Anniversary Bargain Sale, offering Batiste and dimities In stripes, dots and floral designs—imported English Madras, Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, Crepons and Chambrays—values up to 50c a yard—Anniversary sale price **19c**

Black and Colored Storm Serges, Cheviots, Broadcloths, Venetians, Sicilians, Prunellas, Whip Cords, Pecerain Serges, Granite and homespuns—in all the new spring shades—values up to $1.75—Anniversary price on Bargain Counter 3 at **79c**

Repetition of our successful Annual Patent Medicine Sale on Bargain Counter 1—See another page for prices.

A crowning event.

14th Anniversary Sale---Thursday, Friday, Saturday

Money saving for all.

IT HAS been customary for us to hold our annual Anniversary sale during the month of February. This year we decided to postpone it until the season thoroughly opened for business in order that our patrons could procure seasonable, new, desirable merchandise at Anniversary prices. Our Anniversary sale would be better named our "Patrons Annual Benefit Sale," because we make it a point to give bargains of unusual merit. In other words, we are strong believers in reciprocity. This is our method of reciprocating for the patronage you have so bountifully tendered us since we opened in Duluth—fourteen years ago.

Those who have attended our previous sales need no introduction to this. This year we are prepared to cap the climax over all our previous sales—Enough said.

Now for what we have planned to do. Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 25-26-27, are the days named for this sale—surpassing in merchandise and bargains all our previous efforts.

Don't come with the idea you can get the goods Monday, April 29, at the same prices, **because you will not.**

Don't be a "Doubting Thomas," and say it's an advertising scheme, **because it's not.**

Don't wait until Friday and Saturday, because some of the bargains advertised may be all sold Thursday.

Don't come in the afternoons if you can possibly come in the mornings, because we will have such crowds here it will be next to impossible for you to be waited on.

Don't come with the idea that everything in The Big Store is marked down regardless of cost, **because it's not.**

We give you a fair representation of our bargains here, and we have half a thousand more equally as good. We expect you to generously take advantage of of our liberal bargains.

Watch Thursday's and Friday's Herald for further notices of more good things which we will offer.

Millinery department—500 swell trimmed hats—really artistic creations, turned out with extreme care and splendid taste by our expert trimmers; black or colors—no two alike—equal to the $6, $7 and $8 leaders of our high-priced contemporaries—made up especially for this Anniversary sale, and priced even lower than we intended to sell them. Choice for $3.50.

$3.50

15c Sailors for boys and misses, ribbon trimmed, white, brown, navy or red—equal to any sailor in the city at 25c—Anniversary special 15c.

$7.50 Ladies' half fitted box coats jackets, nobby effect, silk lined, and nicely tailored—in black, tan and blue—Anniversary price $7.50.

$9.98 Silk eton jackets, nobby creations, in all the new effects. some tucked, others hemstitched, with handsome collar and newest cut sleeves—very special for the Anniversary sale at $37.50 down to $9.98.

$4.98 Dress skirts in black taffeta, nicely lined and bound with velvet—Anniversary sale price—very special at $4.98.

$3.98 Wool dress skirts made from fine storm cheviot serge, elegantly tailored—made in that matchless Panton & White style; value $5.00—Anniversary price $3.98.

$1.98 100 new walking skirts in oxford gray and blue, some with that new flare, ten rows of stitching—$3.00, $3.50 and $3.98 values—Anniversary sale price $1.98. No alterations at this price.

$6.98 Ladies' tailored suits that were made to retail at $12.50—jackets worth more than we ask for the entire suit; Anniversary price $6.98.

$12½ Ladies' tailored suits in brown, blue, black, tan and red—some silk lined throughout—worth up to $21.00—any style jacket—skirts are cut in the new prevailing fashion with flare effect—selling at the Anniversary price of $14.98 and $12.50.

$2.85 New black and colored taffeta silk waists, offered in our big silk waist department—they are tucked and stitched and made from splendid quality of taffeta—they are the best offers we have made this year—divided into three lots at $4.98, $3.98 and $2.85.

$4.98 Ladies' cloth eton jackets, silk lined, some fancy trimmed in shades of tan, blue, brown and black—some stores charge $7.50 for this class of garments. Our Anniversary price is but $4.98.

95c W.B. straight front erect form corsets, gored hip, in pink, blue, and lavendar—also some white—in other styles—corsets worth up to $2 00—the Anniversary price opens up to you a wonderful chance to get a first class corset at the very moderate price of 95c.

49c Sale straight front corsets, 25 dozen new straight front summer corsets, nicely trimmed with lace, two side steels, made from good strong net—they come in short, medium or long. We can fit any figure perfectly. Positively worth 85c. Anniversary price 49c.

9c Children's and misses fine muslin drawers, size one to six years—30 dozen on sale for the Anniversary. They are splendidly made and finished', having the best of needlework—yoke, band and three tucks—22c values—Anniversary price 9c.

25c Women's fine muslin drawers, umbrella shape. The workmanship is the best, needlework the daintiest, made with several rows of tucks—none made skimpy. Full and generous—very special 33c goods—for the Anniversary sale 25c.

75c Women's fine muslin gowns and underskirts—fine quality muslin—elegantly trimmed with dainty lace and sheer embroidery. Gowns made in ten styles; skirts in five styles. This lot of underwear was bought to sell at 79c, 98c, $1.25 and $1.49. Some of them are slightly soiled, and the entire lot goes on sale during the Anniversary sale at the uniform price of 75c.

49c All wool serges, 44 inches wide, strong and wiry fabric, splendidly finished—the 65c quality can be bought during the Anniversary sale at 49c.

3c Glove finished cambrics, best quality, selling regularly at 5c—our Anniversary price only 3c.

8c Fine dimities, 50 pieces, in a lovely assortment of colors—these dimities are worth 12½—they go on sale at the Anniversary price of 8c.

4c Corded dimities, 50 pieces, handsome designs and winsome colors—they are worth 7c—Anniversary price 4c.

59c Anniversary silk sale, offering silks at the lowest prices of the season—bargains that will appeal to all classes—black Peau de Soies, Satins, Poplins, Regence, Taffetas—Colored Novelties, Foulards—short lengths of Taffetas—silks worth all the way up to $1.50—wonderful silks—the Anniversary price is but 59c.

69c Satin foulards, in handsome designs—blues, old rose, reseda, browns, tans, etc.—handsome, durable, stylish foulards—regular price 89c—they will create a sensation at the Anniversary price of 69c.

$1.50 Venetians, extra fine quality, 52 inches wide—a grand display of these exceedingly fashionable fabrics—selling universally at $1.75—Anniversary price $1.50.

$1.25 48 inch black prunellas, regular $1.50 quality—fabrics that have met with fashion's approval, and extensively worn by best dressers everywhere—regular $1.50 quality selling at the Anniversary sale at $1.25.

$2.50 54 inch meltons, in shades of navy, red, tan, gray, and mode—beautiful qualities—new goods—very fine—Anniversary price per yard $2.50.

5c Embroideries—a tremendous selling of embroidery edging at 5c a yard—goods worth up to 12½c a yard, never before such real bargains. Clean cut, new goods, all ready for use. We can also show you the greatest assortment of fine nainsook matched sets in the city—imported by us direct from St. Gall.

Three for 25c Handkerchiefs for ladies, plain ¼-inch hem, beautifully stitched, pure linen—the greatest value ever put on the market at the unheard of price of 10c each, or 3 for 25c.

15c Ladies' lace trimmed handkerchiefs with embroidered edge, a new invoice received especially for the Anniversary sale, regular 25c quality, selling at 15c.

Two For 25c Men's handkerchiefs, large size, pure linen, half-inch hem, beautifully hemstitched, very fine quality, 15c each, 2 for 25c.

5c Ribbons—a big lot of ribbon ends, plain and fancy, special at, per yard, 5c.

25c Hair bows—we are making them by the hundreds—the demand has been something remarkable. When you see what we are offering for 25c, 40c and 45c, you'll not wonder why we sell so many. The very best values in this city.

$1.00 Laces delayed in coming, but there'll be no delay in their going out, for the Anniversary prices will be positively irresistible. We are doing the most successful lace business of our history because we are offering finer qualities for the prices—buying direct from the makers, and buying in such quantities that would stagger the ordinary Duluth merchant. These delayed shipments go on sale at Anniversary prices. There are beautiful black laces in Chantilly, Venice, Brussels, Arabian, and others—at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and up to $5 per yard.

75c Mousseline de soie, 45 in. wide—black, white and colors—special regular $1 value; Anniversary price 75c.

15c The much used liberty silk headings—black, white, cream and all colors—regular 25c article, per dozen yards $1.65—per yard 15c.

39c Lace top collars, regular 50c and 75c qualities selling each at the Anniversary sale 39c.

Half Price Battenburg and Renaissance, a few more of those doilies and centerpieces, but they will not last long at their present rate of selling—$6.00 shams for $3.50—$4.00 scarfs for $2.25—$2.00, $1.50, $1.00 centerpieces for 95c, 75c, 59c—75c, 50c, 30c battenburg doilies for 35c, 25c, 15c.

49c Ladies' kid gloves—49c is the price on about 12 pairs ladies' two-clasp kid gloves. They come in black, brown, tan, slate. Hige priced houses consider them cheap at 85c. Our Anniversary price 49c.

6c Fruit of the loom and Lonsdale muslins—36-inches wide—the muslins that have been the standard for years—we limit 10 yards to a customer during the Anniversary sale at 6c.

42½c Bleached damask, 72-in. warranted absolutely pure linen—guaranteed worth 65c; limit five yards to a customer during the Anniversary sale at, per yard 42½c.

79c Bates' bed spreads, full size, hemmed, Marseille patterns—they sell everywhere at $1.25—we will sell you only two during the Anniversary sale at, each 79c.

39c 10-4 cotton blankets, full size, white or tan—blankets selling at 65c—during the Anniversary sale at the unprecedented price of, per pair 39c.

3c Outing flannels, light or dark colors—this is a splendid time to get a good supply at a very small cost and at a great saving—5c flannels 3c.

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday, An Anniversary donation.

Free Stamped linen doilies and center pieces, any piece in our big stock, and some are worth as high as $1.10 each, will be given free during the Anniversary sale to persons who buy the silk to work them with of us. A tremendous offer—a remarkable inducement.

Free Carpets—All carpets bought during our Anniversary sale will be made, laid and lined free.

Free Millinery—All hats bought during the three days of our Anniversary sale will be made free, provided all materials are bought in this store.

Free Portieres—All portieres bo't during this sale will include pole and fixtures free.

Free Lace curtains—All lace curtains bought during this sale will include pole and fixtures free.

29c Men's and boys' cotton sweaters, turtle neck, good colors, fast and stainless—value 50c—priced for the great Anniversary sale 29c.

49c Men's fancy shirts, good percale, wash colors—No. 1 stiff bosom, long or short, detached cuffs and collars—No. 2, soft bodies, negligee, attached collars and cuffs—No. 3, soft bodies, negligee, white band, pleated bosom—75c values—priced for the Anniversary sale 49c.

50c Men's middle weight underwear, fine camels' hair, light brown shade, soft, sightly, durable, pleasant to wear—Anniversary price 50c.

12½c Ladies' black and tan cotton hose, fashioned knit, no seams, fine sightly hose that will wear well and give splendid satisfaction—value 25c—selling during the Anniversary sale at the unprecedented price of 12½c.

25c Boys' and girls' Ironclad Stockings, wide and narrow rib, made to wear and look well—a rare combination—none others like them—all sizes at 25c.

25c Ladies' middle weight jersey vests, high neck, long sleeves, ecru color, side button, knee pants to match, Anniversary price 25c.

30c Book special—Elizabeth in her German Garden—bound in fine cloth and worth 50c a copy. Anniversary price 30c.

15c The stationery department. Picked from our large stock the finest papers we have at 35c a box and to be sold at the Anniversary price of 15c.

5 Copies 10c Sheet music—songs and instrumental pieces—put up five copies in a roll, actually worth 50c a roll. Anniversary price 10c.

7c Notions—garter elastic with fine frilled edge, in all colors, regular price 15c a yard—we have cut them up into ¾ yard lengths and priced them each at 7c.

8c Stockinet dress shields—the Marlon shield of finest stockinet, sold by most dealers at 20c to 30c a pair. Anniversary price 8c.

12c Shell hair pins, our regular goods, first-class quality hair pins, put up in boxes of 12 pins—regular price 20c. Anniversary price 12c.

Two For 5c Finishing braid, an immense assortment—scarcely two pieces alike, regular price 5c a piece. Anniversary price 2 for 5c.

7c Pearl buttons, small, medium and large sizes, from 16 to 22 lines, cheap at 10c a card of two dozen. Anniversary price 7c.

5c Dress stays, sateen covered, in black, white and all fancy colors, per set 5c.

25c Silverware department—Sterling top cut glass salts and peppers, worth 39c each, Anniversary price 25c.

15c Sterling top imitation cut glass salts and peppers, worth 25c each, Anniversary price, each 15c.

49c In jewelry department—alarm clocks, regular price 65c—Anniversary price 49c.

35c Pocket books, the greatest bargains ever offered in leather goods, and that is saying a great deal—your choice of our regular 65c purses at the Anniversary price of 35c.

$1.79 Women's extra fine kid shoes, hand turned and flexible McKay sewed—also Oxfords—in tan, chocolate and black. They are shown in several up-to-date styles in all kid or fancy cloth tops—every pair an unequaled value at $2.50—Anniversary price $1.79.

$1.23 Misses' school shoes, an extra qualty for dress and school, in kid and box calf, lace or button, patent or kid tips, cloth or kid tops, sizes to 2, widths B to EE, $1.75 values—Anniversary price $1.23

$1.23 Boys,' youths', and little gents' school shoes, the Great Wear kind—in kid, box calf and badger—regular mannish styles—sizes to 5½. We put the lot together for this sale and make the Anniversary price $1.23.

10c Candy at Anniversary prices--- That's the price we put on marshmallows, chocolates, cream dates, sour drops, almonds, peach stones, peppermint kisses, ice cream kisses—worth 15c, 20c and 25c per lb. Anniversary price 10c.

Per Pound.

39c Guns, relics of the civil war. A parting shot. Last December we bought 1500 of these relics, and sold about 1350 of them at 95c and $1.75. We want to give you a little benefit, and will make the price for what is left for our Anniversary sale, each 39c.

5c Flour sifters, rotary, sold the world over at 10c to 15c each—Anniversary price 5 cents.

4c Iron handles, extra handles for Pott's Irons, composition tops, will not break—Anniversary price, each 4c.

15c Garden rakes, 10-tooth maleable—Friday is "official cleaning day"—'nuff said—Anniversary price, each 15c.

39c Step ladders, 5 foot, good ladders these—made of Norway pine, honestly built—shelf on back for pail—Anniversary price each, 39 cents.

5c Hammers—full size cast hammers, with hardwood handles—"nall one" for official cleaning day—Anniversary price 5c.

15c Cuspidors—a table loaded down with them in the basement—all shapes—all colors, patterns—purse-pleasing prices prevail—a full size, good shape, brown underglazed cuspidor—Anniversary price 9c.

9c Pitchers—a tableful of water pitchers—1-quart full size pitcher, assorted colors, underglazed, straight shape—Anniversary price 9c.

5c Plates—a table full of fancy decorated plates—fruit, bread and butter, salad, ice cream plates; all new goods; a Jap B. & B. plate ware; full blue decorations; Anniversary sale price, each 5c.

Bargain Counter 4.

10c Parasols—500 misses' or children's fancy parasols, well made and durable, selling during the Anniversary sale at each 10c.

33c Umbrellas—1000 umbrellas with natural wood handles, steel rods, iron frames, good cloth—sold by other stores as a great bargain at 75c. Our Anniversary price for a new umbrella is what you'd pay for putting a rib into an old one. Anniversary price 33c.

95c $1.25 Umbrellas again. Two lots of fine umbrellas, steel rods, paragon frames—Dresden handles, plated and sterling trimmed, worth $1.50 and $1.75—selling during the Anniversary sale at 95c and $1.25.

Two for 5c Seeds, bulbs, roots for spring planting are now on sale at The Glass Block—a grand assortment of vegetable seeds, flower seeds—regular price 5c per package—selling here 2 packages for 5c.

2½c to 20c Also the following bulbs and roots, at these prices: Amarillas, assorted, 10c each; Begonias, single or double, assorted colors, 10c each; Gloxinias, mixed, 7c each; Gladiolas, extra, 2 for 5c; Tuberoses, extra 10c each; Cannas, tall or dwarf 5c; Dahlias, mixed, 15c; Japanese Lilies, assorted, 10c each; Caladiums, very fine, 15c; Iris Japanese, assorted, 10c; Maderia Vines, 2 for 5c; Paeonias, assorted, 20c; extra choice Sweet Peas, 5c; Pansies, very fine variety, 5c.

We Have Solved the Ready-Made Suit Problem

That was brought about purely by specializing the business—our experience has taught us the value of attention to detail the care that special orders require—the absolute necessity of putting into each garment what the critical wearer expects to find there without the trouble of attention and at not too great a cost.

Here are a few items that will specially interest you tomorrow:

A HANDSOME SUIT—

Made in Homespun Cheviot, Eton or blouse, or the collarless Eton, in black, navy, gray and tan, full flounce skirts-- **$16.50**

EXTREMELY STYLISH SUIT—

Made in fine Cheviot Venetians, full flounce skirt, Eton blouses or collarless Etons, jackets taffeta lined, some handsomely braided, in black, navy, brown and tan, only------- **$21.50**

New Silk Etons, of tucked silk, at -----$12.50 to $25.00

PARISIAN SUIT CO.,

Chas. Freimuth, Manager.

106 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

WITH BANDS OF STEEL

Desperate Train Robber Who Is to Be Hanged Friday, Removed to Clayton With the Greatest Precaution.

Trinidad, Col., April 24.—Black Jack Ketchum, train robber, will be hanged at Clayton, N. M., on Friday. He will pay the extreme penalty for the robbery of an express train on the Colorado & Southern road at Folsom, N. M., Aug. 16, 1899.

Ketchum, single-handed, held up the express train and was wounded in the fight, put up by the train crew. Two of the latter—the conductor and the postal clerk—also were wounded. Ketchum was shot through the right arm and, after escaping, had it amputated. After a long chase he was run down and taken to Folsom for trial. He was given the extreme penalty—death. Since last September, Ketchum has been in the Union county jail. Rumors coming in that outlaw bands of the Southwest had taken steps for the rescue of their comrade, measures were at once taken to prevent such an outcome. It was decided to remove Ketchum to Clayton for execution. The sheriff of Union county, with a strong force of deputies, yesterday manacled the prisoner with a heavy steel belt around the waist. To this belt his left arm was chained, while his lower limbs were bound with steel bands. To further insure the endorsement of the court's mandate, Ketchum was confined in a steel lined mail car with grated windows. Under these precautions the trip was begun to Clayton. The party passed through this city today and the sheriff expressed confidence in his ability to deliver his prisoner at Clayton before Friday and ward off any atempt that may be made to wrench him from the grasp of the law.

OPEN SWITCH

Causes Wreck of Train on International and Great Northern.

San Antonio, Tex., April 24.—A southbound International & Great Northern passenger train was wrecked today at Davenport, sixteen miles north of here, by running into an open switch, misplaced, it is supposed, by train robbers.

Fireman F. W. Hicks was killed. Engineer Monahan was fatally hurt. Attorney C. A. Goeth of San Antonio, E. B. Keyly and E. B. Stanley, railroad mail clerks, of San Antonio, and Miss Moran, of Killen, were bruised and cut.

STRUCK BY TRAIN.

H. P. Mann of Minnesota Killed at Chicago.

Chicago, April 24.—H. P. Mann, an employe of the Northwestern road, was killed by an express train at the Pine avenue crossing today. He passed under the gates to board a local train, when he was struck by the express. The body was mangled, so that identification would have been impossible, had not papers ben found along the track that were in a small grip carried by the victim. Mann had been in the employment of the Northwestern three months, and was working with the civil engineers on the Wisconsin division. His home was in Minnesota.

DEFEATED EMIRS.

African Troops Do Good Work on Frontier.

London, April 24.—Brig. Gen. Sir Frederick Ludgard (high commissioner and commander-in-chief of Northern Nigeria) and Col. Kemball, with a force of West Africa frontier troops, have completed a successful campaign against the powerful slave-raiding Emirs of Bida and Kontagorio, in Northern Nigeria. The British defeated the Emirs of Kontagorio after heavy fighting, 5000 natives frequently charging the British square. The British captured the capitals of both Bida and Kontagorio and released thousands of slaves. The Emirs, who have been the terror of the country for years, killed thousands of natives during the past year. They are now entirely powerless, and this was brought about without the assistance of white troops.

STEAMSHIP ON FIRE.

Pensacola, Fla., April 24.—Fire was discovered today in the cargo of the Spanish steamship Alicia, loading here with cotton and general cargo for Liverpool. There are about 1800 bales of cotton in the cargo. The cotton has been flooded, and the hatches closed to smother the flames. The extent of the damage is not yet known.

LINCOLN.

Body of the Martyred President Returned to Its Cypt.

Springfield, Ill., April 24.—After reposing nearly a year in a temporary vault in the monument grounds, the body of Abraham Lincoln will, late this afternoon, be returned to its crypt in the reconstructed Lincoln monument. No ceremony will attend the removal, which will be conducted in the presence of Governor Yates, State Treasurer Williamson and Superintendent of Public Instruction Alfred Bayliss, commissioners of the monument, and the representatives of the press. It has been decided not to open the casket, as was done fourteen years ago.

FOR LONG TRIP.

Training Ship Dixie Is Loading With Stores.

New York, April 24.—The United States training ship Dixie arrived here today from the Norfolk navy yard and went direct to the Brooklyn navy yard to take on board stores and recruits for the South Atlantic and Asiatic stations. Many of the recruits are for the flagship Chicago and cruiser Atlanta. After supplying them at a South American port, the Dixie is to proceed to Manilla by way of the Cape of Good Hope and when she has left more men for the ships there will return to the United States through the Suez canal.

BRESCI IS MAD.

Paris, April 24.—A dispatch to the Rappel from Rome says that Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, has become mad in consequence of the ill-treatment of his jailers.

EPSOM RACES.

Epsom, Eng., April 24.—The city and suburban handicap was won by Spencer Gollam's Australian Star, Amurath, ridden by J. Reiff, was second, and Alvescott was third. Fifteen horses ran.

THE AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, April 24.—Although the weather during the morning was cloudy indications are favorable for the opening of the American league baseball season here this afternoon. The Milwaukee team, which opens with Detroit, arrived last night.

SEVERE BATTLE.

London, April 24.—News has reached here, of a severe battle in the vicinity of Fort Darwin, Mashonaland between a force of Charterland police and natives from Chintsi under the outlaw Mapandara. Sixty of the outlaws were killed.

FATHER KENNERY DEAD.

Cincinnati, April 24.—Father J. J. Kennery of the Church of the Assumption, this city, a widely known Roman Catholic priest, died today.

GAME POSTPONED.

Cincinnati, April 24.—The Cincinnati-Chicago game has been postponed on account of the flood.

CABLE TRUST PLANNED

The Discoveries Made By Pupin and Marconi Will Revolutionize the System and Necessitate an Enormous Capitalization.

Washington, April 22.—A revolution is imminent in the ocean cable systems of the world due to the wonderful discoveries of Professor Pupin and Signor Marconi.

It may, therefore, have happened just as well that the efforts made during the last congress to commit the government to the building of a Pacific cable temporarily failed.

Germany herself will hesitate to take advantage of our slowness in the face of the circumstances.

According to the best authorities, there is every prospect of having some international agreement reached which will form one gigantic cable trust of all the ocean cable companies in the world. It is proposed to bring the government cables into this combine on the basis of neutralizing all lines so that no especial privileges will be enjoyed by any government.

There is no reason why any objection should be raised by any particular power to this arrangement as secret codes could be used by the various governments.

The arrangement would, of course, only refer to the inter-oceanic cables, or such coastwise sections as are absolutely necessary to reach leading points. The British government, which has hitherto held almost a complete monopoly of the cable business of the world,

will be the hardest proposition to overcome, but the fact that it will not have the benefit of the new submarine telephone inventions unless it joins, will be used as a lever to draw it in. The billion dollar steel trust will pale into insignificance beside this colossal scheme, if it is put through. The estimated amount of money already sunk in ocean cables is considerably over $1,000,000,000. With the needed extensions and the cost of reconstructing the cables for the use of an improved process, fully another $1,000,000,000 will be required.

It is probable that franchises will be sought during the next session of congress by the promoters of this great international scheme, with which it is understood President McKinley and Senator Hanna are fully in accord.

The scheme, in fact, relieves them of the difficulty which stands in the way of cable legislation intended to place the Pacific line under government control. It has been contended that this would be the opening wedge for putting all telegraphs and telephones under the control of the government, and such a step would alienate some of the administration's most powerful friends. The British objection to the formation of the trust, or syndicate, as it has been less euphemistically termed, is based upon the well-known aggrandizing proclivities of that nation.

At the present time Great Britain controls the International Cable union, the 6,000,000 telegrams which travel yearly over the cable route, passing, for the most part, through her hands.

She has fourteen great ocean cables in working order, nine of which she controls exclusively.

America, Africa and India are girdled with a network of cables belonging to her. One company alone, the English Eastern Extension, handles about 19,000 miles of cables in Eastern Asiatic and Australian waters. The total number of cables directly under the control of the British government is 358, with a combined length of 113,896 miles.

The total mileage of the world's cables is between 180,000 and 190,000 miles.

The United States has four cable companies, all under private ownership, the total length of which is 21,131 miles, divided into twenty-two separate cables. This gives us control of about 11 per cent of the cable interests of the world. This country is interested in five cables of the trans-Atlantic system, while Central America, south as far as Peru, is under the exclusive control of American companies.

France comes next with a mileage amounting to about 10 per cent of the world's cables. Of its 19,380 miles 13,602 miles are controlled by four private companies, operating twenty-eight cables, the rest being under government control. France controls the Mediterranean Union and also the cable traffic in her West Indian and North American possessions.

The North Danish Cable company ranks next in point of strength. It is a private concern and operates twenty-four cables, with a length of 8025 miles, making 4 per cent of the world's total mileage. This company has many cables across the Baltic and also operates the trans-Siberian underground telegraph to Vladivotoeck. In East Asia there are a dozen cables, with a combined length of 2945 miles. Germany controls less than 2 per cent of the world's cable mileage, a remarkably small amount considering the extent of her commerce. This is divided into fifty-nine cables with a combined length of 3616 miles, 2336 miles of which are under government control. British America controls one cable, 1056 miles in length. Spain operates fifteen cables with a length of 1084 miles. Italy controls fifteen, with a total of 1221 miles all under government control.

Of the total cable mileage about 20,000 miles are under government control, the remainder, comprising somewhere between 160,000 and 170,000 miles being owned by private companies.

Most of this enormous system is under the management of the international bureau of telegraph administrations.

Even if the various governments cannot be induced to give up cables which they exclusively control it is believed that all the private companies can be brought into line for this vast consolidation.

The effect would be the bringing of ocean telephony within the reach of the masses.

The history of the ocean cable system has been a constant record of progress and co-operation.

Since the first signals were transmitted across the River Hooghly at Calcutta by Dr. W. O. Shaunchnessy through a copper wire, insulated with a covering of cotton thread saturated with pitch and tar, there has been constantly found a need for greater and greater co-operation between individuals or governments in the work of laying submarine cables.

It was American enterprise and capital combined with British money and confidence that led to the laying of the first trans-Atlantic cable.

hTe story of the crowning of the heroic efforts of the pioneers of the early movement, after apparently hopeless struggles, is one of the brightest and most heroic records on the world's honor roll of great endeavor. The first achievement was due largely to the personal efforts of Cyrus W. Field, of New York.

The enthusiastic congratulations between the peoples of the two countries, when first thought flashed beneath the ocean, marked an epoch in the world's history. There have been several Atlantic cables laid since, but they have all finally found it necessary to pool interests.

The French Cable company started in to cut rates, but soon fell into line with the other companies. The Commercial Cable company the last one laid, also tried to get a monopoly of business by cutting rates, but now is in the pool.

It is said that J. Pierpont Morgan and some London financiers are laying the wires for the cable trust.

FREDERICK WATSON.

RETICENT.

Sketch of Horace G. Burt of the Union Pacific.

As befits a man who is at the head of business which represents an investment of an hundred odd millions, and in whose operation some thousands of men are employed, Horace G. Burt keeps very much to himself, says the Omaha Bee. His reticence has won for him the name of being a hard man to interview. In reality he is one of the easiest, for he invariably tells the reporter he has nothing to say, and the interview is over, so far as Mr. Burt is concerned. On such matters as the public is, in his opinion, entitled to be informed Mr. Burt talks briefly, but plainly; but he never takes the reporter into confidence concerning his plans or the plans of his employers in the management of the great railroad of which he is the executive head. He is probably the hardest worker on the Union Pacific pay roll, and finds very little time from his duties to devote to the discusion of affairs of the road for the edification of outsiders.

Horace G. Burt began his railroad career as a member of a surveying party, which was running a line for a branch of the Chicago & Northwestern road over in Iowa. He soon left the pioneer party to become superintendent of the construction work. Advance was steady and rapid, and he was successfully made assistant superintendent and superintendent of the Northern Iowa lines of the Chicago & Northwestern, and then chief engineer for the whole system. It was while acting in this latter capacity that he first came into general notice as a railroad man. He laid out the Great Northern switch yards in Chicago, an achievement which attracted a great deal of attention in the railroad world.

The problem of terminal facilities for the Northwestern in Chicago was of many apparently insuperable difficulties, but the solution arrived at by Mr. Burt was of the most practical sort and evinced rail-head ability of the highest order.

It was not a great while until Mr. Burt was again transferred from the construction to the operating department, and he was made general superintendent of the Iowa lines of the Northwestern, with headquarters at Boone. From there he came to Omaha to be general manager of the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley road, serving for five years in this capacity. From here he was sent to St. Paul to be general manager of the Chicago St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha road. He had hardly assumed this position before he was made assistant to the president—Marvin Hughitt—and third vice president of the Chicago & Northwestern. This is briefly the railroad career of Mr Burt prior to his return to Omaha to assume his present position. Such a hasty outline can give no adequate idea of the work he has performed or the results he secured, more than will be gained from the fact that his upward course never halted. It will be accepted as proven that he must have shown both ability and capacity, or he could not have attained the confidence of the managers of the great system of railroads with which he was connected, for mere pull does not win recognition and advancement in the railroad service.

On Monday, December 27, 1897, It was officially announced from New York that Horace G. Burt had been selected to be president of the Union Pacific. He was in Chicago at that time, and when a newspaper reporter called on him with the news, Mr. Burt said: "I have not been notified and I do not believe I care to talk until I am officially notified of the appointment." If loquacity on the topic of his appointment is to be taken as an evidence of his notification, he hasn't heard from the directory yet, for he hasn't talked about it any.

On the day Mr. Burt was chosen to be president of the road Union Pacific sold for 26⅜ in New York. It is now a little more than three years afterward, selling around 91.

It was certainly a herculean task set before Mr. Burt. The road has just emerged from a receivership which had lasted four years and suffered greatly from the physical and moral—if that word may be used—deterioration incident to the fact that it had been that long in the hands of the court. To reorganize the service, rehabilitate the equipment of the line and place the property on a paying basis Mr. Burt was sent to Omaha. With characteristic energy and determination he set about the undertaking. How well he has succeeded is told by the quotations for the stock. At the very outset he gave the force of his own example to the men under him. He retained the service of the company the old executive officers, who had made up the staff for years and who were familiar with the Union Pacific, its territory and its patrons. One of these—the chief engineer—soon after resigned and was replaced by the present incumbent, a man who was with the president during other days on the Elkhorn. It was the change in methods that brought about the improved condition in the affairs of the line. For instance, a sleepy gatekeeper at the shops was startled out of his rest for weeks by the appearance of the "old man" at the gate at 7 o'clock one morning.

Others besides the gatekeeper were surprised that morning, but the visit bore fruit in the prompt arrival ever since of shopmen. Laxity in all departments met similar rebukes, and it wasn't many days after New Years, 1898, until it was thoroughly understood that "snaps" on the Union Pacific were a thing of the past. His example was infectious, and President Burt soon had the satisfaction of seeing his assistants working with as much energy as himself to bring his plans to success. The effort has been all he could have expected. When he came to Omaha, it is told, he said to a friend that he would probably need five years to bring about a proper readjustment of the road and its service. He has two years to spare, if outward indications are any criterion.

Mr. Burt's reputation for austerity arises from his unwillingness to discuss his business affairs generally with outsiders. His time is well taken up with matters pertaining to his position, and his habit of giving his personal attention to much of the detail work connected with the operation of the line absolutely precludes sociability during office hours. His aversion to newspaper interviews is known to every city editor and railroad reporter between San Francisco and New York, and when a reporter comes into the office with an authoritative interview from the president of the Union Pacific he announces it almost as a triumph. Often Mr. Burt has carried this feature of his daily program to denying or refusing to affirm knowledge of things that had actually transpired, or which came to pass within a very short time after. Those who are intimate with him say that when he does have a rare minute for rest and relaxation he is as genial and companionable a man as one would wish to meet.

He takes a keen personal interest in the affairs of the world outside of railroad circles, but goes in little for society, because he has not time (and it is also said he has not the inclination). When in Omaha he is at his desk by 8 o'clock in the morning and he rarely leaves the headquarters building before the closing hour in the evening. His trips over the line have been frequent, owing to the unusually extensive undertakings in the way of reconstruction which have been set on foot since his advent, and to which he has given very much of his own skill as a railroad builder. In a word, he has devoted himself entirely to the accomplishment of the work he was given when he came to Omaha in the winter of 1897.

Horace G. Burt was born in January, 1848, at Terra Haute, Ind. His education was received in the common schools and a short attendance at the university of Michigan. He left the latter institution without having taken his degree and entered into the practice of what has proven to be his lifetime work. About a year ago the university conferred on Mr. Burt the degree of M. E., which he would have won had he been regularly graduated.

SIGNOR MARCONI.

Especially Special!

BIOYOLES—Till we are moved—On any bicycle selling for $30.00 or over for cash we give 5 per cent off and in addition thereto your choice of a gas lamp, one bell, one pair pants guards, one stick chain lubricant, and one bottle cycle oil. All this with each and every bicycle sold for cash at **$30.00** or over.

"Columbia" Chainless	$75.00
"Columbia" Chain	$50.00
"Cleveland"	$27, $35, $40, $50.00
"Glendron" Morrow Brake	$43.00
"Hartford," Columbia made	$35.00
"Vedette," Columbia made	$25.00
"Beebe," in Maroon	$22.85
"Jay-Bird," in rich green	$12.95

The "Jay-Bird" is a hummer—only $12.95—one-piece crank.

☞ WE COMMENCE TO MOVE FRIDAY, APRIL 26. ☜

Couches, Side Boards, Buffets, at 15% From Regular Price.....

Nothing reserved. In this lot are included a special line of late arrivals. These prices hold good until we commence moving our stock.

Yours for Business **R. R. FORWARD & CO.**

Hardware Hustlers

2021-2023 West Superior Street, Duluth Minn.

Never Disappointed An Advertiser.

The Friday Herald

WELL NAMED

the Shoppers Guide

Advertising copy to run in all editions should be ready Thursdays at noon.

VIOLET FARMS.

To be a farmer of violets is poetic. Desire Corbin, a native of France, has a violet farm at Overbrook. Two acres of ground, covered with glass, burst into thick, sweet purple bloom there every day, and every day Desire Corbin and his large family—a tall and beautiful woman with gray hair, four robust and graceful girls in bodices red and white, three strong young men with derby hats a little dented, and a flock of rosy children—go over the two acres and pluck some 50,000 violets, says the Philadelphia Record.

Heaped in baskets loosely they bear these to the farm house, and they throw them, in an indescribable opulence of color and of perfume, on a long and narrow wooden table. Then they sit them down, some dozen persons, and in an air sweet with the violets' odor they make the delicate flowers into bouquets, popular in these days of Lent. Working, they converse, in French. The walls of their workroom are hung with pictures. Their low and pleasant laughter, their spirited exclamations, are part of a conversation always going on over the soft, sweet, purple heaps of violets, a conversation brilliant and wise, a literary and artistic conversation.

Desire Corbin has been growing violets over fifteen years. He sells them in Philadelphia, New York, Boston and even in Chicago, for his violets will keep over a week after they have been plucked. They are, most of them, California and La France violets, but he raises some of the Marie Louise and the White Tsar sorts. Mr. Corbin puts out some 6,000,000 violets a year.

In twenty-eight long, narrow houses of earth and glass Desire Corbin's violets grow—houses 120 feet in length, 10 feet in width, 6 feet in height. In each of these houses 1200 square feet of space is planted with violets in two long strips, with a narrow path down the middle. Daily this rich soil studs itself with purple violets. One house grows about 5000 flowers daily. It takes about an hour to pick one house.

In all the houses there are stoves, though it is rarely necessary to light fires in them. The houses are sheltered from the winds, and the sunlight that they face, entering through glass, keeps them wonderfully warm. At night, after sunset, they do not chill off, because they have walls of thick earth, which, having got warm during the day, retain their heat at night as no other kind of walls will do.

Each violet plant, with its leaves and flowers, takes up about six square inches of space. Each plant blooms from October 1 to April 15. Then it begins to spread; to throw out runners, and it is taken up and set in good soil out-of-doors, while its runners are cut off and new plants made of them. Out-of-doors, while the plant is not flowering, it needs no attention other than a little watering every few days if the weather be dry, and indoors, during the long bearing season a watering twice or thrice a week is all the plant requires. The houses are kept at a temperature of about 80 degrees, and the sashes are raised often to give a good ventilation.

Violets, at the Christmas season, sell at wholesale for a cent apiece, and he who buys them from the fashionable florist then thinks nothing of paying 5 cents apiece for them. A bunch of 50 violets is about 2½ inches in diameter, one of 100, 5 inches; one of 200, 10 inches, and $2.50, $5 and $10 do not seem exorbitant prices for bunches of such size at Christmas.

Desire Corbin says there is no longer any money in violet growing. It is because the business has become too much cut-up, because everybody with enough capital to get a few sashes has gone into it. It used to be that violets, the year through, would sell for 25 cents the hundred. Now, on an average, the year through, they sell for 5 cents the hundred.

Hence, along with his violets, Mr. Corbin raises a few other things, so that in one hot house may be see violets growing to the right and parsley, cress or strawberries growing to the left. He has also three acres of vineyard. Concord grapes grow there, out of which he makes for his private use a most delicious wine. This wine has so sweet an odor that, smelling it and closing your eyes, you can imagine yourself in a grape arbor in September, an arbor rustling in the south wind, and exhaling all the perfumes of its leaves and fruit.

Statistics—which no one can controvert—show that in 1900 a billion violets were grown for the market in this country. The crop this year will no doubt be much larger. Besides Desire Corbin's farm there are about 200 such farms in the United States, the annual crop of each of which foots up 5,000,000 violets.

NEW ORE CONCERN

Henry W. Oliver and Associates Said to Be Buying.

Are In Shenango Company Which Took McCahill Lease.

Demand For Low Grade Lands Is Springing Up.

A short time ago the lease of the McCahill property on the Mesaba range, in township 58-19, was transferred to the Senango Iron company. At the time the transfer was made the parties concerned in the deal would say no more of the Shenango Iron company than that it was an independent company. The impression got abroad that it was bought for the Hill interests, probably for the reason that the Hill interests have been buying ore properties.

It is now learned on good authority that the Shenango Iron company has Eastern ore men as the leading spirits and that no less a personage than Henry W. Oliver is the controlling spirit. Mr. Oliver is said to have no connection whatever with the steel trust, although he was the medium chosen at first by the Carnegie people when they began the acquisition of the large ore properties which they now control in this section. Mr. Oliver and other Pittsburg men are now reported to have formed a new company, whose object is to acquire all the ore lands it can get. They recognize the fact that iron ore will before very long be a rather scarce article, that is, there will be little outside of that which the trust controls. If the new company can acquire a good block of properties there will be big money in them a little later when iron manufacturers outside of the trust make themselves cramped for ore. In getting the McCahill property the company has a good start for that is said to contain an enormous body of ore. The price at which it was purchased, $500,000, is said to have been rather low.

Chester A. Congdon, who was the legal representative of the Oliver Mining company while it was acquiring its ore lands here, is said to be associated with the new company. It has also been reported that G. G. Hartley is interested. Messrs. Hartley and Congdon have done more or less exploring on the ranges and some of their lands are expected to go into the new company.

In the demand for iron lands, which has grown so brisk, there is said to have developed a market for lands that have heretofore been undesirable. These were lands that contained ore of low grade. A percentage of 58 or thereabouts is said to have been about as low as would be considered and not very much could be sold that ran as low as that. There has been ore shipped down the lakes that ran as low as 55 per cent, it is said, but very little of it and the bulk of it runs higher than 60 per cent. Now the properties of lower grades are being picked up. The sale of the lease of the Merritt-Miller-Brown land, known as the Wacouta property, is reported to have been made and this is understood to be as low as 52 per cent in iron and rather high in phosphorus. Other low grades have been picked up here and there and the man who holds property of that kind has a chance in sight of realizing.

THE RULING.

More of Court's Decision In Sabin Railroad Case.

As stated in The Herald's telegraphic news last night, the Washburn, Bayfield & Iron River road, ex-Senator Sabin's road, has won out in its suit against Bayfield county, Wis., to recover $39,000 in bonds that were voted as a bonus for the completion of the road. The county refused to turn over the bonds, claiming that the road had not been completed within the stipulated time, but the court held that interested parties had prevented the completion of the road in time, and held the county for the bonds.

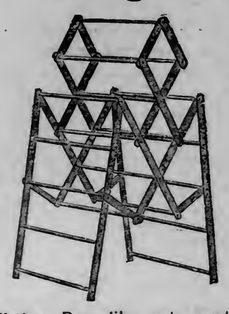
The story is a very interesting one. The road applied to the county for assistance in making extensions of its road, and as it was expected to be of great benefit to the city and county of Bayfield, the bonds were voted. The time limit, after extensions, was Nov. 30, 1899. Everything went well until the taxpayers began to object to the taxes necessary to meet the bonds, and then opposition arose, which lasted until the time limit passed with the road still uncompleted in part, though cars were run over it by daylight of Dec. 1. At midnight, the road lacked 1100 feet of the twelve miles required. The testimony brought out the fact that unknown parties had greased the rails of the road and had resorted to other devices to prevent the first train from passing over the line on time. After the completion of the line the bonds were demanded, but Bayfield county protested, and the suit resulted.

The court holds that while the road was not ready in the full sense of the term, enough had been done to show the good faith of the contractors, who worked during the last few days in the face of great odds on account of obstructions placed in their way by interested parties. The court holds that the construction at midnight of Nov. 30 was enough to comply with the law and the requirements of the contract. In referring to this the court says:

"Neither perfection nor substantial perfection is exacted, but only such a state of completion as will enable the railroad to run its cars over the whole route continuously; the legislature has a right to assume that the expenditure necessary to attain such a state would compel subsequent expenditure for maintenance and betterment. Self-interest is the strongest incentive to human actions and furnishes conclusive reason why the railroad company should undertake the venture and care for it afterwards. It seems that they began at once to care for it by continuing the work after December 1, and by improving the road so that it should be adequate to transact the business it was liable to be asked to do. That business was not and could not be for some years extensive, for the western terminus was, so to speak, "in air;" it connected with nothing and was located in an unbroken wilderness; moreover, the entire population within five miles from each side of the road, for its whole length did not exceed 300, including Indians.

"It follows from these considerations that the fifth section, consisting of twelve miles of road, was completed within the meaning of the contract and the law, on the 30th day of November, 1899."

Basement Bargains.



Clothes Bar, like cut, worth $1.00. Special price Thursday, only 53c

No. 9 Wash Boilers, only 59c

Iron Frame Wringers, only $1.00

Large Diamond Splint Clothes Baskets, worth 45c. Special price, only 25c

Toilet Paper, per package, only 3c

Gas Chimneys, only 5c

Leatherette Lunch Boxes, 3 sizes, special for Thursday ... 8c, 10c, 15c

Folding Leather Lunch Boxes 25c

Large size Japanese Dew Drop Teapots. Special, only ... 12c

8-in. Decorated Lamp Globes, worth 59c. Special tomorrow 25c

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

The New Store

CROP REPORT.

Weather Not Favorable For Farm Work.

The first number of the North Dakota climate and crop service bulletin has been issued and is as follows:

"The past week as well as the first part of the month, has been generally unfavorable for farm work, especially in the eastern and northern portions of the state. Previous to the past week, some small amount of wheat had been sown in especially favorable locations, and preparations for seeding were becoming general, when a series of rain storms, followed by snow, set in, closely followed by heavy frosts, which froze the surface of the ground, so that next to no work could be done in the forenoon in most localities, and in some places, none in the afternoon.

In the southern part of the state some what that was sown the latter part of March has come up, but has been frozen down. In the eastern counties the soil is very wet, and considerable sunshine is needed to dry it out and warm it so that seed will germinate.

AMUSEMENTS.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

Crowded houses and fine productions are the rule at the Sixth Avenue theater. Last night North Bros.' clever company presented "Old Farmer Allen" for the second and third time. This play is a dramatization of Tennyson's poem, "Dora," in which part Miss Goodwin, the leading lady, who has made a more than favorable impression by her previous efforts, was seen to good advantage, making a part, which has not very great possibilities, shine by her own personal brilliancy. Harry Chapin was seen at his very best in the title role, and his portrayal of the difficult character of Old Farmer Allen was a fine piece of character acting. The comedy was shared by C. C. Chapin, in a character of his own creation, and Harry Holman and F. C. Carter did some very good acting, especially in the second act. Tonight the company will be seen in Shook and Collier's magnificent production of "A Celebrated Case." The leading people, Virginia Goodwin and the Chapin Brothers, have exceptionally strong parts. The specialties this week are the best of the season so far. Lee Mitchell and A. W. Bordon are making a big hit, as are also the Holmans and Martyn and Davenport.

MORRISON'S "FAUST."

Once more are Duluthians to see Lewis Morrison's "Faust." It will be at the Lyceum Saturday. It is announced that this is the farewell tour, and this doubtless will lead all of those with whom this great play has been a favorite to once more see it. The scenic embellishments are brilliant, and the company is said to be excellent.

HORSES ARE "DOPED."

Worthless Equines Made to Look Like Favorites.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 24.--The police authorities are mystified by the operations of a gang which is operating here and at various points in the state selling worthless horses at exorbitant prices after "doping" them. An incident came when a stylishly dressed woman bore down the price fro $140 to $100 on a well-groomed, fine-appearing, spirited horse, only to find him dead on her hands two hours later. The gang usually rents stables near some fine residence and advertises that a family preparing for a trip abroad is anxious to sell off its carriages and horses. What drug is used is a mystery to the police. Scores of complaints have been made of its efficacy in swindling purchasers. A few arrests have been made, but in each instance the accused squared themselves with the complainants, in this way knocking out prosecution.

Thankfulness to Friends

For their sympathy and assistance during the sickness and particularly at the death of our little son.

MR. AND MRS. D. S. ROBINSON.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

Suspenders.

Men—see the line of Suspenders displayed in the extreme east window—you've paid 39c and 50c for the same quality many a time. Our price this week is only 19c

The New Store
HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Battenberg.

There is a display of Battenberg and Sprochtel goods at the Art Department that will merit the attention of all lovers of this art.

To your right—just inside the door.

Wash Fabrics.

Do you need "something for a shirt waist," a dress or wrapper? You will not supply that want any better nor at the low price you will find at The New Store. Some values for Thursday:

Beautiful quality Venetian Lawns and India Linons, 30 inches wide, 12½c quality—Thursday only 7½c

Fine Dress and Shirt Waist Ginghams, checked and stripes, 12½c quality, Thursday—only, per yard 9c

Apron Check Ginghams—You know what they are—Thursday they are only—per yd ... 5c

Fine silk finished Dress Sateens—An extra special marked at 25c—Thursday, a yard ... 15c

9-4 Bleached Sheeting—Fine, soft finish, and very desirable—limit, 10 yards to a customer—only, a yard 12½c

Mousseline de Soie—In all colors and black, beautiful mercerized finish, and you pay 48c and 50c regularly. Makes a handsome, party dress. Thursday, per yard 40c

Underwear.

For Ladies.

We wish to impress the fact upon you that we carry the Forest Mill products. Those once using these garments are never satisfied without them. Not another garment in the market to equal them in finish, while the yarn is the very best obtainable. Not cumbersome, but neat, proper fitting and in every respect just right.

Ladies' long sleeved vests, knee or ankle length pants of same material—the unmatchable Forest Mills productions—each 25c

Mercerized combination suits, low neck and knee lengths—pink, blue and white—a suit $1.25

Fancy vest—Drop stitch, sleeveless, silk mercerized—silk tape trimmed, at 75c the garment is cheap, our price is 50c

Suits, Skirts, Etons,

of marvelous beauty. They are selling rapidly, but we fill the vacant space with others. The express companies well know The New Store by the number of boxes that arrive daily with recruits for our racks. Some items for Thursday we should be pleased to have you try to duplicate. You'll be sure to return to The New Store and make your purchases.

Eton Jackets.

There is now a replenished stock of the new Etons for your inspection Thursday. All prices, but one we especially mention for Thursday is one embodying every feature that is new in Etons and comes in tans and black—at $6.50

Skirts.

No matter whether it is a Walking Skirt or a fine Dress Skirt, we are now ready to supply every need. We have the much desired unlined Dress Skirt, as well as those with the fine silk and percaline linings. Two fine lines for Thursday, that you will be pleased to see at—$5.00 and $3.98

Suits.

$12.50 is Thursday's price for an unapproachable line of Suits that $15.00 would be cheap for. We do not say they are $18.00 or $20.00 Suits, for we have never marked them at that figure, nor will we say we did, but we defy you to find an equal for the price. They are made with Eton Jackets, L'Aiglon collars, stitched Taffeta reveres, Bell sleeves, skirts of the latest flares, handsomely stitched, in fact they embody any feature that you would desire. Colors—grays, browns, tans and blacks—Thursday $12.50

Silks and Dress Goods Day Thursday.

For Thursday we place on sale a line of this season's best weaves and colorings in Dress Goods and Silks at prices that will make this day the busiest our Dress Goods Department has experienced. Do not attempt to judge what these goods are before you see them, for we have underdescribed rather than overdescribed them. It is possible to advertise a lower price on goods that would be described in similar words, but when the cloths are seen there is a vast difference. The New Store is establishing a record for having nothing but the best goods, and every item advertised will add to this record. It will pay you to take the time to see them Thursday.

Colored.

Albatros in evening shades—Blue, the desirable Greens, Lavender, Rose Pink, Old Rose, Cream—this 18 our regular 50c quality, but Thursday it is 49c

Wool Crepe Cloth in evening shades—this cloth is what the name would indicate. 'Tis quite popular this season, and deserves to be so; Thursday 59c

English Prunella Cloth—the cloth that has the beautiful satiny appearance that water will not spot, fine line of shades, regular price $1.25; Thursday 98c

54-inch all-wool Skirting Crash—is sold regularly at $1.00. The special price for our Thursday's sale is a little more than half—only 59c

Silks.

Black Silk Poplin—20 inches wide, is a fine quality and one that we have sold at 85c; for our special sale Thursday, it is half price 49c

Colored Taffeta Silks—this is a number you will not duplicate; colors, Navy, Royal, Garnet, Cardinal, Tan, Yellow, Lavender, Gray; Thursday a yd 48c

Black Peau de Soie Silk—a special line quality, correct weight, you would pay no more than it is worth at $1.25; Thursday the price 95c

Namesle Black Gros Grain Silk—extra heavy and fine—warranted to wear—never sold for less than $1.25; Thursday, our special price only 95c

Black.

All-wool Black Albatros—38 inches wide—it will make that lightweight dress for summer most admirably; Thursday—per yd only 49c

Satin-finished Black Prunella—You desire a cloth that will make a dress that will have the appearance of satin and not spot with water—This this at $1.19

Black Empress Suiting, beautiful finish and a cloth unequalled for wear; all-wool 40-inch wide—we sell it at 85c, but Thursday it is 65c

Sponged Granite Cloth—45 inches wide; the "Collingwood Brand," "wears like iron" is the verdict of those who use it—very dressy—Thursday—per yard 98c

Carpets and Rugs.

Those interested in Carpets seldom fail to purchase of us after seeing our line.

Ingrain Carpets—every kind a good quality—prices from 65c to 25c

Tapestry Brussels—none equal in quality, from 80c to 45c

Wilton Velvets—that rich, durable and desirable quality, $1.50 to 75c

Mattings—our new ones are arriving, and sell from 50c to 15c

Oil Cloths—patterns the best—quality unequaled at prices from 40c to 25c

Linoleums—patterns and wearing qualities the best—$1.50 to 50c

Large Rugs of best quality for rooms is our specialty—an assortment of patterns that are unsurpassed—visit this department and let us talk Rugs with you, and while here see our 9x12 Axminster Rug for ... $20

Lace Curtains.

Our Lace Curtains are of a far better quality than we can describe in this space. Values which you will not thoroughly appreciate until you have seen them. As long as they last this week you can purchase any of **six specials** at a price which yields us no profit. We make the price merely to advertise this department—preferring to benefit you instead of the printer.

Lace Curtains—the regular price is $1.50—this week—special price 75c

Swiss Ruffled Curtains—cannot be had for less than our reg. price, $1.35, elsewhere—our special price $1.00

Lace Curtains—every customer satisfied to pay $2 for it—our special price $1.50

Bobbinet Ruffled Curtains is quite a bargain at $2.75—special price $2.00

Lace Curtains—designs handsome, full size, regular price $3.00—tomorrow our special price $2.25

A special in a high grade Curtain—sold regularly at $5.50—tomorrow our special price will be $4.00

Fine Neckwear.

Not the ordinary kind, but the new, neat, nobby kind that gives any costume that necessary finishing touch. We've enough of an assortment to suit all and you know that is not always an easy matter.

Linen Collars, some new styles and shapes—the latest is a straight collar with a turndown edge at 15c

A large assortment of standard styles at 10c

Silk and Satin Collar edges, very neatly embroidered, all shades—you will be surprised how much it will add to the appearance of a collar—each 35c

White Lawn Collar with embroidered edges, they are very new and desirable, will launder nicely 59c

Shoes.

"I should like a pair of shoes the same as I got the last time"—is a frequent expression our shoe salesmen hear. That is the secret of the success of this department. Always selling the kind of shoes that are wanted.

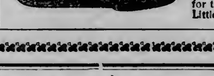
Ladies' fine Vici Kid Shoes—Heavy or light soles, lace or button, broken lots that have sold for $2.00 and $2.50. To close this lot they are now a pair $1.69

Misses' fine Dongola Kid Shoes—Medium heavy soles, absolutely solid leather, lace or button, a pair 98c

Childrens' in same, sizes 8½ to 11, a pair 79c

Infant's fine kid button shoes—turned soles, kid tips, sizes 2 to 5, a pair at only 25c

Ladies' kid shoes—lace or button, kid or patent leather tips, all sizes, a pair at only $1.49



Boys' Satin Calf Shoes—Outside back stay, heavy drill lining, perfection hooks and eyelets, heavy soles with steel circlets. "The never wear out" kind. Others ask $1.75 and $2.00 for them. Our price $1.49

Little Gents' in same, sizes 9 to 13, at $1.24

Mercerized Petticoats.

The processes of mercerizing cotton cloths is now so perfect that it is possible to make petticoats of cotton cloth to have an appearance like silk and in most instances will wear much longer.

Mercerized Sateen Skirt—Accordian pleated flounce—is an excellent value at our reg. price, $1.25. Thursday the price is only 98c

Striped Mercerized Skirt—Dust ruffle, two rows of 4-inch accordian pleating with pinked edge—is a handsome and very serviceable skirt. Thursday's price is only $1.25

Striped Mercerized Sateen Skirt—Dust ruffle, accordian pleated graduated flounce—a perfect silk finish, Thursday at ... $2.50

THE DAKOTAS.

Destructive Prairie Fire In the Region of Wessington.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—A destructive prairie fire raged sixteen miles southwest of Wessington. Much farm property was destroyed. Ira W. Hanks was burned to death. Frank Raymond, married a few days since, and just settled on a new farm, had all his clothing, except his shoes, burned off, and his body was badly burned. His recovery is doubtful.

Plankington—There is no longer any doubt as to the existence of smallpox in this (Aurora) county. The families of O. D. Anderson and John Stolt have the disease and nearly the entire population of the south half of the county has been exposed to it, and, as might be expected, the excitement is running high.

Gritton—Joseph Appleby, a former resident of this county, and whose family is still residing here, died of peronitis last week in Montana, where he was engaged in mining. On the day on which the telegram was received his daughter, Arabella, a young woman, was taken sick with the same disease, and before the body of the father reached here she was dead.

Aberdeen—The estate of the late James Knox, consisting mainly of $6000 of life insurance, is likely to be involved in serious litigation. Mr. Knox died a widower, leaving four or five children in the care of his late wife's sister at Highmore, this state. County Judge Hansen appointed her guardian, and by vertue of these proceedings the money should fall into her hands for the benefit of the children. Eastern relatives of Mr. Knox have commenced proceedings for the appointment of a guardian of the children and the matter will probably go to the courts.

Deadwood—The program committee for the quarto-centennial has word from Capt. E. H. Allison, now at the Soldiers' home at Hot Springs, that he will attend the carnival. He is one of the most noted Indian scouts living. He will drill a band of Sioux Indians from Pine Ridge agency in the different dances.

Pierre—Mrs. Cooley, wife of a Northwestern conductor, died from an attack of grip.

Geddes—One of the finest hotels in the state is being erected here. It will be opened about June 1.

Milbank—Mrs. John Hausher, of Summit, was instantly killed while taking a loaded gun from a wagon.

Bon Homme—Mrs. Alex Clark died a few days ago of elephantiasis. She weighed nearly 300 pounds.

Lead—The largest cyanide plant in the world has been started by the Homestake company. It cost nearly $500,000 and will save about $40,000 monthly.

Huron—A team of horses driven by Michael Reel, of Miller, ran away here, throwing Reel out and inflicting injuries that will likely prove fatal.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fairmount—A. J. Thiesen, of this place, left for Lidgerwood, where he will take charge of the Merchants' hotel of that place. He has had much experience in the hotel business and will undoubtedly make a success of the Merchants.

Fargo—Vice President Phelps, of the Fargo fire festival committee, who is chairman of the committee on attractions, feels sure he will have something good for the big event. Arrangements are being made to get people for the festival and for the firemen's tournament at Dickinson, the following week. Secretary Anheier returned from Minneapolis yesterday afternoon with several matters to report to the committee at tonight's meeting.

Elmer W. Davis, who was the Northern Pacific agent at Davenport and was arrested on the charge of adultery, waived examination and was held to the district court under $500 bonds.

Grand Forks—E. W. Delorimer, one of the best known traveling salesmen in this section, died after a prolonged illness from typhoid pneumonia complicated with Bright's disease.

Grafton—Lucius Stewart and Robert Gilbert, 15 and 16 years old respectively, were arrested for breaking open the barber shop of Tony Suarez and taking between $30 and $40, of which about half was recovered today by the police. They were tried before City Justice Casey on the charge of petty larceny and committed to the county jail for fifteen and five days respectively. It is the general opinion that the reform school is the place for both.

SCHOLARS' HANDS

Shaken By Professor Who Now Has Smallpox.

Portsmouth, Ohio, April 24.—Fifteen cases of smallpox are reported at Otway. Ten days ago the schools closed. Professor James Oppey, a teacher, although feeling ill, attended the closing exercises and shook hands with each of the scholars. A few days later Oppey developed smallpox, and the town is in a state of great excitement over the wholesale exposure of young children.

WILLIAM AT BONN.

Bonn, April 24.—Emperor William and Crown Prince Frederick William arrived here this morning to attend the crown prince's matriculation at the university. They drove to the Schaumburg palace amid the cheers of the populace and the ringing of the church bells.

Just received, a nice line of nursery stock, trees, shrubs, small fruits, strawberry plants, etc. SEEKINS.

IN MICHIGAN.

Clergue's Tourist Route Will Soon Be Reality.

Sault Ste. Marie—F. H. Clergue's cherished plan of a tourist route along the north short of Lake Superior—a terra incognita—is to be put in execution at once. The steamer Ossifrage, formerly of Duluth, has been bought and will make regular trips between here and Port Arthur. She will run along the north shore stopping at such points as Michipicoten, Pilot Harbor, Otterhead, Pic, Port Coldwell, Jackfish, Rossport, Nipigon and Silver Islet. At Port Arthur the boat will connect for Duluth or Houghton with all boat lines or with the Clergue line into the far-famed Manitoulin country.

Houghton—The Isle Royale Mining company has brought suit against Portage township for $14,000 excessive taxes. At a conference between the principals and attorneys, Supervisor Fox arranged to refund the excess taxes by spreading the amount named on the next tax roll and refunding to the Isle Royale company after collection. A meeting of the township board will be held to ratify the bargain.

Marquette—Irving Shields, superintendent of Michigan's mineral exhibit for the Pan-American exposition, has finished gathering specimens for the same and they were shipped to Buffalo. The collection of copper and iron specimens is a most excellent one and its value amounts to several thousands of dollars. The lot was carefully packed and completely filled one car. Included in the shipment is a collection of iron ore specimens made by Professor Sperr and several students of the Michigan College of Mines, who spent several days with Commissioner Shields at Ishpeming and other iron country points on that special mission. Mr. Sperr prizes the collection very highly and after the exposition closes it will be presented to the college.

Norway—The organization of the new state bank for Norway, which has been formed largely through the work of D. A. Stewart, was completed last week. The capital stock of 25,000 shares is well distributed abong good people. The new bank has a strong list of officers and a directorate of solid men. Mr. Stewart will be its cashier. It is expected that the new institution will be ready for business not later than May 1.

PATTI'S WELSH CASTLE.

It Is to Be Sold to the Highest Bidder.

London, April 24.—Craig y Nos, the castle of Mme. Adelina Patti (Baroness Cederstrom) in Wales, will be sold by auction in London on June 18.

Soon after her marriage to Baron Cederstrom, Mme. Patti determined that she would spend most of the year, including the summer season, with her relatives in London. This would leave her country place in Wales untenanted, and it was decided that it should be sold. Several wealthy Londoners, among them Sir George Newnes, the publisher, sought to purchase Craig y Nos, and Mme. Patti was thence indjced to offer the estate to the highest bidder by auction.

You'll never get tired, fagged out, nervous and fretful if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Greatest spring blessing ever offered the American people. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE EVENING HERALD.

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One year (in advance) $5 00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of Weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 24.—Light rains fell during Tuesday or last night over Tennessee, the District of Columbia, Pennsylvania, New York, Michigan, New Mexico, Colorado, Washington, Oregon and Assinniboia. The barometer is low off the New York and Southern California coasts and over Saskatchewan, and high over Oregon, the Western lake region and Mississippi valley. Temperatures continue mild in districts east of the Rocky mountains except that cool weather prevails in Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee. Cool and frosty weather is the rule in districts north of Colorado, Utah and Nevada.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	50	Medicine Hat	34
Battleford	38	Memphis	50
Bismarck	34	Miles City	46
Boston	46	Milwaukee	48
Buffalo	42	Minnedosa	38
Calgary	26	Modena	34
Charleston	50	Montgomery	42
Chicago	44	Moorhead	44
Cincinnati	38	New Orleans	58
Davenport	44	New York	46
Denver	42	North Platte	50
Detroit	46	Oklahoma	56
Dodge City	74	Omaha	50
Duluth	40	Pittsburg	44
Edmonton	26	Port Arthur	32
El Paso	64	Portland	38
Escanaba	42	Prince Albert	42
Galveston	66	Qu' Appelle	38
Green Bay	46	Rapid City	48
Havre	44	San Francisco	48
Helena	40	Santa Fe	42
Houghton	40	Shreveport	54
Huron	48	Spokane	34
Jacksonville	52	St. Louis	52
Kamloops	38	St. Paul	46
Kansas City	52	Sault Ste. Marie	38
Knoxville	42	Swift Current	38
La Crosse	48	Washington	46
Lander	34	Williston	46
Los Angeles	46	Winnemucca	34
Marquette	42	Winnipeg	46

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight; Thursday partly cloudy with possibly local showers; continued mild temperature; fresh easterly to southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 24.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday except possibly showers northeast portion Thursday; colder west portion Thursday. North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; cooler Thursday.

The Proposed Georgian Bay Canal.

The probable construction in the near future of the Georgian Bay, Ottawa and Montreal ship canal is a subject in which Duluth, in common with other ports on the upper lakes, is much interested. It would open an almost direct deep waterway from Duluth to the Atlantic ocean, superior in every respect to any other route that has ever been projected. It would be shorter than any other, contain fewer locks and therefore would be the least expensive for navigation. An Ottawa dispatch of recent date says this ship canal can be constructed for $65,000,000, and if the Canadian government will guarantee 2½ or 3 per cent on this expenditure, or cooperate in some other way with the company which holds the charter for the canal, it will be constructed. The capitalists who financed the Manchester ship canal, the Delagoa Bay railway and the Amsterdam ship canal are the parties who are interested in this new scheme. Johnston Edgerly and Ernest E. Sawyer, both of London, Eng., are now at the Canadian capital representing the Georgian Bay-Ottawa-Montreal Ship Canal company and are preparing a memorial which they will present to the government setting forth the terms upon which the company is prepared to do the work. The twenty-foot canal, Mr. Edgerly points out, will be sufficiently deep to allow lake vessels from Chicago, Milwaukee, Duluth, Fort William and other ports to go direct to Montreal, Quebec, Sydney, Halifax, St. John, or any other Canadian seaport, or to New York or Boston, or if necessary across the ocean. It is claimed that when the canal is built, grain will be carried at a cost of 3 cents a bushel from the lake ports to the seaboard—a great reduction upon the rate now paid by grain shippers. There is a fair prospect that the Canadian government will agree to make the guarantee requested, in which event the construction of the canal will be begun at an early date.

The Danish West Indies.

If the United States should decide to buy the Danish West Indies it will not get much. Although no public announcement of the terms of purchase has yet been made, it is believed that negotiations have been practically completed. The inhabitants of the islands are not enthusiastic over the transfer; in fact they are opposed to it, but their wishes have not been taken into consideration. The Danish West Indies consist of three islands, St. Thomas, St. Croix and St. Johns. Aside from their strategic value they have but little to recommend them to a prospective purchaser. With the exception of a few Danish officials and English merchants the inhabitants are natives or negroes and are distressingly poor. The three islands have an aggregate area of 80,000 acres. Of the three St. Johns is the smallest and St. Croix the largest, although it is not the most important. St. Johns and St. Thomas lie close together—the latter just west of the former, and both just east of the northern coast line of Porto Rico. St. Croix is about forty miles south southeast of St. Thomas, and has an area of 51,168 acres. St. Thomas has an area of 22,220 acres. The area of St. Johns is about two-thirds that of St. Thomas. Of the strategic value of St. Thomas a military authority recently wrote that St. Thomas offers conditions suitable for developing an excellent military outpost and possesses all the natural advantages, enabling it to be converted into a second Gibraltar. The structure of this narrow island, with a long central ridge, having a general elevation of about 1000 feet, with some points 500 feet higher, is especially adapted for the emplacement of fortifications, defending both shores at the same time, making it extremely difficult for an enemy to approach or to obtain a foothold upon the island. The elevated ground in the immediate vicinity of the excellent roadsteads which this island affords, makes the question of harbor defense a comparatively easy one. This position, with its few inhabitants, could easily be provisioned for a long siege. The harbor of Charlotte Amelia and the numerous sheltered places about the island affords a depth of six or seven fathoms of water, and being on the southern side of the island, they are completely protected from the prevailing strong winds. This location on the northeast rim of the Antilles is in close proximity to many of the passages into the Caribbean sea, and affords an excellent point of observation near the European possessions in the archipelago. While being near other islands, St. Thomas is practically in the open ocean, and permits the entrance of a fleet without its being first observed. It is also a center of the West Indian submarine cable systems, lying about midway between the Windward Passage and the Trinidad entrance to the Caribbean sea. The island occupies an unusually strong strategic position with respect to the projected inter-oceanic canal. It is in the direct line of traffic between European ports and the Isthmus of Panama. It is about the same distance from most European ports as New York. The white inhabitants of the islands are intelligent. The negroes are ignorant, the most of them being unable to read or write. The government of the islands has been an expense to Denmark during the past few years of more than $200,000 a year. No wonder that country wants to get rid of them.

A GAME BETWEEN EXPERTS.

Those who have watched with close attention the progress of the Boer war in South Africa must have been struck with the consummate skill of the two great figures now occupying the center of the stage. Two years ago the world rang with praise of the sirdar, Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, but that world had not yet heard of Christian De Wet. Now that same world is doubtful which is the greater military general of the two. So far in the game the odds are decidedly with De Wet, and but for Kitchener's reputation he would be recalled. The world must remember, rowever, that De Wet is playing his own game, and it is entirely new to Kitchener—he must have time to "get on to the curves" of this new and erratic pitcher in the game of war.

Throughout the entire war up to the time that Lord Roberts left Africa the British were completely outgeneraled. The Fabian policy adopted after the capture of Cronje completely befooled the British. When Pretoria was evacuated without a struggle, the British thought they saw the finish. With the comparatively small number of troops at their command the Boers could not risk a general engagement, and resorted to the one policy that would win, if anything could win. They were willing to do what the Russians did when the French occupied Moscow. They were ready to sacrifice their country on the altar of personal liberty. Separating into small bands, they laid low until Roberts was convinced that the "war was over" and no more troops were needed, and then with an exhibition of resources unexpected and a dash that was paralyzing, De Wet took the offensive and entered Cape Colony. The war, which was thought to have burned out, suddenly blazed up with renewed vigor, and British soil was the scene of action. Kitchener was paralyzed. He did not know how to handle his troops to advantage against such a foe—a foe that did not observe the rules of ordinary military tactics, and a foe that would not stay whipped. For four months he has floundered, vainly trying to catch the Boer commandoes. But now he has given it up and sat down to a two or three years' job. He is doing what he did in the Soudan—taking his time. Dividing the enemy's country up into sections, he has so placed his forces that they can be projected to capture and destray and drawn back again with little loss of men and ammunition. He has determined to use his forces as a boy does a ball with a rubber string tied to it. Now it is a game of strike and get away. There will be no more lone detachments for the wily De Wet to ambush; every British soldier will know where he is at when he leaves camp.

The future of the game will be interesting. For the winter the Boers will retire to a part of the Transvaal where the British have not been and are not likely to come. It will be a waiting game, and just now it looks as if the waiting would be very tiresome and expensive for our old friend, John Bull. Kitchener, as great a military genius as he is, has found his match.

McLAURIN'S NEW DEMOCRACY.

Senator McLaurin of South Carolina is advertising himself. He proposes to gain some notoriety by out-Heroding Herod. He is a high protectionist, an imperial expansionist and a ship subsidyist. While flying the flag of Democracy, his papers indicate that he was built and is owned by the Republican commercial pirates. He defends his new position with the specious argument of spoils. The North and East have been growing fat at the expense of the South and West; now why shall not the South grow fat at the expense of the newly-acquired insular possessions? McLaurin bears about the same relation to the Democratic party that Sam Randall, of Pennsylvania, did in the days of tariff legislation. He was a good Democrat, O, yes, but he was from a manufacturing district, and must support the highest tariff measures which the Republican bosses saw fit to introduce.

McLaurin might secure some following should he take a middle course—such a course as that marked out by the late Benjamin Harrison—a course which admits expansion beyond the seas as an accomplished fact, but demands that the nation keep within the constitution. The Democratic party and every other party must accept the fact that we have Porto Rico and the Philippines, and that we may have Cuba. The steps that were taken as a war measure we cannot now retrace, but if the Democratic party fails to protest against the exploitation of these islands by the political and commercial pirates that are now guiding the policy of the administration, it will sink beneath the contempt of every honest man. Expansion, in the sense of acquiring noncontiguous territory is no longer an issue. We have it. But the question of the government of that territory is most vital to the perpetuation of the traditions of the republic. We cannot be a republic for purposes of home government and an empire for the purpose of looting acquired territory. The colonial policy which the administration and the trusts are attempting to force upon the nation is the sole and only vital issue now before the people. On this question the thinking men of this country are clearly divided, irrespective of party lines. Grover Cleveland, the greatest of the original anti-expansionists, and Benjamin Harrison, the champion of the original idea of trans-oceanic expansion, met on common ground to defend the constitution from violence and the inhabitants of our new possessions from the grasp of the despoiler. The new Democratic party, be it led by whomsoever arises, to find a place in popular favor must make its path plain on this vital question of constitutional sovereignty. If the Republican party for the next three years maintains its position on the question of insular government, whether that position be backed up by a decision of the supreme court or not, it will go to the wall as surely as the sun shall arise upon another election day.

Senator McLaurin is a poor reader of the signs of the times when he takes it for granted that the last election indicated that the people were in favor of imperialism, a large army and a colonial policy. He no doubt takes his cue from the magnates who would fatten on the commercial spoils that a colonial policy would insure to them. The Republican party and Senator McLaurin would expand—they would force the commerce and the flag into all climes and all countries. But how? If Cuba should propose to come into the Union as a state, or even as a territory, would the offer meet with a favorable response? Not by any means. McLaurin himself, following out his Republican principles of spoils, would oppose such a movement. It would hurt the industries of the South if the tariff were to be removed from Cuban importations. McLaurin's new Democracy and Hanna's Republicanism want Cuba and Porto Rico and the Philippines, and any other loose islands or peninsulas lying around, but they want them for a purpose, and that purpose bears no marks of philanthropy. They want them for trust feeders; they want them to furnish a market for their supplies, and they want them in a position where the importation of rival products can be prohibited by law with no fear of retaliation. In short, they want the United States to possess as many political and commercial slaves as it can secure. If Senator McLaurin expects the Democratic party to follow him into such a camp of constitutional bushwhackers he has reckoned without his host. He will find himself marching alone without either advance scouts or rear guard.

The profits of gambling at Monte Carlo last year were $4,900,000. Just think of it, nearly $5,000,000 absorbed from the people whose passion it is to gamble! For the year ending March 31, the gross profits of the tables amounted to $4,990,000. Added to this sum the Casino company has a yearly revenue of $120,000 from hotel rentals, thus the gross income for the year ending March 31, was $5,020,000. The Casino, however, does not pocket this amount, being obliged to spend large sums at the prince's dictation, who words the concession about as he pleases. Many are the stories of individuals breaking the bank of Monte Carlo, but it is impossible to break it. One might break a table, but never the bank, for the vaults contain vast sums, and the roulette wheel always has the chances in favor of the bank. A great Oxford mathematician said, after calculating the chances for many months, that the Casino might place over its doors: "We defy the world." If you be lucky you may win for a few turns of the wheel, but as sure as the sun shines the bank's turn comes, and if you persist, you surely lose. If you do not believe it, the proof is given in the figures of the winnings.

The government at Washington disclaims any connection with the demand of the ministers at Pekin for four more Chinese heads and the degrading of eighty more Chinese, although it is well known that a committee of the ministers, consisting of the representatives of England, France, America, Holland, Belgium and Italy, was appointed to consider what further punishment should be asked, and that it has reported with recommendations as stated. The government says that it is deemed advisable for the American representative to continue to meet with the ministers for the sake of the opposition that he can make to the various plans. It looks as though the government's position was a little lame morally.

A curious kick about the census comes from Kentucky. There is no objection as to the number of inhabitants assigned to the state in the census bulletins, but it is insisted that an injustice has been done in placing her area at only 40,000 square miles. The Courier-Journal of Louisville declares that the state has at least 42,000 square miles and demands a resurvey of the commonwealth. While a failure to enumerate an individual here and there in the population seems entirely excusable, a square mile is certainly big enough to be seen and to be counted. The Courier-Journal's demands for a re-enumeration of the units of territorial measurement should be granted.

Cable reports say that Li Hung Chang is once more in disgrace. As a matter of fact it is pretty hard to tell from the reports that have come of late just where Li does stand. Not long ago it was said his yellow jacket was taken from him and he was sent away from Pekin. The next day, however, he was doing business at the old stand and has been ever since. Some one seems to be doing a great deal of prevaricating concerning the wily old Celestial.

Announcement is made of the coming marriage of Miss Vivian Sartoris, granddaughter of Ulysses S. Grant, to Archibald Balfour, a barrister of London. It does not seem but a few years since the papers were full of the news of the marriage of Nellie Grant to Mr. Sartoris.

Like Farmer Rocco, whole fortune, once changed, everything came his way, is Count Boni. To win a duel and a lawsuit both within a short time is more than usually hapens to most noblemen in distress. The count must have a mascot hidden away somewhere.

Here is material for a Sunday school lesson. A Pennsylvania woman a few days ago found a note for $84,500 in the family Bible she had not read for eight years.

Walter Wellman has determined to make another trip in search of the North Pole. It is strange that an apparently sensible man should be wedded to such a foolhardy venture.

The Shamrock II is said to be a fine-looking yacht. Sir Thomas Lipton may have a winner, but all Americans will hope not.

"We have as yet brought only good to the Cubans," says the St. Louis Republic. Neely and Rathbone, for instance.

Perhaps when Mr. McKinley starts on his swing around the circle, he will tell the people what happened to "plain duty."

WRONG STILL UNRIGHTED.

Kansas City Times: Aguinaldo's manifesto, if he can exert the same measure of influence upon his countrymen while counseling peace that he exerted when urging them to hostilities, will have the effect to pacify the archipelago and put an end to the deplorable conditions that have prevailed there for more than two years.

He should not be blamed for yielding to the inevitable and bowing to obstacles which, with the feeble and scant resources at his command, he found it impossible to overcome.

The ending of the Philippine war, which now appears virtually attained, has one consequence which will be received with a grateful sense of relief by citizens of all shades of politics—that is it will cause a cessation of the slaughter of our gallant soldiers, who have borne themselves so bravely and unflinchingly in a struggle the merits of which their soldierly duty forbade them to question.

Humanitarians everywhere will rejoice at the spectacle of peace spreading her wings over the devastated fields, the deserted homes and the dead and wounded Filipinos, victims of a war waged against assailants of their independence.

But the acquiescence of Aguinaldo and his followers in the rule of a government imposed upon them at the cannon's mouth will not change or modify the violation of the principles upon which this republic is founded.

If the wresting of a country from a feeble people and the imposing upon them of a government against their consent was wrong two years ago, it is wrong today, and will be 20 years hence. The submission of the Filipinos to the rule of the invading nation does not alter the ethics of the question.

The policy of forcible expansion has even more of threat in it for the welfare of the United States than it has for the subjected islands.

The example of those other republics, Athens and Rome, is before us to warn against the corruption and extravagance of irresponsible power set up over distant and alien peoples. This truth is as mighty today as it was in Cicero's time, as it was last year—"No government can long exist part republic and part empire."

CONDITIONS IN SILVER.

Bryan's Commoner: In so far as business conditions have been improved by the increased production of gold, bimetallists have been vindicated. If any one will take the trouble to read the literature circulated by the gold standard advocates in 1896, he will find that the quantitive theory of money was denounced and a rising dollar eulogized. Nobody eulogizes a dear dollar now, but the advocates of the gold standard are seeking to secure credit because of the increased volume of money, which they did not contemplate and did not want.

Business conditions have not been normal during the last three years. War in the Philippines and in South Africa has operated to raise the price level, first, by withdrawing a large number of men from the labor market; and, second, by increasing the demand for provisions, army supplies and equipment for soldiers. Nations have been mortgaging the future to secure money to spend in the present.

There is a theoretical advantage in the double standard, but the practical necessity for it was based upon the scarcity of gold. If the production of gold increases to such an extent as to furnish a volume of money which will keep pace with population and business, the restoration of bimetallism will not be necessary. But if such a condition comes it will be more gratifying to bimetallists than the advocates of the gold standard, for bimetallists will have secured that which they desire, namely, a stable dollar, while the advocates of the gold standard will be disappointed because of the disappearance of the dear dollar.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: A woman's sense of humor is generally grown fast to her liver.

The old very old people are those who have lived so long they have outlived themselves.

Loves makes heroes and marriage makes hoboes.

Every man over 40 does as he pleases and blames it on his wife.

The easiest way for a woman to make a big hit with a man is to act to him like he was making a hit with her.

Gratifying Discoveries.

Philadelphia North American: The Philippine commission which discovered that slavery is not pernicious in our Mindanao colony, has also made some other gratifying discoveries in its tour of investigation. The committee joyously announces that the strength of the Moros has been greatly overestimated; that they have no ammunition to speak of; are not skilled in the use of firearms, and can be subdued more easily than the Filipinos. With this reassuring information we can proceed confidently with our mission of benevolent assimilation of the Moros.

Progress of Consolidation.

Philadelphia Record: "Where combination is possible competition is impossible." This is an economic commonplace entirely familiar to the American public, who manifest not the slightest objection, however, to the process of consolidation. Further concentration of steel industries, for example, as indicated in an apparent effort to bring coastwise establishments within the charmed circle, would merely simplify the situation from the popular point of view. Nero's vain desire for a Roman populace with a single head may yet find realization in the history of New World moncpoly.

Hot Air Tanks In Action.

Washington Post: The developments in the latest Goebel conspiracy trial indicate that they have succeeded in rounding up a man who stood about the streets and talked too much about something he was permitted to participate in. There are such men in every community.

Sure to Get the Worst of It.

Baltimore American: The government has lost the hat-trimmings case. It might have known it would get the worst of it when it began to meddle with feminine finery. There are some human rights too sacred for official interference, and a new spring hat is one of them.

A Propitious Time.

Kansas City Times: Mr. McKinley has selected a good season for his Western tour. At the time he passes through the state there will be no danger of a Kansas cornstalk falling across the track and wrecking the train.

Occasions Surprise.

Baltimore American: Tom L. Johnson, Cleveland's reform mayor, is astonishing the politicians by listing public virtue as a political asset.

CHASE DULL CARE AWAY.

Puck: Josh—Hiram is a purty lucky man at hoss trading.
Silas—Lucky?
Josh—Yes. He don't get stuck very bad.

-:—:-

Somerville Journal: Humorists throughout the country are engaged now in brushing the dust off the bathing suit and the iceman jokes.

-:—:-

Chicago Record-Herald: "The secretary of agriculture is going to distribute trees."
"That's right; flower seed, trees—and after a while hammocks, fountains and garden settees."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "Some men," said Uncle Eben, "gits de reputation of bein' patient when de troof is dat dey's too indolent to stan' up foh whut dey is entitled to."

-:—:-

Brooklyn Life: "She is very nice and all that; but she is altogether too critical."
"I assure you she never speaks of you but in the kindliest way."
"P'raps so; but every time I see her she gives me the impression that my frock doesn't fit."

-:—:-

Ohio State Journal: Mr. Newlywed—Come, won't you break bread with us today?
Jack Jester—No, thanks, old man; you see I can't stand manual labor; by the way, is it her first attempt?

-:—:-

Indianapolis Press: She (reading lazily)—Why is it that this newspaper calls its column "Through the Microscope?"
He (lighting a fresh cigar)—Because of the —(puff)—prodigious enlargement requisite—(puff, puff)—to see the point to most of the stuff that appears under it.

-:—:-

Detroit Journal: The worst impended.
"Lead, kindly light!" murmured the heroine, clasping her hands devoutly.
"What's the matter with the leading heavy?" gibbered the comedian.
As for the supernumeraries, their blood opportunely froze in their veins, and they gave no sign, either of grief or merriment.

THE GOLF CRAZE.

Now that wintry
Days have gone
Golfing craze is
Fully on.
In the loudest
Suits you've seen
Crowds are rushing
To the green.

Golfing stockings,
Golfing caps,
Golfing dresses,
Golfing traps;
Golfing girls and
Golfing men,
Glad the season's
On again.

Watchful caddies,
Proud of jobs,
Lugging sticks with
Putting knobs.
Oft they wink and
Slyly nod
When some tyro
Tears the sod.

Golfing phrases
All the go;
Thus they talk
As for miles and
Miles they walk;
Sharply watching
Ball that rolls,
Putting it up
To the holes.

Great is golfing.
Great the plays;
Widely spreading
Is the craze;
But in tackling
All the pranks
Of the howling
Base ball cranks.
—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

BRIGHT RECORD IN CHINA.

New York World: Mr. McKinley's policy continues to be in keeping with the very noblest traditions of the republic. It is a pleasure to write its latest phase—the other powers scheming for a "grab" of $400,000,000; Mr. McKinley's agent negotiating for a reduction of $200,000,000 at most, and proposing to reduce the claim of the United States, which has been put to greater expense than any of the other powers except Japan, to $12,500,000 if the powers will bring the total down to $100,000,000.

The Boxer movement was the direct result of the greedy and inexcusable aggressions of Britain, Russia, Germany and Japan. It did not culminate in an attack on the legations until after that bombardment of the Taku forts, in which the United States refused to take part because it was an act of open aggression. Finally the relief forces occupied Pekin. What followed is gradually becoming known. Dr. Seaman a New Yorker just returned from China says:

"The Chinese were guilty of outrages upon the legations and foreigners. Yes, but these have been repaid with cruelties that make one's blood rise, atrocities that are unspeakable. In one of the 'punitive expeditions' 12,000 people were slaughtered in one day, every one in cocent, every one unarmed. Hundreds of miles of territory have been devastated and the people's homes ruined."

Mr. Wu may well say that China's losses from the aggressions of the powers since last summer are at least double the swollen bill of expenses which the powers threaten to put in.

The United States stands apart. So admirable has been our conduct from diplomacy down to police work that the Chinese government is begging Gen. Chaffee to leave a force of our soldiers in Pekin because it fears that chaos and atrocity will succeed peace and friendliness if the soldiers of any other power are substituted for ours.

Morally and materially we are gaining a great advantage in China. And that because we have in this instance not sneered at the practices and principles of our fathers as "back number."

Vast Bill For South Africa.

London Saturday Review: When Mr. Kruger was reported to say that if the British wanted to take his country he would make them pay £100,000,000 for it, we laughed pleasantly. But it was the laughter of fools, and is already crackling like thorns under the pot of the ex-president at The Hague. The facts are that we has already spent on the South African war £146,000,000, and as it is admitted that our expenditure is at the rate of £6,000,000 a month, and we shall have to pay large sums for compensation and assistance to ruined farmers, that the total probable cost will not be far short of £200,000,000. Thus would be five times what the Crimean war cost us, and nearly a third of the debt incurred in the great struggle with Napoleon. It is too late now to ask whether South Africa is, commercially or morally, worth this gigantic outlay. Time alone can show whether or not we have again put our money on the wrong horse. Some people think that the Yangtse valley would have been a better investment, but three powerful individuals—Mr. Rhodes, Mr. Chamberlain, and Sir Alfred Milner—seem to have decided that the future of Great Britain lies in Africa, not in Asia. So let us hold our peace and pay the bill.

The Job He Holds.

Salt Lake Herald: The grand duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, who has recently ascended to the throne, reigns without the help of parliament or the restrictions of a constitution. In other words, he is the Mark Hanna of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

Reform By Spasms.

Baltimore American: As a result of the anti-canteen law, it was necessary to turn in a riot call after the soldiers at Fort Sheridan had been paid off. The trouble with these great reforms is that the reformers quit working after they got their pictures in the papers.

Merely a Surmise.

Buffalo Express: Tom L. Johnson has written to a candidate for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination in Ohio stating that he will not be a candidate either for governor or United States senator during the next two years. Johnson evidently thinks that 1903 would be about the right date for him to take the next step.

DAILY STORY.

THE PURPLE PUMA.

BY GEORGE K. STILES.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

The Daily Tribune sought the mysterious, so that stories of inexplicable phenomena and of unsolved horrors were desired eagerly by the men who wrote for its readers. To make a scoop in some unfathomable matter was to secure the good will of the managing editor; and Franklyn Court believed that he was on the trail of a mystery incomparably hideous.

This was after he had heard the nearly incoherent ramblings of De Bramos, while that dark-skinned person drank his absinthe and rolled with trembling fingers his yellow cigarettes.

"Ah! senor," cried the half-breed, "what do you know of that terrible creature; but I—I have seen the purple-ringed body with its ruby eyes."

Court regarded the man carefully, and felt a doubt; for, perhaps, it was the absinthe which had produced the purple puma, but De Bramos was muttering steadily:

"It was before I had ever drunk liquor, at a time when my soul was clean and my mind sweet and wholesome; but after that—after I went to seek and learned the story of the purple puma, then I desired absinthe, all I could drink, all I could buy with love and money."

"Are you sure," interrupted the reporter, "of the place where you saw this wierd creature?"

"There is no doubt possible, senor," replied De Bramos, "an besides there is the padre—the priest, who alone can withstand the deadly charm; he is still guarding the mystery."

"Good!" exclaimed Frankiyn, and stepping to the bar, paid and departed to the Tribune office.

"It sounds strangely enough," commented the owner of the paper, after Franklyn had completed his tale. "Do you believe the South American?" he demanded.

"There is something there," replied the news sleuth, "something uncanny; and I want you to send me to search it out."

The great man was silent for a moment; perhaps he was thinking; Franklyn decided that he was. Then he replied to his employer:

"Court," said he, "you are reliable; for it was you who discovered the story about that girl of the M—s, enormously rich, but half devil—half human. They offered us $500 for your copy, but we are here to print the news, and it had to go."

"Five hundred!" sobbed Court to himself, "and I received only 100 for it," and he straightway collapsed into his chair.

"You can go," he decided. "Tell the treasurer to cable you credits up to two thousand; and be back in six months—no later. That will do today," and this arbitrator of reputations and a newspaper turned his back abruptly.

Court notified the treasurer, and vanished into the heart of South America, just where the Amazon belches into the sea a billion tons of water yearly.

Half a year later Franklyn Court entered the Tribune building and made his way to the reportorial department. He was as brown as a hazel nut, and his naturally thin face was positively emaciated; for the flesh had departed, while the bones were nearly wearing through his skin. The reporter greeted his old friends in a curiously subdued fashion, and evidently the tropical climate had attacked his nervous system; for he trembled at a sudden noise and leaped to his feet when some fellow clanged his desk lid sonorously.

Presently a gaudily uniformed messenger announced that the owner would receive him, and he walked into the office.

"Well?" asked the proprietor curtly. "I see you have drawn the two thousand, but how about your story?"

"It is here," responded Court, producing a thick bundle of copy.

"Ah!" cried the other, extending his hand to receive it; but Court withheld it, saying:

"It is all here, every detail, both as to how this mystery arose and how the priest lives near the purple puma, whom it is worse than death to touch; yet she

The owner of the Tribune died raving mad,

is fascinating from the wondrous marking; but above all, her magnificent eyes—scarlet as blood. All goes well during the first day, but when evening comes, and the atrocious, soul nauseatin change takes place—ah! then, then," but the reporter was striding over the velvet carpet with outstretched arms and convulsively contracting fingers.

"By God! he's mad," exclaimed the chief.

"No, I have escaped," retorted Court, "but it is because I have not read it all, or seen all. I did not write it, but the priest did, after I had promised not to read it. I was supposed to take it to the chief of his order, but I deceived the man; and although I dare not read it, yet somehow I cannot bring myself to part with it. How about De Bramos?" he asked abruptly.

"Dead—four months—suicide," was the reply; "stabbed himself in the heart."

"So-o," muttered Court; "but it was to be expected, for he had too strong a mind to go mad; and it is always that, for the weak—madness, but for a few, death. Sir," he continued, "I have brought you this story because I had staked my professional honor to obtain it; but believe me, the line must be drawn somewhere. This thing is deadly; it can never see print, for it is maddening in its sweet but poisonous charm. God has put this mystery a thousand miles from civilization for a purpose; because if he must allow a demon to exist, at least he keeps it in the most inaccessible portion of the earth."

"That is infernal rot, Court," growled the owner. "This story has cost me two thousand, and I want it."

The reporter gazed at him steadily, and asked: "You demand it?"

"Most absolutely and at once," was the answer, and Court handed him the copy written in a small and running fashion.

The chief began to read the story of the purple puma at 11, and at 12 he was still clutching the manuscript. His face had grown white, save for the purple blotches beneath the eyes, and his breath whistled in his nostrils, like a man running hard.

At last he laid it down and looked vacantly about him.

"The purple puma," he muttered, "where is she?" and then all at once he leaped to his feet: "It's a damn lie, a damn lie!" he exclaimed, but in a moment he cowered, and glanced suspiciously on either side of him.

Then his hands commenced to finger timorously at his breast, as if he were seeking something.

"Sir," said Court, laying a hand upon the owner's arm.

"Ah!" screamed he, "keep off! keep off!" and he ran about the room, crying piteously for assistance.

The reporter shuddered, and rerolling the manuscript, secretaed it in an inner pocket; then he opened the door and called.

Now, the owner of the Tribune died, raving mad, within a month, and all this time he sought something, which, when he had found it, first attracted and then terrified him beyond expression. Needless to say, his death was noticed inall newspapers, while Court continued on the staff of the Tribune, for his conference with the owner had never been connected with his death.

The reporter concealed the dangerous copy in a desk at his flat, which he shared with his aunt, whom he had forbidden to trouble his desk; but returning late one evening, he found her seated in his bedroom, reading the story. As he entered, she was finishing the manuscript, and when he seized it, she made no objection, but watched him lock it in his desk.

However, the eyes which watched him so closely did not know him, and the effect of the terrible tale on this weak nature resembled a meditative idiocy more than anything else.

Meanwhile Court became conscious of an unhealthy desire on his own part to read this uncanny story and to fathom utterly the mystery of the purple puma. Part of it he knew, but the priest had stopped him in time to save his reason. The reporter resisted the longing stoutly, but one winter's evening, after gazing a long time at the desk, he rose up and drew forth the story written by the South American padre. While still debating as to whether he shauld venture to read it, his eye caught the sense of a paragraph just succeeding the portion he had read.

Instantly, and as if he had never hesitated about the matter, he settled himself down to read the manuscrip.

And when the crowd attracted by his hideous cries had broken into his apartment, they found his body in a circle, with his heels and head touching, the blade of a long hunting knife was nested in his heart, while beneath the dripping gash was a great puddle of purple blood, which had soaked through and through the pages of a manuscript which he held clenched in the left hand and pressed strongly against the lips of the wound; and so the mystery of the purple puma is still guarded by the forests and the rushing waters of the Amazon.

Tagalog Taylor.

St. Paul Globe: When Funston returns from the Philippines he can get a job in Kentucky. They want some one who has the nerve to capture Tagalog Taylor who is hiding somewhere in the Republican fastnesses of "Hoop Pole Township" Indiana.

Counter Claims Barred.

Philadelphia Ledger: Right being on the side of might, it would avail China nothing to bring in a counter bill of indemnity for murder, pillage and other outrages perpetrated on her subjects by the representatives of the powers.

Unanimity of Opinion.

Chicago Chronicle: Senator Hanna refused to permit his daughter to christen the battleship Ohio, declaring that the Hanna and McKinley families had been too often linked at public functions. This declaration makes it unanimous.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

'The Land of the Sky" Country.

Avoid the rigors of early spring in the north by going to the mountain section of Western North Carolina, one of the most beautiful countries on earth with climatic advantages second to none. In this region are situated the attractive resorts of Asheville, Hot Springs, Tryon, Sapphyre and Black Mountain, where there are superior hotel accommodations and visitors to this country find it at all seasons of the year most advantageous.

Round trip tourist tickets on sale from all points. For literature, rates, etc., write or call on George B. Allen, A. G. P., Southern railway, St. Louis, Mo., or J. C. Beam, Jr., N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.

McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

The Popular Price Theater of Duluth. TONIGHT and every night this week.

Not a Minute Behind the Times

North Bros.' Superb Company. Presenting Tonight

Prices 10c 20c 30c No higher

A Celebrated Case.

New specialties. Big continuous show. Reserved seats at LaRicheux's Drug Store and Smith & Smith's. Children's matinee Saturday. All hill street cars pass the theater.

LYCEUM THEATER.

B. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27.

LEWIS MORRISON'S

Original, Famous, Scenic and Dramatic Production of

—FAUST—

With its wonderful Electric and Calcium effects. The marvelous "Brocken Scene," with genuine flashes of lightning, and the magic rain of fire. Produced entirely new this season. Prices—Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

Fannie Starr's Vaudeville Co.

Fifteen Talented artists.

J. P. MORGAN

Can go on forming trusts in everything and everywhere, but we have formed only ONE TRUST—the TRUST of the public in our giving the best values in CLOTHING.

The lever of quality has lifted this business into its present popularity.

Our Spring Suits

In neat, tasty mixtures, Blue Serges, in plain Oxfords and pretty stripes—all of them perfect fitters—at the nominal price of only—

$10.00

In still finer textures—better lining—neat, snappy effects—at only—

$12.00

When it comes to still finer grades of Worsted and Cassimer Suits, it's with a feeling of confidence we speak of these. Serviceable Suits, good enough for any occasion; at the popular price of—

$15.00

If you desire still higher grades of Suits, we have them—high as

$20, $22.50 and $25

Sole Agents for the Celebrated "Hawes" $3.00 Hats.

"If any purchase from us has proved unsatisfactory, you will do us a great favor by informing us and we will cheerfully make it good."

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier.

219 W. Superior Street.

MUST WEAR A BADGE.

All Drinkers In Arkansas Must Be Licened.

Little Rock, Ark., April 4.—The state senate of Arkansas, by a vote of 14 to 1, has passed a bill making it unlawful for any person to drink any intoxicating liquor as a beverage unless he has obtained a license as a dram drinker. The license fee is fixed at $5 per annum and the penalty is $15 fine or imprisonment for thirty days.

One of the strongest arguments advanced in favor of the measure is that it would compel almost every man in Arkansas to contribute to the public revenue.

While providing for a regulation tin tag of the size of an ordinary butter dish, to be furnished at public cost, the bill permits licensed dram drinkers to wear, as substitutes, badges designed to meet the situation, means and tastes of the wearers, on condition, however, that every badge bears the letters "L. D. D." (licensed dram drinker).

ALL FOR LOVE.

Woman Gave Up a Fortune of $200,000.

Chicago, April 24.—Mrs. Walter Hemsley, formerly Mrs. Mary Rude Maggin, has arrived in Chicago from St. Louis, her former home, to take up her future home at the Widermere hotel and to console herself in the joys of her honeymoon for the loss of a fortune of $200,000, which she sustains by reason of her second marriage and the provisions of her first husband's will.

Walter Hemsley and Mrs. Maggin were married in St. Louis last Thursday, and the couple came to the home of the bridegroom in this city almost immediately. About two years after her first husband's death St. Louis society was surprised at the announcement of the engagement between Mr. Hemsley, of Chicago, and Mrs. Maggin, as it was known that by a second marriage Mrs. Maggin would forfeit the inheritance left her by her first husband.

By provisions in the will the fortune reverts to the two children by the first marriage, for whom the mother has been acting as trustee.

"There is nothing further to be said upon the subject, beyond the fact that my wife and I are perfectly satisfied," said Mr. Hemsley. "We do not mind the loss of the fortune, and are perfectly happy with conditions as they are."

INCREASED PENSION.

Washington, April 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $8 monthly has been granted to Lorenzo E. Dudley, of Buffalo, Wright county, Minn.

WILL SUCCEED MARTINELLI.

Paris, April 24.—A dispatch to the Figaro from Rome says Mgr. Falconio, the papal delegate in Canada, will succeed Cardinal Martinelli as papal delegate in the United States, and that Mgr. Saleski, the papal delegate in the West Indies, will succeed Mgr. Falconio.

BAD FIRE AT PLAINVIEW, NEB.

Plainview, Neb., April 21.—Half the business section of Plainview, including eleven buildings, was destroyed by fire today. Several residences were damaged. Loss $35,000.

Mme. Boyde Complexion and Hair Dressing Parlors.

Over 216 West Superior Street.

Miss Jones, of New York, In Charge

New Methods. New Styles. Finest appointed parlors in the West.

ALL HAVE PASSED

Graduates of the Naval Academy to Be Made Ensigns.

Have Just Finished Their Two Years' Cruise at Sea.

Talk of Modernizing Three of the Old Battleships.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fifty-one young men have successfully met the requirements of the Naval academy course, and the two years' cruise at sea for commissioned rank, and are to be appointed ensigns, with rank from Jan. 21 last. The navy department holds that as the class was graduated on that date, two years ago, in order to provide additional officers just after the Spanish war, the two years' cruise should be counted as beginning then and not, as usual, on July 1. Only two classes have been graduated from Annapolis since the civil war, and one of them is that which completes the six years' course this spring. Contrary to custom, the present class was examined on the stations to which its members are attached, because of the need of officers at sea. Examining boards were assembled at the Asiatic, Pacific and North Atlantic stations, and reports received show that all have passed. Some, however, experienced a little difficulty with the physical examinations. There is some question whether one of the class will be appointed to the Marine corps, which does not find favor with the members on account of the advantages civilian appointees of recent years would have over Annapolis men in the manner of promotion for the next few years. An Annapolis cadet assigned to the corps now must begin at the foot of the list below men not graduates of Annapolis, but who have secured commissions from civil life.

The new class in the order of their merit, and the states they hail from, are as follows: H. C. Sparrow, Ohio; Guy A. Bissett, Kentucky; Allen Buchanan, Indiana; Edward B. Fenner, New York; John E. Bailey, Michigan; Richard D. White, Missouri; Henry M. Gleason, Kansas; E. A. Weichart, Connecticut; V. A. Kimberly, Massachusetts; John T. Beckner, Kentucky; Paul B. Dugan, Nebraska; Ewirt H. Sadler, Nebraska; Claude C. Bloch, Kentucky; Hilary H. Royal, Alabama; H. E. Lackey, at large; E. C. Kelbfus, at large; C. H. Woodward, Georgia; J. W. Clement, South Carolina; Cyrus W. Cole, Ohio; William S. Miller, Texas; Lloyd S. Spahley, Missouri; John E. Lewis, Minnesota; Herbert W. Evans, Mississippi; Samuel H. Major, Kentucky; J. W. Greenslade, Ohio; A. E. Watson, at large; William R. Sayles, Rhode Island; Farmer Morrison, Arkansas; Alexander F. Matthews, Maine; Charles E. Fisher, Pennsylvania; James H. Tomb, Missouri; Harry L. Brinser, Pennsylvania; C. E. Morgan, West Virginia; James E. Matthews, Illinois; John T. Bowers, New Jersey; C. E. Courtney, New York; S. B. Thomas, at large; James R. Combs, Illinois; F. J. Horne, Jr., at large; Roe W. Vincent, Pennsylvania; W. H. Hunt, Maine; Frank O. Branch, Indiana; Frank P. Helm, Jr., Kentucky; Ralph E. Pope, Nebraska; James B. Gilmer, Virginia; Chauncey Shackford, New Jersey; Charles B. Hatch, Illinois; Charles W. Forman, Illinois; Z. H. Madison, Illinois.

* * *

With a view to increasing their efficiency the navy department is considering the advisability of modernizing the battleships Oregon, Indiana and Massachusetts. These vessels will be equipped with superimposed turrets, if the recommendations of some of the members of the board of construction shall be adopted. The vessels are equipped with circular turrets, and when their thirteen-inch guns are pointed in the same direction they heel to such an extent as to expose their unprotected hull below the armor belt. Under the proposed plan it is intended to remove the four quadrilateral turrets accommodating two eight-inch guns each and to install two elliptical eight-inch turrets on top of the 13-inch turrets. The new battery arrangement will permit the addition of a formidable row of six-inch or five-inch guns.

It is officially announced by the Canadian government that a block of 60,000 acres of free-grant lands in the Rainy River district of Ontario (in the eastern part of the Winnipeg consular district) has been surveyed and is open to settlement under the "homestead laws" of Canada. However, the general homestead act is somewhat modified as applied to this particular block of lands. Of these lands, any male head of a family, or sole female head, having a child or children under 18 years of age, may locate 160 acres free, and may so purchase an additional eighty-acres at $1 per acre. The homesteader must clear and cultivate at least fifteen acres, and in no one year less than two acres, during three years; must build a habitable house, at least 16 by 20 feet in size, and must continually reside on the land for three years after location. If the eighty acres additional is purchased, at least fifteen acres of it must be put under cultivation within three years. Patents may issue at the expiration of three years from date of purchase, or sooner if settlement duties have been performed. Minerals and pine timber are reserved to the government, but the homesteader may use such pine trees as may be needed for building, fencing and fuel, and may sell such pine trees as may be necessarily removed in the process of clearing, but must pay timber dues on all pine timber sold.

All timber remaining on the land when patents issue passes to the patentee. These lands are very fertile, and covered by a dense forest, generally of valuable timber. The Ontario & Rainy River railroad, now nearing completion, runs through this block of land, and brings it within easy reach of markets. This railroad is a link in the Canadian Northern system, which within the next six or eight months will have a continuous line from Port Arthur, on Lake Superior, to Winnipeg and thence 300 miles northwest.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Spring coughs are especially dangerous and unless cured at once, serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but a high grade remedy. Max Wirth.

Sent Free To Men

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M. Medical Director.

cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 686 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

THE OFFICES.

Gossip About Minnesota Appointments By the President.

St. Paul, April 24.—A Washington special to the Dispatch says: If President McKinley adheres to the policy of making new appointments in all federal positions at the end of a four-year period there will be several choice appointments soon due in Minnesota. It is believed that Mr. McKinley will follow the precedent already established when he reappointed his cabinet, and will make new appointments.

An instance of his intentions is manifest in the reappointment of the register and receiver of the Crookston land office, which was announced in February last, several months before the incumbents had served their four-year term.

It is intimated in Washington that there is some opposition to the reappointment of Lee M. Wilson, collector of customs at Duluth, whose four-year term will expire in a few weeks. This position is regarded as belonging to the senators, and the president has made senatorial indorsement a condition precedent for appointment of collectors. Congressman Page Morris had no trouble four years ago in securing indorsements from Senators Davis and Nelson for Willcuts, who had managed the Sixth district campaign with such success.

It is now stated that there will be another candidate for the position, and that Senator Moses E. Clapp has been in consultation with several Duluth Republicans recently. It cannot be learned at this time who the opposing candidate to Mr. Willcuts will be, and the information received is to the effect that Willcuts is a very strong and popular official, and that he will have the backing of Senator Nelson and the entire house delegation. If such proves true it is not likely that Gen. Clapp will care to make a fight for a new man.

There will soon be several appointments due in the Minnesota land offices. Former Senator William E. Culkin, the register at Duluth, and J. M. Smith are said to be booked for reappointment, although it is known that there are other candidates.

At the St. Cloud land office the 4-year terms of M. D. Taylor, register, and Alvah Eastman, receiver, will expire during the congressional vacation. St. Cloud is no longer in the Sixth congressional district, and it is intimated there are candidates for both of these federal plums, which pay good salaries.

At the Marshall land office, Cyrus P. Shepard, register, and Christopher P. Case, receiver, will probably continue to serve, under Congressman McCleary's indorsement.

None of the big federal positions of Minnesota—collector of customs, internal revenue, United States marshal or district attorney—are due until next December. The first 4-year term completed will be that of Hon. John Peterson, collector of customs, who was appointed Dec. 18, 1897, to succeed John M. Gerrathy, who had served several months over time.

Congressman Heatwole has written a strong letter to Public Printer Palmer, in which he says that he is not, and never has been, a candidate for public printer; that he has discouraged all efforts in his behalf, and that he would not accept the position if it were tendered to him.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

AMERICAN CONGRESS

Plans For Meeting of the Republics of Western Hemisphere.

United States Commission Will Assemble at Washington Soon.

Instructions Will Be Given Them Early In the Autumn.

Washington, April 24.—The commission recently appointed by the president to represent this country at the congress of American republics, to be held at Mexico City next October will meet in Washington shortly for the purpose of organization. It is expected that a chairman will be chosen and there is some talk that this honor may go to ex-Senator Davis, of West Virginia. There are a number of applicants for the position of secretary, but the choice of this official will be deferred until the organization is well along. The instructions to the American delegates will be given to them early in the autumn. In the meantime, they will do much preliminary work in the way of subdividing the subjects, likely to come before the congress. One branch relates to commercial affairs. Although there has not been much practical advance in bringing about commercial reciprocity between this country and the southern republics, there appears to be a strong impression on the part of some of the delegates that the coming congress will pave the way to a better understanding on this subject. The international railway project also will come under this head and as Mr. Davis was a member of the commission which projected the line linking North, Central and South America, there is a prospect that this plan will be revived and given a tangible aspect. A substitute committee of the American delegates, probably will be formed to consider the political subjects which may come before the congress, of which the most important is that of international arbitration for the republics of the Western hemisphere. Among the South American representatives in Washington, the idea seems to be accepted, that some plan of establishing a permanent court of arbitration will be adopted and this view also meets approval with some of the American delegates, as well as with leading officials of the administration. This, however, involves some delicate considerations in connection with pending controversies between some of the South American republics. There is some prospect that Mr. Rockhill, at present the United States commissioner at Pekin, will return in time to attend the congress as the official representative of the bureau of American republics, of which he is the director. He was instrumental in organizing the present congress, and has been greatly interested in the work it might accomplish. Thus far, however, there has been no intimation that the state department can spare his services from Pekin, as the negotiations there will continue through the summer. His presence in Mexico would require his departure from Pekin not later than August. Mr. Buchanan, one of the American delegates, is director general of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, but it is expected that his duties there will permit him to leave for Mexico about the middle of September. Both he and Mr. Pepper, another of the delegates, speaks Spanish, Mr. Buchanan having spent some time in Argentine as United States minister there, while Mr. Pepper has traveled extensively in Spanish-American countries during recent years. Owing to the number of Spanish delegates to the congress, the official proceedings will be in Spanish, with a reprint in English.

HE STAYS DEAD.

A Farmer Who Feared Being Buried Alive.

Paducah, Ky., April 24.—For years Thomas Hall, aged 73, a wealthy farmer, lived in abject terror of being buried alive. He died Wednesday and his instructions were carried out.

They were for his sons to construct an air shaft into the coffin, run a string through the tube, wrap it around one hand, and attach to the other end, above the earth, a flag, which he would pull in case life returned, thus informing the family he was living.

A watchman, who had constantly guarded the grave, returned yesterday after several hours' absence and found the flag down. The members of the family disinterred the remains and found the man still dead. Exhaustive examinations by physicians showed no life. The body was buried again, the sons concluding the high winds had blown down the flag.

LOVED BY A GYPSY.

A Young Wisconsin Man Asks For Protection.

Janesville, Wis., April 24.—A well-known young man of this city has applied to the police for protection, as he fears he will be kidnapped.

For some days past a gypsy named Zyra has been telling fortunes here, and many people have been consulting her, among them the young man in question. After the gypsy had told his fortune, according to his story, she declared that he was hers and that she could not live without him. She cried that she loved him and begged him to run away with her.

He had a wild time leaving her, as she tried by force to keep him, and vowed that members of her band would bring him back to her. She is queen of a band of gypsies encamped on the outskirts of the city.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

If they're Phillips' Shoes, they're proper.

218 West Superior Street. **PHILLIPS** 218 West Superior Street.

CALLING YOUR ATTENTION to our exclusive and proper designs in Spring and Summer Footwear—we would say positively that our display this season far surpasses all previous years. The social events numerous during the next month or so and the requisite fashions in Footwear for such occasions are here in extensive variety—selected with discriminating care to please the most fastidious dresser. Many new and beautiful creations in Slippers, embracing all the latest colors in kid and satin—insuring a perfect match for the gown—also the very handsomest of patent leather styles. We make a strong feature of Footwear for out of door sports and our present showing embraces all of the choicest novelties shown in metropolitan stores. Our Golf Oxfords, in black calf, heavy extension soles and new automobile heel—our tennis shoes and Oxfords—our new effects in cycling shoes, all bear evidence of careful selection in the proper and most exclusive styles.

THORNS IN LOVERS' PATH.

Rich Mother Objects to Son Wooing Actress.

Chicago, April 24.—Clarence Gray, son of J. M. Gray, the wealthy real estate dealer of No. 835 West Sixty-third street, has been pushing barrels of pork up inclined planes into freight cars at Armour's packing house for love and $1.87 a day.

Miss Lulu Houston, an actress, has twice been arrested within the last three weeks, and for love too.

Mrs. Gray, the mother of Clarence, is a member of the United Presbyterian church of Englewood, and is of a religious turn of mind. She interfered in the course of true love, and when parental opposition failed she invoked the aid of the law. She caused the arrest of Miss Houston three weeks ago on the charge of disorderly conduct. Justice Duggan dismissed the case, however.

"But I love Lulu," said Clarence to his mother, "and I intend to marry her."

"Pshaw," was the reply; "you're only 20 years old, and haven't even enough money to buy a door mat for your home."

Lulu, too, thought Clarence, who has always been a social favorite in Englewood, was too young for marriage, but so agreed to become his bride as soon as he could obtain employment.

All last week Clarence tramped the city in a search for work. Finally he obtained a job at the packing house.

Six o'clock Saturday morning found him, with his coat thrown aside and the sleeves of his white shirt turned up to the elbow, handling barrels of pork. With a grappling hook he stood all the morning at the head of a barrel slide and assisted in pulling the freight into a box car that stood on the Chicago Junction railroad tracks. After a brief interval of rest at noon he resumed his place amid the crowd of laborers and worked until night.

Then exhausted, his clothes torn, and scarcely recognizable because of his begrimed features, he appeared before Miss Houston.

"I could not think of letting him return to the packing house again," Miss Houston told Justice Duggan. He made such a brave effort to please me.

"But never mind, I know that Clarence will soon obtain another position, and then we shall have something to look forward to," she concluded with a laugh.

When Mrs. Gray heard the facts in the case she secured the arrest of Miss Houston on the charge of being an inmate of a disorderly house on State street. Justice Duggan continued the hearing of the case till next Thursday.

PARENTS SHOCKED.

Use of Cigarettes In an Indiana School.

Bloomington, Ind., April 24.—The parents of Bloomington school children received a shock at a meeting of the Educational society, and as a result a goodly number of boys ranging from 7 to 15 years of age have been introduced to the mysteries of the woodshed by fond papas at home.

Mrs. Minnie Waldron, a member of the society has been gathering a few statistics on the Bloomington schools, and read the results of her research, which shows to what extent the cigarette is used. Of the 215 boys in five grades, she says, sixty-eight have smoked from one to three years, a few having smoked as long as six years. This is 31 per cent of the whole number of boys. No pupil of those who smoke, it is said, has made an excellent record; 31 pupils, or 46 per cent, fail of promotion; that of those who will be promoted 17 make a grade of 75 per cent only; that 14 have spent two years or more in the grades in which they now are, and that 9 per cent of those failing to be promoted have already spent two years in their present grades.

WORE MEN'S CLOTHES.

How a Mt. Clemens Woman Watched Her Husband.

Mt. Clemens, Mich., April 24.—Some time ago the wife of Samuel Jobse, of this city, applied for a divorce, and since then there has been considerable litigation between the two. The divorce case is now pending in the circuit court, and it has been adjourned several times on account of the husband having been declared by his doctors too sick to attend.

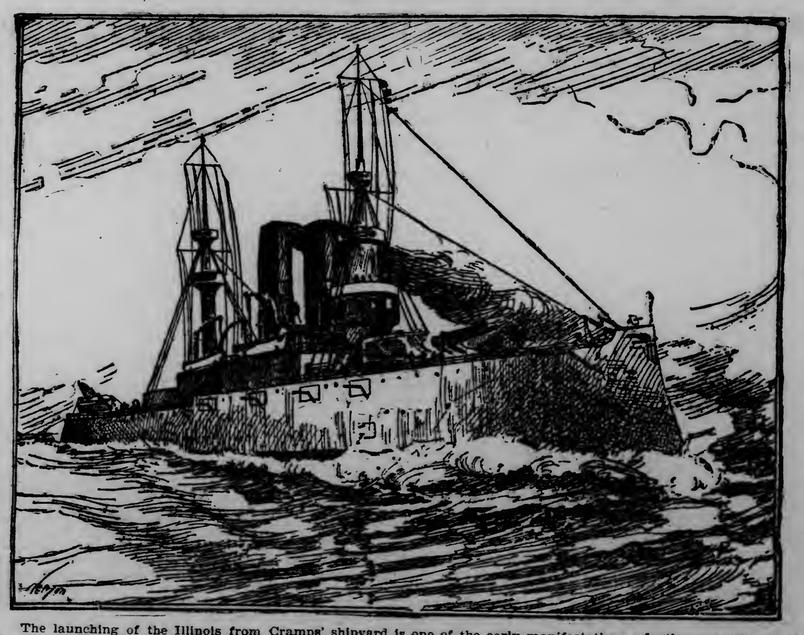
Mrs. Jobse was satisfied that the plea of sickness was only a ruse, and she determined to prove that such was the case. The other night, after dressing herself in man's apparel, she laid in wait near the house in which her hubby was living (he remaining in bed during the daytime) and awaited developments.

At last her vigil was rewarded. Jobse opened the door, looked around, and then started down town. After proceeding some distance he became aware of the fact that he was being followed, and started on a run. The wife set out in pursuit, and, having on no skirts to interfere with her sprinting ability, was fast overtaking the fugutive, when she stumbled and fell headlong to the ground. She got his hat, however, which fell off in his flight. Jobse escaped by hiding in some woods, but his wife has proved to her own satisfaction that he was shamming, and is satisfied.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like piles."—E. C. Boice, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's. Max Wirth.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

MOST FORMIDABLE OF BATTLESHIPS.



The launching of the Illinois from Cramps' shipyard is one of the early manifestations of the magnificent new navy planned to fortify the interests of this republic. While all the leading powers are struggling with the problem of how to be "mistress of the seas," we are building so many leviathans of the deep that, should occasion arise, as shown by ex-Chief Constructor of the Navy Rear Admiral Hichborn, we will be in a position to cope with all their armaments.

Is Duluth Real Estate a Good Investment?

Prominent real estate men will answer this question in The Herald's real estate columns every Saturday.

Read what Geo. H. Crosby has to say about it next Saturday.

TREASURE.

Modern System of Guarding Large Sums of Money.

"Modern banks are relying more and more upon men instead of metal for their protection," remarked an official in one of the big financial institutions of New Orleans, says the Times-Democrat. "In former days," he continued, "they depended almost altogether upon massive walls, enormous doors, and panderous locks. It is true there was always a so-called 'night watchman,' but in nine cases out of ten he was some superannuated employe, half blind and deaf, who was given the job in lieu of a pension, and who slept placidly from dark to dawn in the easiest office chair he could find. It seems incredible, but twenty-five years ago that was the only kind of guard employed by the majority of the biggest and best banks of the United States. The vault was everything then, and directors went on the theory that the way to keep burglars from getting their money was to surround it by immense masses of cold steel.

"Needless to say," the banker went on, smiling, "they were disillusionized pretty frequently. There is an axiom that whatever one man can make another can break, and the burglars proved it over and over again. It was always the same story—the doddering old watchman found bound and gagged, the 'burglar-proof' door wide open, and the safe empty. That gradually brought about an entire change in method and led to the development of the American multiple watchman system, which is undoubtedly the most perfect on earth. Briefly explained, it's a system of guards, watching the bank and watching each other, and leaving a continual record of their movements on "time detectors' that can't be tampered with. Their round are so arranged that no man is ever free from surveillance for more than ten or fifteen minutes at a stretch, so if he was held up or killed, or fell asleep or dropped dead, or anything else happened to put him out of action, the fact would be known before any serious consequences could ensue. The day has gone by when a gang of crooks can crack a watchman over the head and then take their time about forcing the vault.

"The modern system of watching and auxiliary watching has put an end to great bank robberies," added the financier. "The only hauls now made by crooks in that line of business are in country towns and remote rural districts, where old methods still prevail. That isn't because they are any less cunning or desperate than they used to be, but simply because they recognize the folly of attempting to break through a cordon of open human eyes. It is an interesting fact, by the way, that Uncle Sam was the pioneer in that system of protection, and the banks might well have taken a leaf out of his book years ago.

"The treasury vaults at Washington are a good joke as far as intrinsic security is concerned. They are built like forts, and the massive masonry of their walls is full of cannon balls, which are supposed to be able to turn a drill; but as a matter of fact any expert cracksman could go through them like a mouse tunneling a Stilton cheese. Yet no attempt has ever been made on the untold millions of cold cash behind the rickety old doors, and the establishment is really one of the safest in the world, for the simple reason that it is never left unguarded. Flies of guards, frequently changed, patrol all the corridors and approaches, and it would be physically impossible for robbers to make a descent without getting caught. The Bank of England submerges its vaults under six feet of water every day after business hours, yet I consider it a good deal less secure than our own antiquated treasure-house.

"You must not infer from anything I have said that up-to-date American banks have abandoned bolts and bars. On the contrary, the modern vault is a wonderful piece of mechanism and is as nearly perfect as human ingenuity can make it; but the chief reliance is pinned to the living guard, who beats cold steel all to pieces. I admit that the system looks, on the surface, like a reversal to primitive principles, but really it is only an application of common sense.

VALUABLE PAINTING.

Stored Away In a Weather Beaten Shed.

In a vacant lot at Clarendon street and Warren avenue, surrounded by rubbish, may be seen a strange wooden box or shed, perhaps, would come nearer being exact. The structure is only about three feet high and two and a half wide, but nearly fifty feet long. The sides are braced and buttressed with thick pieces of joist, through which run iron rods, much after the fashion of a railway coal car. There is an air of solidity about it. The tiny pitch roof that extends from end to end of the long box is patterned from thin boards, says the Chicago Post.

This mystic shed has occupied its present position many years. The elect and snow and the sun and rain have beat upon it, warping the thin roof boards and opening the knot holes and cracks for the rain to pour in. Curious boys have torn away a board here and there. Exposure to the weather has turned the brilliant yellow planks and boards to a hue in harmony with the ash heaps and debris. Standing at some distance from the street and cuddling so low to the earth, few pedestrians ever notice it. But when they do chance to stroll down the alley they are at once interested.

And yet the leaky, weather-beaten box is really a sort of mausoleum of greatness. Herein is a painting that cost $100,000, that made fame for the painter and thousands for those who exploited the production. A few years ago, although the building in which this painting was exhibited used to be open as early as 5 o'clock in the morning, there have been occasions when from 50 to 100 persons would be awaiting admission at that hour. But the mockery and the sarcasm of fate! Like a faithful horse which the practical owner thinks has outlived its usefulness, or a disconsolate dog that is thrust forth to die, Paul Philippoteaux's "Battle of Gettysburg," after having been marveled at by tens of thousands, is buried here in the alley rubbish, and it was difficult even to find who were the one-time owners of the great picture.

But during Grand Army encampment week, some years ago, $25,000 a day was paid by the public for the privilege of seeing the "Afternoon of the Third Day at Gettysburg" in paint and oil. Men with flecks of iron and gray in their hair and dull bronze buttons in their lapels used to pack the little observation stage and have goings on all to themselves. Round Top, Little Round Top, Culp's Hill, Seminary Ridge, the railroad track, the Emmettsburg Road and the Chambersburg Pike; the First corps, the Second corps, the Third, the Eleventh were about them once more. These old fellows always went at it the same way. When they stepped up from the narrow stairway and peered off over the little platform, each grizzled hero was hunting for his regiment or battery. He couldn't fight Gettysburg aright unless he was with his own crew. When he had found the particular boys with whom he had toted the old thirteen-pound musket he could "kinder get his bearings." Then, with his knotted hands tightly gripping the pine guard rail, he lived again that frightfully hot day of July 3, 1863.

It seems that the cyclorama project was originated by a Chicago man, Charles L. Willoughby, a clothing merchant. Paul Philippoteaux, son of a noted Parisian painter of battle scenes, was introduced in this country by Edward Brandels, a New York art dealer. Willoughby agreed to back the young artist in the exploitation of a magnificent panoramic reproduction of the battle of Gettysburg. Paul Philippoteaux was the son of Felix, being born in Paris in 1846. The boy's artistic ability was vigorously encouraged by the father. At 16 the lad was under the instruction of Cabanel and Leon Cogniet. Later at the Ecole des Beaux Arts he received several medals. Following his high honors as a student he settled down to work with his father, and the two produced several battle paintings.

On coming to the United States and obtaining the financial support of the Chicagoan, Philippoteaux went to the scene of Gettysburg and spent several months in making sketches and studies of the location. He posted himself in every possible manner on the details, consulting generals who had taken part in the engagement and making an exhaustive study of records. He then returned to Paris, and in two years had succeeded in creating his masterpiece, the "Battle of Gettysburg." The canvas was 400 feet long and 50 feet high, and from twenty to twenty-five days were required to set the several tons of scenery in position. The painting was first exhibited in Chicago in 1882. Its success was tremendous.

For this painting Paul Philippoteaux received $100,000.

Today, given over to the encroachments of the rats, the wind and water, this splendid spectacular painting, that once awed and thrilled thousands, is stowed away like an old carpet.

STEAMER ON A ROPE.

Towing of Boats Through the Gates of Danube.

For centuries the navigation on the Danube, the largest river of Europe next to the Volga, was greatly hampered by the so-called Iron Gates, a celebrated defile in the river at the confines of Hungary, Servia and Roumania, says the London Mail. At this place the river is crossed from shore to shore on a length of about 8000 feet by rocky masses, and many a ship went aground in the Iron Gates, which always has been a terror to all navigators. It is the most magnificent and greatest river defile in the whole of Europe. During the years of 1850 to 1896 a scheme was carried out here which involved immense difficulties. A canal 275 feet wide and seven feet deep was cut through the rocks of the Iron Gates. No less than 14,000,000 cubic feet of rocky masses had to be blasted, and more than 50,000,000 cubic feet of stone and earth had to be excavated. A great number of dams, of a combined length of 35,000 feet, had to be built to protect the canal. The expenditure for this work amounted to about 12,000,000 florins. Since the completion of this canal the navigation on the river has steadily increased and thousands of steamers and barks now sail every year down to the Black sea.

One drawback, however, remained. The current in the Iron Gates is immense, it averaging from fourteen to eighteen feet per second, and it was especially difficult for the heavily laden ships to steam upstream through the gates or to tow the barges against the current.

It was therefore decided to build a special wire-rope steamer for the purpose of towing ships through the defile. The steamer was built at Buda-Pesth, and has recently been put on the river. The Vaspan, as the steamer is named, is entirely built of steel. It has a length of 1826 feet, is 25½ feet broad, its draft being 5.44 feet. It is divided into nine water tight compartments, an has double bottom, so that even in the case of a serious accident the vessel will not sink. A wire rope 20,000 feet in length, and almost one foot in diameter, having a resistance of eighty-four tons, is strongly anchored to a rock at the upper end of the gates at the bottom of the river bed. This rope, or cable, runs over a drum installed on board the steamer. The vessels to be taken up stream are towed toward the steamer, and the cable is then drawn around the drum by means of a steam engine of 300 horse power. The wire rope vessel has in addition two other engines, so as to enable her to run independent of the cable. Each of these two engines has a capacity of 250 horse power. The speed of the steamer, with two loaded vessels of 600 tons in tow, is 1.5 miles per hour, when sailing against the current, and between four and five miles per hour when going down stream. The steamer has also been equipped with a powerful dynamo, which furnishes electric light and feeds a searchlight.

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Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

EASTMAN ON TRIAL

Harvard Professor Who Is Charged With Murder of R. H. Grogan.

Says He Killed Him But It Was an Accident.

But the Dead Man Cried "I've Been Murdered."

Cambridge, Mass., April 24.—Walter D. Titus, who claimed to have seen an encounter between Charles R. Eastman and his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan, Jr., on July 4, 1900, the day on which Grogan was killed and for the murder of whom Eastman is now on trial at East Cambridge, was the first witness called at today's session of court. Titus said that while passing the rear of the Clark estate in Cambridge on July 14 he heard "frightful groans," followed by the words "Oh, don't; Oh, don't." Looking over the fence witness saw two men struggling. At length one broke away, saying, "Charles, you've murdered me." These words were repeated, and then the man threw up his hands and ran towards the house. The tall man, who was Eastman, followed slowly. He had an old-fashioned revolver in his hand.

Boston, April 24.—Absorbed in the deep mysteries of paleontology; putting in book form results of years of research among fossils; telling in technical language of his investigations in Montana, Professor Charles R. Eastman, of Harvard college, has spent six months in a narrow cell in the East Cambridge jail, charged with the murder of his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan, Jr., on July 4, 1900. Now his trial is in progress and a jury of twelve good men and true will decide whether this aristocratic educator is guilty, or whether, as he claims, the killing was accidental.

Eastman and Grogan were sons-in-law of the late Alvan Clark, whose telescope lenses won for him a world-wide reputation, and it was on the Clark estate in Cambridgeport that the fatal bullet was fired. Grogan was the son of Richard H. Grogan, a wealthy resident of Brookline. Eastman is the son of one of the most prominent lawyers of Cambridge. The case promises to stand as a parallel to the famous Parkman murder case. John White Webster, the murderer of Dr. Parkman, was also a professor at Harvard. His victim was a millionaire. Both crimes were committed in the most refined classes of society, where crimes are unlooked for. One murder took place in 1849—the other on July 4, 1900. The mystery of the Parkman murder was solved—Professor Webster was hanged; the mystery of the Grogan tragedy—

In the killing of Richard H. Grogan, Jr., there lurks a mystery, the solving of which will be a battle of brains between the most eminent lawyers of the Massachusetts bar.

THE ONLY WITNESS.

First, and most naturally comes the story of the only man who bore witness to the unfortunate affair.

"Accident," claims the man.

"A duel," say the police, who should be skilled enough to theorize.

"Murder!" This is the accusation on the word of an elderly servant on the Clark estate, who caught the dying man's last statement. "I have been murdered!" he gasped on seeing her.

The Eastman and Grogan families occupied one of the three large houses on the Clark estate, the other two being occupied by Mr. Clark's widow, and Councilman Edward E. Clark, no relation of the lensmaker, however.

During the morning of July 4 Eastman and Grogan were together in the back yard setting off cannon crackers and practicing pistol shooting at a target. Dinner passed off peacefully and happily to all outward appearances. After dinner the two visited the swimming contests at Captain's Island, Charles river, a quarter of a mile from their home. They only remained to see two matches, and went home. About 5 p. m. they began target practice again.

It was about 5:30 when the tragedy occurred. Grogan stood facing the target, prepared to shoot. Eastman was standing to one side with an old-fashioned, five-shot revolver, which had not been fired for a year. He was trying to move the barrel of the revolver so that one of the cartridges it contained would come under the hammer. While doing so the revolver discharged, the bullet striking Grogan in the breast. Grogan fell to one knee and shouted, "I'm shot." As he fell his revolver exploded, the ball inflicting a slight flesh wound in Eastman's thigh.

This is the story of the crime as Eastman tells it. The facts are substantially correct, only that he stopped short at this point.

There were several neighbors who were quickly on the scene, and gathered around Grogan as he lay on the ground. To them he said: "He murdered me; he shot me."

There is no question as to the shooting—the question is as to whether it was accidental or by intent, and what was the motive.

The shooting occured at about 5:30, but the police were not notified until after 7 o'clock. It was four hours later when Eastman was arrested.

An exceedingly strange feature of the case is the fact that at the preliminary hearing before Judge Almy Eastman was dismissed after a short hearing. Judge Almy, in dismissing the prisoner, said:

"There is no question as to the shooting, but was it with intent or an accident. Grogan thought he had been deliberately shot. Was Grogan capable, in his dying condition, of thinking rightly?"

Besides the witnesses who heard Grogan's dying statement, the prosecution, in proving a motive, depend in a great measure on an intensely bitter feeling that is said to have existed between the two men. John R. Grogan, a brother of the victim, tells a story of a quarrel between them, in which they came to blows. He separated the men, and as he pushed Eastman back the latter shook his fist at Grogan and said:

"I'll put a bullet through you if I have to wait five years." Ever after that Grogan carried a revolver.

One thing stands out clear above all else: If Grogan had died instantly Eastman's story would naturally have been accepted. But he lived five or six minutes, and what he was able to say in that time shrouds the affair in seemingly unfathomable mystery.

No crime in years has so stirred up the good city of Cambridge. Arrayed on Eastman's side is Harvard university almost to a man and all the influence it can wield. Against this are the townsfolk, and so bitter did the feeling run when Judge Almy refused to hold Eastman for the grand jury that for weeks it was the sole topic of conversation. The detective department felt that Eastman's release was in a great measure due to college influence, and it redoubled its energies. The matter was finally taken to the grand jury, and on Oct. 20, 1900, the college professor was indicted on a charge of murder in the first degree. One hundred and sixty-eight jurors have been summoned from which to choose the twelve men, in whose hands Eastman's fate will rest during the long, tedious trial.

The murder of Dr. George Parkman by Professor John White Webster, which the Eastman-Grogan mystery recalls, is perhaps the most famous and peculiar case in American history. Dr. Parkman was a millionaire, a member of one of the oldest of Boston's Puritan families, and a relative of Parkman, the historian. Webster, the murderer, belonged to the same ultra-refined class of society, and was born in the same quarter of Boston as was Parkman.

He was a professor of chemistry in Harvard university, and a lecturer on chemistry in the Boston medical college. Both were members of the Brahmin caste, as the intellectual elite of Boston has been called. All the members of Harvard university and all the old families of Boston were personally interested in the tragedy.

The case was also remarkable as one of the earliest in which expert evidence played a great part. The identification of Parkman's remains was made complete through the discovery of his false teeth.

Dr. Parkman was last seen alive on the evening of Friday, November 23, 1849. From that moment he disappeared absolutely from the face of the earth. For nearly a week a search was made in every direction for his remains, but without avail. Very soon after his disappearance it became known that his last discovered act was to pay a visit to Professor John W. Webster in his room at the Boston medical college. No one could at first entertain the monstrous suspicion that a professor of Harvard university was guilty of murder.

There were, nevertheless, several circumstances which threw suspicion on Webster. Dr. Parkman had advanced money on notes and mortgages and had pressed Webster for payment. Among the property mortgaged had been Webster's professional cabinet, and he had disposed of this to some one else. Parkman had reproached Webster severely for his dishonest conduct just before his disappearance.

The search for Dr. Parkman was carried on in all directions, but every clew discovered led the searchers back to the medical college in Boston, and there ended. No person could be found who had spoken with Dr. Parkman after his interview with Professor Webster. Along with other buildings the college was searched, first on Monday slightly, and merely by way of excuse for searching other houses in the neighborhood, and again on Tuesday, but with no serious suspicion, and with no discovery. Professor Webster cheerfully accompanied the officers through his own apartments.

In the meantime another investigation had been going on in the hands of Littlefield, the janitor of the college. As early as Sunday evening he had begun to entertain suspicions of Professor Webster, which all his subsequent assidious watching increased. On Friday following the murder he discovered in the laboratory and in a vault connected with it a quantity of partially consumed human remains believed to be those of Dr. Parkman. These led to the apprehension and ultimately to the trial of Professor Webster on the charge of murder.

In consequence of this disclosure, Professor Webster was immediately arrested, and a more careful search was made of the laboratory on the next and the following days, which resulted in further discoveries.

Webster was brought to trial before Chief Justice Shaw and three associate justices. Oliver Wendell Holmes was among those who gave expert testimony. Webster was quickly found guilty, and afterward confessed the crime. He said that Dr. Parkman had pressed him for the money that he owed, and had called him a liar and a scoundrel. This angered him so much that he picked up a heavy club and felled him with it. When he found him dead he was so frightened that he could think of no plan but to dispose of the body in his laboratory. He burned the viscera at once in his furnace, and cut up the rest of the body intending to burn it at his convenience. When the officers first visited his rooms, he said, parts of the body were under his lecture table. Afterward he dropped them into the vault, intending to haul them up with fishhooks as he found opportunity to burn them. Webster was duly hanged in Boston.

A LAUNDRY BROKER.

One young man in New York in preparing himself to enter college has been forced into an odd business, says the Sun. Finding himself face to face with the necessity of earning a living while he went on with his studies he obtained employment for two hours a day as a waiter. This earned him his meals; but he had to cast about for clothes and lodging.

It occurred to him to ask some of his acquaintances to give him the commission of doing their washing. Of course, he had neither time nor skill to do the actual work of washing and ironing himself, but he found others to do this and merely undertook as middleman to collect and deliver the clothing, taking a moderate commission for his part of the work.

He pleased his customers so well that they recommended him to their friends, and his business grew so that he had to hire a room and maintain there a clerk to attend to the detail of orders and the like. He continues to do the actual delivering himself, using for the purpose a bicycle.

His business gives him a fair living, and it looks as if he might extend it. He is perhaps the only laundry broker in town.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia or money refunded. 50 cts. Sample and book on diet and cure sent free for 10c to pay postage. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

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$3.50 A PAIR.

Worth more. Handsome shapes, new Maroon Bluchers, new Tan Russia Lace, new Brown Vici Lace, welted soles, elegant workmanship, fine finish. They beat anything ever sold in Duluth before for $3.50.

MASTERLY DIPLOMAT

Induced One Wife to Sue Him For a Divorce.

Promised That He Would Then Obtain Her a Husband.

Second Wife Prevailed Upon to Withdraw Bigamy Charges.

Kansas City, Mo., April 24.—John Olive is a carpenter who lives at Twenty-fifth and Olive streets, but he ought to be in politics. He is the greatest compromiser since the days of Henry Clay. Clay could harmonize the warring factions of a national party and bring recalcitrant members into camp, but he never accomplished the feat of putting his feet under the mahogany at dinner time with a wife on each side of him and partaking of his provender in peace and quiet. This is what John Olive has done, and he is probably the only man in the United States who ever pulled off such an affair without the interference of the police or the neighbors.

John formerly lived at Twenty-fifth and Charlotte sreets with a wife and five children. About a year ago he wandered out to Olathe, Kan., and for some unknown reason changed his name to Riley. There he wooed and won Miss Lucy Collins. Returning to Kansas City the pair began housekeeping at 802 Independence avenue. The first wife continued to live at his former home, and supported herself and the children by dressmaking.

A few weeks ago John's conscience began to trouble him. Like Desdemona, he "perceived a divided duty." After puzzling over his life problem for some time he compromised by leaving both wives and going to Indianapolis.

Wife No. 2 advertised for him, and in her search ran afthwart wife No. 1. An exchange of confidences followed and No. 2 swore out a warrant charging John with bigamy.

The compromiser heard of this in Indianapolis, and it fired his dominant genius into action. With two wives and a state warrant awaiting him, he calmly packed up and returned to Kansas City. What blandishments he used on No. 2 are not known, but certain it is that at the end of their first conference she telephoned the prosecuting attorney that she wished to withdraw the bigamy proceedings, and would not prosecute.

With this off his mind, John next visited No. 1, and persuaded her that she was entirely too good for him, and ought to get a divorce, promising to find her a husband as able to support her as himself.

He then arranged a meeting between the two women, and succeeded in welding a friendship between them that promises to be lasting. In honor of the successful carrying out of this gigantic enterprise, John proposed that they all have a big dinner. This was enjoyed at the home of No. 2, both wives and the five children of No. 1 being present. In the morning each woman wanted to go down town and do some shopping while the other stayed and cooked the dinner. Each also wanted John to go with her. This was "pie" for the compromiser. He suggested that both women go down town, and that he would prepare the meal and take care of the children. He did so, and when the women returned they found a well-cooked dinner. When it came to the question of precedent at the table, John quickly settled it by placing a wife on either side of him.

It developed that No. 2 took quite a fancy to No. 1's children. John's diplomacy was equal to the occasion, and he had it arranged that the children shall divide their time between the two homes.

The first Mrs. Olive by agreement has sued the compromiser for divorce. As soon as this is granted he is going to remarry his second wife, and the first wife will be married to the man whom her husband promised to find for her—an old soldier who draws a comfortable pension and has some property.

EIGHT-FOOTED HORSE.

Apollo, the Equine Wonder, Is No More.

Chicago, April 24.—Apollo, alias "Prince Charley," alias "Pegasus," alias "Mazeppa," is dead! Who that has fallen a prey to the dime-museum barker or listened to the weird and wonderful pronouncements of the side show booster does not remember Apollo, the eight-footed horse, the Barbury stallion that has been pictured upon the circus show bills and museum posters of the world for the last forty-five years? Early Monday morning poor Apollo (he was 50 years old at least) breathed his last in the sorrowing company of Cyclops, the three-eyed, three-horned, three-nosed bull that knew him best in the days of his glory and solaced his final days in the snug barn of George M. Keely, at 72 Stony Island avenue.

Apollo, the eight-footed horse, was born in Arabia at a time that passeth the memory of any living bareback danseuse, or premier equestrienne. The extraordinary length of his life is probably due to the fact that he never worked. As long ago as 1865 he was a star attraction with Orrin Brook's circus, when he pranced about the sawdust arena in South America, Mexico and all of the United States. W. C. Coup knew and loved him. Barnum took him to Europe and placarded him before royalty as the equine wonder of the age. Old Col. Wood, the Nestor of the dime museum business in New England; Al Ritchie, Kohl and Middleton, and even the famous Ringling brothers of this later day, have known the wonderful earning capacity of the double-footed Apollo. During the World's Fair in Chicago 22,000 people paid 10 cents apiece to see him in one day. Of later years the old horse seldom appeared except in the carpeted rooms of upstairs museums, but he was as thoroughly housebroke as a Blenheim spaniel.

He died of old age, his once black glossy coat streaked with gray, with so many rings on his teeth that the veterinarians are still counting them. Mr. Keely will turn the remains over to a taxidermist and the stuffed Apollo will remain one of the best-beloved ornaments of the Keely household.

LAUNDRY MACHINERY.

"Some idea of the variety in which laundry machinery is now made," said a dealer, to the Sun, "may be gained from the fact that in one catalogue of such appliances there are to be found about 300 numbers. One maker produces washing machines in eighty varieties. These include machines of different sizes, materials and weights, adapted to all manner of uses.

"Of ironing machines there are nowadays many, including machines specially designed for ironing particular parts, as bands, collars and so on; and then there are mangles in great variety, some of them big machines weighing many tons, made for the ironing of flat goods only, as table cloths, napkins, sheets, towels, and so on. There is more or less hand work in one branch and another, but there is now no work done in laundries for which machines cannot be had.

"All this great variety of modern laundry machinery may be found in actual operation in and about New York, in one establishment or another. It would be possible, of course, to show it all in operation in showrooms, but it can be shown to better advantage and more satisfactorily, in every way, in actual work."

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Good Go-Carts,

Worth up to $6.00, all the very newest styles, best springs, all have brakes, endless rubber tires, some with cushions, some without, modest patterns, but worth twice what we ask—

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Best on earth. You can adjust the back or dash independently. There's style and durability in every one we show. English gears, in maroon, patent foot brakes. Parasol fastened on the side, where it's out of the way when not in use, made of best sateen.

Without Parasol or cushions $5.50

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Excellent Baby Carriages for $4.98.

Baby carriages exactly like cut, best Pongee silk or sateen parasol, upholstered with fine Armure tapestry. Heavy rattan roll all around carriage. Embossed cane bottom.

Price $8.48

Better Carriages.

Never such styles before. Half of one of our immense floors devoted solely to their exhibition. Over forty different patterns. Finest English gears. All have patent brakes. Any color parasol or upholstering you wish.

Prices from $17.00 to $45.00

Best Go-Carts.

We show over 20 styles of fine carts running—

from $20.00 up

You never saw such a magnificent showing. Finest rattan work. Best satin damask cushions. Either satin or lace parasols.

Baby Carriages with Hoods.

The most sensible invention of the times, best thing for the child, keeps out more sun, lets in as much fresh air as any other kind.

Prices—

$15, $17.50, $26.50

Catalogue on Application. | It's a well known fact that babies prosper when aired in one of our baby vehicles. | Kash or Kredit.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.

DULUTH, MINN.

VILLAGE FOR THE INSANE.

Laos is the hinderland of Annam and is part of the French possessions in Asia. Its people are not advanced in civilization and the French have done little as yet to develop the country; but the natives have some advanced ideas on the treatment of lunatics.

Dr. Lefevre of the official medical staff in Annam writes to friends in France that while travelling in Laos recently he came across a village inhabited only by the mentally unbalanced. The town contains about three hundred houses, all of whose inmates are insane except the guards who take care of the unfortunates.

The doctor says there are many insane persons in Laos. Any one who travelled along the narrow paths of the country a few years ago would be sure to see a number of men, women or children whose brains were affected. Sometimes the disease took a dangerous turn and the unfortunates inflicted injury upon those they met.

The head men of the Laos people got together a few years ago and discussed what to do for these wandering and dangerous lunatics. One of the men had heard that in some countries insane persons were put away by themselves, so that their own condition might be bettered and they might not endanger others. The idea was thought to be a good one and it was determined to carry it out in Laos, so some hundreds were built and the village of the insane was called Ban-Keune. A large number of men which machines cannot be had.

For which machines cannot be had.

NAPKINS AND APRONS.

The Turks use no tables in their homes, and chairs are unknown. Instead, there is a huge wooden frame built in the middle of the room, about eighteen inches high, and when the family assembles to dine cushions are brought, placed upon the frame, and on these the members seat themselves tailor fashion, forming a circle around a large tray, which occupies the center, says London Answers.

The tray is a very large wooden, plated or silver affair, according to the social and financial condition of the family, and thereupon is deposited a capacious bowl. About it are ranged saucers of sliced cheese, anchovies, caviare and sweetmeats of all sorts. Interspersed with these are goblets of sherbet, pieces of hot unleavened bread, and a number of boxwood spoons with which to drink the soup.

Knives, forks and plates do not figure in the service, but each one has a napkin spread upon his knees, and every one, armed with a spoon, helps himself.

When this is consumed the bowl is borne away and another great dish takes its place. This time it is a conglomeration of substantials, all stewed together, such as mutton, game or poultry. The mess has been divided by the cook into small portions, which are dipped up with the aid of a spoon or with the fingers.

For the host to fish out of the mess a wing or leg of a fowl and present it to a guest is considered a great compliment, and for a Turk of high degree to roll a morsel between his fingers and then put it into the mouth of a visitor is looked upon as the height of favor and good manners.

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

UNBROKEN SUCCESS

Panton & White Complete Fourteen Years of Prosperity.

A Great Special Sale Is Arranged to Mark the Event.

Work on Enlargement of Building to Begin Soon.

It was in March, 1887, that two hustling, ambitious young men opened a small, unpretentious store at the corner of First avenue west and Superior street in Duluth. The store had a frontage of but twenty-five feet and was only sixty feet deep. The members of this firm were John Panton and Joseph Watson. It required scarcely seven months for these hustling young men to build up a patronage that forced them out of these small quarters into a larger building. After carefully searching for a desirable place, they secured a lease of the building on Superior street now occupied by the Kelley Hardware company. This contained three floors and 5750 feet of floor space. It required but a year of great prosperity to teach them that even these greatly enlarged quarters were too small, and additional space was secured by connecting the main floor with the adjoining building. In another five years their business had reached such proportions as to cause them to look for even more commodious quarters, and negotiations were completed for their present site on the corners of Superior street, Second avenue west and Michigan streets. In the spring of '9[illegible] ground was broken and the new building was erected.

In 1896, Mr. Watson's interests in the firm of Panton & Watson were purchased by William White. The business from that time has been known under the name of Panton & White.

Although Panton & White achieved wonderful success, the entrance of Mr. White into the firm added new zest. It was the acquisition of just the talent needed. The combination has proven a winner. Mr. Panton has always been the great motive power of this concern, and with Mr. White's splendid financial ability, acquired through many years of connection with large concerns, they have made a team that has successfully sailed the sea of commerce. Their business has enjoyed an unbroken growth. Their reputation for honest dealings, fairness to employes and thorough business methods has achieved for them a name known extensively throughout America. They are numbered among the houses in the state carrying the largest assortment of dry goods, shoes, carpets, cloaks, ladies' ready made garments, millinery, drugs, hardware, etc.

This week they are celebrating their fourteenth anniversary with a special sale, befitting the occasion. Every department is participating, and no doubt wonderful crowds will tax their great force of salespeople. It has been just such events as this that have aided wonderfully in keeping the firm of Panton & White prominently in the van.

Their sales have always been "events"—always successful. They never go into a thing half-hearted. They always aim to win, and when Panton & White make an announcement like the one in tonight's Herald, Duluth and Superior's buying public expects a treat in the shape of a bonafide bargain giving event.

Their advertising policy is one of strict integrity. They never misrepresent nor disappoint. When they advertise any article it is to be found just as represented. Their word in their ads is as good as their note.

In this connection it is not out of place to state that Panton & White have found their present quarters entirely insufficient to display their goods and accommodate their growing business. For some time they have been considering plans for the erection of a structure that will be the pride of this city. While there have been several details that have obstructed the rapid consummation of their plans, they are ready to announce for publication that within a very few weeks the addition of three more floors will be commenced. Work will be pushed as rapidly as permissable, and it will be only a few months before its completion.

When interviewed concerning the new building, Mr. Panton said that their plans were to add several departments, besides enlarging all the present departments. The new departments to be added will include boys' clothing, musical instruments, optical goods, hair goods, hair dressing parlors and shampooing, a splendid tea room, and the addition of a modern grocery store is being seriously contemplated.

This is the most momentous anniversary this firm has ever passed, and they can well afford to be generous and jubilant at this time, for they are about to enter into a period of the greatest prosperity in their history.

BIG PROJECT.

Clark's Millions Ready to Back New York Viaduct.

New York, April 24.—The Herald is authority for the statement that it is asserted that Senator William A. Clark's millions are waiting to back the enormously valuable concessions which have been made by the legislature in the Raines bill, giving the New York and New Jersey Bridge company the right to build a viaduct along West street from Fifty-ninth street to the Battery.

Reports that Senator Clark is the chief figure in the syndicate which is said to be behind the bridge bill are said to be borne out by the fact that a member of his family is prominently connected with the project. Dr. Everett Mallory Culver, who married the daughter of the Montana millionaire, is president of the New Jersey Bridge corporation, which is associated with a similar corporation headed by Jas. S. Clarkson in this state, in the great enterprise.

Should all this be verified and should Senator Clark come into possession of the privileges given by the legislature, he would be able to dictate terms, it is said, to sixteen great railroads, which would have to use his railroad in order to obtain access to the docks.

PUGILIST DEAD.

Billy Smith's "Knock Out" Proved Fatal.

London, April 24.—"Billy" Smith, the American pugilist, who was knocked out in the eighth round of a contest with "Jack" Roberts for the 126-pound championship of England at the National Sporting club Monday night, and who has lain unconscious in a hospital since, died at 11:45 o'clock this morning.

APPOINTMENT OF BISHOPS.

Rome, April 24.—The propaganda has decided to propose to the pope that he appoint the Very Rev. John J. O'Connor, vicar general and at present administrator of the diocese, bishop of Newark. The report is confirmed that Father O'Connell, president of the American college in Rome, has been selected as the bishop of Portland, Me. His official nomination will be known through a papal brief.

STEAMSHIP ON FIRE.

Queenstown, April 24.—The British steamship Ontario, Capt. Brenton, from Hull April 18, for Boston, is putting back with her cargo on fire. A tug has gone to her assistance. It is expected that she will anchor at noon.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

GRAY TAFFETA COAT.

Dainty New Effect---A Very Natty and Becoming Style of Garment Suitable for Young Ladies.

This dainty little coat is scarcely longer than an Eton and is extremely youthful and becoming. It is tucked in narrow clusters and trimmed with black velvet ribbon with gilt ornaments. Russian lace collar. Sleeves finished with bias ruffle to correspond with front of jacket.

RECALL OF LOOMIS

President Castro Bitterly Censures the United States Minister.

His Mind Prejudiced and He Influenced Press Reports.

Castro Wants the Friendship of the United States.

Cleveland, April 24.—A special cablegram to the Enquirer from Caracas, Venezuela, says: The complications that have arisen between the governments of the United States and Venezuela through the actions of Minister Frank B. Loomis, the United States' representative in Venezuela, promise serious developments unless the Washington government shall modify its implied determination to make a naval demonstration against Venezuela. The deliberate statement of President Castro leaves no room for doubt that a clash would follow the sending of warships to Venezuelan waters.

The trouble appears to have grown out of the attitude assumed by Minister Loomis in support of the Bermudez Asphalt company, a corporation owned in the United States, and which, it is said, is controlled by prominent men in Washington official life. The local asphalt company, it has been claimed, encroached on the territory of the American company, and a suit followed, in which Venezuelan courts decided in favor of the Venezuelan company. Minister Loomis, already very active, appealed to the United States government, and just what other action he took that was offensive to the local government is a matter that those interested will not discuss. He was directed to sail for the states, ostensibly for a conference with officials at Washington, and Mr. Loomis himself denied, in an interview with me at San Juan, Porto Rico, that he was recalled.

After my interview with Mr. Loomis at San Juan I was directed to get President Castro's side of the story and came to Caracas.

President Castro granted me an exclusive interview, the first given any journalist. President Castro talked freely and frankly, and authorized the publication of the following over his signature:

"Present to the people of the United States my hearty respects and assure them of the friendship of myself and the government of Venezuela. We promise to guarantee protection to American and all foreign capital, whenever invested in accordance with the laws of the country. Republics naturally have interests in common, and statements of unfriendly sentiment against foreigners are false and entirely disproved by leniency toward Minister Loomis, and our attitude toward other foreign representatives. We have no proof that Minister Loomis accepted favors from the Bermudez company, but his actions lead us so to believe. We have proofs that he influenced statements to the press.

"The Bermudez company yesterday formally denied the jurisdiction of the Venezuelan courts.

"I, as president, can recognize no other authority in the matter. If the United States sends gunboats, either to La Guayra or Orinoco, I will, to the best of my ability, maintain my position as chief magistrate. This republic, in this and other disputes between foreigners and other governments, will strive to maintain a strict neutrality, impartial and uninfluenced by any considerations but those of justice.

"Many of Mr. Loomis' official acts, and also many private interviews convinced me that he was prejudiced, and I therefore asked for his recall. In all this I am standing by the constitution of this republic, and feel confident the American people will uphold me when the terms and language of the treaty are made known.

"The Enquirer, of Cincinnati, which you represent, is the first journal which has evidenced a desire to publish the truth.

"I have positive knowledge that local correspondents were bribed, and therefore I signed the decree of expulsion.

"I have every desire to retain and cultivate the friendship of the United States, whose services Venezuela can never forget, but my dignity will not allow me to recognize a man like Minister Loomis. Don't misunderstand my assertion as a sign of weakness, but I repeat that I assure Americans and all other foreigners of friendship and protection, and feel confident they will eventually discover that they may trust in me."

I have visited foreign legations and the heads of American firms who have large capital invested in Venezuela, and all assure me that Mr. Loomis misrepresented American feeling here to the prejudice of large American investments.

President Castro says Mr. Russell, secretary of the United States legation, whom Mr. Loomis left in charge, would be acceptable to the whole country as the United States' representative in Venezuela.

Mr. Loomis sailed from La Guayra on April 5 and arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico, on April 10 on board the United States auxiliary cruiser Scorpion, which had been sent on his urgent demand.

When I saw him at San Juan on April 11 he said:

"While the time of my return to Venezuela is uncertain, I have not been dismissed, nor do I know that I will be. When I left Venezuela everything was quiet. There have been no demonstrations against me, but for months past the press of Caracas, which is controlled by Castro, the head of the present government, has attacked Americans and American companies."

Mr. Loomis attacked Castro, the pretender president, in the strongest and bitterest terms.

"Castro," he says, "has been trying for a year to have me recalled. He has for months been urging the foreign companies in Trinidad to acquire lands in the Orinoco district, in order to embarrass the United States, and has offered them every assistance in his power. My firm attitude, looking to the protection of American interests, taken on receipt of orders from Washington, has incurred his enmity. He has accumulated a fortune since he became president. He caused a heavy coinage of silver dollars, worth 5 cents in ordinary exchange. Gold is now 9 per cent premium.

"Revolutionists are quietly at work, but it is not likely they will take any definite action before the end of the year. Castro today is the supreme dictator."

SICK HAIR

Few people realize that their hair is sick when it shows signs of failing and that in its feeble way it is crying for nourishment. If your hair is failing or dry or turning gray it is very evident that it is not enjoying good health; therefore, the only intelligent thing to do is to treat it.

Give it medicine and not dye. Dye is a relic of barbarism, and should be shunned by all refined people, aside from the vulgarity of the act. All hair dyes are injurious, and it is an impossibility to make a hair dye that is not, as nitric of silver, lead, sulpher, copper and other poisonous minerals compose their ingredients. Civilization has progressed in the last decade so effectively that the hair can now be restored to its natural color without dye.

Mme. M. Yale's Hair Tonic

is a life-giving fluid to the hair, and the only remedy on record in the history of the world that has the power to restore the natural color of gray hair. It is a medicine that strengthens and invigorates—giving circulation to the natural coloring fluids and action to the oil ducts. It tones up the debilitated nerve force and STOPS HAIR FALLING in twenty-four hours.

IT CURES DANDRUFF,

makes hair grow on bald heads, softens dry, harsh hair; gives gloss and richness to the natural color, produces a luxuriant growth and is a positive cure for all manner of hair and scalp diseases. Scientifically compounded by the great woman chemist, Mme. M. Yale, after her formula from her analysis of the human hair.

RESTORES FADED HAIR.

July 2d, 1900.

Madam Yale.—Your Hair Tonic is all that it is recommended to be. From low and severe illness my hair had become faded and dead; before I had used one bottle the natural color and lustre were restored. It has a marvelous effect on faded hair.

LENA M. EARLE, Maquoketa, Iowa.

For blondes and brunettes, children and adults—as pure as the hair itself. Sold at $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by MME. M. YALE, Beauty and Health Specialists, 180 Michigan ave., Chicago.

We carry a full line of all of Madame Yale's Remedies and are her Duluth agents.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic, 89c.

HYPNOTIZED.

How the Tooth of a Street Car Conductor Was Removed.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 24.—Charles Morris and Elmer Copper, conductor and motorman on the Wheeling and Elm Grove railroad, run on the same car. A year ago they discovered that Morris was susceptible to hypnotic influence exerted by Cooper. They made numerous demonstrations of the phenomenon and last summer Morris was placed under control, buried under six feet of earth and allowed to remain there for thirty-six hours without apparent harm. Since then they have given numerous exhibitions when off duty for the edification of medical and other scientific societies.

Sunday night a most remarkable demonstration was given at the home of Thomas Johnston, on Eighteenth street. The two men were there and some one suggested that Morris be hypnotized. Cooper at once made a few passes in front of Morris' face and he became rigid. He was suspended by heels and neck over the backs of two chairs and as he lay there needles were passed through the lobes of his ears, through his tongue and punched into his flesh.

Still some persons doubted that the test was bona fide. A companion of Morris' said he had heard Morris complain that he had a bad tooth which he wanted extracted. Cooper suggested that a dentist be brought and the tooth removed. Accordingly, Dr. Oscar W. Burdatts, who lives near by, was called in. He brought forceps with him, and, opening Morris' mouth, found the bad tooth, a big molar, and, seizing it, pulled it out. The tooth had immense roots and took all the doctor's strength, but Morris never twitched a muscle or gave indication that he felt it. When he was brought to by Cooper and found himself bleeding from the gaping wound in his mouth, he was greatly surprised, but pleased that the tooth was gone.

AFTER COLLIERIES.

Hill and Morgan Interests Looking to Dunsmuir.

Vancouver, B. C., April 24.—President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern railway, J. Pierpont Morgan and other New York financial men are understood on good authority to be back of a large deal to secure the entire properties of the Dunsmuir collieries in British Columbia. J. R. Lynch, of New York, who is well known as a confidential representative of Morgan, is here today and showed to several railway men letters of credit aggregating $100,000 with which he is to make the first payment ending a deal that involves nearly $5,000,000. When President Hill was in Seattle last week Lynch went there and had a conference with him. The Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway, which is about 150 miles in length, and the Union Extension, Como and Wellington coal mines are included in the deal. Besides 300,000 acres of government land, grants of coal lands are included. About 2500 men are in all employed.

MAY NOT BE PARDONED.

Petition In McKenzie's Case Taking Usual Course.

Washington, April 24.—The proposed pardon of Alexander McKenzie from the San Francisco prison is now before the president and the latest development is that the case must take exactly the same course that is carried out in other similar petitions for pardon.

Unless the trial judge who pronounced sentence and the prosecuting attorney who had charge of the case consent to a pardon, it is believed here that it will be denied. It is reported from San Francisco that Judge Morrow will relent after McKenzie has served ninety days, which is considered a long imprisonment for contempt of court, and in that event McKenzie will soon be given his liberty. There are more names of influential men on his petition for pardon than on any similar document that has been before the department of justice for years.

It was remarked by an official, who has had something to do with the papers in the McKenzie case, and that of Judge Noyes, that personal influence and pull does not count for much in an application for pardon unless the presiding judge and district attorney conceded the point that justice was being done. This official pointed out the tremendous efforts made in the case of Col. Oberlin Carter, in the Neely and Rathbone cases and in many other of less public notoriety. He said tersely, "The law claims its victims and it is only where the law has been fully vindicated that clemency can be shown."

NO TRUTH IN STORY.

Denial of Clark-Cabman Story From Paris.

Paris, April 24.—A correspondent has carefully investigated the story of Senator Clark and the cabman that has been cabled to the United States, and is able to deny it absolutely.

There is not a word of truth in the story. Senator Clark is at his apartments here recovering from a severe cold.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thomson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale at Boyce's drug store.

1887--14th Anniversary sale--1901

PANTON AND WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain Counter 1.

Anniversary drug sale—prices cut to the core.

Brushes.

Bailey' Complexion Brushes—50c size 32c
Lather Brushes—19c kind for 10c
Tooth Brushes, you choice of 25c kind for 15c

Toilet Soaps.

Olive Oil Soap—4-oz cake—5c size 3c
Pine Tar Soap—large cake 3c

Sundries.

Gum Camphor—1-ounce cake 5c
Crystallized Camphor—20c package 15c
Moth Balls—per lb 10c
Nursing Bottles—graduated 5c
Bath Sponges—25c size 20c
Ammonia, very strong—10c size 5c
"Death to Rats," surest rat poison 10c
Imported cream Lucca Oil. Very best produced, ½ pints.... 21c
Pints, 35c; quarts, 65c; gallon, $2.50.
Quill Toothpicks—2 packages 5c
Glycerine—4 ounces for 10c; 2 ounces for 5c
Rose Water—2 ounces for 5c
Rose Water and Glycerine—2 ounces for 5c
Marvel Whirling Spray Syringe $3.00

Toilet Articles.

Satin Skin—50c size, 33c; 25c size 16c
Marshmallow Cream—25c size 17c
Espey's Cream—50c size, 35c; 25c size 17c
Mela Dernia for chapped hands 50c size, 20c; 25c size 13c
Almond Meal 15c
25c size.
Joy's Lavender Salts—25c size 15c
Pomade Vaseline—15c size 10c
Rexoleum—refined petroleum—10c size 5c
Puff Boxes, worth 25c—for 10c
James S. Kirk's Toilet Water—60c bottle 29c

Toilet Powder.

Colgate's Talcum Powder 15c
Tetlow's Talcum Powder—15c size 8c
Tetlow's Swansdown Powder—25c size 15c
Tetlow's Gossamer Powder—25c size 15c

Patent Medicines.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil—$1.00 bottles 66c
Joy's Celery Compound—$1.00 bottles 69c
Wood's Sarsaparilla—$1.00 bottles 65c
Hood' Anticeptic Solution—$1.00 bottles 75c
Hood's Dyspepsia Tablets—50c box 29c
Hood's Sarsaparilla—$1.00 bottles 75c
Lithia Tablets, 5 grains—35c bottles 25c
Lithia Tablets, 3 grains—25c bottles 18c
Bromo Soda—25c bottles 17c
Sodium Phosphate Tablets—25c bottles 17c
Granular Effervescing Soda—50c bottles 33c
Granular Effervescing Kissengen—50c bottles 33c
Granular Effervescing Vichy—50c bottles 33c
Rocky Mountain Spruce—25c bottles 17c

Patent Medicines.

Rocky Mountain Spruce—50c bottles 29c
Rocky Mountain Tea—50c packages 25c
Hinkley's Bone Liniment—25c bottles 17c
Witch Hazel, 16-oz bottles—25c size 15c
Joy's Extract of Malt—per doz, $1.75; 25c bottles at 18c
Pitcher's Worm Chocolates—25c box 16c
Witch Hazel Salve—25c box 16c
Carbolic Salve—25c box 16c
Arnica Salve—25c box 16c
Headache Wafers—25c box 16c
Seidlitz Powders, double—strength—25c box 18c
Best Jamaica Ginger—25c box 17c
Little Liver Pills—15c bottles 8c
Quinine Pills—15c box 10c
Belladonna Plasters—15c kind 10c
Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound (limit 2 bottles) per bottle 67c
S. S. S., the great tonic—$1.50 bottle $1.15
Mme. M. Yale's Blood Tonic—$1.00 bottle 75c
Cuticura Salve—50c box 34c

Dental Preparations.

Colgate's Anticeptic Dental Powder—25c size 15c
Dental Cream—25c size 15c
Calder's Tooth Powder—25c size 15c

Hair Brushes.

A lot of fine foreign and domestic Hair Brushes, Olive wood and Rosewood backs, pure bristles and worth 50c, 75c, $1.00; choice at 45c
Ideal Hair Brushes—No. 1, worth $1.00 ..... 60c

Hand Brushes.

An assortment of small, medium and large Brushes, solid backs, real bristles, worth 25c, 35c, 50c each—choice 20c

Anniversary Sale—Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains.

FIRST—All carpets bought during this sale will be made, laid and lined FREE.

$16 We have a few misfit carpets which will be sold regardless of cost—Axminster carpet rugs 8-3 by 10-6, containing 17½ yards carpet and border—Anniversary price only $16.00.

$22½ Body Brussels 10.6x12.9 containing 24½ yards carpet and border—Anniversary price $22.50.

$22½ Extra velvet rugs, 10.6x13 containing 25 yards—Anniversary price only $22.50.

98c Rugs—it's giving them away, but we want to give you something good during this sale—500 Axminster rugs, also 250 rugs with fringe 1½ yards long with fringed ends made from Axminster, Brussels and velvet carpets—all go at 98c.

$1.15 Lace curtains, 100 pairs Nottingham lace curtains 3½ yards long and 60 inches wide, worth $2 25 a pair—Anniversary price $1.15.

$1.48 50 pairs bobbinet ruffled curtains 2½ and 3 yards long—Anniversary price $1.48.

9c Curtain Swisses — 50 pairs 36 inch in stripes, dots and figures—sold everywhere at 15c—Anniversary price only 9c.

23c Window shades—250 odd window blinds, 6 feet long, 3 feet wide, with roller, complete, all ready to hang up—Anniversary price 23c each.

No Better CORSET Than "HER MAJESTY'S"

$2.75

FOR many years this corset has been famed for its general excellence, and particularly for its splendid wearing qualities. It has stood the test of time and is more popular today than ever in its history, while many other corsets, once popular, have passed out of existence.

No better corset has ever been produced, and probably no better one can be made. We can confidently recommend Her Majesty's corset to all who desire a substantial, comfortable stay.

Prices begin at $2.75.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492 - Old
'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

Tired Men. If you are the unfortunate victim of lack of nerve you know it, and it would be useless to detail the symptoms to you. You can depend upon it that **Lincoln Sexual Pills** regenerate and build up the system of the tired man, and give the proper functional actions to all the vital organs. Be the kind of a man you ought to be—yes, be a man!

Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO.,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

ENGINEERS

Will Deal Directly With Their Employers In the Future.

Cleveland, April 24.—The negotiations which have been in progress for the past two days between the officials of the United States Steel corporation vessel interests and the representatives of the marine engineers looking to a settlement of the pending strike of the latter were abruptly terminated yesterday afternoon with the result that the end of the strike is apparently further away than at any time since it began.

General Manager Wolvin of the company, after deliberating over the schedule submitted by the engineers, announced he would not treat with the engineers as a body but would deal directly with the men.

Immediately upon the receipt of this information the engineers prepared a new wage scale increasing the demands by about 15 per cent over the figures submitted in January last. Under this schedule the wages of chief engineers on first class boats are placed at $150 per month against $132 named in the original proposition to the lake carriers; second engineers are advanced from $85 to $100. On second class boats the chief engineers are advanced from $114 to $125 and from $84 to $90 for second engineers This scale, President Uhler of the engineers announced tonight is to apply to all vessels on the great lakes except those where the owners have already conceded the demands. Mr. Uhler also said that from now on the engineers will be permitted to make arrangements with managers and owners of vessels irrespective of their organization. But the scale as above stated will be strictly adhered to.

Some of the local vessel owners declare that the decision on the part of the engineers' association to permit their members to treat directly with their employers will soon result in all the men returning to work. These vessel owners frankly admit that the fight of the Lake Carriers' association is directed against the recognition of the Engineers' association rather than on the question of wages.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 24.—Twelve of the tug engineers who affiliated with the Marine Engineers' Benevolent association this spring when the engineers went on strike withdrew from that organization yesteray afternoon and will go to work for the Great Lakes Towing company tomorrow The men formerly belonged to the Licensed Engineers' association. They withdrew from that organization and joined the Marine Engineers in order to help them against the Lake Carriers' association.

CASS COUNTY FAIR.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Cass County Agricultural association has held its annual meeting and elected officers, as follows: President, W. B. Jones, of Sylvian Lake; secretary, A. G. Bernard, editor of the Cass Lake Voice and the Walker Pilot; treasurer, C. E. Griffith, county auditor. The association has decided to hold its fourth annual fair on Sept. 19 and 20, in the buildings furnished for that purpose by W. B. Jones, at Sylvian Lake.

FROZEN.

Confirmation of Suffering and Death at the Alaska Diggings

Seattle, Wash., April 24.—Partial confirmation of the rumors of death by freezing were received. The Nome Gold Digger of Jan. 30, says: "Dr. Pelton, one of the best known and most esteemed young pioneers of Alaska was frozen on the mon. He came from Oakland, Cal., and was 33 years old.

"Dan Anderson left Dexter for Nome about four weeks ago, and has not been heard of since. It is feared that he perished in the New Year's blizzard.

"Dr. W. F. Baum perished while carrying medical assistance to a sick miner. Dr. Baum left Nome on June 21 last. He was a native of Mobile, Ala., and saw service in the Cuban war.

"This afternoon United States Marshall McLean brought into town the remains of a man from Solomon. Later it was identified as that of Alexander Snow.

"A horrible story was told at the chamber of commerce meeting, Monday night, of sixteen men and a woman huddled together in a cabin, maimed and mutilated condition from frost bite in a cabin on Pilgrim river, unable to lie down because of the crush, and with the added horror of starvation facing them. Generous individuals and companies donated money and food. An appeal to the military was resolved upon, and within two hours an emergency supply of food was flying over the trail by moonlight, drawn by swift dogs. The next day a number of the victims arrived in town and told their story. Some of them were badly frost bitten and had endured severe hardships.

"Dr. Tam was frozen to death on Saturday, Jan. 19.

"Two unknown men were found near Marys Igloo."

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

California Excursion May 7th and 8th.

Account launching of battleship Ohio, at San Francisco, May 18, "The North-Western Line" will, on May 7 and 8, sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and return at the very low rate of $67.90. These tickets are good going and returning via Missouri river. If passengers so desire they can go via the Missouri river and return via any one of the Northern lines at a rate of $80.40 for the round trip. These tickets are good for return passage on or before thirty days from date of sale, with stop over privilege on the return trip within life of ticket. Here is an opportunity to see the Western country in all its grandeur at a minimum cost.

All information concerning tickets, reservations of berths, etc., etc., at the city office of "The North-Western Line," Duluth.

Bad Circulation is the cause of most of the ills that come with old age. With advancing years there is a decline of strength and vigor—the machinery of the body moves with less speed and accuracy. Because of the weak and irregular action of the heart the blood moves more slowly, becomes impure and loses much of its life-sustaining properties, and muscles, tissues and nerves literally starve for lack of nourishment. A sluggish and polluted circulation is followed by a long train of bodily ailments. Cold feet, chilly sensations up and down the spine, poor appetite and digestion, soreness of the muscles, rheumatic pains, hard and fissured skin, face sores, chronic running ulcers on the lower limbs and other parts of the body—these and many other diseases peculiar to old people are due to a lack of healthy blood and imperfect circulation. Restoration to health must come through the building up and purification of the blood, thus adding strength and tone to the vital organs and quick, healthy action to the circulation.

S. S. S. being strictly a vegetable blood remedy and the best tonic, makes it the most valuable and efficacious of all medicine for old people. It is free from all mineral ingredients, and mild and pleasant in its action. It cures blood diseases of every character, even those inherited or contracted in early life. As the system gets under the influence of S. S. S. there is a marked improvement in the general health, and as richer and purer blood begins to circulate through the body the appetite improves, and there is a softness and elasticity about the skin that you have not noticed for years; sores begin to heal, pains in muscles and joints gradually cease, and you find that it is possible to be happy and healthy even in old age.

Our medical department is in charge of physicians who make a study of blood and skin diseases. If you would like to have their opinion and advice in your case, write them all about it and you shall receive such information and advice as you want. This will cost you nothing. Others have found our medical department of great benefit to them—their cure being much more rapid as the result of some special directions received from our physicians.

Don't be your own doctor when you can get medical advice free. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed to all who desire it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

PACIFIC RAILROADS

Debt to the United States Has Been Largely Settled.

Claims Against the Sioux City & Pacific Nearly Adjusted.

Will Be Sold to the Highest Bidder In June.

From The Herald Washington Bureau

Washington, April 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the present administration, beginning in March, 1897, the debt of the Pacific railroads on account of bonds issued by the United States in aid of the construction of the roads, together with interest on said bonds, has been largely collected and secured to the government, and the following sums paid into the treasury:

From Union Pacific railroad, principal and interest paid in full	$58,448,224
From Kansas Pacific railroad: Principal paid in full..	$6,303,000
Dividend received on suit instituted by attorney general on interest account	821,896
	7,124,896
From Central Pacific and Western Pacific railroads, part payment of principal and interest	15,136,330
Total	$80,708,452

In the adjustment of the Central Pacific and the Western Pacific debt, under settlement agreement of Feb. 1, 1899, the entire debt as of that date, namely, $85,-$12,715, is secured to the United States by twenty semi-annual notes of $2,940,-635.78 each, bearing interest at 5 per cent per annum, five of which have already been anticipated and paid, secured by collateral bonds bearing interest at 4 per cent per annum, so that the above sum of $80,709,452 received from the Pacific railroads should be increased by the sum of $44,109,536, the amount of the Central Pacific and Western Pacific debt still unpaid but guaranteed to the United States, which would make an aggregate of $124,818,988 settled and secured to the government on account of the indebtedness of the roads to the present date.

These settlements have been secured to the government as the results of proceedings conducted during the present administration.

Under a deficiency suit instituted by the attorney general for recovery of interest from the Kansas Pacific road, amounting to $6,624,107, the sum of $821,-988 has already been received and paid into the treasury, as shown in the above statement, and further payment on said account is expected to be made at an early date.

The remaining indebtedness of the Pacific railroads not yet settled on June 30, 1900, was as follows:

Central Branch Union Pacific railroad	$3,750,125 13
Sioux City & Pacific railroad	4,198,725 72
Total	$7,948,850 84

Under act of congress of June 6, 1897, in the case of the Sioux City & Pacific railroad, and proceedings taken by the attorney general in the case of the Central Branch Union Pacific railroad, settlement with these roads will soon be effected.

The act of June 6, 1900, "to create a commission to make settlement and adjustment with the Sioux City & Pacific Railroad company of its indebtedness to the government," designated the secretary of the treasury, the attorney general and the secretary of the interior as such commission. Under this power the commission recently issued a circular announcing that it will sell at public sale, to the highest and best bidder, all the claims, rights and demands of the United States against the said Sioux City & Pacific Railroad company on account, or in connection with, and arising from the issuance of subsidy bonds by the United States to said Sioux City & Pacific Railroad company, under and by virtue of the act of congress approved July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864.

These claims and demands consist of $1,628,320 principal and about $2,556,269.50 interest, aggregating $4,164,589.50, more or less.

The sale will take place in the office of the solicitor of the treasury in the Treasury building, in the city of Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1901, at 12 o'clock noon.

The sale is to carry all the claims, demands, credits and rights of the United States against said Sioux City & Pacific Railroad company on account of or in connection with said bonds.

The claim of the United States is subject and subordinate to a first mortgage given by said Sioux City & Pacific Railroad company to secure the payment of the bonds, amounting to about $1,628,000, more or less, and interest. The first mortgage is a prior lien to the claim and demand of the United States.

No bid for an amount less than $1,-$72,000 will be accepted or entertained.

No bid will be entertained unless the bidder shall, before the commencement of such sale, deposit with the secretary of the treasury a certified check for the sum of $100,000, payable to the secretary of the treasury of the United States.

The certified checks of unsuccessful bidders will be returned immediately after the sale; and the check of the successful bidder shall be at once collected and applied upon his or its bid.

Within twenty days from the sale full payment shall be made by the successful bidder and purchaser, and in case of failure to make such full payment of such bid within said twenty days, the said check for $100,000 so deposited with the secretary of the treasury shall be forfeited to the United States as liquidated damages for the failure on the part of the successful bidder to pay the full amount of his said bid to the United States of America, and the United States shall be entitled to the said sum of $100,-000 as liquidated damages from said bidder who so fails to pay the amount of his bid."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Do not leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed and cannot be procured while you are on board the cars or steamship. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

HAUNTED.

Geagan Pursued By the Spirit of His Murdered Wife.

Toledo, April 24.—Thomas Geagan, aged 60 years, was struck and killed almost instantly by an electric car Sunday morning on Adams street.

A peculiar feature of the old man's death was that a cruel fate pursued him for twenty-four hours prior to his untimely death. No matter where he went an evil spirit dogged his footsteps. After being pursued 10 or 12 hours by what Geagan declared to be the "Evil One," he cried out in despair, "I am doomed to be killed this very day. I can do nothing right today. Everything I do is wrong, and I can't put my hand to a thing without breaking it and having an accident."

Before saying this Geagan, who was driving a coal wagon, had been struck twice by street cars, and had barely escaped with his life in each instance. Besides this he had slipped and fallen down a 20-foot embankment, had fallen off a chair in in the coal office and hurt himself and in other ways had encountered misfortunes during the entire day, until he quit work in despair. He was a strictly temperate man, and liquor had nothing to do with the strange misfortunes that pursued him for hours before his death.

Geagan had been in the rear of the coal office and was on his way to retire when a car struck him in front of the office, killing him almost instantly.

To some friends Geagan made the remark during the afternoon after his misfortunes had begun to pour in on him thick and fast. "Well, I'm doomed. She is after me and I can't get away from her. I can see her this very moment and she is demanding her revenge, and I cannot escape. Something tells me she will serve me as I served her years ago."

It was learned at the police station that several years ago Geagan killed his wife during a quarrel and served eight years in the penitentiary for it, and the belief is that the "she" he alluded to in his premonitions of an approaching violent death was the spirit of his wife. The circumstances are the strongest ever reported here, and Geagan, himself, fully realized he was a doomed man some hours before he was killed, and was convinced there was no way of escaping the fate which seemed to hang over him. He quit work deliberately under the belief that if he continued he would be killed in some manner before the day was over. He hastened to put himself out of harm's way and remained indoors until all traffic had ceased and he thought the danger period past, when he ventured forth to cross the street to go to bed in the office. A car that had never been known to run at that hour consummated the doom which Geagan felt was in store for him.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both." If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

Fond du Lac---Oshkosh.

Reclining chair cars, seats free, Duluth to Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and intermediate points via Merrillan, Marshfield and Wausau on fast mail trains over the North-Western Line. Daily service. Tickets at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ENTIRELY JUSTIFIED

Minister Conger Upholds the Actions of the Missionaries.

Were Not Guilty of Looting as Charged In Dispatches.

They Had Over Two Thousand People to Provide For.

Victoria, B. C., April 24.—In an interview with the Kobe Herald, Minister Conger, who is on his way to San Francisco, said: "There were really no actions on the part of the missionaries there that were not entirely justified, when the circumstances are known. Missionaries did not loot. Missionaries found 2000 destitute men and women on their hands. There was no government, no organized authority. There were houses of men who had been firing on the foreign quarter directing the attacking leaders of the Boxers, their property had been abandoned as a result of the state of war and it was taken in order to succor hundreds of suffering and destitute Chinese, whose lives the original owners had been laboring to destroy. Winter was coming on and measures of some kind were imperative and the appropriation of property for the ends in view was unquestionably justified.

"That practically was the situation. I am prepared to justify the conduct of the American missionaries before the siege, during the siege and after the siege. If you want to get at the facts there is a missionary on board who would probably give you all the particulars you want."

The missionary was Dr. Ament who told the reporter that goods taken by the so-called loot committee were goods left in stores by people who had sought refuge in the legation during the siege and goods were taken to prevent their destruction. The clothes and bedding were given to men working upon the barricades and the committee handed Sir Claude McDonald, the key of the room in which all the valuables were stored. These goods were sold and the proceeds distributed among the British soldiers. His mission received but $15.

Previous to this a sale of garments and curios was held and $400 netted was given to the American mission board. Most of the goods were taken from buildings that the military authorities had ordered burned. Some of the goods were restored to the owners, and other owners recompensed for their losses.

Dr. Ament explained the sale of goods in a Mongol prince's house where he took up his quarters, by saying they were without food and sold the goods on the advice of Mr. Conger. Had they not taken possession the place would have been destroyed by the Russians. About $4000 was realized by this sale, which was devoted to the needs of the native Christians. In conclusion Dr. Ament said:

"The Chinese dammed up the canal and were going to drown us out. They supposed the foreigners had subterranean burrows in which to take refuge and were certain that underground passages had been made from the legation to the Fu, so they resolved to drown us out like rats in a trap."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Artemus Lamb, a millionaire of Clinton, Iowa, died today at the Hotel Coronado, San Diego, of dropsy.

Dr. James H. Woodburn, one of the oldest physicians of Indianapolis, retired from practice, died suddenly Tuesday afternoon in a College avenue car.

Harry Rice, city marshal and president of the board of education of North Platte, went to the cemetery, took poison and died on his wife's grave. He was an old-time railroad man, 50 years old, and had held positions of responsibility with the Union Pacific. He had been drinking hard recently and this is the only known reason for the act.

It is believed that Rev. John O'Connor, vicar general, has been appointed to the bishopric of Newark, made vacant by the death of Bishop W. M. Wigger. Private cablegrams to that effect have been received from Rome and they are generally credited.

Chief of Police Joseph Kipley handed in his resignation Tuesday evening to Mayor Harrison. For some time it has been evident from statements made by the mayor that he did not intend to reappoint Chief Kipley and as the appointment is to be announced next Monday, the chief decided to take matter into his own hands.

Jake Gaudaur, the oarsman offers to row any man in the world for the championship and a bet of $2500 a side, three miles with a turn, at Rat Portage, between Aug. 15 and 20, Townes, the English, or Rumohr preferred. Gaudaur has deposited $500 in the Imperial bank as evidence of good faith.

Abram F. Doremus, proprietor of the laundry in which a number of employes were killed and a score injured by a boiler explosion was released on order of Judge Haney. Doremus was held to the grand jury on a charge of manslaughter. In reviewing the case the court declared that there was no evidence to establish the contention that a crime had been committed or to connect Doremus with the explosion.

Dr. Horatio Guzman, secretary of the Bureau of American Republics, and for many years minister from Nicaragua to the United States, died at Washington Tuesday afternoon, aged about 50 years.

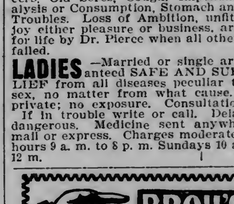
An attempt was made to wreck the Northern Pacific train No. 1 at a point just west of Mission Siding. A large plank was placed across the track and two large stones placed on either end of it. Engineer Manser was unable to stop his train in time, but the pilot knocked the obstructions from the track with but slight injury to the engine.

MEETING WILHELM.

In the Log of the Salior Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans tells of his visit to Kiel, says the Saturday Evening Post.

Below is an extract from it:

"For the purpose of entertaining his naval guests, the emperor had built on the land, near Holtnau, almost at the Kiel entrance to the canal, a large ship of the line. She was full ship-rigged, had all yards across, and her sun deck was beautifully decorated for the dinner, which was given the day following our arrival from Hamburg. When the banquet was over, souvenir medals were presented to all of us, and we retired for our cigars to the upper deck, where all were presented personally to his majesty and exchanged a few pleasant words with him. I stood near him during the time he conversed with the French admiral and his officers, waiting my turn to be presented, and could not help being impressed by his manner as well as by that of the Frenchmen. They were all dressed in undress suits, but there was on the part of the emperor a hearty feeling of success which I did not observe in the manner of the distinguished officers who were saying goodby to him. They were to sail in the early morning in company with the Russian fleet. When I was presented to him the emperor gave me a cordial hand-shake and kept others waiting quite five minutes while he talked to me in the most pleasant way. He had many questions to ask me, which he said he would expect me to answer before I left Kiel. His whole manner to the American officers was most cordial."



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Guarantees you *Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.* Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.

You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.

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PATENTS!

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.
Valuable book on patents FREE.
Send for it.
301 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 16th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of A. Louisa Stewart, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of David B. Stewart, of the county of Tompkins, state of New York, representing among other things that A. Louisa Stewart, late of the county of Tompkins, in the state of New York on the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1901, at the said county of Tompkins, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said Tompkins county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to David B. Stewart granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 13th day of May, A. D. 1901, at two o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 16th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-5-1901.

The Best —is the— Cheapest..

If you need Glasses at all, you need the *Best.* It doesn't pay to buy cheap Glasses and ruin your eyes.

C. D. TROTT, Manufacturing Optician,
No. 3 West Superior Street.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist

For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by new remedies with never failing success

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE- AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all diseases peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

BROU'S INJECTION

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 4 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 16th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Jennie C. Clearman, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of David B. Stewart, of the county of Tompkins, state of New York, representing among other things, that Jennie C. Clearman, late of the county of Tompkins, in the state of New York, on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1899, at the county of Tompkins, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said Tompkins county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is a purchaser from the heirs of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to David B. Stewart granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday the 13th day of May, A. D. 1901, at two o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 16th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-5-1901.

FROCKS FOR THE SPRING

New Creations Seen on the Receiving Days of the Parisiennes---Sleeves Are Becoming More and More Fanciful.

Paris, April 13.—Lenten afternoons or at-homes, as the Parisienne loves to call her receiving days in prettiest English, brought out quantities of lovely springtime frocks, although outside the house the memory of winter still lingers in the atmosphere and in the fabrics that clothe the promenaders.

It is evident that sleeves are more and more fanciful, softly drooping, infinitely graceful and picturesque; that skirts are fuller and softer than ever at the trailing hems, gored skirts having inset "soufflets" set into them about the hem to the height of the knee, stitchings or other trimmings outlining them; while fulled skirts are more and more attempted and with most enchanting results. The bolero in countless variations is much in evidence, especially when completed by deep lace collars dropping far below the shoulder.

The reign of the undersleeve is definitely assured for the summer, although many charming and fancifully drooping or draped sleeves are of but one material, and thus not suggestive of an actual undersleeve. As for materials, everything is softer than ever, even linens and piques having taken on a silky and supple softness, a flexibility unusual in such goods,, the experiments of recent seasons. Aside from these the newest materials seem to be mousseline varieties—mousseline cloth, mousseline foulard, taffeta, chiffon and a panne foulard surpasses the last season's satin foulard, as that in turn was an improvement on the first summer silks.

One sees these materials being worn now for house gowns, and daintiest of little frocks they make, almost invariably with applications of brocaded or cretonne flowers or with actual embroideries. Taffeta flowers, cut from several shades of silk and outlined with tiny gold cords, are most charming on a simple frock of beige mousseline cloth, the flowers in shades of light mauve blues, with a few olive green leaf-shaped motifs among them. This applique garland is festooned about the hips in panier effect, the breadths of the skirt ever so slightly puckered into the waist-line and gored as well, to spread out widely toward the hem.

The tiny plastron is of white chiffon overlaid with tiny ecru lace sprigs, embroidered in gold. The sleeves finished at the elbows, with double drooping puffings of the drop-mousseline, the upper one the narrower, the second gathered into a tight band of panne that fits tightly about the biggest part of the arm just below the elbow.

This sleeve is a good example of the fashionable draped sleeve when not finished with an undersleeve. Here is another which adorns a frock of gray taffeta chiffon. The sleeve is ruffled somewhat in the armhole, the soft width then gathered about the arm just above the elbow—puffing hardly none at all—into three or four rows of shirrings. The sleeve is even very much fuller below and is gathered simply into a wristband of black velvet fastened with a slide and dangling pendant of gold. The bodice is a surplice of gray silk muslin with a high ceinture of the taffeta chiffon in soft swathing folds, drawn on the side of the front into handsome gold ornaments. A bolero surrounding the armholes, both back and front, is of gray guipure incrusted with painted mousseline flowers outlined with black velvet cords. The skirt is slightly fulled into the waistband and has a broad band of shirrings above a knee-deep flounce, very thickly gathered, and falling into a pretty little train—a sirt that is extremely liked in these soft materials.

FOR TRAVELLING.

Toque designed for traveling toilette. It is veiled in dark blue and green tulle and is profusely trimmed with blackberry vines.

Two little simple white gowns have come to my notice at a round of calls recently. One dainty hostess in the American colony near the Arc de Triomph wore a soft white wool skirt of as silky a texture as crepe de chine. It was folded over on each side of the front to outline the front panel, had slight puckers occasionally toward the back, and was trimmed about the hem, save across the front, with a number of graduated bands of gray velvet ribbon outlined with silver cord.

The blouse was of white woolen lace, laid softly and loosely about the figure, and confined trigly by a coarse lattice of gray velvet ribbons. The gray panne girdle was cunningly twisted and fastened with silver ornaments. The close elbow sleeves of latticed lace ended with cuffs of cloth of silver, silver mousseline, so light was it in texture, daintily encrusted with silver bullion embroidery. A narrow band of this outlined the slight square of the chokerless neck. Revers of silver embroidery reached from bustline to belt, where they tucked under the velvet belt, while soft folds of white chiffon clasped the shoulders in fichu effect.

Another hostess recently wore at 5 o'clock tea a frock of white veiling which was embroidered in white silk in a Chinese pattern such as one sees on china crepe shawls, the pretty border encircling the knees, and the bust in broad and rich effects. The flounce was of thickly shirred white taffeta chiffon, as was the shirred yoke and the shirred elbow-sleeves, from which hung double puffings of veiling in a loose drapery, the lower puff gathered into an embroidered band that clasped tightly the middle part of the forearm. The body of the robe was a princess laced up the back and draped across the front. On the bust there was a noeud of shaded orange panne petals that suggested an orchid, and a white velvet ribbon fillet confined the low coils of chestnut hair.

The use of large cretonne flowers, outlined with gold cords, was effectively shown on a black net gown that I saw one afternoon at a little musical conference. The net was very coarse, and the large flowers in shades of mauve and olive green were applied to the two flounces that built the skirt, the hems cut to conform to the contour of the flowers. The lower flounce in this way revealed slightly the tiny plaitings of black mousseline that hemmed the soft black satin foundations. The net, with its gay cretonne border, built a little bolero fastened on the shoulder and under one arm, and also fastened loose bell-shaped elbow sleeves, both cut in scallops to conform to the floral garniture.

The closely shirred musquetaire sleeve beneath and the swathed bodice in high ceinture effect under the bolero were of mauve panne-mousseline, dotted with black satin polka dots. The small square plastron, with its choker, was of Point de Venise, with bands of mauve. A toque of mauve tulle poppy petals, with a black velvet snood tied about the head just below it, its bow at one side of the back, was a neat finish to the unique toilet.

A foulard frock which is quite new in its treatment is in a small design of blue and white, the two colors in equal value; the blouse is of plaited blue mousseline, over which there is a quaint bolero of black taffeta applique, with white cluny and motifs of blue satin, embroidered with gold. A band of blue and gold embroiderey heads the upper edge of the bolero low about the neck, and a strap to match fastens it across the bust with a gold buckle of unique design and two dangling pendants. The other edges of the bolero are cut to follow the contour of the lace pattern.

There are short sleeves to match the bolero, which reach only half way between shoulder and elbow over puffed and shirred sleeves of foulard, which droop from the elbow, but clasp the forearm closely. The yoke and choker are of foulard also, and as the skirt has a shirred hip yoke, which mounts high into a shirred girdle effect to about the waist line, the portion of the corsage allowed to the plaited blue mousseline becomes limited. This is the effect most original and becoming. The hem of the full skirt has bands of blue and gold embroidery. A dash of black satin at one side of the waist line is most chic.

A little black taffeta bolero for street wear, short and with Napoleonic lapels and high turned-down collar, two rows of small buttons to fasten, and with belling elbows or three-quarter length sleeves, are awfully fetching spring wraps to wear with light tinted foulard or soft wool frocks. For walking when the skies become blue there are homespun gowns, with bands of foulard—nothing new, but perennially attractive.

Here is one model that had a very short bolero, with an upward cut on each side of the bust before jutting down into a long oval shaped front that reaches below the waistline, the fastening being across one shoulder and under one arm. Its sleeves ended with a bell flare a wee little below the elbow. This bolero and skirt are hemmed with a three-inch band of spotted foulard, the same shade of blue as the homespun, with white spots. The plaited blouse was of blue mousseline with a belt of deeper blue panne, buckled at the back. From the neck, far over the shoulders, hung a white lace collar, about the edge of which were applied with gold cord a few simple motifs of plain blue foulard. Full bishops of white mousseline, a blue and white foulard sunshade and a rolled turban of white crin, with black velvet bows and wreaths of pink roses, complete this pretty spring creation.

BLUE TAFFETA GOWN.

Dark Blue taffeta, spotted with small black figures. The skirt boasts quite a flare. Blouse with short, close-fitting basque.

Only Three More Cheap Excursions West This Spring.

April 16, 23 and 30 are the remaining dates on which the very low one-way rates are in effect via the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railways to all Western, Pacific coast and California points, as follows: Kalispell, Butte, Helena, $20; Spokane, Seattle, Portland, $25; San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, $32.90. On Tuesday, April 16, we will also sell round-trip tickets at one fare plus $2 to points in West, South and Southwestern states. Liberal stop-over privileges will be allowed on both one-way and round-trip tickets. Call at city ticket office, Spalding hotel block, or Union depot, for further particulars.

DEAD BEAT'S TRUNK.

Found to Contain a Fortune In Gold.

I'm satisfied, said the old night clerk, "that this was the strangest case of hotel swindling by the 'loaded baggage' game that ever happened in the United States, relates the New Orleans Times-Democrat. It occurred in Denver in the early '80s, and, for reasons of my own, I'd rather not mention the name of the hotel. It wasn't one of the big establishments, however, but was an unpretentious little place of about forty rooms, and the majority of its customers were mining men from the outlying camps. They were a profitable class to cater to, because they generally came to Denver to have a royal good time, and the proprietor, who was a weazened little New England Yankee, was rapidly getting rich. One day during the busy season a rough, red-faced, almost trampish-looking fellow, registered at the house from the San Juan Valley and was given a room on the upper floor. He had a large, square topped, very heavy trunk, covered with galvanized tin, of a pattern common in the West, and, after sizing it up, the landlord refrained from asking for cash in advance, which he was at first inclined to do. After he was shown to his quarters nobody gave the stranger any further thought until the end of a week or so, when his unpaid bill led to some inquiry, and it was found that he had disappeared. A few days were allowed to go by on the theory that he might be out on a spree, and the landlord then declared officially he had skipped, sent the trunk to the storeroom and that, for the time being, closed the incident. Three or four months afterward, when the little New Englander felt certain he would never see the man from San Juan again, he opened the trunk with a skeleton key, and when he raised the lid he came near having a fit. Instead of the clothing he had expected to find it contained nothing whatever but dirty, discolored sandstone, or what looked like sandstone, broken into small pieces. The landlord prided himself on his shrewdness, and he was so chagrined and sore over the way he had been bunkoed that he quietly lowered the lid, relocked it and made up his mind to say nothing about the matter to anybody. One day, some time later on, a miner who was staying at the house asked him whether he happened to have a good, strong trunk about the place that he would sell. 'I have one in the storeroom,' he replied, 'that was left here by a dead beat. I'll let you have it with contents, whatever they are, for $10. The miner took him up, and the landlord pretended to be greatly surprised and amused when he opened the lid and disclosed the dirty rubbish. He was privately delighted to have the joke put on some other fellow. However, the miner accepted the situation good-naturedly, relocked the trunk and sent it away, rocks and all. The truth was he had recognized the stuff at a glance as the richest kind of decomposed quartz, full of free gold, and a few days afterward nearly $8000 was smelted out of it. Being simple-minded and scrupulously honest he went back and divided the spoils with the landlord who experienced a second shock more severe than the first. Where the ore came from it was never known but the supposition was that it had been stolen from one of the rich gold mines in the southern part of the state. It was no uncommon thing for miners to purloin the richest pieces from the heart of a vein and carry them out in their dinner pails and possibly it was in that way that this trunkful was accumulated. What became of the red-faced stranger from San Juan was another mystery never solved but in those rough days the disappearance of one man more or less was hardly worth remark. The Western wonderworld was full of chinks through which a fellow could slip and leave no trace."

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Atchison Globe.

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THE CASH DEMAND

Causes a Sharp Advance In Price of Wheat.

Shippers at Chicago and Seaboard Report Excellent Demand.

May Corn at Chicago Makes a New Record Price.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 24.—The wheat market started out at advancing prices this morning and continued its upward course until shortly before the close when there was a moderate reaction. The cash demand for wheat is the strong feature of the market and New York today reported 53 loads worked for export. Chicago reports shippers doing a good business in No. 1 northern wheat and saying the demand is the heaviest in months. The scare over the German crop outlook is genuine and has by no means subsided. There is very little demand for Duluth wheat, although some has been worked, but this is due to the lake situation, there being no immediate prospect of getting boats. In Chicago the elevators are active in changing from May to July. The cables were rather steady, Liverpool closing ½c down to ⅛c higher in the face of yesterday's decline in American markets. Berlin was up 1c. The strength in corn also had a sympathetic influence on wheat. Primary receipts of wheat were 445,606 bus, last year 294,024 bus. Shipments were 296,423 bus, last year 483,049. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 226,000 bus. Bradstreet's reported the world's visible decreasing 3,632,000 bus. The European visible supply increased 160,000 bus as compared with an increase of 760,000 bus a year ago.

Crop conditions are not occupying so much attention as the cash demand. The government report yesterday indicated a fine condition in Kansas and wheat growers are saying that the state will harvest 100,000,000 bus and will need 15,000 additional men to harvest the crop. Snow who has pictured a very rosy condition for the wheat crop of the year says in his report, made public today:

"While the growth of winter wheat has been materially retarded by low temperatures, the previously reported promising condition of this crop continues. In Oklahoma and Texas, however, insects are still causing serious damage. On the Pacific coast the condition of winter wheat is promising except the late sown in sections of California, but little spring wheat has been sown in North Dakota and while seeding is well advanced in portions of Minnesota and South Dakota much less has been sown than at the corresponding date of last year and germination has been checked."

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 235 cars, against 163 last week and 260 last year. Chicago receipts, 51 cars, one of contract grade.

There was fairly active trading in futures on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅛c higher at 73¼c, sold at 73¼c at 9:31, reacted to 73⅛c at 9:36, advanced to 73⅜c at 11:35, at 73⅞c at 12:20 and closed at 73⅝c, an advance of ⅝c. Chicago advanced ⅜@⅝c and Minneapolis ⅝c.

Cash sales were 20,000 bus at May price for wheat to arrive and ½c under for wheat in store.

Corn in Duluth was unchanged in price but in Chicago it was very active and the May option sold at the highest price for the year and closed at the top, 48¾c, an advance of 1⅝c over yesterday. Phillips was a bidder for it shortly after the opening, running the price up to 48. It fell off from that point later but again rallied. July was inactive and the two options acted entirely independent of each other. Phillips is still predicting 50c corn. Primary receipts of corn were 230,644 bus, last year 503,970 bus. Shipments 676,457 bus, last year 534,884 bus. Clearances of corn were 161,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 294,000 bus in the world's visible.

The deferred options in flax were very strong today. September opened 2c up and there was active trading at the opening. The strength continued throughout the morning and the close was 3c up. October also was strong and closed with an advance of 2¾c. May, cash and to arrive flax were ½c off.

Rye was up ½c and oats were unchanged in price. Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 75¼c; to arrive, 75⅜c; May, 75⅝c; September, 74½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 73¾c; to arrive, 73⅝c; May, 73⅜c; September, 72¼c; July, 74½c. No. 2 northern, 67¾-71⅝c. No. 3 spring, 62¾-67¾c. Oats, 27¼-27c. Rye, 51c. Flax, cash, $1.60½; to arrive, $1.60½; May, $1.62; September, $1.28; September Northwest, $1.30; October, $1.25. Corn, 42c; May, 42½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 26; oats, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 36,691 bus; corn, 1519 bus; oats, 7266 bus; rye, 729 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 15,454 bus.

SALES WEDNESDAY

No. 1 northern wheat, 5 cars	$0.73¼
No. 1 northern, 12 cars	73
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70⅝
No. 3 spring, 3 cars	66
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	66¼
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.46
Flax, 1000 bus May	1.63
Flax, 4,000 bus September	1.28
Flax, 1,000 bus September Northwest	1.30
Flax, 6,000 bus September	1.25

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	150
Am. Exchange bank	100	125	123
First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	96
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	...	...
Bank of Commerce	100	85	...
Parry Sound Copper	1	.35	
Calumet-Ariz., copper	10	...	...
L. S. Con. Iron Mines	100	...	182
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	4.50	...
Pen. Iron & Steel	100	...	60
Gt. Western Iron	100	...	10
Gt. Northern Iron	100	...	10
Shaw Iron	100	...	...
Zenith Oil Co.	1	new	
Lethbead Prog Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co. 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com.	100	...	20
County orders			Par

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THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints		22 @	23
Creamery, storage tubs		18 @	19
Dairies, fancy		15 @	16
Dairy, fair		13 @	14
Packing stock		11 @	12
EGGS.			
Fresh		13½	
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new		12½@	13
Twins, full cream		12½@	12
Full cream, Young America		14	
Swiss Cheese, No. 1		14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1		12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice		13	
Primos		6 @	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb		12	
Ohio, per lb		11	
Maple syrup, per gal		1 10	
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover		19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb		12½@	13
Golden rod		15 @	17
Dark honey		13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark		13 @	14
DEAN AND BEANS			
Fancy navy, per bus		2 25 @	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus		2 00 @	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus		1 85 @	2 10
Green and yellow peas		1 40	
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb		13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb		14	
Cocoanuts, per doz		75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb		17	
Brazils, per lb		14	
Pecans, per lb		12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb		7 @	8
FRUITS			
Strawberries, Louisiana (pints)		2 85 @	3 00
Strawberries, Louisiana (quarts)		30 @	35
Apples, eating		4 50 @	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl		3 50 @	4 25
Apples, California, per box		3 50 @	3 75
California lemons		3 00 @	3 25
Bananas		1 75 @	2 25
Messina lemons, per box		3 50 @	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box		3 25 @	3 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box		3 50 @	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box		7 @	7½
California navel Oranges		2 75 @	3 00
Seedling oranges		2 25 @	2 50
Cranberries, per bbl		2 50 @	2 75
Malaga grapes, per keg		7 50 @	8 00
OLD VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas		35 @	40
Turnips, white		30 @	40
Garlic, per lb		10	
Beets		50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus		40 @	42
Cabbage, 100 lbs		1 75 @	2 00
Jersey sweet potatoes		4 50 @	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes		3 00 @	4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Celery, per bunch		80 @	1 00
Mushrooms		40	
Lettuce, per box		75 @	1 20
Green onions, per doz		20	
Green onion, per box		2 00 @	2 50
Shallots, per doz		65	
Pie plant, per box		3 25	
Cucumbers, Southern		1 40	
Cucumbers, hot house		1 75	
Spinach, per box		75 @	85
Radishes, round, per doz		85 @	1 00
Radishes, long, per doz		30 @	35
Asparagus, California, bunch		42	
Asparagus, green, per doz		2 25 @	2 40
Pineapple, per doz		3 75	
Tomatoes, per basket		75	
Egg plant, per doz		1 50	
Beets, per doz bunches		90	
Carrots, per doz bunches		75	
Turnips, per doz bunches		90	
Mint, per bunch		20	
CIDER.			
Common Juice, ½ bbl		2 50 @	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl		2 00 @	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl		5 25 @	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl		3 50 @	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled		3½@	4
Choice, per lb		3 @	3½
DRESSED POULTRY			
Chickens		12 @	12½
Turkeys		11 @	12
Ducks		10 @	11
Geese		10 @	11
MEATS.			
Mutton		8½ @	
Lamb		9	
Veal, good		9	
Veal, fancy		9½	
Beef, dressed		5 @	6½
Hogs		8	
Pork loins		9½	
BRAN AND SHORTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc		16 00	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc		15 50	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc		16 00	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc		15 50	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots, sacked		44	
Oats, car lots, sacked		31	
Hay, upland		14 50	
Hay, timothy		16 50	
Feed, No. 1		17 50	
Feed, No. 2		18 00	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 24.—Butter, firm; creamery, 15@19c; dairy, 11@18c. Cheese, firm; twins, 9½@10c; young America, 11c; cheddars, 9¾@10c; daisies, 11c. Eggs, firm; at mark cases returned, 12@14c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 24.—Butter receipts, 4672 packages. Firm. Creamery, 15@20c; factory, 11@13½c; imitation creamery, 13½@17¼c. Cheese, receipts, 1707 packages. Market steady. Fancy large colored, 11@¼c; fancy large white, 10¾@11c; fancy small colored, 12@¼c; fancy small white, 11¾@12c. Eggs, receipts, 17,861 packages. Quiet. Western regular packing, 14c; storage Western, 14¼@¼c; Southern at mark, 12½@14c.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Prices Broke Violently Under the Heavy Selling Pressure.

Loss of One to Two Points Throughout the List.

A Few Rallies But Close Very Feverish and Erratic.

New York, April 24.—Union Pacific, Northern Pacific, St. Paul and Burlington were conspicious features at the openig at advances of 1 to 1¾. The opening in Union Pacific was wide on the purchase of 8,000 shares. Amalgamated Copper was lifted 1¼. Aside from these stocks the opening was rather quiet and fractional net gains were the rule, but among the few declines there were colses from 1 to 1½ in New York Central, Northwestern and American Tobacco. The higher prices for Americans in London helped the opening here and there were supporting orders by local operators.

Selling was very large for a time after the opening and prices ran off to some extent, but determined support was offered by bulls, who absorbed some very large blocks, and the bears finally bought to cover shorts, and prices advanced all around. Room traders helped the rally by bidding for large amounts of St. Paul, Atchison, Union Pacific, Northern Pacific and United States Steel. Stocks which had opened off recovered their losses and Northwest rose 2 points above yesterday's close. Sugar, People's Gas, Consolidated Gas and the tractions made substantial gains and were quieter after the selling was checked. St. Paul, Union and Northern Pacific were the most actively dealt in and rose above the opening level on the rebound.

The market gained in strength during the forenoon, speculative buying of the active stocks being induced by the heavy purchases of Union Pacific, which carried it up 5⅛@103¾, the record price. The preferred stock rallied 3 and the convertible bonds 1½. Southern Pacific rose concurrently to 52, St. Paul was 4 points above yesterday and Northern Pacific 2½. Minor railroads and miscellaneous stocks showed strength. Lake Erie & Western, Colorado Fuel, National Biscuit, American Linseed and Wisconsin Central improved 1 to 4 points, but business was congested in the foremost active stocks. Bonds were firm.

The determined manipualtion of Union Pacific proved unavailing to check the selling, and when that stock gave way prices broke violently all around. The reaction in the leading active stocks ran from 2 to 4 points. Consolidated Gas lost 4¾ and Northwest 5. Declines generally ran from 1 to 2 points all through the list and the market showed the greatest activity of the day. After falling back to 103⅞ Union Pacific was once more aggressively lifted to 107½ and covering by room shorts caused rallies elsewhere. But there was renewed breaks at other points and the close was very feverish and erratic.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	145	145	142¾	143
Am. Tobacco	126	127¼	125	126
Atchison, com	67⅝	68½	67	67¼
Atchison, pfd	96	97	95⅞	96
Brooklyn Transit	84¾	85¾	83	83¾
C. M. & St. P.	167½	171	166⅝	167¾
C. B. & Q.	196¾	196¾	195⅝	196⅞
Erie	37⅝	38½	37¼	37⅝
Erie, pfd., com	46	46⅝	45⅝	46
U. S. Steel, com	94⅛	94¾	93⅝	93⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd	97¼	97	94¾	97
B. & O.	104⅞	105⅜	103⅞	104¾
L. & N.	128	128½	126¼	127½
Manhattan	107	108¼	105½	106¾
Missouri Pacific	103	105	102⅞	103⅝
Nor. Pacific, com	99¼	99¾	98⅜	98½
Nor. Pacific, pfd	103¾	105½	102¾	104¾
People's Gas	113⅝	115	112½	113¼
Rock Island	153¼	155	151⅞	154
Southern Pacific	50⅜	52	50	51½
Tenn. & C. I.	66½	67¼	64¼	65
U. S. Leather, com	13⅝	14¼	13½	13½
Union Pacific, pfd	87⅜	91	87¾	90⅞
Union Pacific, com	99⅞	107½	99⅝	107¼
Western Union	93	93	92¾	93½
Southern Ry., com	28⅝	29½	28⅝	29¼
Southern Ry., pfd	82½	83¼	82¼	82½
Pennsylvania	159	160	157½	158¾
Great Northern	179¾	179¾	179	179

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	16¼	16¾
Allouez	2¾	3¼
Anaconda	48½	49
Arcadian	20½	21
Arnold	3½	4
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	33	34
Baltic	43½	46
Bingham	26¼	26½
Boston & Montana	432	435
Butte & Boston	114	116
Calumet & Hecla	820	825
Centennial	28¼	29½
Centennial Eureka	31½	32¼
Copper Range	55	55½
Cochita	8¼	8¾
Dominion Coal	37½	38
Elm River	5½	6
Franklin	18¾	19½
Isle Royale	52¾	...
Mass	19¾	19½
Michigan	7½	8
Mohawk	34½	34¾
Mayflower	2½	2¾
Old Colony	4	4½
Old Dominion	33	33¼
Osceola	86½	87½
Parrot	55	55¾
Quincy	177	180
Rhode Island	5½	6½
Santa Fe	8½	9
Tamarack	335	340
Tecumseh	1½	2
Trimountain	43	43½
Utah	34½	34¾
United States	21½	...
Victoria	3¾	4¼
Winona	4¼	4¾
Wyandot	1½	2

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 24.—Cotton opened steady to 2 points lower. A flurry of covering and light outside buying rallied prices several points soon after the call but before 10:30 o'clock a turn in the tide had set in, before which values melted point by point, with July leading in the decline. The English markets showed heaviness toward the close under selling from this side and the South and under the better weather news from the belt in general.

Spot closed dull, 1-16c lower. Middling uplands, 8¾c; middling gulf, 8⅝c. Sales, 15 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady. April, 8.03; May, 8.05; June, 8.06; July, 8.07; August, 7.70; September, 7.34; October, 7.26; November, 7.20; December, 7.19; January, 7.10.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, April 24.—Consols for money, 94 3-16; for the account, 94 3-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 24.—Clearings, $23,661,421; balances, $1,806,969; posted exchange, $4.83½ @4.89; New York exchange, 10c discount.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 24.—Money on call nominally 4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83¾@4.83¾ for demand and at $4.85@4.85¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.86; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.84¾.

Silver certificates, nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds strong. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¼; 3s registered, $1.10½; coupon, $1.11½; new 4s registered, $1.38⅝; coupon, $1.39⅝; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13⅜; 5s registered, $1.10¼; coupon, $1.11½.

IS UP AGAIN.

The Mueller Case Before the Probate Court.

The dispute among the alleged heirs of Johan Mueller, whose valuable iron property is mixed up in a maze of litigation, has been brought into the probate court, and from now on it will be going in both the probate and district courts. Yesterday afternoon Charles S. Williston, representing a number of the heirs, filed a petition in probate court asking for an assignment of the property among the heirs represented by him, and asking that the executor be required to file his account.

This is under a new law passed by the legislature this winter, providing that partial distributions of estates can be made, and the heirship settled, before the final accounting of the executor. Formerly this could not be done until the final account was made. The proceeding is practically a move to determine the heirship, and it will involve a fight between the disputing heirs. This set of heirs is composed of sisters, brothers, nephews and nieces, and the alleged widows and children that are also connected with the district court case are not included. Some of the moving parties in this case, however, have not yet been able to get into the district court litigation.

The heirs represented by Mr. Williston are Christian Mueller, a brother; Katherine Schafer, a sister; Margarethe Berger, another sister, and the following children of Sophie Zachmann, another sister, who is deceased: Christine Zachmann, Elizabeth Zachmann, Christiane Zelly, Carl A. Zachmann and Fredericke Louise Zachmann.

The branching out of the dispute into the probate court adds a few snarls to the tangel, which is becoming more complicated constantly.

AFTER THEM.

Police After the Colored Men Who Labor Not.

The police are hot after the flashily dressed colored men who persist in dazzling Superior street with the most passionate of torrid clothing. At noon today the street was ringing with the passion and fury of John Edmunds' boisterous togs. Drivers had difficulty in holding their horses, and sprinkling carts had to work overtime to keep down the dust. It was also noticed that there was a big demand for smoked glasses along the route, the opticians being unequal to the emergency. A policeman managed to get near enough without becoming prostrated by the heat, and Edmunds was locked up charged with vagrancy. He had on about $150 worth of clothing, a gold watch, and an air of ennui.

The police say that the colored men are getting too numerous—by that theymean the non-working element. There are many colored men in Duluth who are regarded as the best of good citizens. They have been here for many years and worked industriously and yet cannot afford the violently blithe toggery that those who have only lived in Duluth a few idle weeks wear.

Last fall the department ran a great many colored men out of town because they refused to do anything but gamble and more recently Minneapolis and St. Paul authorities inaugurated a campaign against this undesirable class of citizens. The police say that they may get their money and clothing without working, but they will have to work if they enjoy the great and glorious privilege of living in Duluth.

RENTS MORE ROOM.

A. B. Wolvin To Materially Enlarge His Office.

Capt. A. B. Wolvin has rented the large room on the fourth floor of the Board of Trade building that has been occupied by the Duluth Whist club, and though the board authorities were not informed of the purpose for which it was secured, it is assumed that the room is to be used by the vessel department of the United States Steel company, of which Capt. Wolvin is the head. Capt. Wolvin's vessel interests now occupy the entire front of the First street floor of the building, and the fact that additional room has been secured indicates the employment of a large force. The room is composed of the space occupied formerly by several of the ordinary rooms, the partitions having been taken out for the Duluth Imperial Mill company.

EARTHQUAKES.

London, April 24.—Earth shocks were felt this afternoon in the island of Gurnsey.

WELSH MINERS MEET.

London, April 24.—A big meeting of Welsh miners, held at Cardiff, after adopting a resolution against the export tax on coal, has decided to arrange a general holiday for the miners of the United Kingdom next Monday, as a demonstration against the impost.

FOR AN EXHIBIT.

Springfield, Ill., April 24.—The house today passed a bill appropriating $250,000 for an Illinois exhibit at the Louisiana purchase exposition at St. Louis.

STRIKE FOR MORE WAGES.

Buffalo, April 24.—About 200 men and boys who are assistants, and are employed in local job printing offices as press feeders and helpers, struck today for an advance from $8 to $9 per week. The strike affects union and non-union offices alike, although inaugurated under the direction of the Press Assistants' union.

You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through Herald Wants

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Dunlap and other spring blocks received. Volland hat factory, 14 First avenue east.

Beethoven concert tonight.

The Duluth Bill Posting company has removed to 327 West Michigan street, Providence building.

Mrs. C. A. Barber is now with Freimuth's, in the lace department.

Mrs. J. O. Milne, organist of the Second Baptist church, was delightfully surprised by members of the congregation at her home in the United States block. During the evening she was presented with a beautiful cut glass berry dish.

The list of delinquents on personal property taxes has been turned over to the sheriff, and the warrants were today distributed among the deputies. The morning was spent in distributing them, and it was expected that they would be ready to start out with them this afternoon, when the process of collection was to begin.

The remains of Herbert Bosworth, who died at St. Mary's hospital on Monday of pneumonia, were taken to Newmarket, Canada, for burial, this afternoon.

Christ Summers and Edward Matlock, both West End boys, were arrested this morning, charged with assaulting a playmate. Both boys said that they were not guilty and their hearings were set for Saturday afternoon.

The annual sacred concert given by the musical society of the high school will take place next Sunday afternoon at the High School.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

George Leigner, formerly in charge of the retail department of the American Wall Paper company of Chicago, has accepted the position as manager of the wall paper department for Panton & White. He assumes charge this week.

Miss Ella Peterson has accepted a position in the advertising and mail order department of Panton & White's.

A musical entertainment will be given this evening by Duluth tent No. 1. K. O. T. M.

F. E. Fleischman, manager of Freimuth's crockery department, has resigned his present position to assume the management of the Park hotel at Pike lake.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad is preparing for active operations. Two crews will be sent out tomorrom to go over the ground. This is the road that has been organized to run from Virginia northward to Rainy river tapping a large area of timber owned by Cook & Turrish and others.

PERSONALS.

Dr. and Mrs. T. H. Cleland are in St. Louis, Mo., where Mrs. Cleland has gone for the benefit of her health.

Mayor Hugo went to St. Paul yesterday afternoon on a short business trip.

Miss Frances Patterson, of Youngstown, Ohio, is visiting friends in this city for a few weeks.

Robert Whiteside returned last evening from San Francisco. His visit had nothing to do with his big grove of trees about which there has been so much said. He purchased 1200 acres of sugar pine while there and it was in connection with that deal that he went out there.

Mrs. Frank J. Brown left this morning for Stillwater, her former home, to attend her sister's wedding. She also will visit friends in the Twin Cities.

William A. Ayan, of the Great Northern city office, has returned from a week's visit in Chicago.

C. E. Stone, assistant general passenger agent of the Great Northern and Eastern Minnesota roads, paid the local officials of the companies a call this afternoon.

Walter Wyand, Northwestern representative of the Michigan Central railroad, was a business caller here today.

D. Brown, Jr., representing the Grand Trunk system, arrived from St. Paul this morning.

C. L. Divon, of Cloquet, was a business caller in the city this afternoon.

George J. Whitaker, of Buffalo, is in the city today, a guest of the Spalding. Mr. Whitaker says that preparations for the opening of the Pan-American exposition are going merrily on and that city of Buffalo is bound to do its very best in the matter of entertainment of the immense crowds expected there the coming summer. The recent storms have delayed matters a little, for while no serious damage was done to the buildings, still a few of them were a little defaced. He does not thing that the trouble will occasion any delay.

N. A. Beatty, of Tower, arrived from the range this morning.

F. A. Dailey, of Eveleth, is a guest of the Spalding.

M. E. Gleason, of Ely, was among the range visitors here this afternoon.

E. Z. Griggs, of Virginia, was a business caller in the city today.

Maj. S. M. Campbell, the La Pointe Indian agent, is a guest af the St. Louis.

R. J. Sewall, of Two Harbors, is in the city.

SAND WANTED.

Ashland, Wis., Water Works.

We are in the market for 1600 cubic yards of sand, to be furnished for our filter plant, and would be glad to receive bids from any responsible party who desires to enter into a contract to furnish the same. Full particulars may be obtained by addressing the undersigned,

ASHLAND WATER COMPANY.

MARVELOUS CAVERN.

A wonderful cavern, rivaling in beauty and natural phenomena, if not in size, the famous Mammoth Cave of Kentucky, has just been discovered across the Juniata river from Mapleton, Pa., says the Philadelphia North American.

At this point a perpendicular cliff of sandstone rises to a height of 200 feet. From this cliff building stone is quarried. A few days ago a heavy blast revealed the entrance to the marvelous cave, and workmen at once enlarged the opening and explored the mysterious depths.

It remained, however, for a party of students of the Saltillo high school, headed by Bruce Yocum, to make a more thorough examination of this wonder of nature. For seven eighths of a mile they followed the windings of the cavern. They returned to the surface again without reaching the end, which is believed to extend miles into the mountain side, as there was no indication of a terminus.

Among the features of the cave is a great corridor, extending for half a mile in almost a straight line, with a uniform height and width of from 10 to 12 feet. The hand of man could not have made the great hall more regular. Its walls are of crystal, which danced and sparkled in the gleam of the torchlight.

At the end of this magnificent passageway is an enormous vaulted room, from the ceiling of which hangs a giant stalactite. Lesser stalactites glisten here and there. Over the floor of the room flows a stream of limpid water.

At another point a fissure appears, of unknown depth, from which issues the distant murmur of a subterranean river.

Several passageways open from the mammoth chamber. These have not as yet been explored.

JEWELS WERE BURNED.

The recent death of Ed. Toward, one of the convicts at the penitentiary here, not only brought about the solution of a mysterious diamond robbery, but also caused the destruction of several thousand dollars' worth of diamonds, says a Moundsville, Va., dispatch to the Baltimore Sun. Several years ago Toward robbed a Baltimore & Ohio train while it was running through a tunnel in Preston county. The robbery was discovered before he left the train and he was caught with part of the jewelry he had taken on his person. But the most valuable part, the handsome diamonds, were not found. Toward was sent to the penitentiary and was stripped of his clothing when he arrived there. He wore a heavy silk chest protector, which he asked to be allowed to keep on for the protection of his lungs, which, he said, were weak. The request was granted, and to the day of his death he wore it constantly. His death occurred suddenly during the midst of his term, and, as is customary, his clothing was burned in the furnace. His wife, on receipt of a telegram, came to claim the body and inquired after the chest protector, which she said she valued very highly, as she had made it herself. When informed that it had been burned she broke down and admitted that it contained the missing diamonds. Several thousand dollars' worth of the stolen gems had been thrown into the fire and destroyed with the clothing of the dead convict.

FINANCIAL.

Vermilye & Co
BANKERS,
Nassau and Pine Sts., New York;
18 Congress Street, Boston.
Dealers in
U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS
and other
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Deposits Received and Interest Allowed on Balances subject to draft at sight.

THE
American Exchange BANK,
DULUTH, MINN.
Capital Stock - $500,000
Surplus Fund - - $75,000
HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President;
MELVIN J. FORBES, Vice-President;
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier;
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cashier;
I. S. MOORE, Second Asst. Cashier.
We issue certificates to depositors, allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

CUDAHY

Tells of the Incidents In the Famous Kidnaping Case.

Omaha, April 24.—The case of the state against James Callahan was briefly presented to the jury by County Attorney Shields today. E. A. Cudahy, one of the central figures in the kidnaping incident, took the stand. Mr. Shields said the state will seek to identify Callahan as one of the men who, in the guise of a "Sarpy" county official, seized young Cudahy in front of his home. He will further endeavor to show that Callahan stood guard over the boy in the house on Grover street.

E. A. Cudahy was then called on the stand, but had not proceeded to the statement of important facts when he was interrupted by a jury recess. The twelve men were conducted in a carryall to the Cudahy residence and thence along the West Center road which Mr. Cudahy traversed with the $25,000 ransom. After a visit to the house on Grover street, the jury returned to the court room and Mr. Cudahy's testimony was continued this afternoon.

COOKING AND ALTITUDE.

Kansas City Journal: "We have little use for cooks in our town," said the man from Albuquerque, N. M.

"Why, don't you eat?" he was asked.

"Yes," he answered, "and that's why we do not use them. If we did everything would be cooked wrong."

"How's that?"

"Well, you see, we are so high up."

"I don't understand."

"We are nearly 5000 feet above sea level—almost a mile. Water normally boils at 212 degrees; with us it boils at 202 degrees. Consequently everything cooks slower with us than in places lower down. The cook hooks are based on the normal degrees of heat and cold effect. They are useless to us; we have to make up our own recipes. Farinaceous food, like beans, corn and such, has to be left a long time in water or it is moistureless when we go to eat it. We have to modify our recipes as to eggs, baking powder, and the like, too."

This may explain, if followed up, some failures in cooking in the way that "mother used to do." The hint is recommended to brides for trial on their husbands. Find out where mother used to live.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?
Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.
HEALTHY— It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN— It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.
Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 West Sup. St.

LUMBER SASH DOORS
MOULDINGS MANTELS FLOORING
HARDWOOD SCROLLS
SCOTT-GRATH LUMBER CO.

The best goods no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Excited Trading In Corn the Day's Feature.

Chicago, April 24.—Excited trading in corn was renewed today and another high mark attained. May opened unchanged to ½c higher at 46½@47c. Phillips, the bull leader, and a numerous following, bid actively and ½c leaps the price shot up to 48c. Realizing caused a reaction to 47c, but the support was renewed and a rally to 47¾c followed. The news was all bullish. Cables were higher, crop bulletins reported that no corn had been planted

AS SEEN BY BRITISHER

Consular Reports of the Western Cities of United States.

Very Prosperous Condition of Trade Is Found to Exist.

Some Things Which Strike the Consul as Peculiar.

Washington, April 23.—Copies of the annual report of Mr. Wyndham, the British consul at Chicago, together with those of the vice consuls at St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Paul, Denver and Omaha, and reports upon the trade of Milwaukee and Duluth, have just been received here. The reports generally attest to a very prosperous condition of trade in this district, and furnish many interesting instances of the view taken by a Britisher of American enterprise and methods of business. For instance, in describing a department store in Chicago, Consul Wyndham says:

"A department store means an aggregation of many trades under one roof and management, enabling customers to buy everything necessary for life without leaving the building."

He also comments upon the advertising methods of these stores, pointing out that the main object is to get the people in the stores, and not especially to sell any one branch of goods whose sale is heralded in the daily newspapers.

"To this end," the consul says, "many firms spend several hundreds pounds a week."

The export business of Chicago during 1900 in farming implements is shown to have been the largest on record. Chicago banks, it is stated, have had a most successful year, and probably are in a better position than ever. The manufacture of shoes, which has been a monopoly of the New England states, is now said to be rapidly moving its center to the West. In this connection the use of the word "boot" in America is referred to, and is shown to mean "high boots," as it is applied in the United States. An English "boot" is in America simply a "shoe." Brewing in the Chicago district is shown to have been far from satisfactory during the past season, though the sales showed a slight increase over 1899. In breeding and raising live stock the past year is stated to have ben remarkably favorable in the Chicago district. The consul cautions exporters to send only good breeds of cattle to America. The American farmer, he says, will pay good prices for good cattle, but does not want inferior stock at all. The quality of meat, he says, has improved of late, and the lank animals of ten years ago have been replaced by sleek lookers of medium weight. As to Chicago schools, Consul Wyndham says:

"A citizens' committee has pointed out the necessity of teaching fewer subjects in schools and geography, history and English more thoroughly."

The sale of fish in Chicago is stated to be very large, and it is predicted will increase on account of the large Catholic population and the rising price of meat. The output of flour for 1900 was the largest on record. The export trade has been less satisfactory than was anticipated.

"The millers state," says the consul, "that freight rates discriminate against flour to the advantage of wheat, and they look forward to the future when no American wheat will be ground in European mills."

The gold output of the Chicago consular district is estimated at about £7,500,000 sterling. The fire insurance companies doing business in the United States had a very bad year during 1900. The Chicago claims were about £800,000, or 55 per cent of the premiums.

About one-fourth of the iron and steel produced in America, it is said, is embodied in the machinery of Chicago's manufactories. As to the need of a good system of storing water for irrigation purposes in this section of the West, the consul says:

"It is thought that the government should undertake the task of building dams for the benefit of the general public."

Consul Wyndham comments at length on the condition of labor. The price in any one branch, he says, has not increased much during the past year. "No half holiday on Saturday is given," he says, "and absence for any reason is not allowed to occur more than once."

The unions, owing to the large immigration into these states, have not the power they possess elsewhere. The immigration averages about 1000 a day, and the new-comers will work at almost any figure. In one large place of business, it is pointed out, over 800 out of 6000 men cannot speak English. The decline in wages of stenographers is commented upon, and the supply is said to so far exceed the demand as to cause young girls to work for 16 shillings (or about $4) a week and less. Chicago is now the greatest piano market in the United States, it is stated, and a feature of last trade has been the demand for the very best class of goods. There was a marked decrease in the sale of Chicago real estate during 1900, accounted for by the labor troubles which have made building practically impossible, the fast electric suburban roads and the enormous buildings with their great capacities that have been erected. Shipbuilding has been brisk during 1900 and many large orders have been booked for 1901.

The comforts of the ice box during the summer months are spoken of in admiring terms.

The consul says: "In Europe the American 'ice habit' is regarded with astonishment, but here, where water is the beverage at meals for most, ice in summer is a necessity."

Consul Wyndham, in concluding his report, says that the Chicago manufacturers are greatly interested in the trade possibilities of South America, and hope to gain a foothold on that continent through the medium of the coming Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. He advises young Britishers without a trade of some kind not to come to the United States. Clerks in offices and stores receive only a bare living in many cases, he warns them, while in agricultural or manual labor fields he would have to give way to the great number of immigrants who are thoroughly inured to this sort of work.

A great quantity of sausage is said to be made in Milwaukee. The engineering works of this city supply machinery in large quantities to Chicago and other cities nearby, it is stated. Milwaukee is said to be becoming a very important manufacturing town, the production of its various industries having more than quadrupled in the last decade. Duluth is spoken of as an important shipping point, and especially of iron ore and lumber, and the growth of the adjoining town of Superior is noted.

The prosperity of St. Louis' territory was general during the year 1900, according to the report of Vice Consul Bascom at that city. Decidedly satisfactory returns were received from all branches of financial activity. Brewers, clothing concerns, boot and shoe industries, agricultural implement manufactories—in fact, all branches of trade there reported a most satisfactory season. The city leads the world in the manufacture of tobacco, Mr. Bascom states, and is also one of the four recognized wool markets of the country.

Of Kansas City, Vice Consul Young made a most favorable report, particularly as to the growth of the agricultural and stock raising interests, but he adds that manufacturers are coming on slowly. He dwells upon the growth and prosperity of Oklahoma as most remarkable and describes the farmers and stock raisers as very prosperous. He advises British manufacturers to cultivate a market in this section, pointing out opportunities for the extension of trade in Scotch and Irish whiskeys and in cutlery.

He even thinks there is a market for British harvesting machinery and he urges a personal canvassing.

Vice Consul Murphy, at St. Paul, transmits the trade figures for that section and describes the enormous volume of business transacted through its wholesale houses. He devotes some space to an exposition of the act respecting foreign corporations, for the benefit of would-be British investors.

Vice Consul Peetrie, at Denver, gives some interesting figures as to agriculture, railroads and manufactures in his section, beginning with a statement that the past year has been prosperous for Colorado and the city of Denver in almost every department of trade.

The last of the reports is from Vice Consul Hall, at Omaha, who says the crops in his district were bountiful; exceptionally good prices were obtained. The Nebraska farmer is today among those who are fortunate enough to have a bank account with a prospect of adding to it in the near future."

SIGNIFICANT.

Liverpool Views on Change In Financial Situation.

London, April 23—Commenting on the placing of consols in the United States, the Liverpool Post says:

"It is an event of immense financial and economic significance. It shows that the balance of indebtedness is being changed. The United States is becoming Great Britain's creditor, and the change of relationship will necessarily have a very good effect on trade. It may influence the international financial position. If London's pre-eminence as the financial center of the world is lost and New York shares the position with London, the new situation will be decidedly less favorable than the old to British financial and commercial supremacy."

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

PURE BLOOD

Necessary to Life. Vinol Makes it.

POOR BLOOD CAUSES ERUPTIONS AND WEAKNESS.

Vinol Makes Pure, Rich, Red Blood.

BECAUSE WE KNOWN THIS WE GUARANTEE ITS ACTION.

Impoverished blood is a sure sign of internal disorders. We see every day too many people whose faces plainly show that there is something radically wrong.

We want all of our fellow-citizens to know of our splendid blood purifier and blood maker.

We refer to Vinol.

Vinol, as we have before stated, is a purely scientific preparation.

Vinol owes its virtue to the fact that it contains in a highly concentraced state the active curative principles, taken from the livers of live cods—the same elements that formerly were found in cod-liver oil, and which made it famous.

Vinol does not contain the grease or fat that characterized cod-liver oil and made it in many cases worthless.

Vinol acts upon every one of the great vital organs, and by invigorating and giving them strength, enables them to properly perform their functions.

Vinol's effect on the stomach is marvelous. It tones up this, the greatest of the organs of the body, and enables it to obtain from the food which is taken into it the necessary elements to create flesh and muscle tissue, bone structure and pure, rich, red blood.

We are in receipt of a letter from a Savation Army woman which reads as follows:

"I took Vinol after a bad attack of grippe, and so much good did it do me that I persuaded my sister to take it. She was all tired out. Had no appetite and her blood was very poor. It did her as much good as it did me."—BETSY HABERSHAW, 718 River St., Fall River, Mass.

Won't you please come in and see us? We are always glad to extol the merits of Vinol.

We will give you back your money if you don't find Vinol will do all we claim it will. Could any one do more for you?

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 Superior St. West, Corner Fourth Avenue

CUBA'S POSITION.

General Portuondo Makes Plain Desires of People.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 23.—The Cuban constitutional commission, which arrived hede last night from Havana, left at 10:30 a. m. for Washington. Gen. Rafael Portuondo, one of the party, defined Cuba's position as follows:

"Ninety-nine per cent of the Cuban people desire absolute independence. It is their wish that military occupation by the United States come to an end at once. It may be said that a small element of Spaniards from a purely commercial motive, favor annexation, but the wish for independence is felt by many Cubans and Spaniards alike. Those Spaniards who favor annexation are not impelled by any love for the United States. They hate Americans, but they seem to wish some sort of guaranty as to their property and business.

"Peace with the Americans without the independence of Cuba is impossible—I mean moral peace.

"I do not mean to say that in event independence is not granted war would follow, but there would be no sympathy, no friendliness between the peoples."

Dance next Thursday at Lester Park.

Homeseekers and Settlers Rates.

April 16, 23 and 30 the Northern Pacific railway will sell one-way tickets to Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland for $25; Helena and Butte, $20, and on April 16 round-trip tickets to all points on its line at one fare plus $2. For full information and tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

All rights reserved by Banning Co., Chicago.

A BUNCH OF ASPARAGUS.

This vegetable is a native of Europe, and in its wild state is a seacoast plant. The young shoots form the edible portion, and these are made more succulent by cultivation. This plant was known to the ancient Greeks and Romans, who valued it for its medicinal properties as well as esteemed it as a delicacy for the table.

Asparagus contains a crystalline alkaloid, asparagine, which is thought to possess medical qualities similar to the water of sulphur springs. This asparagine, a nitrogenous substance found in vegetables, belongs to the albuminates, but has no nutritive value. Asparagine is also accredited with having power to act as a cardiac sedative and to quiet palpitations.

THE BEST VARIETY.

Although the white asparagus brings the highest price, it is not equal to the small green variety in taste or delicacy. It is probably preferred by many on account of its being more pleasing to the eye when served.

The tender part of the stalk is easily digested when eaten in small quantities, and much relished by invalids. It certainly is one of our most popular and most delicious vegetables, but it is not cultivated to such an extent as to make it plentiful or the price within the reach of all; therefore it must still be regarded as somewhat of a luxury.

COOKING ASPARAGUS.

Asparagus, like most fresh green vegetables, is generally overcooked and the flavor and good qualities are lost and spoiled. If asparagus is to be kept for some time before it is cooked, place the bunches in about an inch of cold water, with tops uppermost, and kept in a cool place.

Blot tells us that there are only four ways of preparing asparagus without changing or destroying the natural taste of the plant. The simplest manner, of course, is the best, if you wish to enjoy the full flavor. Each stalk must be thoroughly washed in cold water to free it from grit or sand, and the tough end broken off, as all below the tender portion is woody and useless as food, except, perhaps, to flavor soups. Bind the stalks in small bunches with a strip of muslin; place in a kettle and pour over them just sufficient boiling water to merely cover; simmer gently until tender, but not soft. It must not be boiled too long, and is really better a little underdone. Take it from the water as soon as tender. Take up a stalk by the thick end, holding it between the fingers in a horizontal position; it must be flexible enough to bend slightly, but not fall heavily.

The time required to properly cook asparagus depends on its freshness and age; fresh and tender stalks require but a very few minutes, not more than 15 or 20. If older or slightly wilted, from 20 to 30 minutes will be necessary.

HOW TO EAT ASPARAGUS.

Asparagus is eaten with the fingers, whether it is served hot or cold; and when arranged on toast it should be dished with the white ends of the asparagus on the toast and only the tips covered with the sauce or melted butter; this leaves the ends dry, so they may be taken up with the fingers.

Do not throw away the water in which the asparagus has been cooked or the tough ends of the stalks. Cook the latter in a little water, add this water to that remaining after cooking the tender stalks and use it for making a cream of asparagus soup, adding a few of the tips and tender stalks cut into small pieces.

ASPARAGUS SALAD.

Cold boiled asparagus served with plain French dressing or mayonnaise makes a most delicious and refreshing salad. If served with mayonnaise, use the tips only, have the asparagus very cold and do not mix the dressing with the salad; fill small, crisp lettuce leaves with the tips and place a spoonful of dressing on the top.

ICED ASPARAGUS.

For a hot day this is delicious. The tips and only the tenderest part of the stalk must be used. Boil or steam very carefully so as to have the asparagus firm and not soft. While still warm dress with oil, vinegar, salt and pepper; when cold pack in ice and salt and freeze.

ASPARAGUS AND SHRIMP SALAD.

Take two cupfuls of cold boiled asparagus points and place it in a bowl with one cup of shrimps. Season with salt and paprika and toss lightly with salad fork to mix. Take the yolks of three hard-boiled eggs and rub through a fine sieve. Beat in sufficient oil and vinegar to make the mixture the consistency of cream. Season with salt and paprika and pour over the asparagus and shrimps. Serve with a border of cress and small red radishes or pickled beets cut into fancy shapes.

CREAM OF ASPARAGUS SOUP.

Boil the points and stalks separately. When the stalks are soft, mash and rub them through a course sieve. Heat a pint of milk in double boiler. When scalding hot, thicken with two level tablespoonfuls of butter rubbed to a smooth paste. Add the water in which the asparagus was boiled and the pulp. Season with salt and pepper to taste and a very little sugar. Add a half cup of rich, sweet cream and then the tips. Let the soup get thoroughly hot and serve.

ASPARAGUS ON TOAST.

Wash the asparagus, trim to equal lengths, tie in small bunches and boil until just tender; drain and place the thick ends of the stalks on nicely browned slices of toast which you have previously moistened with the asparagus liquor. Pour sauce Hollandaise over the tips.

FRIED ASPARAGUS.

Wash, trim the asparagus and parboil for three minutes; drain perfectly dry, then dip into beaten egg and bread crumbs and fry in deep, hot fat. Sprinkle with salt and serve.

ASPARAGUS IN AMBUSH.

Cut off the tender tips from twenty-five fine stalks of asparagus and boil in salted water until tender, then drain. Take a dozen stale rolls or baking powder biscuit and cup off the tops and scoop out the inside; put these cases with the tops in the oven to dry, but not brown. Heat half a pint of milk in a double boiler, add two level tablespoonsfuls of butter, salt and pepper to taste and the well-beaten yolks of two eggs. Stir and cook until it begins to thicken, then add the asparagus tips and heat to boiling point; then fill the cases with the mixture, fit the tops on and serve very hot.

ASPARAGUS OMELET.

Make a plain omelet by breaking four eggs into a bowl, adding four tablespoonfuls of cold water and beating with long, decided strokes just enough to mix the yolks and whites thoroughly. Season with a little pepper and pinch of salt. Put a tablespoonful of oil or butter in an omelet pan and when hot, but not smoking, turn in the eggs; shake the pan for a few seconds, and as soon as eggs begin to set around the edge, take a spatula or flexible knife, lift the edge carefully, tilt the pan and let the soft, uncooked part run into the pan. Continue to do this until the center sets like a soft custard, then remove the pan from the fire and lay over one half of the omelet hot seasoned tips of plain boiled asparagus. Fold the omelet over, turn out on a hot platter and serve at once.

ESCALLOPED ASPARAGUS.

Boil asparagus until tender, then drain and place a layer in a baking dish which you have buttered and sprinkled with bread crumbs; sprinkle the asparagus with chopped hard-boiled eggs, pepper salt, salt and grated cheese and continue in this way until the pan is full, having the top layer of asparagus. Make a thin white sauce of a tablespoonful of flour and cup of milk, and pour this over the other ingredients, allowing it to soak through the mixture. Mix a little grated cheese with bread crumbs and sprinkle over the top. Place in the oven and bake a light brown.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream.
Hashed Veal on Toast, Baked Potatoes.
Souffle Bread. Coffee.
LUNCH.
Baked Tripe with Potatoes.
Broiled Tomatoes.
Fruit. Cake.
Tea.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Broiled Mushrooms. Creamed Eggs.
Potato Scons. Coffee.
LUNCH.
Scalloped Clams.
Macaroni Balls, Cheese Sauce.
Cereal Coffee.
DINNER.
Corn Soup.
Broiled Shad, Cucumber Sauce.
Mashed Potatoes. Spinach.
Cress Salad.
Lemon Jelly. Coffee.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Breaded Veal Cutlets, Creamed Potatoes.
Cereal Gems. Coffee.
LUNCH.
Sardine and Potato Salad.
Wafers. Cheese.
Pop-Overs. Lemon Sauce.
Cocoa.
DINNER.
Tomato Bisque.
Hamburger Steak, Brown Sauce.
Mashed Potatoes. Stewed Carrots.
Lettuce Salad.
Coffee Junket. Whipped Cream.

Sunday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Shad Roe, Cream Sauce.
Duchess Potatoes.
Entire Wheat Muffins. Coffee.
DINNER.
Tapioca Broth.
Fried Chicken. New Potatoes in Cream.
Asparagus on Toast, Hollandise Sauce.
Baked Mushrooms in Cups.
Lettuce Salad.
Strawberry Shortcake. Coffee.
SUPPER.
Crab Salad, Queen's Style.
Broiled Tomatoes.
Thin Bread and Butter. Cocoa.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written.)

Mrs. E. Stone writes: I am a constant reader and have tried a great many of your recipes with good success, and I want to ask you to please give a recipe for cooking mushrooms, the rather flat, umbrella kind so plentiful now in market, and you will greatly oblige.

STEWED MUSHROOMS WITH CREAM.

Take a pound of mushrooms, break off the stems, peel carefully, and if very large break into halves or quarters. Wash well and drain and place in a saucepan with three ounces of butter. Cook them until tender, stirring occasionally with a silver spoon or wooden paddle. Season with salt and pepper; sprinkle a tablespoonful of flour over them and stir until well mixed with the mushroom liquor; then add a cup of sweet cream or rich milk; cook a few minutes longer and serve on a hot dish garnished with small triangular pieces of toast with one point dipped in melted butter and finely minced parsley.

BROILED MUSHROOMS ON TOAST.

Select large flat mushrooms for broiling; break off the stems, peel and score across the top; place them on a well-oiled wire gridiron and grill over a slow fire, turning when done on one side. Cut rounds the size of the mushrooms from slices of dry bread; toast nicely, butter while hot and lay a broiled mushroom on each piece of toast; put a small piece of butter in each mushroom; season with salt and pepper; arrange on a fancy paper dollie on a hot platter and garnish with fried parsley.

Choicest Farm (Melted) Butter Is Not Equal To

WESSON VEGETABLE·ODORLESS COOKING OIL

Because Wesson Cooking Oil is richer, has better cooking qualities, is more conveniently handled and costs much less. Wesson Oil is more easily digested than melted butter and enables a dyspeptic to eat foods fried in it with greatest "after-comfort."

Of course you know that Wesson Oil is vastly superior to any animal fat for the same reasons that it is superior to butter and because lard may carry with it the disease-taint with which the swine may be affected.

READ WHAT MRS. RORER SAYS:

WESSON PROCESS CO. Philadelphia, January 25th, 1901.

Gentlemen—Both brands of Wesson Oil have now been most thoroughly tested and both give excellent results. The Wesson Salad Oil is certainly sweet and bland and makes up into all sorts of salad dressing.

Fully believing as I do that oil is the only fat to use for frying purposes, I most heartily endorse the Wesson Cooking Oil, which has given most favorable results. Very truly yours, SARAH TYSON RORER.

Wesson Oil Is For Sale By

Market Grocery Co.	Parsons & Fancett	R. H. Rathbun
Lysen & Nelson	M. M. Gasser Co.	Meden & Morton
Cohagen Grocery Co.	Henry Folz	J. Mandelert & Son
Moir & Walker	Young & Walker	T. J. Anderson Co.
Gronseth & Olson	Rustad & Johnson	Masonic Temple Grocery
Swingle & Lindberg	Johnson & Moe	Milner & Ebert

The Food Granola

Nervous disorders are aggravated by heavy, pasty or harsh, burned grain foods. *Granola* is thoroughly cooked, sterilized and digested. It is ready for instant use. *Eat Granola and Live.* Live well and be well while you live. Every package of genuine Granola bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Sold by all grocers. Beware of imitations.

Drink Caramel Cereal and Sleep Well—it leaves the nerves *Strong.* Caramel Cereal is the only substitute for coffee that has an actual food value. Send 3 cents for Granola sample to

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co. BATTLE CREEK, Mich.

WARM LANGUAGE.

Vienna, April 23.—Violent scenes between the Christian Socialists and Herr Voelkl, the Pan-German, marked the earlier part of today's sitting of the reichsrath. Herr Voelkl was denounced as a liar by Herr Wohlmeyer and the former retorted: "You are a perfidious scoundrel. You are a disgrace to your party." In the subsequent uproar only such exclamations as "dirty liar," reptile, reptile" and "traitor" were distinguishable. The din subsequently subsided.

BANK CLOSED.

Salem, Ohio, April 23.—Gilbert Bros.' bank was closed today on account of litigation instituted by the heirs of the late William Cosper. A notice was posted to the effect that the action was deemed best in order to protect the depositors. No statement of the bank's condition was made.

WHERE VIOLINS ARE MADE.

In the village of Mittenwald, in the heart of the Bavarian highlands, live the men who manufacture the greater part of the world's supply of violins. Mittenwald has taken the place of Cremona, although it may take another 200 years before its violins can be mentioned in the same breath with those of the famous Italian town, says London Leisure Hour.

Of the 1800 inhabitants of the village, over 800 are exclusively occupied in the manufacture of violins, and the output reaches the incredible figure of 50,000 violins per annum. They are exported to all countries in the world, the better instruments going to England and America. One organization of makers alone exported 15,000.

Each family of violin makers has its own particular trade secret, a sort of trick of the trade, handed down from father to son. Outsiders and, still more, rival makers are not permitted into a workshop that is not theirs. The people of Mittenwald have an interesting violin school where the village boys are instructed in the general technical departments of violin building. In the hall of this building is an inscription to the following effect: "The object of this school is to instruct the scholars accepted in its various arts connected with the manufacture of stringed instruments and to educate them as capable violin makers."

The course lasts three years, and embraces in addition the art of drawing, singing and playing on the violin. In the building of a violin much is left to the individuality of the builders. It is seldom that two violins are exactly alike in every particular.

The villagers of Mittenwald are generally of opinion that the varnish with which the instrument is covered is of the first importance, and attributes the fine tone of the violins made by Stradivarius, Guarnerius, and others to a secret of varnish which has evidently been lost forever. Mittenwald uses maple wood for its violins, brought from the distant forests of Dalmatia and Bosnia and pine wood of a certain quality and resinousness found only in the neighboring forests. The old-looking violins seen in many a music shop window are not infrequently brand-new instruments from Mittenwald. The blackness and shabbiness, the rubs and scratches, the Italian names of makers inside and the picturesque date—let us say of 1743—are often the work of the ingenious fiddle makers of this remote idyllic village in Bavaria. "We must supply the market," they say, in extenuation of this class of business; "if we do not, some one else will."

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

Saves Sleeping Car Fare.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, take the busy man's popular "Twilight Limited" train leaving the brownstone depot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, daily at 4:30 p. m., arriving at destination at early bed time, and save sleeping car fare. Elegant meals in cafe club car and the finest train and most luxurious service. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Beauty is Health.

Walnut Lake, Ark., June 3, 1900.

I thank you for the benefit I received from your advice and the Wine of Cardui I took. In my terrible condition my life was no pleasure to me at all and I was of no use to anybody. After receiving your advice and medicine I commenced taking it and began immediately to improve. The pains left me and the menses, which came at the correct time, continued three days. I have gained strength and my weight has increased. My husband says the medicine has made me better looking than ever before.

Mrs. LIZZIE MANNELL.

Womanly health means bright eyes, rosy cheeks, clear complexion and elasticity of form. This is the youth unmeasured by years—the beauty of perfect womanhood. Beautiful women are happier and get more out of life than their sisters whose faces indicate suffering. Wine of Cardui made Mrs. Mannell "better looking" and infinitely happier because it cured her of those terrible pains. But she is no exception.

WINE OF CARDUI

is giving thousands of women health, beauty and freedom from the dragging pains which have made their lives so miserable. Wan faces, haggard eyes and emaciated forms are the results of suffering. What suffering can compare with the torture of irregular menstruation, leucorrhoea and falling of the womb! Beauty flies quickly before the ravages of such disease. The sharp pains of falling of the womb deepen the crow tracks in the face. Menstrual irregularities rob the eye of its fire and the complexion of its transparency. Leucorrhoea drains the body of its strength, but Wine of Cardui restores the natural beauty, brightens the eye, clears the complexion, rounds out the figure and brings back the vigor of health. Every druggist in this city handles $1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

van Houten's Cocoa

is of Unequalled Value as a Household Beverage. Economical, Easy to make—Easy to Digest. Exquisite Flavor.

Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR RENT.

325 Mesaba avenue; 8 rooms, modern conveniences; water paid $22 50
515 East Second street, 9 rooms, modern conveniences.. $45.00
20 West Third street, 10 rooms, brick, modern conveniences.. $45.00
22 West Third street, 10 rooms brick, modern conveniences.. $45.00
725 West Second street, 7 rooms, stove heat; water paid. $19.00
1002 South street, 6 rooms, stove heat, water paid..... $14.00
326 Sixteenth avenue East, South, 6 rooms, stove heat; water paid..... $15.00

WM. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
Lonsdale Building.

BLUE GRASS OIL SHARES
now selling at
15c

This is the same as a property capitalized at $1,000,000, with two-fifths of the stock in the treasury selling at 3⅖c per share; or capitalized at $2,000,000 and selling at 1⅗c per share. Now if the Blue Grass was selling at 1⅗c per share, and was capitalized at $2,000,000, wouldn't you jump at the proposition to buy it? The Blue Grass has 350,000 shares in the treasury out of a capital of 500,000 shares. It has a well nearly drilled; is near two good wells and a district in which not a single "dry" hole has been struck.

JUST AS LIABLE

To strike a gusher as in Texas or California. Drilling in the Beaumont, Tex., district was in progress eight years before a gusher was struck. In Wayne county, Ky., just southwest of the Flat Lick oil district, operations have been in progress for several years and not until the past three weeks have there been any gushers found. They have struck two, and now there is a big excitement there. They have about 20 feet of oil sand, and we have 53 to 75 feet in the Flat Lick district, equal to almost any part of Pennsylvania or West Virginia, the two greatest oil-producing states in the Union.

Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee produced last year 25,000,000 barrels of crude oil; Texas, 850,000; Ohio and Indiana, 20,000,000; California, 3,500,000. The Appalachian range on the 45-degree line is the most certain oil fields in the United States. No boom, but experienced men spending their own money. The Blue Grass Oil company is the only company operating in the Flat Lick district, the others are firms composed of experienced men in the oil business, besides the highest grade refining oil in the United States is produced there. Call or write,

M. C. FRENCH,
212-213 Trust Building, Duluth, Minn.

LIKE A ROMANCE.

The Story of a Simple Hearted Preacher.

Rev. Elijah Kellogg has a history reading like a romance, says the Lewiston (Me.,) Journal. Born in Portland May 20, 1813, he has borne his 88 years with wonderful vitality until his last sickness. He received his early education at Andover Theological seminary and Bowdoin college. For some time he was chaplain of the Seaman's Friend society in Boston, and later he became a pastor in Harpswell, where many of his happiest years have been passed.

To visit the home of Mr. Kellogg no one would ever suspect that it was the abode of a man of fame and genius. It is situated in a lonely spot on the Harpswell Neck road, surrounded with wild and tangled forests in the rear, and the sparkling waters of Casco bay but a short distance away to the front. The house is old, weather-beaten and decayed. No neighbors are near, and the most common sound that is heard is the splashing of the waves or the occasional dismal hooting of the owl. Here, surrounded with his books and with the weird charms of nature, this rare old gentleman has glided down the hillside of life in a retirement that has completely ignored society. Practically his has been the life of a hermit. Always of a shrinking and timid nature, he has preferred a life of this kind.

The character of Mr. Kellogg has been a most lovable one. Kind-hearted to a fault, he has always managed to keep himself poor by his generosity to others. With his own hand he has cultivated his sixty-five acres, and the fruits of his labor have largely gone in deeds of charity. "Why," said one of his neighbors recently, "if Elijah Kellogg had $100,000 he would still be poor, for he always has his hand out to help someone. The people around here love that man like a father, and the younger ones seem to love him even more than their parents."

It is as an author that Mr. Kellogg will be known to history. His books number over thirty, many of which have attained a wide celebrity. He was the author of those famous and stately Roman declamations. "Spartacus to the Gladiators" and "Regulus to the Romans," known to every schoolboy. These works alone would be sufficient to perpetuate his fame.

The sale of his books should have brought him great wealth, but instead they brought him trouble and poverty. The failure of his Boston publishers deprived him of all his revenue, his copyrights were lost, and his years of toil thrown away from a financial standpoint. It must be confessed, however, that this was largely due to his own lack of business capacity. Strictly honorable himself, he was trustful of others. He believed everyone to be as incapable of rascality as himself, and this sublime faith in all human nature led to the total loss of all his property. His farm and his pittance of a salary as pastor of the little Harpswell church were the only sources of revenue to this gifted man and prolific author in his declining years.

There is one man in Maine to whom the death of Elijah Kellogg will come as a pang of woe. For Gen. Joshua Chamberlain he always entertained the most affectionate regard, and this feeling was fully reciprocated by the "Hero of Gettysburg." The general's summer cottage is just across the bay, and the two were together a great portion of the time during the vacation months.

As a preacher Mr. Kellogg was a great power. He could easily have had some of the most famous pulpits in the land and a princely salary, but nothing could shake his fidelity to the little Harpswell church that had been his early love. Here he had practically spent his whole life, and here he determined that his life should end. Now and then he would run out to some neighboring church and talk to the people in his earnest and simple way.

The most famous of his sermons was the one delivered on the occasion of the Brunswick centennial, a few years ago. He did not want to go there; he dreaded the crowd and the notoriety it would bring him. The committee would not be refused. Elijah Kellogg must address the meeting, and at last he assented. He prepared no speech. Not even a note did he write. The crowd filled the church. In an easy conversational style he related the history of Brunswick and the old Harpswell church. It was a heart talk until near the close. Then the speaker seemed to be inspired. His bent form grew erect, his eye once more flashed with the fires of youth, and he poured out a peroration that for grandeur, beauty and pathos had never before been heard within those walls. At the close the preacher again became an old man, again his form was bent, and again his eye was dim as he pushed his way through the crowd, unhitched his horse by the campus and moved slowly away on the Harpswell road.

HOPPER'S ANSWER.

De Wolt Hopper, the popular comedian, was once a witness in a suit for slander, says the Chicago News, and the opposing counsel in the court room said: "You are an actor, I believe?" "Yes," replied Hopper. "Is not that a low calling?"

"I don't know; but it's so much better than my father's that I am rather proud of it." "What was your father's calling, may I ask?" "He was a lawyer," said Hopper.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels, make them regular. Max Wirth.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Residence For Sale

No. 1409 East Superior Street—Nine rooms, bath, etc.—with 50-foot frontage—fine shade trees—a most desirable location. Price low and terms easy. For further particulars apply to—

A. W. Taussig & Co
305 Providence Building,
Old Phone 329.

Better than a gold mine!

La Mexicana Land & Colonization Co.,
123 La Salle Street, Chicago.

We offer the straightest and fairest investment on the market today.
We sell on the monthly payment plan, the choicest land in tropical Mexico.
We plant Rubber and Vanilla, two of the most valuable products on earth today.
We guarantee to return in dividends from side crops, all you pay in, and a profit besides within seven years, and a life income thereafter.
We back up our promises with a guarantee fund in the hands of Fidelity Trust company, Chicago.
Our land will advance in price May 1, to $250 per acre. You can buy up to April 30, at $100 per acre.
It won't pay to stand in your own light in this matter. Look it up.
We have 34 investers in Duluth; some of whom have already received returns from their land.
For further information write or call upon our representative,

H. L. GILKESON,
1207 East Fourth Street.

It is surprising how liberal house owners are with tenants at West Duluth and how any profits can be made after paying taxes, insurance and repairs. We do not quote lower prices than other owners, but we have the following for rent, near to school, church and cars, and where the mail is handed in at the door, which the people who are being robbed in the other parts of the city can avail themselves of:

A 10 room house with city water—
40 cents a day.

8-room house, city water—
33⅓ cents a day.

A 7-room house, city water—
30 cents a day.

A 6-room house, city water—
26⅔ cents a day.

A 6-room house, city water—
33⅓ cents a day.

Leases are made payable by the month.

Chan. Smith,
2 First Ave. W., Hunter Blk.

FOR RENT.

323 South Seventeenth Avenue East—5 rooms and bath..... $12
18 Tenth Avenue East—7 rooms, including water..... $20

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

DON'T RENT

Purchase a lot of **Lakeside Land Company** at Lakeside or Lester Park and the Company will loan you the money to build. Easy terms—No commission. Call and see us at **303 Lonsdale building**—

Lakeside Land Co.

FOR RENT.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 5 WEST Superior street; possession May 1.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 204 WEST Michigan st., refrigeration furnished.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT, WATER furnished, $12.00.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

A SNAP! We have a snap on the upper side of Third street near 15th Ave. East.

A. G. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 29, 1901. Work, Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1901. Work, Second degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 24, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Work, ——. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments, April 23. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

MEDICAL.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS a great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson. Zenith Tele. 783; office 119 W. First St.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES.

$6500 No. 1602 Jefferson street; possession given May 1.
$6000 For No. 502 West Third street, all conveniences.
$3500 For 523 East Third street, city water, bath, stone foundation, sewer and barn.
$3200 For No. 502 Second avenue east.
$3000 For 1510 Jefferson street, all conveniences, including electric light.
$2100 For 1512 London road, water, sewer and bath.
$1200 For 511 West Fifth street.

For rent—Store and living rooms, also house in West Duluth.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS Closing out sale every piano and organ; must be sold by April 30; one-half price and less on all new and second-hand pianos; our lease expires and we must quit business; read some of the bargains:
Gabler Upright, like new.....$125
Knabe Piano, good as new.....$ 75
Everett Upright Piano $150
Estey Organ, high top, walnut case..$ 20
Mason & Hamlin Organ, high top, walnut case .....$ 30
Come at once while you have assortment to select from. Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Tietz, 1 and 2 Columbus building; over Stack's.

$1800 BUYS 8-ROOM DWELLING IN East End, good cellar, water, sewer, bath, furnace. Must be sold, owner leaving city. Call at 1905 Dingwall street.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY AND tobacco store. 3328 West Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—BOARDING FURniture. 1519 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—WELL PAYING MEAT market if taken at once. Bargain. B 24, Herald.

FOR SALE—MEDIUM WEIGHT SPAN of horses and harness. Will sell on time if security is good. Can be seen at 125 West First.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE AND YOUNG buggy horse. 125 Nineteenth avenue west.

SAFE FOR SALE AT WATER AND light office.

FOR SALE—GARLAND RANGE IN first class condition. 212 Ninth avenue east.

FOR SALE—ONE OHIO STEEL RANGE good size, used just a year. Call 1425 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—EIGHTEEN ROOM HOUSE, suitable for boarding house. Address D. J. McDonald, Box 5, Itasca P. O., Wis.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive April 25, at 6518 West Grand avenue, West Duluth, N. E. Grindy.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, ONE OF the choicest residence lots in the West End, near Lincoln park. For price and terms apply to H. Christensen, 222-224 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE, SHELVES, counter fixtures. Mrs. Franklin Paine, 106 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows arrives Wednesday, April 24. S. M. Kaner, 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT 50 BY 70 and four room house, for $900. 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—YOUNG COW. WILL BE fresh in few days. At 2029 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows to arrive April 20. Evan Johnson, 2008 West Helm street.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

LEAVING THE CITY—I WANT TO sell my Henry F. Miller artist's piano that I have been using in my studio for a short time; good as new. Will sell at a great sacrifice. Francis E. Woodward.

FOR SALE—NELSON BANJO, GOOD condition, best make; cost $50; will sell for $30. Address A 93, Herald.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.

Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WE HAVE GOOD OPENINGS TO OFfer in all lines of legitimate business. We can sell your business. Duluth Purchasing agency, 306 Palladio, Duluth.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

LOST.

LOST—BETWEEN FIFTH AVENUE west and Sixteenth avenue east, a gray crochet pocketbook with steel beads. Reward for return to Herald.

LOST—PACKAGE CONTAINING YELlow ribbon. Finder leave at Herald office.

LOST—A BLACK BULL DOG WITH white on throat, breast and fore feet. Answers to "Cronje." Liberal reward if returned to C. H. Martz, department of public works.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Phone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK, HIGHest wages; no washing. 203 West Second street.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED. 1324 East First street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT SKIRT and waist finisher and one apprentice. 22 West First street, Mrs. J. A. Clarey.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED girl for general housework; good wages and light work. Apply 213 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call mornings. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. Apply 610 North Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—A WAITRESS IN RESTAUrant. 2010 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of two children (3 and 6) afternoons. Call 1818 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 301 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. Good wages. Apply Mrs. W. F. King, 503 Second avenue east.

WANTED—COOK AND DINING ROOM girl at Rising Sun hotel, Lake avenue. Good wages.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 316 East Second street.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER TO GO out of city; a widow with child preferred. Call 17 East Superior street, Room 9.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT second girl. Apply to Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with housework, at 2528 West Second street.

WANTED—NIGHT NURSE AT THE Children's home. Must have a child. 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 718 East Third.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. Apply 1306 East Second street.

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT servant girl at 210 West Third street.

WANTED — DISHWASHER, DINING room girl and chambermaid at the Colson house.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS TO learn the French-American system of garment cutting. A small salary paid while learning. Room 219 Lowell building.

WANTED — COMPETENT DINING room girl immediately. 329 West Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A MAN, YOUNG OR OLD, $5 per week, as night clerk, requires no experience. Call after 7 p. m., 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED—TWO GOOD CARPENTERS at once. Anderson & Gow, 14 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—SECOND PORTER. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—A GOOD DELIVERY MAN who is thoroughly used to driving and care of horses. French & Bassett.

A GOOD SALESMAN WANTED FOR line of dry goods and blankets for country trade. Liberal commission. Byrn Mawr mills, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, donate tools, include board and assist to positions after two months' term, also give opportunity of Saturday and Sunday wages while learning. Our special offer good until May 15. Make application by mail today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERS—Great demand for them. Support yourself while learning. For particulars, call on or write C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence schools, 206 New Jersey Bldg., Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

MAN OR WOMAN WANTED TO EMploy and superintend agents, $18 per week salary and expenses. Permanent position. Ziegler company, 520 Monon building, Chicago, Ill.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY A BRIGHT, ACTIVE, 12-year-old girl, a home in a responsible Christian family, from which to attend school and work nights and mornings. Will clothe herself and pay any equitable difference agreed upon. No nursing. Address B 25, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION as assistant bookkeeper or other office position, or in wholesale store. Good references. Address H. T., Herald.

DRESSMAKER WANTS TO DO PLAIN sewing by the day. 624 Second avenue west.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like to get plain sewing to do by the day. Address F 100, Herald.

THREE GIRLS WOULD LIKE WORK in a laundry or any kind of work by the day. Want to go home nights. Address Nelly Miller, Normanna hall, flat 6, city.

WANTED—ANY KIND OF DAY WORK. Address M 25, Herald.

WANTED—AT ONCE, BY A YOUNG girl of 16, a place to assist with housework, central location preferred. Address B 52, Herald.

A YOUNG BOY OF 17 WOULD LIKE A position as office boy or bundle boy in a store. Has had experience. Can furnish references. Address B 21, Herald.

DRESSMAKER WANTS WORK IN family; stylish and rapid; the best of references. Address 609 East Third street.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FURNITURE COVERING.

We carry a complete line of furniture coverings and upholstery materials at right prices and do all kinds of upholstering and furniture repairing, making hair mattresses to order and renovating old hair mattresses.

Have do your work.
Zenith 'Phone 320.

Duluth Upholstering Store,
10 East Superior Street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE WITH modern improvements. Apply 227 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, SEVEN ROOM modern house in good location. Volk, Palladio building.

FURNISHED HOUSE, NEW, ALL IMprovements, eight rooms and bath. Reasonable rent to responsible party for summer. Within two blocks of postoffice. Address "House," Herald.

FOR RENT—NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE, modern convenience, ready May 1. 128 East Fifth street. Call at 126 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—SUMMER COTtage and lot corner Williams and Minnesota avenue, also two fine lots corner Erie and Minnesota avenue and good business lot close to the pavilion on Park Point. Address Box 274, or 'phone 878.

TO RENT—NO. 315 WEST FOURTH street. Possession May 1. Inquire at 302 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, INCLUDing water. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE. No children. S. V. Gilbert, 401 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished room; rent reasonable; private family; good lake view, veranda, 1691½ West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOM, possession May 1. No children. 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping to man and wife, at 316 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping. No children. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 1023 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 424 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. 115 West Fifth street. Mrs. Ekberg.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATed flat, with gas range. Inquire East End Pharmacy.

FOR RENT—FLAT, FURNISHED, four rooms, $11. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

HALL FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HALL FROM MAY TO November, with or without pool tables. Inquire C. D. Hibbard, U. S. engineer office, or 320 South Sixteenth avenue east.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE, GOOD LOCATION for grocery or dry goods. 524 East Fourth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURnished rooms, modern conveniences, centrally located, Superior street preferred, steady tenants. G. M., Herald.

WANTED—MAY 1, TWO FURNISHED rooms, centrally located. Address B 23, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—ONE-HALF OR whole store, about 20 by 40, at once, somewhere between Lake avenue and Fifth avenue west. B 22, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board in private family. 313 West Fourth street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 526 WEST FIRST street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue west; very central.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1892.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY. 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 234 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner, Zenith telephone 606.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

PERSONAL.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin; 25 cents, Freimuth's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949. 217 East Superior street.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 East Superior street and have your stoves kept in order free of charge.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first-class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske, room 2, over No. 7 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 99, Herald.

FOUND.

FOUND—ST. BERNARD DOG, 311 Fifty-seventh avenue, West Duluth.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar...Iron Jctn...Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar...Virginia...Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar...Mtn. Iron...Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar...Hibbing...Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 15 pm	Lv...Duluth...Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar...Virginia...Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar...Ely...Lv	7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Mitwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and Fast	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
*9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
*1 55 pm	and	12 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**5 45 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 50 am
*7 15 am	EXPRESS.	*6 00 pm

**Ex. Saturday *Ex. Sunday.

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

TEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Above Go-Cart $1.95

Go-Carts AND Baby Carriages

What's the use taking any chances as to quality when you buy a Carriage or Go-Cart. We sell the best lines in America—"The Heywood" and "The Wakefield"—and have done so for many years. The prices will be found lower than in any other Duluth store.

Easy Payments!

Any Carriage or Go-Cart can be bought on our easy payment plan.

Prices: $1.95, $2.85, $4.50, $5 $6.50, $7.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.50, $12.75 and upwards to $35.00.

Your Credit is Good

Our terms:

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month

Special and Liberal Terms on Larger Amounts.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

Complete Housefurnishers.

MONEY IN SMOKE—

But none in your pocket in case of fire, unless you are insured. At present rates of insurance you cannot afford to take chances. Fires happen even with the best of care. We advise you to attend to this matter of insurance now. If you heed our advice, you may live to thank us for it. Insure with

Graves-Manley Co

They Furnish the Best.

Torrey Bldg., First Floor. Duluth.

We wish to purchase

Pennsylvania Iron & Steel Company Stock

Calumet & Arizona Stock

NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephone 696. Duluth, Minn.

WE BUY AND SELL ZENITH OIL CO. STOCK.

Don't Think of Printing unless you think of us.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, GENERAL PRINTERS, 15 Second Ave. W. 'Phone 336

von Suessmilch & Costello, Dentists.

HUNTER BLOCK, Duluth, Minnesota.

For a short time only—special prices on plates.

MONEY TO LOAN

Large amount of local money on hand to loan at low rates on first mortgages. No delay in passing on applications.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor, Providence Bldg

FINE STATIONERY.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

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Previous to the arrival of the delegation at the war department, Gen. Wood entered the secretary's office, and was there when the visitors were shown in. The delegation called first at the office of Assistant Secretary Sanger, and then was shown into Mr. Root's private office by Col. Sanger. Capt. Sawtelle and Lieut. Overton and Senor Gonzales, secretary to Gen. Wood, were present during the conference at the war department. It is understood Senor Gonzales is a fluent Spanish linguist, and he also was asked to be present at the conference at the White House. About an hour was consumed in a discussion of Cuban affairs in the war department, when the delegation left for the White House. Secretary Root stated that the discussion of the Cuban affairs with the commission would be considered private, and no public statement would be made as to any propositions they might submit, or reply that would be made to them by the president or the secretary of war.

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EXEMPTION

On Existing Coal Contracts May Be Made In Budget.

London, April 25.—Replying to a numerous and influential deputation representing coal owners, miners, shippers and merchants assembled to protest against the export duty on coal, the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, declared that while he had no intention of dropping the coal tax, the representations of the deputation would be carefully considered by himself and his colleagues. He had already admitted that there ought to be some exemption in the case of existing contracts and suggested that those interested appoint a small committee to discuss the question with himself and the customs authorities. On the second reading of the budget bill he ought to be in a position to announce the terms upon which exemption would be given.

MANILA LINE.

Government Considers San Francisco Proposition.

San Francisco, April 25.—Private advices to merchants here state that the war department has under favorable consideration for definite action the plan for the establishment of an American line of steamers to Manilla, proposed by the mercantile interests of this city. The proposition of the various commercial bodies here is that the government guarantee any shipping firm establishing a line of steamers between San Francisco and the Philippines at least 2000 tons of freight each month, to be delivered in the Philippines.

DENIES THE REPORT.

New York, April 25.—President W. A. Boland, of the Detroit and Chicago Traction company today, denied the reports that negotiations are under way between his company and the Detroit, Ypsilanti & Ann Arbor Street Railroad company looking to a consolidation of the two corporations. Mr. Boland said: "There is no truth in the report. We will enter into no consolidation and our road will be running to Detroit by the first of October."

GRISCOM WILL RETURN.

Washington, April 25.—Lloyd Griscom, United States secretary of legation at Constantinople, who is now on leave in this country, has decided to return to Constantinople at the expiration of his leave.

MUCH WORSE

The Flood Situation Is Most Alarming.

Great Distress Experienced By Many.

Cincinnati, April 25.—The flood situation in this part of the Ohio valley is much worse today. It was not expected that it would reach its limit today here and up the valley, but also that it would not exceed 58 feet at Cincinnati, or 3 feet above the danger line. It passed the stage of 58 feet here last midnight, and the conditions for almost 200 miles up the river are equally disappointing. The rise here yesterday afternoon was at the average rate of one half inch per hour, but during the night the average rate of rising increased owing to rising tributaries below the Kanwaha, especially the Big Sandy, which had previously been falling. While the limit of the present flood may be reached today, it is feared that the new conditions may keep the river about stationary until there might be a second flood. The worst conditions are reported at Huntington, Cattlesburg, Ironton and Portsmouth and the smaller places in that district have reached the point of great distress.

The total rise of the Ohio here from midnight until 10 a. m. was seven-tenths of a foot, when the stage was 58:7. As the river is still rising as far up as Catlettsburg, and as the Kanawha at Charleston is again rising, the inference is reasonable that the rise here cannot be checked before tomorrow, by which time it may reach a stage of sixty feet or over.

At Ironton the Ohio river is still rising slowly. The Olive hotel stands two feet in water and probably a score of business houses have water on their floors to the depth of a foot or less. At least 1000 people are out of work.

Hanging Rock, three miles below, is inundated and all industry suspended, while Coal Grove, four miles above, is similarly affected.

Youngstown, Ohio, April 25.—Mahoning river today broke all records for high water, being eleven inches above the greatest flood ever known in the valley, and still rising an inch an hour. Through the city the river is a mile wide, and has swept away everything loose within reach.

Pumps at the waterworks have been working under water since last night, and if a break in the machinery occurs the city will be at the mercy of the elements. During the night the firemen rescued many citizens from the submerged dwellings. The Pennsylvania freight depot is entirely surrounded by water and the traffic is blocked until the flood recedes.

During the night a washout occurred on the Erie, between here and Sharon, and passenger trains are being run over other routes.

Sharon, Pa., April 25.—The Shenango river reached its highest stage at midnight and is now receding. All danger from the flood has passed. On account of high water at Nashua, all passenger trains on the Erie & Pittsburg railroad are stalled. The tracks are covered with at least two feet of water and the fires in locomotives were extinguished when an attempt was made to cross the wide expanse of water

Huntington, W. Va., April 25.—The Ohio river is stationary today at 57:4 feet.

Heavy rains yesterday have caused another rise in the Guyandotte, Twelve Pole and Big Sandy.

RIGHTFUL HEIR FOUND

Count Von Rosen Establishes His Right to Fortune Left By the Woman Who Financed the Keeley Motor.

London, April 25.—The chancery court has decided that Count Reinhold Edward Moore Von Rosen, residing at Stockholm, as the eldest son of Count Carl Von Rosen, formerly chamberlain of the king of Sweden and Norway, and his American wife, who was a Miss Moore, is the real count and rightful heir to the fortune left by Mrs. Clara Jessup Moore, his grandmother. From a statement of counsel, it appeared that someone in America represented himself to be Count Reinhold, asserting that the Stockholm claimant had been substituted for him by the Von Rosens. Justice Joyce found that the American claimant's representations were bogus and fraudulent. The money in dispute amounts to £55,000 or £60,000 sterling.

Mrs. Moore was better known as Mrs. Bloomfield Moore, who financed Keeley, the Philadelphia inventor who became famous through the exploitation of a mysterious motor.

THE SOUTH SHORE WINS

Decision In Damage Suit Sustained By Court of Appeals---Negligence to Select More Dangerous Method of Work.

St. Louis, April 25.—"When there is a comparatively safe and a more dangerous way, known to a servant, by means of which he may discharge his duty, it is negligence for him to select the more dangerous method, and he thereby assumes the risk of the injury which its use entails."

So held the United States court of appeals, in the opinion handed down in the case of John Morris, as plaintiff in error, against the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad company, appealed from the United States circuit court for the district of Minnesota.

Morris sued for damages for the loss of a leg while coupling cars, charging the railroad company with negligence. The decision of the lower court, for the defendant, was sustained.

ONE GUILTY.

Commissary Sergeant Is Given Two Years Imprisonment.

Manilla, April 25, 4:30 p. m.—Capt. James H. McRae, with Companies G and F of the Third infantry, recently encountered a force of insurgents, near Norsagaray, province of Bulacan, killed five of them and captured twenty-five rifles. Soon afterwards Gen. Morres, with six men, came to Norsagaray and surrendered. Later Gen. Morales surrendered.

Many surrenders are expected before May 1, when the limit of the amnesty expires.

Commissary Sergt. John Meston, charged with complicity in the commissary frauds, whose trial ended April 15, has been sentenced to be dishonorably discharged and to two years' imprisonment.

The sentence of the other sergeants and clerks similarly implicated will probably be greater.

Lieut. William Patterson of the coast artillery, formerly a Philadelphia lawyer, is to be tried by court-martial for misappropriating the company funds.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, April 25.—The president today appointed the following postmasters: Iowa: Marion—Edward I. Alderman; Oakland, Newton W. Wentz. Michigan: Thompsonville—Isaac J. Quick. Minnesota: Alexandria—Charles S. Mitchell. Oregon: Silverton—Thomas W. Riches; Woodburn—Walter L. Toyso.

A BIG ONE.

Proposed Plow Trust Will Include Nearly All Implements.

New York, April 25.—The Journal of Commerce says: It is learned in this city that the report from Chicago that plow manufacturers have decided to form a $50,000,000 consolidation, is only partly correct, and that the present plans instead of being merely for a consolidation of the plow industry, contemplate a consolidation which shall include every branch of farm machinery trade with the exception of mowers and reapers. The reported capital of $50,000,000 is said to be a minimum figure. The new company if organized on the present lines, will, it is said, be in a position to manufacture all kinds of farm implements from a hoe to a thresher, with the exception above noted of mowers and reapers.

Among the largest concerns which are understood to favor the present plan are Deere & Co., Moline, Ill.; Parlin & Orendorff, Canton, Ill.; Rock Island Plow company, Rock Island, Ill.; Standard Harrow company, Utica, N. Y.; Syracuse Plow company, Syracuse; Empire Plow company, Cleveland, Ohio; Hench & Co., York, Pa.; Aultman & Taylor Machinery company, Mansfield, Ohio; Stoddart Manufacturing company, Dayton, Ohio; Bissel Plow company, South Bend, Ind.; Morrison Manufacturing company, Fort Madison, Iowa; Buffalo Pitts company, Buffalo, N. Y.; O. S. Kelly company, Springfield, Ohio; Kansas City Hay Press company, Kansas City, Mo.

MATCH REPORTED.

San Francisco, April 25.—The National Sporting club announces that it has matched Jeffries and Ruhlin for a fight in this city during July or August.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Above Go-Cart $1.95

Go-Carts AND Baby Carriages

What's the use taking any chances as to quality when you buy a Carriage or Go-Cart. We sell the best lines in America—"The Heywood" and "The Wakefield"—and have done so for many years. The prices will be found lower than in any other Duluth store.

Easy Payments!

Any Carriage or Go-Cart can be bought on our easy payment plan.

Prices: $1.95, $2.85, $4.50, $5 $6.50, $7.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.50, $12.75 and upwards to $35.00.

Your Credit is Good

Our terms:
$25.00 worth of goods ---- $5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods ---- $6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods ---- $7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods ---- $8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods ---- $9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods ---- $10.00 a month

Special and Liberal Terms on Larger Amounts.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

Complete Housefurnishers.

MONEY IN SMOKE—

But none in your pocket in case of fire, unless you are insured. At present rates of insurance you cannot afford to take chances. Fires happen even with the best of care. We advise you to attend to this matter of insurance now. If you heed our advice, you may live to thank us for it. Insure with

Graves-Manley Co

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Torrey Bldg., First Floor. Duluth.

We wish to purchase

Pennsylvania Iron & Steel Company Stock

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NORTHERN SECURITY COMPANY,

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EXEMPTION

On Existing Coal Contracts May Be Made In Budget.

London, April 25.—Replying to a numerous and influential deputation representing coal owners, miners, shippers and merchants assembled to protest against the export duty on coal, the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, declared that while he had no intention of dropping the coal tax, the representations of the deputation would be carefully considered by himself and his colleagues. He had already admitted that there ought to be some exemption in the case of existing contracts and suggested that those interested appoint a small committee to discuss the question with himself and the customs authorities. On the second reading of the budget bill he ought to be in a position to announce the terms upon which exemption would be given.

MANILA LINE.

Government Considers San Francisco Proposition.

San Francisco, April 25.—Private advices to merchants here state that the war department has under favorable consideration for definite action the plan for the establishment of an American line of steamers to Manilla, proposed by the mercantile interests of this city. The proposition of the various commercial bodies here is that the government guarantee any shipping firm establishing a line of steamers between San Francisco and the Philippines at least 2000 tons of freight each month, to be delivered in the Philippines.

DENIES THE REPORT.

New York, April 25.—President W. A. Boland, of the Detroit and Chicago Traction company today, denied the reports that negotiations are under way between his company and the Detroit, Ypsilanti & Ann Arbor Street Railroad company looking to a consolidation of the two corporations. Mr. Boland said: "There is no truth in the report. We will enter into no consolidation and our road will be running to Detroit by the first of October."

GRISCOM WILL RETURN.

Washington, April 25.—Lloyd Griscom, United States secretary of legation at Constantinople, who is now on leave in this country, has decided to return to Constantinople at the expiration of his leave.

MUCH WORSE

The Flood Situation Is Most Alarming.

Great Distress Experienced By Many.

Cincinnati, April 25.—The flood situation in this part of the Ohio valley is much worse today. It was not expected that it would reach its limit today here and up the valley, but also that it would not exceed 58 feet at Cincinnati, or 8 feet above the danger line. It passed the stage of 58 feet here last midnight, and the conditions for almost 200 miles up the river are equally disappointing. The rise here yesterday afternoon was at the average rate of one half inch per hour, but during the night the average rate of rising increased owing to rising tributaries below the Kanwaha, especially the Big Sandy, which had previously been falling. While the limit of the present flood may be reached today, it is feared that the new conditions may keep the river about stationary until there might be a second flood. The worst conditions are reported at Huntington, Cattlesburg, Ironton and Portsmouth and the smaller places in that district have reached the point of great distress.

The total risc of the Ohio here from midnight until 10 a. m. was seven-tenths of a foot, when the stage was 58:7. As the river is still rising as far up as Catlettsburg, and as the Kanawha at Charleston is again rising, the inference is reasonable that the rise here cannot be checked before tomorrow, by which time it may reach a stage of sixty feet or over.

At Ironton the Ohio river is still rising slowly. The Olive hotel stands two feet in water and probably a score of business houses have water on their floors to the depth of a foot or less. At least 1000 people are out of work.

Hanging Rock, three miles below, is inundated and all industry suspended, while Coal Grove, four miles above, is similarly affected.

Youngstown, Ohio, April 25.—Mahoning river today broke all records for high water, being eleven inches above the greatest flood ever known in the valley, and still rising an inch an hour. Through the city the river is a mile wide, and has swept away everything loose within reach.

Pumps at the waterworks have been working under water since last night, and if a break in the machinery occurs the city will be at the mercy of the elements. During the night the firemen rescued many citizens from the submerged dwellings. The Pennsylvania freight depot is entirely surrounded by water and the traffic is blocked until the flood recedes.

During the night a washout occurred on the Erie, between here and Sharon, and passenger trains are being run over other routes.

Sharon, Pa., April 25.—The Shenango river reached its highest stage at midnight and is now receding. All danger from the flood has passed. On account of high water at Nashua, all passenger trains on the Erie & Pittsburg railroad are stalled. The tracks are covered with at least two feet of water and the fires in locomotives were extinguished when an attempt was made to cross the wide expanse of water

Huntington, W. Va., April 25.—The Ohio river is stationary today at 57.4 feet.

Heavy rains yesterday have caused another rise in the Guyandotte, Twelve Pole and Big Sandy.

RIGHTFUL HEIR FOUND

Count Von Rosen Establishes His Right to Fortune Left By the Woman Who Financed the Keeley Motor.

London, April 25.—The chancery court has decided that Count Reinhold Edward Moore Von Rosen, residing at Stockholm, as the eldest son of Count Carl Von Rosen, formerly chamberlain of the king of Sweden and Norway, and his American wife, who was a Miss Moore, is the real count and rightful heir to the fortune left by Mrs. Clara Jessup Moore, his grandmother. From a statement of counsel, it appeared that someone in America represented himself to be Count Reinhold, asserting that the Stockholm claimant had been substituted for him by the Von Rosens. Justice Joyce found that the American claimant's representations were bogus and fraudulent. The money in dispute amounts to £55,000 or £60,000 sterling.

Mrs. Moore was better known as Mrs. Bloomfield Moore, who financed Keeley, the Philadelphia inventor who became famous through the exploitation of a mysterious motor.

THE SOUTH SHORE WINS

Decision In Damage Suit Sustained By Court of Appeals---Negligence to Select More Dangerous Method of Work.

St. Louis, April 25.—"When there is a comparatively safe and a more dangerous way, known to a servant, by means of which he may discharge his duty, it is negligence for him to select the more dangerous method, and he thereby assumes the risk of the injury which its use entails."

So held the United States court of appeals, in the opinion handed down in the case of John Morris, as plaintiff in error, against the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad company, appealed from the United States circuit court for the district of Minnesota.

Morris sued for damages for the loss of a leg while coupling cars, charging the railroad company with negligence. The decision of the lower court, for the defendant, was sustained.

ONE GUILTY.

Commissary Sergeant Is Given Two Years Imprisonment.

Manilla, April 25, 4:30 p. m.—Capt. James H. McRae, with Companies G and F of the Third infantry, recently encountered a force of insurgents, near Norsagaray, province of Bulacan, killed five of them and captured twenty-five rifles. Soon afterwards Gen. Morres, with six men, came to Norsagaray and surrendered. Later Gen. Morales surrendered.

Many surrenders are expected before May 1, when the limit of the amnesty expires.

Commissary Sergt. John Meston, charged with complicity in the commissary frauds, whose trial ended April 15, has been sentenced to be dishonorably discharged and to two years' imprisonment.

The sentence of the other sergeants and clerks similarly implicated will probably be greater.

Lieut. William Patterson of the coast artillery, formerly a Philadelphia lawyer, is to be tried by court-martial for misappropriating the company funds.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, April 25.—The president today appointed the following postmasters: Iowa: Marion—Edward I. Alderman; Oakland, Newton W. Wentz. Michigan: Thompsonville—Isaac J. Quick. Minnesota: Alexandria—Charles S. Mitchell. Oregon: Silverton—Thomas W. Riches; Woodburn—Walter L. Toyso.

A BIG ONE.

Proposed Plow Trust Will Include Nearly All Implements.

New York, April 25.—The Journal of Commerce says: It is learned in this city that the report from Chicago that plow manufacturers have decided to form a $50,000,000 consolidation, is only partly correct, and that the present plans instead of being merely for a consolidation of the plow industry, contemplate a consolidation which shall include every branch of farm machinery trade with the exception of mowers and reapers. The reported capital of $50,000,000 is said to be a minimum figure. The new company if organized on the present lines, will, it is said, be in a position to manufacture all kinds of farm implements from a hoe to a thresher, with the exception above noted of mowers and reapers.

Among the largest concerns which are understood to favor the present plan are Deere & Co., Moline, Ill.; Parlin & Orendorff, Canton, Ill.; Rock Island Plow company, Rock Island, Ill.; Standard Harrow company, Utica, N. Y.; Syracuse Plow company, Syracuse; Empire Plow company, Cleveland, Ohio; Hench & Co., York, Pa.; Aultman & Taylor Machinery company, Mansfield, Ohio; Stoddart Manufacturing company, Dayton, Ohio; Bissel Plow company, South Bend, Ind.; Morrison Manufacturing company, Fort Madison, Iowa; Buffalo Pitts company, Buffalo, N. Y.; O. S. Kelly company, Springfield, Ohio; Kansas City Hay Press company, Kansas City, Mo.

MATCH REPORTED.

San Francisco, April 25.—The National Sporting club announces that it has matched Jeffries and Ruhlin for a fight in this city during July or August.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SUFFEL & CO.
129 W. Superior St

We are still advertising our business by giving away absolutely free of charge Elegant Imported Carlsbad Austrian and German "China"—also Glassware with purchases of Ladies', Children's and Boys' Shoes amounting to "one dollar" or over. Be sure and ask for coupons, they cost you nothing. Coupons on China and Glassware also given free with Men's Shoes if asked for at time of purchase. Our prices for solid, serviceable Shoes always the lowest. Read them.

Women's Shoes.
1 lot Women's all solid patent tip button Shoes—sizes 3, 3½, 4, 4½ and 5—former price $1.50—now at ---- **69c**

Ladies' Shoes.
1 lot Ladies' "patent leather," very latest up-to-date fine cloth tops—D and E widths—all sizes—worth $3.50 at any other store—the price here is only---- **$2.49**

Women's Oxfords.
1 lot 200 pairs Ladies' pointed toe Oxfords—A, B, C and D widths; sizes 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 5½ and 5, in black and tan; at---- **75c**

Ladies' Shoes.
Ladies' heavy sole patent leather Oxfords—very latest up-to-date mannish shape ---- **$1.98**

Boys' Shoes.
Boys' all solid kangaroo calf Shoes—sizes 12 to 2—the regular $1.50 quality at any other store—on sale here at---- **99c**

Boys' Shoes—sizes 2½ to 5½—the $1.75 quality at---- **$1.25**

Children's Shoes.
Children's Shoes, sizes 8 to 10½ and 11 to 2—last season's styles in tan and black; former prices has been $2.00, and $2.50—sale price here at only---- **99c**

Boys' all solid satin calf Shoes—sizes 12 to 2; worth $1.50; for this sale only---- **99c**

Same in Boys' 2½ to 5½ ---- **$1.25**

Children's Patent leather Shoes . . .
Child's Patent Leather Lace Shoes; sizes 8 to 10½ ---- **$1.25**

Misses', sizes 11 to 2---- **$1.50**

BOYS' RIP-NIT SHOES
Boys' all solid never-rip "Rip-Nit" Shoes; sizes 12 to 2—try them at---- **$1.50**

Same in Boys' —sizes 2½ to 5½---- **$1.75**

Shoe Brushes—1 lot 40c Shoe Brushes---- **10c**

One lot satin calf Gents' Shoes; sizes 9 to 13½ ---- **85c**

Little Gents' satin calf shoes with horse-shoe bottoms; sizes 9 to 13½ **98c**

BE SURE and ask for coupons on China and Glassware—they are given "FREE" and cost you nothing with your purchases of ladies', children's and boys' shoes. Coupons given with men's shoes if asked for at time of purchase.

AMUSEMENTS.

MORRISON'S "FAUST."

Saturday evening Lewis Morrison's production of "Faust" will be at the Lyceum. It is promised that the accessories will be the finest ever put on at any appearance of "Faust." Special attention has been given to the electrical and mechanical features. In the garden scene an electrical display of dazzling splendor is introduced, pronounced to be the most novel ever presented on the stage. Again in the Brocken scene all the skill and ingenuity of the stage mechanic's art is brought into requisition, in addition to many new and startling electrical effects.

"THE WATCH ON THE RHINE."

Next Monday evening Charles H. Yale and Sidney R. Ellis will present to Duluth theater-goers Al H. Wilson in "The Watch on the Rhine." Mr. Wilson is a young comedian with a beautiful singing supporting voice. The theme of the play is laid on the River Rhine, near the famous Heidelburg castle, a region famed both in song and story. The company supporting Mr. Wilson is said to be composed of many notable actors and actresses, each of whom were especially selected for their adaptability to play the parts assigned. The mechanical and electrical effects in this presentation are said to be novel and intensely interesting.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

Another large audience was in attendance at the Sixth Avenue theater last evening to witness the first production of that high class drama, "A Celebrated Case," by North Bros'. company. The play was a trifle too heavy for this company, although their efforts were thoroughly appreciated. The leading parts were well taken but the support was a little weak. The rich and beautiful costumes displayed were as fine as were ever seen in the city and the performance moved with vim. The same play will be produced again tonight with the weak places strengthened and a far better production is promised. Tomorrow evening the company will appear in a piece more suited to their line, the great rip-roaring farce comedy entitled, "Turned Up," interspersed with high class specialties.

REVENUE ON CHECKS.

Points Settled By the Treasury Department.

There has been a great deal of inquiry lately regarding the requirements of the new revenue law in regard to checks and drafts. The treasury decisions dated April 18 have just been received by the local revenue and customs officers, and the following cause which appears in them is specific on that question:

"All orders for the payment of money, drawn in the United States and payable in the United States (including Porto Rico and the Philippine islands, but not Cuba), drawn at sight or on demand, require no revenue on and after July 1, 1901.

"All orders for the payment of money, drawn in the United States and payable outside of the United States (including Cuba), require a 2-cent stamp for amounts not exceeding $100, and a 2-cent stamp for each $100 or fraction thereof additional."

READ OUR OFFER

CRAWFORD BICYCLES

None Better—Few as Good.

Crawfords are sold by the City Gun Store, 402 West Superior street. Look what we offer to cash buyers. On all wheels bought for cash we give a discount of 5 per cent. With every purchase that costs $25 or over we give:

A Guaranteed Gas Lamp—one that will please you.

One Pair Theims' Toe Clips; Handle Bar Buffer.

One Good Bell; One R. C. Kruschke's Bell Ringer; One Pair Pants Guards.

One Kruschke's Patent Portable Bicylcle Stand.

One Repair Kit—One Stick Graphite and Complete Set of Tools.

Crawford Bicycles, $25, as good as the best wheel made; fully guaranteed. The $35 Crawford is a somewhat better finished wheel, with an option of any tire, saddle or handle bars. $15 more buys a cushion frame. $5 extra for Coaster Hub and Brake.

You can buy a wheel—your credit is good; all we ask is $10, balance at $5 per month. Also sell the Yale and a department store wheel for $15.

Bicycle Repairing in the Best Manner.

Full Line of Fishing Tackle. Base Ball Goods.

402 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Bicycle Sundries at Bottom Prices.

CITY GUN STORE. R. C. KRUSCHKE.

THE DAY TO CLEAN

Tomorrow Is the One Selected For General Cleaning Up.

City Officials Appeal to Pride of All Citizens.

Greatest Difficulty Lies With Owners of Vacant Property.

Bright skies, sunshine and crisp fair weather is promised for tomorrow. It is the day set apart for a general cleaning of the city. Every person is urged to co-operate in this effort to improve the city's aesthetic and sanitary conditions. To be successful, this movement will need the support of every man, woman and child in the city. It is incumbent on all to join in and make Duluth conspicuous for cleanliness and healthy sanitary conditions.

From assurances received by Mayor Hugo, the day will be very generally observed. Citizens have promised to support the movement and the administration will back it up with every available man in the street cleaning department as well as a number of extras.

The city is said to be in worse condition this year than for a number of years, and unfortunately there is considerable contagious disease prevalent this spring. Ash heaps and garbage piles, strewn promiscuously over alleys and vacant lots are considered most danegrous by physicians, who say that they promote germ culture and are frequently responsible for epidemics of contagious disease. The object of general health has been taken into greater consideration than the beautifying of the city in the inauguration of the general cleaning up campaign.

Mayor Hugo was very enthusiastic this morning over the indications that the campaign against filth would be general throughout the city. He said:

"It has certainly been a great mistake that the city should have been allowed to get in its present condition. We seem to have lost sight of individual responsibility as citizens, and depended too largely on the municipality, as a whole, taking care of our alleys and vacant lots. We expect the city to clean the streets, furnish light and police protection, but there is no reason why we should expect the municipality to clean up our own property. I attribute the present unsanitary condition of Duluth to the fact that our citizens have overlooked their individual responsibility.

"If the city is to go into the business of cleaning up private property, it will mean a considerable raise in the taxes of the city. We cannot go in for cleaning on such a large scale without having money and that money would have to be secured through taxes.

"A great difficulty with which we have to contend, in this campaign for better sanitary conditions, is that so much of our property is owned by non-residents, many of whom take little or no civic pride in the city. The new health ordinance, however, partially remedies this. It provides that tenants of property shall be held responsible for filth in alleys, while under the old ordinance only the owners of the abutting property could be held responsible, and many of these owners live hundreds of miles from Duluth."

Health Commissioner Robinson talked along the same lines. He said that the outlook was excellent for a general and enthusiastic observance of cleaning up day. The health department is making preparations to take initiative in the cleaning up movement, but without the co-operation of the citizens generally it would take the department months to accomplish what can be accomplished in ten hours tomorrow if every person takes hold and cleans up his own premises.

Tomorrow is also arbor and bird day. In the schools and elsewhere it will be observed by the planting of trees and other appropriate exercises.

Since the inauguration of the municipal campaign against filth many useful suggestions have been offered the city officers by citizens. One suggestion was that the people should provide themselves with proper receptacles for their garbage. It is astonishing how often this simple aid to cleanliness is neglected.

In the schools, it has been suggested, a valuable lesson in cleanliness may be taught the children. They should be instructed not to throw rubbish into the streets. Such a principle, thoroughly inculcated, would do an inestimable amount of good.

Another suggestion is that clubs be formed throughout the city. They could interest the people in keeping their own homes and neighborhoods clean.

If You Have Dyspepsia

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.50—if not, it is free.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

Changes In Lights For the Coming Season.

Notice has been given that the Lower Hay Lake Cut East Side Middle Light, No. 12, St. Mary's river, Mich., will be discontinued, and the fixed red lantern light, formerly exhibited from this structure, will be replaced as soon as practicable by a gas buoy, painted red—fixed red light 10 seconds, eclipse 10 seconds. Lower Hay Lake Spar Buoy, No. 4, page 76, List of Beacons and Buoys, Northern Lakes and Rivers, 1901, marks the easterly edge of the channel at this point, directly opposite the crib from which the Lower Hay Lake Cut East Side Middle Light, No. 12, was formerly exhibited.

Notice has been given that Upper Buoy, Canadian Side, head of St. Mary's river, Mich., page 79, No. 104 in the list of Beacons and Buoys, Northern Lakes and Rivers, 1900, which marks the Canadian side of the channel at this point, was omitted from the List of Beacons and Buoys, Northern Lakes and Rivers, 1901. This buoy will be re-established at the opening of navigation on the following-named bearings: Lower Buoy (Canadian side) Red Spar, No. 14, S. S. E. ½ E., three-fifths of a mile. Waiska Bay Point, S. ⅞ W., 3⅛ miles. Point Iroquois Light House, W. by N., 3⅝ miles. This buoy will be a 25ft. red spar in 19 feet of water and numbered 142. This notice affects List of Beacons and Buoys, Northern Lakes and Rivers, 1901, page 81, between bouys Nos. 13 and 15.

F. J. MUELLER
THE TAILOR,

Is now at Room 2, over 7 West Superior street, where he would be pleased to have his old patrons call.

WEATHER IS UNFAVORABLE

South Dakota Crop Report For Last Week.

The weekly crop report from South Dakota reflects the same condition as that reported by Minnesota and North Dakota reports, temperature below the normal and seeding delayed in consequence. The report says:

The temperature averaged below the normal. During the fore part of the week the nights were frosty generally, and on several mornings the ground was frozen in the middle and northern counties.

On the 15th and 16th rain or snow occurred over much of the eastern portion of the state, the rain being copious over many southeastern counties.

Wheat seeding is nearing completion in the southeastern counties, and elsewhere fairly good progress has been made, but the frosty nights, and rain and snow in the east portion, delayed field work and retarded germination and growth of previously sown wheat, oats, barley and spring rye, but no injury from the frost is reported.

While wheat seeding is the most advanced, oat, barley and spring rye sowing is being pushed as rapidly as possible.

With sunshine and seasonable temperature marked improvement and advancement is anticipated the coming ally and prompt germination of the wheat, oats, barley and spring rye yet ungerminated should occur.

Mr. Buck Honored.

It is now Capt. Gen. George Buck. At the annual convention of the Grand Commandery, Knight Templars of Minnesota yesterday, Mr. Buck was elevated from the position of grand senior warden to that of captain general of the state. The convention was held in Minneapolis. Duluth Masons are very proud of the honor conferred on Mr. Buck, by the Masonic fraternity of the state.

SAND WANTED.

Ashland, Wis., Water Works.

We are in the market for 1600 cubic yards of sand, to be furnished for our filter plant, and would be glad to receive bids from any responsible party who desires to enter into a contract to furnish the same. Full particulars may be obtained by addressing the undersigned.

ASHLAND WATER COMPANY.

Foresters, Attention!

Court Eastern Star, No. 86, will give their fifth annual ball at the Hunter hall on Friday evening, April 26th, for the benefit of the degree team. Good time promised. Good prompting. La-Brosse's orchestra. Tickets, 25c.

ATTORNEYS FIGHT.

Lively Scrimmage When an Ohio Court Adjourned.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 25.—Attorney H. W. Ward's propensity for asking women witnesses if they had ever been in jail cost him a good licking in the corridors of the court house. Lawyer Echo M. Heisley was the whipper. The row began in Judge Stone's room during the trial of the divorce case of Ada M. Whitney against Charles Whitney. All of Heisley's witnesses were women. As soon as they were turned over to Ward for cross-examination the latter began his questioning.

"Were you not in jail?" was the final question.

Heisley objected and hot words passed, but Ward continued to ask the question. Finally Heisley leaned over toward him and said:

"I intend to lick h—l out of you when court adjourns."

"Come to order, gentlemen," said Judge Stone, and they did.

When the court adjourned Heisley went out first. He waited at the door until Ward appeared. Heisley's fist shot out and caught the point of Ward's jaw. Ward went down, so did Heisley on top of Ward. Heisley's fists beating a lively tattoo on his brother lawyer's nose, eyes, mouth and jaws. Heisley worked quickly and scientifically. Lawyers and officers pulled Heisley off.

TO PROTECT BUYERS.

Springfield, April 25.—A bill was introduced today in the senate, making it a misdemeanor to give future options in markets, to spread false reports concerning stock values, or to corner a market.

Groceries at cost

TWO DAYS MORE!

Saturday is our last day in Duluth. The balance of our stock goes at 80 to 90 cents on the dollar. Plenty Butter, Eggs and Sugar yet.

ANDERSON GROCERY CO.

Fishing Tackle

The best line ever shown in this city.

The "Bristol" Trout Rod—Made of finest quality steel—6 feet long—4 joints—measures in case 20 inches—especially adapted for Duluth's fishing grounds bushy creeks, complete ---- **$5.50**

Special Good Outfit Cheap—Made of fine split bamboo—fly or bait complete with Hendryx reel—linen line—1 dozen best quality gut hooks—and this whole outfit can be bought here at only ---- **$5.00**

A great assortment of rods from 15c to $10.00. Plain ring hooks, assorted sizes, per dozen 5c. Gut and snell hooks, the kind the fish can't cut, per dozen, 25c. All kinds of hooks for all kinds of fish.

Reels with a reputation—Hendryx, Vonhoff, Shakespear's, Youmon & Erbe's Automatic Reels, the one on which "the little finger does the whole thing." The big four assortment Trout and Bass Flies—Seth Green, Parmachenne Belle, Lake George and Grizzly King. Trolling spoons, including Skinner's best. Artificial baits, Hasting's frogs, Caledonian minnows. Tents, camp stoves, pack sacks, sleeping bags—anything and everything to make your outing pleasurable.

Kelley Hardware Co.,

Baseball and Golf Outfits.

COMING TO DULUTH.

Mrs. Amanda Smith, the Noted Revivalist.

Mrs. Amanda Smith, the world-famed colored evangelist, will begin a series of meetings at the Bethel, Lake avenue, Sunday, April 28, at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Mrs. Smith was called to England by Lady Henry Somerset and Miss Francis Willard to assist them in a three months' campaign, and she did not return to America for eight years, being called into Ireland, Scotland, Wales, India, Africa and the Islands of the Sea. Wherever she went great revivals broke out and many of all classes were converted.

MRS. AMANDA SMITH.

THE COURT CALENDAR.

One Hundred Cases Is the Total.

Just an even 100 civil cases make up the calendar for the May term of district court, which opens next Wednesday. There were fifty cases continued from last term, and up to the close of business last night, when the calendar was closed, fifty new cases had been filed, making the 100. Of this number 14, or something less than the average number, are divorce cases, which will probably not take up a great deal of time. There will be a fairly large criminal calendar for the grand jury to work upon, but not particular important cases.

Among the new cases is one brought by August Musolf against Roswell H. Palmer to recover $2000 damages because Musolf alleges the defendant took improper liberties with his young daughter. A case was brought last term to recover $5000 damages for seduction, but that was dismissed and this one was brought in place of it. Teall & Harris are the attorneys.

TO CIGAR DEALERS:

The bankrupt stock of Burns T. Butler, consisting of cigars, tobaccos, pipes, etc., will be sold at public auction next Saturday, April 27, at 10 a. m., at No. 109 West Michigan street.

CHARLES SCHILLER, Trustee.

Collecting Taxes.

Sheriff Sargent's deputies are all out collecting—or trying to collect—personal property taxes. On their first visit the experiment of moral suasion will be tried for collecting the money due the county, but in cases where that fails sterner methods will be used later on. Sheriff Sargent says that the judgments must be paid by May 5, or they will be forced, and the law gives a a large amount of power and requires a large amount of effort along this line.

TO GET HIS LIBERTY.

Aguinaldo to Be Freed Within Thirty Days.

Washington, April 25.—Aguinaldo is to have full and complete liberty within thirty days, and an announcement to the effect that he has been appointed governor general of the province of Luzon or to some other high post under the military authorities of the archipelago is looked for with a feeling of conviction by officials who have knowledge of the methods that were employed to procure Aguinaldo's submission to the authority of the United States.

It is generally admitted in Washington that there has been a vast amount of secret correspondence relating to Aguinaldo between Secretary Root and Gen. MacArthur. Gen. MacArthur has kept the war department in touch almost hourly with his efforts to bring Aguinaldo to realize the advantages that will accrue to himself by acknowledging American sovereignty.

DIVIDEND DECLARED.

New York, April 25.—The directors of the Pressed Steel Car company have declared the regular quarterly dividend on preferred stock of 1¾ per cent, the transfer books closing May 1, 1901, and reopening May 22, 1901, and a second quarterly dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock. The transfer books closing May 8 and reopening May 29. The statement given out by the company showed an increase of 40 per cent in the company's output of cars.

AT WEST DULUTH

As was announced in yesterday's Herald, the Merrill & Ring mill at West Duluth started up for the season this morning. Owing to a slight hitch in the band saw machinery at the Mitchell & McClure mill, the latter did not start up as expected, but will probably be ready by tomorrow. The St. Louis Lumber company fired up and was testing machinery this morning and may begin work right away. Tugs were busy in the vicinity of the West Duluth docks booming the logs and towing to the slips, and altogether there was a scene of activity that resembled somewhat the busy times of last season.

WANT TELEPHONE SERVICE.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Murphy, of Grand Marais, on the north shore, arrived in West Duluth this morning for a few days' visit with Stephen Murphy and family. Chris Murphy is the county auditor of Cook county, and his visit at the present time is a combination of business and pleasure. Mr. Murphy says that the people of the north shore are very anxious to have telephonic communication with Duluth, and they want it as soon as possible. His visit at the present time is partly for the purpose of finding out the situation, and whether there is any prospect of either of the telephone companies getting in a north shore service very soon.

NEW SWITCHES NECESSARY.

The Duluth-Superior Traction company unloaded yesterday at the spur on Oneota street a carload of new heavy steel switches that are to be put in preceding the new car service. It will be necessary to put in an entirely new set at the car barns, as it is impossible to get the new cars out of the barn with the present small switches and short curves. Workmen commenced this morning putting in the new switches.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

H. R. Patterson has sold his 5-year-old pacing colt St. Ansgar. The colt was a picture of equine beauty and as fine a driver as could be found in the city. Yesterday Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Whitman, of Cloquet, were here in West Duluth, and both were so well pleased with the appearance of the pacer that a sale was consummated in a very short time. Mr. Whitman is the superintendent at the paper mill at Cloquet.

Mrs. Martin Tangen is today shipping her household goods to the southern part of the state, where Mr. Tangen recently purchased a drug store. She will join her husband in a few days.

There will be a large attendance of West Duluthians at the Minnesota K. of P. band concert at the Armory next Monday night. Over 100 tickets have been sold in West Duluth.

George W. Thompson reports considerable building activity at Proctorknott this spring. He says that the number of fine residences buildings now going up is astonishing and a good indication that the town is prospering. Six houses are said to be going up on the east side alone.

C. A. Mandelert, proprietor of the Headquarters grocery on Ramsey street, who removed to Chippewa Falls, Wis., several months ago to look after property left him by his father, is back in West Duluth for a few days' visit and to attend to his business interests here.

The marriage of Miss Jessie Mathison and C. A. Berglund, who has charge of the Headquarters grocery, took place at noon today. The ceremony was witnessed by a number of friends and was performed by Rev. R. A. Saunderson.

Ella E. Peterson, the little 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs Andrew Peterson, of 235 Sixty-third avenue west, died yesterday. The funeral will take place from the family residence on Saturday afternoon and interment will be made at the Oneota cemetery.

Frank Dahlson, who has been cooking at Merrill & Ring's camp at Split Rock, returned this morning.

Joseph Reno arrived today from Bay City, Mich., to begin mill work for the summer.

The Ladies' Card club of Proctorknott will meet at 2 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. George W. Thompson, of 5711 Huntingdon street, West Duluth.

Lawrence Gilley has returned from an extended visit on the range and will remain for the summer. Mr. Gilley is much improved in health.

George Emour is moving from the building he occupies on Central avenue to Fifty-ninth avenue west.

Miss Albright, principal of the Longfellow school, is on the sick list.

Mrs. George Towner and Charles Towner left this afternoon for San Diego, Cal., where they will join George E. Towner, who is a member of the hospital corps in the United States army at that place. Miss Clara Towner will accompany them to St. Paul and remain for a visit.

N. C. Batley, a filer at one of the mills, residing on Fifty-fourth avenue west, has applied for a divorce from Jennie A. Batley, on statutory grounds. They were married ten years ago at Park Falls, Wis.

Mrs. M. M. Clark is visiting in St. Paul.

L. O. Ketchum is driving a new delivery horse.

Deputy Game Warden John Green went out to New Duluth on his wheel yesterday and took into custody two gill nets that he found in St. Louis river. He was out to Spirit Lake on Sunday morning last at an early hour, and two intending duck hunters from this city postponed their sport, as one of them recognized Mr. Green.

DANGEROUS OPERATION.

Tumor Taken From an Indiana Man's Throat.

Portland, Ind., April 25.—"I feel just like singing," was the remark made yesterday by Jonathan Armentrout, a well-known farmer living near Corydon, who had just gone through a dangerous surgical operation by which his life was saved.

Some time ago Armentrout was attacked by an affliction of the throat. His condition rapidly grew worse, and four weeks ago he lost all power of taking solid food. He steadily declined, and for several days lay gasping for breath, and it was only by constant fanning that the flame of life was kept in the body. His attending physician diagnosed the case as paralyzed palate, but Dr. Schwartz, of this city, was called and after an examination found that a large tumor had formed in the man's throat, and that as it grew he was slowly but surely being choked to death. For two days the man had taken no nourishment and was fast reaching a collapse.

An incision was made through the wall of the throat and by the use of a silver tube the tumor was drained. The operation is believed to be effective.

FORMER CONGRESSMAN DEAD.

Saratoga, N. Y., April 25.—James Madison Marvin, who was a representative in the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth and Fortieth congresses, died here today, aged 92 years.

WEST DULUTH ANNOUNCEMENTS

DON'T FORGET the First Annual Ball given by the Senate Club at Great Eastern Hall, Friday evening, April 26th. Tickets 50 cents.

Brown Mallough & Son

Cash Grocers. West Duluth.

Special drives for Friday and Saturday on reliable groceries.

Large Burbank Potatoes, right from the pits, per bushel---- **47c**

Nice lean Bacon (a big snap), per lb---- **11c**

Full packed Sweet Corn, 4 cans for---- **25c**

No. 1 California Hams (guaranteed), per lb---- **9c**

Heavy packed choice Tomatoes, 2 cans for---- **15c**

10 lbs best Rolled Oats, for---- **25c**

Cape Cod Cranberries (in good condition), quart---- **10c**

2 large cans of Plums or Pears for---- **25c**

Evaporated Raspberries, per lb---- **25c**

Don't pay 40c per lb for Cocoanut. We can sell you just as good for, per lb---- **20c**

A high-grade Mocha and Java Coffee, this sale, per lb---- **25c**

Monogram Patent Flour, a splendid bread maker, per 49-lb sack---- **92c**

per 98-lb sack---- **$1.82**

A choice and complete stock of Fruits and Fresh Vegetables.

Strawberries at lowest prices.

Brown Mallough & Son

Do You Know

JELLYCON

Makes delicious dessert? No cooking, no baking, only a minute's labor. Delicious flavors — Lemon, Orange, Peach, Strawberry, Raspberry, Wild Cherry (delicious with cold meats.)

Freimuth's

Busy Under-price Friday In Our

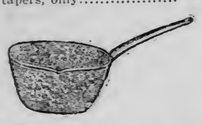
DAYLIGHT BASEMENT

Oil Cans—
Made of Galvanized Iron in three sizes
1-gal— 15c 3-gal— 35c 5-gal— 45c

Candle Sticks—
Heavy polished Brass Candlesticks, regular value 29c; tomorrow only..... 19c

Paraffine Wax Candles —per dozen—only..... 15c

Gas Torches—
Patent Torch 30-inches long, complete with box of white wax tapers, only..... 10c



Stew Pans—
Extra heavy retinned Stew Pans, with long handle, 4-qt size, worth 23c, tomorrow only.. 15c

Gem Pans—
Heavy tin Gem Pans, 12-cup size, worth 20c; tomorrow—only..... 12c

Tea Kettles—
Heavy tin Copper-bottom Tea Kettles —two sizes, Nos. 7 and 8—choice tomorrow, only—

29 each

Sink Strainers—
Mrs. Vrooman's Patent Sink Strainer, enameled, regular value 25c; tomorrow only..... 15c

Office Baskets—
Fancy wire with tin bottom, fireproof; good large size; only—

39c

Base Ball Goods for the Boys—
Baseball Bats, hardwood, nicely finished—5c kind, tomorrow for..... 3c
10c kind, tomorrow for..... 5c
18c kind tomorrow for..... 10c
35c kind tomorrow for..... 19c
Baseballs, a "Dandy" only..... 5c
Boys' "Lively" Spalding make.... 10c
Baseball Masks, 3 grades—
$1.00 kind 75c
75c kind..... 50c
45c kind..... 25c
Catchers' Mitts, $1 kind only..... 65c
75c kind, only..... 40c
40c kind only..... 25c

Crockery Department—
Fish Globes—
Glass Fish Globes—
8-inch— 45c 10-inch— 69c 12-inch— 98c
Footed Globes—
1-gal 85c 2-gal— $1.35 3-gal— $1.98

20 dozen Imitation Cut Glass Plates for Butter, Cheese, etc., worth 15c; tomorrow only..... 10c

5 dozen Fancy Glass Bowls—beautiful pattern, crystal and gold, worth 65c, only..... 49c

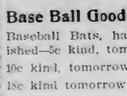
Berry Sets in crystal and gold, 8-inch bowl and six fruits, complete, only..... $1.25

6-piece Glass Table Sets, in Crystal and gold, worth $1.65; tomorrow—per set.... $1.25

Sugar and Cream Sets, in crystal and gold, covered sugar and nice size creamer—per set —only..... 48c

Fancy colored Glass Water or Lemonade sets, fancy shape, pitcher, 6 glasses and 13-in tray, fully worth $1.25—

75c



100 Glass Syrup Pitchers, with nickel cover, worth 25c; tomorrow only

15c each

Fancy China Marmalade Jars with cover and China tray, worth 65c; only..... 59c

5 dozen covered Butter Dishes, nicely decorated China, worth 40c; tomorrow only..... 25c

OIL IN CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Man Comments on Boom.

W. C. Auld, of San Francisco, is in the city today and in commenting on the business situation on the Pacific coast, says California has gone oil mad. "Fortunes have been made by many in our city," says Mr. Auld, "but the development has hardly commenced and the changes that will be brought about by the uses that oil will be put to, promise a brilliant future for the entire coast country. The best lands are in Fresno county and it is now impossible to buy acres at less than fabulous prices so great is the faith of the holders. You will see a repetition in California oil stocks of the boom that I understand you lately experienced here in iron stocks."

LAWN TENNIS.

London, April 25.—In the final round of the lawn tennis amateur championship games today, H. L. Doherty beat G. Simond 3 to 0.

JOB WAS NEAT ONE

John Currie Tells of a Hanging Which He Conducted.

Detailed to Execute Three Murderers In January.

Sergeant a Texas Man Who Knew the Business.

Lieut. John N. Currie, a well known Duluth boy now serving as a lieutenant in the American army in Manilla, has been figuring there as Uncle Sam's lord high executioner. In a letter received from him lately he tells of hanging three murderers in January, while acting as provost marshal.

The letter is dated at Manilla, March 2, and in part it is as follows:

"The Thirty-fourth (Lieut. Currie's regiment) sailed yesterday for home without me. I have been detailed in the office of the provost marshal general, and I will remain in the service until June 30, when I will probably take a civil position in the same department. I have been at regimental headquarters (with the exception of one month when I was with the native scouts) ever since I got my commission. I was provost marshal at Lavog while we were there, and had the pleasure of hanging three murderers in January, and made a neat job of it. The ceremony went off without a hitch. We had a troop of cavalry and two companies of infantry, forming a square around the scaffold. I had a sergeant and six men on the scaffold to do the work. The sergeant was a Texas man, and evidently had had some experience in such business before coming into the army. We left Lavog on Feb. 7, and arrived in Manilla on the 22nd. We went into camp on the Lunetta and prepared for home. The regiment was reviewed by Gen. McArthur on the 27th, and on the 28th went aboard the United States transport Logan. Gen. McArthur complimented the regiment very highly, and he had good reason, for there is not another regiment on the island that has done harder or better service.

"I am certainly proud of the American soldier.

"There is not a country in the world that has his equal. The insurrection is beginning to break. Almost every day prominent leaders are coming in and taking the oath of allegiance. There are a few generals still in the field that won't give in, but it is only a question of a short time before they will be run down."

Baseball Saturday.

The baseball season will open here on Saturday afternoon with a game between the high school team and the team of the Nelson Dewey high school of Old Superior. The game will be played at Oneota park and aside from the fact that it is the opening game of the season, it promises to be an exceptionally fast game. The Duluth school team is reported much stronger in every department than it was a year ago.

Chickens at Large.

There was a lively time on Michigan street this morning. An express wagon was passing along the street toward the commission house district bearing a crate of chickens and young roosters, when the crate suddenly dropped off and smashed. In a very few seconds the street was filled with flying chickens, roosters, small boys and even grown people took a hand in the chase. At last accounts some of the birds were still missing and plans for their capture had all miscarried.

Goes To Be Married.

Peter Patterson will leave this evening for Towanda, Pa., and will be married on April 30, to Miss Theresa Homet at her home at Homet's Ferry, Pa. The wedding will be a very quiet one and Mr. and Mrs. Patterson will leave afterward for a trip through the South and will go to California and make their home there for a time. Mr. Patterson having some business interests there.

UNEASINESS

Caused to Copper Mines By the Shipping Situation.

Houghton, Mich., April 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The engineers' strike on the lake vessels and the problematical shipping situation causes uneasiness to the big mines of the copper district.

Coal consumption has increased marvelously in the past five years, and the Quincy mine has just placed an order for an even 100,000 tons of bituminous, which is the amount the Calumet & Hecla used only a few years ago, while the Bigelow-Lewishon mines will require 200,000 and the Calumet & Hecla nearly 500,000 this season.

The total consumption of the district will crowd 750,000 tons. The stocks on hand at the mines are low, as a rule, and the delay in securing lake cargoes will be serious to a number of the mines.

LICENSE REVOKED.

Manhattan Company Charged With False Statements.

Milwaukee, April 29.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Madison, Wis., says: The license of the Manhattan Fire Insurance company to do business in Wisconsin, has been revoked by insurance Commissioner Goljohann, as he alleges the sworn statement made to the department showing the condition of the company Dec. 31 last was falsified.

ELECTED SECRETARY.

New York, April 25.—At a meeting of directors of the Southern Pacific railroad today, Alex Miller was elected secretary of the company. Only routine business was transacted at the meeting.

SIGNS AUTO BILL.

Albany, April 25.—Governor Odell has signed a bill providing for registration of automobiles and allowing them to run on any highway at a speed not to exceed fifteen miles an hour outside of incorporated cities and villages.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

The best cigar made in Duluth is the Tom Reed. Ask for it.

Ladies' Home Journal for May now on sale at Lundberg & Sione's, 223 West Superior street.

David Reynolds was examined in police court this morning and found guilty of assault. He was fined $10 and costs.

The following births were reported at the health office today: To Mr. and Mrs. Erville Chapman, 310 West Fourth street, a boy; to Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Mallott, 515 Twenty-fifth avenue west, a boy; to Mr. and Mrs. I. Westgard, 922 East Third street, a boy; to Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Kynaston, 204 East Third street, a boy.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Stephen Sullivan and Lena Murdick, F. A. Russell and Edwina A. Baker, Frank L. Young and Margaret Townsend, and to Andrew Miller and Annie Mary Paulson.

Claus Holstrom has begun suit and secured judgment against Charles Edmondson and William C. Sargent as sheriff, clearing title to lot 15, block 74, Harrison's Brookdale division; lot 33, block 144, Duluth Proper, Second division; the east half of lot 51, block 57, Duluth proper, Third division, and an eighteenth interest in the nw¼ of the ne¼ of section 29, 59-14. The judgment was entered by stipulation between the parties. J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey are the attorneys.

Zenith lodge 99, Degree of Honor, will give a card party tomorrow evening, at Masonic Temple.

For a delicious smoke ask for the Tom Reed cigars.

The Ladies' auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Capt. John Irvine, keeper of Outer Island light station, and Thomas E. Irvine, first assistant keeper, left here Sunday for Bayfield, en route for their light station.

The Beethoven club gave its final concert at Pilgrim church last evening. The program was a very pleasing one and the numbers were all finely executed. Mrs. William Orendorff, of Canton, Ill., was the vocalist.

GO to the Congregational Church Tomorrow night at 8 o'clock and hear Mrs. KNEBEL sing and see Mr. Ward Ames' 125 colored Stereopticon Views of China and Japan.

PERSONALS.

Leisard Stenson is sick with rheumatic fever at his home.

Dr. J. D. Park leaves tonight for Fargo, N. D., where he has been called by the serious illness of his mother.

A. E. Eidemiller, of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road, and J. O. Goodsall of the Union Pacific line, were among the callers in railroad circles today.

J. G. Mooney, of the Great Northern road, left this morning for a trip on the range.

O. G. Kinney, of Colfax, Wis., is a guest of the St. Louis today.

C. W. Kimberley, of Eveleth, was among the range visitors in the city today.

W. A. Auld, of Gooseberry River, on the north shore, arrived in the city this morning on a business trip.

C. W. Latimer, of Portage, Wis., is a guest of the Spalding.

Charles H. Babbitt, of Washington, arrived in the city this morning.

C. F. Haglin, the Minneapolis contractor, is in the city this afternoon.

D. C. Thompson of the Great Northern office in this city, and a number of the officials connected with the company in West Superior, have gone to St. Paul, to be present at the nuptials this evening of Miss Gilzain, a well-known society woman of that city, and I. R. Hutchinson, the claim agent of the Eastern Minnesota road.

WILL STAND.

Court Ruling In Eastman Case Cannot Be Changed.

Cambridge, Mass, April 25.—On the resumption today of the trial of Charles E. Eastman for the alleged murder of his brother-in-law, E. H. Grogan, Jr., counsel for the prosecution asked for a reconsideration of the court's decision excluding the accusatory words of Grogan after he had been shot by Eastman. The judges retired from the bench to consider the subject, and when they again took their seats on the bench decided that yesterday's ruling should stand. It was announced, however, that Grogan's words, "He shot me twice," would be regarded as competent, because not really an accusation.

GOLF TOURNEY

Of Metropolitan Club Begins at Lakewood.

Lakewood, N. J., April 25.—The open tournament of the Metropolitan golf circuit, was begun today, on the links of the Lakewood Golf club. Sixty-four players started off in pairs regardless of the drenching rain which fell during the forenoon for the first round of eighteen holes, medal ploy.

Walter J. Travis, champion amateur of the United States Golf association, who holds the amateur record for these links—79—was among the early starters, and of the others, Charles McDonald, formerly of Chicago, and Finlay N. Douglas, both former amateur champions, were the most prominent. Travis was paired with James Tyng, of Baltimore. The first named made the round in 85 and Tyng in 97 strokes. The players who make the 18 best scores in today's play will be classified in three divisions of sixteen each, and during the remainder of the tournament they will contest at match play for three silver cups, one for each class.

New Use For Electricity.

A professor recently discovered that electricity is a stimulant for the brain. We do not wish to dispute the merits of this discovery, but are inclined to think that the only natural stimulant for the brain is sleep. If you are not able to sleep you are certainly in a bad way. It is usually caused by the stomach being out of order, the disturbance being communicated to the brain. Keep the stomach in good condition by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and you will have insomnia no longer. It is a splendid medicine for strengthening the nerves and will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and biliousness. As a spring tonic it has no equal. See that our Private Revenue Stamp is on the neck of the bottle.

WORSE AND WORSE.

London, April 25.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the Russian government has forbidden the exhibition at Moscow of Repine's life size portrait of Count Leo Tolstoi, representing him in the costume of a peasant and barefooted. When the portrait was recently exhibited at St. Petersburg the public paid unusual tributes to the picture and surrounded it with flowers.

VERY REASONABLE.

London, April 25.—Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, M. P., was summoned to appear at a police court today for assaulting a lawyer's clerk who had endeavored to serve him with a bankruptcy notice for £482. A fine of 10 shilling was imposed.

CREW LANDED.

Falmouth, Eng., April 25.—The Russian bark Nore from Wilmington, N. C., March 23, for Stettin, has landed here the captain and five members of the crew of the Norwegian ship Parthena, from Mobile, March 4, for Liverpool. Ten others of the crew had been transferred to the Norwegian schooner Vardik, Capt. Henriksen, bound from Laguna for Stettin.

AN AWFUL EXPLOSION

Fifty Persons Killed and Over One Hundred Injured.

Three Boilers in Chemical Works in Kentucky Exploded.

The Factory Then Took Fire---Frankfort Sent Assistance.

Frankfort, April 25.—The boilers of the Greishman Electro-Chemical works, near Griesheim, exploded this afternoon and the factory caught fire. Fifty persons are reported killed and 140 injured. The three boilers of the works exploded. The explosion was audible here. The Frankfort fire engines, ladders and ambulances have gone to the scene of the disaster.

TEN MINUTES

Time Required to End the Existence of Mark Hayes.

Uniontown, Pa., April 25.—Mark Thomas Hayes was hanged today. He walked to the scaffold unflinchingly and was pronounced dead in ten minutes. He refused religious consolation.

The crime which cost Hayes his life was committed July 4, 1890, at the Hill farm, near Dunbar, Pa. It has frequently been referred to as the "murder without a motive," as Hayes and his victim, William Lowdon, had been neighbors and close friends for years. On the night of July 3, 1886, Hayes, Lowdon and some others were carousing at the home of William Burns, a neighbor, over several kegs of beer. About 3 a. m. a quarrel arose between Hayes and Lowdon. Hayes went home but soon returned with a shot gun and with the words "I will allow no man to call me a coward," shot and killed Lowdon. Hayes afterwards claimed he had no intention of killing Lowdon but was in the act of firing a Fourth of July salute when his gun was accidentally discharged.

The plea of the defense was insanity and lack of motive.

BOUND OVER.

Arraignment of Sports In the Smith Case.

London, April 25.—Jack Roberts, who was pitted against "Billy" Smith in the fight before the National Sporting club, Monday, that resulted in Smith's death, and Bethuson, manager of the club, together with the referee and four seconds, were arraigned in the Bow street police court today on the charge of mansiaughter. The magistrate remanded the accused on their own recognizances in £100 each.

SHORT IN ACCOUNTS.

Assistant Postmaster at Tarpon Springs Arrested.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 25.—Assistant Postmaster Charles H. Drexel, at Tarpon Springs, Fla., has been arrested, according to reports to the postoffice inspector's office here. He is charged with being short in his accounts to the extent of $1000, and with having dynamited the safe to cover his guilt. Drexel's father is employed in the postoffice department at Washington.

VISIT GALVESTON.

City Inspected By Party of New Yorkers.

Galveston, April 25.—Representatives of the New York chamber of commerce inspected Galveston today. Chartered steamers took the party down the bay and out into the gulf. The government jetties were inspected and the party was shown the immense wharves. Later they were driven through the section of the city devastated by the great storm last year. The ship they left for San Antonio.

ENTERTAINED BY CZAR.

St. Petersburg, April 25, 2 p. m.—M. Delcosse, the French minister of foreign affairs, and Count Lamsdorff, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, went to the palace at the czarkoe-selo this morning, where the czar entertained them at breakfast. There were no other guests.

STRIKE AT MADRID.

Madrid, April 25.—A strike of the street car employes is in progress here. No cars were running today and the police are guarding the property of the company.

BANKERS ASSIGN.

Farmer, N. Y., April 25.—The banking house of Leroy C. Partridge, of Ovid, made an assignment today. The liabilities and assets are not yet made public. The bank was capitalized at $150,000 and was the chief depository of the Seneca county treasurer and of the Willard state hospital.

SCHOONER CAPSIZED.

Atlantic City, N. J., April 25.—A three-masted schooner is capsized four miles off this city. Particulars cannot be obtained until the life saving crews which have gone to her relief return.

CENTER OF EARTHQUAKE.

Rome, April 25.—The center of yesterday's earthquake shocks was in the neighborhood of Palombra Sabina. The walls of houses were fissured and rendered uninhabitable and the people were panic stricken and spent the night in the open air.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Majestic, New York.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Pretoria, New York, for Hamburg.

Notice.

After April 25 I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by my wife, Mary Ann Rickard.

FRED RICKARD.

RAILROAD DECISION

Knowledge of Risk Does Not Relieve An Employer.

Appellate Court Sustains Decision of Lower Court.

Case One Where Engineer Was Killed In a Collision.

St. Louis, April 25.—Because an employe remains in the employ of a company when he well knows that a risk is assumed by so doing does not relieve the employer of the responsibility if accidents occur. This is the gist of an opinion handed down by the United States court of appeals in the case of the Southern Pacific company, plaintiff in error, against Katie Yeargin, as administratrix of the estate of T. J. Yeargin, deceased. The suit was originally filed in the federal court of Utah by Katie Yeargin, who sought to recover damages for the death of her husband, who was an engineer on the Southern Pacific railroad until killed, in 1899, in collision with a "helper engine."

Judgment in the lower court was given for Mrs. Yeargin, and from this the company appealed on a writ of error.

Judge Amos Thayer, who wrote the opinion of the appellate court, held that the lower court was correct in this, and said that if the helper engine had a headlight which could have been seen two miles and a half, instead of one that could be seen only 250 yards, Yeargin might have seen it in time to have stopped his train and avoided the accident. The trial court had refused to instruct the jury that if Yeargin knew that it was the practice of the defendant company to use only an ordinary lantern on the rear of this helper engine, when it was running backwards, he, with the knowledge, assumed the risk incident to it. Judge Thayer said that if such was upheld, it would enable employers to avoid the performance of the duty they owe to their employes to exercise reasonable care in providing them with tools, machinery and appliances ordinarily safe and adapted to the uses to which they are to be applied. Judge Sanborn dissented.

JONES IGNORED.

Not Mentioned By Grand Jury Indicting Patrick.

New York, April 25.—In the indictment against Patrick he is charged directly with the murder. Charles F. Jones, the valet, is ignored altogether. In separate counts of the indictment, Patrick is charged with killing Rice with chloroform, with mercury and with an unknown poison; with chloroform and mercury together and with chloroform and an unknown poison together, and again with all three of the articles.

The indictment charging Patrick, Maurice Meyer and David L. Short with forgery was written out but not handed up to the recorder. Patrick is indicted on a charge of forging four checks. On the Patrick will, so-called, executed June 30, 1900, all three men, Short, Patrick and Meyer are charged with forgery in the first degree.

RETURNED TO WORK.

Strike at Oshkosh, Wis., Temporarily Suspended.

St. Paul, April 25.—An Oshkosh, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: All the union bricklayers and stonemasons, whose strike for an advance in wages has caused a general suspension of building operations today, returned to work pending a settlement, the contractors having agreed to meet them tonight to adjust differences. Work on a 6-story bank building, two churches, a stove factory building, the Woman's club house and many residences has been tied up.

APPOINTMENT VOID.

Opinion In Case of Detroit Public Board.

Lansing, Mich., April 25.—The supreme court today handed down an opinion in the case of D. W. H. Moreland vs. the Detroit board of public works involving the constitutionality of a bill passed by the legislature, abolishing the present board and providing for a one-man board instead; the governor to appoint the first incumbent. When the bill was signed by the governor he at once appointed Mr. Moreland. The court holds that the appointment in void but that the act abolishing the board and substituting a superintendent of public works is regular. The court decides that the appointing power should be vested in the mayor.

RASIN A BANKRUPT.

New York, April 25.—Thomas M. Rasin, of this city, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court today showing liabilities of $208,000 and assets consisting of $100 in cash. The petitioner formerly was a member of the firm of Rasin & Goss, of Spokane and Seattle, Wash., between 1890 and 1899, when it failed.

GOULD IS CHAIRMAN.

New York, April 25.—The directors of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad company have elected George Gould chairman of the board in place of George Coppell, deceased. E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce were chosen as directors in place of George Coppell and William Mertens.

TO MEET IN MILWAUKEE.

New York, April 25.—The executive committee of the American Bankers' association have decided to hold the annual convention in Milwaukee sometime in September.

OBJECTED TO EDITORIALS.

Athens, Tenn., April 25.—As the outcome of a recent temperance crusade here the office of the McMinn Citizen was raided during the night. The presses were overturned and the type was dumped into a stream nearby. The Citizen published temperance editorials during the recent election. This is supposed to have caused the raid.

MRS. McKINEY'S AUNT DEAD.

Canton, Ohio, April 25.—Mrs. Maria G. Saxton, aunt of Mrs. McKinley, died today. Mrs. Saxton was with Mrs. McKinley at the White House for several weeks after the first inauguration. She was the widow of Thomas Saxton, who established the Canton Evening Repository.

MANY APPLICANTS.

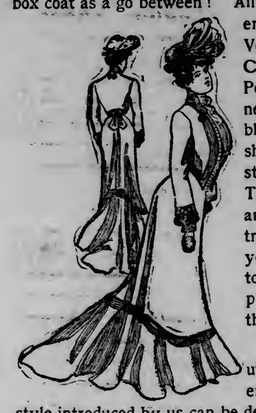
Cincinnati, April 25.—A meeting of the book committee of the Methodist Episcopal church, was held here today to elect an editor for the Northwestern Christian Advocate at Chicago in place of the late Dr. Arthur Edwards. Owing to the large number of applicants no decision was reached at the morning session.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Women's Proper Dress.

What kind of a Spring Garment should you buy?

Two styles are prominent. I. E.—the short Eton jacket of cloth or silk and the very long or medium "Raglan" and the box coat as a go between! All these are worn by good dressers! The Etons are made of Venetian cloths, Broadcloths and Covert cloths, and Taffeta or Peau de Soie silk—the prominent colors are tan, castor and black, although several other shades have a sprinkling of styles! Which should you buy? The kind that becomes you best, and that you can only know by trying on! We'll be glad to have you try on as many as you like to have you select the style you prefer! Tailored suits! More than two hundred styles.



Our garments are made with utmost care—every detail is given perfect attention, and every style introduced by us can be depended upon to be absolutely correct, besides we fit every garment in our own workroom—employing no one but those who understand their business perfectly. And yet we sell cheaply!

For instance you can get a splendid tailor-made suit of us of excellent material and with lots of style for $12.50, and, you can pay us as high as $65.00 for high-class novelties—and we are particularly strong on tailored suits at $18, $22 and $27.50. Some silk and some nearsilk lined.

You can get a very jaunty Eton jacket or box coat of splendid cloth—silk lined of course, at $7.75, and you can get a very handsome Taffeta Eton for $12.50 or you can pay as high as $37.50.

You can get a smart "Raglan" coat or spring Newmarket as some call them, for $12.50, or you can get them for as high as $37.50, and so the list goes—all through the line. Our large stock of fine garments enabling anybody who cares the least bit for style and quality to be easily satisfied. By the way, before we forget—we are showing an unusually attractive line of Capes in the medium and heavy-weights for day or evening wear in tan, castor, pearl, garnet and black or broadcloth—at $8 75, $11.50, $13.50, $15 and up to $45 and an unusually attractive showing of fine Silk Waists at from $4.50 to $18.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

HITS HOME.

Steel Trust Charged With Wilfully Tying Up Lake Fleet.

Minneapolis, April 25.—The Times says:

The big steel trust is charged with exerting its power to the detriment of Minnesota and the Northwest. Traffic officials declare that the trust is deliberately blocking the lake and rail business. Owners of the ore fleet on the great lakes are said to entertain the hope that the trouble with the engineers may be prolonged. In other words t ehpurpose of the trust is to keep the boats from running as long as possible in the hope of a short season, in the interests of the ore output, and to the detriment of the owners of "tramp" boats who might cut down the 80-cent scale.

The trust controls about 112 boats known as the ore fleet, and comprising a number of tremendous tonnage. The ore business represents over 90 per cent of the lake trade. Last year of the $25,000,000 worth of eastbound lake shipments the ore amounted to over $23,000,000. The "tramp" vessels—those outside the so-called ore fleet—number several hundred, but the majority are boats of light tonnage. They are not controlled by the trust or the ore interests in any way.

With the advent of the steel and ore trust the practice of naming a figure for iron ore delivered at Cleveland or Buffalo can be pursued to a greater advantage. But there are some interests in the northern part of the state still outside the trust, and these concerns are anxious to have their product carried East. The "tramp" boats, it is believed, would cut into the scale which has been agreed upon, and thus enable the ore interests not in the trust to place their product on the docks at the foot of the lakes for less than the arbitrary figure made by the trust at the commencement of the season.

But the engineers of the ore fleet and of the "tramp" fleet are working in unison in their demands for more assistance in handling the big boats. Until the trouble is settled the boats will not run. In this way the trust can tie up the "tramp" fleet. The price of ore originally agreed upon will stand and the trust will lose nothing, inasmuch as the fleet, when woring, has sufficient tonnage to care for the season's output before the expiration of the season. But in its alleged effort to strike at individual interests and to cripple the "tramp" fleet of boats on the lakes, the trust cuts into merchandise carriers. No sympathy has been shown for these interests.

Lake and rail officials are greatly disturbed over the outlook. Some of them say the engineers will be placated before long and that boats ready for merchandise movement will be in service in a few days. A prominent traffic official, in discussing the matter yesterday, said that in his judgment certain interests which show independence were believed to be playing in the hands of the trust. The power which the big monopoly exerts on lake traffic is surprising to all who know conditions.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

Through Sleeping Car Service to Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee."

A standard first-class sleeper for Kansas City, via C., M. & St. P. railway's route, leaves Minneapolis, 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:00 a. m., daily, and arrives Kansas City 7:00 o'clock next morning.

The "Hedrick" is the most direct and comfortable route from the Twin Cities to Kansas City, the South, Southwest and California.

For full information regarding lowest rates, apply to C., M. & St. P. Ry. ticket agents, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

BASE BALL.

Nelson Dewey High School vs. Duluth Central High School—Saturday afternoon, April 27. ADMISSION, 15 CENTS.

DRIVING PARK

Storage If you have any household goods to store, place them with us. We have nice, clean rooms and everything will be properly taken care of. Store 126 and 128 West Michigan Street.

Duluth Fuel & Transfer Co.,
Office—410 W. Superior St.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Friday Snaps!

The New Store

Percale and Madras Shirt Waists—pleated fronts, bishop sleeve—lace overlaid—former price 75c—Friday at only ----- **50c**

Percale Shirt Waists—all-over tucking—also others with tucking and piping in white—$1 value—at-- **75c**

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

"Our Darling" Nursing Bottle—complete set of fittings brush cleaners, sell regularly for 25c everywhere—our Friday special is------ **10c**

Nursing Bottle Fittings—same as above is fitted with—always sell at 6c—our special price Friday ------ **3c**

The New Store

Four pieces Challie—half wool—striped and figured—30 inches wide—to close the lot out quickly we make the price for Friday—per yard --- **5c**

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Alexandra Mercerized Foulards—have a silk finish—we make a special price on them—a yard Friday at only-- **12½c**

The New Store

Cambric Petticoat—1 row of wide insertion and edged with torchon lace—double flounce—Saturday the price will be $1.39—Friday----- **98c**

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Extract Pure Witch Hazel—full 6-oz bottles—you will pay at least twice this price for it. We make a Friday snap of it at—a bottle---------- **5c**

The New Store

Men's fine Japonette Handkerchiefs—fancy borders, regular 10c quality—Friday the price is, each-- **5c**

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

Men's calf or dongola kid Shoes—lace or button—plain or kid toe—regular $2 and $2.50 Shoes—for Friday the price is ------- **$1.49**

The New Store

4-4 Bleached Sheeting—soft finish—a regular 8c quality; we limit 10 yards to a customer—Friday, the price-- **5c**

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

19-inch Cotton Toweling; herringbone twilled—soft finish, cream—7c its regular value—Friday ------- **3½c**

The New Store

HERRON IS ROASTED

Rev. Dr. Hillis Is Very Severe on the Professor.

Denunciation of Man Who Left Wife and Children.

Coward or Monster, and His Friends May Decide Which.

New York, April 25.—The Rev. Dr. Hillis, pastor of Plymouth church, has made a statement in reference to Professor George D. Herron, in which he said:

"My refusal to meet Mr. Herron at the Get-Together club next Monday night was not based upon his position as a socialist, his criticisms of the church or of the administration. My objection to appearing with Mr. Herron was not based upon the vagaries of his intellect, or upon the fact that his thinking seems to me crude, superficial and false in its premises, but upon the deeds that represent his will and character.

"I do not wish to be unkind, but there are sins so grievous, so bald, vulgar and crass in their persistency, their virulence, that they consume the mantle of charity as a flame the garment. Consider the conceded facts in the case. This man marries a young woman, and is the father of four children, almost babies; forms a friendship with a young, unmarried woman, from whom he accepts money to buy his clothes, hats, shoes and traveling expenses; against his wife's protest goes abroad with this woman friend and her mother for a year; returns to tell his wife that he has ceased to love her, but loves another, and persistently urges his wife to obtain a divorce. This man's spokesman and bosom friend in New Haven justifies the father's desertion of the four children by saying the woman friend gave the wife $100,000 to give her husband up to her. Mrs. Herron's friends assert that the amount paid was only $60,000.

"Now, some money was paid Mrs. Herron, or else it was not. Suppose no money was paid her. Why has he not denied the statement to save the honor of the mother of his children? If any sum of money was paid his wife by this woman friend, then this man sold himself, and whether for Judas' 30 pieces of silver or $60,000 makes no difference.

"The first supposition saves him a coward in not defending his babies' mother. The second leaves him a monster, and his friends may take their choice.

"Why should I go to the Get-Together club to hear Herron's views upon any subject? I cannot hear what Herron says, because the sobs of his deserted babes thunder in my ears. If he will publicly renounce this woman friend and break his pledges to her for their announced marriage; if he will then rinse out his mouth with sulphuric acid and cleanse it of foul pledges; if he will ask the judge to remarry him to his deserted wife; if he will return to his little children and, when they are old enough to understand it, beg their forgiveness, I will, after I am confident of his penitence, gladly meet him on any platform, though I will never have any interest in the economic statements of a man whose intellect can be guilty of such vagaries."

CHARGE AGAINST STATE.

Expense of Returning Fugitives From Justice.

St. Paul, April 25.—Attorney General Douglas has been called upon to decide a rather peculiar question, which brought to light the fact that for twenty years or more the statutes have been violated by every sheriff in the state; not intentionally, but unknowingly.

County Attorney Mayland, of Albert Lea, wrote the attorney general asking him to pass upon the question whether the state or the county is liable for the expenses incurred by an officer in going to another state and bringing back fugitives from justice, and also the amount of fees an officer is entitled to for bringing back prisoners.

After looking up the law the attorney general decided that the statutes state explicitly that such expense shall be borne by the state, not by the county. For the last decade the counties have been in the habit of footing such bills.

As to the amount of fees allowed the officer for bringing back the prisoner, the attorney general holds that he is not entitled to any mileage, but should be allowed only his railroad fare and reasonable expenses.

Discussing the matter Attorney General Douglas said that the legislature has never appropriated a sufficient fund for the expenses of such trips, and that the counties gradually fell into the habit of paying them. No relief can be granted until the next legislature meets, and the counties must continue the custom or hold up the bills pending the creation of such a fund.

STOPPED THE DANCE.

Rush Medical Sophomores Use Pepper and Force.

Chicago, Apral 25.—Sophomores of Rush Medical college last night used cayenne pepper and physical violence to prevent the annual dance of the freshmen class, which was to be held in Van Buren Opera house. Morris B. Wolff, secretary and treasurer of the freshman class and manager of the ball, was kidnapped, together with the dance program and money raised to defray the expenses of the dance, and was held a prisoner for six hours, while a band of the "sophs" guarded the hall and stopped all attempts to begin the dance.

A committee of the sophomores got into the Opera house in the afternoon and sprinkled several pounds of cayenne pepper over the dance floor and quantities of hydrogen sulphide in the wardrobe.

A serious clash between the two classes was averted by the police.

AGAIN POSTPONED.

Philadelphia, April 25.—The opening of the championship season of the American league was again postponed today because of rain. The national game between Boston and Philadelphia was also postponed.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

(NO FUSEL OIL)

Weak, Worn Women find a true friend in

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

The World's Greatest Medicine

The old family remedy. Cures nervousness and indigestion. Gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles, and richness to the blood. It is a promoter of good health and longevity. Makes the old young; keeps the young strong.

All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 per bottle. Write for free booklet. Avoid substitutes, they are dangerous. Duffy's has proprietary stamp on each bottle.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

THE DAKOTAS.

Priest Looking For Land For a Band of Colonists.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Chamberlain—Father Kelley, a Catholic priest of Elkton, this state, came here last week and engaged the services of County Surveyor Fred H. Meyers to assist him in finding a suitable location, on the great public domain west of the Missouri river, for a small colony of followers. The priest's eye was captivated with a strip of country lying south and west of Medicine City buttes, and he immediately returned to his people to make a favorable report. The colony consists of about twenty families, and Surveyer Meyers says he expects them to arrive next week, when he will locate them near the buttes.

The candidates for the appointment of postmaster, J. O. Conrick and T. A. Stevens, submitted their claims to an election, Republican patrons of the office alone voting. It resulted in a victory for the latter. Mr. Stevens is the present postmaster, having won in a similar election three years ago.

Rapid City—A good many sheep are coming into this part of the country from the South. Sheep raisers have made money in the business in the past three or four years, and the size of the herds will be greatly increased. It is estimated that the wool clip for this season will amount to nearly half a million pounds of wool for the Southern Black Hills district. Nearly as many Angora sheep are coming in as the common breed. This animal has thrived better than expected on the buffalo grass of the Hills ranges, and since Angora wool is worth more than twice as much as common wool, there is much more money in the Angora breed. It is said that Eugene Holcomb, one of the largest cattle owners in this part of the Hills, will this spring move most of his stock upon a range in Montana. He intends to put about 6000 head of sheep on his old Black Hills range.

Aberdeen—Fire almost totally destroyed the Helleman Brewing company's building on Main street Tuesday night, and ruined the plant and property of the Aberdeen steam laundry, operated by Tiffany Bros. The loss on the latter being $2500, fully insured. The building is damaged to such an extent it will scarcely be repaired, and a new brick will probably be erected in its stead.

Dr. H. E. McNutt returned Tuesday night from Sisseton, where, as a member of the state board of health, he inaugurated a movement which should result in purging that place of smallpox within thirty days. He found six cases in the hospital and the posthouse has had from six to eight inmates for some time past. In all, there have been 170 cases in the city and vicinity. The citizens are now thoroughly aroused and are anxious to co-operate with the state and county boards.

Mitchell—Horse thieves who have been operating in Sanborn county have entered this county. Last night two horses were stolen from the barn of Henry Born, a farmer living about five miles northwest of the city. The case was placed in the hands of the sheriff and he used the long-distance telephone in every direction in the hope of being able to intercept the thieves. Only a few days ago Mr. Born refused an offer of $200 for the team. The farmers talk of organizing a party to start in pursuit of the thieves.

Huron—Walter J., the 11-year-old son of R. D. Stower, of Willow Lakes, died of scarlet fever at the home of Capt. C. M. Daley, in this city. The little fellow was visiting the Daley family and was stricken a week ago. Three children in Captain Daley's family are afflicted with the same disease, but are not seriously ill.

It is thought that Michael Reel, of Miller, severely injured in a railway accident here Monday evening, will recover. Three ribs on the right side were broken, his head cut and bruised, and severe internal injuries sustained.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The second biennial convention of the Maccabees meets in Fargo Thursday and Friday. Thursday evening there will be a public meeting at which George J. Seigle, supreme recordkeeper; Mrs. Holley, supreme commander of the Lady Maccabees, and State Commander Kelly will deliver addresses. A delegate will be elected to attend the supreme tent, which meets at Port Huron, Mich.

The Methodist church has 5655 active members in North Dakota. Fargo district has 1578; Grand Forks, 2546, and Jamestown, 1531. The missionary contributions amounted to $3165, and the total collections for benevolent purposes were $11,313. There was collected for building and improvement $12,814.

Hillsboro—The election in this city and township Tuesday to decide whether Hillsboro city should be made a special school district separate from the township under a law enacted by the last legislature proved a much more one-sided affair than was generally expected. The proposition carried in the city by a vote of 91 to 9 and carried almost unanimously in the country. Thus is settled a matter of long contention between city and township. The basis of separation is that the city shall retain the $25,000 school building located in the city and the township shall assume about $10,000 of outstanding bonds and be released from helping to support the city schools in the future.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, April 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following Hubbard county postmasters were appointed today: Badoura, A. J. Trusty, vice J. L. Philbrick, removed; Guthrie, H. D. Bauer, vice L. L. Pettingill, resigned.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

NAMED BY M'KINLEY

Gordon Paddock Appointed Secretary of Legation In Corea.

Andrew Cochran to Be Judge of Kentucky Eastern District.

Robert H. Somers Made Indian Agent at the Lower Brule.

Washington, April 25.—The president today made the following appointments:

State—Gordon Paddock, of New York, to be secretary of the legation of the United States at Seoul, Corea; Courtlandt K. Bolles, of Pennsylvania, to be consul of the United States of America at Kehl, Germany; Charles M. Dickinson, to be agent of the United States at Sofia, Bulgaria.

Justice—Andrew M. J. Cochran, of Kentucky, to be United States district judge for the Eastern district of Kentucky.

War—To be colonels of infantry: Col. Milton Thomas and Alfred Myers; to be captains of infantry, Robert Hallen, William Crearry, Oscar J. Charles, Howard W. French, Louis H. Bash, Edward T. Hartmann, Walter S. McBroom, Thomas A. Pierce, Dwight W. Ryther, Benjamin T. Simmons, Girard Sturtevant, Anton Springer, Lawrence B. Simonds, Frederick B. Shaw, Frank B. Watson.

To be second lieutenants in artillery corps: Carroll F. Armisted, Percy P. Bishop, Ralph E. Brown, Winfred Barr, William R. Doores, Joseph B. Douglas, John G. Goodfellow, William F. Haze, Henry J. Hatch, James F. Howell, Peter C. Hains, Jr., Harrison Hall, Edward Kimmel, Robert H. C. Kelton, David McCoach, James B. Mitchell, Hudson Patten, Frederick W. Phisterer, John R. Proctor, Jr., Wright Smith, William F. Stewart, Jr., Alfred A. Starbid, Elmer J. Wallace.

To be second lieutenants of cavalry: John T. Donnelly, William C. Gardenhore, James M. Ewell, Paul B. MacLane, Charles R. Mayo, Rawson Warren.

To be captains in signal corps: Daniel J. Carr, Eugene Ofchet, Otto Netsmith. To be first lieutenants in signal corps: W. H. Mitchell, Mack Cunningham, Henry W. Stamford.

To be quartermaster, with rank of major: James B. Aleshire.

To be surgeons of volunteers, with rank of major: James Lynch. To be assistant surgeons of volunters, with rank of captain: Percy L. Jones, Samuel T. Weirick.

Charles C. How, to be second lieutenant in the Twenty-sixth regiment of infantry, U. S. V.

Homer B. Grant, to be first lieutenant in the Twenty-sixth regiment of infantry, U. S. V.

Charles C. Scudamore, to be second lieutenants in the Forty-second regiment of infantry, U. S. V.

Interior—Robert H. Somers, of South Dakota, to be agent for the Indians of the Lower Brule agency in South Dakota.

IN MICHIGAN.

A Fortune Awaits a Poor Miner of Calumet.

Calumet—Martin Reddington, a surface employe at the Tamarack Junior branch of the Osceola mine, has fallen heir to a fortune of $250,000. He received word this week from an attorney at Roscommon, Ireland, that a rich relative had died and bequeathed to him this amount. Reddington expects to leave for Ireland in a few days to claim his inheritance.

Frank Keller, of Sault Ste. Marie, one-time champion heavyweight pugilist of Michigan, was knocked out Monday night by James Arnold, of Duluth, champion heavyweight of the northwest. The bout was for fifteen 3-minute rounds. Keller was knocked out just a few seconds before the last round was up. Both men did clever work.

Ironwood—A very busy season is in store for the Ashland mine of this city, which was reported to have been nearly worked out two years ago. Since the taking over of the mine by the Hayes brothers a large body of ore not generally known to exist has been opened. The property had been worked out by the Rockefeller interests, to whom the mine was leased, they not knowing the result of the diamond drill borings made from the bottom of the mine in 1892. The property was taken by its owners nearly two years ago, and they at once began the work of rehabilitation. The hidden ore measures were opened, with the result that last year over 200,000 tons of ore were shipped, and a still larger output this season is probable. The mine will begin shipping to Ashland next week. The ore will be hauled entirely by the Wisconsin Central railroad. The Ashland is now giving employment to more than 600 men, and is making large surface as well as underground improvements. An additional 150 men will be started to work next week.

Houghton—Lengthy pleas were made to the jury by the attorneys in the Sumner case at the circuit court. Judge Streeter charged the jury impartially at 4 o'clock and the case was then given to it. A verdict was reached shortly after 8, it being "guilty of manslaughter." with a recommendation to mercy. Sentence will be pronounced later.

Lake Linden—Timothy Linch, of Lake Linden, employed by the Wisconsin Bridge and Iron works on the new addition to the Tamarack mill, fell from the top of the structure at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning and was instantly killed, the fall being one of about fifty feet. Mr. Linch was about 35 years old.

FURNITURE MEN MEET.

Dubuque, Iowa, April 25.—The Furniture Manufacturers' association of the Northwest met here today to complete their organization and consider matters of interest to the trade. The membership includes manufacturers in Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota. The object is to fix a standard scale of prices and prevent rate cutting.

OIL FACTS!

89⅞ per cent of wells drilled in California strike oil

Average well output 60 barrels per day.
Operating expenses of oil production from 3c to 10c per barrel.
Market value of crude oil from 50c to $8.00 per barrel—according to quality of product.
Coalinga oil finds a ready sale at $1.25 per barrel.

Crude oil has a spot cash market value.

Make your own calculations from these figures

Which are authentic, and learn that there is no other industry in the United States capable of giving such large returns on investment—and no business which entails less risk to the investor, while for quick profit there is not an enterprise to equal an investment in a well managed oil company, and this has been demonstrated by a score of newly made millionaires, and thousands of investors who have accumulated wealth during the past twelve months through investments made in California oil companies.

Zenith Oil Co.,

Incorporated under the laws of West Virginia.

Capital Stock - - - - - $2,000,000.

Shares—Par value $1.00. Non-Assesable. No Personal Liability.

The Officers of the Company:

JOHN B. KEHL, President, **GEO. H. CLAYPOOL, Secretary,**
JOSEPH SELLWOOD, V.-Presid't, **BENJAMIN E. WELLS, Treasurer.**

Directors:

John B. Kehl, Vice President First National Bank, Chippewa Falls, Wis.
George M. Smith, Gen. Agt. C., St. P. M. & O. Ry. Co.
George H. Claypool, Secretary Zenith Oil Co.
Joseph Sellwood, Gen. Supt. American Mining Co.
William O. Pealer, Attorney at Law.
Benjamin E. Wells, Treasurer Zenith Oil Co.
Thomas Gibson, Grain Com., Duluth Board of Trade.

This company owns 1325 acres of oil lands in Section 35, Township 20, South Range 14 East; Sections 1 and 2, Township 21, South Range 14 East, in the famous **Coalinga Oil District;** Fresno County, California, acknowledged by all prominent oil men to be the best oil lands in the state, surrounded by some of the largest producing wells in this district. Fifty wells in this district producing oil—one within one hundred feet of the south line of our properties.

150,000 shares of this stock are now open to public subscription at-------- **12½c per share**

The Company and its Management:

Men at the helm whose character and business ability stand the closest investigation.

Haven't a dollar of indebtedness other than current daily expenses.

Have no salaried officers.

Every dollar raised from sale of stock will be applied to actual working expenses.

The present oil development offers unparalleled opportunities to make money—we believe that this company's stock bought now at its present low price will be a profitable investment.

Have an abundance of reserve capital stock for developing more wells.

Write or Call for Prospectus.

Copies of literature, blank applications and further information concerning the company will be gladly furnished on application in person or by mail. **Stock can be purchased of—**

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,
Investment Bankers,
112 Exchange Bank Building.

Offices of the Company,
601 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.

HIS EYES SIGHTLESS.

But He Will Proceed to Practice Medicine.

Chicago, April 25.—George S. Dobbins, 81 Park avenue, who has been wholly blind for more than eighteen years, yesterday graduated with honor from the Chicago homeopathic Medical college and immediately takes his place among the eight or ten blind physicians now successfully practicing medicine in the United States.

Four years ago, when Dr. Dobbins applied for admission to the Chicago Homeopathic college, members of the faculty and students refused to believe that he could keep pace with the studies or hold his own at the clinical demonstrations and diagnose diseases. But the blind student fooled them all. Remarkable power of concentration, developed by years of dependence upon hearing, touch and smell, enabled him to memorize lectures, which escaped the dissipated observations of more fortunate students. His refined sense of hearing became the wonder of his class in the use of stethoscope, percussion and other tests of lung and chest affections which must be diagnosed by scund. In the appreciation of tumors, cancers, inflammation and other ailments that are adjudged by the operator's touch, Mr. Dobbins quickly demonstrated his superiority, and he was not in the college a year before he was recognized and respected as one of the leading students.

Dr. G. S. Dobbins was born in Peoria forty-six years ago. His father, T. S. Dobbins, was president of the Chicago & Pacific Railroad company, and it was in the service of that road that young Dobbins became an expert telegraph operator and typewriter. Dr. Dobbins will take a post graduate course.

WOMEN ARE COWHIDED.

Result of Anti-Vice Crusade In Virginia.

Suffolk, Va., April 25.—As a result of an anti-vice crusade Carrie Palmer and Lavinia White were officially cowhided in the city hall by Chief of Police Ames.

The young women quivered with pain as twenty stripes from a rawhide were laid upon their backs. When the whipping was over they were exiled from town, never to return, on the penalty of fifty lashes upon the naked skin.

The officials mean to continue the stringent penalties until objectionable conditions in the town are wiped out. This was the first cowhiding of women in Suffolk's history.

ALDERMANIC PRIDE.

"Bath House John" to Pull Out of Business.

Chicago, April 25.—John J. Coughlin intends to get out of the business which gave him the nickname of "Bath House John." He also wants to get away from the nickname and to be known as Alderman Coughlin, or the author of "Dear Midnight of Love." He is at present in the banking and brokerage business, but he does not worry if he is not called Banker Coughlin. He would rather be alderman than anything else.

Alderman Coughlin dropped out of the saloon business two years ago, and yesterday he decided to dispose of his interest in the Turkish bath house. It was hard pulling for the alderman to quit his first start in life. He was employed at $3 a week thirty years ago as a rubber in a bath house and built up a small fortune in the business. But he has determined to be a banker and an alderman only, and May 1 will see his exit as the owner of a bath house.

TANNER BURIED.

Nationalists Were Excluded From the Ceremony.

London, April 25.—The remains of Dr. Charles K. D. Tanner were interred privately in Kensal Green cemetery this morning. Scarcely a dozen persons were present. The nationalists, who were expected to attend in force, were entirely excludd from the ceremony owing to a disagreement with Dr. Tanner's sister, who privately advanced the ceremony two hours. Later in the day, however, large numbers of nationalists visited the grave, on which wreaths from Mr. Sexton and others were deposited.

"The Land of the Sky" Country.

Avoid the rigors of early spring in the north by going to the mountain section of Western North Carolina, one of the most beautiful countries on earth with climatic advantages second to none. In this region are situated the attractive resorts of Asheville, Hot Springs, Tryon, Sapphyre and Black Mountain, where there are superior hotel accommodations and visitors to this country find it at all seasons of the year most advantageous.

Round trip tourist tickets on sale from all points. For literature, rates, etc., write or call on George B. Allen, A. G. P., Southern railway, St. Louis, Mo., or J. C. Beam, Jr., N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

"The Bicycle That Pleases!"

"Imperial Wheels"

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

"The Go-Lightly Kind!"

See the one we sell for **$27.50**

1901 model; has Morgan & Wright tires, adjustable handle bar and all the other late improvements.

Inspect our late improved Model ***"Chainless"*** for -------- **$55.00**

Cushion Frames and Coaster Brakes. Easy Payments.

The G. C. Steele Co.,

Complete House Furnishings,

DULUTH, - - - MINNESOTA.

THEY ARE TICKLED

Lumbermen Are Rejoicing Over the White Pine Situation.

The Stocks, Sales and Possible Output Well Known.

Advance In Prices About May 1 Is Considered Likely.

Timbermen and lumbermen in the Northwest are said to be rejoicing exceedingly over the white pine situation, and they say that its strength on the great lakes is well demonstrated. Sales during the past six months have been of such magnitude and at such a price that they have easily become public property. With the stock of white pine on hand definitely known, the product fairly well predicted for the future and the sales a matter of record, it is not only easy to estimate the current situation, but to make a fairly accurate prediction for the future, says the American Lumberman. Statistics regarding the situation in the interior are harder to get because the operations are so scattered, but transactions have been numerous, if of a smaller average size. The Lumberman gives some significant figures that are available from week to week. It places Minneapolis in the front rank of the car trade market, but says that the situation elsewhere is even better than at Minneapolis, and it is thought that the trade of the year of the interior mills of Minnesota and Wisconsin will surpass that of 1899, which was almost a phenomenal year in the lumber trade. This will be possible because of the demand and the prospective supply.

The logging operations of the winter have been successful and the mills are getting a fairly early start, so that with the prospects of plenty of water in the driving streams the total cut will probably equal that of other years at most mills, and some will do even a little better. Thus far business has been a little handicapped by the broken conditions of stocks, and if supplies had been adequate to the requirements, shipments would have been much heavier. It is felt that through the year the only influence restrictive of trade may be an inadequate supply.

Those in a position to know say that the wholesale stocks of this district have never been as badly broken as they are this spring. There is a shortage of practically everything except No. 4 boards and some sizes of dimensions, and if it had not been for the resawing of piece stuff, many concerns would have been obliged to suspend the taking of orders. One feature of the new demand is the order for special stuff, and some of the local manufacturers have so much work ahead that they have been obliged to turn down similar orders. It will take some weeks of steady sawing to bring stocks up to their normal level.

Another thing claimed is that the experience of the past year will be likely to lead the manufacturers to cut a larger percentage of inch stuff this year. It is the inch stuff, from No. 3 boards up, on which the manufacturers of the Northwest depend.

Again the white pine handlers are feeling optimistic because they believe that the demand will be broader and more general in its character this year than formerly. The trade came chiefly from the country in 1900. In 1899 it came chiefly from the cities. This year the business is looked for in large volume from both sources, as the building activities of the cities promises to be very large and of the country larger than last year.

Under the conditions it is not strange that there is a tendency among the white pine wholesalers in favor of an advance in prices, and it is said that some concerns have issued lists considerably higher than the recognized basis. On the other hand the more conservative say that the advance will not be general unless it has unanimous approval. It now looks as though an advance would be likely about May 1, providing the weather conditions are such that the country trade will open about that time.

Thus far this week, outside of commencement of mill operations, the large business here has been a little quiet, the manufacturers awaiting developments. But few buyers from the East have been in the city this week.

RECOMMENDS.

Congressman Morris Has Selected Walter Congdon For West Point.

Congressman Morris has nominated Walter Congdon, of 1509 East Superior street, for appointment to the United States military academy. Should he accept, the secretary of war will probably make the appointment immediately giving Mr. Congdon the opportunity of reporting at West Point for the June examinations or taking the January examinations so as to enter the academy next summer. Appointments are usually made by the secretary of war one year in advance.

Walter Congdon was highest in the competitive examination for appointment to the United States naval academy a year ago. He failed on the physical examination at Annapolis owing to a very slight defect in one eye.

While the nomination of Mr. Congdon is well received, there may be some expressions of regret on the part of other boys who cherish a generous ambition to win an appointment through competitive examination. The nominations, however, may either be made by competitive examination or given direct at the option of the representative. Should the present nominee pass the examinations, there will be another nomination from the Eighth congressional district for four years, unless the number of cadetships should be increased to meet the demands for commissioned officers in the constantly growing regular army. At present the number of students in the military academy is limited to 481, giving one for every congressman and thirty to be appointed at large by the president.

Appointees to the military academy must be between 17 and 22 years of age, free from any infirmity that may render them unfit for military service and able to pass a careful examination in reading, writing, orthography, arithmetic, grammar, geography and history of the United States.

Mr. Congdon is now attending school at Pottsville, Pa., where he will graduate about the middle of June. The West Point summer examinations are held early in June at the conclusion of the academic year and those passing report for service in camp.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

"The Poor Man Can Have it; The Rich Man's Money Cannot Buy Better."

It's inexpensive, handsome and durable. The popular

Dyer Bros'. Organ. For home, church or school.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

BOAT CLUB.

Annual Meeting and Election---To Procure New Site.

At the annual meeting of the Duluth Boat club, held at the Spalding last evening it was virtually decided to have a new home for the club on Minnesota Point providing a suitable site could be secured reasonably. The members desire a change on account of the crowded condition of the slip at the foot of the Sixth avenue viaduct, and the danger in getting in and out with small row boats and shells. The site now occupied by the boathouse is a very valuable piece of dock property, owned by the Great Northern interests and the club's tenure is uncertain. Although it has never been threatened.

A new site will be looked up and either purchased or leased in order to get into the new quarters during the coming season which promises much in the way of pleasure.

At the meeting the following officers were elected: George Spencer, president; G. G. Barnum, first vice president; C. D. Shepard, second vice president; W. L. McLennan, secretary; J. H. Barnes, treasurer; J. D. Mahoney, captain; N. L. Leach, lieutenant; John H. Upham, jr., ensign; Capt. Alex McDougall, W. C. Sargent and E. N. Bradley, directors.

The club now owns about $5000 worth of property and has a cash balance in the treasury of $1000. There is no outstanding indebtedness.

There is something like 100 members and this will be increased during the coming season. It having been decided to reduce the admission fee from $25 to $10 for a very limited period.

UNDER A STREET CAR.

Frank Porter's Narrow Escape From Injury.

Yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock, Frank Porter, of the Porter Music company, had about as close a call from serious injury as will probably ever fall to his lot. He was in his single rig in front of the music store near Fourth avenue west on Superior street and suddenly started to cross the street railway track without looking to see if a car was coming. An Interstate car was going east and struck the rig amidships. Mr. Porter was thrown out and the fender passed over him scraping him along on his back. The motorman had reversed and the car had came to a sudden stop just as Mr. Porter was a very few feet from the wheels. He crawled out from under the car, and within a few minutes jumped into the rig and drove off, considerably shaken up, but as far as could be seen without a scratch. The rig was slightly damaged.

Newton Is Chosen.

The friends of Capt. Harry W. Newton, of West Superior, who was with Gen. Funston in his famous capture of Aguinaldo, are pleased to note that his name is among those of volunteer army officers that have been recommended by President McKinley for commissions in the regular army. It is believed that Capt. Newton's name had been considered before the Funston exploit and that even better things may be in store for him. Both branches of the Wisconsin legislature have passed a joint resolution providing a medal for Capt. Newton and asking the president to give him a commission in the regular army.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers.

Wins His First Game.

Roy Patterson, the former Duluth twirler, won the first game of the American league season for the Chicago team yesterday. He had excellent control and great speed, allowing but seven scattered hits. Chicago won over Cleveland by a score of 8 to 2.

Last season Patterson was easily the best pitcher in the American league, having graduated from the Oneota Park diamond the season before. He won seventeen games and lost but six, giving him an average of .736. This year he will have some difficulty in holding his position as the head of the list owing to the number of crack National league pitchers that have deserted to the ranks of the American.

To Have New Schools.

Prosperity seems to be the order of things at Hibbing and Two Harbors, for both towns are planning the erections of fine school houses. The plans are now out among Duluth contractors for figures. The Hibbing school will cost about $50,000 and the Two Harbors school from $20,000 to $25,000.

TIME FOR FIBBING

Personal Property Assessment to Begin Next Week.

Period When Prevarication Is the Universal Rule.

Assessors to Meet Saturday and Receive Instructions.

Saturday the assessors of St. Louis county will come into the office of the county auditor to get their blanks and instructions, and to make ready for their annual canvass of the county to size up the value of its personal property.

May 1, which is next Wednesday, the assessors will start out on their work, and then there will begin a period when prevarication will run riot through the community. Some very conscientious people will compound with their consciences and tell whoppers about the value of their possessions, and they will be comforted by the thought that everybody else is doing the same thing and that the assessors expect it and would be shocked inexpressibly if they did not meet it as expected.

Dialogues like this will be the rule when the assessors make their rounds:

Assessor—Good morning, ma'am. I'm the assessor. I've called to see about your personal property.

The lady of the house—Oh, good morning. Come in. We thought our assessment last year was too high, and I hope you will make it low enough this year.

Assessor—Yes, ma'am. How much is your furniture worth?

The lady of the house—About $100 at the outside, I think.

Assessor (gravely noting it down and mentally noting several pieces of furniture alone worth that much)—Have you a piano?

The lady of the house—Yes, an old, jangly thing we have been trying to sell for $30. Better put that down at about $40.

Assessor—Yes, ma'am. Got any jewels, silver, etc.?

The lady of the house—Oh, dear, no!

And so on.

The scene is the same, but it is afternoon, and a caller is there on whom the lady of the house desires to make an impression.

The caller—What a lovely piano!

The lady of the house—Yes, it's a beautiful thing. Such a charming tone. But then it ought to be, because it cost $800 only the other day.

The caller—I think you have such a delightful home. I told Mr. Caller the other day that I believed your home was one of the best furnished ones in the city.

And so on. It must not be imagined that the lady of the house does all the prevaricating. Sometimes the assessor simply leaves a blank to be filled out, and the man of the house gets at that and fills it and swears to it as being the "true value" of his personal belongings.

Of course it is the custom, and of course if any one person departed from it and gave in the actual value of his property he would be doing himself an unnecessary injustice. The law provides that property shall be listed at its true value, but it is never done. Even real estate is listed by the assessors at an equal proportion of its actual value, usually 50 per cent in Duluth, and the valuation of personal property is a sort of catch-as-catch-can, with the assessed values forming only a small portion of the actual value. Personal property includes furniture, jewels, silverware, pianos, organs, animals, stocks, royalties, cash, bonds, stocks of merchandise, manufacturers' materials and manufactured articles, etc., and last year in St. Louis county the total was only $5,383,721, and $4,192,609 was the amount in the city of Duluth.

THE NORMAL.

Work on the School Is Progressing Rapidly.

Work on the normal school building is progressing rapidly. The floor joists are in place and the roof is now being put on. Progress is necessarily somewhat slow for the work of filling the burned portions of the building is not such as can be rapidly done.

The stone work in the front of the building will all have to come down. From the outside it looks all right, but practically every stone is ruined so far as its use in this building is concerned. The heat shivered them wherever it struck. The stones were filled with frost at the time, and the heat chipped off large portions. On the backs of the stones from three to five or six inches had dropped off. All of the dressed stone is sandstone, but it is not that variety of stone alone that was damaged. The Duluth trap rock did the same thing, although not quite to such an extent as did the other. All of this stone must come down and be replaced, and the cutting of new stone will delay work somewhat.

The brick stood the heat splendidly, and scarcely shows the effect of fire.

While matters are being somewhat delayed this does not mean that the school will not be completed on time. On the contrary the contractors are confident that it will be ready a little in advance if anything.

PRIEST URGES MARRIAGE

Members of His Flock Follow the Advice.

New York, April 25.—Rev. Thaddeus Hogan, of St. John's Roman Catholic church in Trenton, is anxious to have all members of his church married. In an address to the unmarried men of his congregation, recently, he insisted on their marrying early in life. A man earning $10 a week and upward could support a wife. After a reasonable time he would compel each single man and woman to rent a whole pew in his church as a license fee for single blessedness.

It is evident that Father Hogan's advice is meeting with a great deal of success, for since the last lecture several engagements have been announced.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 10; Chicago, 9.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Pittsburg, 5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Cleveland, 2.

"R. and L. T." Don't get discouraged!

1887-1901 14th Anniversary Sale.

PANTON WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain Counter No. 3. Cheviots, Storm Serges, Henriettas, Cashmeres, Prunellas, Sicilians, Homespuns, Broadcloths and Venetians; best $1 to $2.65 values at **79c**

Anniversary Sale Bargain Friday.

WE EMBARKED in the mercantile business in Duluth in 1887, just fourteen years ago. It is unnecessary to speak of our progress, as most of you are familiar with it. Past achievements are not what interest you now, we speak of the wonderful success of the 14th Anniversary Sale which is now in progress—the most generously patronized and the greatest triumph we have ever scored in price-making—unprecedented in the savings we are making for our patrons. Tomorrow, in addition to being the second day of the sale, is **Bargain Friday**, and no matter how well we have satisfied you on previous Bargain Fridays—no matter how low the prices you have formerly found here Friday—tomorrow we are prepared to outdo every similar event. All the prices quoted in last night's Herald for the Anniversary sale hold good tomorrow, with the addition of the following new bargains. Study the prices—make your own comparisons—remember that we live up to every promise—and come straight to headquarters tomorrow and save money.

An unqualified success.

Pan-American skirts; undermuslins; Sacques.

Dressing Sacques 49c

Pan-American walking skirt—a strictly new thing—we are the first and only store in Duluth showing the new genuine Pan-American Walking Skirts. They are made in two styles—from fine Buffalo melton, in gray, brown, blue and black. The fabric will resist rain, keep its shape, and shed dust easily. Cut in the new Exposition style, with deep flaring flounce, 17 rows stitching, and a slight overskirt effect—exclusive with us—at **$11.75**

Pan-American walking skirts, style 2, made from Empire State cloth, manufactured expressly for Exposition wear. A good, sensible skirt, and a marvelous value at the price. Made with flaring bottom, stitched. They hang perfectly. Colors: oxford brown, gray and black. Ladies' sizes selling at $3.98—misses' sizes **$3.25**

Muslin Drawers 25c

Muslin underwear sale, 50 doz more of those Ladies' fine Muslin Drawers go on sale at 25c. They are perfectly made, full width, and sanitary, as all our muslin undergarments are. Yoke band, some umbrella patterns, others plain with several tucks. These drawers are worth 35c. They are made of muslin that is substantial (not cheese cloth as you will find at cheap stores)—sale price **25c**

New dressing sacques in white lawn, made of splendid quality white lawn, with satin collar edged with lace. Splendidly made and perfect fit—65c values—price **49c**

Pan-American skirt $1.34

Silks; dress goods.

Anniversary silk bargains—

$1.00 Silks 49c

Foulards at half price—the greatest opportunity ever offered in Duluth to buy 1901 Spring Foulard Silks—worth $1—in the latest designs and colors at a price unheard of; Anniversary sale ..... **49c** at...

$1.75 Silks 59c

Black and colored silks, less than half price Peau de Soie, Satin Duchess, Poplin, Grosgrain, Regence, Satin Liberty, Taffeta, Novelties in stripes, dots and figures—values up to $1.75—Anniversary price only, at **59c**

Black dress goods.

$2.50 Worsteds $1.98

Anniversary sale. The finest collection of Black Dress Goods shown in the city. We show goods made by the leading domestic and foreign manufacturers. Priestley's goods are shown in profusion in patterns that can't be had elsewhere Priestley's 50-in. English Clay Worsted, worth $2.50—Anniversary price **$1.98**

$1.75 Camel's Hair $1.25

Priestley's 54-inch Camel's Hair Black Goods—extra heavy weight; worth $1.75—Anniversary price **$1.25**

$1.00

Priestley's 44-inch Crape Cloth, extra fine finish—worth $1.50—Anniversary price **$1.00**

Col'd dress goods.

75c Serges 49c

A genuine sale where every piece is backed by our guarantee—we have marked every piece on sale at a price that defies competition—10 pieces beautiful finished Storm Serges in all colors; worth 75c; Anniversary price **49c**

Kabo corsets, $1.

$1.00

(Like cut), 500 of them just received in the new straight front, bias gored with the new box effect like cut. This corset has 10½ inch clasps with triple hooks at bottom, made of the finest imported jean. Dip bust, supporting tabs at extreme front of bottom. Colors—white, drab and black. sizes 18 to 30. Positively the best fitting corset in the world, and equal to any $1.75 corset made. Guaranteed to fit and wear or money refunded. Price **$1.00**

Infants' shoes.

39c

A great offering for Bargain Friday only of Infants' soft sole Shoes—your choice of any style, color or quality in the house, including our regular 48c; 59c and 75c values, on sale at **39c**

Hosiery.

25c

Men's Florenza Silk Half Hose, Richelieu rib front, silk embroidered between, or elegant lace fronts. We have black, navy, purple, tan, dark cardinal, 35c values—Anniversary price **25c**

29c

Ladies' fine black maco cotton Hose, made expressly to our order, correct in length, width and quality—made with ecru split soles, best at 35c—Anniversary price **29c**

55c

Mellin's Food, Bargain Friday Anniversary price for the 75c size **55c**

15c

Hat Pins, your pick of any 25c Hat Pin in the house, at the Bargain Friday Anniversary price **15c**

37c

Boston Bags, your choice of our regular 50c Boston Bags, Bargain Friday **37c**

13c

Black Rock, a tale of the Selkirks, by Ralph Connor, bound in cloth, and a first-class edition, Anniversary price **13c**

Carpets and draperies

Our carpet and drapery departments are the most active and busy departments in the Big Store, and there are good causes for it—

Quality Counts.

First—we have the assortments, second—we have the qualities, third—we have the right prices.

The coupon and installment houses that give long credits and ask correspondingly long prices, and the people with cash, realize that our prices are not to be matched.

$1.69

Friday's rug bargains, Persian Wilton rugs, oriental designs, domestic make, sizes 36x60, anniversary price **$1.69**

3½c

Cream Window Scrim, 36 inches wide, good patterns, sold everywhere at 5c and 6c; Bargain Friday **3½c**

Seeds, bulbs and

2 for 5c

Roots for Spring planting are now on sale here. Vegetable seeds, flower seeds, all at cut prices—5c packages selling at ..... **2 for 5c**

Hardware Dept.

2 for 5c

Tooth Picks—the ordinary double point, hardwood kind, big boxes, regulation size picks—limit 2—special 2 boxes for **5c**

6c each

Glue—Le Pages, famous the world over—best for "fixing things"—not more than two bottles to a customer at—each **6c**

Crockery Dept.

10c each

Tooth Pick Holders—made of opal, artistically touched with gold—have full gold tops—special—each **10c**

2c

Salts and Peppers—two kinds—one price, one on open pattern, imitation cut glass, the other comes in assorted colors with full metal cap—choice of all these—each **2c**

10c

Security Hose Supporters, made of super lisle elastic, and sold regularly for 18c and 20c a pair—ladies' and young ladies' sizes, Anniversary price **10c**

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

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Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. / Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c A WEEK.

EVERY EVENING, DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
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One year (in advance)	$5.00

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 25.—Light rains fell over Montana, Assiniboia, the Red River valley and Southern Michigan, and copious to heavy rains at stations near the North Atlantic coast. Low pressure areas overlie Montana, Wyoming, Western South Dakota and New England. The barometer continues high in the lake region and Mississippi valley. Fair weather is the rule except in Northwest Canada, Montana, North Dakota and New England states. Mild temperatures continue, except in Washington and Alberta where they are slightly below freezing in places.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	86	Memphis	76
Bismarck	78	Miles City	58
Boston	44	Milwaukee	62
Buffalo	56	Minnedosa	74
Calgary	52	Modena	74
Charleston	66	Montgomery	74
Chicago	52	Moorhead	76
Cincinnati	60	New Orleans	74
Davenport	66	New York	52
Denver	76	North Platte	82
Detroit	62	Oklahoma	88
Dodge City	86	Omaha	72
Duluth	58	Pittsburg	58
Edmonton	52	Port Arthur	56
El Paso	86	Portland	60
Escanaba	62	Qu' Appelle	56
Galveston	74	Rapid City	78
Green Bay	60	San Francisco	58
Havre	62	Santa Fe	68
Helena	58	Shreveport	80
Houghton	52	Spokane	56
Huron	76	St. Louis	70
Jacksonville	72	St. Paul	74
Kamloops	52	Sault Ste. Marie	64
Kansas City	74	Swift Current	60
Knoxville	64	Washington	54
La Crosse	72	Williston	66
Los Angeles	72	Winnipeg	74
Marquette	54	Wilmemucca	70

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Friday; fresh easterly winds. H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 25.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Friday. Minnesota—Fair tonight followed by showers Friday; warmer in northwest portion; fresh easterly winds. North and South Dakota—Showers tonight and Friday; cooler Friday.

The Decline In Nevada's Population.

The causes of the decline in the population of the state of Nevada are being extensively discussed by the press and those who make a study of statistics. That the state has lost heavily is shown by census figures. In 1872, the population was 42,491; in 1880, 62,266; in 1890, 45,761, and in 1900, 42,334. So the population of Nevada after climbing up to 62,266 in 1880, has dwindled down to where it was in 1872. Though the state has suffered an alarming decline in population, it is nevertheless, on record that Nevada has produced $600,000,000 in gold and silver, or more than any other state in the Union. Congressman F. G. Newlands, in the New York Independent, explains the condition of affairs in Nevada partly upon the ground that most of the mining industries of the state have been promoted by San Francisco capital, and that on account of the proximity of San Francisco, there has been no necessity for establishing important metropolitan centers in Nevada. In consequence of this fact Nevada has simply furnished the mining camps, while the commercial operations which have resulted from the vast output of gold and silver have been carried on in California. Thus California, besides reaping the profits of her own mines, has also reaped a large measure of profits of Nevada's mines. In other words, Nevada has simply been an annex to California. It is also claimed that the railroads have discriminated against Nevada, and refused to give the state the benefit of such rates and accommodations as is given to others to promote colonizing enterprises. Mr. Newlands is hopeful of better things for Nevada. He says that the owners of the Central Pacific are now interested in the development of the state, and that with no other enterprises of an outside character to distract them, they will probably succeed in infusing fresh life into the arteries of trade and in stimulating the work of colonization. Again, he says that congress can do much toward improving matters in Nevada; that the adoption of the right irrigation policy on the part of the federal government, the reclamation of the public lands in the arid regions and the proper regulation of the destructive busines of timber cutting will have an important effect upon the future growth and prosperity of the state.

New York's Kidnaping Case.

The longer the little New York boy, Willie McCormick, remains lost, the greater the disgrace to that city. The Buffalo Express says: "It is better that the city of New York spend $1,000,000 to recover the boy Willie McCormick and punish his abductors than that one cent should be paid by his parents to ransom him." The New York World discussing the same subject says that the payment of a reward for the boy's release would simply be putting a premium on kidnaping and would continue to breed such crimes as did the Cudahy affair. Continuing the World says: "The Cudahy precedent is now being followed by the McCormick family. Having no hope of getting the boy back through the action—or rather inaction—of the police and other city authorities, they are now offering $5000 for his return and "no questions asked." It is not reasonable to find fault with them for doing this. But the peril to which their action exposes all other parents and children is none the less palpable and deplorable. The city of New York, as the World pointed out when the abduction of this boy was reported, had a plain duty to perform. That duty was to put in prompt and energetic motion all its police resources and to offer an ample reward for the finding of the lad and the arrest of his captors. The city having completely failed to do its duty, the McCormick family is left to defend itself as best it can, and is doing it on the "no questions asked" principle. It is to be hoped it will succeed; but its success will give the crime of kidnaping, not only in this city, but far and near, a tremendous encouragement." But little can be expected of the police in a city like New York. In fact they would rather defeat the return of the child than have their will thwarted. Even then the distracted family is willing to negotiate with a prominent gambler for the release of the boy the police threaten to arrest the broker who proposes to aid in the recovery. The New York Journal prints an interview with Chief of Detectives Titus concerning the proposition to have Pat Sheedy, a gambler, negotiate with the kidnapers, in which he says: "If Patrick Sheedy connives with any kidnapers or felons we will arrest him for compounding a felony. It is a sad state of affairs and it would seem to be a case where the governor could properly take a hand.

CLEAN THE CITY!

The Herald trusts that the residents of Duluth will not forget the mayor's injunction to make Arbor day, which is Friday of this week, a general cleaning day. A small amount of work on the part of each individual householder will work an amazing change in the appearance of the city and put it in a fairly clean condition. The municipal authorities are cleaning the streets, avenues and alleys, but they cannot go on private property and remove the rubbish and dirt that can be found in many yards—the accumulation of months and, in some cases, years.

Let there be a general response to the mayor's appeal and the effect will be highly beneficial to all. Every householder should have sufficient pride in the appearance of his own abode to clean it thoroughly and keep it clean.

WU'S TRADE ADVICE.

If this man Wu is a typical Chinaman, we would do well to follow the lead of Chinese civilization. Granting that he is an exception, the opinion must still be held that what is called Christian civilization is not the whole thing by any manner of means. Minister Wu no doubt picked up much of his practical wisdom by rubbing against the world. He may be regarded as a living example of the reformed adage, "The rolling stone gathers no moss, but it gets a mighty fine polish." Polish he certainly has, and a polish of a practical sense. He is at home in diplomacy, in philosophy, in religion and in trade. At a recent manufacturers' dinner, where he was an honored guest, he gave the Americans some very valuable advice regarding their export trade. He called attention to the fact that they did not study the tastes of the people with whom they propose to trade. He expressed surprise that a nation so progressive as the Americans should fail to adapt its exports to the tastes and prejudices of foreigners. Instead of trying to accommodate themselves and what they have to sell to the demands, they rush in blindly and attempt to create a demand for what they have to sell.

To illustrate: The Chinese never wear woolen, and it is useless to try to create a market for woolen goods by making a low price. The people do not want the goods. Instead of sending over shiploads of cotton prints and the regulation product of our home mills, which has been prepared for this or the European market, coarse, unbleached cotton cloth, 22 inches wide, and cut in three-yard lengths, should be placed on the market, because it fits the taste and prejudice of the people. This advice should be followed out, not only with China, but with every other country with which we seek to deal. It is easier to find out what is wanted and manufacture that, than it is to create a taste and then fill the want.

The advice of Wu would be worth millions to the manufacturers if they would follow it out. Agents sent to the various countries where trade is sought, whose duty is to discover the wants and prejudices of the people, as well as what they need, would be able to open up markets which could never be touched by the regulation goods. Keep on with your advice, Mr. Wu.

ANIMUS OF IMPERIALISM.

While the supreme court is pondering over the question of the advisability of allowing the administration to establish a colonial system of government for our insular possessions, it might be interesting to know how other nations are getting on with their colonies. About one-third of the world is ruled by what is called the colonial system. Including the provinces over which Turkey and China claim a sort of suzerainty, the colonial possessions of the various nations number 124. Some of these are free, all but in name. The only tie between the new Australian commonwealth and England is the governor general. Canada has another tie, in the judiciary, the law giving an appeal in certain cases to the house of lords of England. Beside this system, England has another in which the crown appoints all the public officers and the members of the senate, the house of commons alone being elected by the people. Then there are the crown colonies in which all power of government is lodged in the crown. These three divisions represent the scope of colonial governments with their root in a monarchy. France at present allows her colonies to participate in the general government by electing representatives to her legislative bodies.

Our territorial governtment, under the constitution, resembles in its main features the average colonial government. It is not so liberal as that of Canada and some other British provinces, but more so than the crown colonies. The federal authority is represented by the governor and the federal courts, while the people are allowed certain representatives in congress, but without a vote. This system is eminently fitted to the needs of both Porto Rico and the Philippines. It is not the form of government to which the administration objects, but the constitutional guarantees in the line of trade which go with a territory. The administration is struggling to secure its favorite monopolies from the competition of these new possessions. It is a matter of exploitation. The trust interests would like to have these islands to do with them as they wish—to use them as a general dumping ground for surplus goods, while prohibiting imports that would in any way interfere with the domestic monopoly. England, with all her colonies, does not pretend to interfere in their trade relations. The lesson taught over a century ago has been remembered by England, but forgotten by us. We are trying to involve ourselves in the same tangle of inconsistencies that was the undoing of George III.

GOVERNOR ODELL, REFORMER.

Governor Odell of New York is making a record as a practical reformer that will make "Our Teddy" look "like thirty cents," to employ the inelegant phrase of the Bowery. Among the laws looking to the betterment of the lower classes are those relating to the construction of tenement houses. A new city bureau, known as the tenement house department, has been created to see that the laws are complied with. Under the new law every tenement house of more than five stories shall be fire proof. Fire escapes, consisting of stairways constructed at an angle of forty-five degrees and connected by balconies, must be placed in front of every tenement house.

To insure the proper amount of light and air all tenements hereafter erected must bear a certain relation to the width of the street. None can be higher than the width of the street, plus 33 per cent. Every tenement sixty feet in height must have a yard twelve feet deep in the rear and one foot must be added for every twelve feet addition to the height. The minimum size of the rooms is prescribed, as is also the amount of window space. No amount of charity work will do the good that such laws for the benefit of those who are compelled to take what is offered them in the way of places of abode will accomplish. The session of the New York legislature this winter has been marked with the characteristic good sense of the man at the head of the government, as this tenement house sample shows.

The London Times is deriving comfort from the thought that our supply of iron ore cannot held out forever, and thus England may see the time again when it will produce cheaper pig iron than this country. It says that it is not probable that the virgin ores from the Lake Superior mines can be worked much longer. It has been informed that the iron ores and coal mines of the South may never know again such advantageous conditions as those under which they have been worked. If the news it has "is anywhere near the mark, the scarcity of good coke should begin to be felt within the next ten years." Some person must have been "stuffing" the Times. There is no present indication of the Lake Superior ore deposits being soon exhausted. There is more in sight now than at any previous time in the history of this region.

Mrs. Frank Freedman, of Ansonia, Conn., has brought a suit which, it is claimed, will establish or overthrow the right of wives to go through their husband's pockets. When Freedman came home recently he took off his coat, slipped on another and went to call on a neighbor. Mrs. Freedman searched the discarded garment for money, when a dynamite cartridge exploded, tearing off two of her fingers. Freedman bought the coat of Joseph Frazer and never had worn it before, and Mrs. Freedman sues Frazer for $5000 damages, claiming negligence. Undoubtedly Frazer will plead in defense that Mrs. Freedman had no right to put her fingers in her husband's pockets.

The man who assaulted Emperor William has been driven mad by the brutality of his keepers. Possibly there is a method in the actions of the keepers and that they intend not only to drive the prisoner mad but to drive him to suicide. Such things have happened frequently. The culprit is practically condemned to death when he enters his prison, in cases where to have legally killed him would have created comment not desirable.

"The gentlemen who point to a treasury full of gold as an evidence of prosperity would doubtless point to a roundhouse full of dead engines as a proof that the railroad was doing an immense freight business," is the way in which the Omaha World-Herald comments on the large surplus in the United States treasury.

Count von Waldersee will find that he has bumped against the real thing when he attempts to come any sharp practice on Gen. Chaffee. He will learn that he is not dealing with John Bull or the representative of an antiquated power but with Uncle Sam, U. S. A.

Sir Thomas Lipton says that his only dread concerning his forthcoming visit to America is that he may be called upon to make after-dinner speeches. Cheer up, Sir Thomas, there are a great many worse speakers than you are and they are not half as good fellows.

Adolphus Busch, the St. Louis brewer, has cut down the allowance of his son Peter to $50 a week because of his excessive use of cigarettes. There are a great many young men who would be willing to smoke excessively for the sake of that income.

It may be, after all, says the Boston Globe, that the old proverb which says "there's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip" will find its next notable exemplification in the case of William McKinley, seeking an LL.D at Harvard.

The Kansas City World says: "An Iowa farmer wants the treasury to give him new money in place of six $5 bills that were eaten by a goat. The officials seem to be in doubt but are inclined to think that there is no redemption for goats.

The fact that the physician of the late Chris Magee sent in an itemized bill for $190,000 for services shows that he expected trouble to collect it. But when a physician sends an itemized bill what more can you expect?

It would seem that Andrew Carnegie could better build a few modern tenement houses in New York rather than sixty-five libraries. New York certainly needs better care of the poor than she does new libraries.

Though excommunicated and exiled, the venerable Count Tolstoi is still a power in Russia.

J. P. Morgan listened to the apology of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach as he presented the $900,000,000 budget to the house of commons. It must have been a pleasant occasion for the great financier. The need of large sums of money is always soothing to the ear of the capitalist.

The scheme of Honore Palmer, the millionaire alderman of Chicago, of establishing a ward office where his constituents can call and see him, is not a bad idea. It might be followed to advantage in many cities.

A baby elephant at the Indianapolis zoo has been named "Carrie Nation." It would have been more appropriate if the keepers had waited and given the name to a young wild cat.

And now it is charged that King Edward of England is "near." He is not the only European sovereign possessing that trait.

LIGHT AND BRIGHT.

Chicago Tribune: Uncle Sam (bristling up)—What's the matter with my beef, anyway?

John Bull—There's too —— much of it!

Brooklyn Life: "They are not engaged yet? I suppose he is slow and sure."

"Well, he's slow, but she isn't at all sure."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I think Edward VII makes a great mistake in putting off his coronation so long."

"What's the reason?"

"His head will probably get so swelled the crown won't fit it."

Philadelphia Times: "Cats were much larger formerly than now."

"What proof have you?"

"When those Kilkenny cats fought on the line there were eight feet between them."

Detroit Journal: "Saw the loveliest hat at church today!"

"Felt?"

"Oh, keenly, to judge from the looks of the women who weren't wearing it!"

Pittsburg Chronicle: Mr. Pitt—I wonder why the Cuban constitutional convention keeps it up so long.

Mr. Penn—The members receive $10 a day for their services.

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Newbride (with an air of triumph)—Really, I was greatly surprised to get a wedding present from the Silver Glids. They are so exclusive, you know.

Miss Jellus—Yes, but they are very charitable, I believe.

Chicago Tribune: "Disappointed in love's young dream again?" queried her legal adviser.

"Yes, sir. It's the same old nightmare," replied the actress who was trying to procure her third divorce.

Judge: Young Dr. Smith—A patient got very angry the other day because I advised him to take a Turkish bath.

Mrs. Dr. Smith—I don't see why anybody should get mad about that.

Young Dr. Smith—Well, this fellow was a Greek.

Chicago Post: "What did that man want?" asked the girl who was vigorously pounding the keys of her writing machine.

"He wanted to know if I had a second-hand typewriter," was the answer.

"Secondhand!" she exclaimed. "Me! Why, the insulting thing!"

THE LADY OF THE DIVORCES

Oh, how absurd! Come, let me see—
Who am I now, and why?
I wonder if I still am me,
Or if 'tis only I?
I thought that I was Mrs. Gay,
It seems that I was wrong,
Because the mean old judges say
To Potts I still belong.
Or I may still be Cleaver's mate—ah, that would be a shame!
I do not know just who I am; I cannot tell my name!
I went to South Dakota for the breaking of my fetters,
And now they may arrest me if I open my own letters.

Now, what if Smith should come along
And claim admittance here
With Black and Brown and Weeks and Strong—
Oh, dear! Oh, dear! Oh, dear!
I wonder if I'm me or not—
Alas! how can I know?
I may be one the world forgot
To think of long ago!—
Another claims the name engraved upon my card—how mean!
It's not my husband's manly arm, perhaps, on which I lean—
Instead of living here at ease as dashing Mrs. Gay
I may be just poor Mrs. Potts, the horrid judges say.

Alas, the mix they've got us in,
Those horrid men in gowns!
It's just a burning shame—a sin—
To juggle up the Browns
And Blacks and Smiths and all the rest,
And bring confusion—I
Know not upon whose manly breast
My head should fondly lie!
And oh, when Gabriel blows his horn and calls my name aloud,
How shall I recognize myself in all that motely crowd?—
How shall I gather up the threads of all my broken fetters
And have my linen bear, at last, the right initial letters.

—Chicago Record-Herald.

ONE OF THE TRUST EVILS.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt has by a recent act pointed out one of the worst effects of large trust companies. He is at the head of a steel mill at Trenton, N. J., and was solicited to permit his property to be scheduled in the Morgan steel trust. This, however, he declined, giving as one of his principal reasons that he had in his employ 500 men who owned houses in the vicinity of the mill, and did not wish to place them at the mercy of a non-resident corporation, which might at will shut down the works and bring ruin upon them. This indicated not only just and benevolent consideration for the welfare of his employes, but the wisdom of a practical student of the workings of trusts.

The proper definition of a trust is the union under one management of a number of concerns engaged in the production of the same material for the purpose, if possible, of controlling its output and price at which it shall be sold. As incident to such combination comes the decrease in the cost of management by one central body instead of by a number. But when the trust represents a large output the chief source of profit is its ability to regulate its price, by raising it when the demand is greater than the supply and lowering it when the opposite condition prevails or to break down the competition of weaker concerns. The most effective device in case of a plethora is to shut down one or more of its mills in order to make a real or affected reduction in supply. In such resort favoritelsm is shown to particular plants which are kept in operation while others are closed. In this manner innocent millworkers are shut out of employment and wages, while the trust is able to maintain prices at their expense. Many instances have, in fact, occurred where competing properties have been bought and permanently closed for the purpose of suppressing competition involving ruin to the operatives and a blight upon the locality previously prosperous as the seat of such manufactory. This is the favorite practice of the Standard Oil trust, which when a new field is discovered will get control of it by taking options upon the land in the territory so as to prevent development by others and let it lie idle. Kentucky is fairly covered by such options in the regions showing indications of oil, and in only one of them, in Wayne county, are there any wells in operation.

And Nearly Succeeded.

Chicago Tribune: Pingree has been heard from. He went hunting the other day and killed an elephant. It will be remembered that he tried his best to kill the Republican elephant in Michigan.

More Chains to Sunder.

New York World: Aguinaldo proclaims the United States the "sovereign," so of course the Filipinos are our "subjects"—the first we have had since the emancipation proclamation was issued.

THE STAGGERING PRICE.

Indianapolis News: The amazing figures of the English budget recall President Kruger's words about the staggering sacrifice.

Chicago Chronicle: Swift's sardonic advice to England's enemies to "burn everything from England except its coal" seems to be the inspiration of the government's imposition of the coal export tax.

New York Sun: The one eminently just and righteous feature of the budget is the increase in the income tax. The people upon whom this burden falls brought about the South African war. They have danced. Now they must pay the piper.

Springfield Republican: The great beauty of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's budget speech was its cruel outspokenness. This war, he said, has directly cost England to date $755,000,000. It is believed that the chancellor and Mr. Chamberlain are not on the best of terms.

New York Tribune: John Bull will be staggered. But to stagger is not to fall. He will straighten his broad back underneath the burden and trudge sturdily onward. For, after all, his plight is not nearly as bad as it has been on former occasions or as bad as that of more than one of his neighbors has been and, indeed, is. He will have to pay a tremendous price for the maintenance of his imperial integrity. But he will pay it like a man.

Chicago Tribune: "You have had your feast," says the English chancellor of the exchequer. "You have all, Liberals and Tories, been mad for rioting and expenditure. Now comes the reckoning, and you may laugh or not, as you please." There will be no laughter. The English taxpayers were hilarious at the beginning of the Boer war. They are not now when the bills have to be paid and they are so much heavier than it was supposed they would be. The total cost of the war will be about $1,000,000,000, necessitating a great increase of the national debt and heavier taxation for years to come. It is possible that if this could have been foreseen the Boers would have been let alone.

Boston Globe: "This small struggle," declared Sir Michael, amid the profound silence of his hearers, "has cost $755,000,000—double the cost of the Crimean war." If the contest with the independence-loving Boers were at an end, instead of showing some signs, indeed, of nearing a close, such figures would be quite capable of starting a panic on 'change in London. As the case stands, it will be extraordinary, in truth, if the curt statement of the chancellor of the exchequer does not have a most unpleasant effect in London's financial circles, all the more since the pessimistic announcement followed that Great Britain would be called upon to borrow $635,000,000, in addition to what has been lavished for war purposes in South Africa.

Preparing For Hot Days.

New York Tribune: The faithful, hard-working letter carriers in all American cities can look forward to the hottest months of summer with less dread than in previous years as the postoffice department in Washington has decided that the postmasters shall have the privilege of permitting the bearers of the mail to discard their coats in the location term and to wear neat, cool, light garments, suitable for the temperature of July and August. This is a common sense decision and the carriers and executive ability of the province of Iloilo. See what a fine job he saved for himself by keeping out of range until arbitration began to get in its work.

Pretty Smooth Worker.

Washington Post: Governor Delgado gets $3000 a year in gold for giving his time and executive ability to the province of Iloilo. See what a fine job he saved for himself by keeping out of range until arbitration began to get in its work.

Speed the Day.

Indianapolis Journal: Electrical scientists and inventors predict that within two or three years the production of electricity will be so cheapened that houses may be heated by it at far less cost and with greater safety than by furnace or steam heat. When that good time comes it is hoped consumers will get the heat they pay for.

Merely Half Shot.

Philadelphia Times: Some months ago there was much commotion and criticism over the report that Gen. DeWet had shot Andries Wessels while the latter was acting as a peace commissioner. Now it is learned that Wessels is alive. The original report was probably merely exaggerated. It may have arisen from the fact that Wessels was half-shot.

A Waste of Space.

Cincinnati Enquirer: The Enquirer has no desire to cut down the list of topics at the command of the paragraphers and editorial writers, or to subtract from the entertainment of the creators and readers of radical newspapers, but it is our abstract judgment that a great deal of their advice to the Democratic party as to what to do with Mr. Bryan is superficial and superfluous.

Wouldn't Disturb the Water.

Baltimore Star: Senator McLaurin says he is not launching a new party, in which he is acting wisely, since a party started under such auspices would consist largely of Mr. McLaurin himself.

A Quick Observer.

Chicago Record-Herald: Poultney Bigelow is another who thinks the American republic is going to smash. He has recently been over looking at it for a few minutes.

WHY MRS. PINKHAM

Is Able to Help Sick Women When Doctors Fail.

How gladly would men fly to woman's aid did they but understand a woman's feelings, trials, sensibilities, and peculiar organic disturbances.

Those things are known only to women, and the aid a man would give is not at his command.

To treat a case properly it is necessary to know all about it, and full information, many times, cannot be given by a woman to her family physician. She cannot bring herself to tell everything, and the physician is at a constant disadvantage. This is why, for the past twenty-five years, thousands of women have been confiding their troubles to Mrs. Pinkham, and whose advice has brought happiness and health to countless women in the United States.

MRS. G. H. CHAPPELL.

Mrs. Chappell, of Grant Park, Ill., whose portrait we publish, advises all suffering women to seek Mrs. Pinkham's advice and use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as they cured her of inflammation of the ovaries and womb; she, therefore, speaks from knowledge, and her experience ought to give others confidence. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice is absolutely free.

DAILY STORY.

The Legend of Carichana

BY ANDREW JAMES MILLER.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

The shelf of bare, honeycombed rocks in the midst of the Orinoco, known as Piedra de Carichana Viega, is noted for the remarkable subterranean sounds which issue from them at sunrise during the dry season. This peculiarity gave rise to many superstitions among the early Indians, as these ghostly emanations from the inanimate rocks were attributed to supernatural cauhes. Indeed the circumstance was so weird that it long puzzled all casual observers until scientifically explained as being caused by its many narrow, deep crevices, which, being heated during the day and cooling at night, cause currents of air to produce sounds on the principle of an eolian harp. It is similar to a certain rock in the River Nile and another observed at the ruins of Karnak.

But the grotto of Carichana has an additional and legendary interest, for an Indian romance associated with the annals of two great aboriginal empires, which once flourished upon each side of the Orinoco near this point.

Tapachire was the son of the reigning chief of the Quiri-Quiripas, a powerful tribe of the Upper Oricoco. He was in love with Mirepassa, the beautiful daughter of the proud chief of the Maypures. These two Indian nations were mortal foes, and one had only survived annihilation by the other from their respective empires being divided by the great river. Tapachire, a courageous and powerful warrior, had been captured by the Maypures and had escaped a horrible death through the friendly aid of Mirepassa. It was not gratitude which caused the young Indian prince to carry away in his heart the image of his fair preserver, as gratitude is not found in the savage vocabulary. But it was the rare beauty of the Maypure princess which had won the heart of the most trusted warrior in the ranks of her father's most uncompromising foes. He dared not confess his infatuation to his own people, as that would have meant degradation, and he was forced to nurse his love in secret, without hope of ever again seeing the adored Mirepassa.

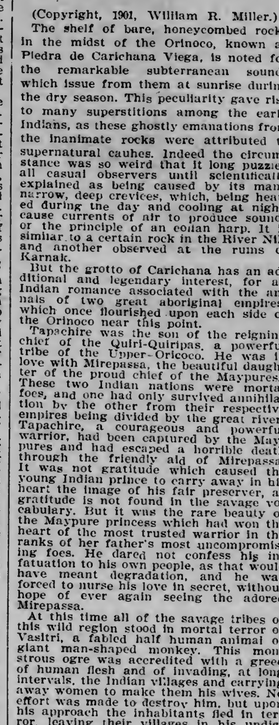
At this time all of the savage tribes of this wild region stood in mortal terror of Vasitri, a fabled half human animal or giant man-shaped monkey. This monstrous ogre was accredited with a greed of human flesh and invading, at long intervals, the Indian villages and carrying away women to make them his wives. No effort was made to destroy him, but upon his approach the inhabitants fled in terror, leaving their villages in his undisputed possession.

Through trusted runners, from the neutral Tamanacs, both the Maypures and the Quiri-Quiripas had been suddenly informed of the dreaded approach of the Vasitri. The wildest consternation ensued. The sacred trumpet was blown, the soothsayers ordered the fire dances, the bones of the dead were removed to the mountain tops and everything superstitious was undertaken to ward off the disaster, except the idea of resistance. One of the Tamanac couriers remained with the chief of the Maypures and secretly advised him to take refuge in the grotto of the Carichana, on an island in the Orinoco. This cavern was honeycombed with secret chambers, where the chief and his immediate family could undetectly escape the terrors of the man devil. Under cover of darkness the courier conducted them to this distant hiding place, with an ample store of cassava, manioc and other provisions.

In the meantime, Tapachire had mysteriously disappeared from the dominions of the Quiri-Quiripas, but this gave no concern to the royal family than the expected visitation of the dreaded Vasitri. The old chief was induced by his advisers to seek escape with his family on some island in the river, and with his household sought the self-same grotto of Carichana, one day in advance of the arrival of the Maypure chief. The two old warriors, now strangely brought together under such unusual circumstances, displayed little concern with their former animosities in the presence of a common enemy. Many days were thus passed, during which the former foes, sharing the same terrors and perils, under the same roof, had forgotten all grudges and were mutually pledged to future friendship if the malevolent spirit, Ivoroklamo, should spare their people and themselves from the threatened destruction.

Finally, the long absent Tapichire came back to add gladness to the heart of his father and to bring the joyful tidings that the Vasitri had disappeared in the far-off mountains of Sipapo. A grand feast was prepared to celebrate this miraculous escape from the man devil and eternal friendship was perpetuated between the two nations by the marriage of Tapachire to the Princess Mirepassa.

It was many years after this event, when the crafty lover had succeeded to the crown of the Quiri-Quiripas, that he made known the clever ruse whereby he had terrified two great nations with an imaginary devil in order to win his beautiful princess. His faithful and trusty Tamanac allies were raised to stations of great honor, while the grotto of Carichana was made sacred to both nations as the holy ground of the dead.



Finally the long-absent Tapichire came back.

The New Declaration.

Denver Post: "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men, except Filipinos and Cubans, are created equal, and are endowed by the Creator with certain inalienable rights, and among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of boodle."

IS DIVIDED.

The Railroad Commission Cannot Agree on the Offices.

Minneapolis, April 25.—The Journal says: After nearly four months in office, the railroad and warehouse commission has made only a handful of appointments. Even the weighing force at Minneapolis and Duluth have hardly been changed. Hundreds of hungry applicants have been waiting and hoping and almost despair of anything being done. The hour is being freely criticised for its delay. There is no question that the full list of appointments would have been made long ago, had they been in the hands of the governor or of an appointive board, as before. Now each member is independent and a deadlock is on.

The commissioners are "pestered" without mercy by the applicants, but they are not the only sufferers. The governor's office has been haunted by men seeking the influence of the chief executive, and prominent politicians find life a burden to them.

There are indications that the governor has grown restive and that he is anxious for the commission to do business. He called at their office yesterday afternoon, and again this morning, but did not meet any of the commissioners. He left his telephone call, and an appointment was probably arranged, for he appeared again at the commissioners' office this afternoon and was closeted with them for some time.

The deadlock is attributed to Judge Mills, who has his own candidates for the various places and is unwilling to yield to the other two at any point. They, on the other hand, do not like to take matters entirely out of his hands, and so far have failed to act, except in a few cases. The selection of P. P. Quist for weighmaster at Minneapolis was made over Mills' head, but he has so far blocked the selection of W. E. Verity as secretary of the commission, though the other two members are for him.

W. R. Dobbyn, of Minneapolis is backed by the state committee for registrar at Minneapolis and Commissioners Staples and Miller are for him. Mills is for Frank Lydland, and no choice has yet been made. A similar situation is said to exist all along the line.

SCARED BUT NOT HURT.

Fell Under an Ore Train and Lives.

Ashland, Wis., April 25.—For the second time in his life Leo Jenette, of Ironwood, a child of tender years, has fallen under a moving train of ore cars and been rescued without a scratch.

Leo is the 5-year-old son of a miner employed in the Norrie iron mine at Ironwood, Mich. The humble home of the miner stands out prominently on the brow of a hill, near the foot of which is the Northwestern railway track. Trains are kept running almost constantly between the mines and the ore yards and Leo, who has a childish delight in watching the cars, often goes too near. On several occasions he has been spanked by trainmen and returned to his mother.

Leo ran down the hill to the track Tuesday afternoon to get a better view of the trains and accidentally fell in front of the engine. A brakeman and the engineer saw the boy disappear under the engine and gave him up for lost. The train was stopped and a search instituted for the remains. The brakeman finally found the child huddled up between two ties, with his head buried in his arms. He was scared but not at all injured.

OPERA HOUSE BURNED.

Dallas, Tex., April 25.—The Dallas opera house burned early today. Loss, $100,000.

Doubts His Right.

New York Telegram: What right has Aguinaldo to call off anything? Thought he was looked upon as merely a bandit and representing nothing.

Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure,

Simple and Harmless. Wonderfully Curative.

Well known physicians are now prescribing for kidney disease a small chocolate coated tablet called Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure, because it is not a cure all. It is recommended only for kidney trouble and the results are wonderful.

Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles, makes your head and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble. Makes your complexion sallow and yellow. Weakens and unfits you for duty. Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure is especially compounded to put your kidneys in a healthy condition. Bright's disease and death follow neglect in treating kidney disease.

Mull's Pioneer Kidney Cure can now be obtained from up-to-date druggists at 25c for a trial size and $1.00 for large size. The latter guaranteed by a dollar draft in each box. The Lightning Medicine company of Rock Island, Ill., will send you a free trial if you wish.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer, relieves life of one great burden, pain. Rub it on or drink it. 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

6th Avenue Theater.

McKENNY & LAUNDERGAN, Managers.

The Popular Price—Theater of Duluth. TONIGHT and every night this week.

Not a Minute Behind the Times | North Bros.' Superb Company. Presenting Tonight | Prices 10c 20c 30c No higher

A Celebrated Case.

New specialties. Big continuous show. Reserved seats at LeRicheux's Drug Store and Smith & Smith's. Children's matinee Saturday. All hill street cars pass the theater.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27.

LEWIS MORRISON'S

Original, Famous, Scenic and Dramatic Production of

—FAUST—

With its wonderful Electric and Calcium effects. The marvelous "Brocken Scene," with genuine flashes of lightning, and the magic rain of fire. Produced entirely new this season. Prices—Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager

Charles H. Yale and Sidney R. Ellis present the Golden-Voiced Singer

AL. H. WILSON,

In the Romantic Comedy,

The Watch on the Rhine,

MOST SUMPTUOUSLY STAGED.

Hear WILSON Sing

"Love Is All In All" "In Tyrol."
"My Little Fraulein" When Parading.
"Tea Kettle Song." Song of Home.

Prices—Dress Circle, $1; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

STACK & CO.

Bargain Friday Attractions.

50 dozen Ladies' Shirt Waists worth 75c to $1.98 each—choice at..... **50c**

1250 yds. lining Cambric—in Black, Gray and colors, worth 6c a yard, at..... **3¾c**

25 pieces 4-4 unbleached Muslin, good standard cloth—6c quality, at..... **4½c**

90 yards American Blue Calico, worth 6½c a yard—at..... **3½c**

25 doz boys' wool Pants, sizes 4 to 14, well made, in every way a bargain at 35c, our price.. **19c**

4 gross remnants, black Brush Braid, other stores sell it at 10c a yard; our price for tomorrow —4½-yard pieces for..... **10c**

5 pieces Silesia in Gray and Black, worth 10c a yard, at **6c**

Mercerized sateen Underskirts, 12-inch accordion plaited ruffle, good value at $2.48—our price..... **$1.50**

2000 yards remnants White Star and Sea Island Percales, in light and dark colors, all new styles, such patterns as you see displayed elsewhere at 15c a yard; our price for Friday, a yd..... **10c**

Ladies' fine Percale Wrappers, with deep flounce, worth $1.25 and $1.50 each, extra special at..... **$1.00**

10 dozen fine Madras Wrappers, ruffled around bottom, nicely trimmed, would be good value at $1.00; for Bargain Friday.... **69c**

50 sets silver-plated Knives and Forks, worth double, at —per set..... **$1.39**

3-pt Nickel-plated Tea Pots —worth 50c each, at **33c**

Nickel-plated flat-bottom Tea Kettles, No. 9 size, worth 35c each—at **59c**

The improved "Ready Mender" Cement, the best thing yet discovered —the manufacturer sells it at 25c a bottle—our price is only **10c**

Boys' Lanterns, made of heavy tin, with burner, chimney, wick, etc., worth 25c each, at.. **15c**

Family Scales—the jobbing price $24 a dozen—we have about 6 dozen which we got hold of at about 25c on the dollar—they are a protection against "short weights"—get one here tomorrow for..... **49c**

3-sewed House Brooms; grocery store price 25c each; our price..... **15c**

50 boxes Laundry Soap, a good 10-ounce bar of high-grade Soap—per bar..... **2c**

Cake Moulds, worth 10c and 15c each—a big bargain at **3c**

2 gross Mincing Knives, worth 5c each, at **2c**

Butter Knives, made of fine hand-forged steel, bolstered handle, worth 35c each, at..... **13c**

1000 rolls Toilet Paper —per roll **1c**

10-inch Embossed Tea Trays—worth 10c each, at **5c**

Kitchen Hatchets, worth 25c each—at **10c**

Meat Saws, worth 50c each—at **19c**

1-pound Hammers, worth 20c each, at **10c**

THE FAIR.

NO NEPOTISM.

Board of Control Declares War on Family Favoritism.

St. Paul, April 25.—The state board of control has declared war on nepotism. In an official statement today it says:

"The nature and character of the serious problems before this board is such that public interest in its doings is proper and will always be considered. The best interests of the great institutions under our care demand, however, that our policy and actions affecting them be first communicated to the heads of these institutions who are charged with the greater responsibility of immediate management and direction. Good policy as well as good faith with these men dictates the course, and it will be adhered to in all such matters.

"Pursuant, thereto, the following circular was, on the 20th inst., sent to the superintendents and wardens of all institutions under full control of the board:

Dear Sir: It seems to be necessary at this outset to establish certain rules and regulations governing this board and the superintendents and wardens of state institutions under its control, for our mutual guidance, and you are therefore advised of the following this day adopted:

First—It is hereby declared as the policy of the board, to which it will rigidly adhere, that no relation of any of its members either by blood or by marriage, shall be appointed to any position under said board, and that no member of this board shall exer; any influence, by solicitation or otherwise, upon the managing officer of any institution in the selection of any employe.

Second—That on and after Aug. 1, 1901, no superintendent or warden of any institution under the full control of this board shall employ, or retain in his employ, any relation, either by blood or by marriage, for any position or duty in his institution, nor shall he employ, or retain in his employ, after said date, any person who is related by blood or by marriage to the head of the department, or to the officer to whom such employe would be directly responsible in such institution.

This circular was purposely sent before the board had advised any of the institutions, and before the receipt of any information which might prejudice the situation, or such action, but it is the result of mature deliberation after careful study of the purpose and intent of the law.

"R. and L. T." Don't get discouraged!

Saves Sleeping Car Fare.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater, take the busy man's popular "Twilight Limited" train leaving the brownstone depot Fifth avenue west, Duluth, daily at 4:30 p. m., arriving at destination at early bed time, and save sleeping car fare. Elegant meals in cafe club car and the finest train and most luxurious service. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

WILLIAM'S ADDRESS

German Emperor Delivers an Able Speech at Bonn.

Occasion of the Entrance of Crown Prince to University.

His Remarks Evoked Much Enthusiasm Among Hearers.

Bonn, April 25.—The matriculation ceremony of the crown prince took place in the presence of a brilliant company of military officers, civil officers, university authorities and clergymen. Emperor William and the crown prince stood at the table on which was the roll of the university and the prince's card of membership. The rector of the university then addressed the emperor, congratulating him upon having fulfilled the promises he gave as a young man. He said that the German flag waved over all sorts. Art, science, commerce and trade flourished under the protection of the empire. Just as he as a student had won the hearts of all, so would the crown prince soon learn how warmly and truly all hearts beat in unison.

The crown prince then entered his name upon the register, and the rector grasped his hand and greeted him as the youngest member of the university, at the same time expressing the wish, like his father that he would unite serious study with the buoyant spirits of youth. The rector concluded with calling for hochs for the emperor, which were vigorously given. The emperor shook hands with the rector and greeted several other persons. His majesty, the crown prince and the suite subsequently joined in a procession to the gate of the university and left amid the hochs of the townspeople and students.

At the grand kommers given last evening in his honor, Emperor William spoke as follows:

"For you, my dear comrades, it is needless to dwell upon the feelings that stir my heart upon finding myself in dear Bonn again and among its students. There unrolls before my mind's eye a splendid and glittering picture, full of the sunshine of my happy contentment, which filled the sunshine of my stay here, the sunshine of people young and old and above all by in the young German empire, which was then just gathering strength. The wish that fills my heart at the present moment above all is that a most happy student time may be granted my son as once was mine. And how could that well be otherwise in this beautiful town of Bonn so accustomed to the doings of buoyant youths. It is as if it were created for them by nature. Yet may the crown prince find here memories of his illustrious great grandfather, whose kindly eye lighted up whenever the name of Bonn was mentioned. Of his grandfather, the noble prince consort and life companion of that glorified and queenly woman, who ever strove for peaceful and friendly relations between her people and ours, who indeed was half of Germanic stock and of so many other noble German friends who here prepared for their later careers. But again, Bonn lies on the Rhine and there lie our vines, there the old castles and towns speak of the past and there is Father Rhine with his enchantment. These must all influence the crown prince and yourselves when the goblet gaily passes and merry song resounds then must your spirits, full of that happy moment rejoice as befits buoyant German youths. May the source whence you draw that joy be pure as the gold sap of the vine and deep and enduring as Father Rhine. When we look around the sunny Rhine land our history rises before us in tangible form. You must rejoice at being young Germans as you traverse the country from Aix Le Chappelle to Mayence, that is from Carlemagne to Germany's time of splendor under Barbarossa. But why did all that splendor come to naught? Because the old empire was not founded upon a strong national basis. The restriction of the Roman kingdom did not prevent the German nation to develop from German sentiment, therefore, the glory of Barbarossa had to fade and the old empire had to cease, because it was hindered from its old universalism from crystalizing into a nation, and it developed instead into a number of strong principalities, which furnished the groundwork for the new structure of state. These, coming into collict with the emperor and the empire, internal peace was lost to the ever weakening empire. Unfortunately, above this phase of development of the German people must be written the portentious words of Tacitus, who knew Germany so well: "Propter Anvidiam." The princes envied the emperors their power as they once did Arminis, in spite of his victory. The nobility envied the towns which had become rich, and the peasantry envied the nobility. What unhappy results and heavy misfortune has ever dear beautiful Germany suffered 'Propter Avidiam.' The banks of the Rhine can tell you something of that."

Then turning to the task that God gave Emperor William to fold the nation together, the emperor continued: "The empire now stands before you. May joyful and grateful delight fill you, and may firm and manly resolve keep your hearts aglow. Work for Germany. The future awaits you and will need your strength, not to squander in cosmopolitan dreams, or one sided party tendencies, but to foster the stability of national thought and ideals which the German race, by God's grace, has been permitted to bring forth from Boniface and Walther Von Der Vogelweide to Goethe and Schiller. They have become a light and blessing to all mankind, they worked 'universal,' and were never in themselves strictly exclusive Germans. We need such men now more than ever. May you all strive to become such men. But how shall that be possible? Who shall help you? Only one, He whose name we all bear, who ha sborne our sins and washed them away, who lived for our example, and worked as we should work. May our Lord and Savior plant in you moral earnestness, that your impulses may ever be purer and your aims ever sublime. Then you will be armed against all temptations, and above all against vanity and envy. Then you can sing and say "Wir Deutschen furchten Godt, Sonst Nichts Auf Dieser Welt' ('We Germans fear God, but nothing else in the world,') then we shall endure in the world, strong, spreading civilization, and I shall close my eyes in peace. If I see such a generation growing up and rallied around my son, then 'Deutschland, Deutschland, Ueber Alles,' (Germany, Germany above all). In this assurance I cry, 'Long Live the University of Bonn.'"

The toast was drank amid prolonged applause.

The Kommers was attended by the students of the university by Prince Schaumberg-Lippe, Dr. Studt, Prussian minister of public instruction and public worship; the curator and the rector of the university and many other prominent persons. Herr Trendelsburg, member of the University Rowing club, formally welcomed the crown prince and drank his health.

Responding, the crown prince expressed his thanks, and said he could give his word for it that the years spent at Bonn would be happy ones. He concluded exclaiming: "Vivat, Crescat Et Floreat Die Studenchaft Bonns."

Thereupon the emperor, amid loud and prolonged hurrahs, gave the signal for the toast.

Boyce's White Pine Expectorant the best known cure for Coughs and Colds. Sold in Duluth only at—

Boyce's Drug Store.

With every purchase made at this drug store a chance is given you to visit the Pan-American Exposition without expense to you.

LOVED AND MARRIED.

But They Cannot Speak Each Other's Language.

Camden, N. J., April 25.—Robert M. Brigham, an Englishman, was married Monday to Miss Helena Sutouski, a Pole, by Justice Kauffman. Brigham does not understand a word of the Polish language, and his bride cannot speak a half dozen words of English. They met three weeks ago and at once fell in love with each other.

Justice Kauffman, who understands Polish, acted as interpreter at the wedding, and, being satisfied with the answers of both, placed their hands together and pronounced them man and wife.

The couple got mixed up a bit in the carriage they had hired to convey them to the magistrate's home. Neither could understand the German cab driver who drove them to their future home until the magistrate was called from his home to explain to the cabby where they wanted to go.

Drying preparations simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents, or it will be mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, New York.

You'll never get tired, fagged out, nervous and fretful if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Greatest spring blessing ever offered the American people. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

"I wrote Dr. Pierce regarding my case, and received a prompt reply, free."

"I endured nearly four years of suffering," writes Mrs. J. L. Myers, of Washington, W. Va., "caused principally from improper medical attention after the birth of a child, and female weakness, resulting in a complication of diseases. Had a terrible cough and an incessant pain and soreness in lungs. Was reduced in flesh from 184 pounds to about 100 pounds in eighteen months. I had no appetite, and became so weak and nervous I could scarcely sit up. I doctored with our home physicians for two years with no benefit, I was finally induced to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I wrote to Doctor Pierce regarding my case, and received a prompt reply, free, advising the proper medicines for my case. After taking four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and four of his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' three doses each day, also taking one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Compound Extract of Smart-Weed and some of his 'Pellets,' I ceased coughing, and am *now enjoying splendid health and have gained thirty-five pounds in weight.* I again feel like my former self, thanks to Dr. Pierce and his great medicines."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter FREE. All correspondence sacredly confidential and all womanly confidences guarded by strict professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ECONOMIC QUESTIONS

M. Siegfried Comes to United States to Study Them.

Believes In Extension of Commercial Relations Between Countries.

Great Opportunities For Increase Between United States and France.

Washington, April 25.—The French ambassador called at the White House at 11 o'clock this morning and introduced to the president M. Jules Siegfried, formerly minister of commerce, industry and the colonies in the Ribot cabinet and also an official of long service in the French senate and in the chamber of deputies. M. Siegfried's visit to the president recalled the interesting fact that during his last visit to America in 1861 he was received by President Lincoln and enjoyed a pleasant exchange of views with the president of that day. At that time the forces of the North were hurrying through Washington and M. Siegfried accompanied Gen. McClellan in a review of the Army of the Potomac. In the call at the White House today the president spoke in most friendly terms of the relations between this country and France.

M. Siegfried was seen later in the day and talked in an interesting manner of the purposes of his visit to this country. He said:

"I come to look over the remarkable growth of America in all commercial and industrial lines and to study economic questions which are being developed. Naturally I am much interested in the extension of commercial relations between the two countries. There seems to be no reason why our mutual trade should nat be very largely increased with advantage to both countries. Moreover it seems to me possible so to adjust tariff concessions on both sides that there will be no disadvantage to sepcial lines of industry or production, the exchange being encouraged more particularly on lines of goods which one country produces and which the other does not produce. There are great opportunities for an increased use in France of the American products of iron. It is quite certain, too, that if the United States takes the initiative in making concessions France will reciprocate in the fullest measure. The prevailing sentiment in France is favorable to a protective policy, although personally I am rather inclined to free trade. But, in any event I am quite sure that some middle ground can be secured to the advantage of both countries. I am glad to say there is the most cordial sentiment entertained throughout France towards the United States. This is traditional with us, but there never has been a time when the feeling was more genuine than it is at present."

M. Siegfried was asked as to the recent reports that some of the European powers might unite in a commercial alliance directed against the United States. "That might come about," said he, "and it is an additional reason why it is desirable to have the two republics enter into close commercial association."

M. Siegfried also expressed an interest in the movement going on in this country to build up the merchant marine by the payment of subsidies. He says that France already has a subsidy system which assisted to a considerable extent in meeting the commercial supremacy of Great Britain on the seas and he entertains the view that like encouragement in the United States would bring about similar results in the deveopment of the American merchant shipping.

He will remain in Washington until tomorrow when he starts on an extensive trip through the West, visiting the Carnegie works at Pittsburg and going thence to Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and many other points, returning by way of Canada and Boston and commercial centers in New England.

HEADED FOR BLACK HILLS.

Work of Extension of Soo to Begin Soon.

Minneapolis, April 25.—The Soo road has headed for the Black Hills. It will respond to the demands of the people of that section and the jobbing interests of the Twin Cities for a more direct line to the hills country by building seventy-five miles of road toward the hills from its Bismarck extension this year.

General Manager E. Pennington, of the Soo, returned from North Dakota Monday evening, after spending nearly a week in the territory the new line will traverse, and was prepared to announce the route of the proposed line. It will be built from Wishek, which is 351 miles from Minneapolis and thirty-eight miles from Braddock, the present terminus of the Bismarck extension, in a southeasterly direction to the town of Ashley, near the South Dakota line, a distance of twenty miles; then it will take a southwesterly course into South Dakota and terminate for the present at the Missouri river.

It will open an entirely new country north and west of Eureka, which is the present northern terminus of the Milwaukee road in South Dakota and one of the greatest country shipping points for wheat in the northwest. Ashley is the only town the new extension will touch, but the country through which the road will pass is well settled with prosperous farmers and is one of the best wheat-raising sections of the Dakotas.

Surveyors are now at work running a line along the proposed route, and as soon as their labors are completed, work of construction will be inaugurated and pushed to completion in time to handle the crops of that section this fall. The exact location of the terminus on the Missouri river is not known, there being no towns along the river in that section, but the road will probably reach the confluence of the Grand and Missouri rivers. A few miles to the south of this the Moreau river joins the "Big Muddy."

The country west of the Missouri river through which these rivers flow is at present a reserve for the Sioux Indians, but will probably be opened for settlement in the near future. This vast country has not at present a single railroad, and should the Soo line decide to push on across the Missouri it would be welcome news to the people of the Black Hills, as there could then be no doubt of the intention of the Soo to build to the hills.

This is all the building the Soo road contemplates this year, according to General Manager Pennington, who, in speaking of the many rumors recently circulated regarding the intentions of the Soo road in the matter of extensions this year, said:

"We will not build into Bismarck this year, contrary to the declarations of the wiseacres who have been in the habit of mapping out routes for us; nor will we extend our line from Fox Lake, Minn., to Fargo. Fargo has enough roads now, and it is not our intention to invade territory that is already well provided for in the way of railroad facilities."

When it was suggested to Mr. Pennington that the proposed new extension under consideration was headed toward the Black Hills, he smiled and simply replied: "There is no denying the fact that the route of the new line does point in that direction."

A FEW FACTS

About the New Catarrh Cure.

The new Catarrh Cure is a new departure in so-called catarrh cures, because it actually cures, and is not simply a temporary relief.

The new Catarrh Cure is not a salve, ointment, powder nor liquid, but a pleasant tasting tablet, containing the best specifics for catarrh in a concentrated, convenient form.

The old style of catarrh salves and ointments are greasy, dirty and inconvenient at the best; the new preparation being in tablet form is always clean and convenient.

The new Catarrh Cure is superior to Catarrh powders because it is a notorious fact that many catarrh powders contain cocaine.

The new Catarrh Cure is called Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a wholesome combination of blood root, beachwood tar, guaiacol and other antiseptics, and cures by its action upon the blood and mucous membrane, the only rational treatment for catarrhal trouble.

You do not have to draw upon your imagination to discover whether you are getting benefit from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; improvements and belief are apparent from the first tablet taken.

All druggists sell and recommend them. They cost but 50 cents for full sized packages, and any catarrh sufferer who has wasted time and money on sprays, salves and powders, will appreciate to the full the merit of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

TRIMMED AND DAMAGED.

The Famous Gainsborough Was Cut Down.

New York, April 25.—The recovery of the stolen Gainsborough picture of "The Kissing Duchess" of Devonshire and its restoration to its owners, the Agnew picture dealers, and its subsequent reported sale for $150,000 to J. Pierpont Morgan, has been a newspaper sensation of the first magnitude and the occasion of a lot of loose writing by greedy and imaginative space-grabbing reporters.

According to most of these historians of the affair, one of the most convincing evidences of the genuineness of the picture restored to the Agnews through the instrumentality of Pat Sheedy and the Pinkerton Brothers was the alleged fact that when taken back to London it exactly fitted, edge for edge, into that portion of the canvas which still remained in the frame from which it had been cut.

Now, it appears that this is not so, and that while in the possession of its abstractors it was cut (trimmed down) a second time in order that it might fit in the false bottom of the trunk in which it was concealed so many years.

Nor is this all. It has been reported that it was restored to the owners in "perfect condition." This is not true. I have known Pat Sheedy intimately for many years and he, in telling me about the taking of the picture from the trunk in Chicago, said: "There was quite a crack or blemish on the forehead of the painting, but that doesn't hurt much, for it can be fixed by a good artist.

"What particularly struck me about the picture was its wonderful eyes. They seem to look right into yours no matter where you move about the room, just as though she was flirting with you.

"I got on to this a few minutes after we took it out of the trunk and removed the cotton batting with which it was protected. 'Is she looking at you, Bob?' I asked Pinkerton. 'She is indeed,' he answered. 'Well, she's got her eye on me, too,' I laughed. I tell you it's a wonderful picture, and it will set the world wild with admiration when it gets a chance to see it."

THRILLING RESCUE.

Of a Woman and Babe In West Virginia.

Huntington, W. Va., April 25.—Disaster breeds heroes. Timbermen arriving from Baileysville, on the headwaters of Guandotte river, tell a thrilling story of a mountaineer's bravery. The entire country along the edges of the river was submerged. Every hut on the water's edge was deserted. All had fled to the uplands. The river continued to rise, and after nightfall went up with the rapidity of a tidal wave.

At daybreak from hill to hill stretched the sheet of glittering, treacherous water. Suddenly the attention of a raftsman was attracted by a waving sheet from a house under water, save the upper story. Some one was about to perish, and it seemed as though a fearful accident could not be averted, for there was no boat near. Then the clear voice of a woman was heard crying: "Save me and my child."

She did not reckon without a host. In an instant William Strother, an excellent swimmer, threw off his coat and boots and plunged into the foaming flood. His companions watched him as he battled with the waters until he climbed into the second-story window, to reappear at once with the slight form of a woman holding in her arms her baby. Then began the struggle for life.

Time and time again it seemed as though he must go down with his precious freight. But his wonderful strength carried him through, and at last his companions saw him strike shallow water and begin to wade, soon reaching shore. Hardly had he reached shore before the house from which he had rescued the woman tumbled and was swept away by the seething tide. Strother failed to overtake the raft, but his companions have determined that he shall lose nothing by not having made this trip. Who the woman was the raftsmen know not.

Homeseekers and Settlers Rates.

April 16, 23 and 30 the Northern Pacific railway will sell one-way tickets to Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland for $25; Helena and Butte, $20, and on April 16 round-trip tickets to all points on its line at one fare plus $2. For full information and tickets call at city ticket office, 232 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray.** The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed—it gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 120 Times Bldg., New York.

IN IRON AND STEEL

Buying Pace Has Somewhat Subsided In Past Week.

The Lull Will Be Welcome to the Overcrowded Mills.

The Rail Market However Continues to Be Very Strong.

Cleveland, April 25.—The Iron Trade Review discussing trade conditions this week says: The buying pace has subsided somewhat in the past week and the lull can only be welcome to overcrowded mills. The large business done in the Chicago district with implement makers and other buyers of bars, is the chief exception to the rule to light buying. Rails are another. It is estimated that the Western iron bar contracts closed in the past two weeks will approximate 200,000 tons, almost all of it steel. The activity in rails is in view of the advance to $28, effective May 1, which is expected to be made this week.

The year promises to make a record for rail tonnage unequalled since the early '8s. Trolley line building is growing to remarkable proportions. Cleveland alone has contributed contracts and inquiries totaling 35,000 tons in the past week for electric lines, and the Cleveland syndicates working in different parts of the country have fully 650 miles of such roads either under construction or ready for the contractors. Track laying as a factor in the present prosperity has scarcely been appreciated. Some of the rail mills are unable to promise deliveries short of October, and the indications are that the scarcity is hilled due to the large amount of steel going into ralls, will be a feature for months.

The fact that the agricultural works in the Chicago district have come into the market thus early for their next season's supply is significant of the heavy demand for implements and for harvesting machinery that has developed in many cases taking up all the stock carried over and all that has been planned for this year.

The favorable character of the government crop reports is another factor. Railroad purchases are likely to make a new record this year, car works capacity being taken for months ahead. There is no sign yet of the speculative buying that produced the furore of 1899.

In fact the parallel of 1899, of which there is occasional talk, has no existence. Buyers of pig iron are not working up any anxiety over a runaway market and are very philosophically watching the situation and buying for their needs in the next three or four months.

WALKS IN ITS SLEEP.

A Ringling Elephant Gives a Midnight Concert.

Chicago, April 25.—A somnambulistic elephant is the latest development in the Ringling circus menagerie at the Coliseum. Pearl Souder, the superintendent of these big brutes, made the discovery Sunday night that he had among his flock an ancient dame whose weakness is to walk in her sleep, a habit he had hitherto supposed belonged to the human family only. Souder was awakened at the ghostly hour of midnight by the wheezy voice of the hand organ used in the big elephant act.

"'Tis some of the boys serenading the hippopotamus," he yawned to himself as he turned over and tried to sleep.

But the organ continued to peal forth ancient tunes till Souder arose in rage and groped his way through the darkness toward the center ring of the circus arena whence the music came.

"Pretty time of night for a concert," he grumbled. "I'll report those rowdies first thing in the morning—see if I don't!"

For fear the rascals might slip away if he attempted to light his lantern, Souder slipped up to the ring and suddenly struck a match. He was more than astonished at what he saw. Calmly turning the crank of the barrel organ, as she does every day during the performance, was Jennie, one of the trained herd of elephants.

"Jennie," yelled Souder, in his sternest tones, "what are you doing? Did I give you a musical education to disturb the peace of night? Be gone!"

Jennie took no heed of her master's command. Her eyes were glassy. She was fast asleep. Souder led her gently to her stall. Her keeper was sleeping soundly on the straw. When awakened he said he had chained the elephant himself, and that she must have unfastened her fetters while asleep, for the balls of her eyes were turned upward and her limbs were rigid. Souder says it is the first time an elephant was ever known to walk in its sleep.

Fond du Lac---Oshkosh.

Reclining chair cars, seats free, Duluth to Fond du Lac, Oshkosh and intermediate points via Merrillan, Marshfield and Wausau on fast mail trains over the North-Western Line. Daily service. Tickets at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

WILCOX-TANSY PILLS Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2 Send for Woman's Safeguard (free). WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

Caramel Cereal is the true successor to TEA and COFFEE—no other is used at the BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

When Prof. Munyon says his Rheumatism Cure will cure rheumatism there isn't any guesswork about it—there isn't any false statement about it. It cures without leaving any ill effects. It is a splendid stomach and nerve tonic, as well as a positive cure for rheumatism.

All the Munyon remedies are just as reliable, 25c. vial. The Guide to Health is free. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

Upon them depends your fate. If they be healthy—normal—you will be well, strong and happy. But if they be weak—from any cause whatever, you will suffer all the tortures of Nervous Debility. Nearly everyone knows what this means, as but few mortals escape the blight of this horrible condition.

It means constant worry; a dread of approaching evil; despondency;—easily startled; easily tired; weak back; feeble circulation; poor appetite, etc.

PALMO TABLETS

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ANOTHER ADVANCE

Wheat Continues Its Upward Course, Showing Fair Rise.

Pressure to Sell at Opening But Shorts Weakened.

Some Crop Damage Reports---Good Cash Demand Continues.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 25.—The wheat market started out weak and lower this morning, there being a general disposition to sell on account of the fine weather in the winter wheat country, and the easy cables, Liverpool having closed unchanged to ½d higher. Then there came reports of Hessian fly in Kansas and that news caused a sharp rally. When the buying began it was found that there was not much to be had and this sent prices up with a rush. The cash demand continued strong although New York reported during the morning that the foreigners were the best sellers of wheat. May wheat in New York was very strong. Receipts were moderate and the advance in prices of the past few days does not seem to be bringing out a great deal. Primary receipts were 388,887 bus; last year, 444,155. Shipments, 269,588 bus; last year, 351,728 bus. It was reported this morning that the sales of wheat for export yesterday amounted to 1,000,000 bus. Stocks of wheat in Chicago are estimated to decrease 200,000 bus this week and in Duluth a decrease of 35,-000 to 50,000 bus, is looked for.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 215 cars, against 245 last week and 370 last year. Chicago receipts, 43 cars, 1 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was fairly active on the Duluth board. May wheat opened unchanged at 73⅝c, sold up to 74¼c at 10:56, reacted to 74⅛c at 12, recovered to 74¼c at 12:05; sold down to 73⅝c at 1 o'clock and closed at 74⅛c, an advance for the day of ⅝c. Chicago advanced ⅜-⅜c, and Minneapolis, ½c.

Cash sales of wheat were very light, aggregating less than 100 bus. May price was paid for wheat to arrive, and ½c under for wheat in store.

Corn was up ½c in Duluth, and Chicago was very active and sensational. The May option made a further stride upward and at one time during the morning reached within ⅛c of the mark that Phillips has predicted for it, 50c. It opened wildly with sales running from 47¾c to 48½c. Phillips' operations were closely watched. He was reported as a buyer in the early part of the session, but later was a heavy seller. Armour was buying and Phillips was credited with selling as high as 150,000 bus to the Armour interests.

"I have enough corn sold for July to provide for all the cash that is likely to be delivered to me in May," said Phillips at the close of yesterday's market. "While at times I have apparently given support to the July prices I have been making July corn sales through commision people, and have a line of about 5,000,000 bus sold. I consider that it makes the position of my corn longs impregnable. My July sales will average 4c or 5c a bus above anything my cash corn can cost me, and I do not believe the bulls next month will have to pay for more than 5,000,000 bus of actual grain."

Primary receipts of corn were 222,270 bus; last year, 443,256. Shipments, 356,811; last year, 534,469. The small receipts are helping the manipulation of May. The close in Chicago was ⅛c below that of yesterday.

May flax was strong early in the session today, selling at $1.64½. The close was easier, being at $1.63, an advance of 1c. Cash and to arrive flax were up 1c and the September option was off 1c. Other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 75¾c; to arrive, 76½c; May, 76½c; September, 74¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 73⅝c; to arrive, 74½c; May, 74½c; September, 72¼c; July, 74⅝c. No. 2 northern, 69½c. No. 3 spring, 65c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 51c. Flax, cash, $1.62; to arrive, $1.62; May, $1.63; September, $1.27; September Northwestern, $1.29; October, $1.25. Corn, 42½c; May 43c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 36; corn, 4; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 36,802. Shipments—Wheat, 22,943.

SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1000 bus.....$ 0.74
No. 1 northern, 1 car 75¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car 66½
Flax, 1000 bus May..... 1.64½
Flax, 1000 bus May 1.64

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THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Phillips Again Manipulated the Trading In Corn.

Chicago, April 25.—Corn opened wild today, May selling from 47⅞@48½c, ¼c lower to c higher than yesterday's close. In a few minutes, Phillips, the bull leader, bid the market up to 49c a new high record. Then he turned seller and the market eased off to 47⅞c. Phillips' sales during the first hour were approximated at 2,000,000 bus. Receipts were 7 cars, one of contract grade.

Later in the day May broke to 47¼c on realizing but reacted and closed firm, ⅛c net lower, at 48c.

Under the influence of good weather and easy cables there was a rush to sell wheat at the opening and the May price at 72@71⅞c registered a decline of 1⅛@1¼c. On reports of Hessian fly in Kansas, May rallied sharply to 72¾c. Local receipts were 43 cars, one of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported a total of 215 cars against 245 last week and 370 a year ago.

May later advanced to 73@1¼c. Profit taking sent it back to 72⅝c but the close was strong, ½c net higher, at 72⅝c.

Oats were active and strong on a good cash demand and in sympathy with other grains. May opened ⅛c higher at 26½c and sold to 26⅞c. Receipts were 159 cars.

Provisions were firm on higher hogs. July pork opened unchanged at $14.52½ and advanced to $14.65; July lard 2½c up at $8.06@8.07½, selling to $8.12½, and July ribs 5c improved at $7.85, selling to $8.02½. Close, wheat, April, 72¾c; May, 72⅝c; July, 73c. Corn, April, 47½c; May, 48c; July, 45¼c. Oats, April, 26⅝c; May, 26⅝c; July, 25⅝c. Pork, April, $14.45; May, $14.45; July, $14.57½. Lard, April, $.90; May, $8.20; September, $8.07½. Ribs, April, $8.25; May, $8.25; July, $7.97½@8.00; September, $7.95. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.62½. No. 1, $1.61; May, $1.61; September, $1.23; October, $1.21. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 74@75c; No. 3 red, 72@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@74½c; No. 3 hard winter, 72⅝@73¼c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 73½@75c; No. 3 spring, 70@74c. Corn, No. 2, 47¼@48c. No. 2 white, 48½c. Oats, No. 2, 27c; No. 3, 26¾c. Rye, April, 50¾c; May, 50½c; July, 50½c. Barley, cash, 38@56c. Timothy, September, $3.25. Clover, April, $11.00.

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First Nat. Bk., Superior	100	.....	96
N.W. Nat. Bk., Superior	100	.....	...
Bank of Commerce	100	85	...
Parry Sound Copper	.....	.35	...
Calumet-Arlz., copper	10	...	132
La Salle Con. Iron Mines	10	...	...
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	4.50	...
Pen. Iron & Steel	100	...	60
Gt. Western Iron	100	...	10
Gt. Northern Iron	100	...	10
Shaw Iron	100	...	10
Zenith Oil Co.	1 new		
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
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THE COTTON BULGE.

Chicago, April 25.—Heavy selling of May corn on the board of trade today checked the wild upward tendency of the yellow cereal, which, nevertheless again broke the high record. Phillips, the bull leader, sold several million bushes during the forenoon, shorts being the buyers. He was credited, however, with taking large quantities of July which ruled at a discount of nearly 3c. May, which closed yesterday at 48¼c, rose to 49, declined to 47¾c and fluctuated violently between that price and 48c, closing at the latter figure, a net loss of 5c. Today's news affecting the market was extremely bullish. Receipts were only 72 cars and heavy sales for shipment to Europe were reported.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 25.—Close, wheat, May, 80c; July, 78¾c. Corn, May, 50¾c; July, 50¾c.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	26½-⅝	47⅞@48½	$14.37
High	26⅞	49	14.45
Low	26½	47¼	14.30
Close	26⅝	48	14.45

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73¾	71¾	72	79⅞
High	74¼	72⅝	73	79⅞
Low	73¾	71¾	71⅞	79¼
Close	74⅛	72⅝	73⅝	80⅛
July—				
Open	74½B	73½-¾	72¼@72¾-½	76½
High	75⅛	74	73⅝	76⅞
Low	74½B	73¼-½	72⅜	75¾
Close	74⅞	73⅝-¾	73	75⅝B

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 25.—Close: Wheat, unchanged to ½d higher; May, 5s 10d; July, 5s 10½d; September, 5s 10¼d. Corn, ½@1d higher; May, 4s 2¼d; July, 4s 3¾d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 71⅞@72c.
Calls, May wheat, 72¾@72⅞c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 72⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 25.—Wheat—Cash, 73⅝c; May, 72⅝c; July, 73⅝@74. On track—No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 73⅝c; No. 2 northern, 70⅝@71¾c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 25.—The wheat market has shown continued strength today being supported by very good outside buying and considerable also from cash directions. Prices at one time showed ⅝c advance. May opened at 71⅞@72c, sold between 71⅞ and 73¼c sellers, closed at 72⅝c. July has been ⅝@½c over May. There has been a good deal of talk of insect damage in the South, but Price Current and Toledo advices were both bearish. Clearances were 559,000 bus, cash sales 200,000 bus. The seaboard confirm 18 loads at this writing, although 50 are talked of as being actually sold. The action of the wheat market is broad and an excellent trading one. The selling allows of good sculping turns and taken from that standpoint alone speculators should be able to get good money out of even sides of the market.

May corn has touched 49c and has also sold as low as 47¼c. Phillips has been a conspicuous seller of the May option and equally conspicuous in the buying of July. The congestion has been somewhat relieved. Cash demand, however, has come as an additional help to the bulls. Local sales are 200,000 bus, 44 loads at New York. Receipts were 72 cars with only 90 estimated for tomorrow. The Price Current was bullish, declaring that the season is two weeks late. Cables on spot corn were ¾@1 penny higher. On futures 1⅛@⅜c higher. The market is an interesting one and contains plenty of opportunities for manipulation and consequently considerable danger to the outsider who is not taken into the confidence of those who are in control. For that reason we consider May a good option to leave alone and although we can not advise the buying of July and September on these sympathetic bulges it looks like a bull year on corn and on breaks we think purchases are merited by conditions.

The oats market has been a large, broad affair with Phillips cutting considerable figure on the long side openly, but rumor has it that he is quietly selling through others. Prices were up fairly ½c, but lost later. Receipts, 159 cars with 225 estimated. Clearances, 176,000 bus.

The provision market has been firm. Foreign buying of lard has been the feature. Cash situation is also improved. Hogs were 5c higher, with 25,000 received, and 20,000 estimated for tomorrow. Packing for the week 330,000, 110,000 less than a year ago. Shipments of product better than last year.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that inferior to medium grades moved slowly while good quality and sound horses were in active request. The bulk of the outlet was taken by local men at prices unevenly lower than the quotable values at the opening of this week's market. Although mules were in a large supply on the market, they moved slowly and unsteady. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@175
Drafters, choice	130@140
Farm horses, extra	120@135
Farm horses, choice	100@115
Farm horses, common to good	65@ 80
Farm horses, blemished	40@ 60
Mules	100@135

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 25.—Cattle, receipts, 9500. Steady to strong. Good to prime steers, $4.85@6.00; poor to medium, $3.90@4.90; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.85; cows and heifers, $2.80@4.90; canners, $2.10@2.75; calves, $4.00@5.00; Texas steers, $3.50@5.40. Hogs, receipts today, 22,000; tomorrow, 16,000; left over, 3050. 5c higher; closing weak. Mixed and butchers, $5.75@6.12½; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.12½; rough heavy, $5.70@5.80; light, $5.70@6.00; bulk of sales, $5.90@6.02½. Sheep, receipts, 12,000. Slow, steady. Sheep, $4.35@4.90; lambs, $4.60@5.30. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 15,-790; hogs, 27,300; sheep, 18,521. Shipments—Cattle, 4558; hogs, 5879; sheep, 5591.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 25.—Cotton opened steady, unchanged to 1 point higher, but lacked special feature and activity. The recent 27-point decline in a little more than a single day, prompted extreme caution on the part of the bears. Liverpool was 3 to 3½ points lower at the time of our opening. A subsequent rally of 1 point failed to arouse sympathy here and before the close the English market settled back again. First hour variations in local market prices were limited to a matter of 4 points.

Cotton spot closed dull; middling uplands, 8¾; middling gulf, 8¾; sales, 200 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady: April, 802; May, 803; June, 805; July, 805; August, 773; September, 737; October, 728; November, 721; December, 725; January, 724.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	22	@	23
Creamery, storage tubs	18	@	19
Dairies, fancy	15	@	16
Dairy, fair	13	@	14
Packing stock	11	@	12
EGGS.			
Fresh	13½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	12¾@		13
Twins, full cream	12½@		12
Full cream, Young America	14		
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@		13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	19	@	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@		13
Golden rod	15	@	17
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown, per bus	1 80	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	14		
Pecans	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS			
Strawberries, Louisiana (pints)	2 85	@	3 00
Strawberries, Louisiana (quarts)	30	@	35
Apples, eating	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50	@	1 75
California lemons	3 00	@	3 25
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 10-lb box			1½
California navel Oranges	2 75	@	3 00
Seedling oranges	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries, per box	2 50	@	2 75
Malaga grapes, per keg	5 50	@	8 00
OLD VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10		
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	40	@	42
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Celery, per bunch	80	@	1 00
Mushrooms	45		
Lettuce, per box	75	@	1 20
Green onions, per doz	25		
Green onion, per box	2 00	@	2 50
Shallots, per doz	65		
Pie plant, per box	3 25		
Cucumbers, Southern	1 40		
Cucumbers, hot house	1 75		
Spinach, per box	75	@	85
Radishes, round, per doz	85	@	1 00
Radishes, long, per doz	30	@	35
Asparagus, California, bunch	25		
Asparagus, green, per doz	2 25	@	2 40
Pineapple, per doz	3 75		
Tomatoes, per basket	75		
Egg plant, per doz	1 50		
Beets, per doz bunches	90		
Carrots, per doz bunches	75		
Turnips, per doz bunches	90		
Mint, per bunch	20		
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½@		4
Choice, per lb	3 @		3½
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Chickens	12	@	12½
Turkeys	11	@	12
Ducks	10	@	11
Geese	10	@	11
MEATS.			
Mutton	8½		
Lamb	9		
Veal, good	9		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	5	@	6½
Hogs	5		
Pork loins	9½		
BRAN AND SHORTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15 50		
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots, sacked	44		
Oats, car lots, sacked	31		
Hay, upland	14 50		
Hay, timothy	16 50		
Feed, No. 1	17 50		
Feed, No. 2	18 00		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 25.—Butter, steady. Creamery, 15@19c; dairy, 11@17c. Cheese, steady. Twins, 8½@10c; young Americas, 10½@11c; cheddars, 9@10c; daisies, 11c. Eggs, firm. At mark cases returned, 12@¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 25.—Butter, receipts, 5473 packages. Steady. Creamery, 15@20c; factory, 11@12½c. Cheese, receipts, 5233 packages. Market steady. Fancy large colored, 11@11¼c; fancy large white, 10¾@11c; fancy small colored, 12@12¼c; fancy small white, 11¾@12c. Eggs, receipts, 18,240 packages. Steady. Western, regular packed, 14c; storage Western, 14¼@14½c; Southern at mark, 12½@14c.

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ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Higher Prices of Americans In London Caused Advances.

Then the Market Became Very Feverish and Reacted.

Large Demand For Some Stocks and Selling of Others.

New York, April 25.—Prices of Americans in the London market had scored some notable advances before the opening of the market here, and there was some violent rebounds in the opening transactions from yesterday's losses on very heavy dealings in individual stocks. There were 25,000 shares of Union Pacific which changed hands simultaneously at 108¼ down to 107, compared with 107¾ at the close last night. The opening sales of Atchison were of 15,000 shares at 69¼ compared with 67⅝ last night on the transfer of 6000 shares. In Baltimore & Ohio, the opening sales were of 3500 shares from 99 to par. The close last night was at 97. The stock quickly extended its rise to 5%. There was a wide opening also in Southern Pacific on sales of 5000 shares at an extreme advance of ⅝. Gains of about a point were recorded in Northern Pacific, Reading and Amalgamated Copper, but the last named stock quickly receded to below last night's close. The market became very feverish after the opening, Union Pacific recovered over a point from the lowest, and St. Paul running off over a point. Prices generally were easier on the secondary quotations with the realizing invited by the rise.

Price movements were very irregularly owing to the large demand for some stocks and realizations in others. Most of the railroads which opened at good gains fell back and Consolidated Gas and Smelting dipped 2½. On the other hand Delaware & Hudson, Chicago & Alton, Sugar, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Wisconsin Central, Lake Erie & Western, Denver, preferred, Tennessee Coal and Colorado Fuel improved 1¾ to 2½. The demand for Union Pacific then became so urgent that it rose to 110 and Southern Pacific got up to 53¼. These buoyant outbursts pulled St. Paul, Northern Pacific and the Atchisons to the top again, but the specialties lagged. At 11 o'clock Union Pacific was ruling near 1808, but St. Paul and Atchison holding well at the top and other stocks were very feverish.

The Atchisons took the lead in point of strength and activity and the common rose 4 points and the preferred 3. St. Paul meanwhile lost a point, while Union Pacific hardened as much. These stocks furnished about the only points of interest in the market, until near noon, when Southern Pacific bounded up again to 54¼. Great Northern, preferred, and St. Paul, preferred, the two last mentioned gaining 3. Stock of local corporations were weak, especially Brooklyn Union Gas, which dropped 2¾, with a rally of 4 later. Rock Island was rushed up 4¼ before noon when the Atchisons had begun to yield. Bibs were strong.

The United States Steel stocks got a point or more over last night for the first time during the day. Chicago Great Western advanced 2 and Amalgamated Copper rose over the opening high level with a recovery of 2½. Prices ebbed elsewhere in the market on a moderate volume of business without any signs of urgency in the selling. Northern Pacific lost 2¼ from its best price and Rock Island 2¾, and the general list from a fraction to 2 points. Brooklyn Transit rose 2½ over the low point. Some stocks hardened, but others continued to run off and the closing was irregular and moderately active.

Stock	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	143½	144¼	142¾	143⅝
Great Western	22¼	24½	22¼	24
Tobacco	125½	126¾	125½	126⅜
Atchison com	69¼	71⅝	69¼	71
Atchison pfd	95	97⅝	95	98⅜
Brooklyn Transit	84½	85⅝	83	85½
C. M. & St. P.	169¼	170⅜	168⅜	169½
C., B. & Q.	196¾	197⅝	196¼	196¾
Erie	38	39¼	37⅞	38⅝
U. S. Steel com	46	47⅜	45⅞	47
U. S. Steel pfd	94⅝	94⅞	93¾	94¾
B. & O.	99	102¾	99	102
L. & N.	105	106¾	105	105⅝
Manhattan	127¾	128⅜	127¼	128
Missouri Pacific	106½	108	106½	107⅝
N. P. common	104½	107¾	104	105¾
N. P. preferred	99¼	99¾	99	99¼
People's Gas	114	115⅞	113¾	115¼
Rock Island	154¼	158⅜	153⅜	155¼
Southern Pacific	52	54¼	51¾	53¾
T. C. I.	67	68¾	65⅞	67⅝
Leather common	12½	13⅝	13⅜	13½
Union Pacific com	90¾	91¼	90½	91½
Union Pacific com	107	110	106¾	107⅞
Western Union	92¾	93⅜	92	92⅜
Southern Ry. com	29⅝	29⅞	29⅜	29⅝
Southern Ry. pfd	82½	83¼	82½	83
Great Northern	180	183¾	180	182
Pennsylvania	158⅞	161	158⅞	160⅝

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 25.—Money on call nominally 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¼@4.88¾ for demand and at $4.85½@4.85⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.86 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.84¾. Silver certificates nominally, 60c; bar silver, 59¾c; Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds easier. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¼; 3s registered, $1.10½; coupon, $1.11¼; new 4s registered, $1.33½; coupon, $1.39½; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13⅞; 5s registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.11¼.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 25.—Clearings, $23,815,945; balances, $2,510,813; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, par.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	16¾	17
Allouez	2½	3½
Anaconda	48	48½
Arcadian	21½	21½
Amalgamated	121½	.....
Arnold	32	34
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	33	34
Baltic	47½	48
Bingham	26⅝	26¾
Boston and Montana	442	444
Butte and Boston	116	118
Calumet and Hecla	820	825
Centennial	29	29½
Centennial Eureka	32	32½
Copper Range	57½	58
Cochita	8	8¼
Dominion Coal	37¼	37½
Elm River	5½	6
Franklin	18⅜	19½
Isle Royale	52½	53
Mass	19¼	19½
Michigan	7⅞	8
Mohawk	35	35¼
Mayflower	2½	.....
Old Colony	4	4½
Old Dominion	34	34½
Osceola	86	86½
Parrot	54½	55
Quincy	176	179
Rhode Island	5½	6¼
Santa Fe	8½	8⅞
Tamarack	338	342
Tecumseh	1½	2
Trimountain	40	42
Utah	35	35¼
United States	22⅜	22½
Victoria	3½	4
Winona	4⅝	5¼
Wolverine	53¾	54
Washington	25	50
Wyandot	1½	2

RETURNS FROM WAR

Harley Brigham of Duluth Back From Philippines.

Saw Active Service There More Than a Year.

Has Little Faith In Citizenship Possibilities of Filipinos.

Harley Brigham, a Duluth boy, whose mother, Mrs. D. G. Lewis, resides in the West End, returned yesterday from an active service of two years in the volunteer army in the Philippines. Mr. Brigham enlisted with some forty other young men, in Duluth, Aug. 3, 1899, in the Thirty-fourth volunteer infantry, and was mustered out April 17 at San Francisco. He returned to this country on the transport Logan, which brought back two of the volunteer regiments to be mustered out, the Thirty-third and the Thirty-fourth infantry. Of the other young men that enlisted when he did, Mr. Brigham says that they were scattered after being on the island two years and he does not know what become of the greater part of them, some remaining on the island with the intention of seeking some of the other Asiatic countries before returning to the states. Phil Redlock, another Duluth boy, who returned on the Logan, remained in the hospital at San Francisco to have his eyes treated, but he will be mustered out as soon as he is well.

Mr. Brigham was a member of Company L, of the Thirty-fourth and participated in a number of engagements, escaping without a scratch, and being laid up in the hospital with sickness but six weeks during the time that he remained in the army. He is a picture of health and is well browned from exposure to a tropical sun. His discharge papers tell of faithful and efficient service and credit him with the following list of encounters with the Filipinos: Battle of Bilubad, June 11, which lasted five and a half hours; engagements at Mount Carabello, Jan. 14, 1900; Myopyop, May 20, 1900; Cabauatuan, July 8, 1900; Pias, Dec. 6, 1900; San Nicholas, Jan. 20, 1901; skirmishes at umingan, Dec. 11, 1899; Bongalong, Dec. 30, 1899; Capitalan, Jan. 11, 1900; Zapang, Feb. 1, 1900; Cabuca, March 7, 1900; Santo Domingo, Aug. 3, 1900; Santa Cruz Nov. 23, 1900; three at Buloc, Jan. 3, 4 and 12, 1901; expedition of Gen. Lawton in the northern part, November to December, 1899; Col. Houze's expedition from Aliaga via Victoria and Borales to Balistio, from Nov. 13 to Nov. 30, 1899; Gen. MacArthur's advance from Bauliste to Dagupan, Nov. 21 to Nov. 24, 1899; Col. Kennon's expedition from San Jose to Bongabong and Carranglan, from Dec. 30, 1899, to Jan. 3, 1900.

Mr. Brigham says that the expedition of Col. Houzes', the one which was sent out to recapture Lieut. Gilmore, was the hardest experience that the detachment he was in had. The movement was rapid, over rough country, and by the time Lieut. Gilmore was reached some of the companies that started with fifty men had about twenty-five or thirty men left, the rest having dropped out and been sent to the rear. Many of the men wore out their shoes on this march, and all wore out their uniforms except the flannel shirt. He says that when the detachment got back to San Jose, and an orderly was to be detailed, the best dressed man in the detachment was found to be a soldier who wore a pair of brown drawers. After tucking a silk handkerchief in the pocket of his shirt, he went on duty as the most presentable orderly.

Mr. Brigham says that the soldiers had more to fear from sickness than they did from bullets; that in his regiment about 275 died from disease where fifty were killed. The climate of the Philippines, he says, is entirely unsuited to the Northerner of this country, and it is impossible for him to become thoroughly acclimated. The country is of such nature that the soldiers found it practically impossible to get the Filipinos cornered to fight, if they did not care to do so, that during the whole time he was in the service his company only succeeded once in surprising a force of Filipinos, and at this time they only succeeded in getting one man. He says that orders could be given to start out as early as 2 o'clock in the morning to surround a Filipino outpost, a few miles distant, but by the time the first move was made by the soldiers, some friend would give the warning. Whenever a capture was effected, the Filipino would signify his willingness to take the oath of allegiance, and for the sum of 10 cents was given a paper that would pass him through the American lines. Some idea of their sense of keeping an oath would often be shown by the discovery of these pieces of paper on the bodies of Filipinos killed in battle. Others of the natives would not take care of their paper, as they considered it merely a matter of getting another for 10 cents if they lost one.

Mr. Brigham says that he believes the mass of the poor people do not want to fight, but they keep it up because they are told to. Some of them know what they are fighting for and some do not. Aguinaldo, he says, was regarded by the Filipinos as a person above them. They thought he was destined to be a great man, and with them his word was law. Whenever a messenger appeared telling them that Aguinaldo wanted them to do this or that, they did it whether they wanted to or not. Mr. Brigham says that a great part of the work done by the Filipinos during the last six months is due to the Filipino officers, while Aguinaldo was quiet and in hiding, yet he got all the credit. He believes that with the capture of Aguinaldo the backbone of the insurrection will be broken.

Mr. Brigham says that there are two classes of people on the island that the Americans can put faith in, and those are the Macabebes and the natives of the Ilocas district. Some of the Macabebes have been armed with Krag-Jorgenson rifles and others are being formed into troops of cavalry. The arms of the returning volunteer regiments are being used to equip the native troops. The United States authorities are just beginning to make soldiers out of the natives from the Ilocas district and will have a regiment of infantry and the rest will be divided into troops of cavalry and mounted. It is these two classes of people that seemed from the first to accept the sovereignty of the United States and realize that they were better off under its protection. The Americans are fighting the Tagalogs, who make up the greater part of the population, and are the only class that have a language in writing.

As to resources of the islands Mr. Brigham says that almost anything can be raised. The staples are rice in the northern portion and sugar in the southern. Tobacco is raised in large quantities, as are also bananas and cocoanut palm. The trouble is that the natives will not take care of any crop except the rice crop.

As for going back to the island, Mr. Brigham says he

GOLD DUST
THE BEST Washing Powder

REVOLUTION

In Telephony Expected to Follow Mr. Therrill's Invention.

Atlanta, Ga., April 25.—D. McLaughlin Therrell, wire chief of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph company, with headquarters in Atlanta, has now in the patent office at Washington his application for a patent on an electrical device which promises to so vastly improve the present system of long-distance telephony as to revolutionize that important department of speech transmission.

Mr. Therrell is a pleasant-featured, keenly intelligent man, who has gained the reputation of an electrical expert through his long and competent connection with the telephone company's branch in this city. He discusses his invention with enthusiasm, although he very naturally refuses to give a detailed description, fearing the unscrupulousness of patent pirates. He expects to receive his letters patent within a comparatively short time, when he will be willing to discuss his invention in detail. As to what he expects his invention to accomplish and the results of the rigid tests to which he has already submitted it, however, he talks unrestrainedly and in simple language.

"The invention," he says, "is the result of five years' experiment, one theoretical and practical conclusion leading to the other, until finally I attained the end which I had but barely hoped for from the beginning. To get at the milk of the cocoanut, the appliance improves enunciation in present long-distance methods fully 100 per cent, while the distance possible to bridge is increased 75 per cent. I cannot speak more specifically than to say that the invention involves the fundamental principles of telephonic science. It can, moreover, be applied to any long-distance line, and the cost of its installation will be inconsiderable comparable with the results attained. You see, the main difficulty in the lines as operated at present is that of enunciation. If you will observe closely the transmission of voice even in our local lines you will discover that the human tones lose their characteristics on being poured into the transmitter, and although speech may be plain enough, it is delivered with a metallic intonation, the fault of the present imperfect method.

"My system in local as well as the farthest-stretching long-distance lines preserves your friend's voice perfectly, giving every little eccentricity of tone and creating the impression in your mind that you are talking with him visa-vis. Anyone who has spoken over the long-distance lines can imagine 100 per cent improvement in the clearness of enunciation. Why, I have talked in whispers to operators in Montgomery, Ala., using my appliances, and their whispered replies sounded as clearly in my ears as though they were right at my side. At present 1300 miles constitutes the limit in long-distance telephony. Apply the 75 per cent increase under my system and you will appreciate the commercial advantage which my apparatus brings to the world. It is erroneous to suppose that my invention will conflict with that of Professor Pupin. Pupin's plan is to so improve the conductor itself that speech transmission will gain in clearness and distance possibilities. My invention is applied irrespective of conductor. Only two instruments are required, one at both terminals. Again, thep rofessor's system necessitates the installation of an apparatus each mile in the circuit at a cost of about $20, or $30,000 for a 1000-mile circuit.

"The difference in expense can readily be appreciated. His lines will profit by my invention, and vice versa, although the efficiency of any present line is increased in the proportion I have given, without relation to the presence or absence of his invention. I may say, in conclusion, that my apparatus has already been tested over the longest circuits now in use and been found perfectly satisfactory and capable of accomplishing what I now claim for it. I have as yet made no arrangements for placing it on the market, but as soon as the patents are issued I will take this matter up, and I have not the slightest doubt that within a few years I will succeed in completely revolutionizing the the present system of long-distance speech transmission."

POISON IN HIS FOOD.

Minister's Reply to Wife's Charge of Desertion.

Santa Rosa, Cal., April 25.—Rev. Arthur Rhodes, whose wife accused him of deserting her because she was not "a mate ordained by heaven," and could not assist in work for Christ, retaliates by making some sensational charges of attempted murder. He claims that three times his wife tried to poison him.

"Our troubles first began when W. S. Green, my wife's uncle, demanded that I convey a piece of property by deed to my bride," said Rhodes. "This I refused to do, as the property was not mine, and was only in my possession as a sacred trust. This created an undercurrent of discontent, to alleviate which I had my life insured for $20,000, naming my wife as beneficiary. Shortly after I began to realize that money was my wife's ruling aspiration, and, to my horror, began to know I was being poisoned.

"Three times I was taken with convulsions and cramps after partaking of food prepared by my wife, and was forced to believe that I was being systematically poisoned. So I discontinued taking food of my wife's preparation, and went with her to board at a restaurant, after which my former good health returned."

Mrs. Rhodes and her relatives strenuously deny the charges.

EASTMAN.

Government Lost Critical Point In Harvard Professor Trial.

Cambridge, Mass., April 25.—The government lost its first critical point in the admission of evidence against Professor Eastman, of Harvard college, who is on trial in the superior court, charged with the murder of his brother-in-law, Richard Grogan, Jr., yesterday afternoon, when Judge Gaskill declared that certain evidence in regard to repetition of statements alleged to have been made by Grogan when he was dying, were not admissable in a certain form, which tended to confirm the opinion and not the fact that Grogan had been "killed" or "murdered." The fact raised by Mr. Elder for the prisoner, was apparently unexpected by the attorney general.

Lottie Broughton, a witness, was asked to repeat what she had heard Grogan say, her testimony having already gone beyond the report where it was shown that Grogan was wounded. Mr. Elder in opposing, said he anticipated the answer to be: "Charles, you've murdered me," and to it he objected as incompetent evidence on the plain ground that it was Grogan's opinion, not a specific declaration of the dying man. On the same ground he objected to the evidence already presented which in effect was opinion and not bare statement of fact.

Attorney General Knowlton took the opposite ground, but the decision was against the government in almost every particular, the exception being that the identical words objected to were allowed to stand in the direct testimony of Mr. Titus, a druggist, who saw the struggle between Grogan and Eastman and heard the former speak immediately after having been shot.

The entire day was full of sensational evidence beginning with that of Walter D. Titus, a druggist. He saw Eastman with a revolver in his hand and identified one exhibited in court as the same.

Several persons who live in the neighborhood of the Alva Clark estate, told of incidents following the shooting and of hearing cries of "help," "murder."

The concluding witness, the one whose evidence was expected to be very important was Belle Bryan, housekeeper for Mrs. Grogan. Her story had not proceeded far enough at the day's adjournment to determine the government's strength in the point of its chain of circumstances.

NURSE ASKS DAMAGES.

For the Death of Her Affianced Husband.

Syracuse, N. Y., April 25.—Mrs. Edna Adelle Lake, a nurse, of Dayton, Ohio, was the principal witness in the supreme court in a suit brought against the New York Central Railroad company to recover damages for the death of George Young, who was killed shortly before the time set for his marriage with Mrs. Lake. The dead man was an engineer.

The witness swore that Young was already helping to support her. The cross-examination was interesting. The witness was pretty and in black. Twice she said she had obtained divorces from unfaithful husbands and twice she had been engaged and the wedding bells had not rung. She said she came to Syracuse to clear her name.

She denied that she had been offered $500 by the railroad company to come here to say that she was his widow and sign a release to the company. She said she also wished to protect her daughter, who lived in Fulton, and who was going back to Dayton with her.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

A HARD STRUGGLE.

Many a Duluth Citizen Finds the Struggle Hard.

WITH A BACK CONSTANTLY ACHING, WITH DISTRESSING URINARY DISORDERS, DAILY EXISTENCE IS BUT A STRUGGLE. NO NEED TO KEEP IT UP. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS WILL CURE YOU. DULUTH PEOPLE ENDORSE THIS CLAIM.

Mr. J. H. Tomlinof, of 240 First street west, conductor on the Duluth street railway, says: "For two years I suffered severely from kidney complaint. Towards the last I got so bad that very frequently I was obliged to law off for days at a time and my back and loins were so painful that I could not work. The kidney secretions were very frequently distressing and annoying. I could not find a comfortable position to rest in at night, was constantly changing position and in the morning rose thoroughly worn out. The jar of the car, to which I attributed the trouble, at times affected me so that I could hardly stand it. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store and began to use them. I commenced to improve right away, and in a short time I felt as well as ever and from that until now, several months ago, I have worked steadily and not had a single symptom of my old trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

A MURDER MYSTERY

Man Found With a Pistol Ball In His Brain.

Lying Prone Upon His Own Doorstep In Philadelphia.

Police Were Near By But Heard No Shot Fired.

Philadelphia, April 25.—With her big blue eyes filled with tears, Annie Stover, a beautiful 15-year-old girl, was committed to prison without bail, and she will remain a prisoner until the coroner's jury determines how her father received a bullet in his brain which caused his death in the Women's Homeopathic hospital. Annie was the only member of the family in the house when her father was found in the yard with a death wound in his left temple.

The uncertainty as to the way in which George F. Stover was shot is most puzzling. He did not commit suicide. No weapon was discovered near him and there were no powder marks such as pistols make when discharged at close range. Only sixty feet away, on Dauphin street, stood a policeman at the time Stover was shot, but neither the officer nor the neighbors heard the report of a firearm.

Policeman Bray was talking to Charles Zanders on the latter's doorstep when Annie Stover came hurrying out of her home two doors away.

"Where can I find a policeman?" she asked of Bray, whose uniform was hidden under a storm coat. "Something has happened to my father."

Bray, Zanders and Mrs. Kiefer, the nextdoor neighbor, followed Miss Stover into the living room in the rear of the parlor, the house being an old-fashioned 2-story brick building, one of a row setting 40 feet back from the street line.

The girl's father lay on his right side on a lounge, with his head resting on a pillow.

Blood flowed freely from a wound close to the left temple. Pools of blood marked the feather mattress and pillow. He was unconscious. Save for his hat, Stover was fully dressed. The daughter said she had found her father in the yard. It was believed he had fallen and fractured his skull, although Mrs. Kiefer suspected that it was a bullet wound. He was hurried into a patrol wagon and taken to the hospital, where it was learned that the hole in the man's head had been caused by a bullet. Dr. Strong made every effort to save Stover's life, but the injury proved fatal.

When Lieut. Magee heard that the wound was due to a bullet, Miss Stover was brought to the station house and questioned. She said that after her father came home he drank some beer and was slightly intoxicated. He was on the settee, when Miss Stover says, she went upstairs to dress to receive her sweetheart, whom she expected.

"I had only been upstairs ten minutes when I heard a ring at the summer kitchen door," said she. "I ran downstairs and found my father stretched on the bricks in the rear yard. One foot was in the doorway and he lay on his face. He was apparently unconscious, and I half carried, half dragged him from the yard through the summer kitchen into the settee. As his head fell on the pillow blood came from a wound on the upper or left side. I thought he had fallen against a nail on the yard fence, and I ran out and gave the alarm. I heard no pistol shot."

Stover, if shot while going from the summer kitchen, must have been hit by a ball fired from the eastward or Twentieth street side of his premises, as he lay to the south, face downward, and the wound was near the left temple.

Dr. Morton, the coroner's physician, in his autopsy, found that the bullet had ranged downward, seeming to indicate that it had been fired from a higher elevation than the victim's head. The bullet went through the brain and lodged near the scalp on the right side. It was slightly flattened, and Dr. Morton says there must have bene considerable force behind it when fired. It is believed that it was discharged at no greater distance than fifteen feet.

"At 6 o'clock my husband fell asleep on the doorway of the summer kitchen," said Mrs. Stover, "and Annie, Louise and I carried him in to the settee."

That Annie alone could do this puzzled the police at first, but she is a buxom girl of 155 pounds. That there were no blood spots between the yard and the settee was explained by the statement that the hemorrhage of the brain came just as the head of the wounded man fell heavily on the pillow and the blood spurted from the bullet hole.

When Policeman Bray and others entered the house there was no odor of burning powder or smoke, such as would likely have been noticed in the damp, close air of the house had a firearm been exploded within doors.

Mrs. Stover's brother was mysteriously murdered, with his wife, in this city over thirty years ago, and one of the sergeants at the police station is a cousin of pretty Annie Stover and the son of the man and woman murdered thirty years ago.

Louise Stover, the 17-year-old sister of Annie, was told of a report that Charles Grimes, her sister's sweetheart, had presented her with a pistol about a year ago for protection against a trolley car conductor who had annoyed her, and whom Grimes thrashed. The police are firm believers in the theory that a bullet from a Flobert rifle or an air gun killed Stover.

HOW DO YOU DO?

When you find yourself saying: "pretty well, thank you, but not very strong;" you are likely to be, as you say, "pretty well;" but getting no good of your food.

If you have money and leisure, take a vacation; the doctor calls it "a change." Which is good.

Almost as good is Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil, instead of vacation. With it is better yet! the doctor is right.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

Schlitz

beer is the beer of civilization. Go to any part of the earth where mankind values purity, and you will find Schlitz beer is the recognized pure beer.

For fifty years the Schlitz agencies have followed white men's conquests.

They are twenty years old in South Africa.

Schlitz beer was famous in Siberia before a railroad was thought of.

When Japan and China first began to awake, Schlitz beer was advertised in their newspapers.

Almost as soon as Dewey captured Manila 216 carloads of Schlitz were sent there.

Today Schlitz agencies so dot the globe that when it is midnight at one it is noonday at another.

The quality by which Schlitz beer has won distinction has been its absolute purity. Every physician the world over will recommend Schlitz, the beer that made Milwaukee famous.

'Phone 358. Schlitz, 88-40 Railroad Ave., Duluth.

The Beer of Civilization

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

James J. Hill has sent a check for $2500 to the Ladies' Reading room society of St. Cloud, Minn., to be applied to the fund for the purchase of a site for the new Carnegie library.

The sale of the personal effects of William Marsh Rice, the Texas millionaire was begun in New York. Wednesday by order of J. P. O'Brien, temporary administrator of the estate. The sale will not be concluded for several days.

Measles have broken out in the Fourteenth cavalry at Fort Leavenworth, and it is feared the disease will practically disable the regiment. Forty men are now in the hospital. Walter L. Horn, of the Fourteenth cavalry, died today of pneumonia. He was 19 years of age and his home is at Hartford City, Ind.

The ocean steamer Drumelseder, concerning whose safety such grave fears were entertained, arrived at Portland, Me., Wednesday afternoon. The Drumelseder was stalled in the vicinity of Elbb Rock by Capt. Nicholsen, of the Mora, only instead of being ashore, the steamer was merely lying at anchor.

Five men heavily armed and well supplied with burglar tools, who are the description of the men who killed two officers in Joplin, Mo., were arrested at Kansas City. Their names are Fred Hoffman, Ed Williams, John Williams, Joseph Cleary and Arthur Carr.

Surrounded by a field of ice piled high, scarcely able to be seen from the shore, there is a fleet of fourteen steamers on Lake Huron. They are caught in the miniature icebergs and are unable to help themselves or render any assistance to boats within hailing distance. The Pentwater and the Campbell have been held fast since last Thursday. Among the boats are the Campbell, Pentland, McVittie, St. Paul, Huron and Tampa. There are at least six other steamers whose names are unknown.

ENGINEERS.

But Little Change In Position In the Strike.

Cleveland, April 25.—There was little change in conditions relative to the marine engineers' strike yesterday. General Manager Wolvin, of the United States Steel corporation fleet, has left the city for New York, while President Uhler, of the engineers' association, has gone to his home in Philadelphia. Two independent vessel companies held conferences with their engineers today. It is understood, and offered to pay the new scale adopted by the committee yesterday. They, however, declined to give the men letters to this effect and the conference ended without agreement.

This action on the part of the men was, it is said, in accordance with a resolution adopted by their executive committee last evening, to the effect that all members of the organization treating directly with their employers must obtain letters showing that they are to receive the wages named in the scale.

The vesselmen, the engineers say, declared that this would be a tacit recognition of the union.

TUGMEN RETURN.

Cleveland, April 25.—The tug firemen and linesmen employed by the Great Lakes Towing company, who went on strike several days ago for an advance of $7 per month in wages, returned to work yesterday at the old rate. The men declined to discuss the subject further than to say that their grievances had been referred to the grievance committee of their organization for adjustment.

"R. and L. T." Don't get discouraged!

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

SCIENCE AT WORK

Will View the Face of Old Sol From Philippines.

The Principal Observatory Will Be Located at Solak.

Special Efforts to Be Made to Solve Certain Problems.

Manilla, P. I., April 25.—The expedition sent out by the United States naval observatory to observe the total eclipse of the sun on May 17 has arrived at Padang, on the west coast of Sumatra, on the United States steamer General Alama, which was assigned to the expedition by Admiral Remey at Manilla. The expedition is in charge of Professor A. W. Skinner, U. S. N., and comprises six astronomers and assistants from the naval observatory at Washington, and five specialists from other institutions who have been invited to assist in the astro-physical work. These are Professor E. E. Barnard of the Yerkes observatory, Dr. S. A. Mitchell of Columbia university, Dr. N. E. Gilbert of Johns Hopkins, and Dr. W. J. Humphreys and Mr. Curtis of University of Virginia. Fifteen naval officers from the Asiatic station accompany the expedition as assistants, and a separate party from the Smithsonian institution is associated with it.

From Padang the party will proceed by the cog railroad over the Borison Mountains to Solak, where the principal observatory will be located. Owing to the difficulties of travel only a small party with light apparatus will be sent to the central line, where the duration of totality will be about seven minutes. At Solak the duration is five minutes and fifty-one seconds, four times that of last May.

A small party will go to Ft. de Kock, seven miles from the northern edge of the shadow for special observations on the lower layers of the chromosphere. The duration of totality will be only two minutes and forty seconds, but the moon will pass to one side of the center of the sun, thus leaving the lower layers of the sun's atmosphere exposed for a longer time than at the central line.

The expedition is the largest and best equipped which has ever gone so long a distance to observe a solar eclipse. It has the usual photographic and spectroscopic apparatus, and is exceptionally well supplied with Rowland grating spectroscopes which were used so successfully last year. These gratings consist of polished surfaces ruled with fine parallel lines, 15,000 to the inch. The largest grating ever made, 3½ by 8 inches, was ruled specially for use at Ft. de Kock.

Owing to the unusual duration of totality the atmosphere will be unusually dark, and special efforts will be made to solve certain problems. Especially prepared plates will be used to photograph the outer reaches of the corona, and these will also be traced by a visual polariscope. The coronal spectrum will be photographed on the two sides of the sun to determine whether the corona rotates with the sun, and two attempts will be made to determine whether the Frauenhofer lines appear in the coronal spectrum. This will determine whether the corona is self-luminous or simply reflects light from the sun. Professor Barnard will use the great sixty-one feet focus horizontal telescope used by him last year in Wadesboro, N. C. This gives an image of the sun nearly seven inches in diameter and the prominences and corona on a similar scale. On his plates 40 by 40 inches in size, he will obtain impressions of any small objects, as yet undiscovered, which may be near the sun. Mr. Abbot, of the Smithsonian, has cameras designed especially for this work, and any planet large enough to be photographed can hardly escape detection. Prof. Barnard will also use two smaller cameras, and will employ the time before the eclipse in photographing portions of the milky way in the Southern Hemisphere. As soon as possible daily rehearsals of the programme to be carried out will be held, that no one may become confused by the unusual conditions during the eclipse.

Parties from the Lick observatory, Massachusetts Institution of Technology and from Holland and England are located near Pania with equipments similar to the above, but less extensive. The distance between the stations will decrease the danger from cloudy weather.

CABLE FLASHES.

Considerable excitement and uproar attended the meeting of the shareholders of the Lyceum Theater company of London owing to the disappointing character of the report. An attempt was made to secure the appointment of a committee of inquiry but it failed.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman severely criticised the budget of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, predicting that a system of protection would eventually result from the introduction of new imposts.

"It is reported," says the London Daily Chronicle, that the British agent in New Orleans has discovered that Boer agents, disguised as cattlemen, have infected horses destined for South Africa with glanders and other diseases. Hundreds of these animals are said to have died on their way to the Cape, while many on their arrival had to be destroyed.

The claims that Japan will make upon China for indemnities amount to £4,475,000.

Count Arvo Posodi, former premier of Sweden, died at Stockholm Wednesday morning. He was 81 years of age.

M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs, has presented the grand cordon of the legion of honor to M. Siplagunl, the Russian minister of the interior.

A mighty revival of that youthful, joyous feeling pervades your whole system if you take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

THE FIRST BORN

is naturally a subject of wonder and worriment to the young mother. Happy and easy will she be if some kind friend tells her of the marvels of relief to be obtained by the use of

"Mother's Friend"

There is nothing in the world like this simple liniment, used externally. It relaxes all strains and distensions, soothing headaches and nervousness, as well as relieving "morning sickness."

Of Druggists at $1, or sent by express paid on receipt of price. Write for illustrated book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, free. The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

"That I should suffer so."

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old 'Phone 767—Zenith

212 W. Superior St

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers; 6 for $5 so by mail, A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS

Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

THE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

Operates the Finest Passenger Service in the South. The equipment is up-to-date, the road-bed without any equal and the time the fastest. Through trains of magnificent Coaches and Drawing-room Sleeping Cars between

Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville or St. Louis and Memphis, New Orleans, Pensacola, Jacksonville and St. Augustine.

Through the historical and scenic regions of Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida.

For descriptive matter, time-tables and maps, address

C. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles B. Benson, as Executor of the last will and testament of George E. Benson, Deceased, Plaintiff,

vs.

Daniel G. Willard, Lizzie T. Willard, William D. Willard, Louise R. Willard and Anna M. Willard, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 13th day of April, 1901, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the first day of June, 1901, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered seventy (70), West Second street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated April 17th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT, Sheriff of St. Louis County. By VICTOR DASH, Deputy.

McGIFFERT & HUNTER, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-25-May-2-9-16-23-1901.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 17th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Harry Richard Harvey, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Marshall H. Alworth, executor of the estate of Harry Richard Harvey, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1901, at two o'clock p. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1901.

By the Court, W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April-18-25-May-2-1901.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale

Choice Residence Lot on East First Street.

Can be sold at a bargain if taken at once.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Mortgage Loans, Real Estate, Investments.

20 LOTS CHEAP

Twenty 25x140-foot lots in West Duluth at $35 per lot. They're a snap.

For sale by GEO. H. CROSBY
106 Providence Bldg.

DRAMATIC EPISODE

Wound Up Public Sessions of Philippine Commission at Bulacan.

Many Tagalogs Departed With Tears In Their Eyes.

Came Cowed and Curious, Departed Full of Confidence.

Manilla, March 10.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Of all significant scenes witnessed during the first hours of the United States Philippine commission organizing provincial governments in Luzon, the most striking was the dramatic episode which wound up the public sessions at Bulacan, the old capital of the province of that name. Bulacan was considered the center of the insurrection. Its inhabitants are pure Tagalogs, active factors in war, and apparently so from the start in politics. Malolos, its most populous and centrally located town, according to common repute, still gloried in having been the seat of Aguinaldo's capital, and its people are still surreptitiously opposed to bowing before American authority.

To the people of Bulacan, and especially to the delegates from the Malolos district, the sessions of the commission were a revelation. They came cowed and curious, and departed, many of them with tears in their eyes, full of confident hopes for the future of their country.

To them such hopes were indeed a new sensation after the years of harrassing, dogged, practically hopeless warfare. The frank, fair statements of the representatives of the president of the United States impressed them mightily. They came in factions chiefly imbued with the idea of landing their respective candidates in the provincial offices; they left satisfied with the results and en rapport with American principles.

Legaspi, Province of Albay, P. I., April 25.—The administrative features of Albay province are backward. The military situation is improving slowly. Gen. Belarmanio is still operating with 200 rifles. The federalists have requested Aguinaldo's assistance in securing his surrender. A thousand men of the Ninth (colored) cavalry and Forty-seventh regiment of volunteer infantry are at present in Albay. The new Twenty-sixth regiment (regulars) is on its way here.

There are no American schools and few municipal governments. Although unsettled, the sentiment is strong for peace and civil government. Big turnouts at the commission's sessions in all the Luzon provinces are being organized.

A FORGERY.

No Respite Has Been Granted to "Black Jack."

Clayton, N. M., April 25.—A message was received here last night by the sheriff of this county signed "Otero," stating President McKinley had granted Thomas Ketchum, alias "Black Jack," who is to be hanged here Friday, the 26th day of April, a respite until the 25th day of May, 1901.

An inquiry addressed to the governor developed the fact that it was a forgery. The governor denies having sent any message to the sheriff here.

The sheriff has doubled his force since the false telegram was received.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Residence For Sale

No. 1409 East Superior Street—Nine rooms, bath, etc.—with 50-foot frontage—fine shade trees—a most desirable location. Price low and terms easy. For further particulars apply to—

A. W. Taussig & Co
305 Providence Building,
Old Phone 329.

FOR RENT!

A building on Michigan street, 75-foot front, three stories and basement. Has boiler for heat and power. Is of especially heavy construction. Will rent 25 or 50 feet.

* * *

Fine modern East End residence; gas and electric lights; hot water heat; nine rooms; $40 per month.

* * *

Building on West Michigan street, near Garfield avenue; store room on street level with six room flat above. Flat has bathroom and city water, and is in good repair. Whole building $35 per month.

* * *

Small building on West Michigan street, store room on street level and rooms above. Whole building, $12 per month.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

For Sale

Eight room house, all modern improvements. 1927 E. Superior Street.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

THIS IS A BARGAIN.

$1600 Seven room house on Eighth avenue east, near Fourth street. Water and sewer connections—house in good condition—it will rent for $18.00 per month.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

For Improvement!

40 feet on south side Michigan Street, between Lake Avenue and First Ave. West.
50 feet on south Michigan St. between Second and Third Avenues West.
Owner will build to suit tenant.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

BUILDING LOANS.
MORTGAGE LOANS
4½, 5 and 5½%
Fire Insurance. Securities.
O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

For Rent.

206 West Michigan Street. Best commission house in the city. Two stories and basement. Ice boxes, banana rooms, etc. Electric elevator. Will put in cement floor.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Only Three More Cheap Excursions West This Spring.

April 16, 23 and 30 are the remaining dates on which the very low one-way rates are in effect via the Eastern Minnesota and Great Northern railways, to all Western, Pacific coast and California points, as follows: Kalispell, Butte, Helena, $20; Spokane, Seattle, Portland, $25; San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, $32.90. On Tuesday, April 16, we will also sell round-trip tickets at one fare plus $2 to points in West, South and Southwestern states. Liberal stopover privileges will be allowed on both one-way and round-trip tickets. Call at city ticket office, Spalding hotel block, or Union depot, for further particulars.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

DON'T RENT

Purchase a lot of **Lakeside Land Company** at Lakeside or Lester Park and the Company will loan you the money to build. Easy terms—No commission. Call and see us at **303 Lonsdale building**—

Lakeside Land Co.

FOR RENT.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 5 WEST SUPERIOR street; possession May 1.

STORE-ROOM AT No. 204 WEST Michigan st., refrigeration furnished.

MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT, WATER furnished, $12.00.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

A SNAP! We have a snap on the upper side of Third street near 15th Ave. East.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 29, 1901. Work, Third degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; P. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 22, 1901. Work, Second degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 24, 1901. Work ——. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Work ——. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Social entertainment and refreshments, April 23. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the Second degree April 16. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN. Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

MEDICAL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, falling manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES.

$6500 No. 1602 Jefferson street; possession given May 1.
$6000 For No. 502 West Third street, all conveniences.
$3500 For 823 East Third street, city water, bath, stone foundation, sewer and barn.
$3200 For No. 562 Second avenue east.
$3000 For 1510 Jefferson street, all conveniences, including electric light.
$2100 For 1512 London road, water, sewer and bath.
$1200 For 511 West Fifth street.

For rent—Store and living rooms, also house in West Duluth.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS Closing out sale every piano and organ; must be sold by April 30; one-half price and less on all new and second-hand pianos; our lease expires and we must quit business; read some of the bargains:
Gabler Upright, like new.....$125
Knabe Piano, good as new.....$ 75
Everett Upright Piano $150
Estey Organ, high top, walnut case..$ 20
Mason & Hamlin Organ, high top, walnut case .....$ 30
Come at once while you have assortment to select from. Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Fietz, 1 and 2 Columbus building; over Stack's.

FOR SALE — SHELVING, COUNTERS and show cases. Julius Jonas, 21 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—GOOD SMYRNA RUG, 7x12, and child's iron bedstead and spring, cheap. 1317 East Second street.

FOR SALE—LIGHT DELIVERY WAGON and one awning, cheap. 1802 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, HOUSEHOLD furniture; must be sold before May 1. Mrs. W. A. Fleming, 820 East Third street.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS JUST ARrived with a carload of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT OAK SIDEboard, bookcase, tete, and four fine pictures. 30 Twelfth avenue east.

$1300 BUYS 8-ROOM DWELLING IN East End, good cellar, water, sewer, bath, furnace. Must be sold, owner leaving city. Call at 1905 Dingwall street.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY AND tobacco store, 3328 West Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—BOARDING FURniture. 1610 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—WELL PAYING MEAT market if taken at once. Bargain. B 24, Herald.

FOR SALE—MEDIUM WEIGHT SPAN of horses and harness. Will sell on time if security is good. Can be seen at 123 West First.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE AND YOUNG buggy horse. 125 Nineteenth avenue west.

SAFE FOR SALE AT WATER AND light office.

FOR SALE—GARLAND RANGE IN first class condition. 212 Ninth avenue east.

FOR SALE—ONE OHIO STEEL RANGE good size, used just a year. Call 1425 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive April 25, at 6518 West Grand avenue, West Duluth, N. E. Grindy.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE, SHELVES, counter fixtures. Mrs. Franklin Paine, 106 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows to arrive April 20. Evan Johnson, 2908 West Helm street.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Address S. S. Herald.

LEAVING THE CITY—I WANT TO sell my Henry F. Miller artist's piano that I have been using in my studio for a short time; good as new. Will sell at a great sacrifice. Francis E. Woodward.

FOR SALE—NELSON BANJO, GOOD condition, best make; cost $50; will sell for $30. Address A 93, Herald.

HORSES HORSES
Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 226 Lake avenue south.

TYPEWRITERS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON AND SMITH typewriters from $25 up. Write for samples. M. J. Doherty, 155 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD second hand lumber wagons with three inch tires. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WE HAVE GOOD OPENINGS TO OFfer in all lines of legitimate business. We can sell your business. Duluth Purchasing agency, 300 Palladio, Duluth.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 228 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Phone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING storm windows taken off. W. Simpson, Zenith Tele. 733; office 119 W. First St.

STORAGE.

STORAGE — IF YOU HAVE ANY household goods to store place them with us. We have nice clean rooms and everything will be properly taken care of. Store 126 and 128 West Michigan street. Duluth Fuel and Transfer company, office 410 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — CHAMBER MAID AND an experienced dining room girl. Midland hotel.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 2321 East First street.

GIRL WANTED—PRIVATE BOARDING house. 2702 Huron street.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework. 607 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK, HIGHest wages; no washing. 203 West Second street.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED. 1324 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call mornings. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. Apply 610 North Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—A WAITRESS IN RESTAUrant, 2010 West Superior street.

WANTED—COOK AND DINING ROOM girl at Rising Sun hotel, Lake avenue. Good wages.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 316 East Second street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT second girl. Apply to Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—NIGHT NURSE AT THE Children's home. Must have a child. 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 718 East Third.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl. Apply 1306 East Second street.

WANTED — DISHWASHER, DINING room girl and chambermaid at the Colson house.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS TO learn the French-American system of garment cutting. A small salary paid while learning. Room 219 Lowell building.

WANTED — COMPETENT DINING room girl immediately. 329 West Second street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—SIX CIGARMAKERS AND one experienced stripper. 18 West First street, Culver & Co.

WANTED—AT ONCE, SECOND ENGIneer, edgerman and man to grade and tally. West Superior Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESman for our carpet and drapery department. None but experienced men need apply. Panton & White.

WANTED—TWO GOOD CARPENTERS at once. Anderson & Gow, 14 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—SECOND PORTER. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work, donate tools, include board and assist to positions after two months' term, also give opportunity of Saturday and Sunday wages while learning. Our special offer good until May 15. Make application by mail today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

A GOOD JOB—You can get a good job and qualify yourself for a better position. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206 New Jersey Building, Duluth, open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE ONLY legitimate, all chemical, Phenix Fire Extinguisher on the market. Phenix Co., Richmond, Ind.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

A YOUNG MAN OF 20 WANTS WORK of any kind; is used to taking care of horses. Inquire at 222 West Second street, city.

WANTED—BY A BRIGHT, ACTIVE, 13-year-old girl, a home in a responsible Christian family, from which to attend school and work nights and mornings. Will clothe herself and pay any equitable difference agreed upon. No nursing. Address B 25, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSItion as assistant bookkeeper or other office position, or in wholesale store. Good references. Address H. T., Herald.

DRESSMAKER WANTS TO DO PLAIN sewing by the day. 624 Second avenue west.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like to get plain sewing to do by the day. Address F 100, Herald.

THREE GIRLS WOULD LIKE WORK in a laundry or any kind of work by the day. Want to go home nights. Address Nelly Miller, Normanna hall, flat 5, city.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 532.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, ACcounts adjusted. Expert work a specialty. Would consider a permanency. References. F 90, Herald.

FOUND.

FOUND—ST. BERNARD DOG. 311 Fifty-seventh avenue, West Duluth.

LOST.

CHAMPION IRON COMPANY BOOKS burned. Stockholders send date, number of certificates and number of shares held by you to W. Van Brunt, 8 Exchange building.

LOST—PAIR STEEL SPECTACLES near Third street and Eleventh avenue east. W. H. Burris, 227 Eleventh avenue east.

LOST—CHILD'S GOLD RING WITH the name Alice on the inside. Reward will be paid if returned to 211½ East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FURNITURE COVERING.

We carry a complete line of furniture coverings and upholstery materials at right prices and do all kinds of upholstering and furniture repairing, making hair mattresses to order and renovating old hair mattresses.

Have do your work.
Zenith 'Phone 330.

Duluth Upholstering Store,
10 East Superior Street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—714 EAST FOURTH street, 9-room house, city water, newly papered and painted, suitable for two families, $20. Mendenhall & Hoopes, 208 First National Bank building.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE WITH modern improvements. Apply 227 Seventh avenue west.

FURNISHED HOUSE, NEW, ALL IMprovements, eight rooms and bath. Reasonable rent to responsible party for summer. Within two blocks of postoffice. Address "House," Herald.

FOR RENT—1427 WEST SUPERIOR street, 7-room house, $11. Mendenhall & Hoopes, 208 First National bank building.

FOR RENT—NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE, modern convenience, ready May 1. 128 East Fifth street. Call at 126 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—1611½ WEST FIRST STREET 6-room house; will put in good condition, $15. Mendenhall & Hoopes, 208 First National Bank building.

FOR SALE OR RENT—SUMMER COTtage and lot corner Williams and Minnesota avenue, also two fine lots corner Erie and Minnesota avenue and good business lot close to the pavilion on Park Point. Address Box 274, or 'phone 878.

TO RENT—NO. 315 WEST FOURTH street. Possession May 1. Inquire at 802 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, INCLUDing water. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE. No children. S. V. Gilbert, 401 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, central. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, possession May 1. No children. 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, possession May 1. No children. 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS. 1023 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FOR SUMMER, FIVE room furnished flat. Strictly modern. 107 West Fifth.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATed flat, with gas range. Inquire East End Pharmacy.

FINE FIVE-ROOM MODERN BRICK flat. No children. Volk, Palladio building.

HALL FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HALL FROM MAY TO November, with or without pool tables. Inquire C. D. Hibbard, U. S. engineer office, or 320 South Sixteenth avenue east.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE, GOOD LOCATION for grocery or dry goods. 524 East Fourth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms, east of Lake avenue. B 22, Herald.

WANTED — UNFURNISHED ROOM, with gas, for a little light housekeeping, by a respectable elderly gentleman. Private family preferred. Address E., Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, with all modern conveniences, can be had commencing May 1, 1901. 318 West Second street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board in private family. 313 West Fourth street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 526 WEST FIRST street.

ROOMS AND BOARD, 120 FIRST AVEnue, most very central.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY. 406 W. SUP. ST.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner. Zenith telephone 696.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

PERSONAL.

SATIN-SKIN CREAM NOURISHES away wrinkles, blemishes, gives lovely complexion, satin skin; 25 cents, Freimuth's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CARPET CLEANING.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First-class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Foresell, manager. 'Phone 949. 217 East Superior street.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY YOUR GASOLINE AND STOVES at 211 East Superior street and have your stoves kept in order free of charge.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first-class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske, room 2, over No. 7 West Superior street.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
Record Voyage 6 Days, 7 Hours, 22 Minutes.
BOSTON to LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN
Commonwealth, twin screw, 13000 tons, May 8
New England, twin screw, 11500 tons, May 22
PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL via Queenstown
Cambroman.....May 4 Dominion.....June 1
Vancouver.....May 18 Cambronan.....June 8
T. H. LARKE, Gen. N. W. Agent, 127 So. 3rd St. Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar...Iron Jctn...Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar...Virginia...Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar...Mtn. Iron...Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar...Hibbing...Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8 18 pm	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10 00 m	
7 18 pm	Ar...Virginia...Lv	7:38 am	
7 40 pm	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:35 am	
7 20 pm	Ar...Ely...Lv	7:19 am	

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 55 pm
11 10 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and Fast	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	* 7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†2 00 am	St. Paul	*8 45 am
*1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 50 am
*7 15 am	EXPRESS	*8 00 pm